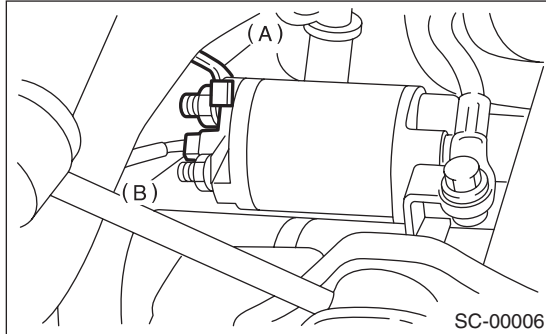


## 2. Starter

### A: REMOVAL

- 1) Remove the collector cover.
- 2) Disconnect the ground cable from battery.
- 3) Remove the air intake chamber. <Ref. to IN(H6DO)-7, REMOVAL, Air Intake Chamber.>
- 4) Disconnect the connector and terminal from starter.



- (A) Terminals  
(B) Connector

- 5) Remove the starter from transmission.

### B: INSTALLATION

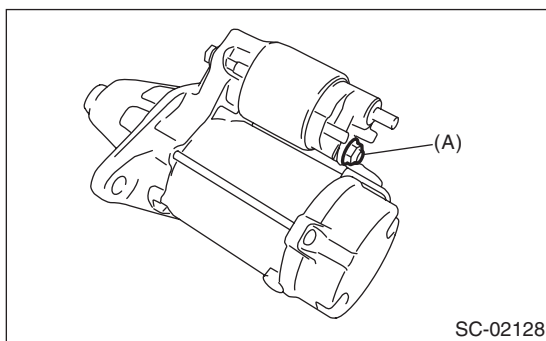
Install in the reverse order of removal.

#### *Tightening torque:*

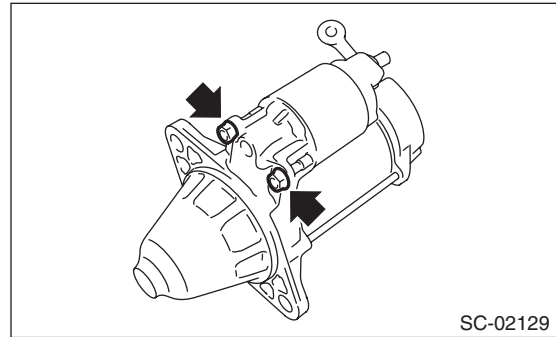
**50 N·m (5.1 kgf-m, 36.9 ft-lb)**

### C: DISASSEMBLY

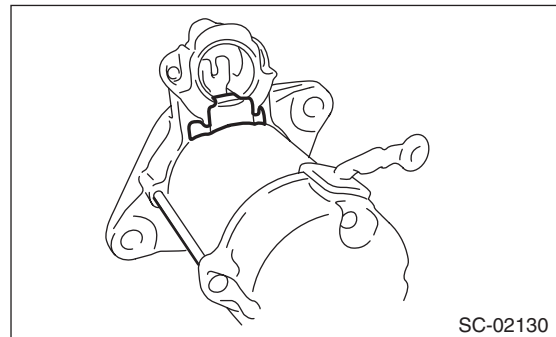
- 1) Loosen the nut which holds terminal M (A) of the magnet switch assembly, then disconnect the harness from the terminal.



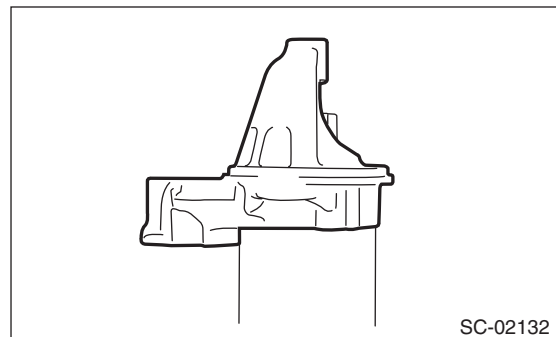
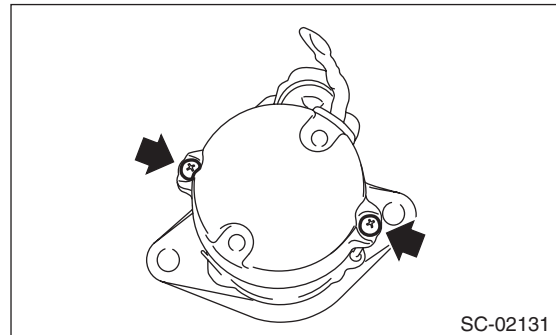
- 2) Remove the nuts holding the magnet switch assembly, and remove the magnet switch assembly.



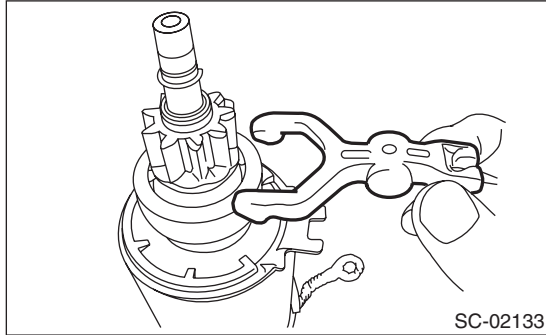
- 3) Remove the starter seal.



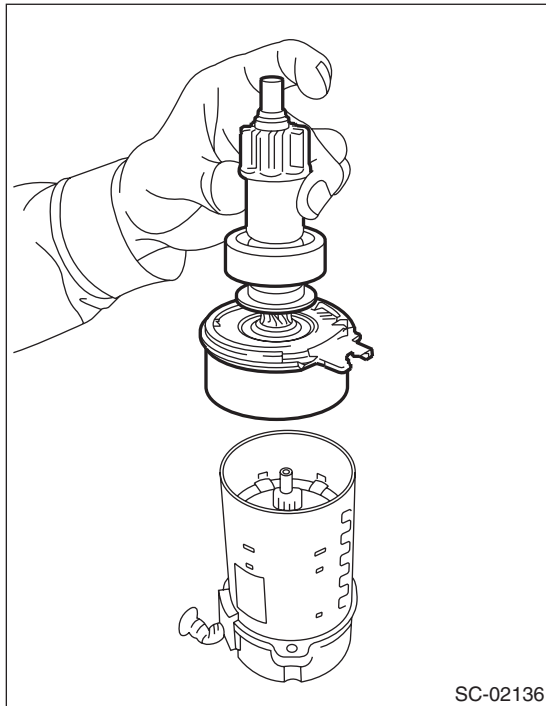
- 4) Remove the through bolts on both sides, and then remove the starter housing.



5) Remove the shift lever.

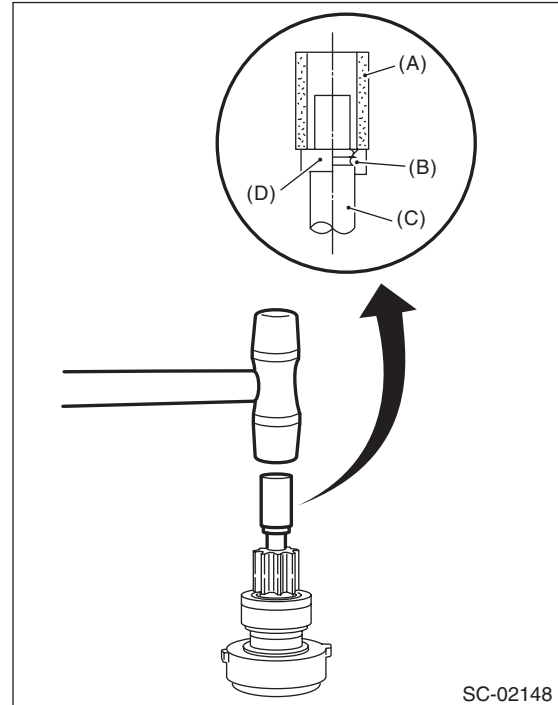


6) Remove the overrunning clutch, shock absorber bearing and shaft from the yoke as an assembly.



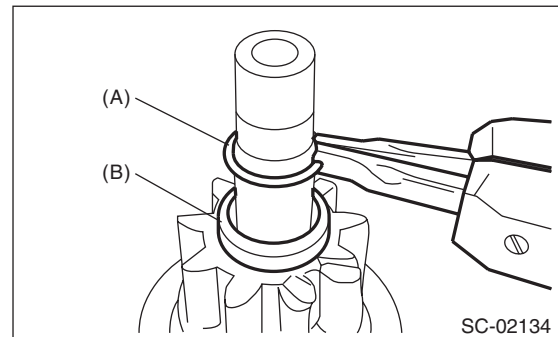
7) Remove the overrunning clutch from shaft assembly as follows:

(1) Using a plastic hammer, remove the stopper from snap ring by lightly tapping the stopper with an appropriate tool (such as a fit socket wrench).



- (A) Appropriate tool
- (B) Snap ring
- (C) Shaft
- (D) Stopper

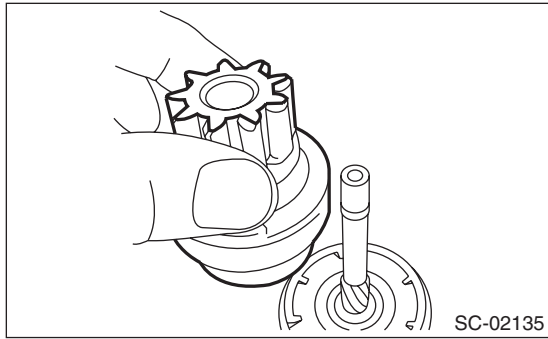
(2) Remove the snap ring (A) from the shaft, and then remove the stopper (B).



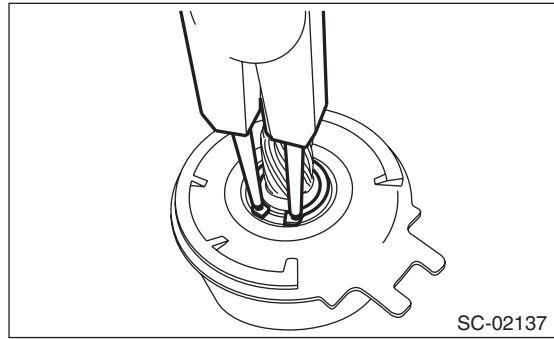
## Starter

### STARTING/CHARGING SYSTEMS

(3) Remove the overrunning clutch from the shaft.

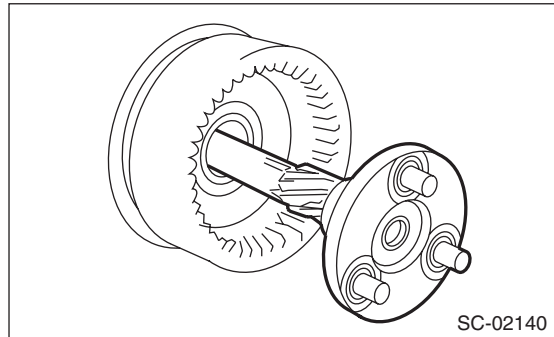
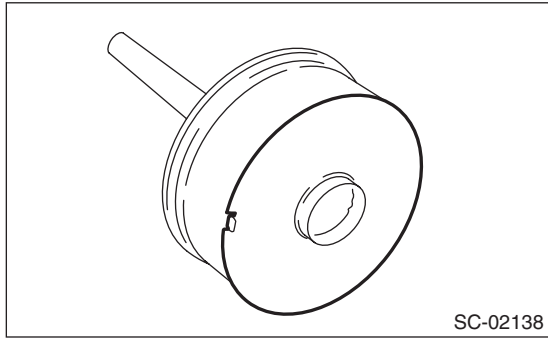


(3) Remove the snap ring, and then remove the shaft.

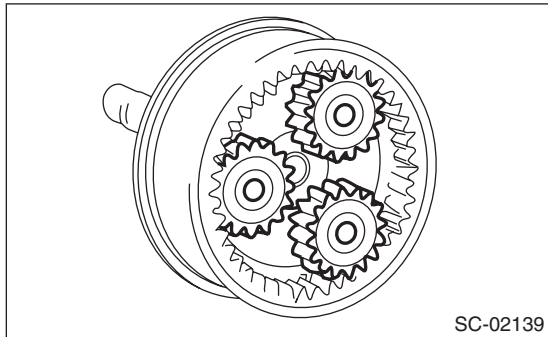


8) Remove the shock absorber as follows:

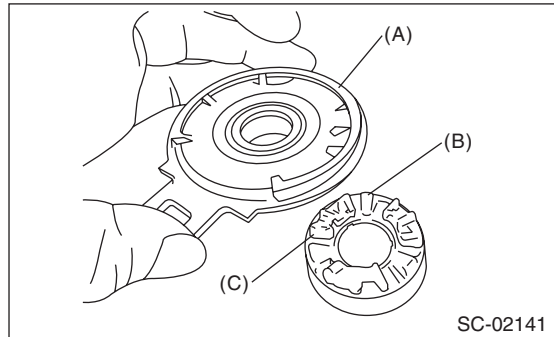
(1) Remove the starter plate.



(2) Remove the planetary gear.



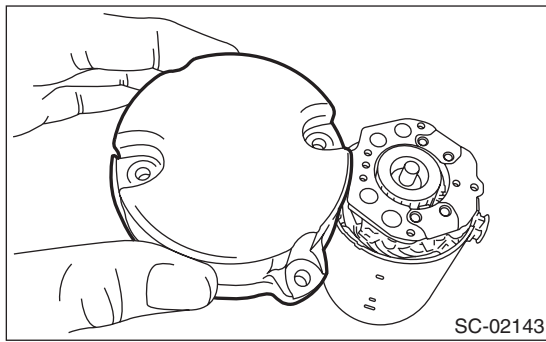
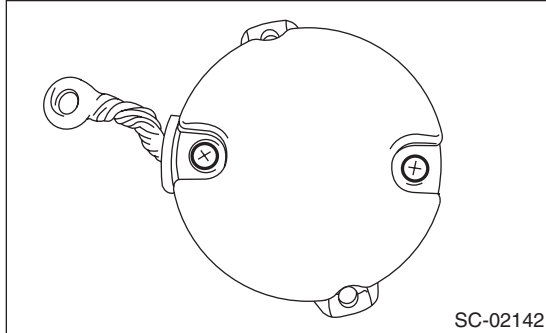
(4) Separate the shock absorber bearing (A) from the internal gear (B), and then remove the shock absorber (C).



- 9) Remove the screws, and remove the starter cover from the brush holder assembly.

**NOTE:**

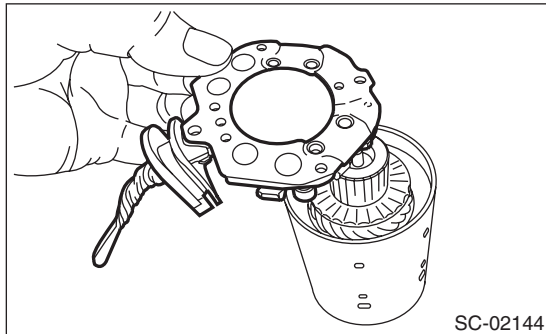
Hold with the screw so that the brush holder assembly will remain on the armature side, and separate.



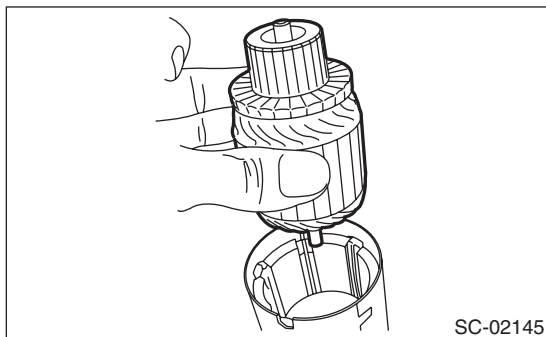
- 10) Remove the brush holder assembly from the armature by hand.

**NOTE:**

Spread the brushes with your fingers, being careful not to damage them.

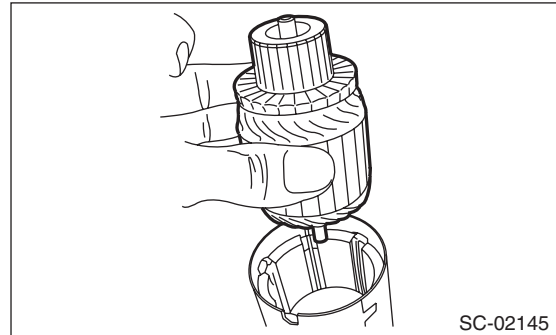


- 11) Remove the armature from the yoke.



### D: ASSEMBLY

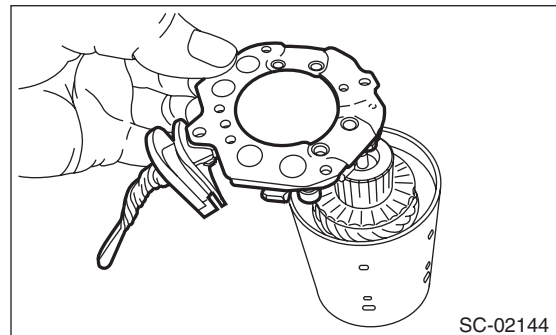
- 1) Install the armature to yoke.



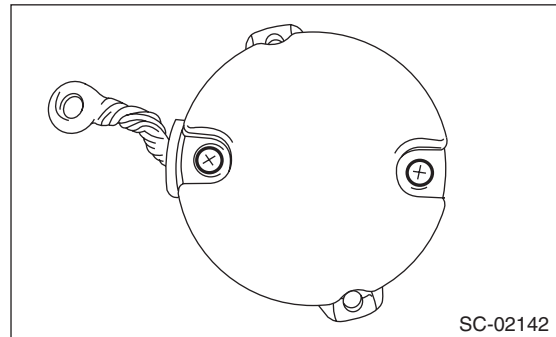
- 2) Install the brush holder assembly to the armature.

**NOTE:**

Push the brushes against the springs by hand to avoid the damage to the brushes.



- 3) Install the starter cover, and then secure it to the brush holder assembly with the screws.



## Starter

### STARTING/CHARGING SYSTEMS

4) Assemble the shock absorber as follows:

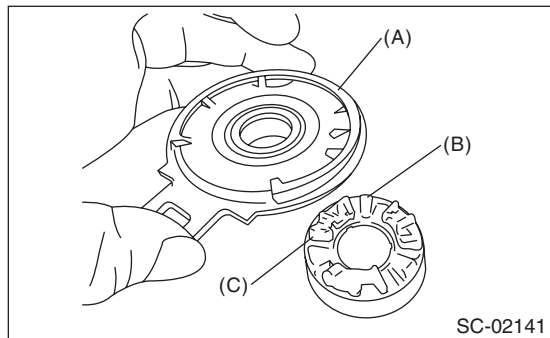
- (1) Apply grease to the shock absorber (C), and install the internal gear (B) to the shock absorber bearing (A).

NOTE:

Align with the claw position of internal gear to install shock absorber bearing.

**Grease:**

**DENSO HL50**



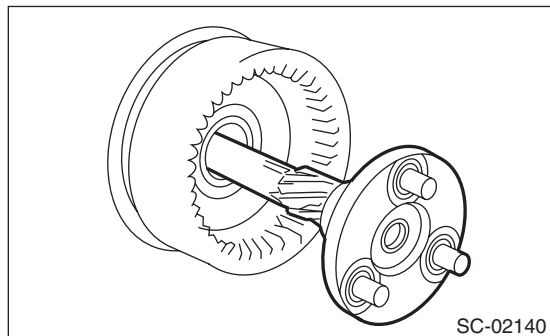
- (2) Install the shaft to the internal gear.

NOTE:

Apply grease to the sliding part for the shaft inside the internal gear.

**Grease:**

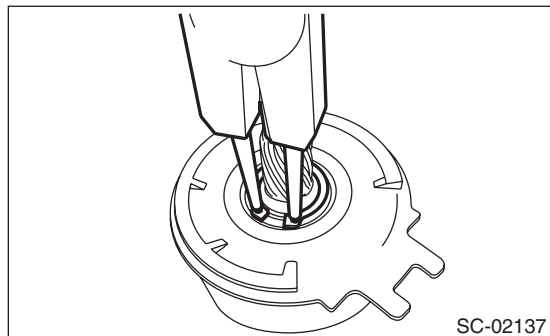
**DENSO HL50**



- (3) Install the snap ring to shaft.

NOTE:

Use new snap rings.



5) Install the planetary gear to the internal gear.

- (1) Apply grease to the installation part of the planetary gear.

**Grease:**

**DENSO HL50**

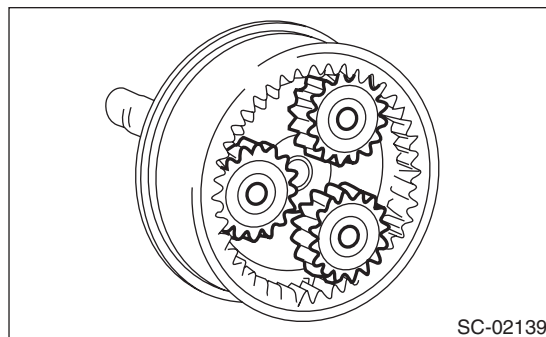
- (2) Install the planetary gear to pin.
- (3) Apply grease to the planetary gear, internal gear and upper part of the pin.

NOTE:

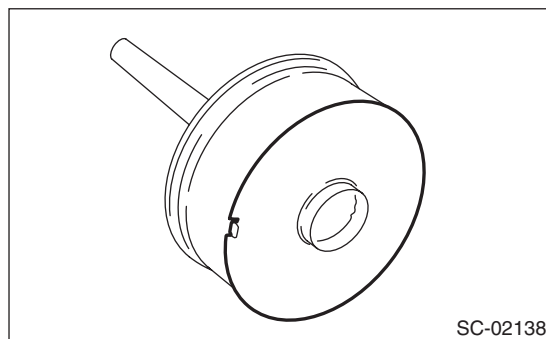
- Apply grease so that it contacts each gear.
- Be careful not to allow dirt to get in.

**Grease:**

**DENSO HL50**



- (4) Install the starter plate.



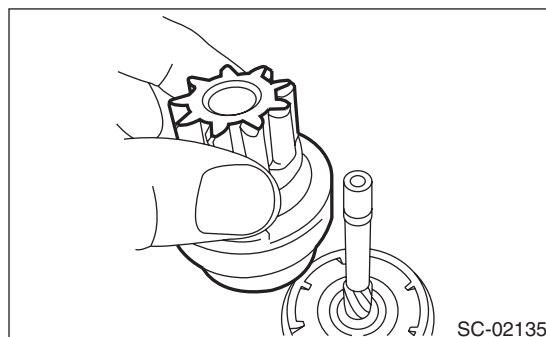
6) Assemble the overrunning clutch as follows:

- (1) Apply grease to the spline portion of the shaft.

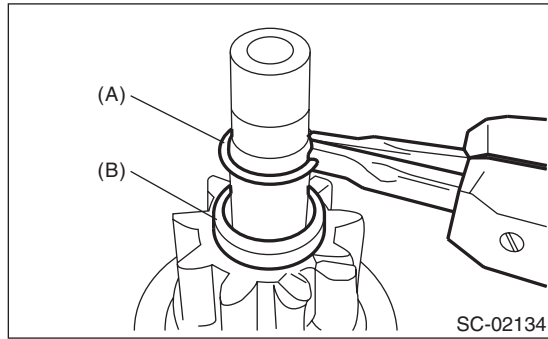
**Grease:**

**DENSO HL50**

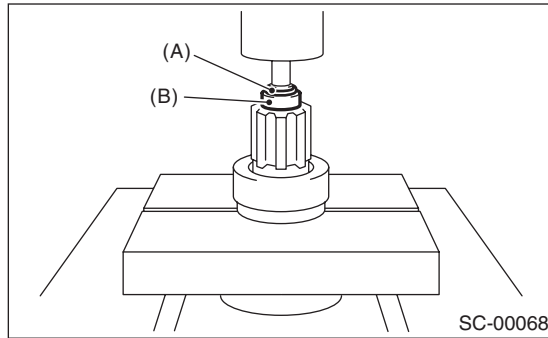
- (2) Install the overrunning clutch to shaft.



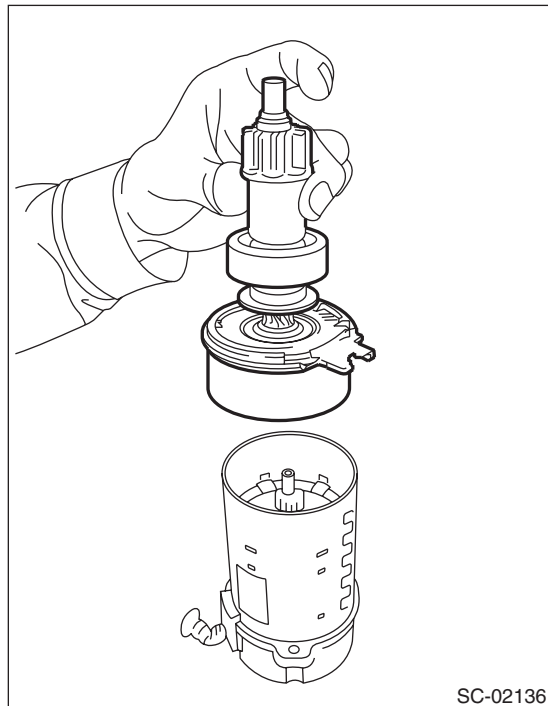
- (3) Install the stopper (B) to the shaft, and install the snap ring (A).



- (4) Press-fit the stopper (B) to snap ring (A) using a press.



- 7) Assemble the overrunning clutch, shock absorber and shaft to the yoke as one unit.



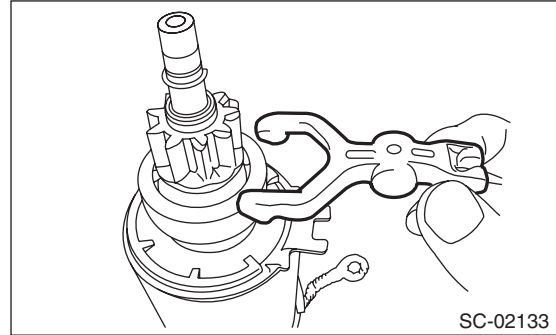
- 8) Install the shift lever.

### NOTE:

Apply grease to the contact portion of the shift lever.

### Grease:

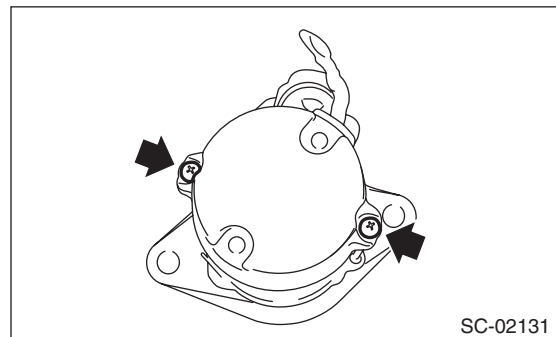
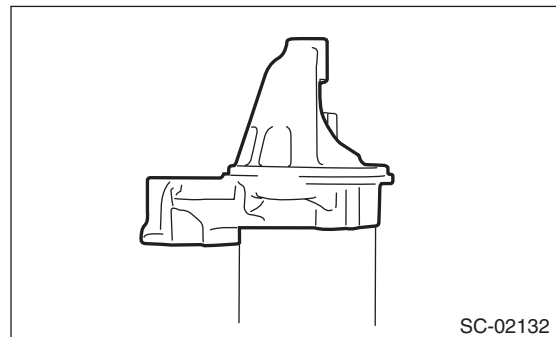
**DENSO HL50**



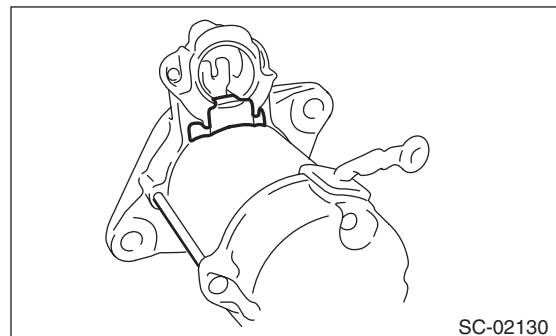
- 9) Install the starter housing, and tighten the through bolts on both sides.

### Tightening torque:

**6 N·m (0.6 kgf-m, 4.4 ft-lb)**



- 10) Install the starter seal.



11) Install the magnet switch assembly to the starter housing, and tighten the nuts.

**NOTE:**

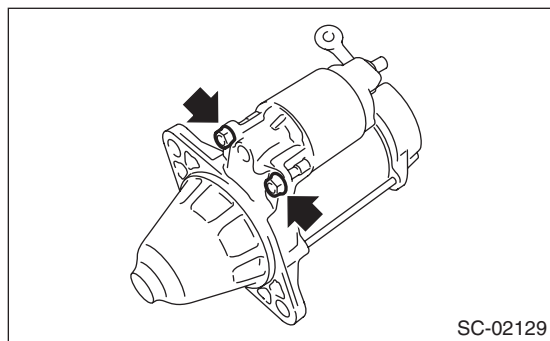
Apply grease to the installation part of the shift lever.

**Grease:**

**DENSO HL50**

**Tightening torque:**

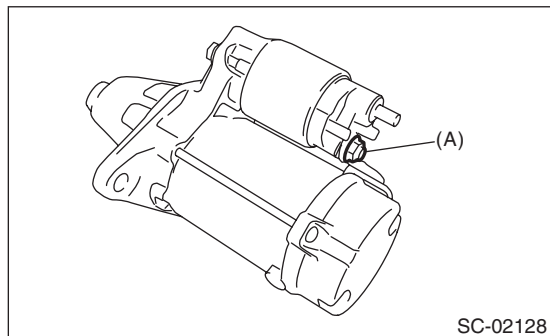
**7.5 N·m (0.8 kgf-m, 5.5 ft-lb)**



12) Install the harness to the terminal M (A) of the magnet switch assembly, and tighten the nut.

**Tightening torque:**

**10 N·m (1.0 kgf-m, 7.4 ft-lb)**



## E: INSPECTION

### 1. SWITCH ASSEMBLY

Using a circuit tester (set to “ohm”), check that there is continuity between terminals S and M, and between terminal S and ground.

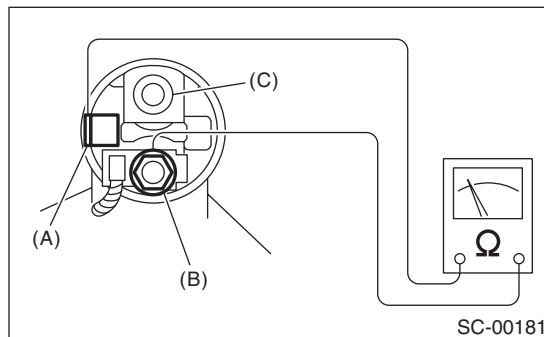
Also check to be sure there is no continuity between terminal M and B.

**Terminal/Resistance:**

**S — M/1  $\Omega$  or less**

**S — Ground/1  $\Omega$  or less**

**M — B/1 M $\Omega$  or more**



(A) Terminal S

(B) Terminal M

(C) Terminal B

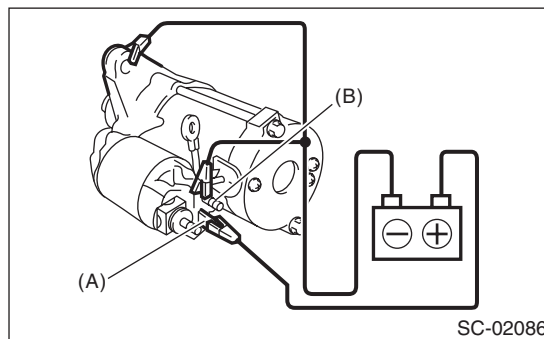
### 2. SWITCH ASSEMBLY OPERATION

**NOTE:**

Test period of each test must be within short time (3 — 5 seconds).

**1) Vacuum test**

Disconnect the harness from terminal M and connect it as shown in the figure. Make sure the pinion gear sticks out.



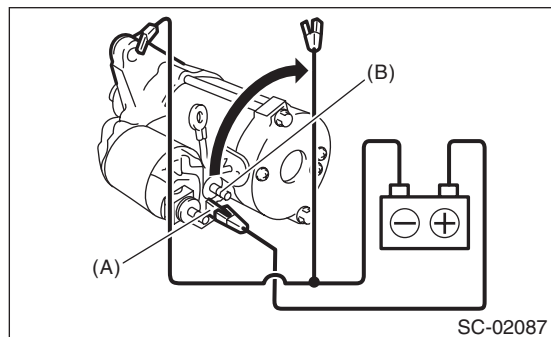
(A) Terminal S

(B) Terminal M



### 2) Hold test

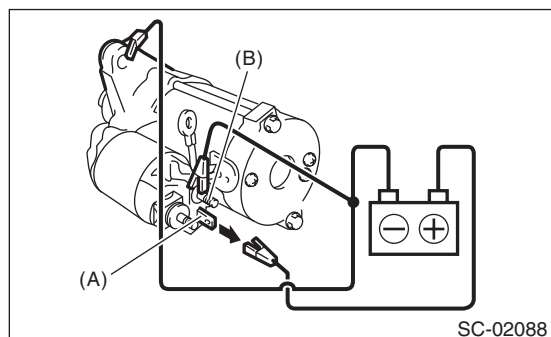
Make sure the pinion gear remains stick out even after disconnecting terminal M in the above condition.



- (A) Terminal S
- (B) Terminal M

### 3) Return test

Connect the positive terminal to terminal S and the negative terminal to terminal M and starter body to pull the pinion gear at the main contact point. Make sure the pinion gear returns to its original position when the terminal S is disconnected.



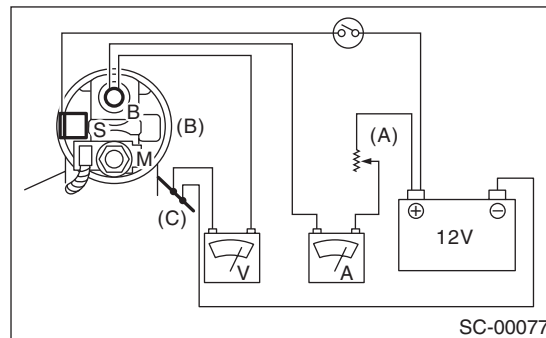
- (A) Terminal S
- (B) Terminal M

### 3. PERFORMANCE TEST

The starter should be submitted to performance tests whenever it has been overhauled, to assure its satisfactory performance when installed on the engine.

Three performance tests, no-load test, load test, and lock test, are presented here; however, if the load test and lock test cannot be performed, carry out at least the no-load test.

For these performance tests, use the circuit shown in figure.



- (A) Variable resistance
- (B) Magnetic switch
- (C) Starter body

#### 1) No-load test

With switch on, adjust the variable resistance until the voltage is 11 V, read the value of ammeter to measure rotating speed. Compare these values with the standard.

#### **No-load test (standard):**

##### **Voltage/Current**

**Max. 11 V/90 A or less**

##### **Rotating speed**

**1,550 rpm or more**

#### 2) Load test

Apply the specified braking torque to starter. The condition is satisfactory if the current draw and rotating speed are within specifications.

#### **Load test (standard):**

##### **Voltage/Load**

**8 V/12.8 N·m (1.31 kgf-m, 9.4 ft-lb)**

##### **Current/Speed**

**370 A/800 rpm or more**

#### 3) Lock test

With the starter stalled, or not rotating, measure the torque developed and current draw when the voltage is adjusted to standard voltage.

#### **Lock test (standard):**

##### **Voltage/Current**

**3 V/750 A or less**

##### **Torque**

**19.0 N·m (1.9 kgf-m, 14.0 ft-lb)**