

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

18. Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

A: DTC P0011 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING - OVER-ADVANCED (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-9, DTC P0011 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING - OVER-ADVANCED (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|--|---|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)." <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine and let it idle. 2) Measure the AVCS system operating angle and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the AVCS system operating angle approx. 0 deg., and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output approx. 10%? | Check the following item and repair or replace if necessary. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Oil pipe (clog)• Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring, clog of valve)• Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft)• Timing chain (matching of timing mark) | A temporary malfunction. Perform the following, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter and engine oil. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

B: DTC P0016 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-11, DTC P0016 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---|---|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)." <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine and let it idle. 2) Measure the AVCS system operating angle and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the AVCS system operating angle approx. 0 deg., and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output approx. 10%? | Check the following item and repair or replace if necessary. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring, clog of valve) • Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft) • Timing chain (matching of timing mark) | A temporary malfunction. Perform the following, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter and engine oil. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

C: DTC P0018 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-11, DTC P0018 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---|---|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine and let it idle. 2) Check the AVCS system operating angle and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the AVCS system operating angle approx. 0 deg., and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output approx. 10%? | Check the following item and repair or replace if necessary. • Engine oil (amount, dirt) • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring, clog of valve) • Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft) • Timing chain (matching of timing mark) | A temporary malfunction. Perform the following, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter and engine oil. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

D: DTC P0021 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING - OVER-ADVANCED (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-11, DTC P0021 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING - OVER-ADVANCED (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---|---|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine and let it idle. 2) Check the AVCS system operating angle and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the AVCS system operating angle approx. 0 deg., and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output approx. 10%? | Check the following item and repair or replace if necessary. • Engine oil (amount, dirt) • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring, clog of valve) • Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft) • Timing chain (matching of timing mark) | A temporary malfunction. Perform the following, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter and engine oil. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

E: DTC P0026 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-12, DTC P0026 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

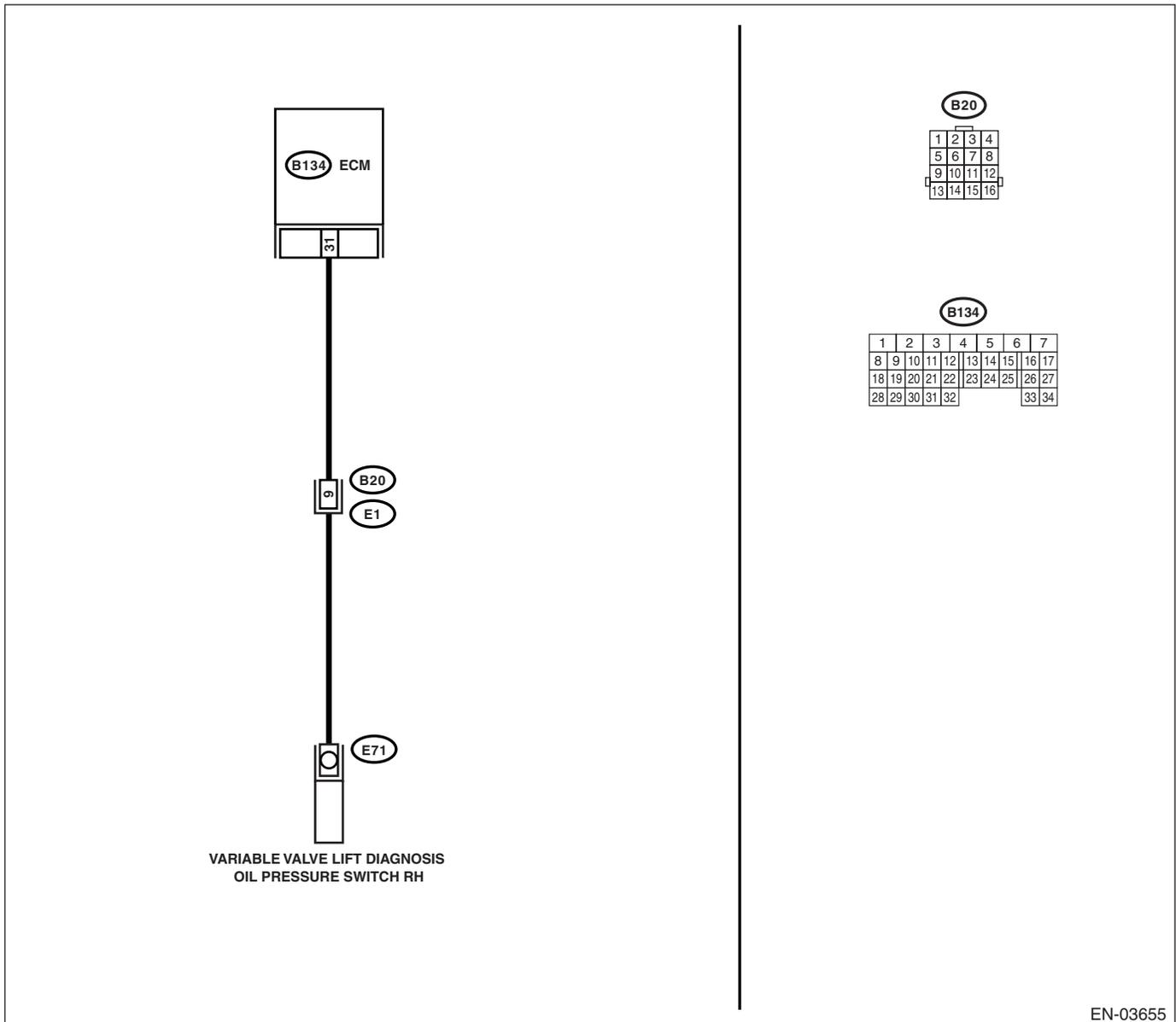
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03655

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND VARIABLE VALVE LIFT DIAGNOSIS OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CONNECTOR. 1) Idle the engine. 2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 3) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector. 4) Measure the resistance of harness between variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E71) No. 1 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 3. | Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND VARIABLE VALVE LIFT DIAGNOSIS OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 31 — (E71) No. 1: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Replace the variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-26, Variable Valve Lift Diagnosis Oil Pressure Switch.> Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector. |
| 4 CHECK DTC. 1) Erase the memory. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, Clear Memory Mode.> 2) Check the DTC after idling the engine. | Is DTC displayed? | Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-78, Oil Switching Solenoid Valve.> Go to step 5. | END. |
| 5 CHECK DTC. 1) Erase the memory. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, Clear Memory Mode.> 2) Check the DTC after idling the engine. | Is DTC displayed? | Check for oil routing. Contact with SOA Service Center. | END. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

F: DTC P0028 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-15, DTC P0028 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

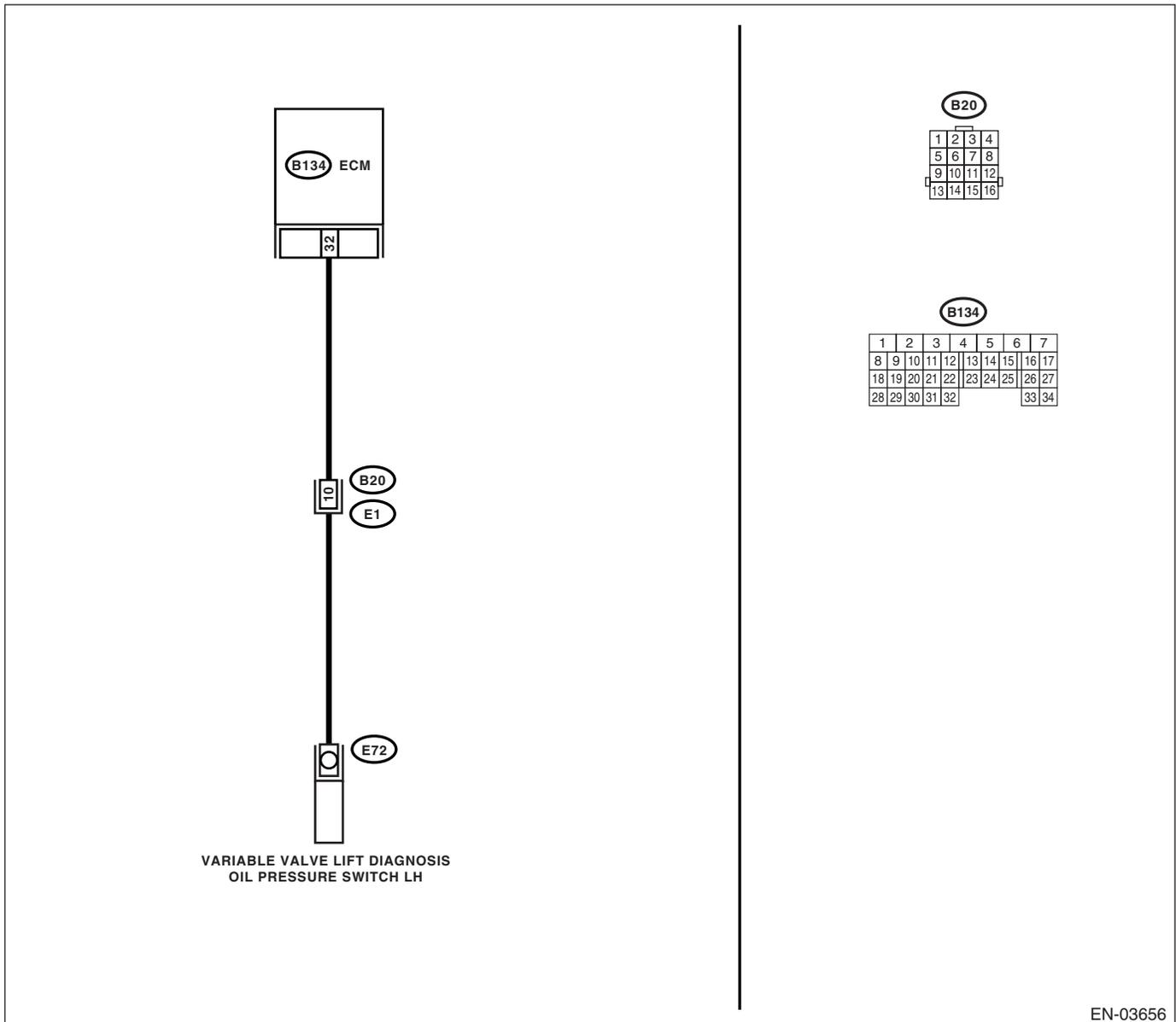
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03656

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|------|--|--|---|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> |
| 2 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND VARIABLE VALVE LIFT DIAGNOSIS OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CONNECTOR. 1) Idle the engine. 2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 3) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector. 4) Measure the resistance of harness between variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E72) No. 1 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 3. Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector. |
| 3 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND VARIABLE VALVE LIFT DIAGNOSIS OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 32 — (E72) No. 1: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Replace the variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-26, Variable Valve Lift Diagnosis Oil Pressure Switch.> Go to step 4. Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch connector. |
| 4 | CHECK DTC. 1) Erase the memory. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, Clear Memory Mode.> 2) Check the DTC after idling the engine. | Is DTC displayed? | Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-78, Oil Switching Solenoid Valve.> Go to step 5. END. |
| 5 | CHECK DTC. 1) Erase the memory. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, Clear Memory Mode.> 2) Check the DTC after idling the engine. | Is DTC displayed? | Check for oil routing. Contact with SOA Service Center. END. |

G: DTC P0030 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-15, DTC P0030 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

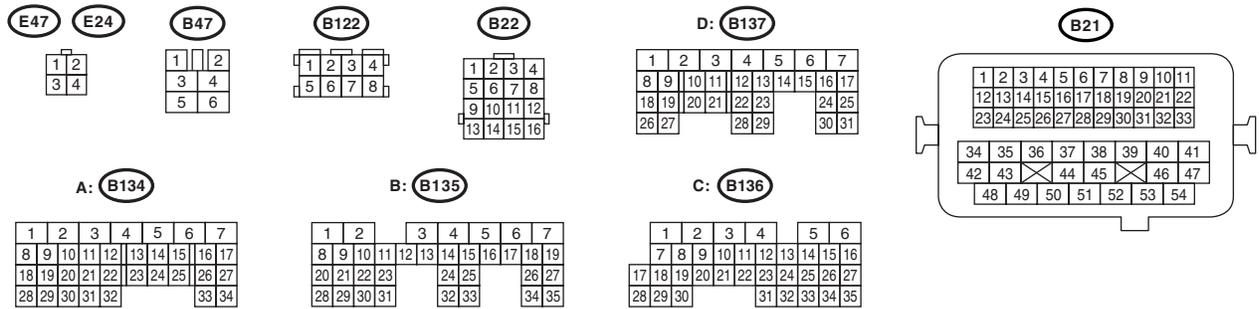
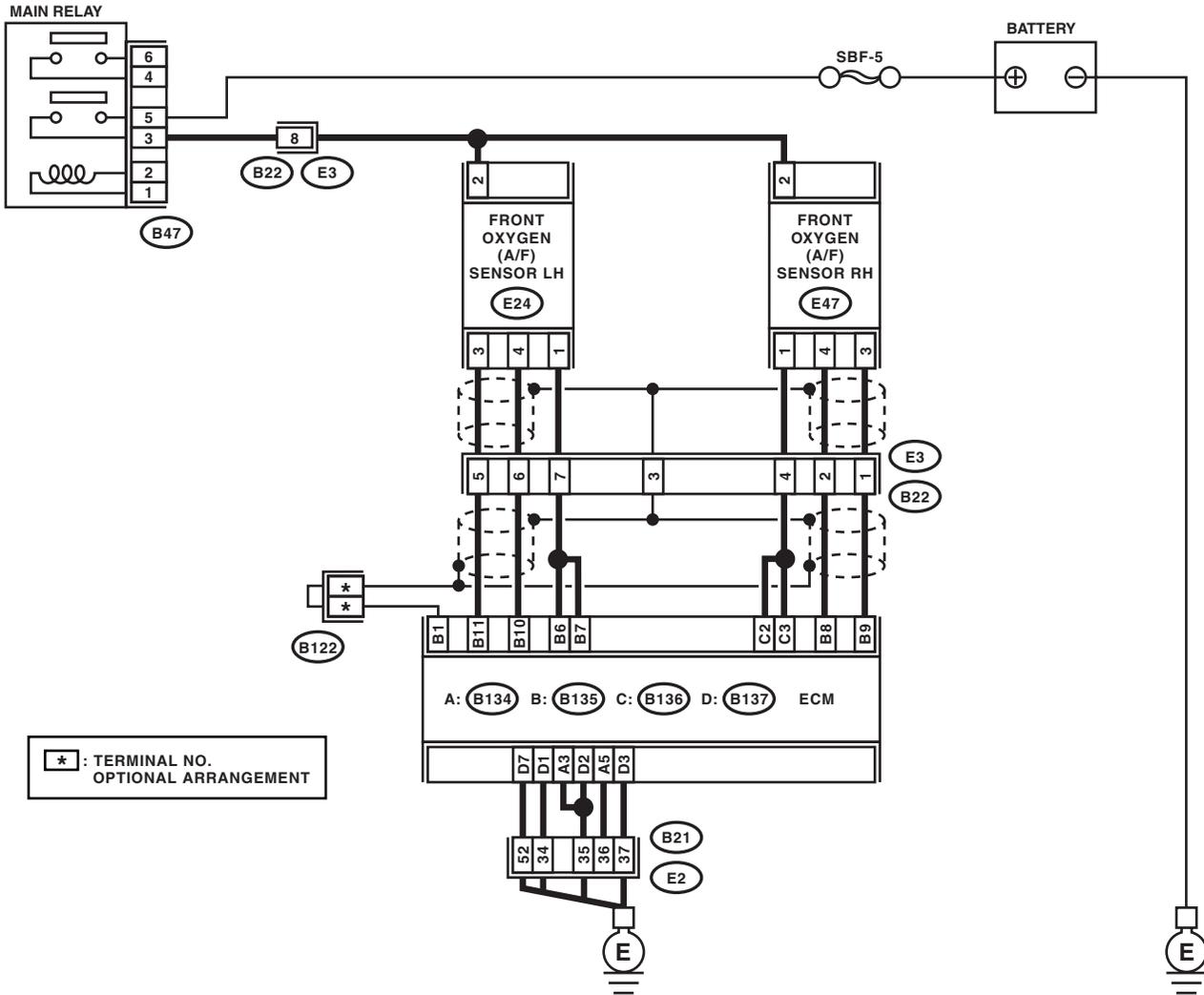
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|--|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Start and warm-up the engine. 2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 3) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 4) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B136) No. 2 — (E47) No. 1: (B136) No. 3 — (E47) No. 1:</p> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 — (E47) No. 4: (B135) No. 9 — (E47) No. 3:</p> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 3. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. |
| <p>3</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN RELAY AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>Measure the resistance of harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B47) No. 3 — (E47) No. 2:</p> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. |
| <p>4</p> <p>CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR.</p> <p>Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals.</p> <p>Terminals No. 2 — No. 1:</p> | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> |
| <p>5</p> <p>CHECK POOR CONTACT.</p> <p>Check poor contact of ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> | Is there poor contact in ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector? | Repair the poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

H: DTC P0031 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-17, DTC P0031 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

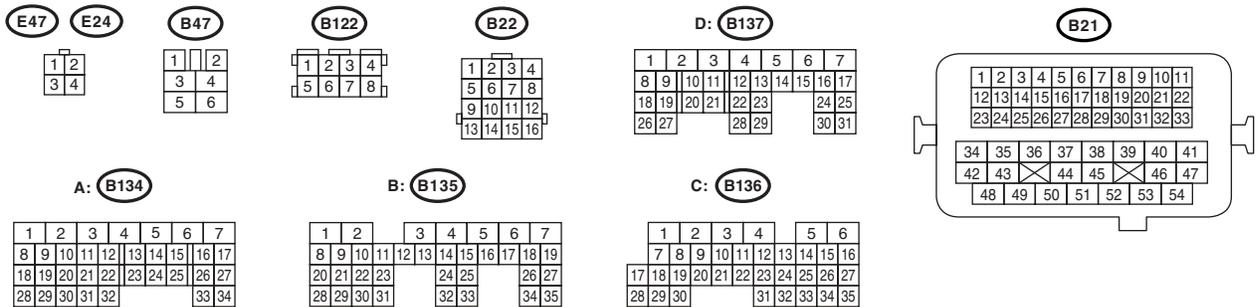
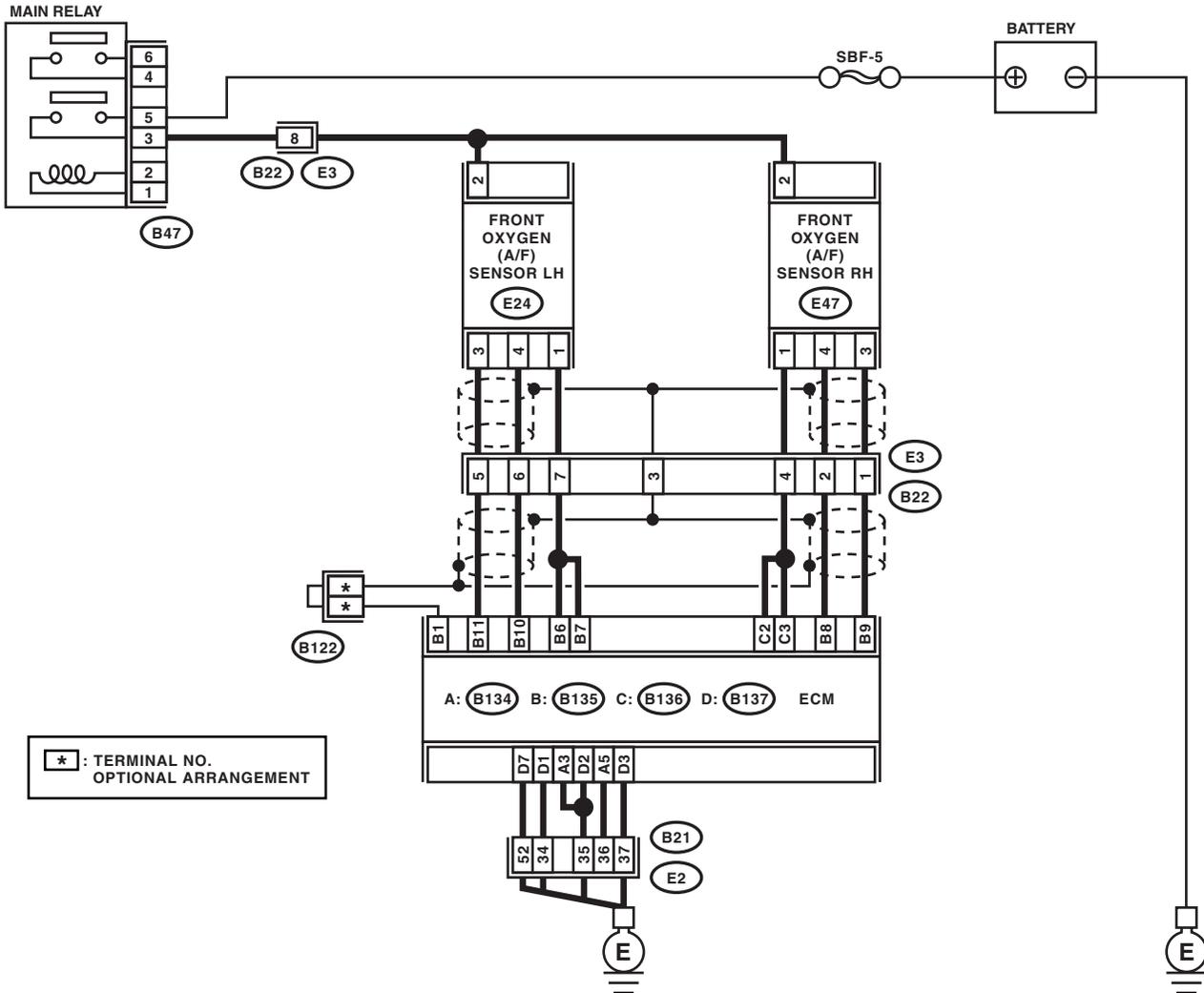
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|--|
| <p>1 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and engine ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E47) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 2. | Repair the power supply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact of main relay connector |
| <p>2 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM.</p> <p>Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:</p> | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 3. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground terminal • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| <p>3 CHECK CURRENT DATA.</p> <p>1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | Is the current more than 0.2 A? | Repair the poor contact of connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact in ECM connector | Go to step 4. |
| <p>4 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</p> <p>1) Start and idle the engine. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B136) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage less than 1 V? | Go to step 6. | Go to step 5. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|---|
| <p>5 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal <i>(B136) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> <i>(B136) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i></p> | <p>Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector while monitoring the value of voltage meter?</p> | <p>Repair poor contact in ECM connector.</p> | <p>Go to step 6.</p> |
| <p>6 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals. Terminals <i>No. 2 — No. 1:</i></p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 10 Ω?</p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open or ground short circuit of harness between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector | <p>Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

I: DTC P0032 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-19, DTC P0032 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

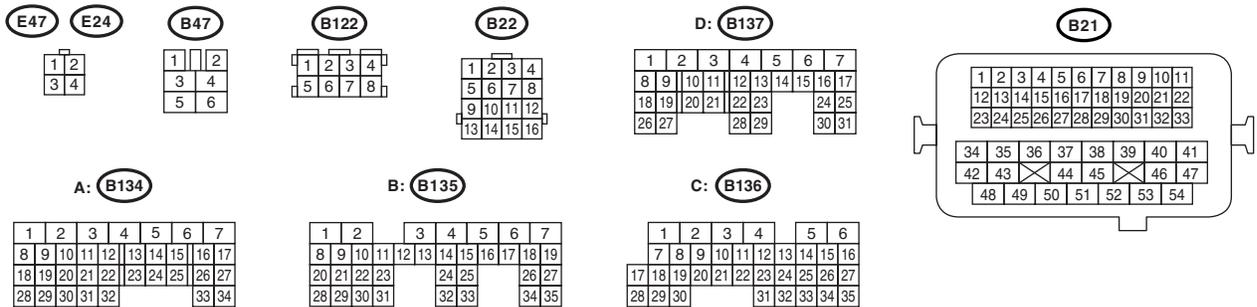
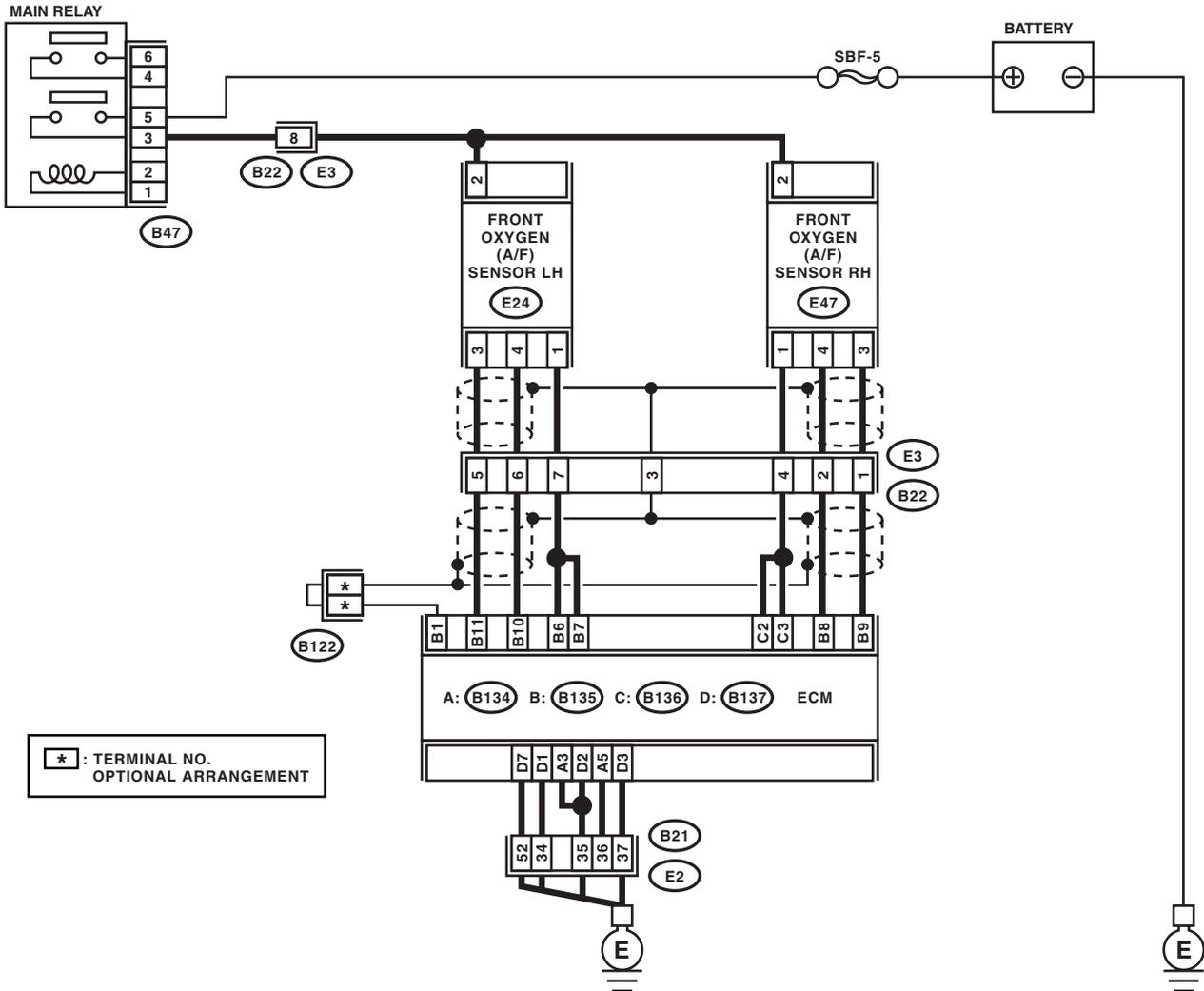
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 8 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--|-------------|
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR HEATER CURRENT.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the current more than 2.3 A?</p> | <p>Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).></p> | <p>END.</p> |
| <p>3</p> <p>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</p> <p>Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B136) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector?</p> | <p>Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> | <p>END.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

J: DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-21, DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

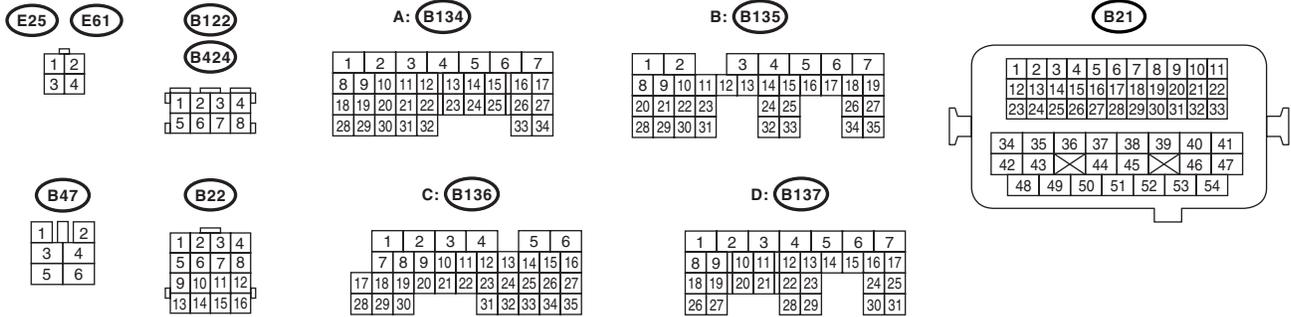
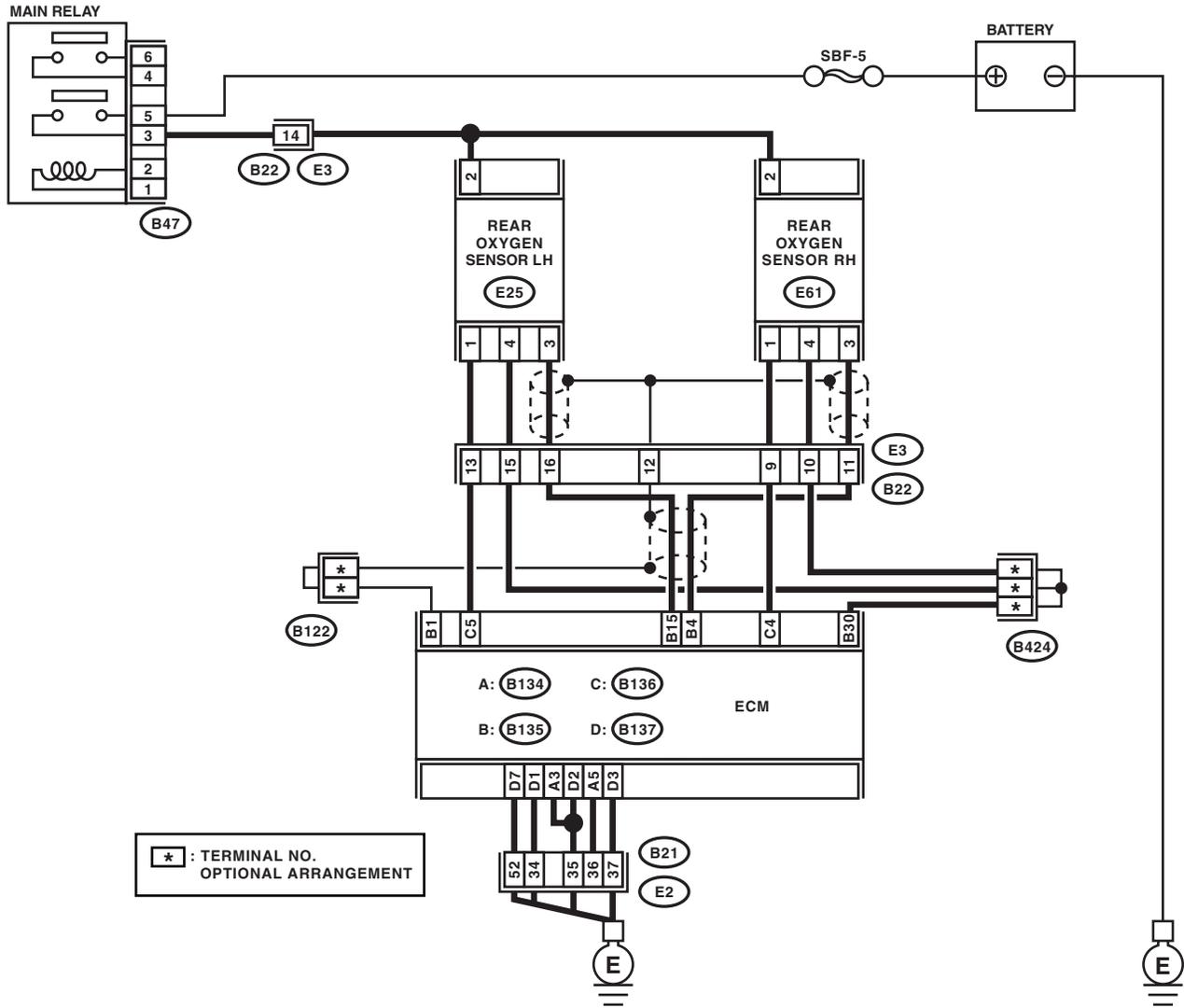
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO REAR OXYGEN SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E61) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 2. | <p>Repair the power supply line.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between main relay and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of main relay connector |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:</p> | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω? | Go to step 3. | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground terminal • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| <p>3</p> <p>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</p> <p>1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | Is the current more than 0.2 A? | <p>Repair the connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact in ECM connector | Go to step 4. |
| <p>4</p> <p>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</p> <p>1) Start and idle the engine. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage less than 1 V? | Go to step 7. | Go to step 5. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|--|--|
| 5 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector while monitoring the value of voltage meter? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Go to step 6. |
| 6 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage less than 1 V? | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 7 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor connector terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: | Is the resistance less than 30 Ω ? | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

K: DTC P0038 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-23, DTC P0038 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

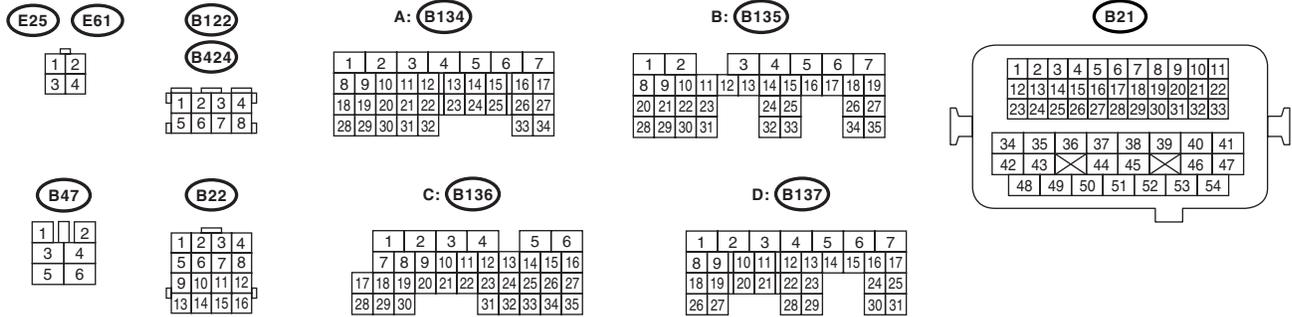
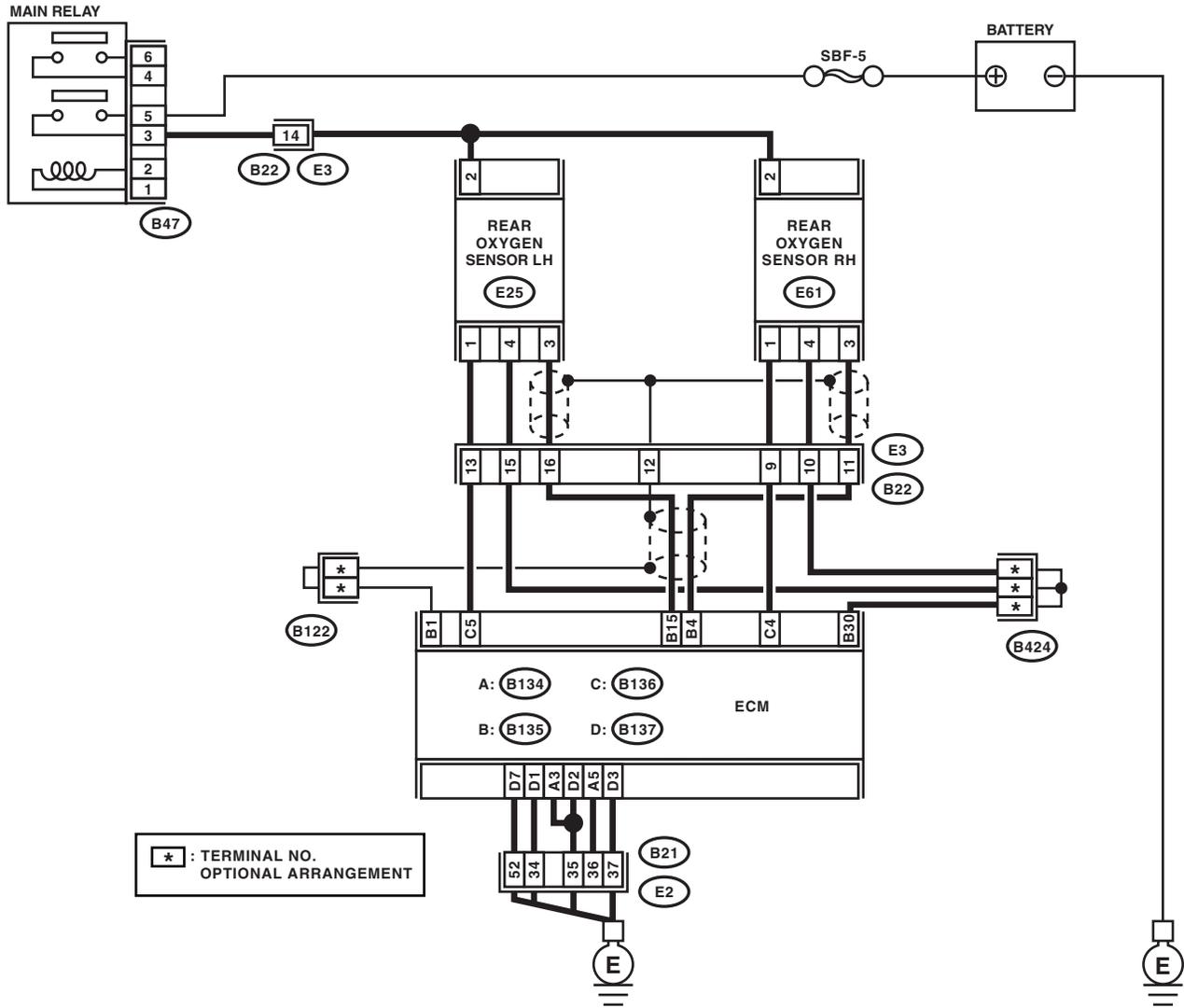
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 8 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---|------|
| <p>2 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | Is the current more than 7 A? | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | END. |
| <p>3 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM connector.</p> | Is there poor contact in ECM connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | END. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

L: DTC P0050 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-25, DTC P0050 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

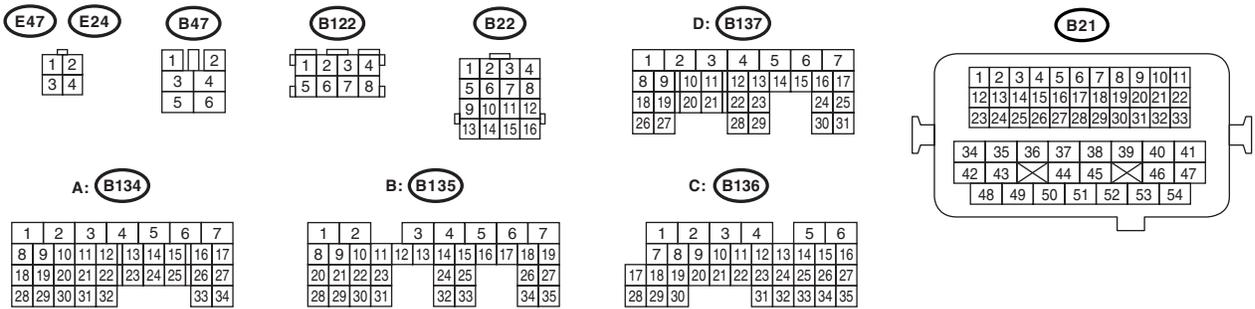
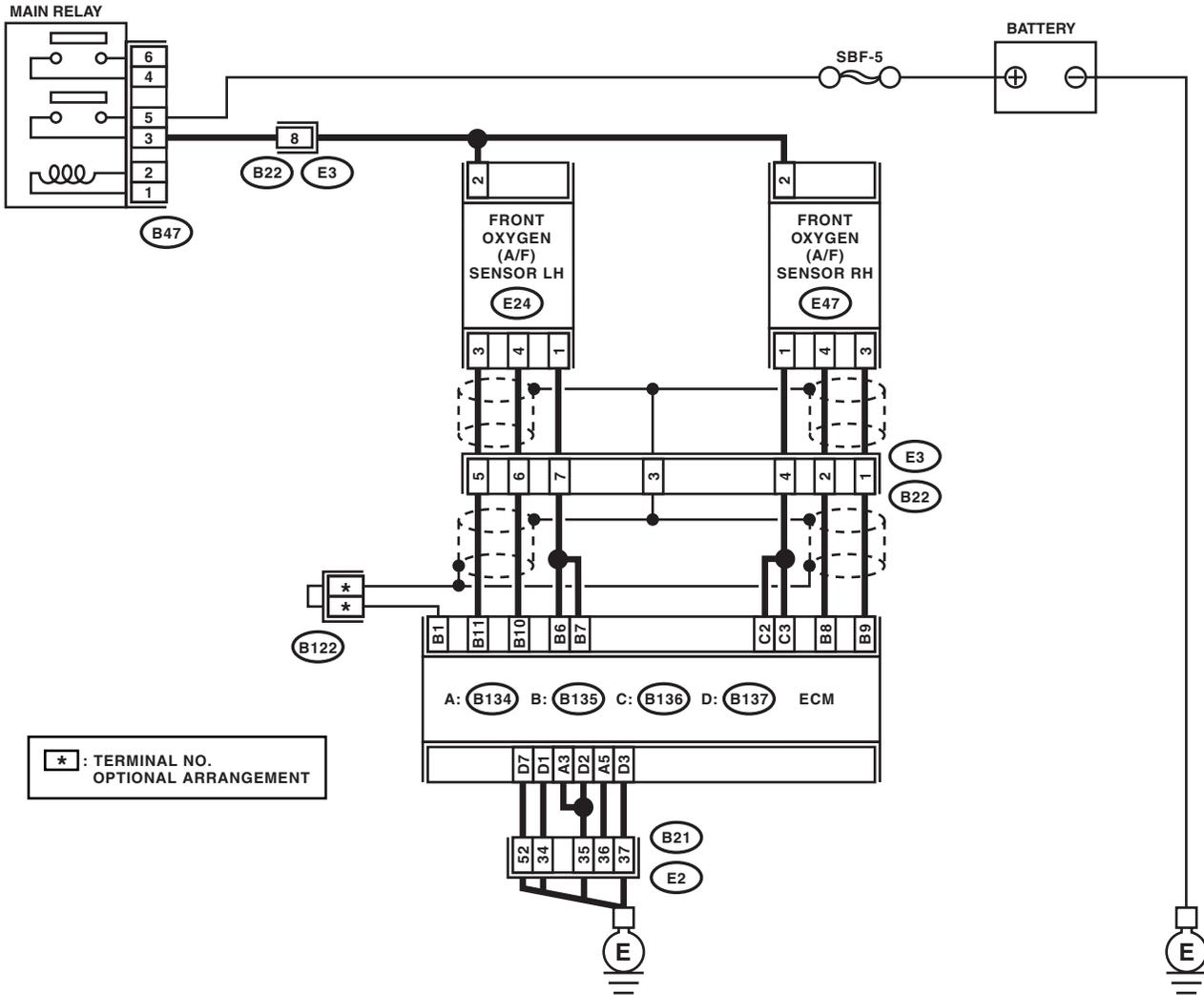
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|--|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Start and warm-up the engine. 2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 3) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 4) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 6 — (E24) No. 1: (B135) No. 7 — (E24) No. 1: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. |
| 2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 10 — (E24) No. 4: (B135) No. 11 — (E24) No. 3: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 3. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN RELAY AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B47) No. 3 — (E24) No. 2: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. |
| 4 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals. Terminals No. 2 — No. 1: | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> |
| 5 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. | Is there poor contact in ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector? | Repair the poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

M: DTC P0051 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-25, DTC P0051 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

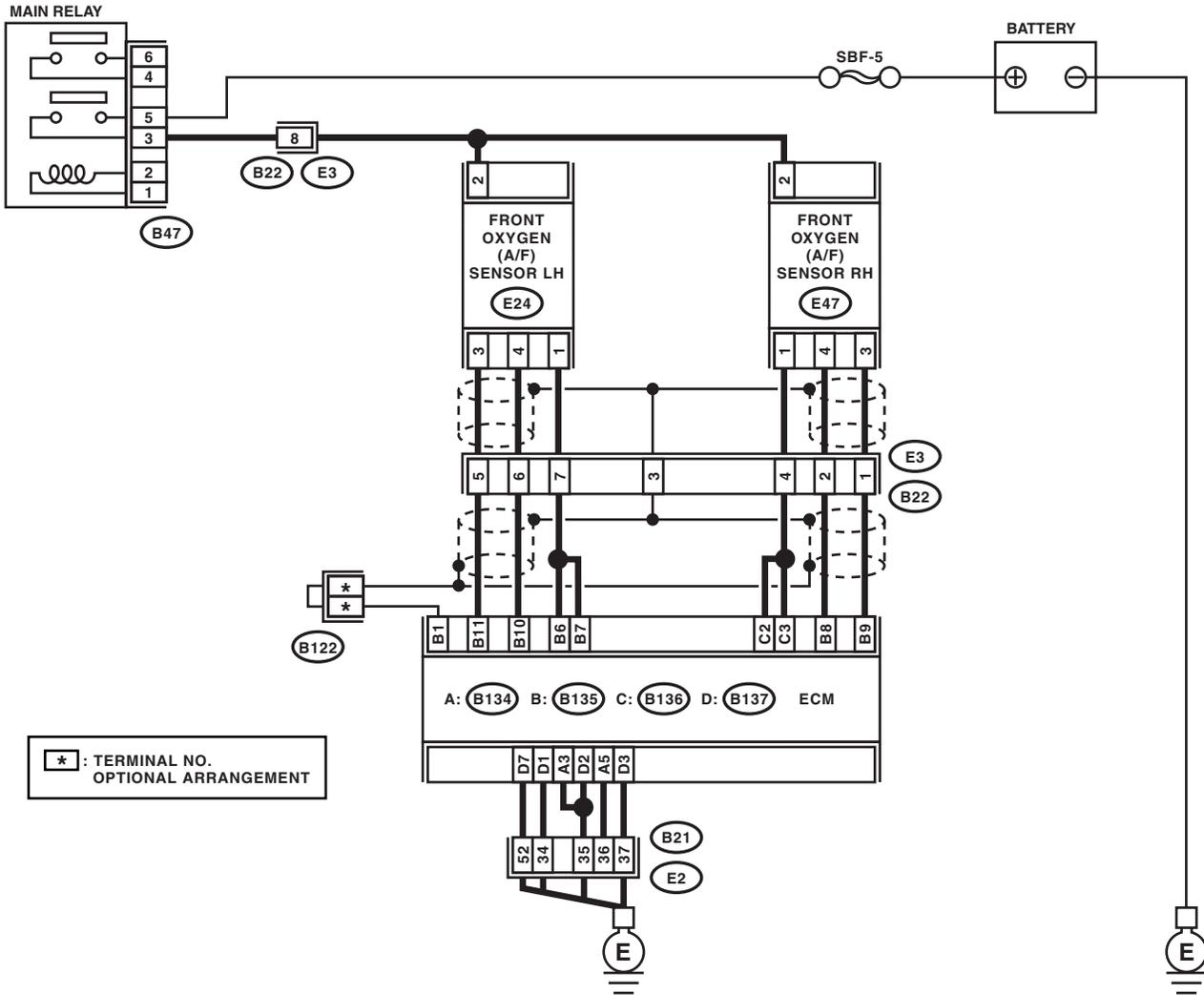
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

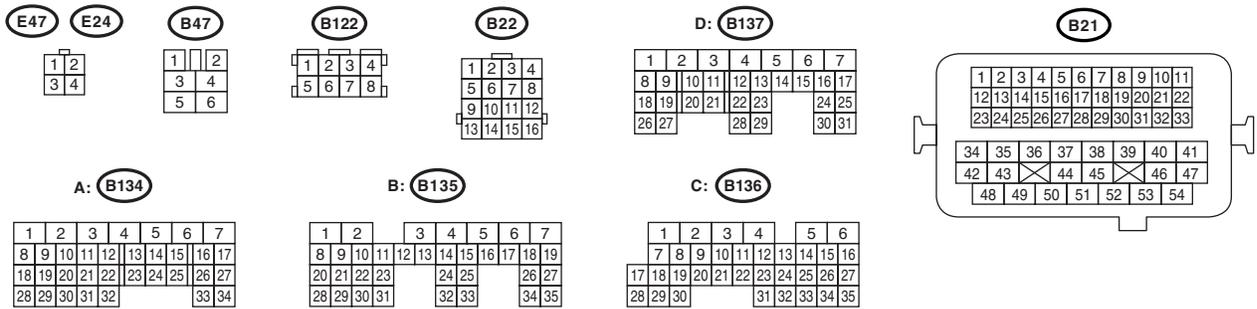
Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



* : TERMINAL NO. OPTIONAL ARRANGEMENT



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|--|
| <p>1 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and engine ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E24) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 2. | <p>Repair the power supply line.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact of main relay connector |
| <p>2 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM.</p> <p>Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:</p> | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 3. | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground terminal • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| <p>3 CHECK CURRENT DATA.</p> <p>1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | Is the current more than 0.2 A? | <p>Repair the poor contact of connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact in ECM connector | Go to step 4. |
| <p>4 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</p> <p>1) Start and idle the engine. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage less than 1 V? | Go to step 6. | Go to step 5. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|--|--|
| 5 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal <i>(B135) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> <i>(B135) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector while monitoring the value of voltage meter? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Go to step 6. |
| 6 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals. Terminals <i>No. 2 — No. 1:</i> | Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ? | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open or ground short circuit of harness between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

N: DTC P0052 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-25, DTC P0052 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

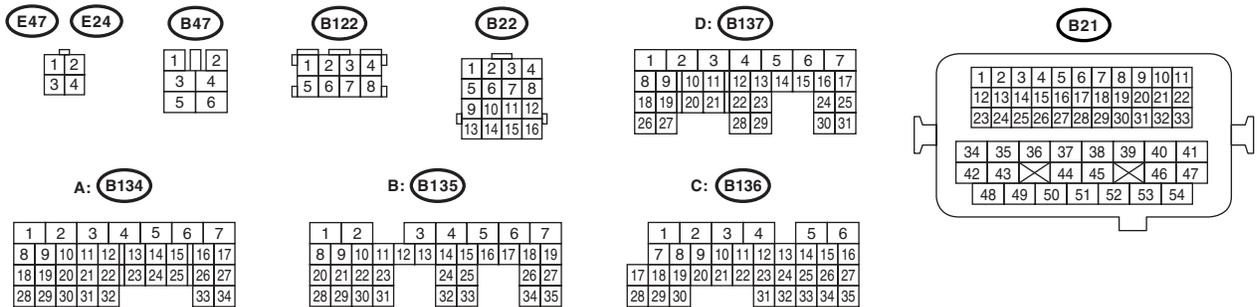
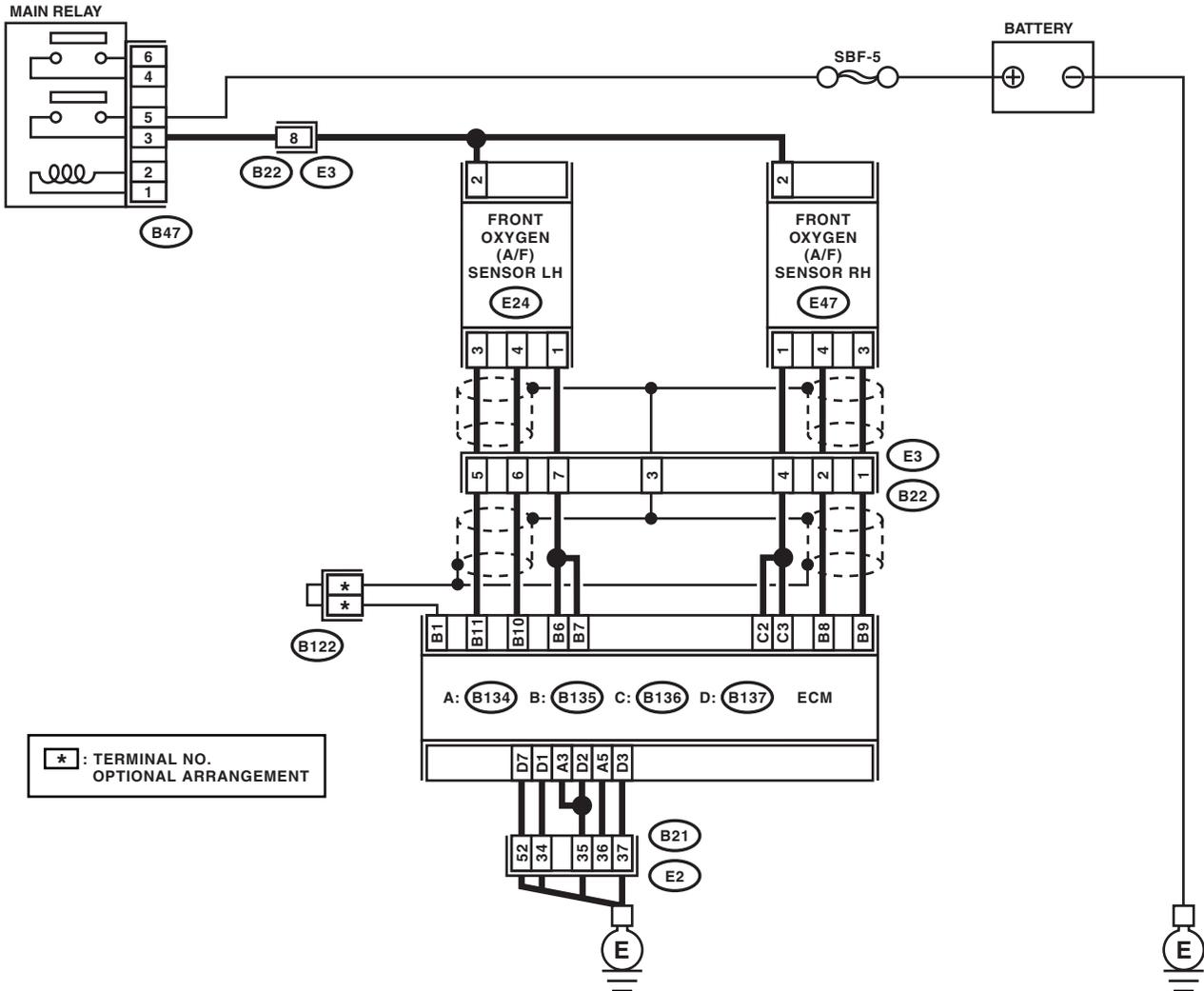
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 8 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|-------------|
| <p>2 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR HEATER CURRENT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the current more than 2.3 A?</p> | <p>Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).></p> | <p>END.</p> |
| <p>3 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector?</p> | <p>Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> | <p>END.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

O: DTC P0057 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-25, DTC P0057 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

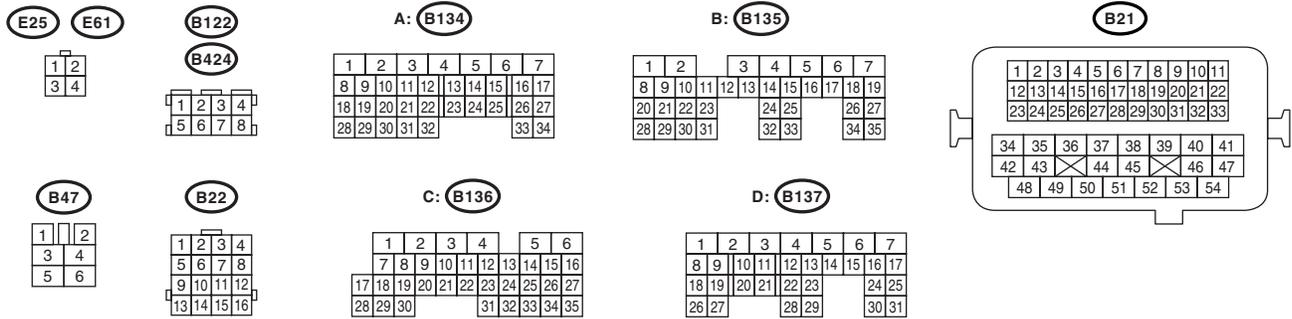
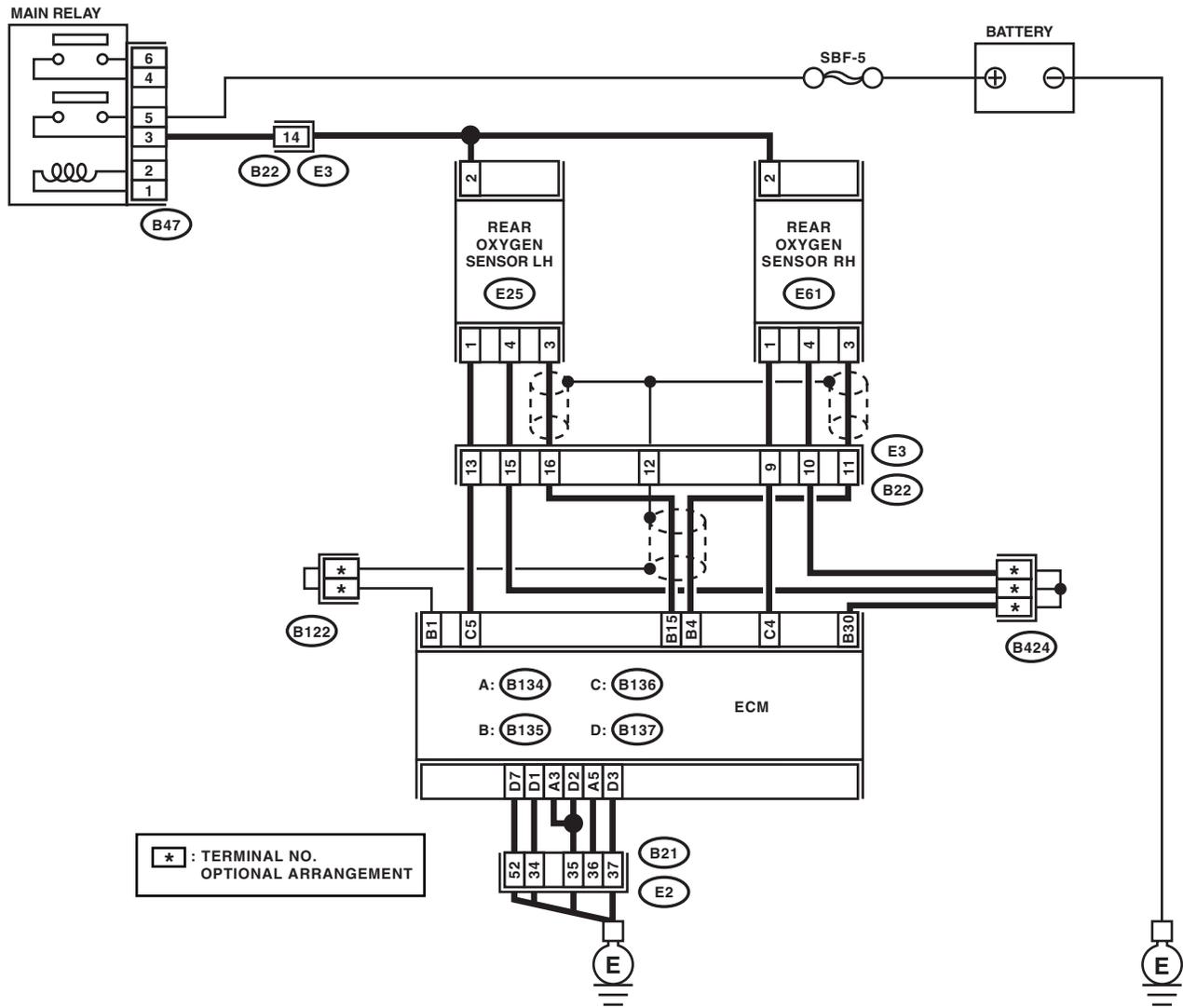
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|--|
| <p>1 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO REAR OXYGEN SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E25) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 2. | Repair the power supply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between main relay and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| <p>2 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:</p> | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 3. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground terminal • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| <p>3 CHECK CURRENT DATA.</p> <p>1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | Is the current more than 0.2 A? | Repair the connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact in ECM connector | Go to step 4. |
| <p>4 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</p> <p>1) Start and idle the engine. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B136) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage less than 1 V? | Go to step 7. | Go to step 5. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|--|--|
| 5 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B136) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector while monitoring the value of voltage meter? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Go to step 6. |
| 6 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B136) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage less than 1 V? | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 7 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor connector terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i> | Is the resistance less than 30 Ω ? | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

P: DTC P0058 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-25, DTC P0058 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

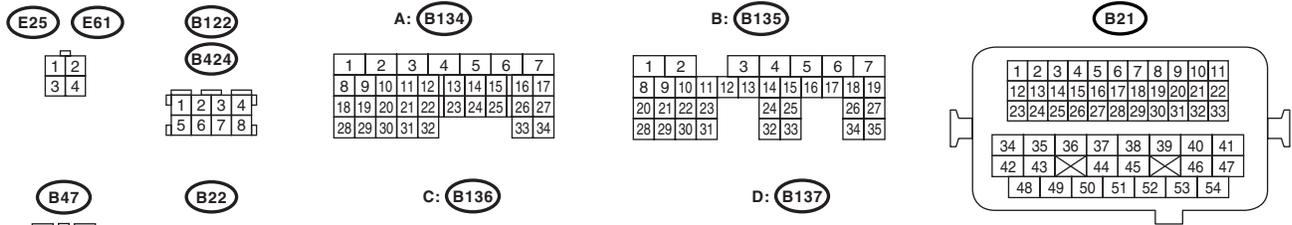
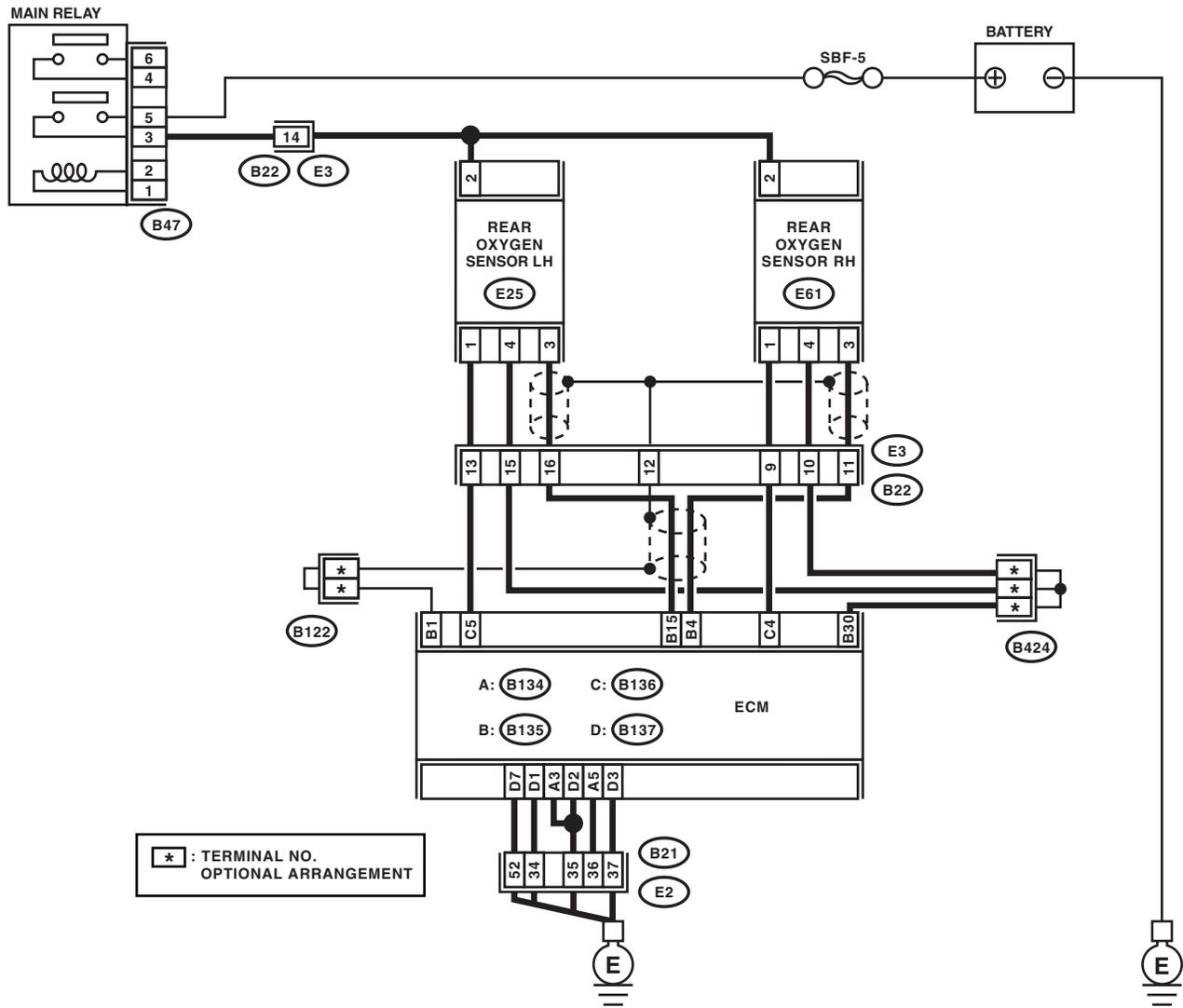
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 8 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---|------|
| 2 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the current more than 7 A? | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | END. |
| 3 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM connector. | Is there poor contact in ECM connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | END. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Q: DTC P0068 MAP/MAF - THROTTLE POSITION CORRELATION

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-26, DTC P0068 MAP/MAF - THROTTLE POSITION CORRELATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

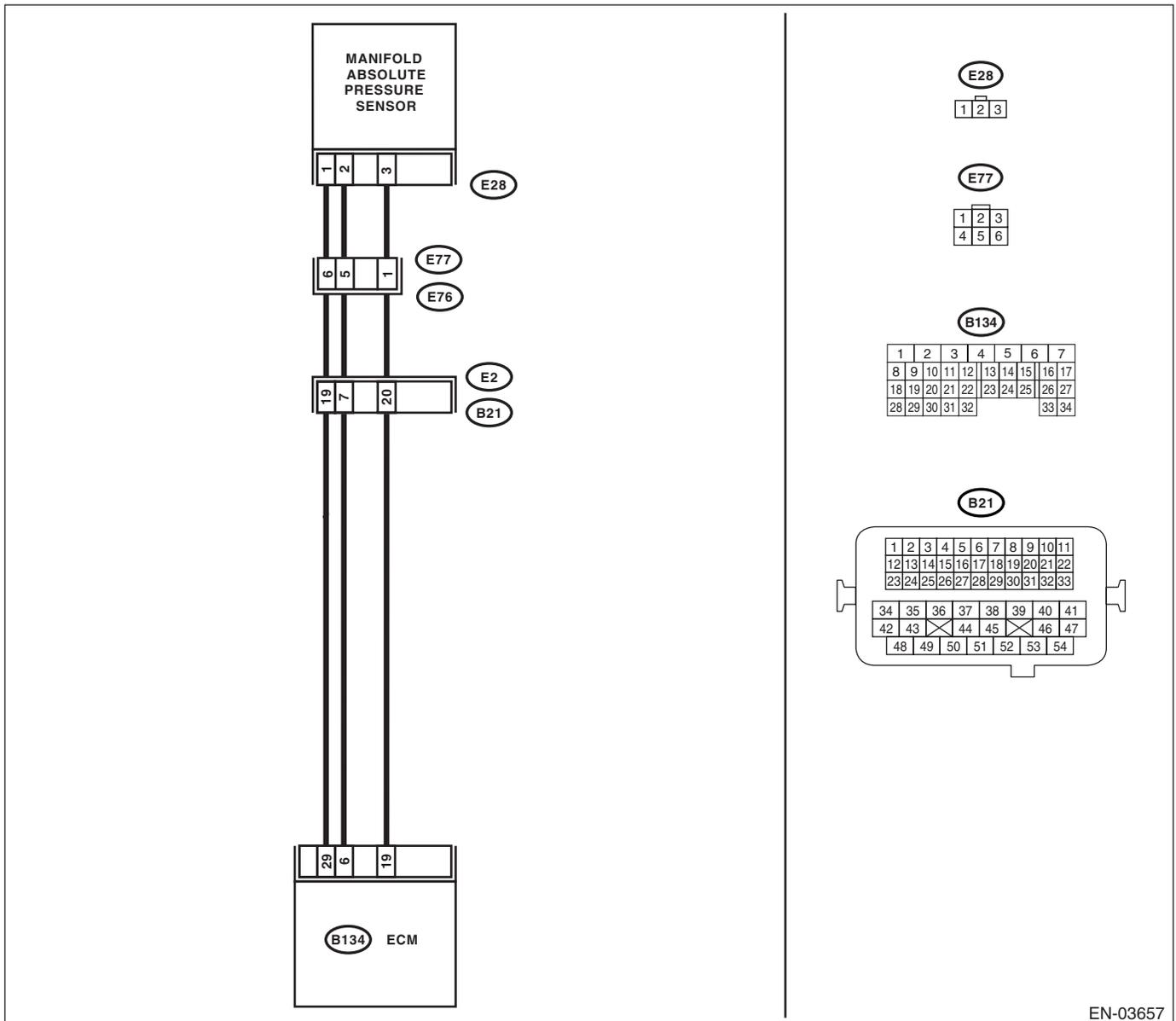
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03657

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 CHECK IDLE SWITCH SIGNAL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Operate the LED operation mode for engine using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "LED OPERATION MODE FOR ENGINE." <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Does the LED of {Idle Switch Signal} come on? | Go to step 2. | Check the throttle position sensor circuit. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-382, DTC P2135 THROTTLE/ PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/ SWITCH "A"/"B" VOLTAGE RATIO-NALITY, Diagnos-tic Procedure with Diagnostic Trou-ble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0106. |
| 2 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the relative DTC. "List of Diag-nostic Trouble Code (DTC)" <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diag-nostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0106. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK CONDITION OF MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR. | Is the manifold absolute pressure sensor installation bolt tightened securely? | Go to step 4. | Securely tighten the manifold absolute pressure sensor installation bolt. |
| 4 CHECK CONDITION OF THROTTLE BODY. | Is the throttle body installation bolt tightened securely? | Replace the manifold absolute pressure sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-22, Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor.> | Tighten the throttle body installation bolt securely. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

R: DTC P0076 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-28, DTC P0076 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

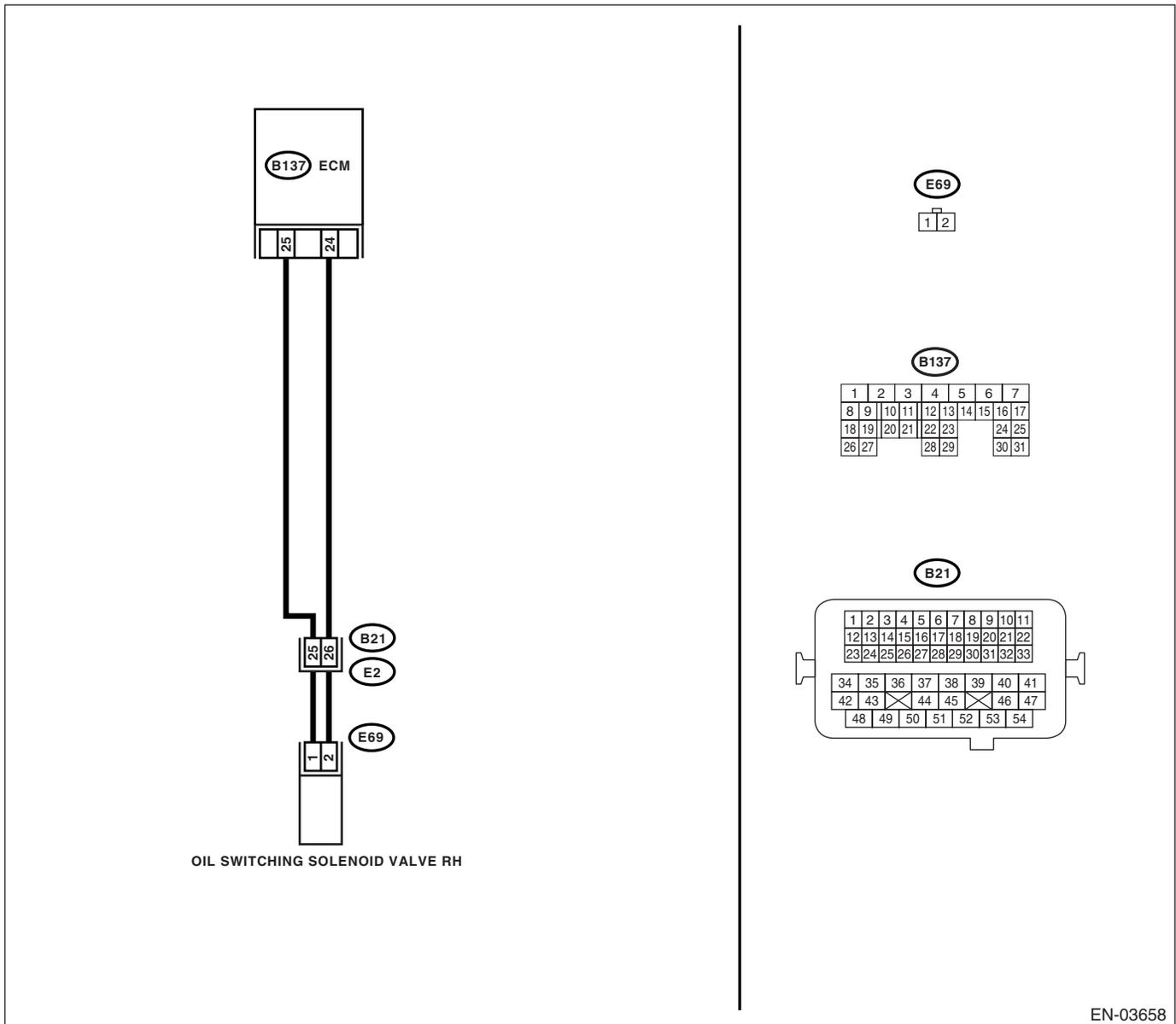
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03658

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and oil switching solenoid valve. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and oil switching solenoid valve. Connector & terminal <i>(B137) No. 25 — (E69) No. 1:</i> <i>(B137) No. 24 — (E69) No. 2:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and oil switching solenoid valve connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and oil switching solenoid valve connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| 2 CHECK OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the oil switching solenoid valve connector. 2) Measure the resistance between oil switching solenoid valve terminals. Terminals <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i> | Is the resistance between 6 — 12 Ω ? | Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil switching solenoid valve. | Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-78, Oil Switching Solenoid Valve.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

S: DTC P0077 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-29, DTC P0077 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

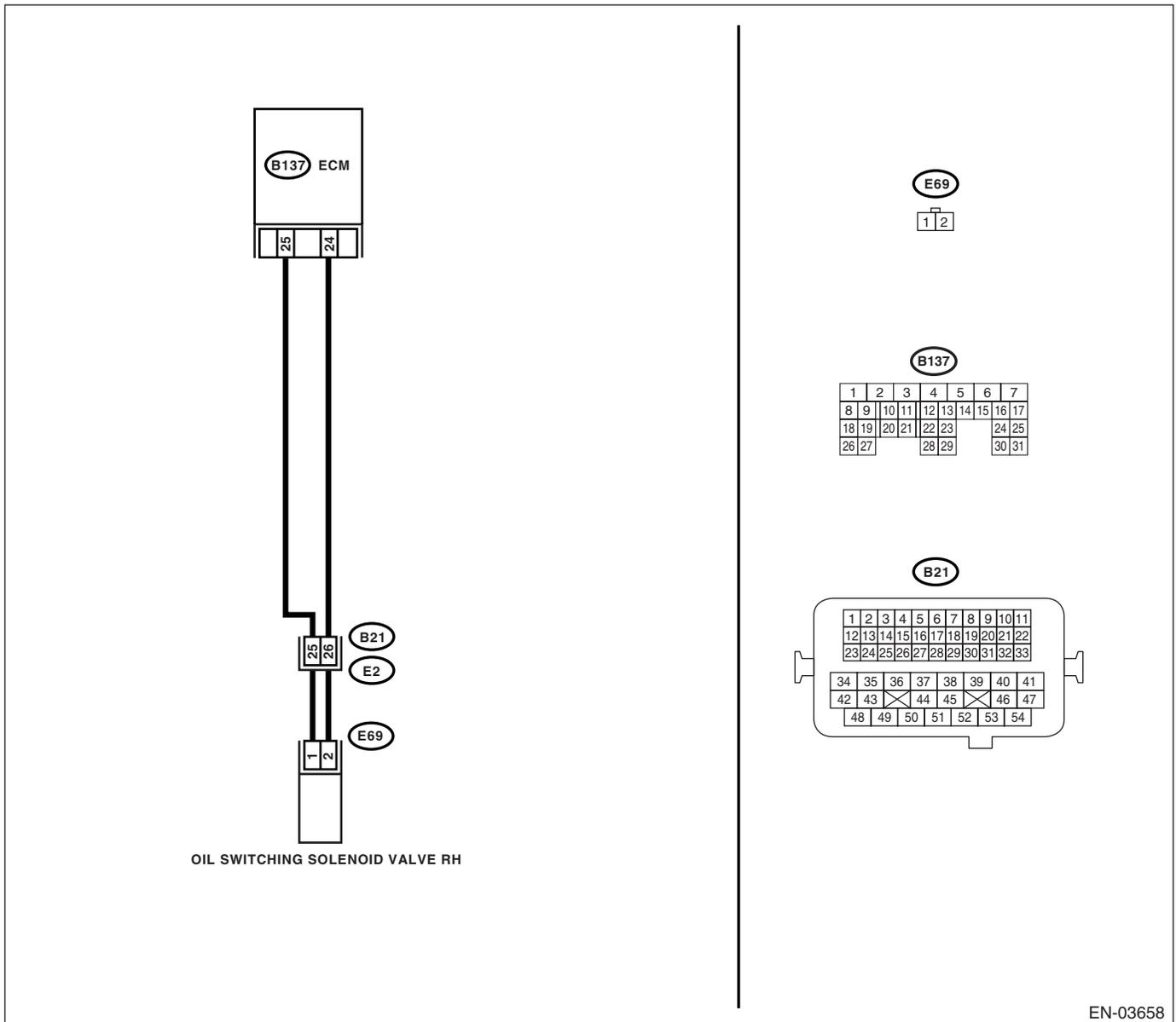
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03658

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and oil switching solenoid valve. 3) Measure the resistance between oil switching solenoid valve and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E69) No. 1 — Engine ground: (E69) No. 2 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Repair the short circuit between ECM and oil switching solenoid valve connector. |
| 2 CHECK OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the oil switching solenoid valve connector. 2) Measure the resistance between oil switching solenoid valve terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: | Is the resistance between 6 — 12 Ω ? | Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil switching solenoid valve. | Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-78, Oil Switching Solenoid Valve.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

T: DTC P0082 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-30, DTC P0082 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

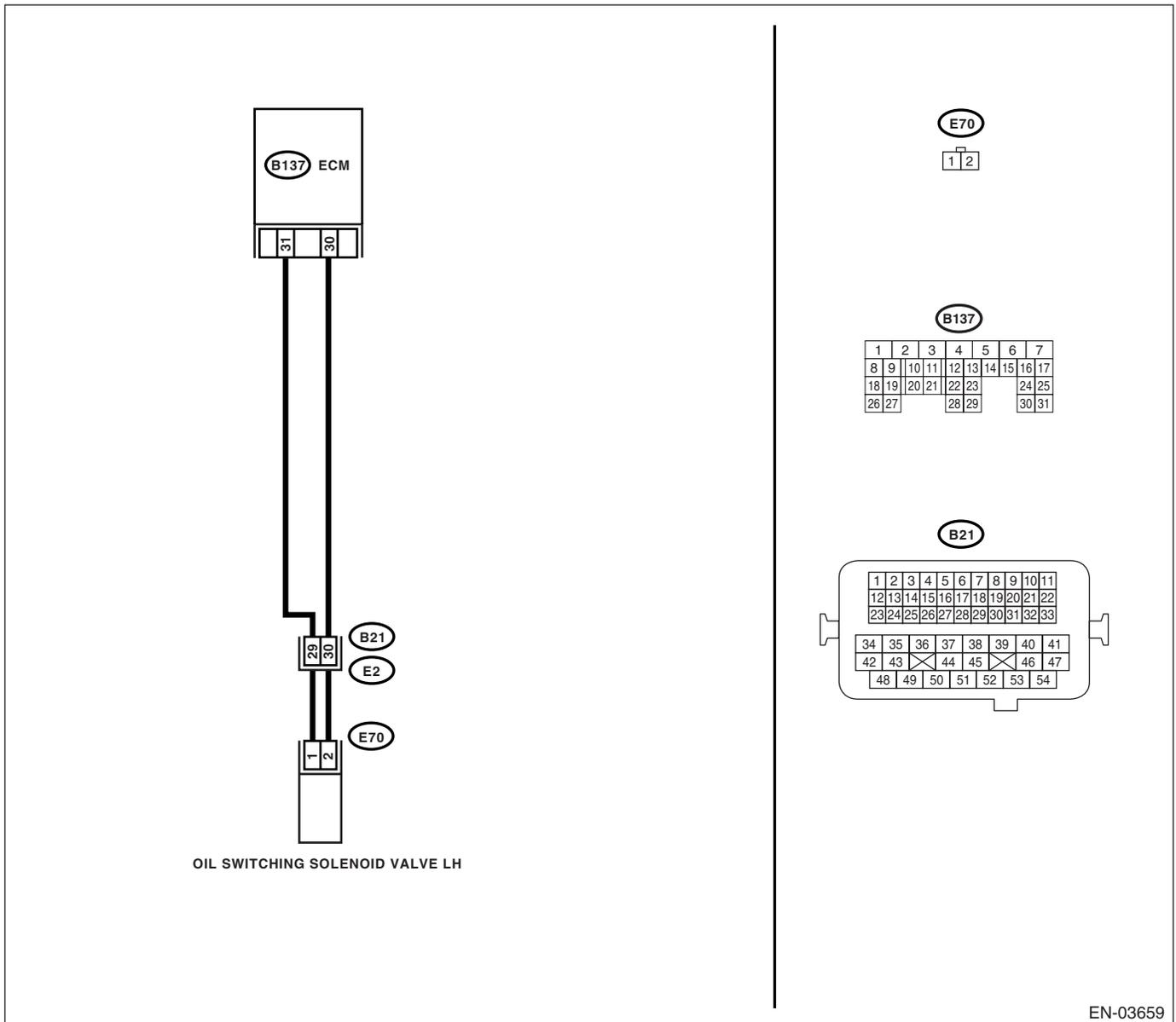
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03659

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|---|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and oil switching solenoid valve.</p> <p>3) Measure the resistance between ECM and oil switching solenoid valve.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B137) No. 31 — (E70) No. 1: (B137) No. 30 — (E70) No. 2:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> | <p>Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and oil switching solenoid valve connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and oil switching solenoid valve connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE.</p> <p>1) Remove the oil switching solenoid valve connector.</p> <p>2) Measure the resistance between oil switching solenoid valve terminals.</p> <p>Terminals No. 1 — No. 2:</p> | <p>Is the resistance between 6 — 12 Ω?</p> | <p>Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil switching solenoid valve.</p> | <p>Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-78, Oil Switching Solenoid Valve.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

U: DTC P0083 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-30, DTC P0083 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

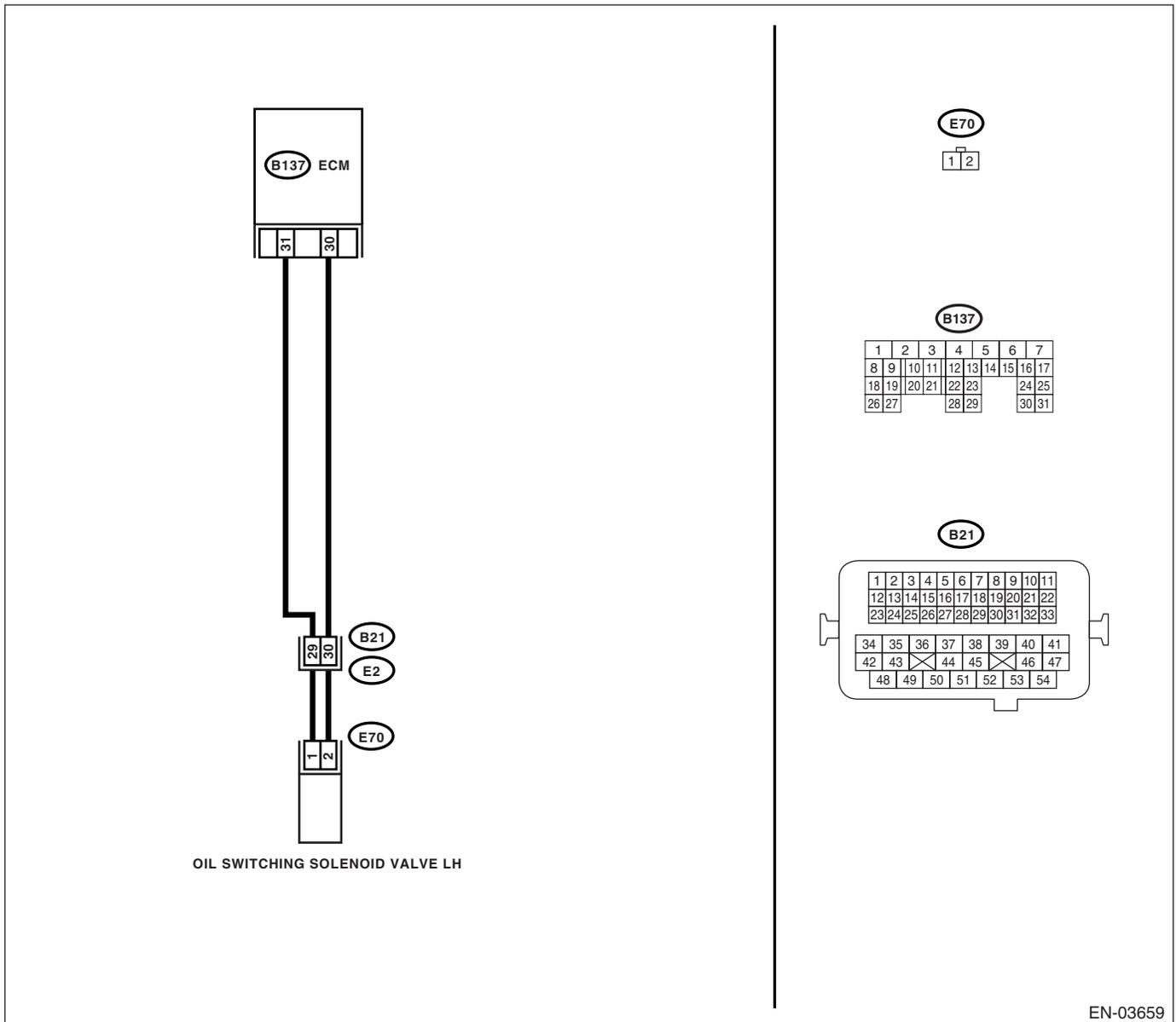
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and oil switching solenoid valve. 3) Measure the resistance between oil switching solenoid valve and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E70) No. 1 — Engine ground:</i> <i>(E70) No. 2 — Engine ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Repair the short circuit between ECM and oil switching solenoid valve connector. |
| 2 CHECK OIL SWITCHING SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the oil switching solenoid valve connector. 2) Measure the resistance between oil switching solenoid valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i> | Is the resistance between 6 — 12 Ω ? | Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil switching solenoid valve. | Replace the oil switching solenoid valve. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-78, Oil Switching Solenoid Valve.> |

V: DTC P0101 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-31, DTC P0101 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

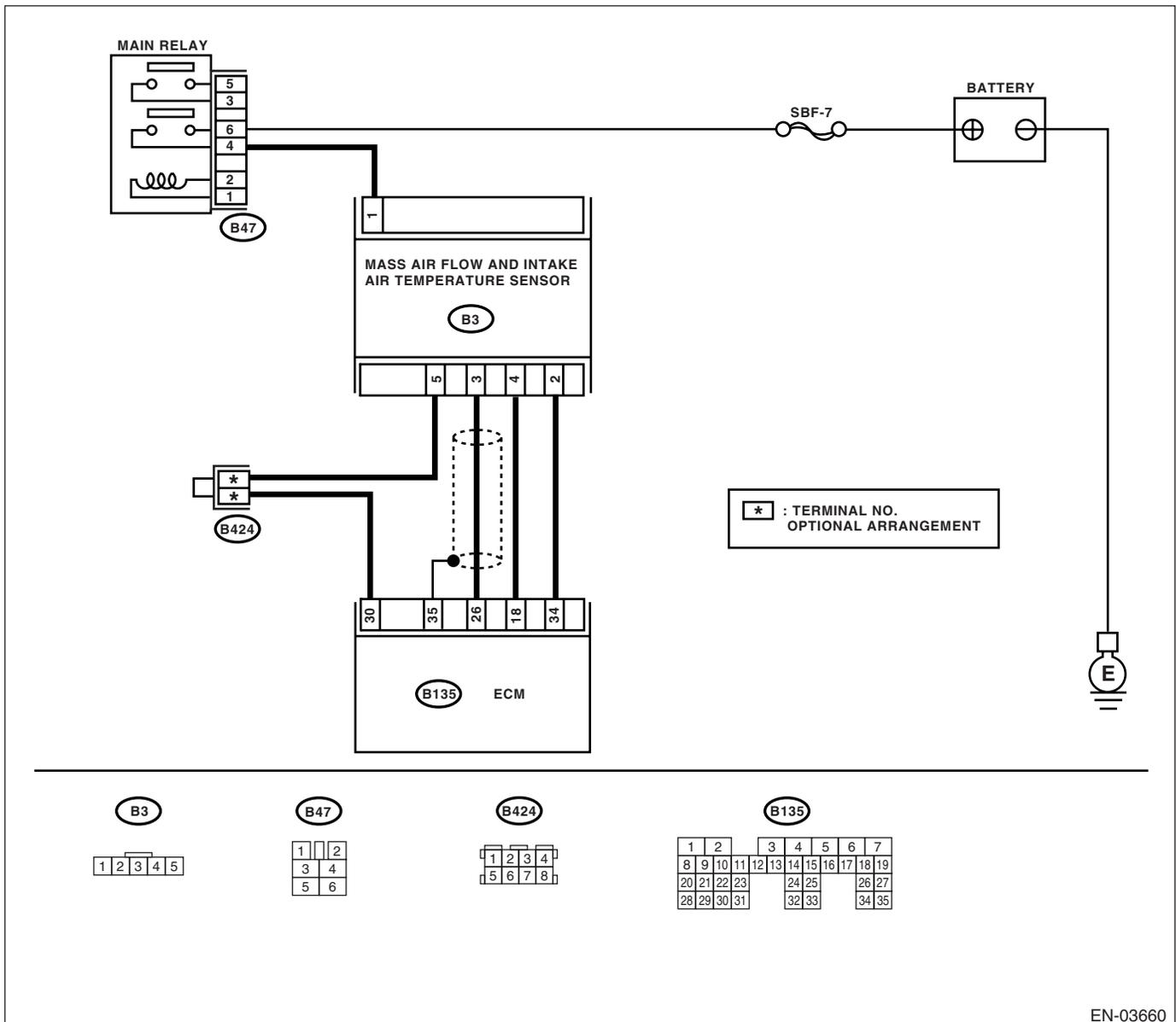
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|-----------------------------|---|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0101. | Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

W: DTC P0102 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-34, DTC P0102 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

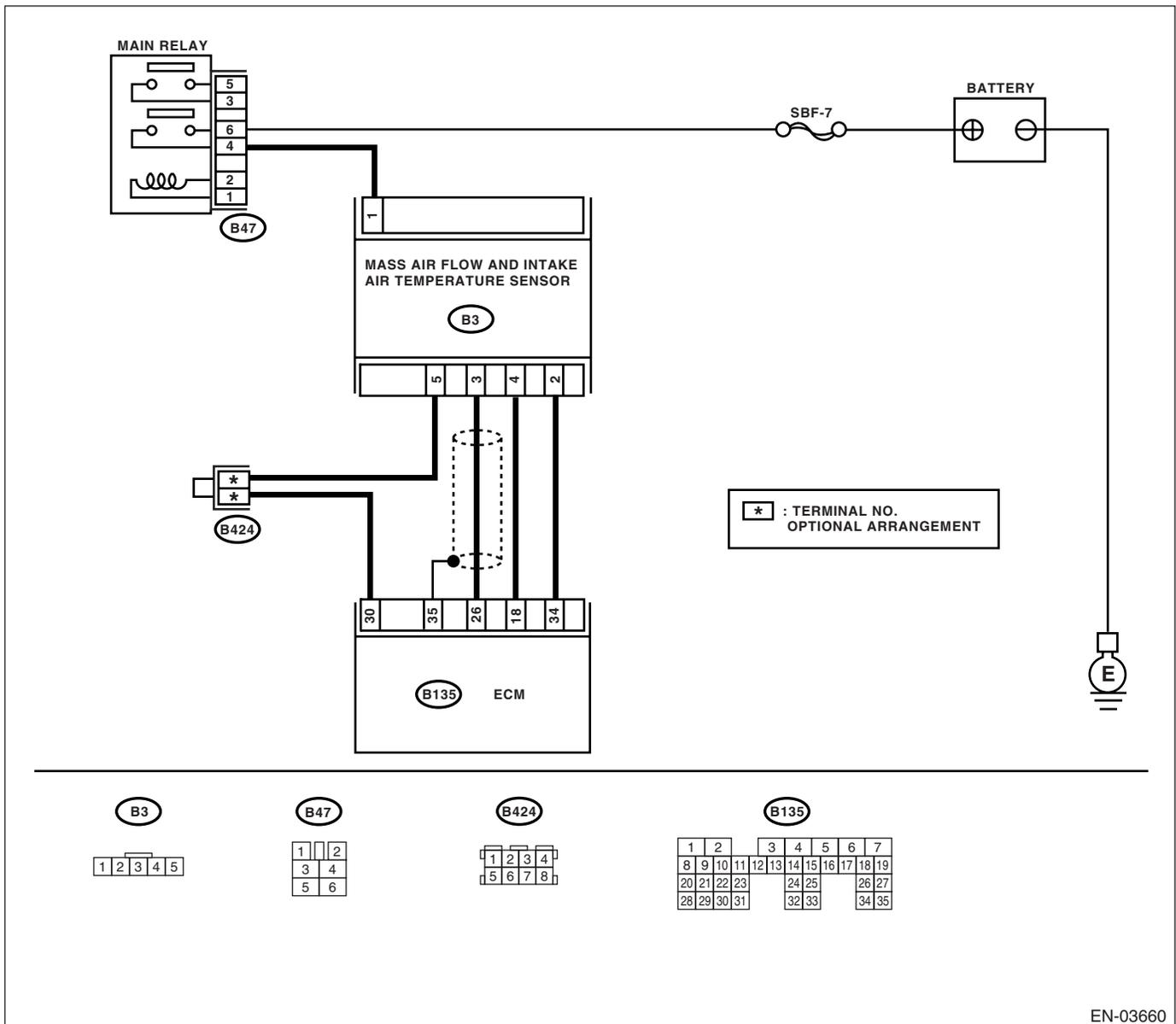
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03660

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|---|
| <p>1 CONNECT SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OR THE GENERAL SCAN TOOL, AND READ DATA.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool to data link connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON, and the Subaru Select Monitor power switch to ON. 4) Start the engine. 5) Read the voltage of mass air flow sensor using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | Is the voltage 0.2 — 4.7 V? | Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Temporary poor contact of connector or harness may be the cause. Repair the harness or connector in mass air flow sensor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open or ground short circuit of harness between mass air flow sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact of mass air flow sensor or ECM connector | Go to step 2. |
| <p>2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground while engine is idling. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 26 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage more than 0.2 V? | Go to step 4. | Go to step 3. |
| <p>3 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR). Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground while engine is idling.</p> | Does the voltage change by shaking the harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with Subaru Select Monitor? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| <p>4 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from mass air flow sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between mass air flow sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B3) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage more than 5 V? | Go to step 5. | Repair the open circuit between mass air flow sensor and main relay. |
| <p>5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and mass air flow sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 26 — (B3) No. 3: (B135) No. 34 — (B3) No. 2: (B135) No. 30 — (B3) No. 5:</p> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 6. | Repair the open circuit between ECM and mass air flow sensor connector. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|--|
| 6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 26 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 34 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 30 — Chassis ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ? | Go to step 7. | Repair the ground short circuit between ECM and mass air flow sensor connector. |
| 7 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of mass air flow sensor connector. | Is there poor contact in mass air flow sensor connector? | Repair the poor contact of mass air flow sensor connector. | Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

X: DTC P0103 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-36, DTC P0103 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

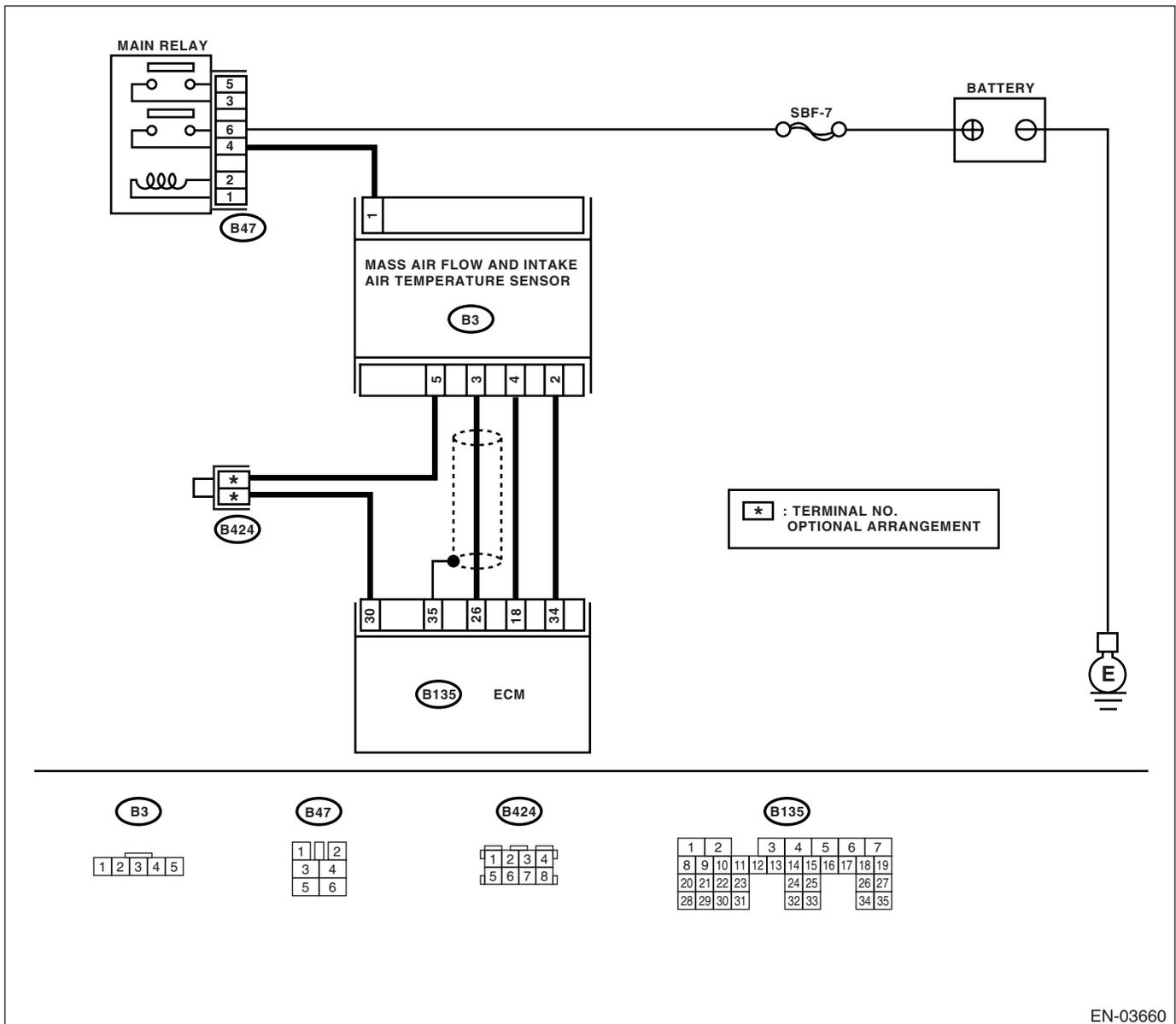
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03660

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---|---|
| <p>1 CONNECT SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OR THE GENERAL SCAN TOOL, AND READ DATA.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool to data link connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON, and the Subaru Select Monitor power switch to ON. 4) Start the engine. 5) Read the voltage of mass air flow sensor using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the voltage 0.2 — 4.7 V?</p> | <p>Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time.</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> |
| <p>2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from mass air flow sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between mass air flow sensor connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B3) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 5 V?</p> | <p>Repair the battery short circuit of harness between mass air flow sensor connector and ECM connector.</p> | <p>Go to step 3.</p> |
| <p>3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and mass air flow sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B3) No. 2 — (B135) No. 34:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Replace the mass air flow sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the open circuit of harness between mass air flow sensor connector and ECM connector.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Y: DTC P0107 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

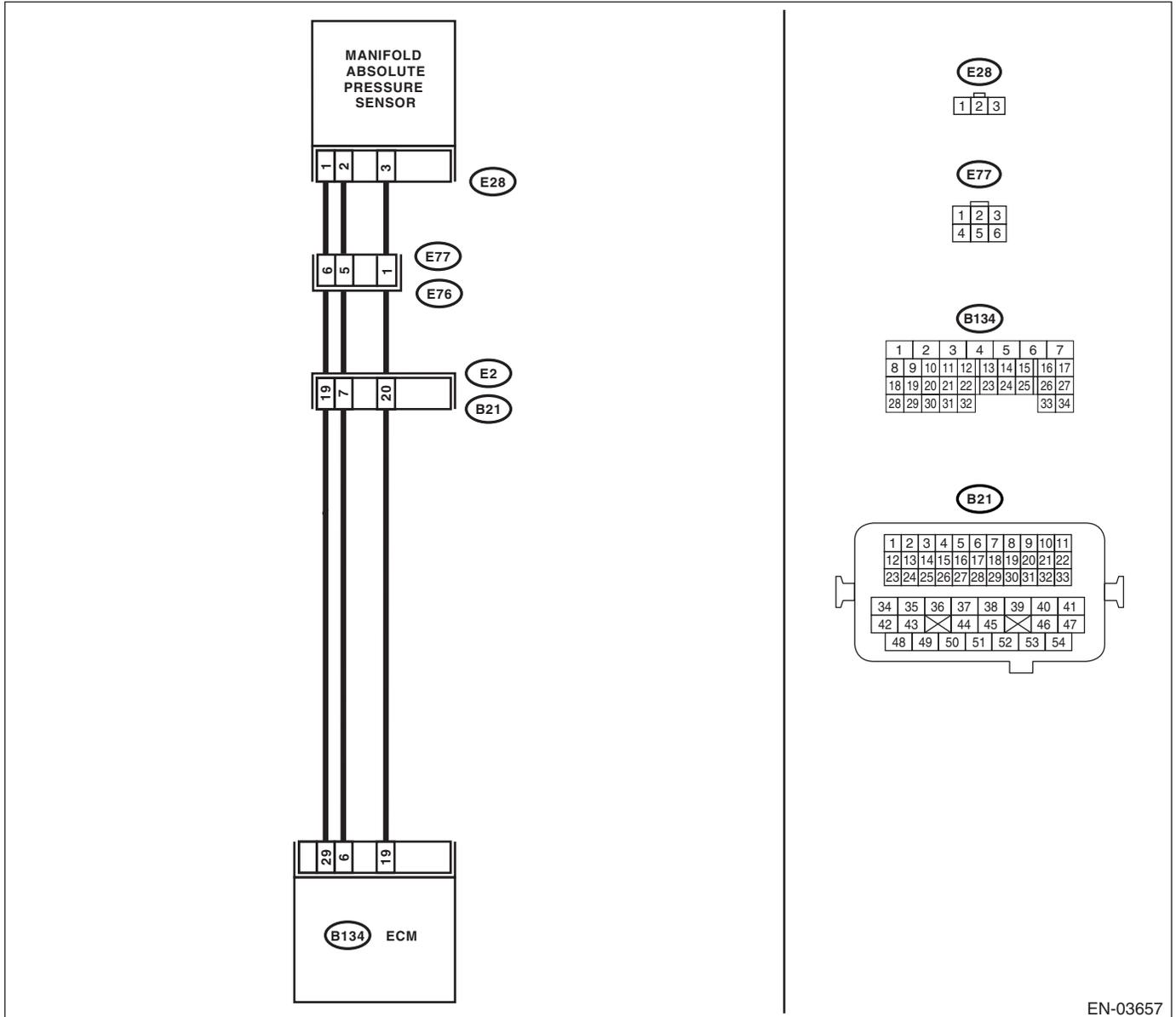
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-38, DTC P0107 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03657

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of intake manifold absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the measured value less than 13.3 kPa (100 mmHg, 3.94 inHg) ? | Go to step 3. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check the poor contact in ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. | Is there poor contact in ECM or manifold absolute pressure sensor connector? | Repair the poor contact in ECM or manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. | Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. |
| 3 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 4.5 V? | Go to step 5. | Go to step 4. |
| 4 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 5 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage less than 0.2 V? | Go to step 7. | Go to step 6. |
| 6 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR). Read the data of atmospheric absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the measured value more than 13.3 kPa (100 mmHg, 3.94 inHg) when shaking the ECM harness and connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Go to step 7. |
| 7 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from manifold absolute pressure sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between manifold absolute pressure sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E28) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 4.5 V? | Go to step 8. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---|--|
| 8 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal (B134) No. 29 — (E28) No. 1:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 9. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. |
| 9 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. | Is there poor contact in manifold absolute pressure sensor connector? | Repair the poor contact of manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. | Replace the manifold absolute pressure sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-22, Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Z: DTC P0108 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

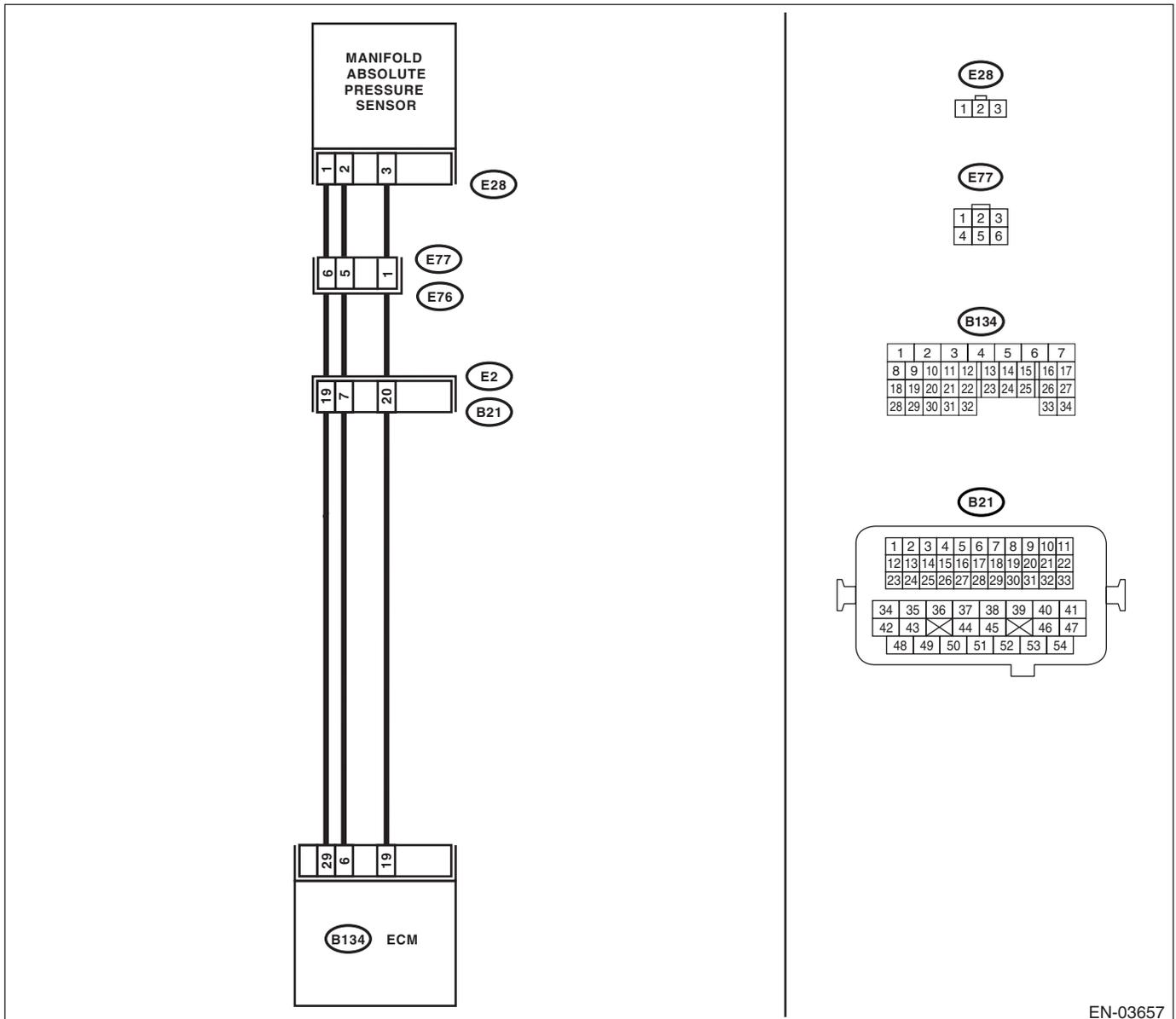
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-40, DTC P0108 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03657

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 4.5 V? | Go to step 3. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 3 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 4.5 V? | Go to step 5. | Go to step 4. |
| 4 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR). Read the data of atmospheric absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the measured value more than 13.3 kPa (100 mmHg, 3.94 inHg) when shaking the ECM harness and connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Go to step 5. |
| 5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from manifold absolute pressure sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between manifold absolute pressure sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E28) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 4.5 V? | Go to step 6. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. |
| 6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 6 — (E28) No. 2:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 7. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. |
| 7 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN THE MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 4.5 V? | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. | Go to step 8. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---|--|
| 8 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 29 — (E28) No. 1: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 9. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. |
| 9 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. | Is there poor contact in manifold absolute pressure sensor connector? | Repair the poor contact of manifold absolute pressure sensor connector. | Replace the manifold absolute pressure sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-22, Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AA:DTC P0111 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-42, DTC P0111 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

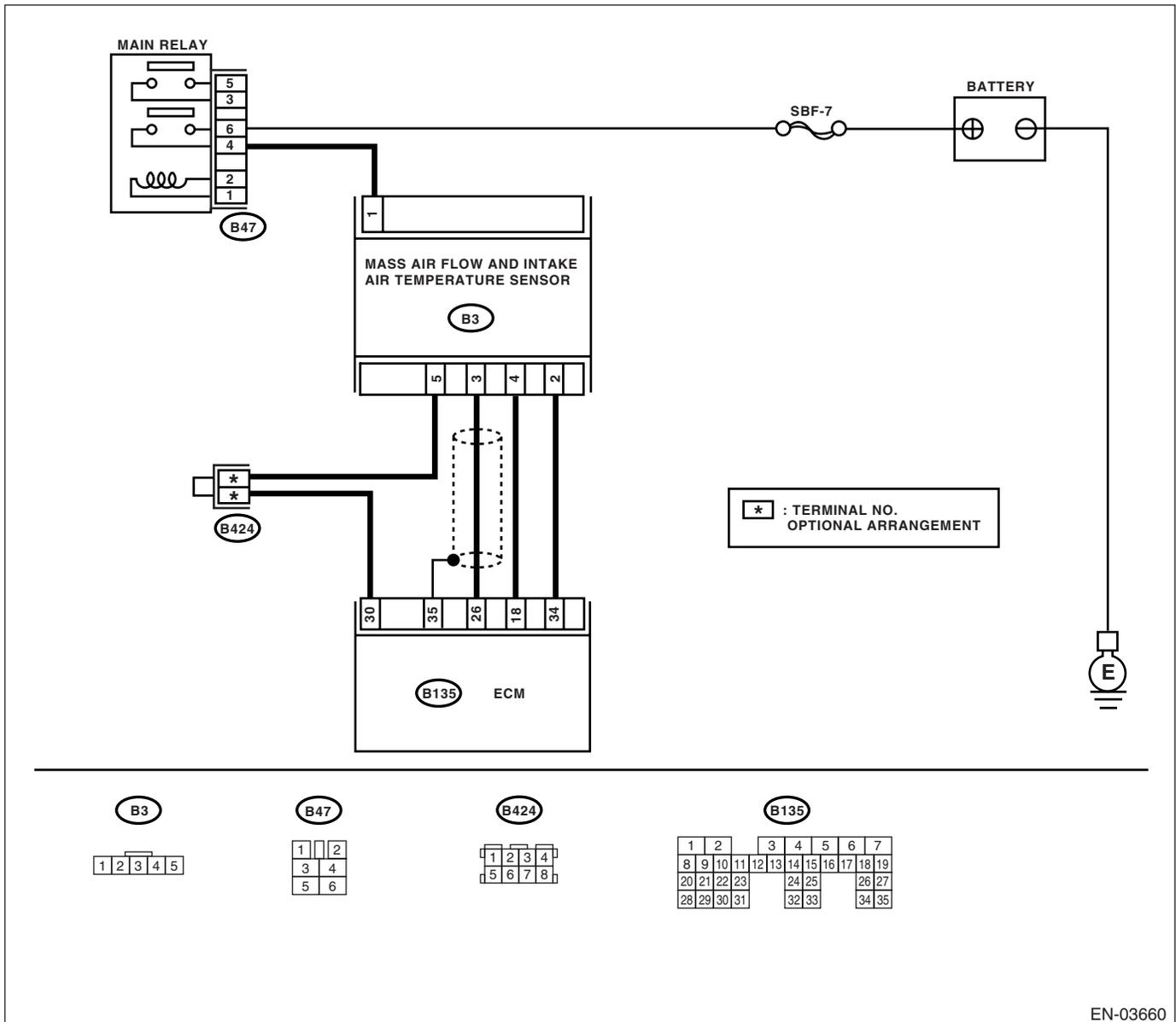
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03660

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|---|--|---|--|
| 1 | <p>CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.</p> | <p>Is any other DTC displayed?</p> | <p>Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0111.</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> |
| 2 | <p>CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE.</p> <p>1) Start the engine and warm-up completely. 2) Measure the engine coolant temperature using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the engine coolant temperature 75 — 95°C (167 — 203°F) ?</p> | <p>Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> | <p>Check DTC P0125 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)." <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AB:DTC P0112 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-44, DTC P0112 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

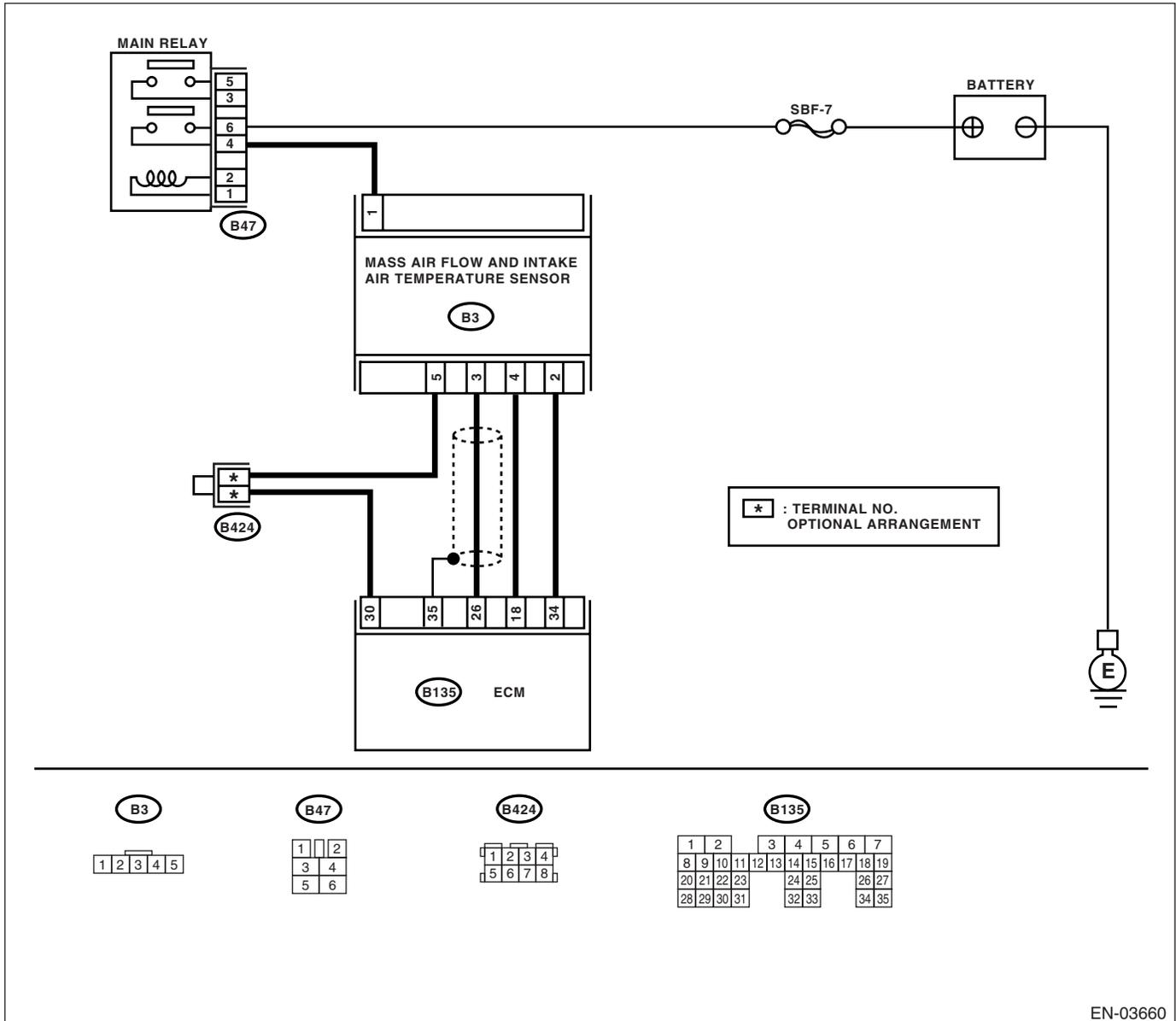
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03660

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|--|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</p> <p>1) Start the engine.</p> <p>2) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the intake air temperature above 120°C (248°F) ?</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> | <p>Repair the poor contact.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <p>In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor.</p> <p>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</p> <p>4) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the intake air temperature less than -40°C (-40°F) ?</p> | <p>Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the ground short circuit of harness between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor and ECM connector.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|--|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</p> <p>1) Start the engine.</p> <p>2) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the intake air temperature less than -40°C (-40°F) ?</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> | <p>Repair the poor contact.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <p>In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor.</p> <p>3) Measure the voltage between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B3) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 10 V?</p> | <p>Repair the battery short circuit of harness between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor and ECM connector.</p> | <p>Go to step 3.</p> |
| <p>3</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</p> <p>2) Measure the voltage between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B3) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 10 V?</p> | <p>Repair the battery short circuit of harness between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor and ECM connector.</p> | <p>Go to step 4.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---|---|
| <p>4</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the voltage between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B3) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 3 V?</p> | <p>Go to step 5.</p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broken wire between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor and ECM connector. • Poor contact in mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector |
| <p>5</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B3) No. 5 — Engine ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?</p> | <p>Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broken wire between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor and ECM connector. • Poor contact in mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact of joint connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AD:DTC P0117 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-48, DTC P0117 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

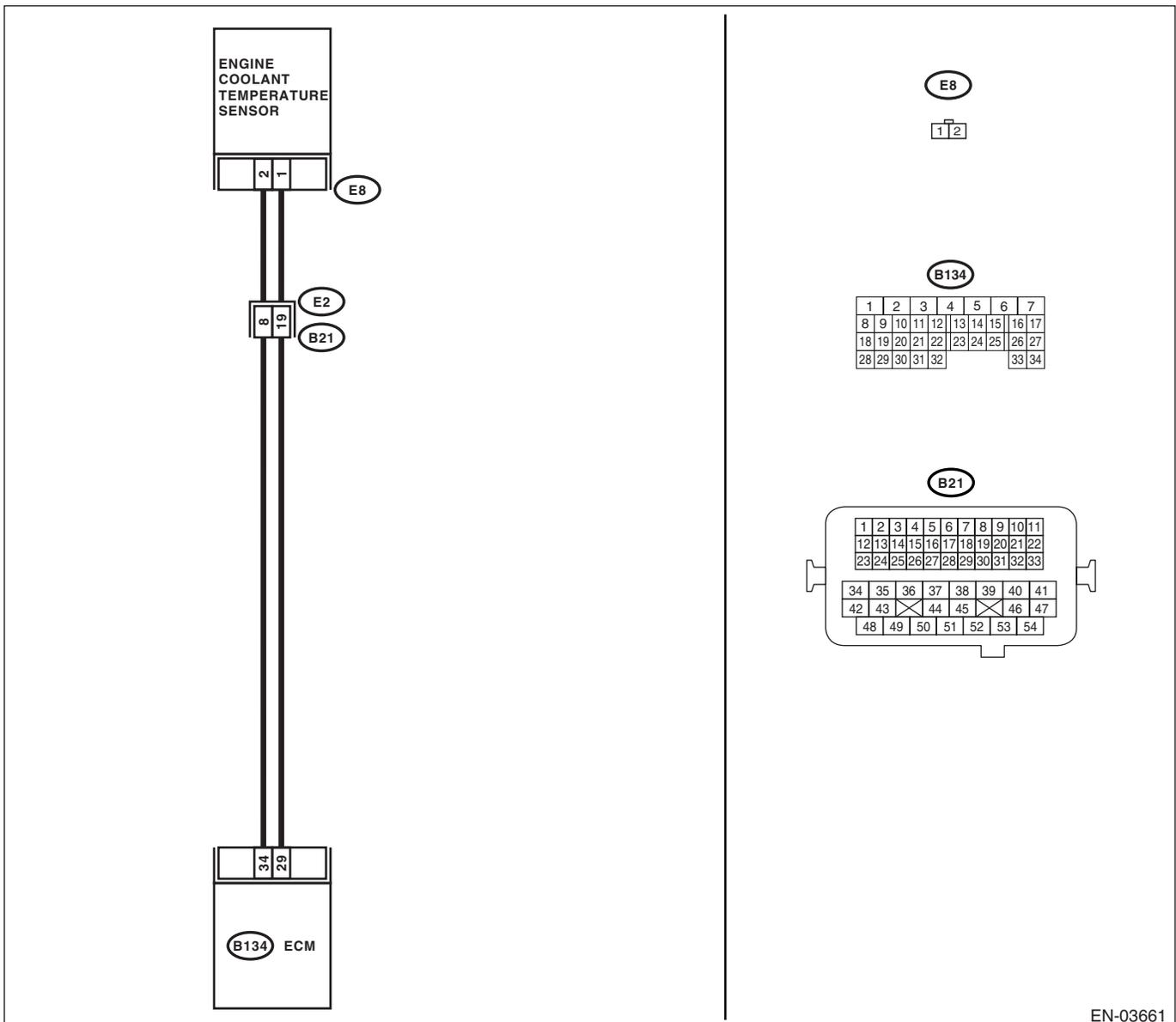
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03661

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|--|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</p> <p>1) Start the engine.</p> <p>2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the engine coolant temperature above 150°C (302°F) ?</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> | <p>Repair the poor contact.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <p>In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact of engine coolant temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connectors from the engine coolant temperature sensor.</p> <p>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</p> <p>4) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the engine coolant temperature less than -40°C (-40°F) ?</p> | <p>Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-17, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the ground short circuit of harness between engine coolant temperature sensor and ECM connector.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AE:DTC P0118 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-50, DTC P0118 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

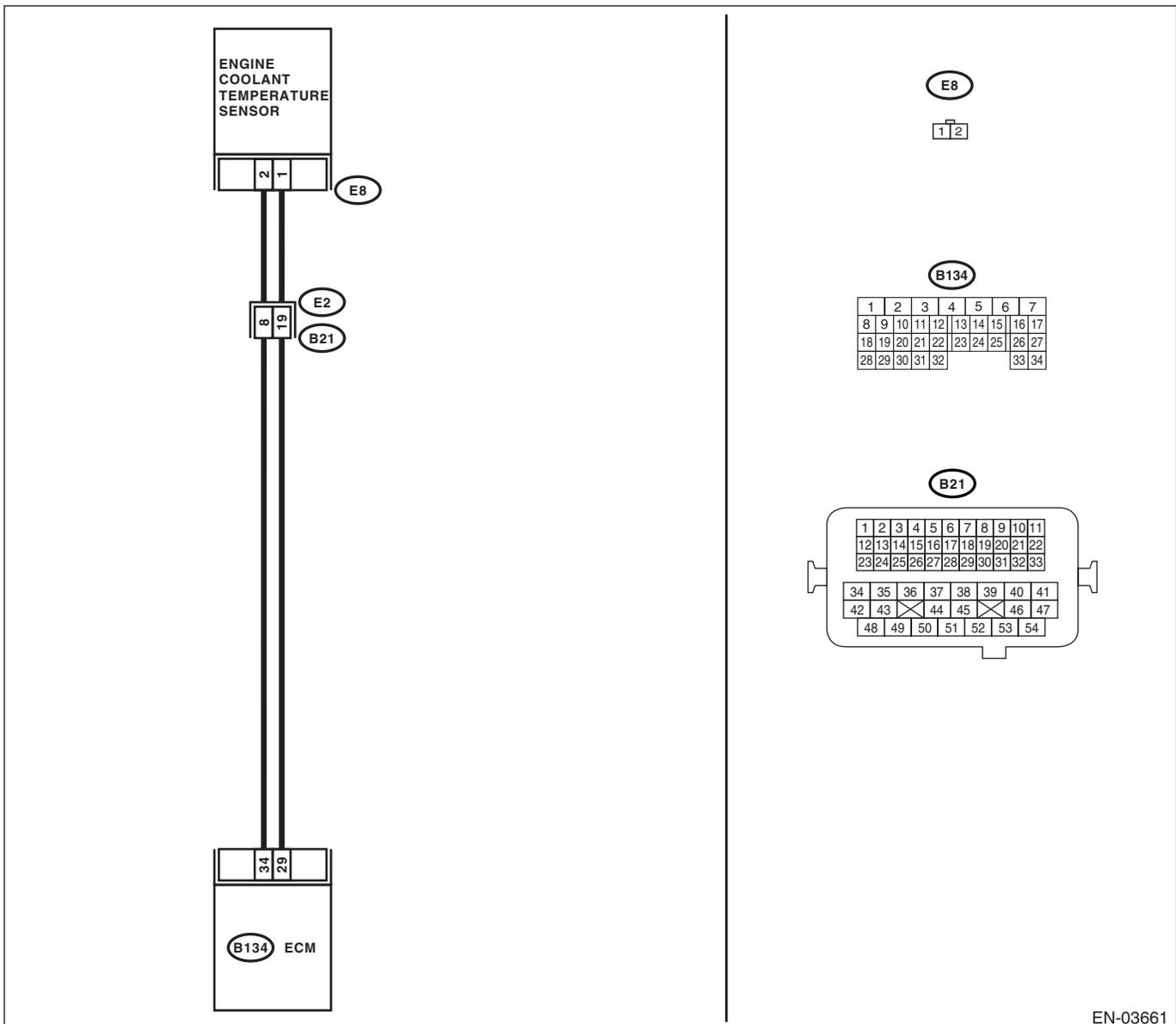
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03661

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|--|---|
| 1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the engine coolant temperature less than -40°C (-40°F) ? | Go to step 2. | Repair the poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact of engine coolant temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector |
| 2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the engine coolant temperature sensor. 3) Measure the voltage between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E8) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E8) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector. | Go to step 4. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---|--|
| <p>4</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the voltage between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E8) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i></p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 4 V?</p> | <p>Go to step 5.</p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector • Poor contact of engine coolant temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector |
| <p>5</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E8) No. 1 — Engine ground:</i></p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?</p> | <p>Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-17, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector • Poor contact of engine coolant temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AF:DTC P0122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “A” CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-52, DTC P0122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “A” CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

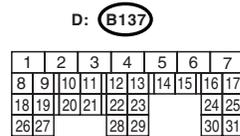
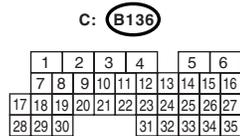
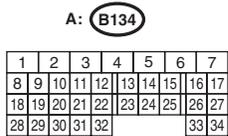
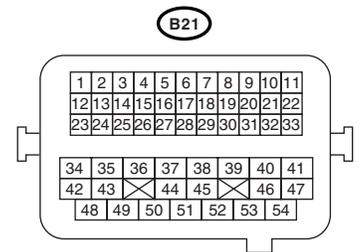
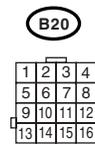
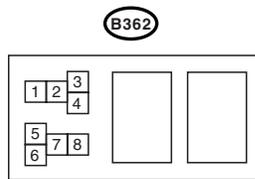
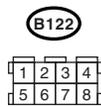
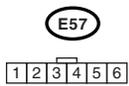
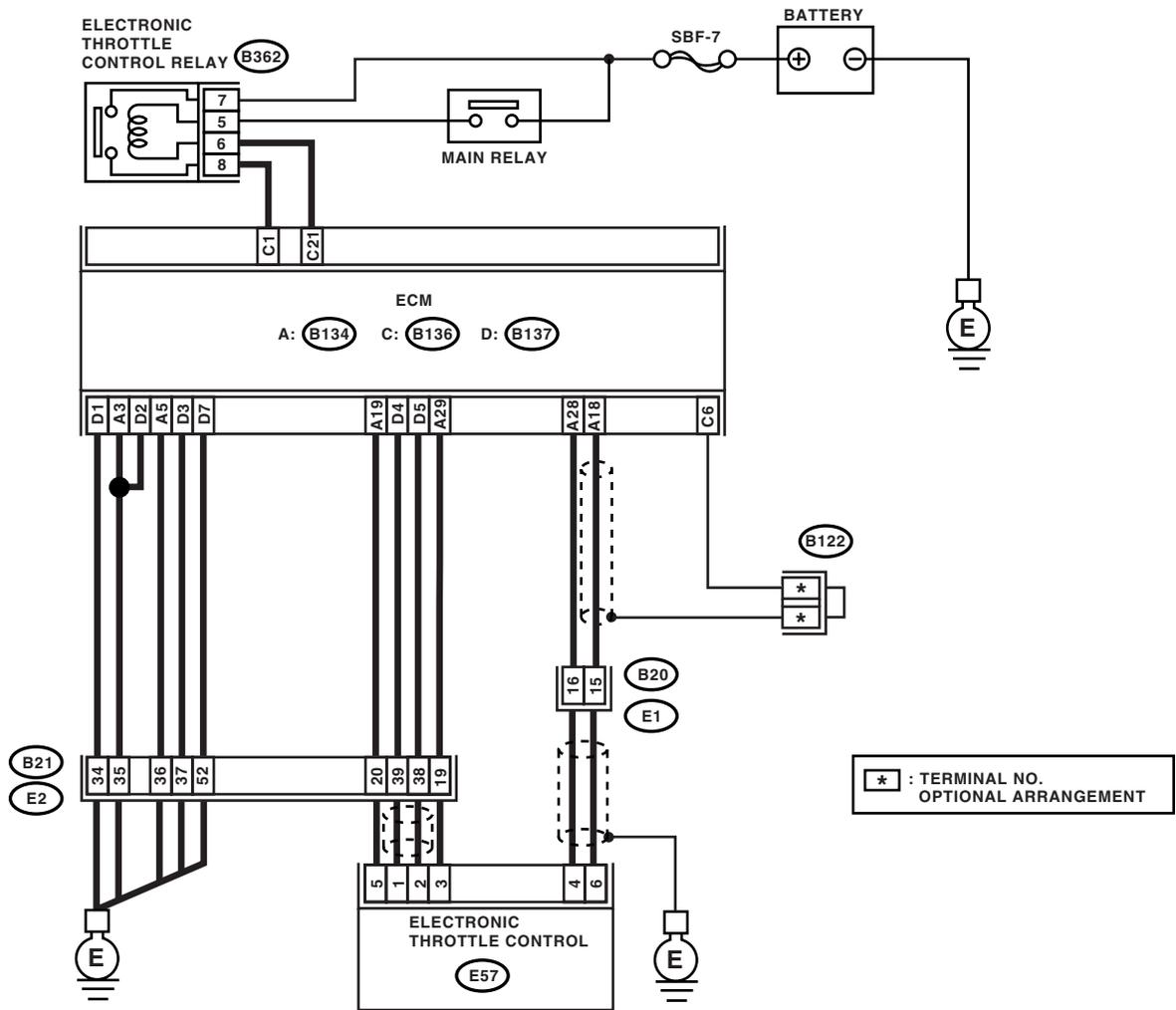
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03739

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage more than 0.4 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control. | Is there poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control? | Repair the poor contact. | Temporary poor contact occurred, but it is normal at present. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 19 — (E57) No. 5: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair the chassis short circuit of harness. |
| 5 CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V? | Go to step 6. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 6 CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 6 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance more than 10 Ω ? | Repair the poor contact of electronic throttle control connector. Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor if defective. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |

AG:DTC P0123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “A” CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-54, DTC P0123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “A” CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

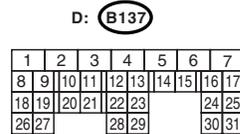
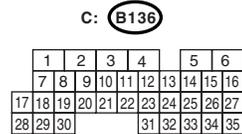
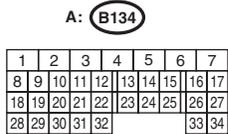
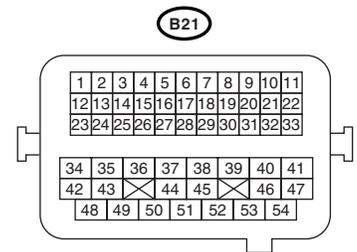
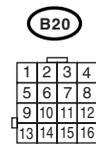
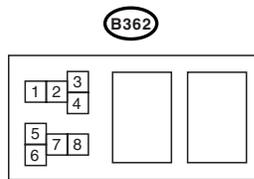
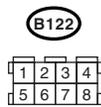
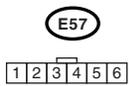
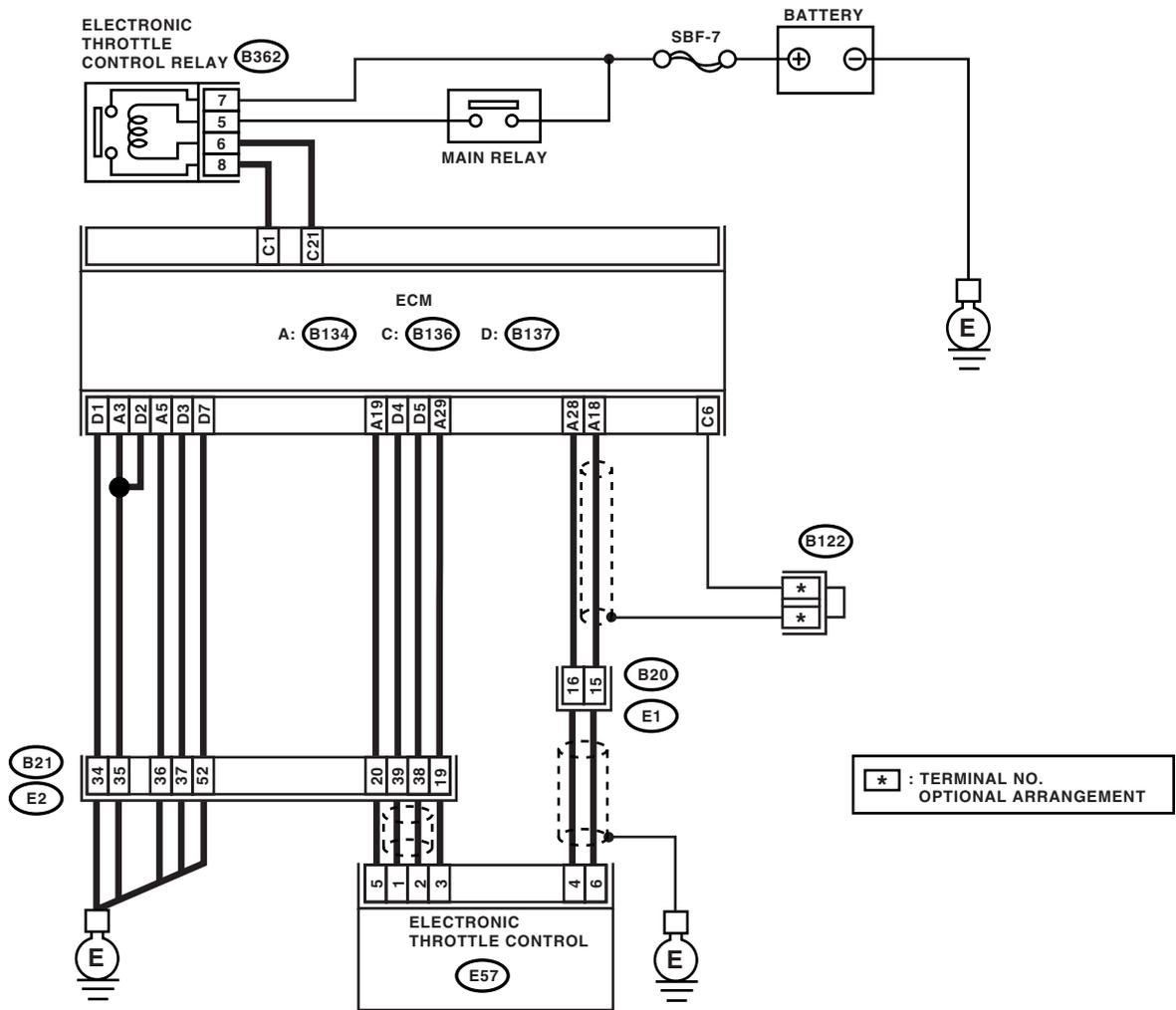
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03739

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--|---|
| 1 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage less than 4.63 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control. | Is there poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control? | Repair the poor contact. | Temporary poor contact occurred, but it is normal at present. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6:</i> <i>(B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:</i> | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 5 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT POWER SUPPLY. Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage less than 10 V? | Replace the electronic throttle control. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-11, Throttle Body.> | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AH:DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-56, DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Engine would not return to idling.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|------|---|---|---|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)." <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0125. |
| 2 | CHECK TIRE SIZE. | Is the tire size as specified? and the same size as other three wheels? | Go to step 3. Replace the tire. |
| 3 | CHECK ENGINE COOLANT. Check the following items: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amount of engine coolant • Engine coolant freeze • Contamination of engine coolant | Is the engine coolant normal? | Go to step 4. Fill or replace the engine coolant. <Ref. to CO(H6DO)-11, INSPECTION, Engine Coolant.> |
| 4 | CHECK THERMOSTAT. | Does the thermostat remain opened? | Replace the thermostat. <Ref. to CO(H6DO)-14, Thermostat.> Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-17, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AI: DTC P0126 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR STABLE OPERATION

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-58, DTC P0126 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR STABLE OPERATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

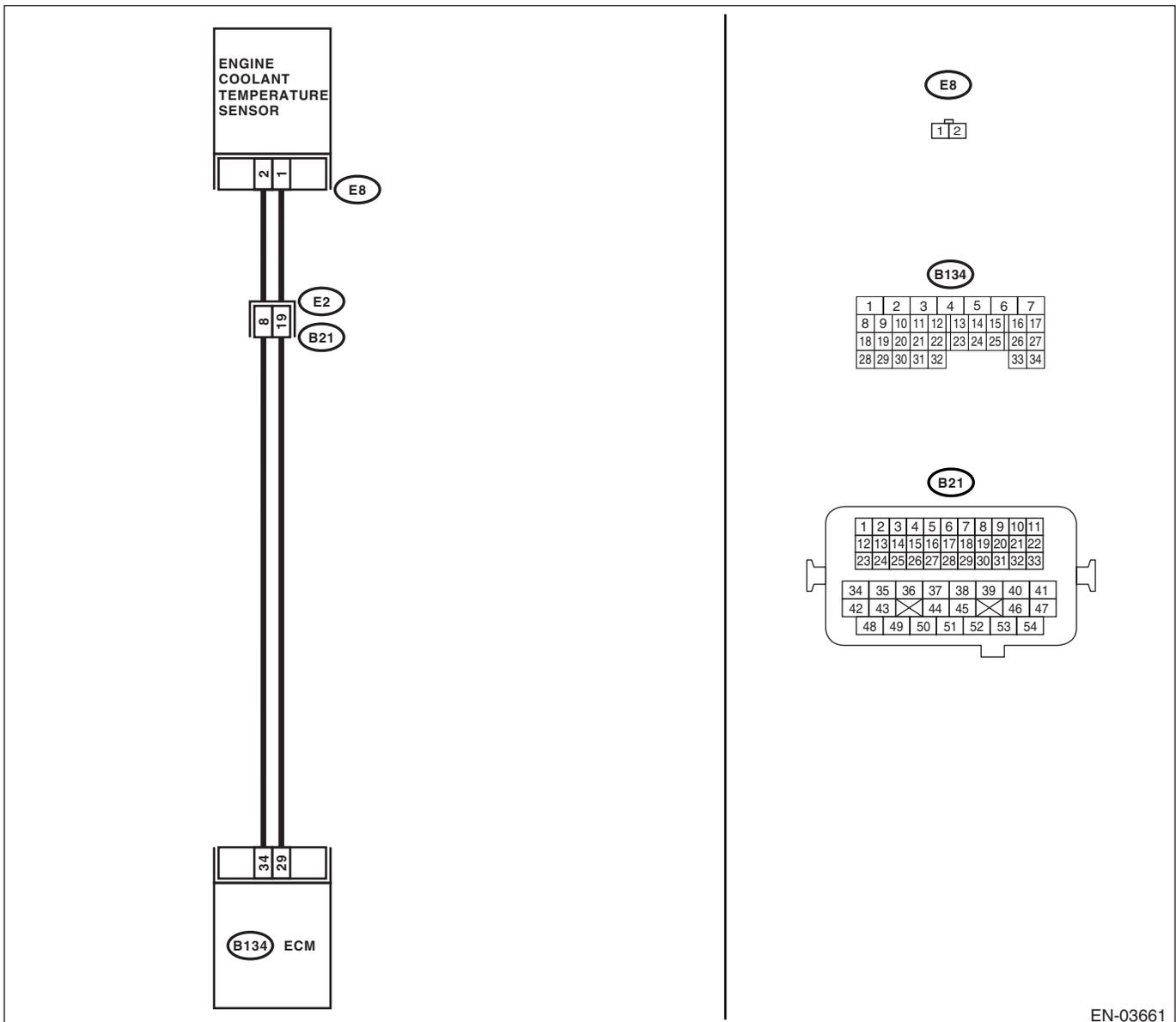
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03661

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR. Measure the resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals when the engine coolant is cold and after warmed-up. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: | Is the resistance of engine coolant temperature sensor different between when engine coolant is cold and after warmed-up? | Contact with SOA Service Center. | Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-17, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AJ:DTC P0128 COOLANT THERMOSTAT (COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-60, DTC P0128 COOLANT THERMOSTAT (COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Thermostat remains open.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--|---|
| 1 CHECK VEHICLE | Has the vehicle driven or idled with the engine partially submerged under water? | In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0128. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK ENGINE COOLANT. | Are the coolant level and mixture ratio of engine coolant to anti-freeze solution correct? | Go to step 4. | Replace engine coolant. <Ref. to CO(H6DO)-10, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.> |
| 4 CHECK RADIATOR FAN. 1) Start the engine. 2) Check radiator fan operation. | Does the radiator fan continuously rotate for more than 3 minutes during idling? | Repair radiator fan circuit. <Ref. to CO(H6DO)-21, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> and <Ref. to CO(H6DO)-25, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.> | Replace the thermostat. <Ref. to CO(H6DO)-14, Thermostat.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AK:DTC P0131 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-62, DTC P0131 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

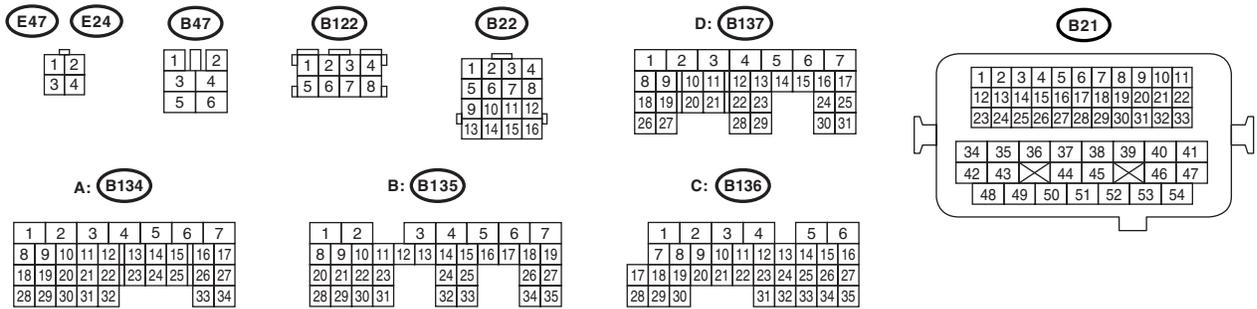
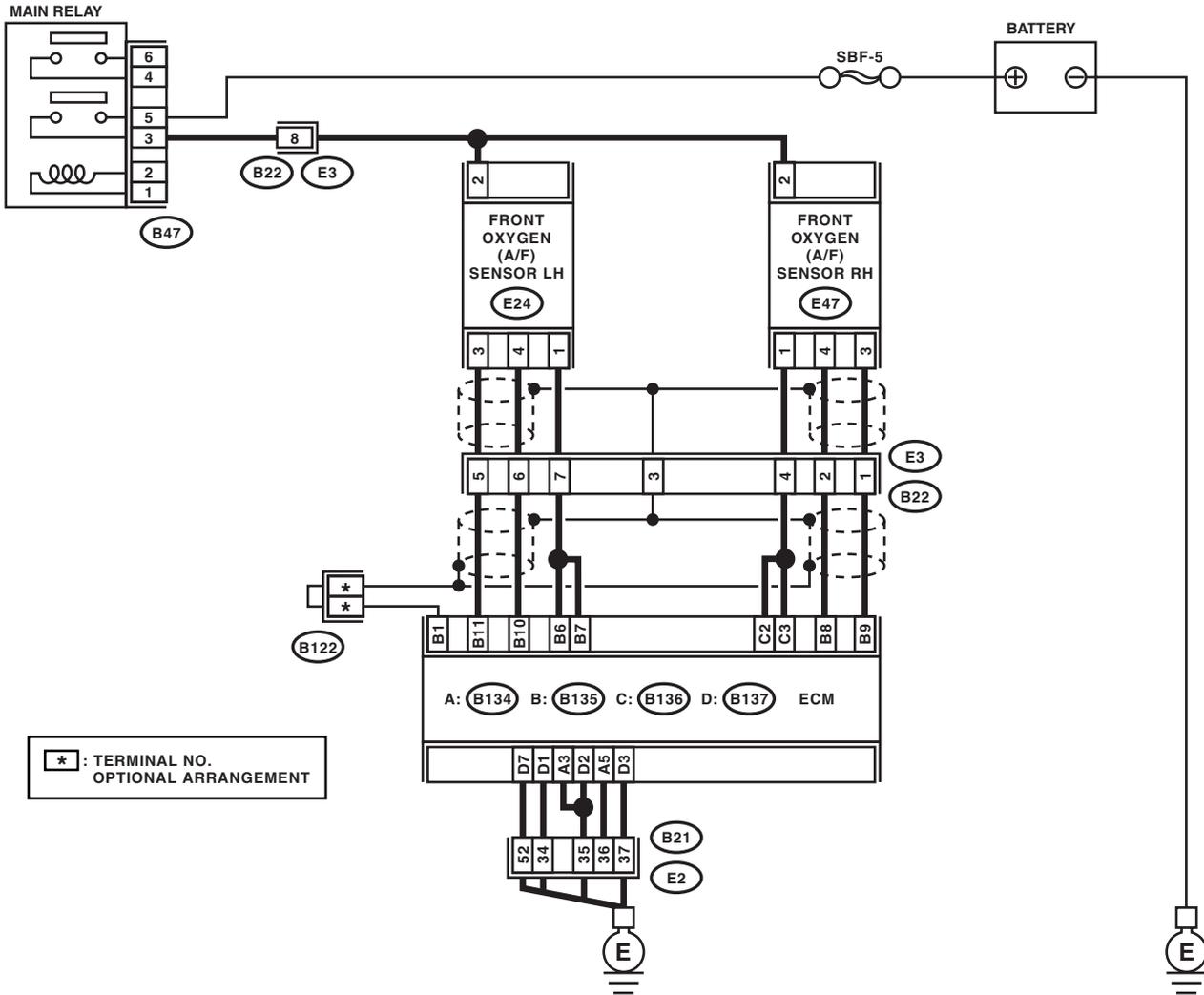
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 9 — Chassis ground:</p> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> | Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. |

AL:DTC P0132 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-64, DTC P0132 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

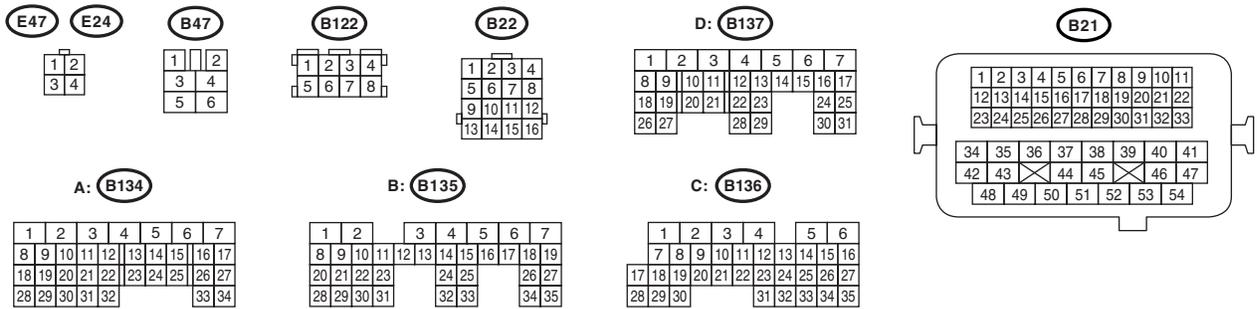
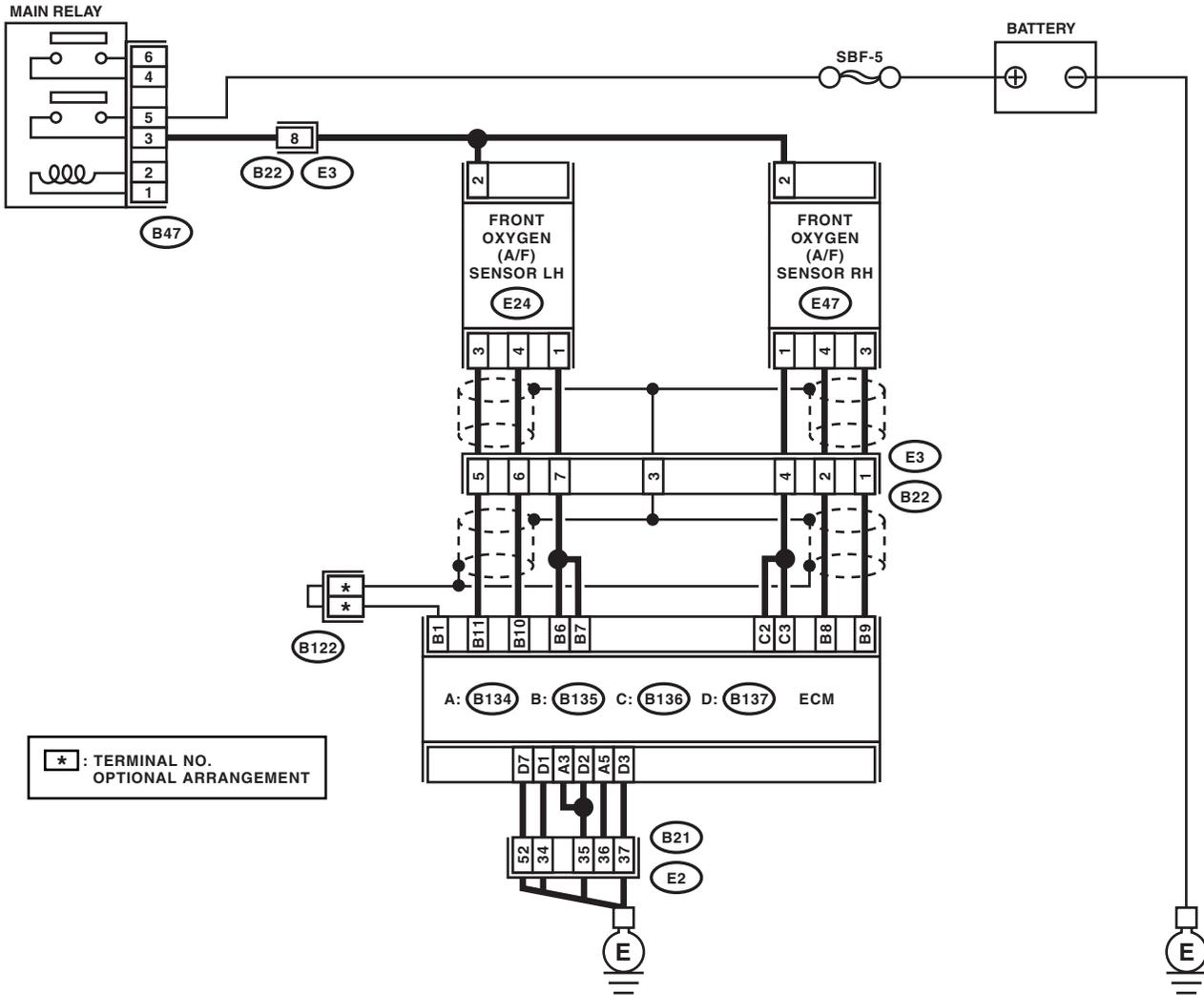
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| <p>1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Disconnect the connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Measure the voltage of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage more than 8 V? | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AM:DTC P0133 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-66, DTC P0133 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

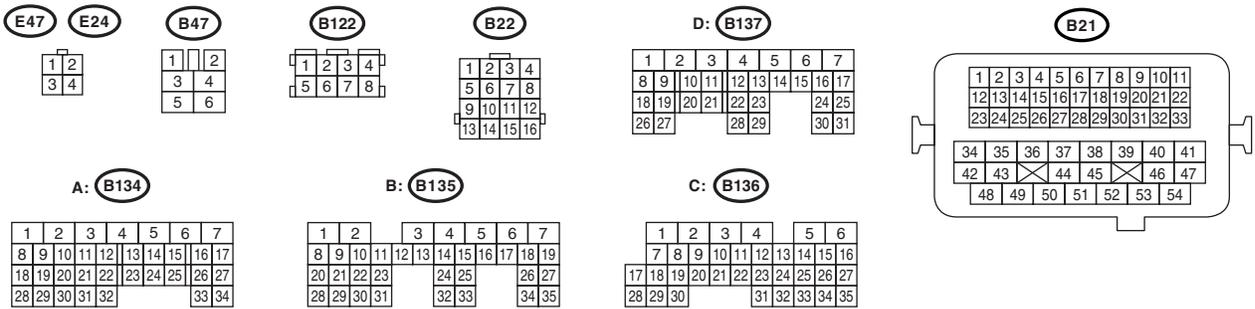
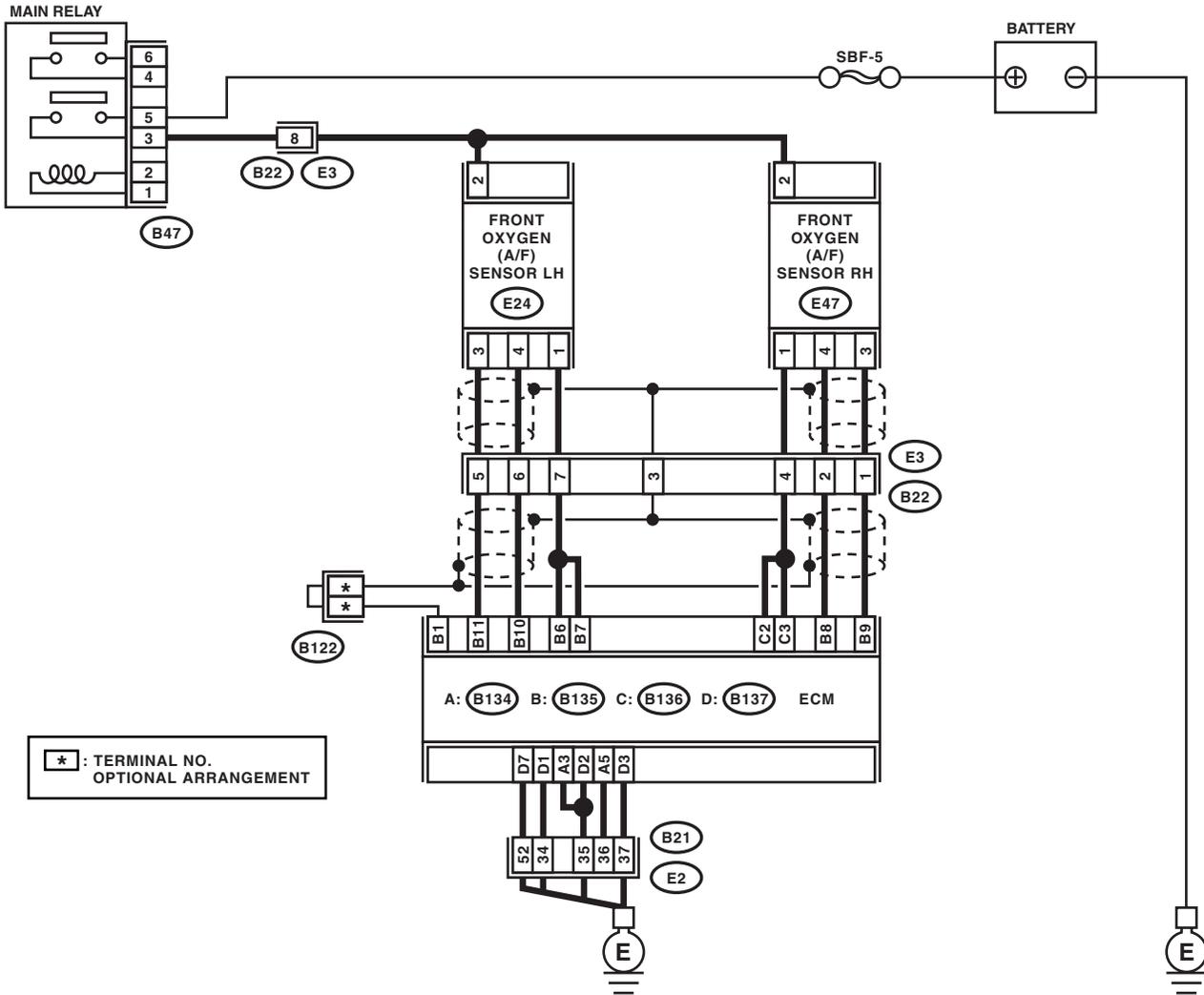
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0133. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. NOTE: Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Loose installation of front portion of exhaust pipe onto cylinder heads• Loose connection between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter• Damage of exhaust pipe resulting in a hole | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair the exhaust system. | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> |

AN:DTC P0134 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-69, DTC P0134 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

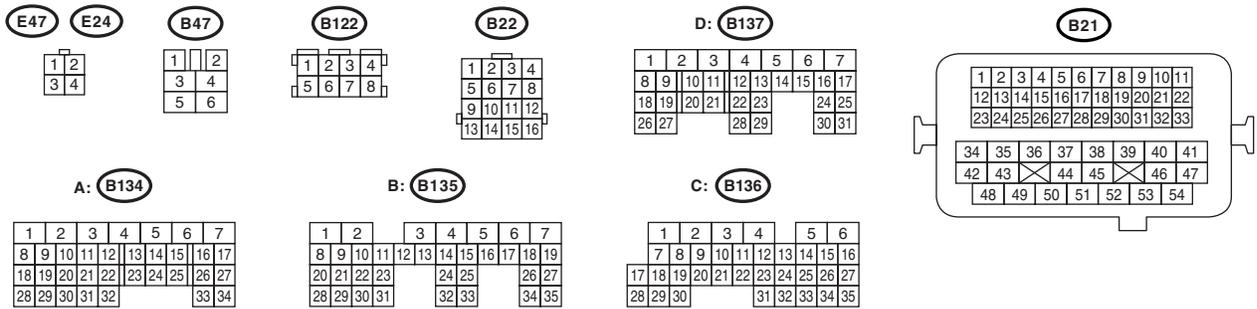
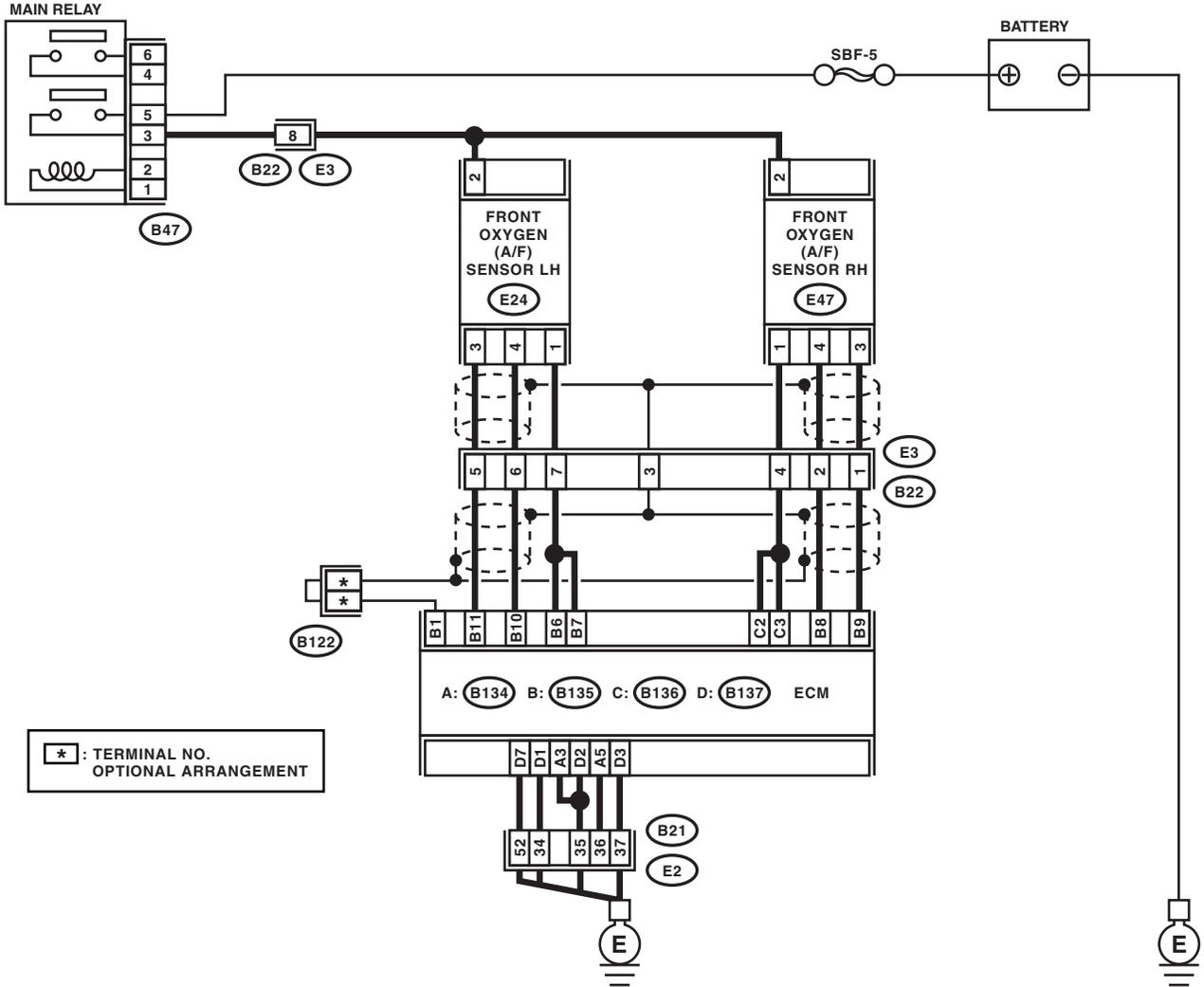
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 — (E47) No. 4: (B135) No. 9 — (E47) No. 3:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> | <p>Is there poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector?</p> | <p>Repair the poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> | <p>Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AO:DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-71, DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

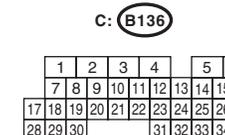
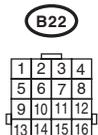
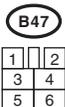
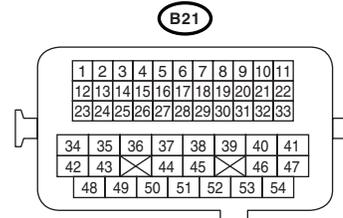
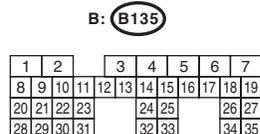
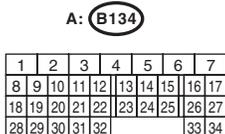
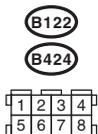
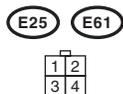
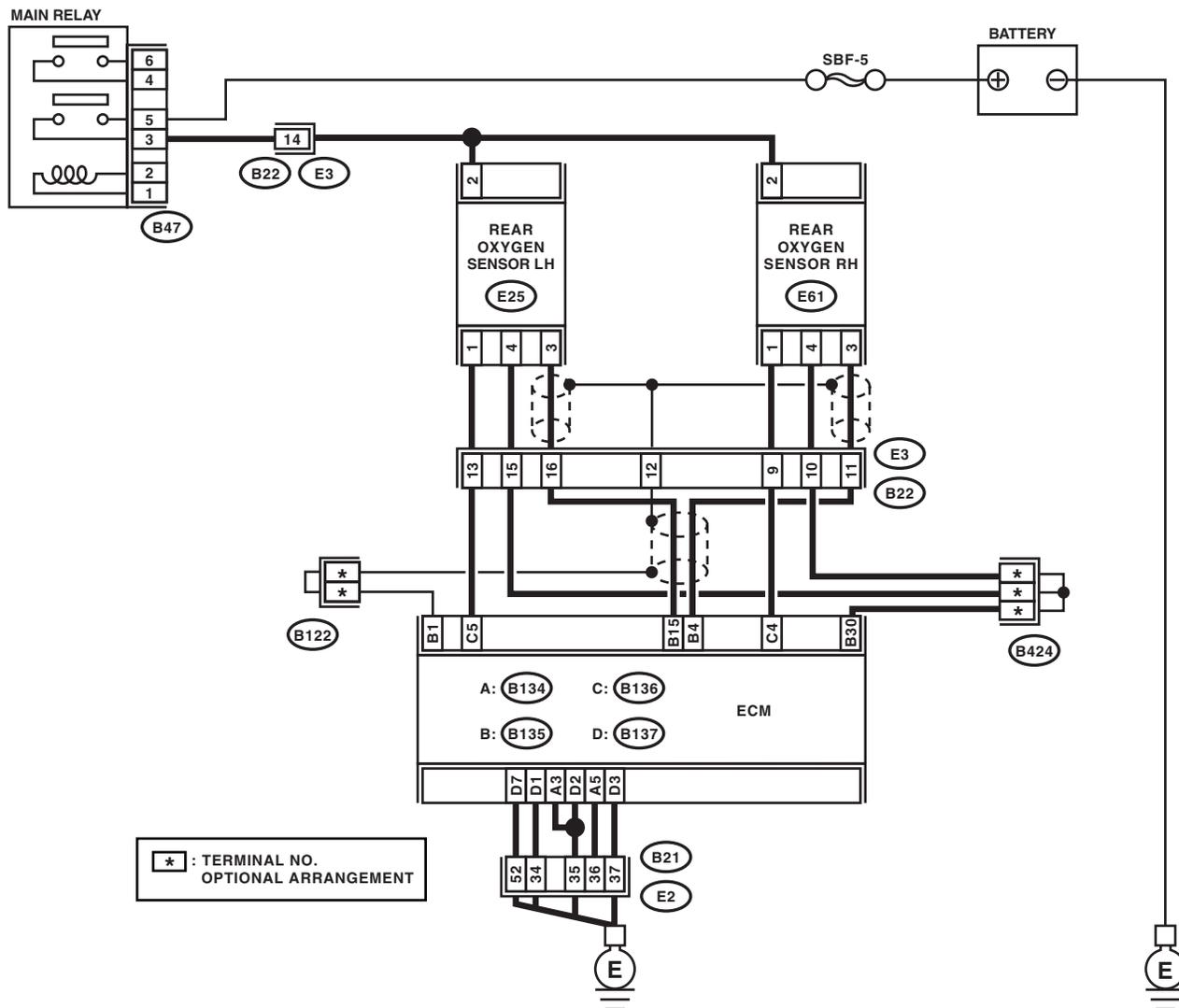
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|----------------------------------|--|---|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0137. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the voltage more than 490 mV? | Go to step 5. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (E61) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4: | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 4. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 5 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Loose part and incomplete installation of exhaust system• Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts• Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair or replace faulty parts. | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AP:DTC P0138 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-74, DTC P0138 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

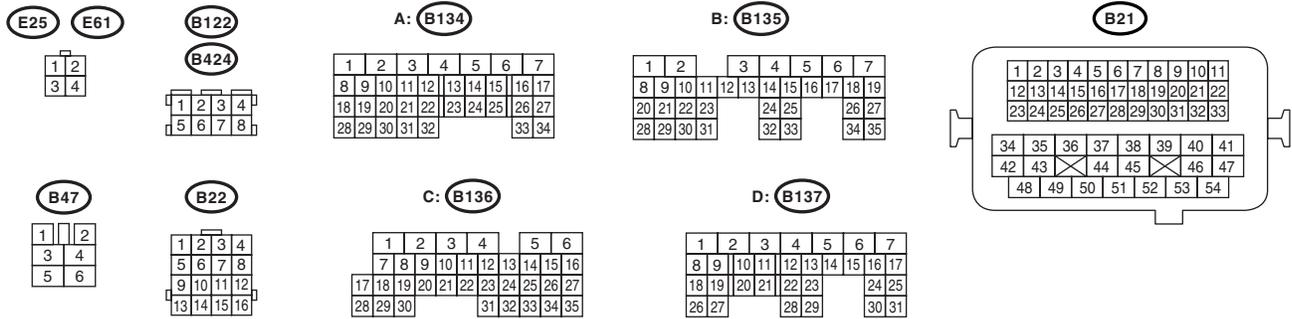
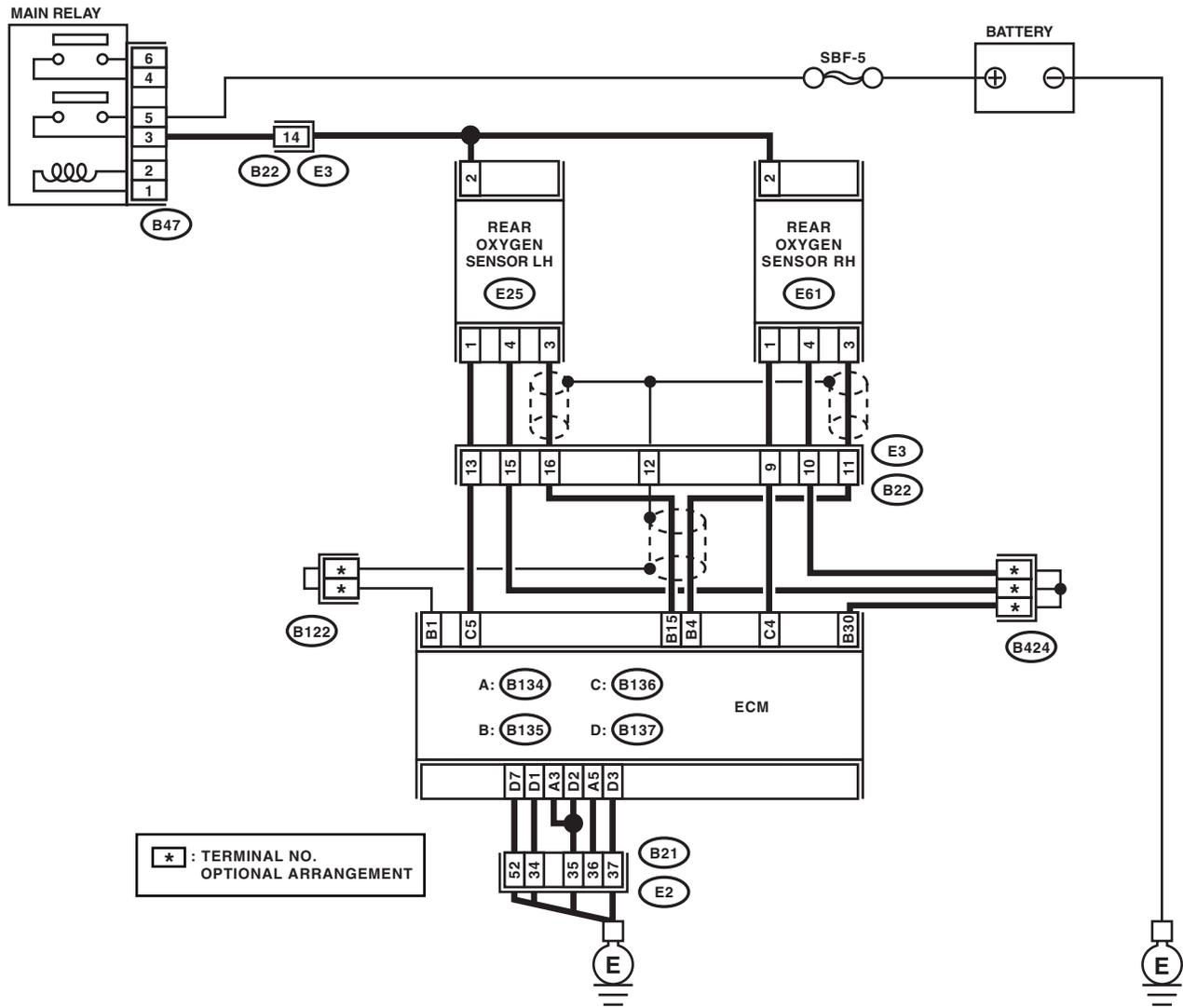
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0138. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the voltage 250 mV or less? | Go to step 5. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (E61) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4: | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 4. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 5 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Loose part and incomplete installation of exhaust system• Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts• Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair or replace faulty parts. | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AQ:DTC P0139 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-75, DTC P0139 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

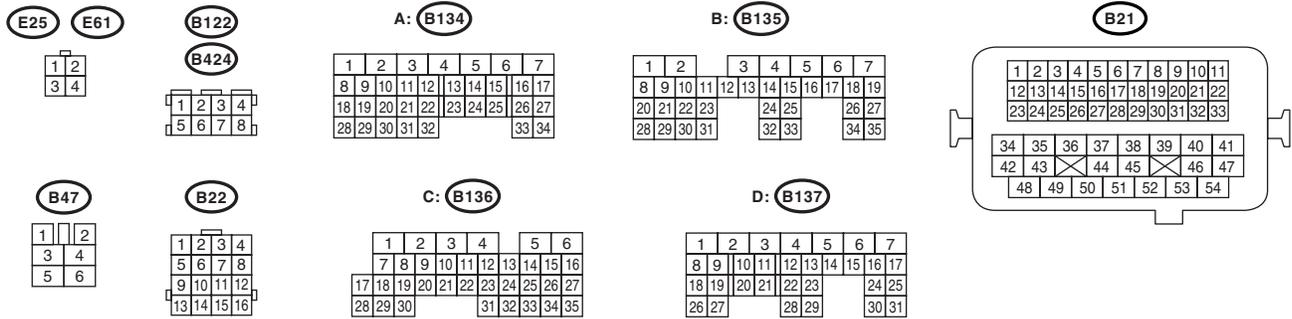
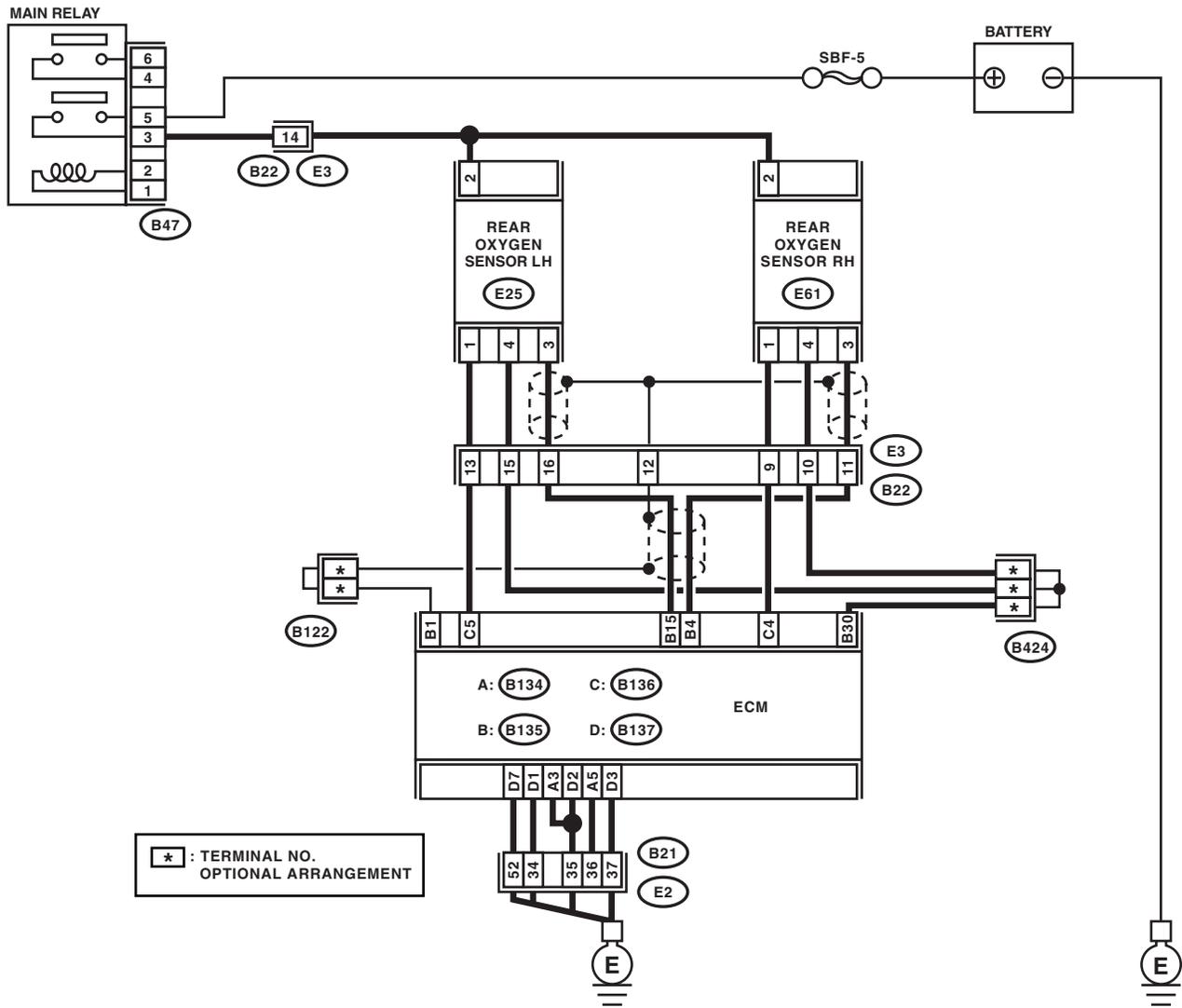
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0139. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B135) No. 4 — (E61) No. 3:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 3. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E61) No. 3 — Chassis ground</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the chassis short circuit of harness. |
| 4 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. Measure the resistance between connector terminals of rear oxygen sensor. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 3 — No. 4</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Temporary poor contact occurs. Check poor contact of connector. |

AR:DTC P0140 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-80, DTC P0140 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

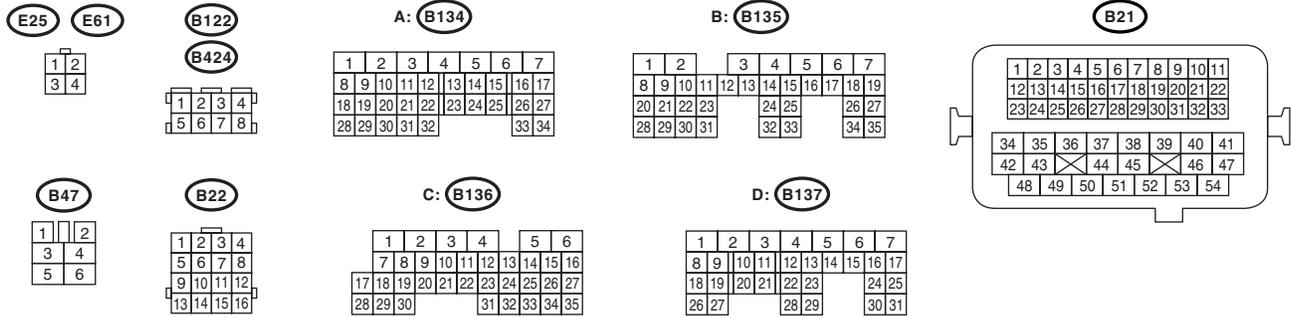
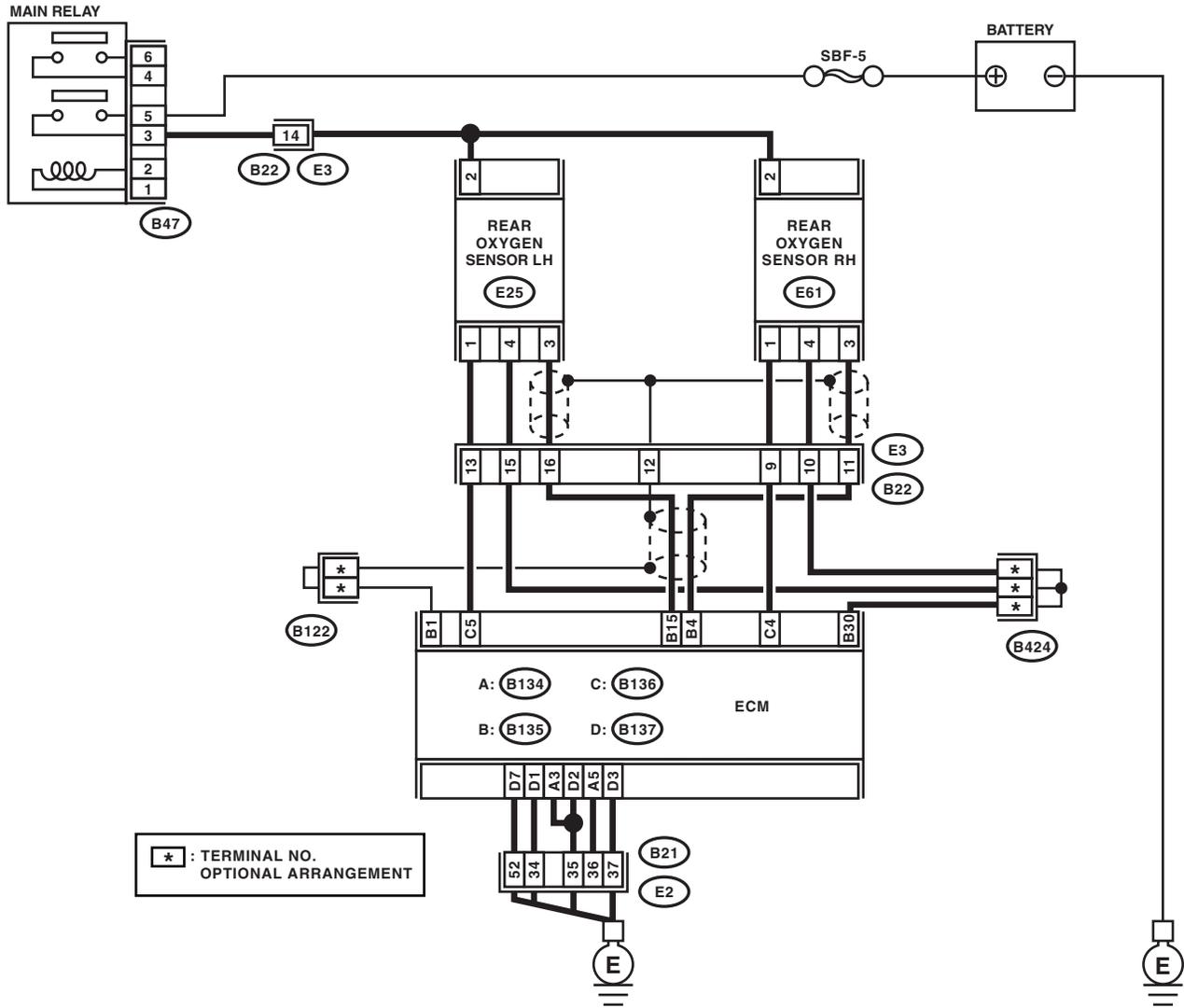
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0137. |
| 2 | CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the voltage more than 490 mV? | Go to step 6. |
| 3 | CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the voltage 250 mV or less? | Go to step 6. |
| 4 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (E61) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4: | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. Go to step 5. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|--|
| <p>5</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?</p> | <p>Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |
| <p>6</p> <p>CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts.</p> <p>NOTE: Check the following item.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loose part and incomplete installation of exhaust system • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts • Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | <p>Is there any fault in exhaust system?</p> | <p>Repair or replace faulty parts.</p> | <p>Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.></p> |

AS:DTC P0151 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-81, DTC P0151 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

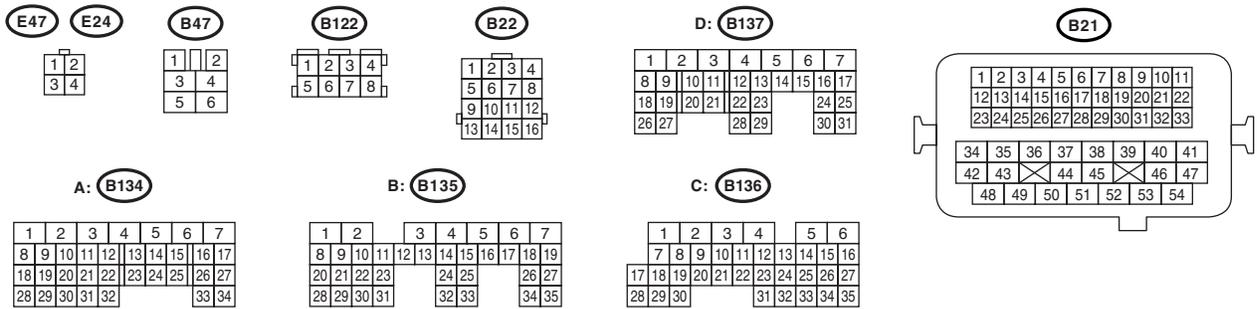
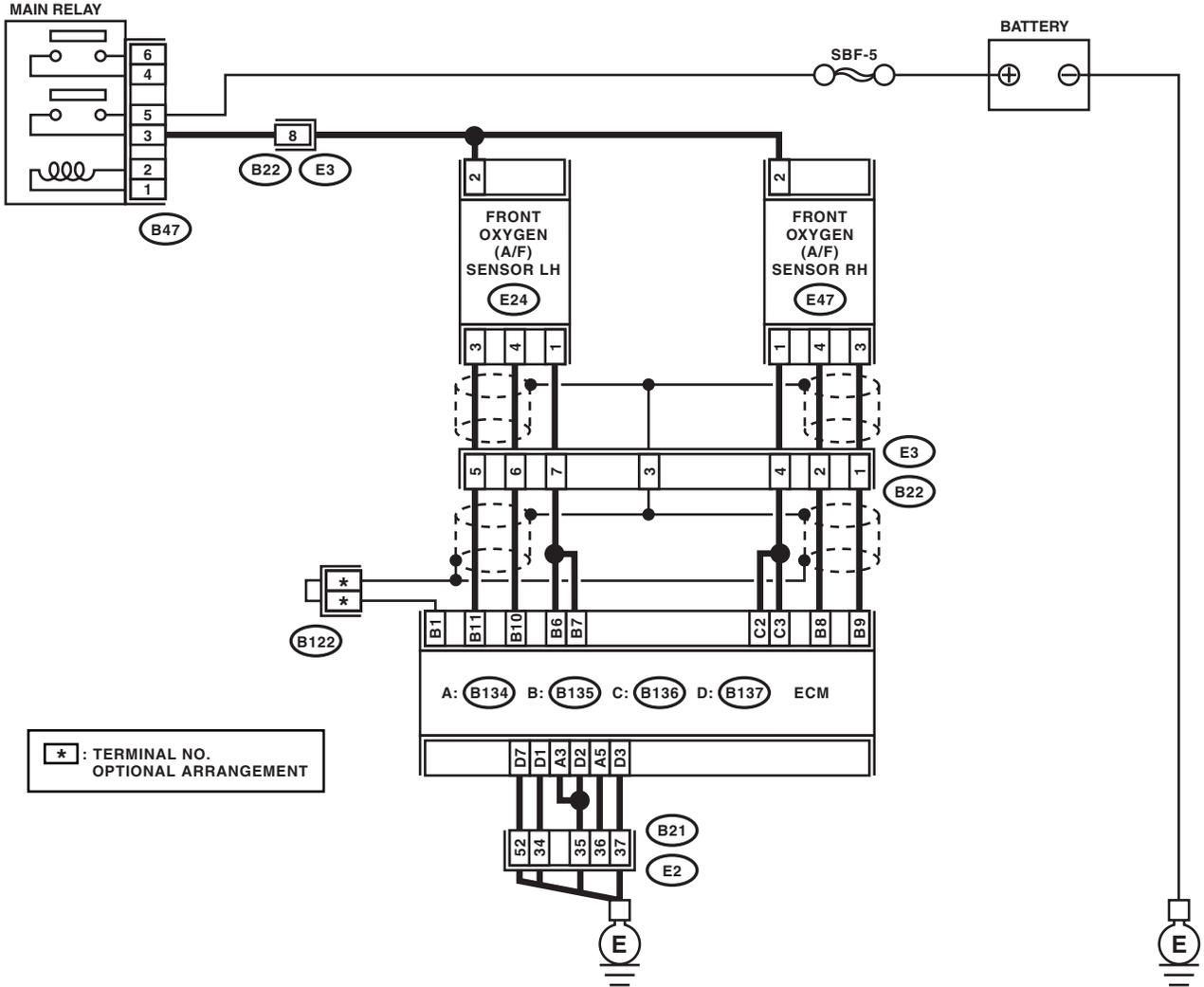
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|--|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 10 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 11 — Chassis ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?</p> | <p>Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AT:DTC P0152 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-81, DTC P0152 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

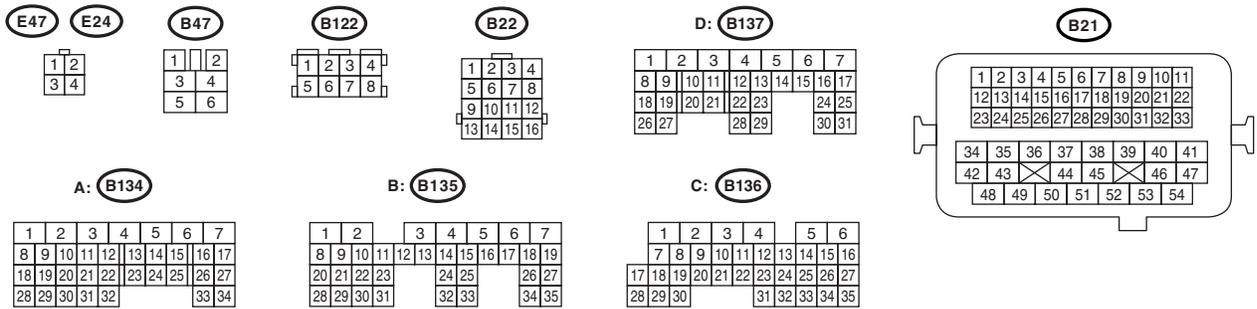
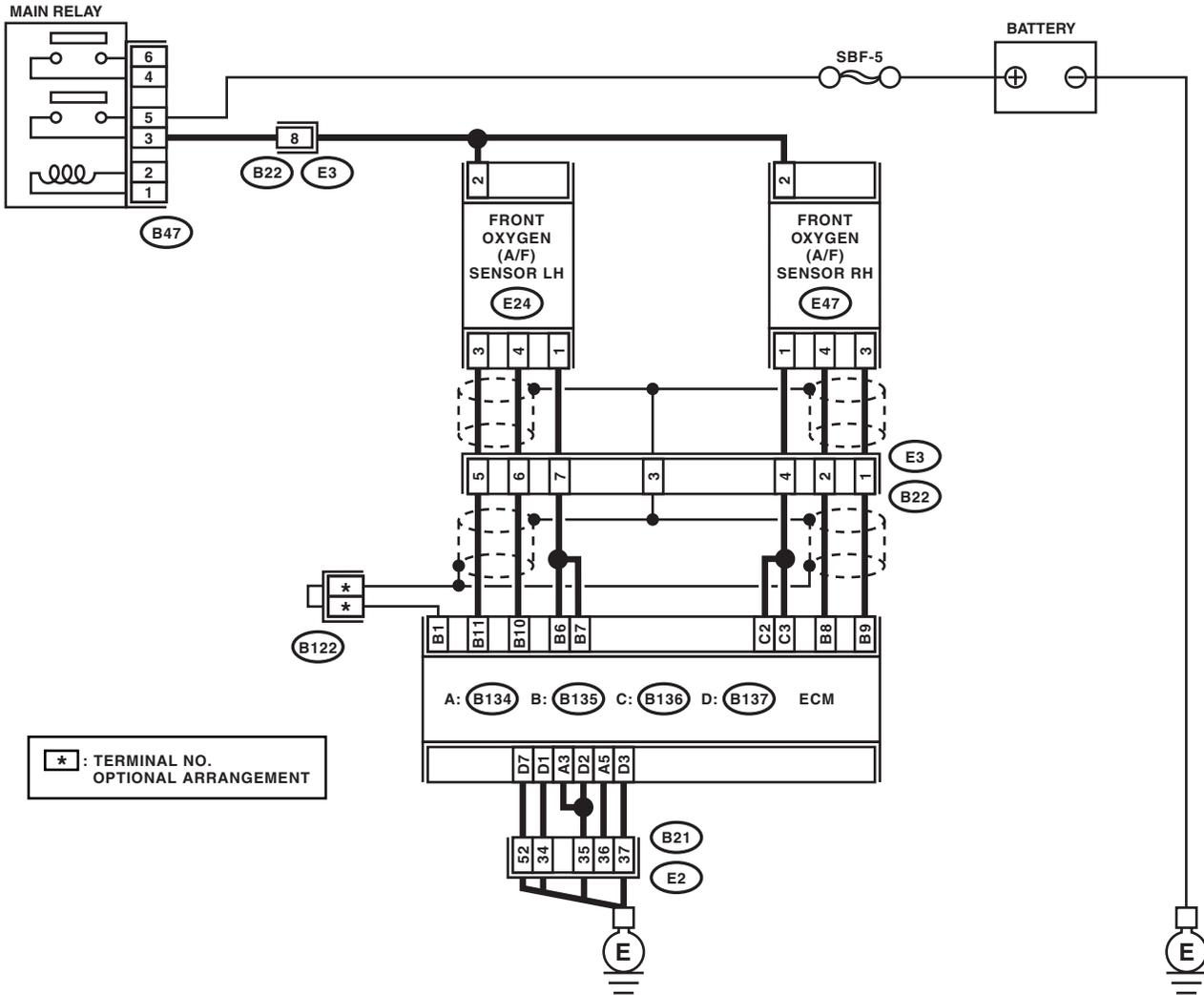
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| <p>1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Disconnect the connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Measure the voltage of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage more than 8 V? | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AU:DTC P0153 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-81, DTC P0153 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

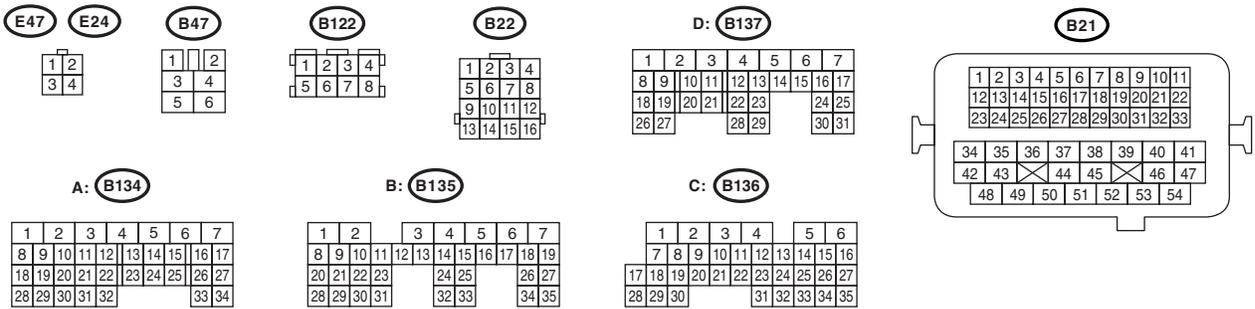
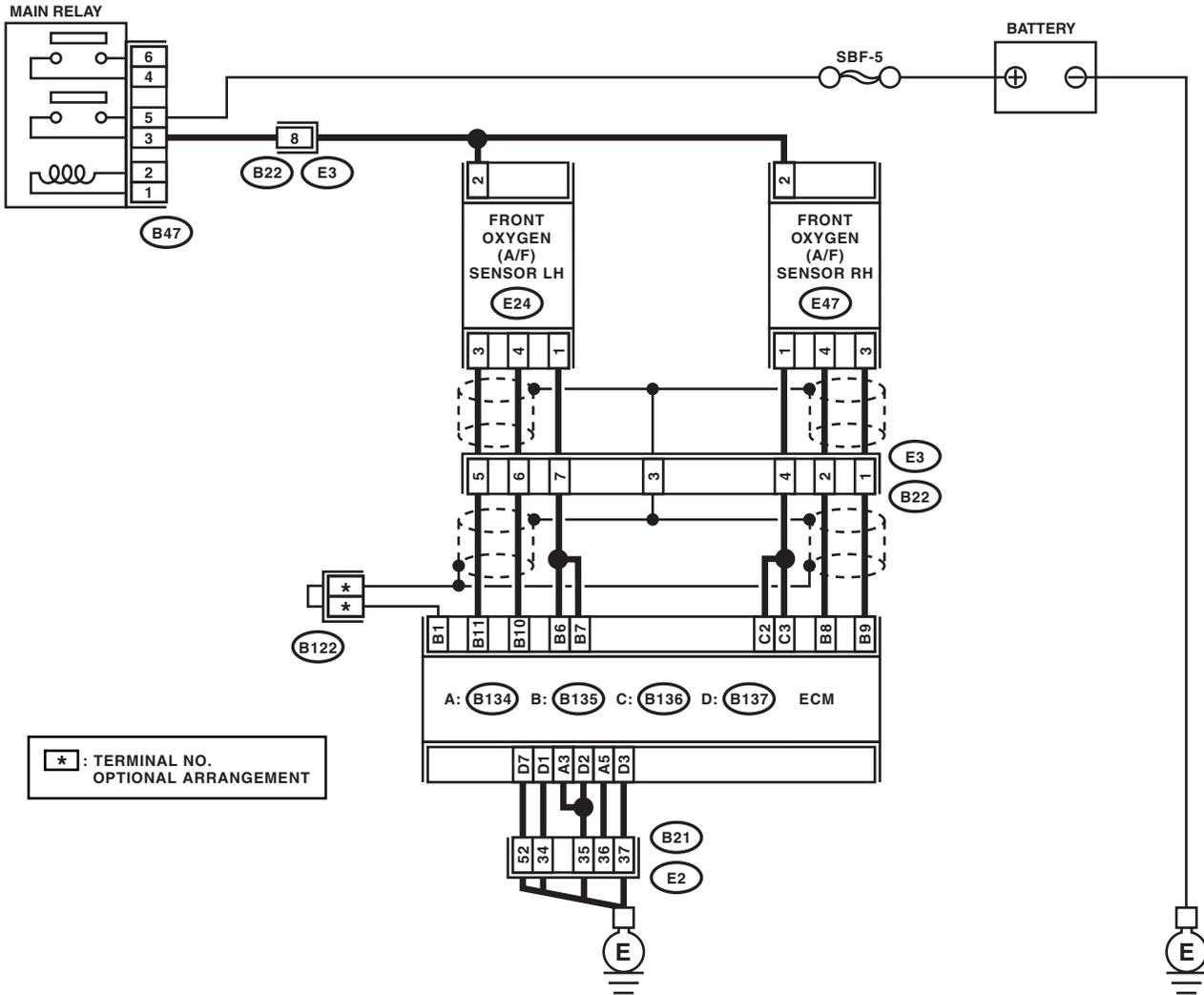
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0133. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. NOTE: Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Loose installation of front portion of exhaust pipe onto cylinder heads• Loose connection between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter• Damage of exhaust pipe resulting in a hole | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair the exhaust system. | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AV:DTC P0154 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-82, DTC P0154 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

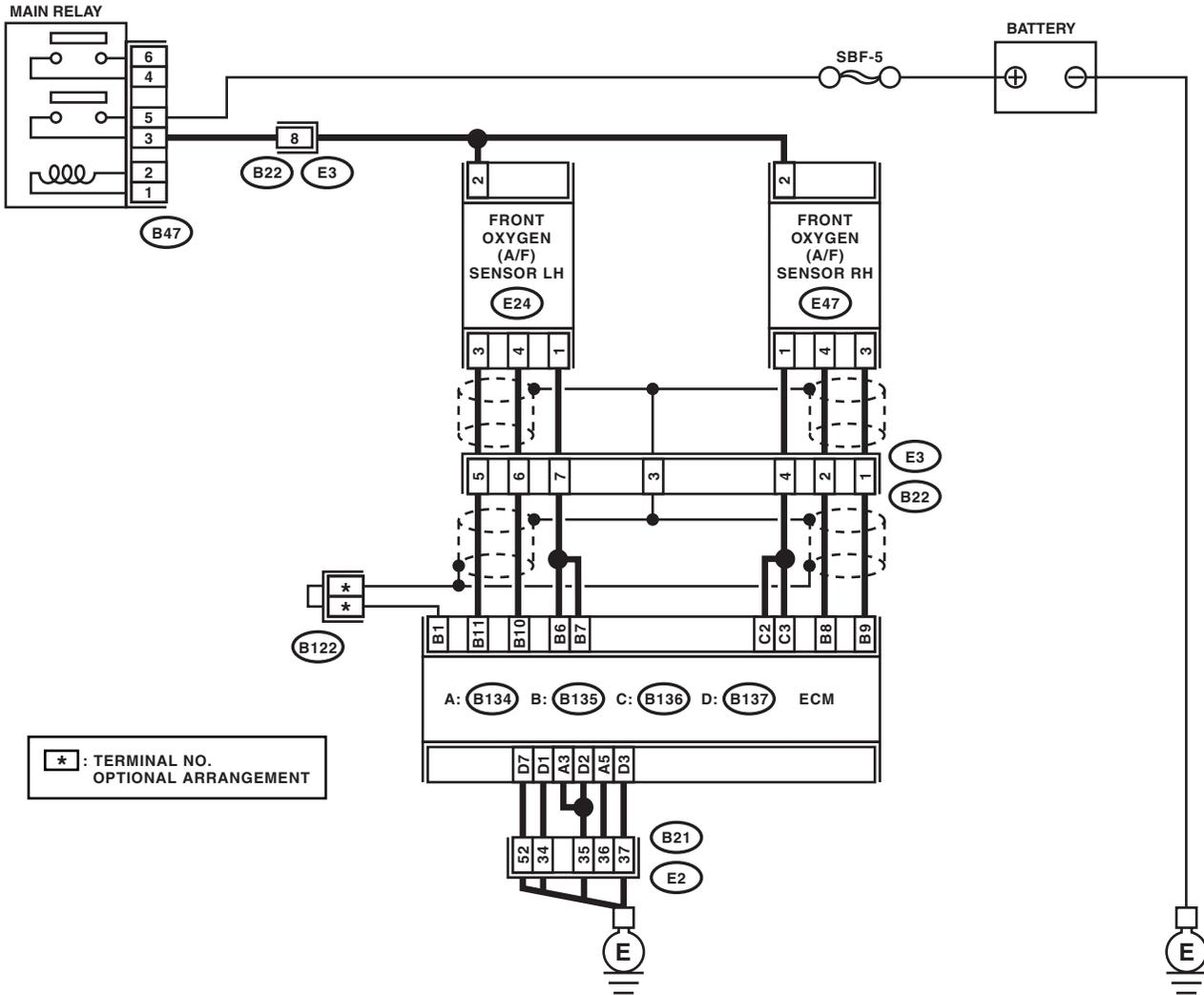
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

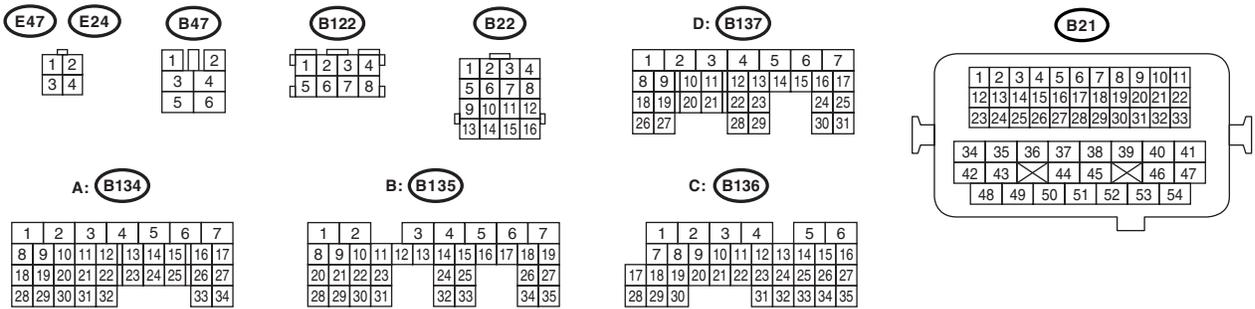
Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



* : TERMINAL NO. OPTIONAL ARRANGEMENT



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 10 — (E24) No. 4: (B135) No. 11 — (E24) No. 3:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> | <p>Is there poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector?</p> | <p>Repair the poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> | <p>Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.></p> |

AW:DTC P0157 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-82, DTC P0157 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

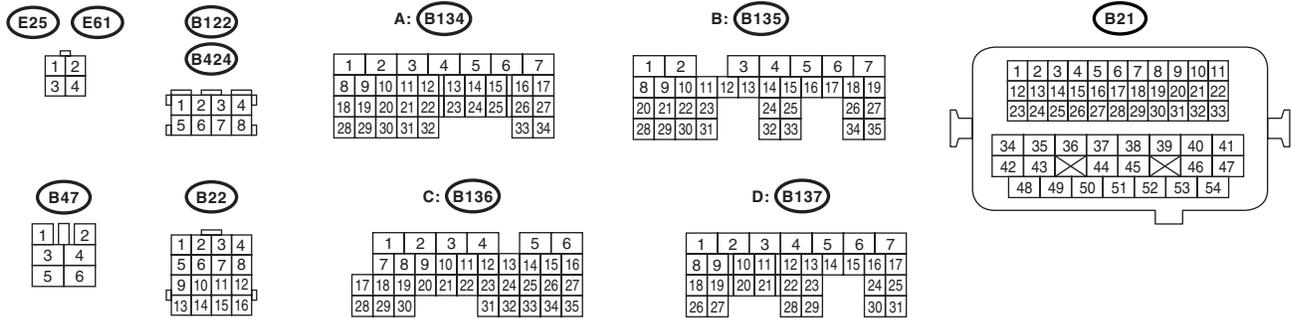
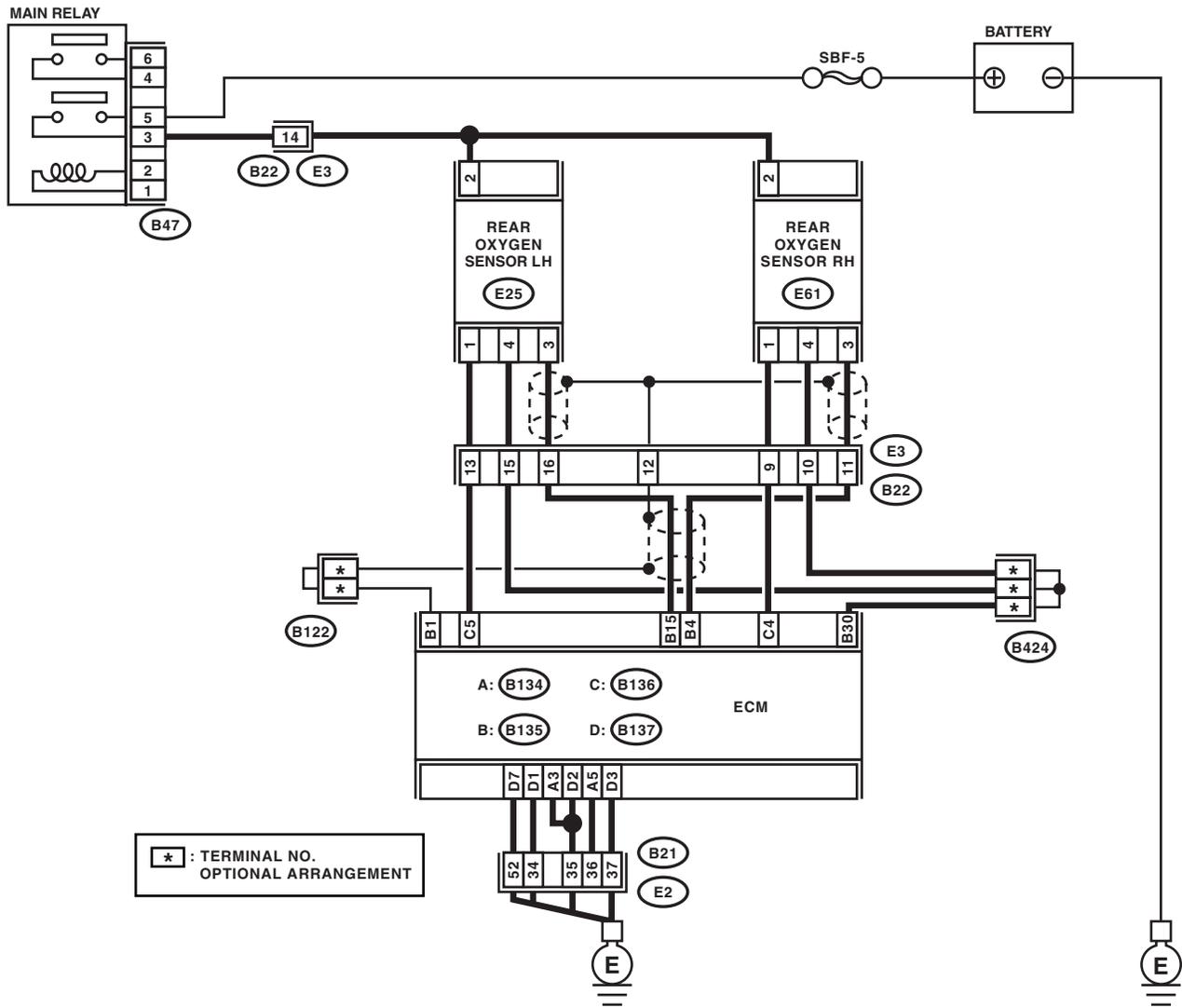
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|---|----------------------------------|--|---|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0157. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the voltage more than 490 mV? | Go to step 5. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 15 — (E25) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E25) No. 4: | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 4. |
| 4 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| | Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 5 | CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Loose part and incomplete installation of exhaust system• Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts• Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair or replace faulty parts. | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AX:DTC P0158 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-82, DTC P0158 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

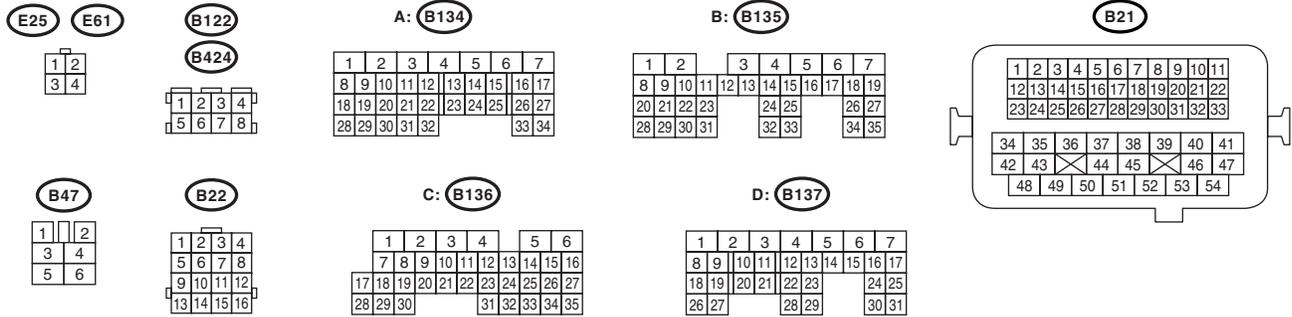
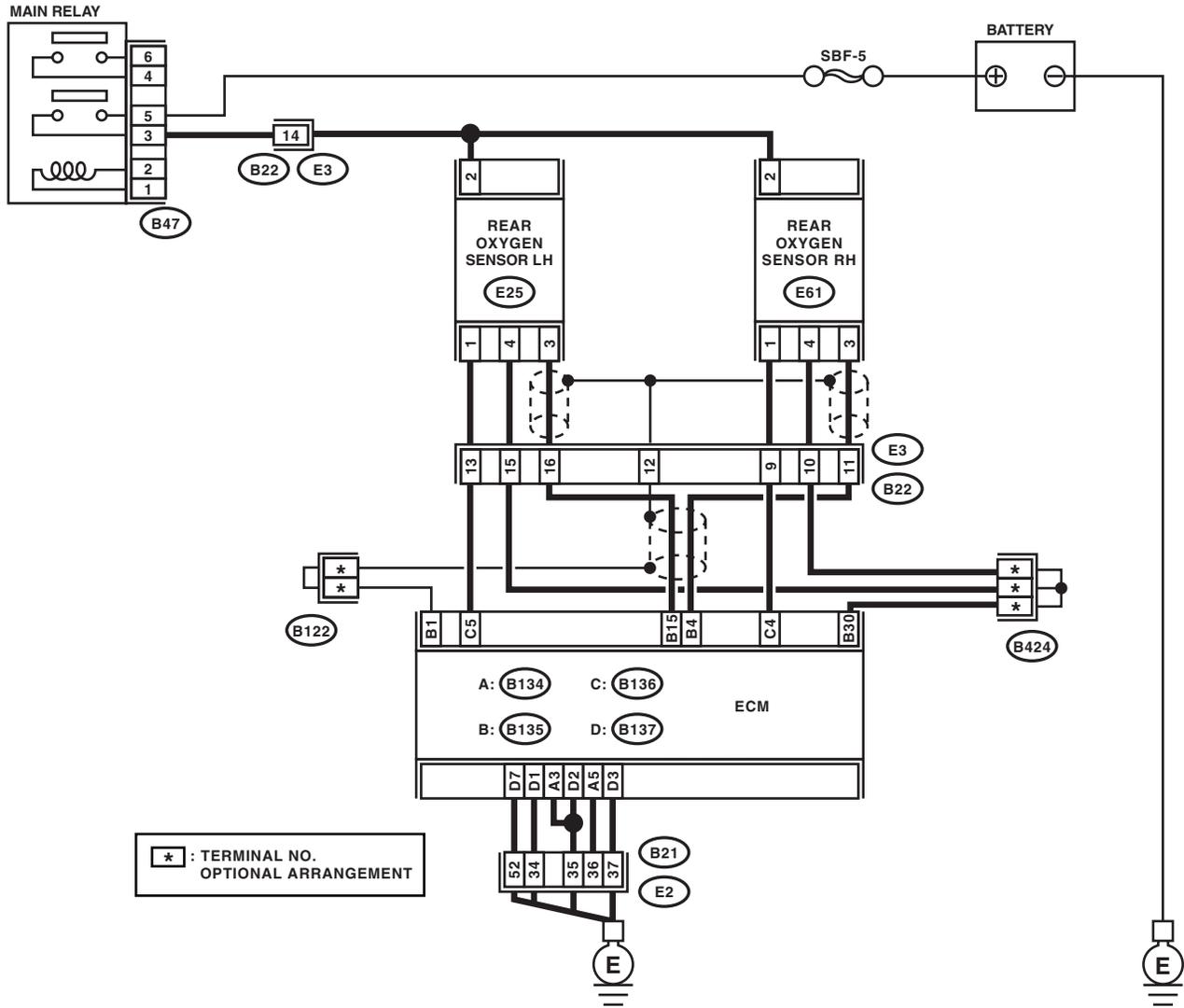
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0138. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the voltage 250 mV or less? | Go to step 5. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 15 — (E25) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E25) No. 4: | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 4. |
| 4 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 5 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Loose part and incomplete installation of exhaust system• Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts• Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair or replace faulty parts. | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AY:DTC P0159 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-82, DTC P0159 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

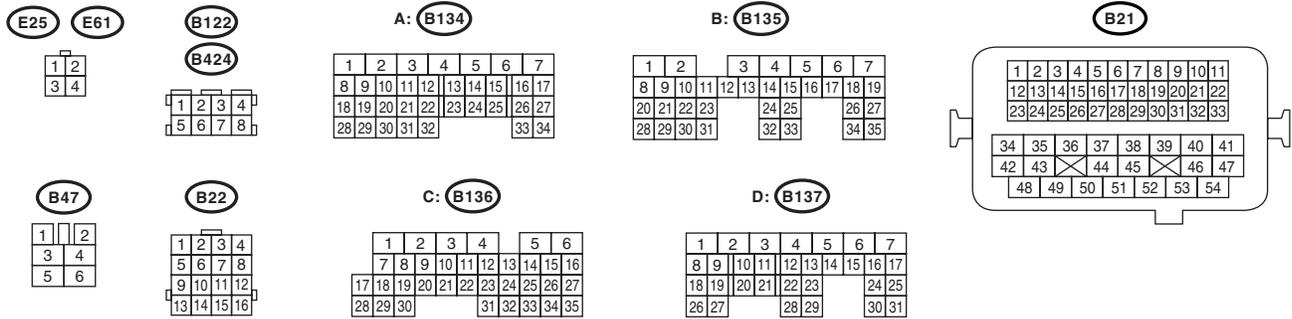
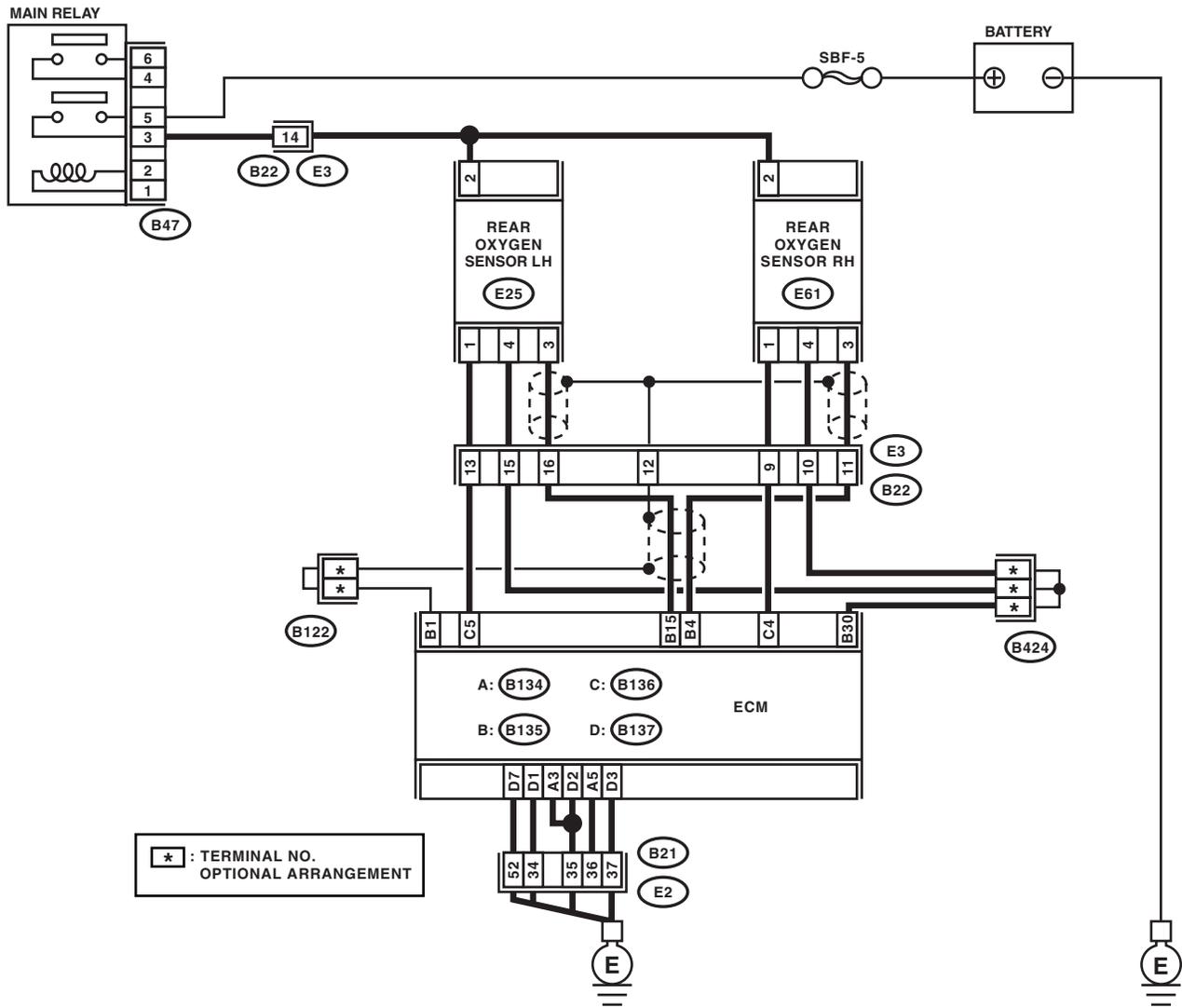
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|------|--|--|--|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0159. |
| 2 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 15 — (E25) No. 3:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 3. Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. |
| 3 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal (B25) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 4. Repair the chassis short circuit of harness. |
| 4 | CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. Measure the resistance between connector terminals of rear oxygen sensor. <i>Terminals No. 3 — No. 4</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> Temporary poor contact occurs. Check poor contact of connector. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AZ:DTC P0160 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-82, DTC P0160 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

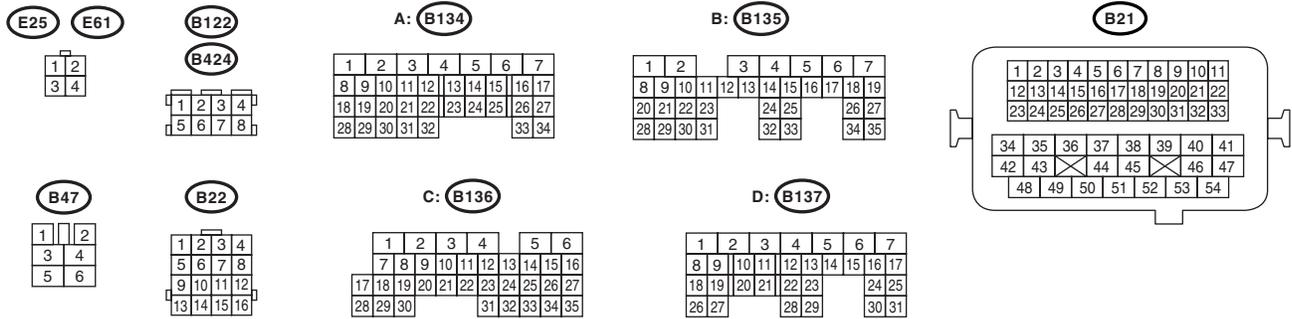
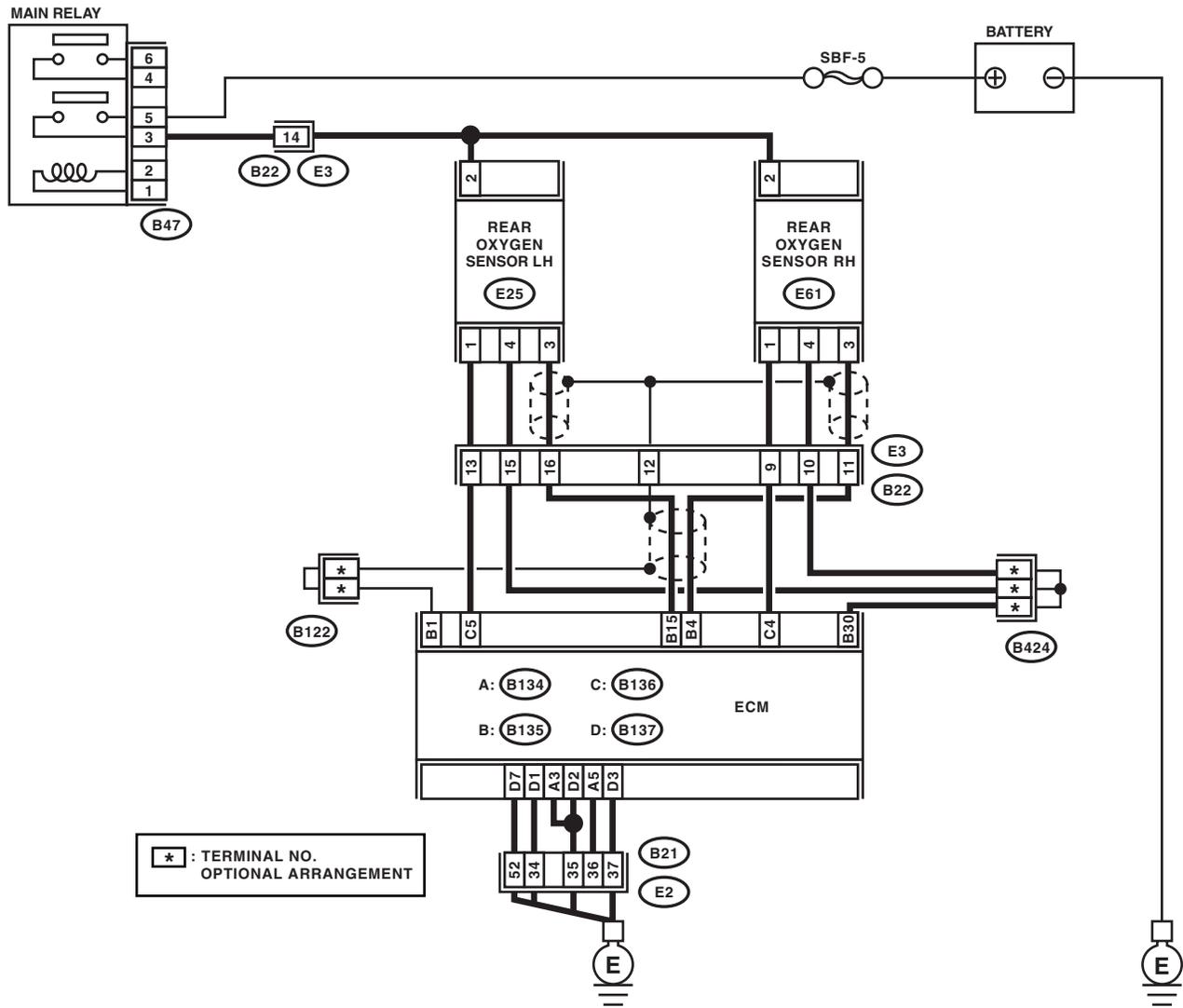
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|----------------------------------|--|---------------|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0138. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the voltage more than 490 mV? | Go to step 6. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the voltage 250 mV or less? | Go to step 6. | Go to step 4. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 15 — (E25) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E25) No. 4: | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 5. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| <p>5</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?</p> | <p>Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |
| <p>6</p> <p>CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.</p> <p>Check exhaust system parts.</p> <p>NOTE: Check the following item.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loose part and incomplete installation of exhaust system • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts • Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | <p>Is there any fault in exhaust system?</p> | <p>Repair or replace faulty parts.</p> | <p>Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.></p> |

BA:DTC P0171 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1)

Refer to DTC P0175 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-218, DTC P0175 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

BB:DTC P0172 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1)

Refer to DTC P0175 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-218, DTC P0175 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

BC:DTC P0174 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 2)

Refer to DTC P0175 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-218, DTC P0175 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BD:DTC P0175 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-86, DTC P0175 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|------|---|---|--|
| 1 | CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. | Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system? | Repair the exhaust system. Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. | Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system? | Repair the air intake system. Go to step 3. |
| 3 | CHECK FUEL PRESSURE WARNING: • Place “NO FIRE” signs near the working area. • Be careful not to spill fuel. Measure the fuel pressure. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-26, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.> WARNING: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge. | Is the measured value 338 — 348 kPa (3.4 — 3.5 kg/cm ² , 49 — 50.5 psi)? | Go to step 4. Repair the following item. Fuel pressure is too high: • Clogged fuel line or bent hose Fuel pressure is too low: • Improper fuel pump discharge • Clogged fuel supply line |
| 4 | CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR. 1) Start the engine and warm-up completely. 2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the engine coolant temperature above 60°C (140°F) ? | Go to step 5. Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-17, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---|---|
| <p>5</p> <p>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR</p> <p>1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F).</p> <p>2) Place the select lever in “N” or “P” position.</p> <p>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</p> <p>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</p> <p>5) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor.</p> <p>NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> | <p>Is the measured value 3.1 — 4.3 g/s (0.4 — 0.6 lb/m)?</p> | <p>Go to step 6.</p> | <p>Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> |
| <p>6</p> <p>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F).</p> <p>2) Place the shift lever in neutral position.</p> <p>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</p> <p>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</p> <p>5) Open the front hood.</p> <p>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</p> <p>7) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Subtract ambient temperature from intake air temperature. Is the obtained value -10 — 50°C (14 — 122°F)?</p> | <p>Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).></p> | <p>Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BE:DTC P0181 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

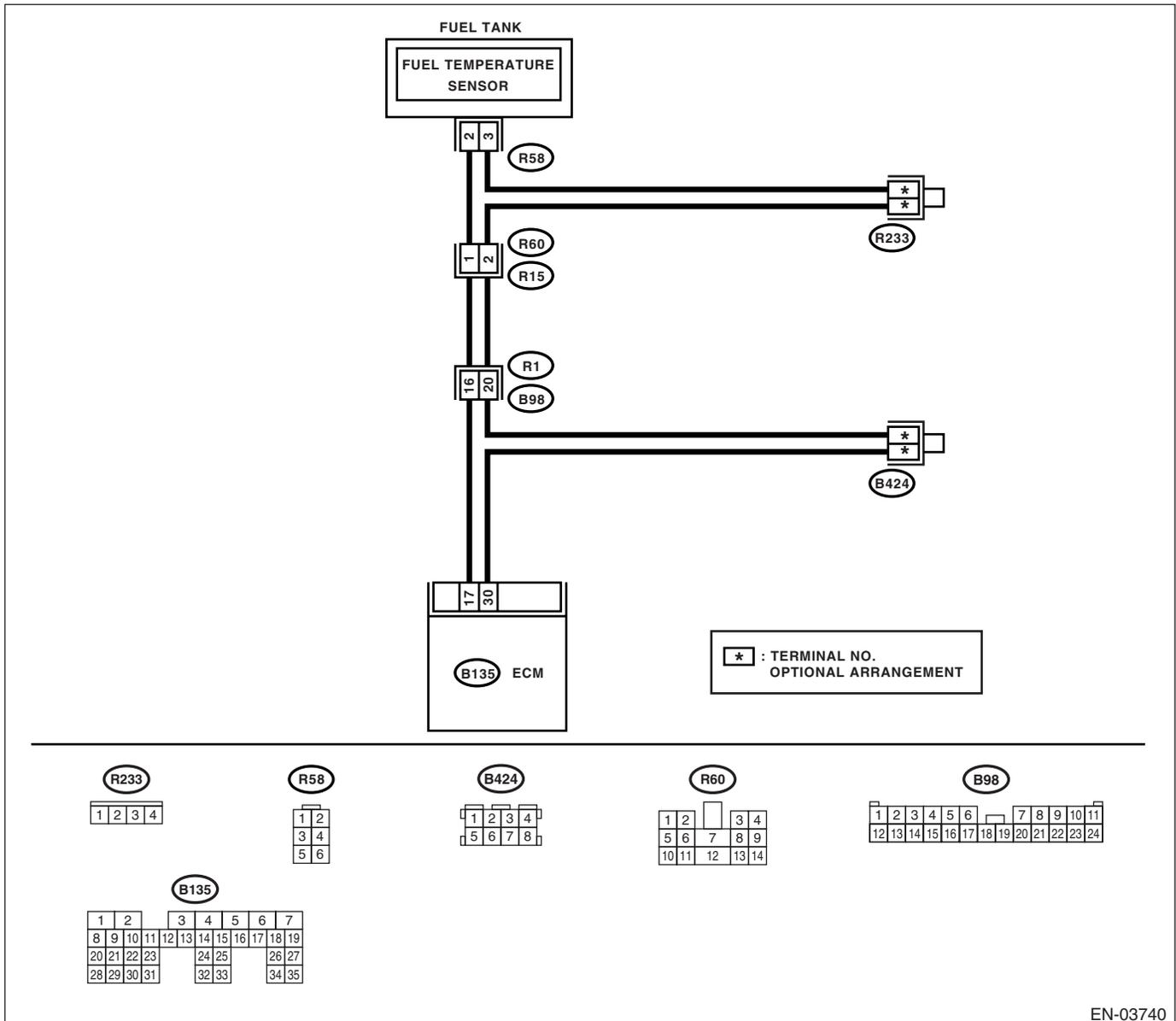
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-87, DTC P0181 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|-----------------------------|---|---|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0181. | Replace the fuel temperature sensor. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-8, Fuel Temperature Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BF:DTC P0182 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

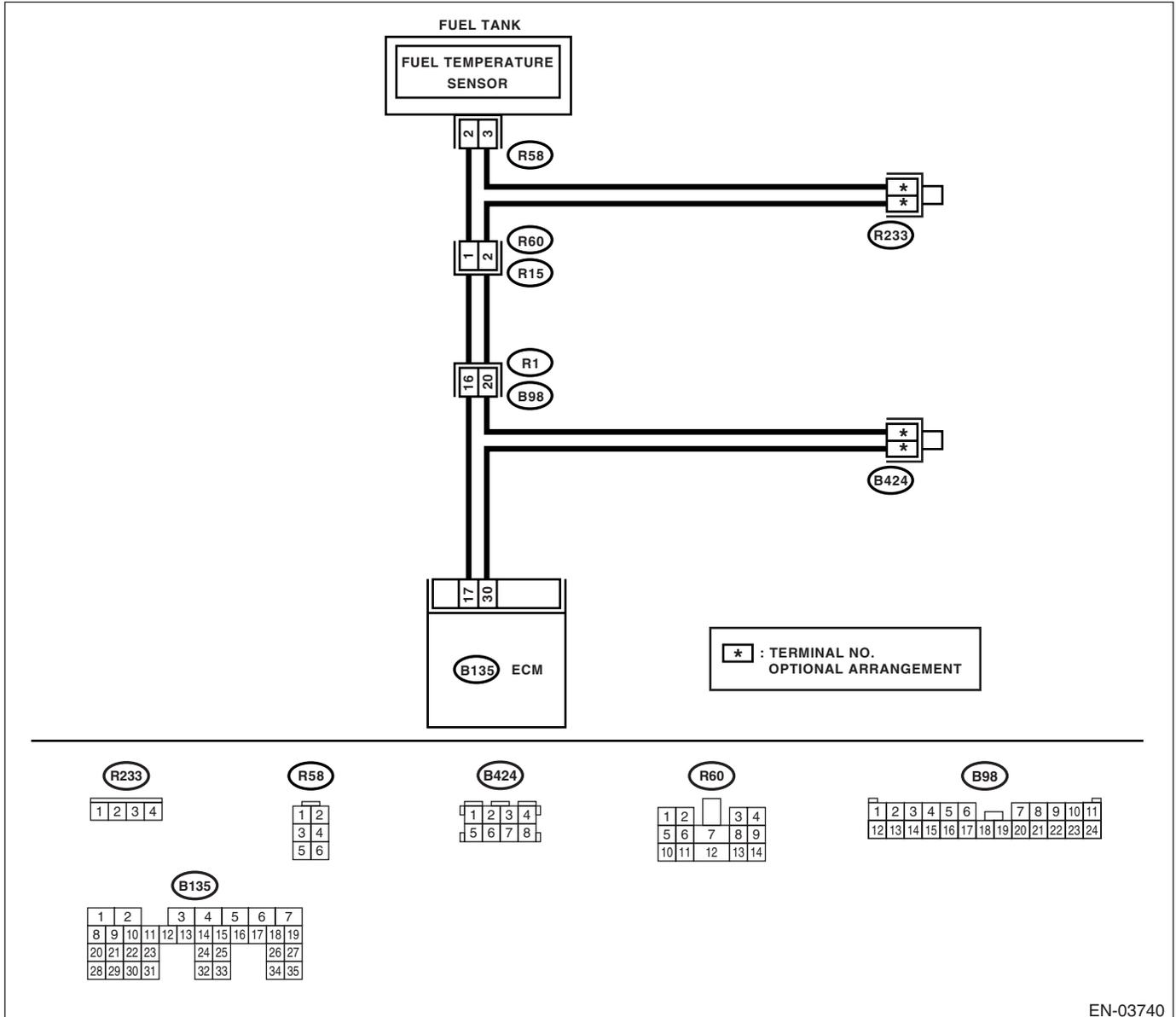
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-90, DTC P0182 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03740

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--|--|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</p> <p>1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of fuel temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> | <p>Is the temperature above 120°C (248°F)?</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> | <p>Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time.</p> |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the access hole lid. 3) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump. 4) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 5) Read the data of fuel temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> | <p>Is the temperature less than -40°C (-40°F)?</p> | <p>Replace the fuel temperature sensor. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-8, Fuel Temperature Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the ground short circuit of harness between the fuel pump and ECM connector.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BG:DTC P0183 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

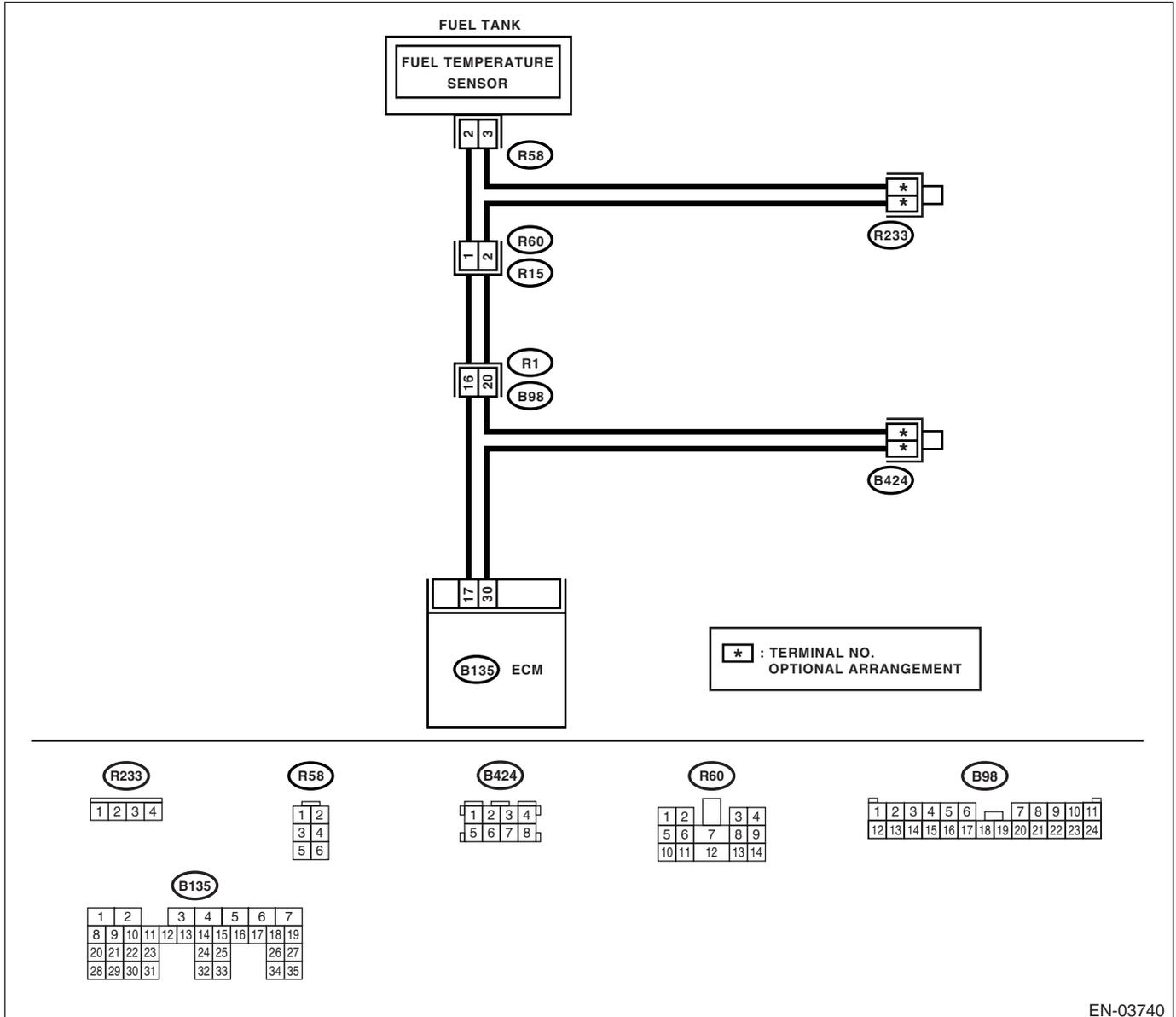
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-92, DTC P0183 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03740

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|---|
| <p>1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of fuel temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> | <p>Is the temperature less than -40°C (-40°F)?</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> | <p>Repair the poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in fuel pump connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector |
| <p>2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the access hole lid. 3) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump. 4) Measure the voltage between fuel pump connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 10 V?</p> | <p>Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and fuel pump connector.</p> | <p>Go to step 3.</p> |
| <p>3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between fuel pump connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 10 V?</p> | <p>Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and fuel pump connector.</p> | <p>Go to step 4.</p> |
| <p>4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the voltage between fuel pump connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 4 V?</p> | <p>Go to step 5.</p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and fuel pump connector • Poor contact in fuel pump connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|--|---|
| <p>5</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump connector and ECM.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (R58) No. 3 — (B135) No. 30:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Replace the fuel temperature sensor. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-8, Fuel Temperature Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and fuel pump connector • Poor contact in fuel pump connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BH:DTC P0196 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-94, DTC P0196 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

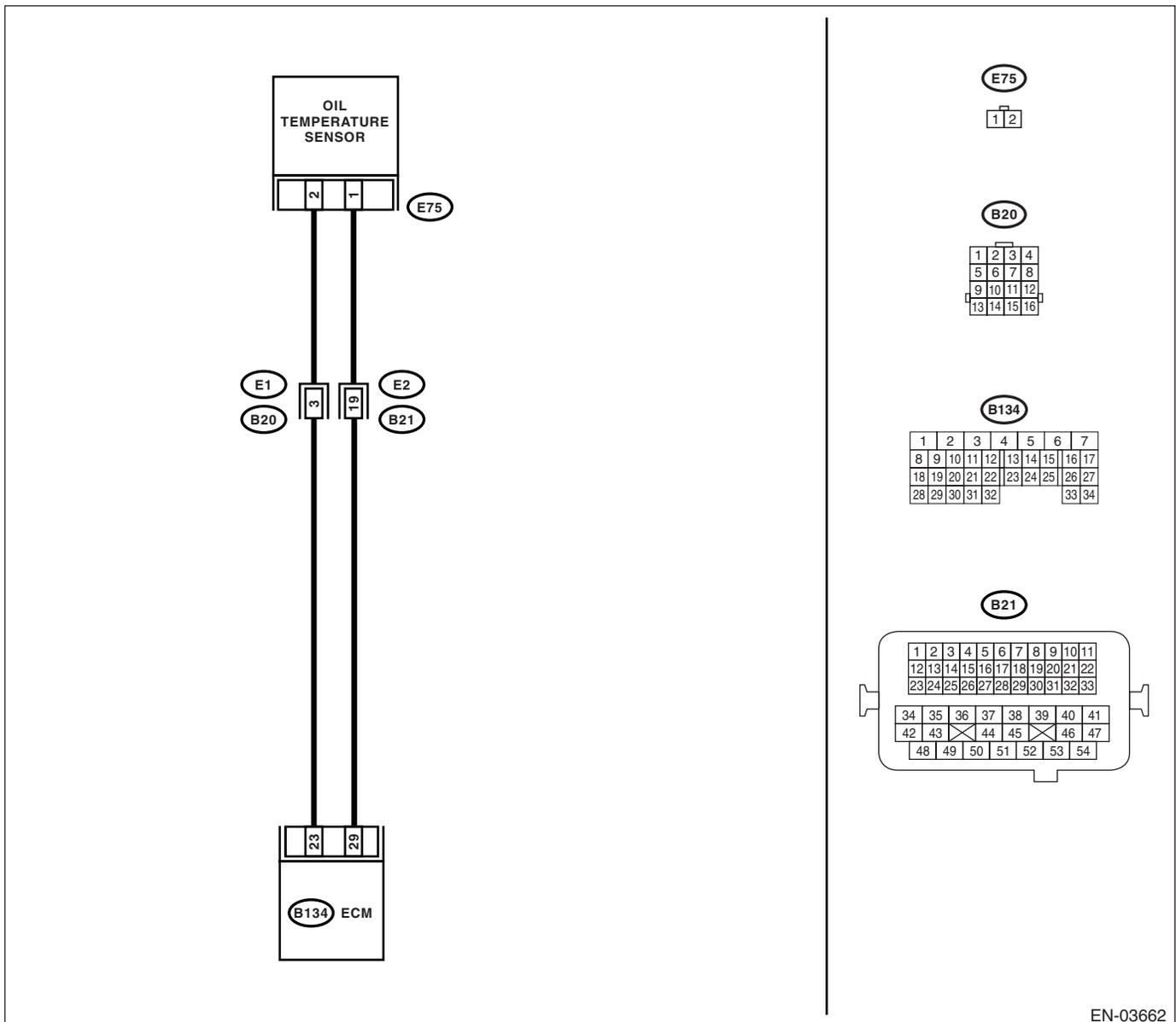
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03662

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|-----------------------------|--|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0196. | Replace the oil temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-27, Oil Temperature Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BI: DTC P0197 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-96, DTC P0197 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

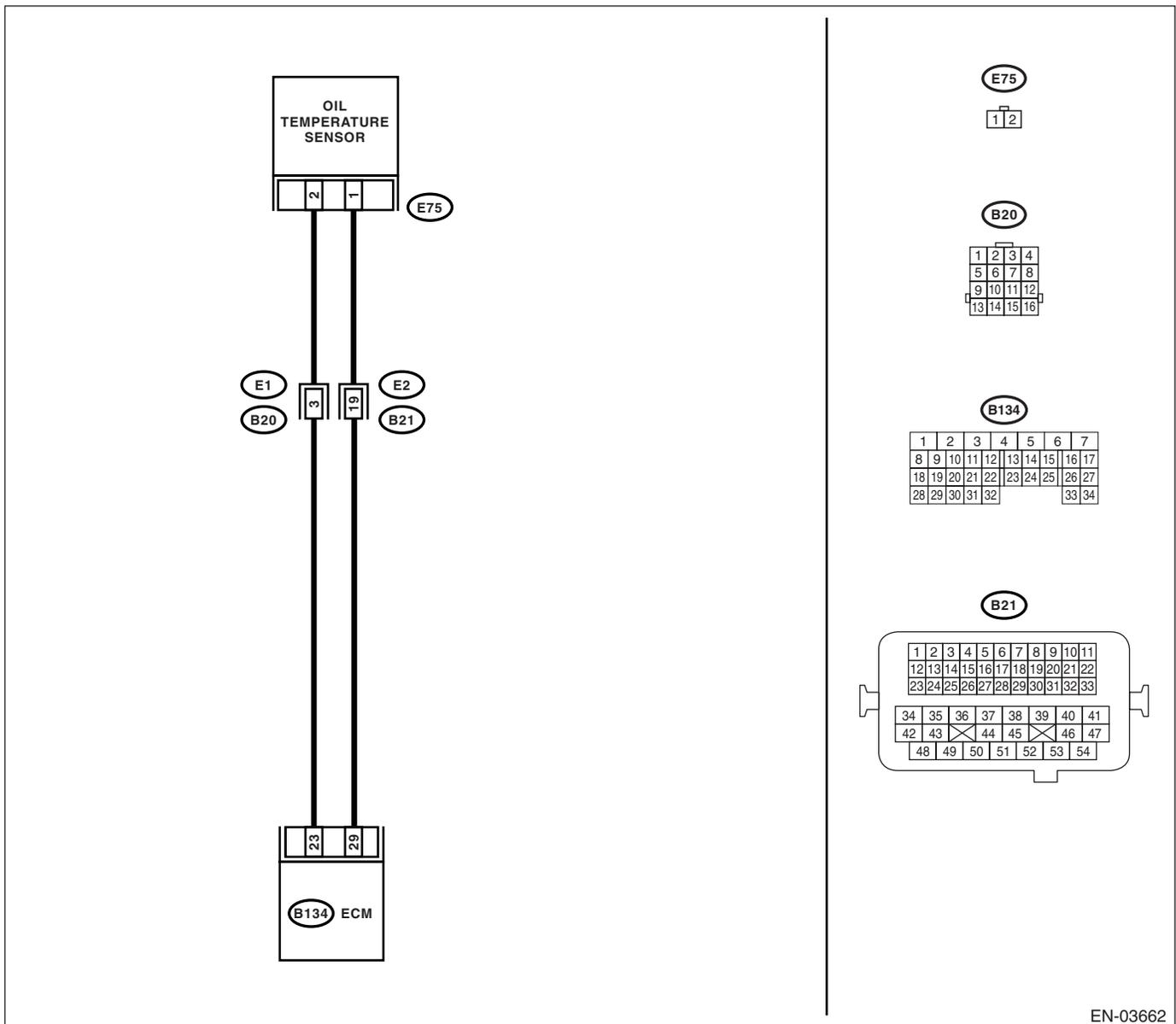
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03662

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--------------------------|--|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the ECM connector and oil temperature sensor connector. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between oil temperature sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 23 — Engine ground:</i> <i>(B134) No. 29 — Engine ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ? | Go to step 2. | Repair the ground short circuit between ECM and oil temperature sensor connector. |
| 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of oil temperature sensor connector. | Is there poor contact in oil temperature sensor connector? | Repair the poor contact. | Replace the oil temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-27, Oil Temperature Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BJ:DTC P0198 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-97, DTC P0198 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

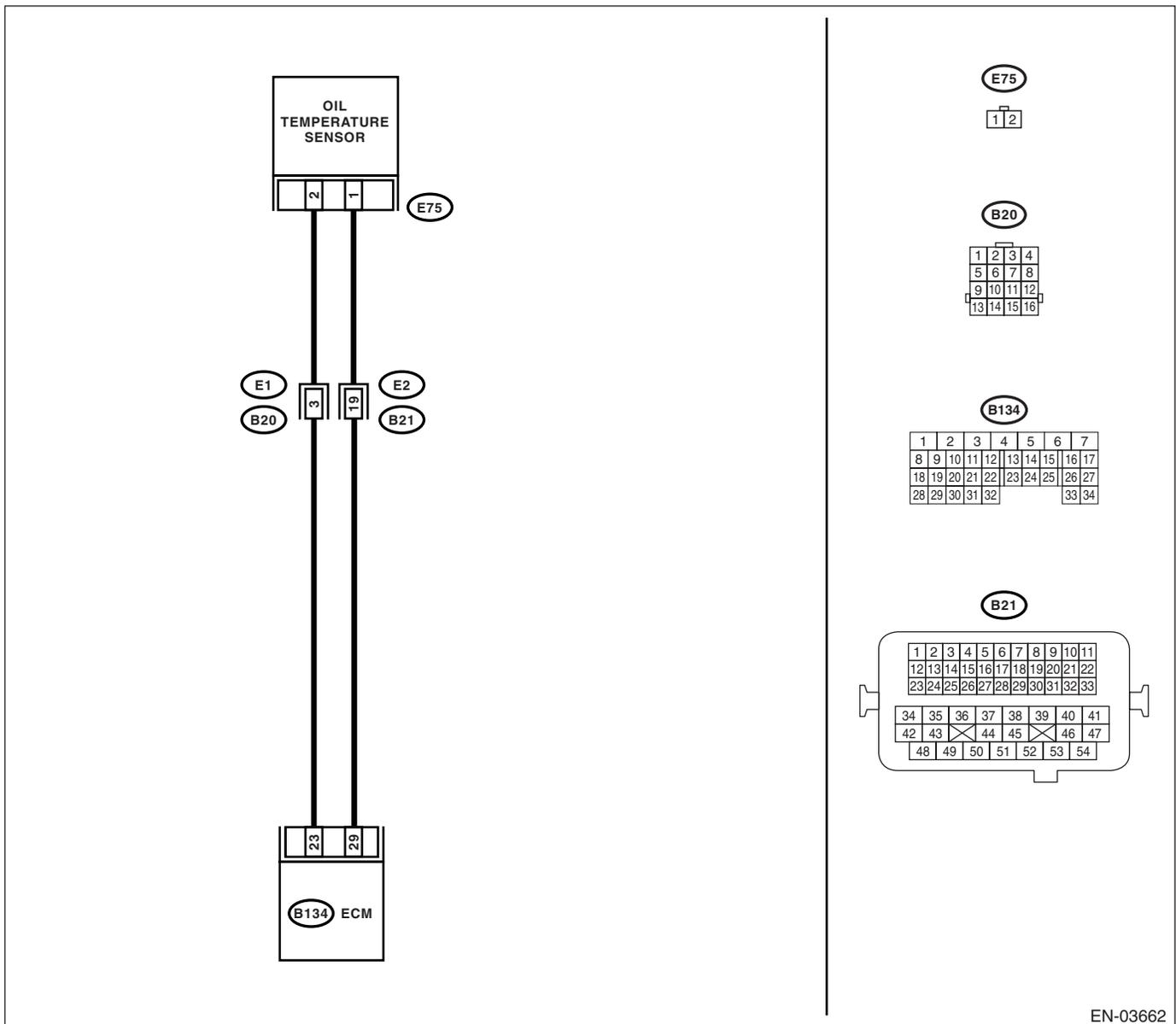
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03662

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--------------------------------|---|--|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from oil temperature sensor. 3) Measure the voltage between oil temperature sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E75) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and oil temperature sensor connector. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between oil temperature sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E75) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and oil temperature sensor connector. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the voltage between oil temperature sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E75) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 4 V? | Go to step 4. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and oil temperature sensor connector • Poor contact of oil temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---|---|
| <p>4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between oil temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E75) No. 1 — Engine ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?</p> | <p>Replace the oil temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-27, Oil Temperature Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and oil temperature sensor connector • Poor contact of oil temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BK:DTC P0222 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “B” CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-98, DTC P0222 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “B” CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|---|
| 1 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage more than 0.8 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control. | Is there poor contact? | Repair the poor contact. | Temporary poor contact occurred, but it is normal at present. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4:</i> <i>(B134) No. 19 — (E57) No. 5:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair the chassis short circuit of harness. |
| 5 CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V? | Go to step 6. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 6 CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E57) No. 4 — Engine ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 10 Ω ? | Repair the poor contact of electronic throttle control connector. Replace the electronic throttle control if defective. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |

BL:DTC P0223 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “B” CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-100, DTC P0223 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “B” CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

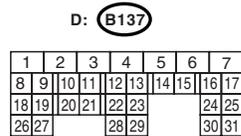
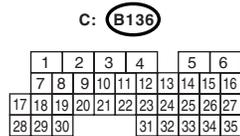
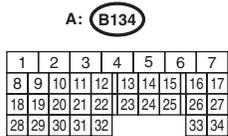
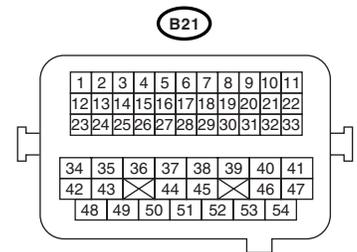
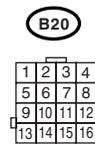
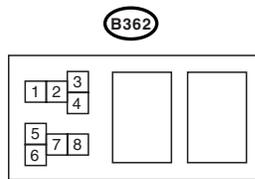
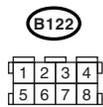
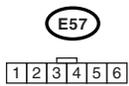
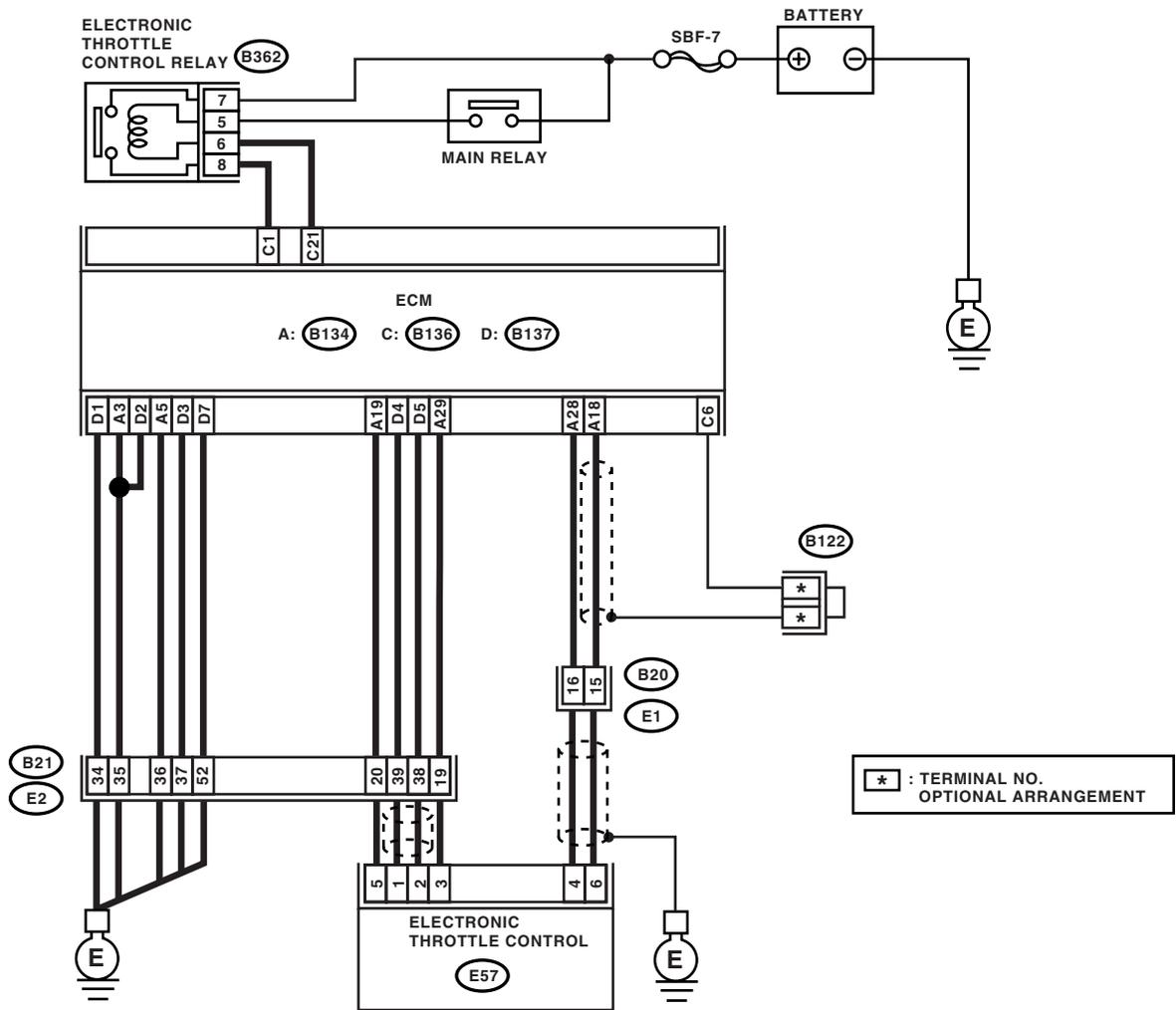
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03739

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage less than 4.73 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control. | Is there poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control? | Repair the poor contact. | Temporary poor contact occurred, but it is normal at present. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:</i> <i>(B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:</i> | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage less than 10 V? | Go to step 6. | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. |
| 6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between connector terminals. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 28:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Repair the poor contact. Replace the electronic throttle control. | Sensor power supply circuit may be shorted. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BM:DTC P0230 FUEL PUMP PRIMARY CIRCUIT

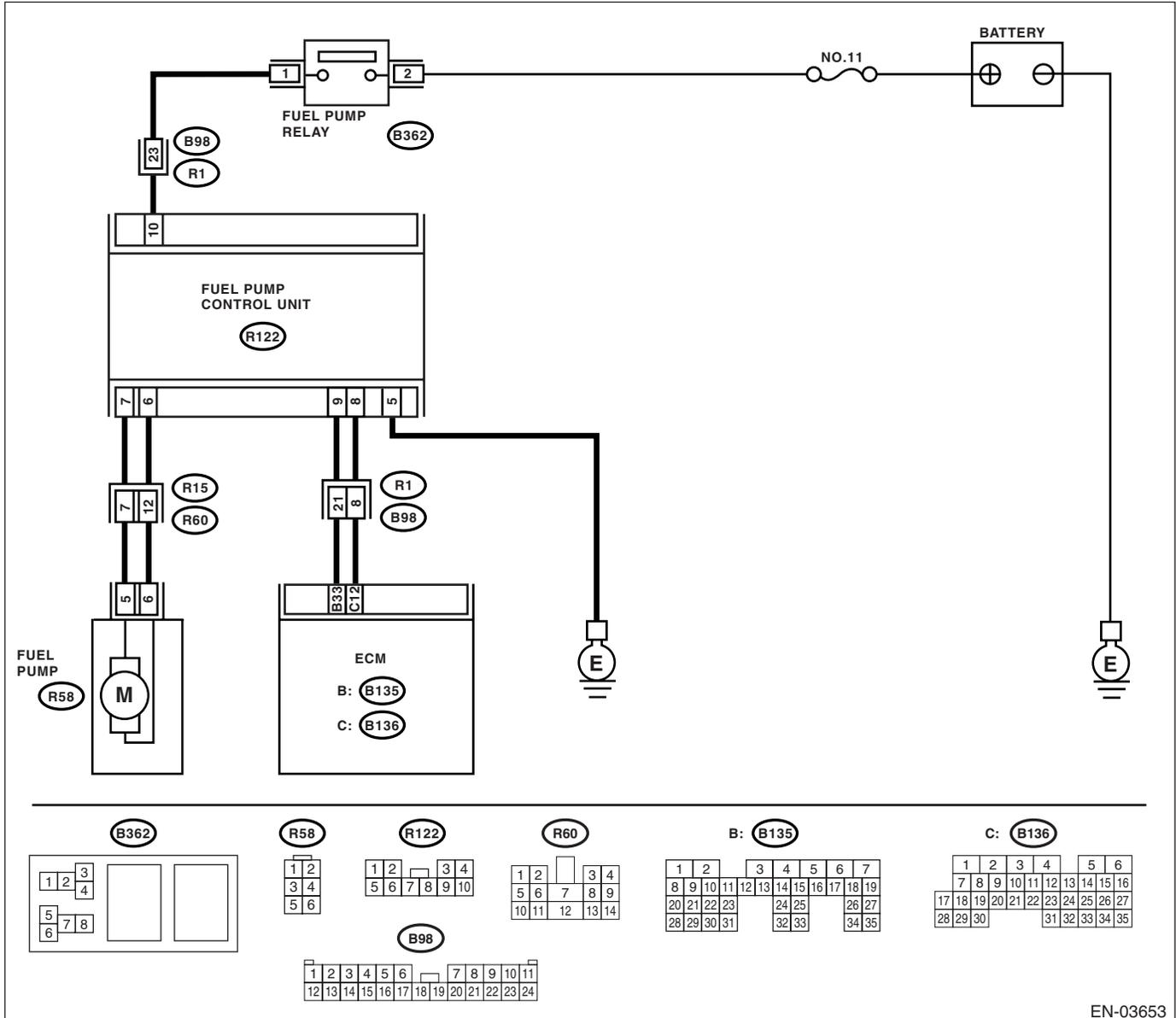
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-102, DTC P0230 FUEL PUMP PRIMARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03653

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---------------|---|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT TO FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump control unit. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between fuel pump control unit and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (R122) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 2. | <p>Repair the power supply circuit.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open or ground short circuit of harness between fuel pump relay and fuel pump control unit • Poor contact of fuel pump control unit connector • Poor contact of fuel pump relay connector |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump control unit and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (R122) No. 5 — Chassis ground:</p> | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 3. | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit between fuel pump control unit and chassis ground • Poor contact of fuel pump control unit connector |
| <p>3</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT AND FUEL PUMP CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump control unit and fuel pump connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (R122) No. 7 — (R58) No. 5: (R122) No. 6 — (R58) No. 6:</p> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit between fuel pump control unit and fuel pump. |
| <p>4</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT AND FUEL PUMP CONNECTOR.</p> <p>Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump control unit and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (R122) No. 7 — Chassis ground: (R122) No. 6 — Chassis ground:</p> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair the ground short circuit between fuel pump control unit and fuel pump. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| 5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump control unit and ECM connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(R122) No. 9 — (B135) No. 33:</i> <i>(R122) No. 8 — (B136) No. 12:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 6. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit between fuel pump control unit and ECM • Poor contact of fuel pump control unit and ECM connector |
| 6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump control unit and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(R122) No. 9 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(R122) No. 8 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 7. | Repair the ground short circuit between fuel pump control unit and ECM. |
| 7 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM and fuel pump control unit connector. | Is there poor contact of ECM and fuel pump control unit connector? | Repair the poor contact of ECM and fuel pump control unit connector. | Go to step 8. |
| 8 CHECK EXPERIENCE OF RUNNING OUT OF FUEL. | Has the vehicle experienced running out of fuel? | Finish the diagnosis. NOTE: DTC may be recorded as a result of fuel pump idling while running out of fuel. | Replace the fuel pump control unit. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-36, Fuel Pump Control Unit.> |

BN:DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0306. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-244, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

BO:DTC P0302 CYLINDER 2 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0306. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-244, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

BP:DTC P0303 CYLINDER 3 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0306. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-244, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

BQ:DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0306. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-244, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BR:DTC P0305 CYLINDER 5 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0306. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-244, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BS:DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- Immediately at fault recognition(A misfire which could damage catalyst occurs.)
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-109, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

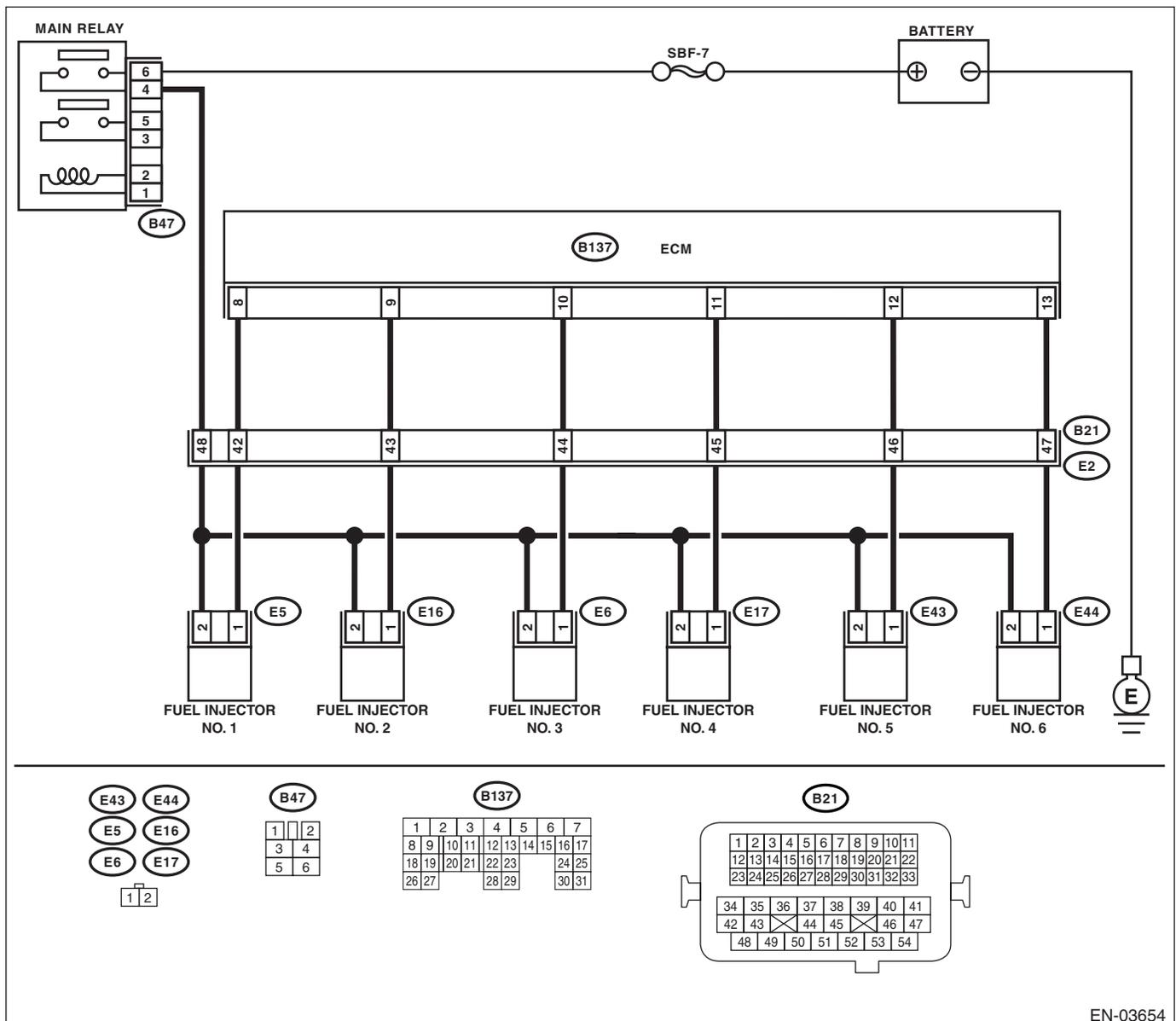
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Erroneous idling
- Rough driving

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03654

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|--|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.</p> | <p>Is any other DTC displayed?</p> | <p>Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></p> <p>NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0301, P0302, P303, P0304, P0305 and P0306.</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground on faulty cylinders.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>#1 (B137) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B137) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #3 (B137) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B137) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #5 (B137) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #6 (B137) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 10 V?</p> | <p>Go to step 7.</p> | <p>Go to step 3.</p> |
| <p>3</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and engine ground on faulty cylinders.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>#1 (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground: #2 (E16) No. 1 — Engine ground: #3 (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground: #4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground: #5 (E43) No. 1 — Engine ground: #6 (E44) No. 1 — Engine ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?</p> | <p>Go to step 4.</p> | <p>Repair the ground short circuit of harness between fuel injector and ECM connector.</p> |
| <p>4</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>Measure the resistance of harness connector between ECM connector and fuel injector on faulty cylinders.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>#1 (B137) No. 8 — (E5) No. 1: #2 (B137) No. 9 — (E16) No. 1: #3 (B137) No. 10 — (E6) No. 1: #4 (B137) No. 11 — (E17) No. 1: #5 (B137) No. 12 — (E43) No. 1: #6 (B137) No. 13 — (E44) No. 1:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 5.</p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and fuel injector connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| <p>5</p> <p>CHECK FUEL INJECTOR.</p> <p>Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder.</p> <p>Terminals</p> <p>No. 1 — No. 2:</p> | <p>Is the resistance between 5 — 20 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 6.</p> | <p>Replace the faulty fuel injector. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-24, Fuel Injector.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|---|
| 6 CHECK POWER SUPPLY LINE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between fuel injector and engine ground on faulty cylinders. Connector & terminal #1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #5 (E43) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #6 (E44) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Repair the poor contact of all connectors in fuel injector circuit. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between main relay and fuel injector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of main relay connector • Poor contact of fuel injector connector on faulty cylinders |
| 7 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground on faulty cylinders. Connector & terminal #1 (B137) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B137) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #3 (B137) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B137) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #5 (B137) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #6 (B137) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and fuel injector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Go to step 8. |
| 8 CHECK FUEL INJECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Replace the faulty fuel injector <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-24, Fuel Injector.> and ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Go to step 9. |
| 9 CHECK INSTALLATION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR/CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. | Is the camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor loosely installed? | Tighten the camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor. | Go to step 10. |
| 10 CHECK CRANK PLATE. | Is the crank sprocket rusted or the teeth of crank plate broken? | Replace the crank plate. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-62, Cylinder Block.> | Go to step 11. |
| 11 CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING CHAIN. Turn the crankshaft using ST, and align alignment mark on crank sprocket with alignment mark on cylinder block. ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET | Is the timing chain dislocated from its proper position? | Correct the installation condition of timing chain. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-44, Timing Chain Assembly.> | Go to step 12. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|--|
| 12 CHECK FUEL LEVEL. | Is the fuel meter indication lower than the "Lower" level? | Replenish fuel so that fuel meter indication is higher than the "Lower" level. After replenishing fuel, Go to step 13 . | Go to step 13 . |
| 13 CHECK STATUS OF MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT. 1) Clear the memory using the Subaru Select Monitor or the general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool Refer to operating manuals for the general scan tool. 2) Start the engine, and drive the vehicle more than 10 minutes. | Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate or blink? | Go to step 15 . | Go to step 14 . |
| 14 CHECK CAUSE OF MISFIRE. | Has the cause of misfire been detected while running the engine? | Finish diagnostics operation, if the engine has no abnormality. | Repair the poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Poor contact of ignition coil connector • Poor contact of fuel injector connector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| 15 CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. | Is there any fault in air intake system? | Repair the air intake system. NOTE: Check the following item. • Are there air leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts? • Are there cracks or any disconnection of hoses? | Go to step 16 . |
| 16 CHECK MISFIRE SYMPTOM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read DTC. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-34, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Does the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool indicate only one DTC? | Go to step 22 . | Go to step 17 . |
| 17 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Are DTC P0301 and P0302 displayed? | Go to step 23 . | Go to step 18 . |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| 18 | CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY. | Are DTC P0303 and P0304 displayed? | Go to step 24 . | Go to step 19 . |
| 19 | CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY. | Are DTC P0305 and P0306 displayed? | Go to step 25 . | Go to step 20 . |
| 20 | CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY. | Are DTC P0301, P0303 and P0305 displayed? | Go to step 26 . | Go to step 21 . |
| 21 | CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY. | Are DTC P0302, P0304 and P0306 displayed? | Go to step 27 . | Go to step 28 . |
| 22 | ONLY ONE CYLINDER | Is there any fault in the cylinder? | Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Compression ratio | Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> |
| 23 | GROUP OF #1 AND #2 CYLINDERS | Are there any faults in #1 and #2 cylinders? | Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Ignition coil • Compression ratio • If any fault are not found, check the "IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM" of #1 and #2 cylinders side. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-63, IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.> | Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--|--|
| <p>24 GROUP OF #3 AND #4 CYLINDERS</p> | <p>Are there any faults in #3 and #4 cylinders?</p> | <p>Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Ignition coil • If any fault are not found, check the "IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM" of #3 and #4 cylinders side. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-63, IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.> </p> | <p>Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></p> |
| <p>25 GROUP OF #5 AND #6 CYLINDERS</p> | <p>Are there any faults in #5 and #6 cylinders?</p> | <p>Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Ignition coil • Compression ratio • If any fault are not found, check the "IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM" of #5 and #6 cylinders side. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-63, IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.> </p> | <p>Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|--|
| 26 GROUP OF #1, #3 AND #5 CYLINDERS. | Is there any fault in #1, #3 and #5 cylinders? | Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Skipping timing chain teeth | Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> |
| 27 GROUP OF #2, #4 AND #6 CYLINDERS. | Is there any fault in #2, #4 and #6 cylinders? | Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Compression ratio • Skipping timing chain teeth | Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> |
| 28 CYLINDER AT RANDOM | Is the engine idle rough? | Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Compression ratio |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BT:DTC P0327 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW INPUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-110, DTC P0327 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW INPUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

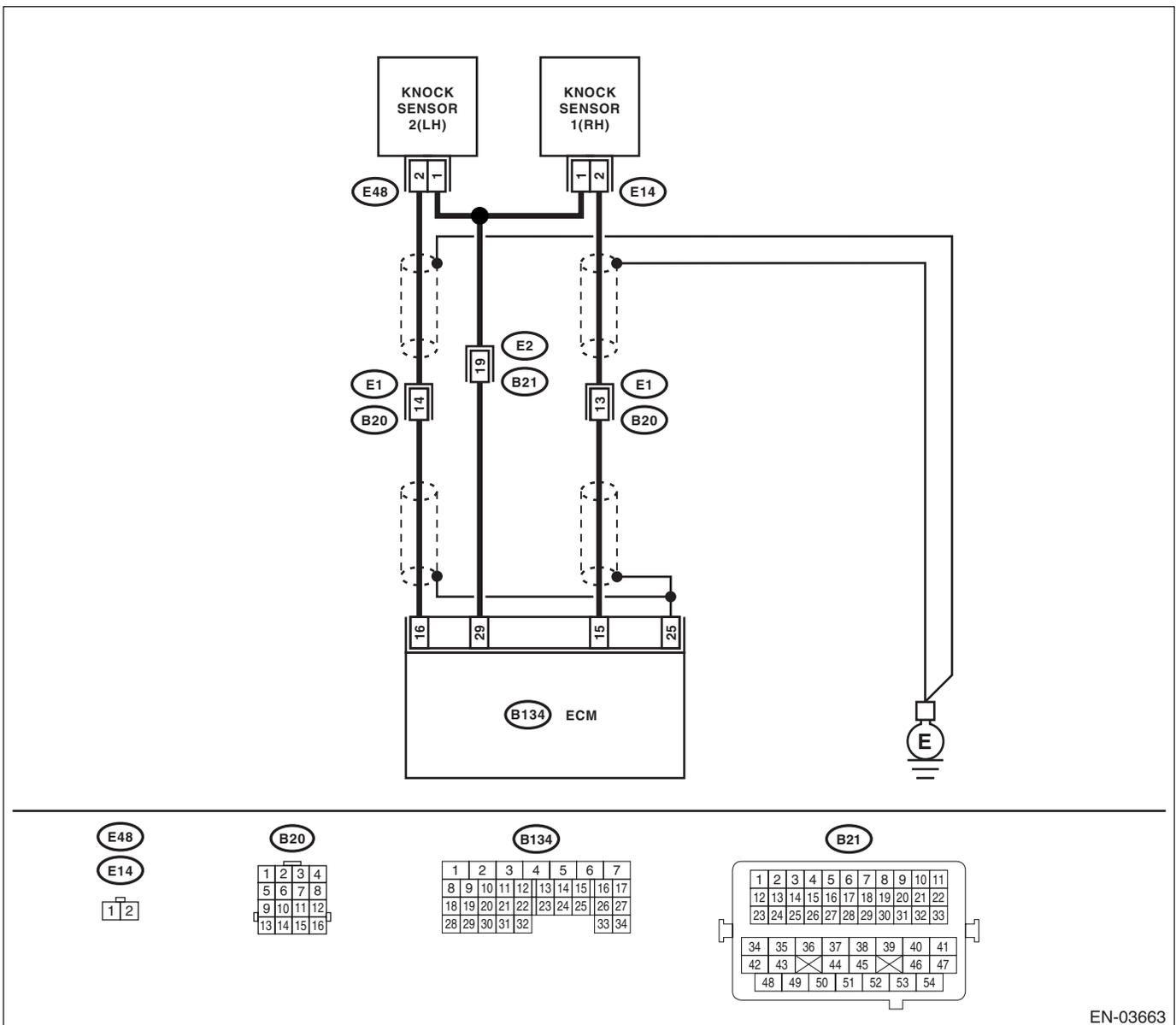
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Poor driving performance
- Knocking occurs.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03663

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--|---|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN KNOCK SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM harness connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 15 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 700 k Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between knock sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact of knock sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| 2 CHECK KNOCK SENSOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from knock sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor connector terminal and engine ground. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — Engine ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 700 k Ω ? | Go to step 3. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact of knock sensor connector |
| 3 CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF KNOCK SENSOR | Is the knock sensor installation bolt tightened securely? | Replace the knock sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-20, Knock Sensor.> | Tighten the knock sensor installation bolt securely. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BU:DTC P0328 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-112, DTC P0328 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

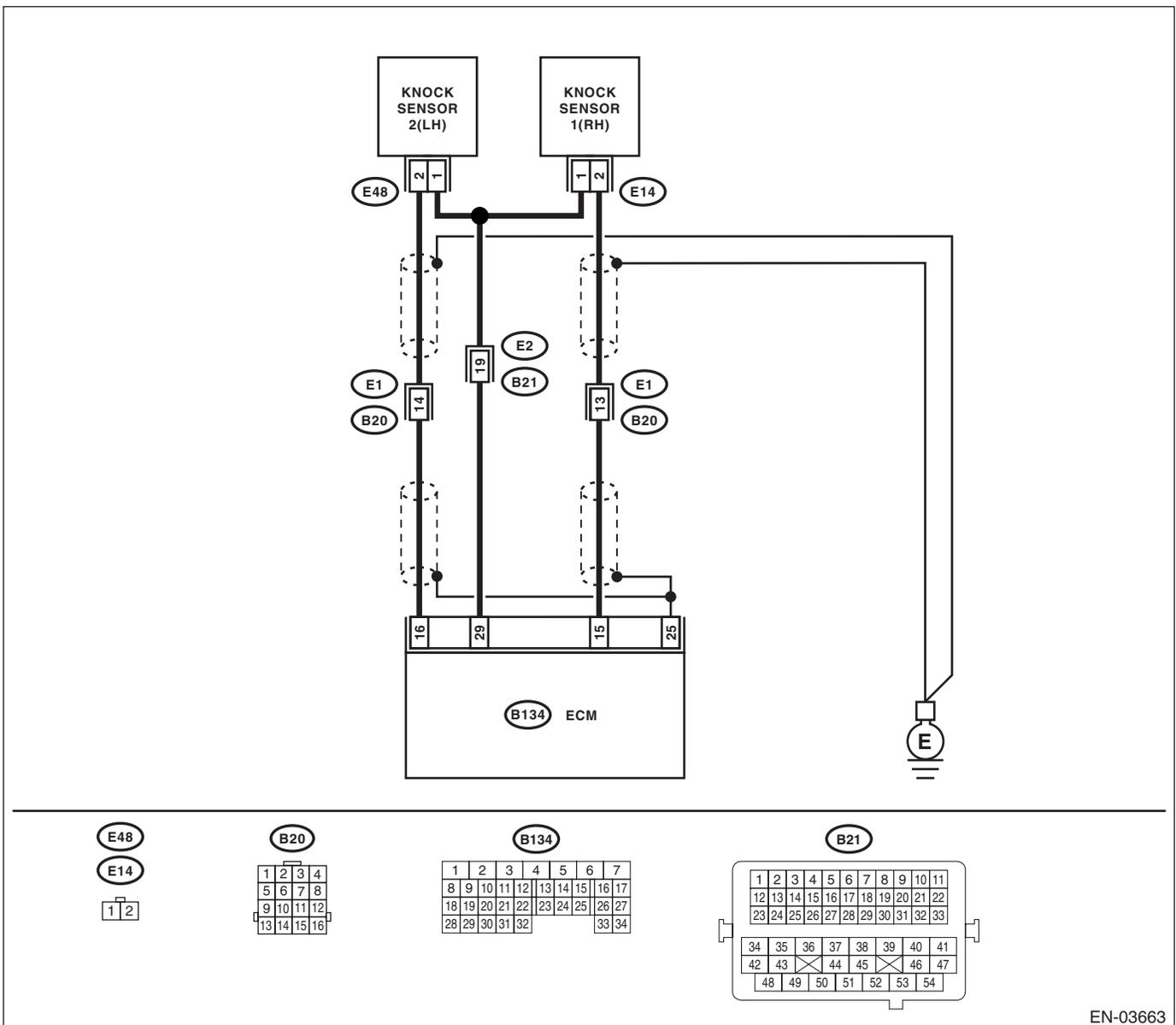
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Poor driving performance
- Knocking occurs.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03663

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN KNOCK SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 15 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance less than 400 k Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| 2 CHECK KNOCK SENSOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from knock sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor connector terminal and engine ground. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — Engine ground:</i> | Is the resistance less than 400 k Ω ? | Replace the knock sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-20, Knock Sensor.> | Repair the ground short circuit of harness between knock sensor connector and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness between both connectors are shielded. Repair the short circuit of harness covered with shield. |
| 3 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Connect the connectors to ECM and knock sensor. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 2 V? | Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. (However, the possibility of poor contact still remains.) NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact of knock sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BV:DTC P0332 KNOCK SENSOR 2 CIRCUIT LOW INPUT (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-113, DTC P0332 KNOCK SENSOR 2 CIRCUIT LOW INPUT (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

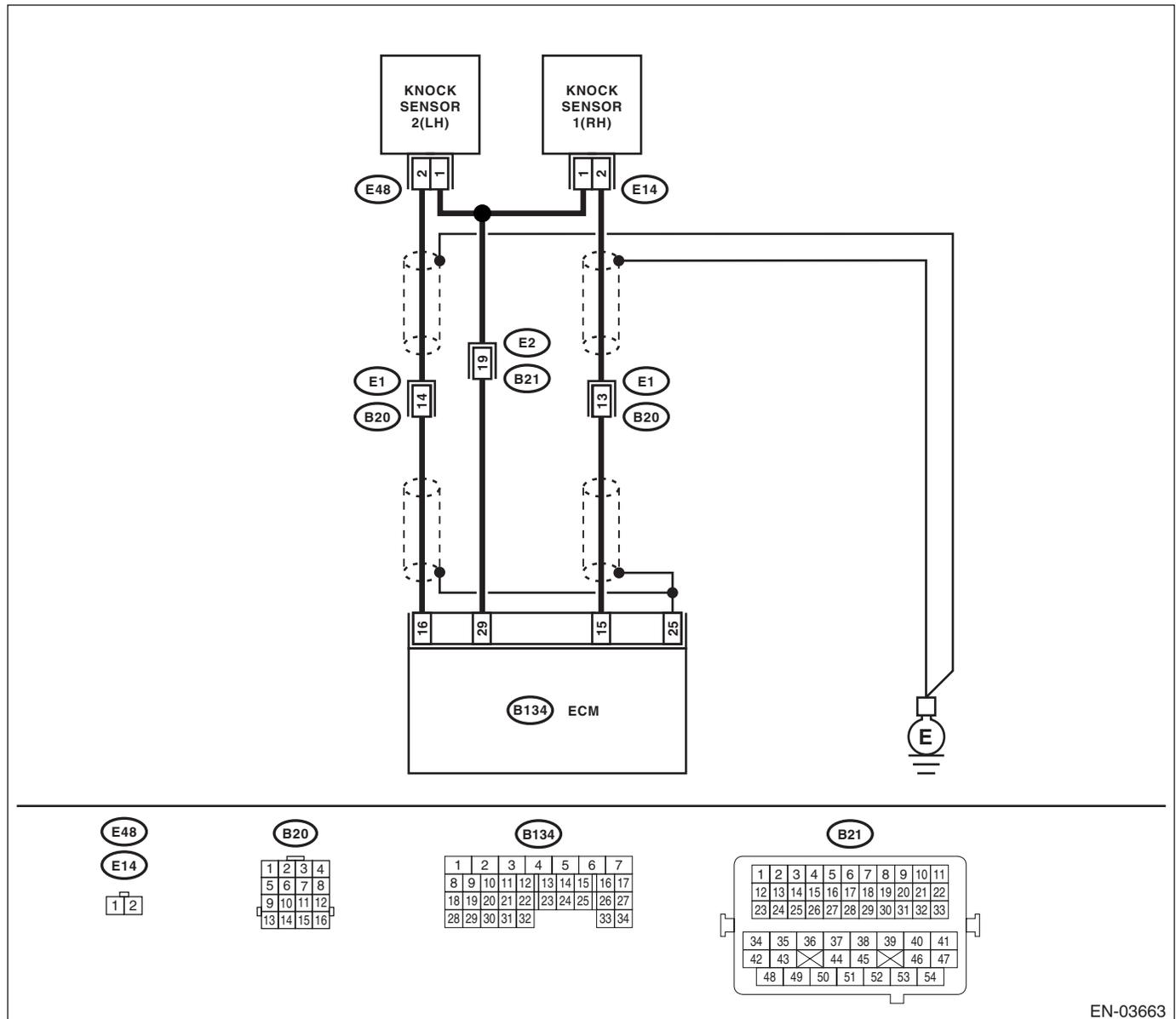
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Driving performance problem
- Knocking is occurred.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03663

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--|---|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN KNOCK SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM harness connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 16 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 700 k Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between knock sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact of knock sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| 2 CHECK KNOCK SENSOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from knock sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor connector terminal and engine ground. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — Engine ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 700 k Ω ? | Go to step 3. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact of knock sensor connector |
| 3 CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF KNOCK SENSOR | Is the knock sensor installation bolt tightened securely? | Replace the knock sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-20, Knock Sensor.> | Tighten the knock sensor installation bolt securely. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BW:DTC P0333 KNOCK SENSOR 2 CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-113, DTC P0333 KNOCK SENSOR 2 CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

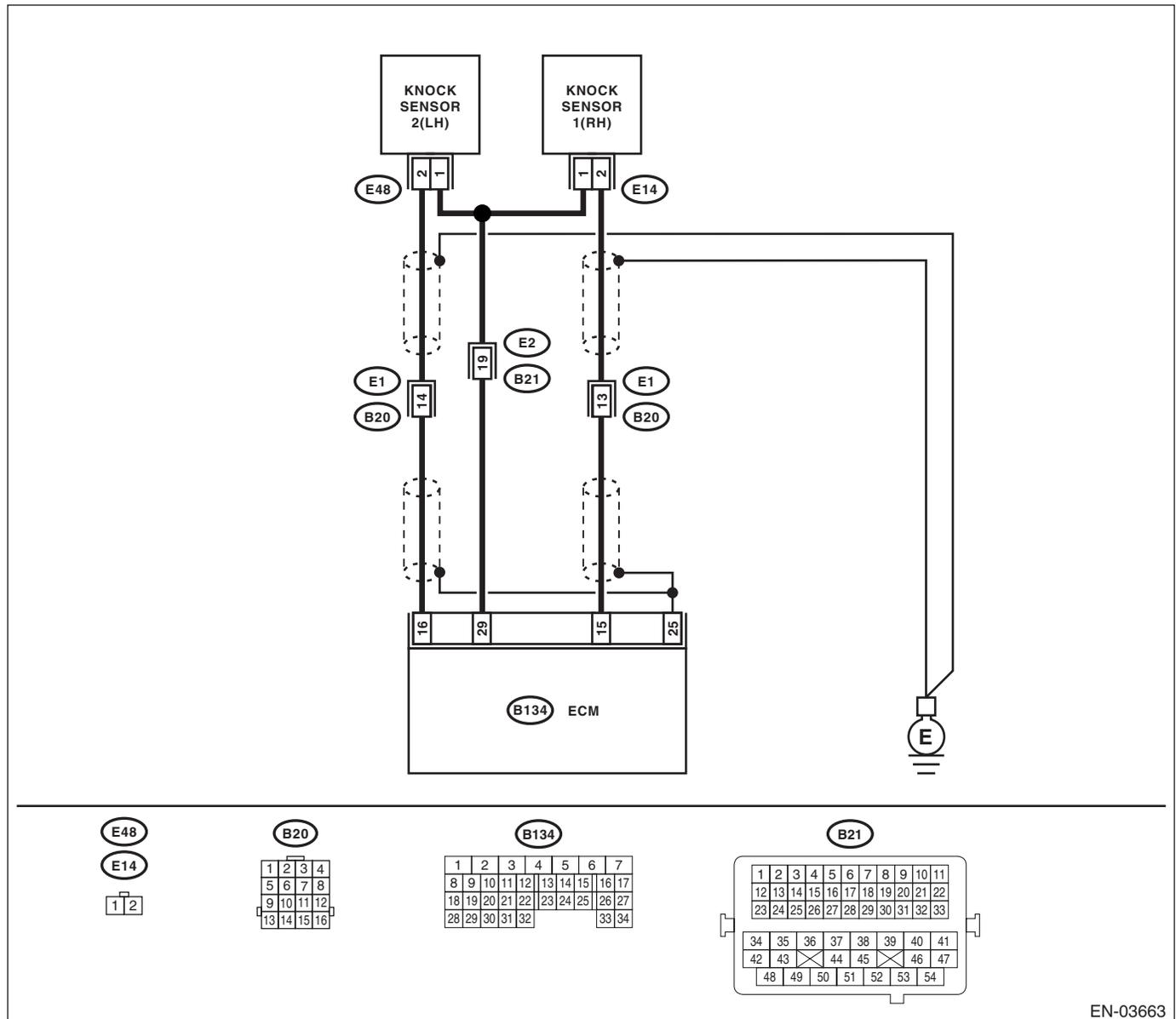
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Driving performance problem
- Knocking occurs.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03663

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN KNOCK SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 16 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance less than 400 k Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| 2 CHECK KNOCK SENSOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from knock sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor connector terminal and engine ground. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — Engine ground:</i> | Is the resistance less than 400 k Ω ? | Replace the knock sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-20, Knock Sensor.> | Repair the ground short circuit of harness between knock sensor connector and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness between both connectors are shielded. Repair the short circuit of harness covered with shield. |
| 3 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Connect the connectors to ECM and knock sensor. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 2 V? | Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. (However, the possibility of poor contact still remains.) NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact of knock sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BX:DTC P0335 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-114, DTC P0335 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

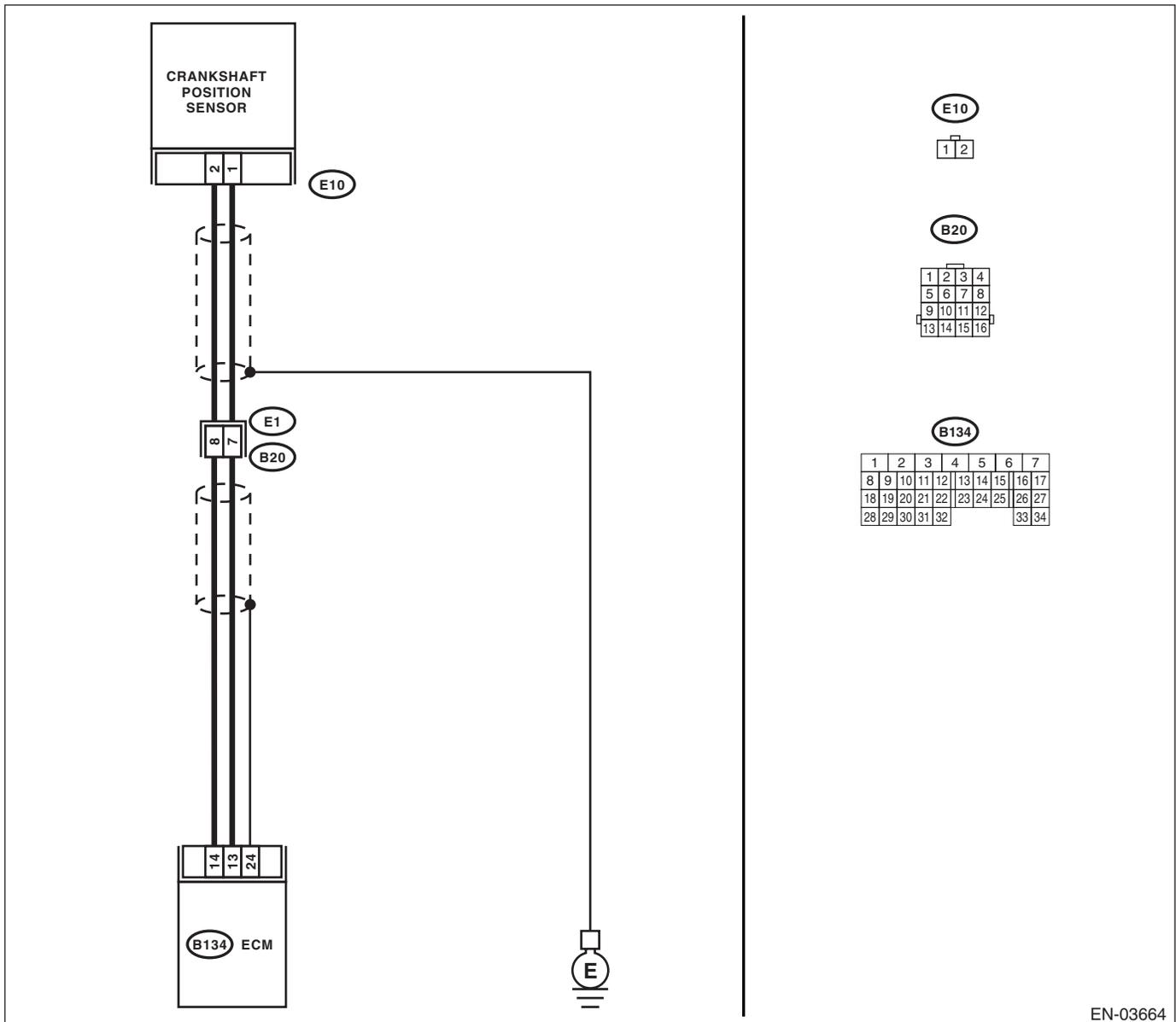
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03664

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--|--|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from crankshaft position sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between crankshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E10) No. 1 — Engine ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance more than 100 kΩ?</p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between crankshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector | <p>Go to step 2.</p> |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>Measure the resistance of harness between crankshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E10) No. 1 — Engine ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 10 Ω?</p> | <p>Repair the ground short circuit of harness between crankshaft position sensor and ECM connector.</p> <p>NOTE: The harness between both connectors are shielded. Repair the ground short circuit of harness with shield.</p> | <p>Go to step 3.</p> |
| <p>3</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>Measure the resistance of harness between crankshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E10) No. 2 — Engine ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 4.</p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between crankshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| <p>4</p> <p>CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.</p> | <p>Is the crankshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?</p> | <p>Go to step 5.</p> | <p>Tighten the crankshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.</p> |
| <p>5</p> <p>CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Remove the crankshaft position sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between connector terminals of crankshaft position sensor.</p> <p>Terminals No. 1 — No. 2:</p> | <p>Is the resistance between 1 and 4 kΩ?</p> | <p>Repair the poor contact of crankshaft position sensor connector.</p> | <p>Replace the crankshaft position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-18, Crankshaft Position Sensor.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BY:DTC P0336 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-116, DTC P0336 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

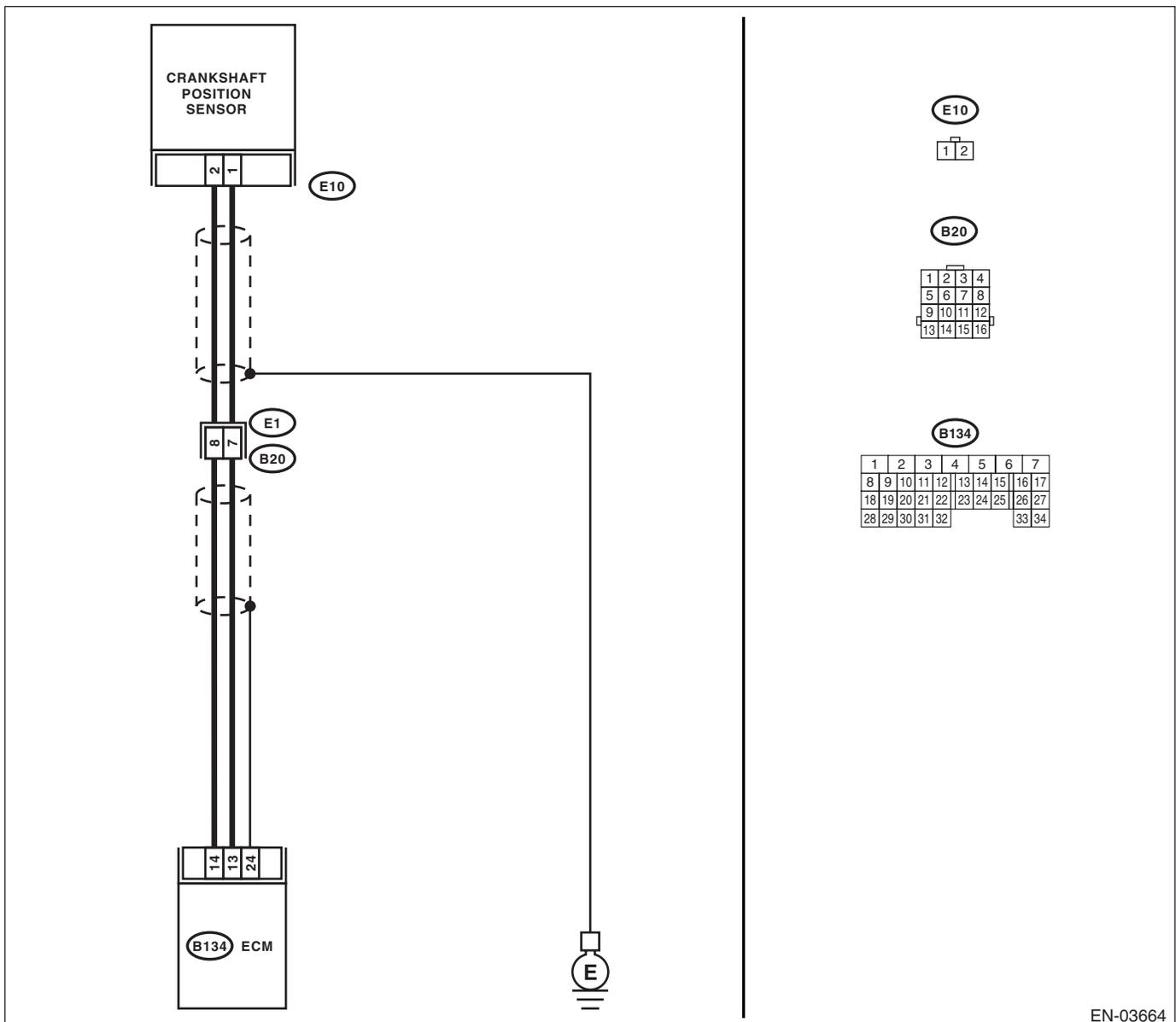
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03664

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Turn the ignition switch to OFF. | Is the crankshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely? | Go to step 3. | Tighten the crankshaft position sensor installation bolt securely. |
| 3 CHECK CRANKSHAFT PLATE. | Are the crankshaft plate teeth cracked or damaged? | Replace the crankshaft plate. | Go to step 4. |
| 4 CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING CHAIN. Turn the crankshaft, and align alignment mark on crank sprocket with alignment mark on cylinder block. | Is the timing chain dislocated from its proper position? | Correct the installation condition of timing chain. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-44, Timing Chain Assembly.> | Replace the crankshaft position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-18, Crankshaft Position Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BZ:DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-118, DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

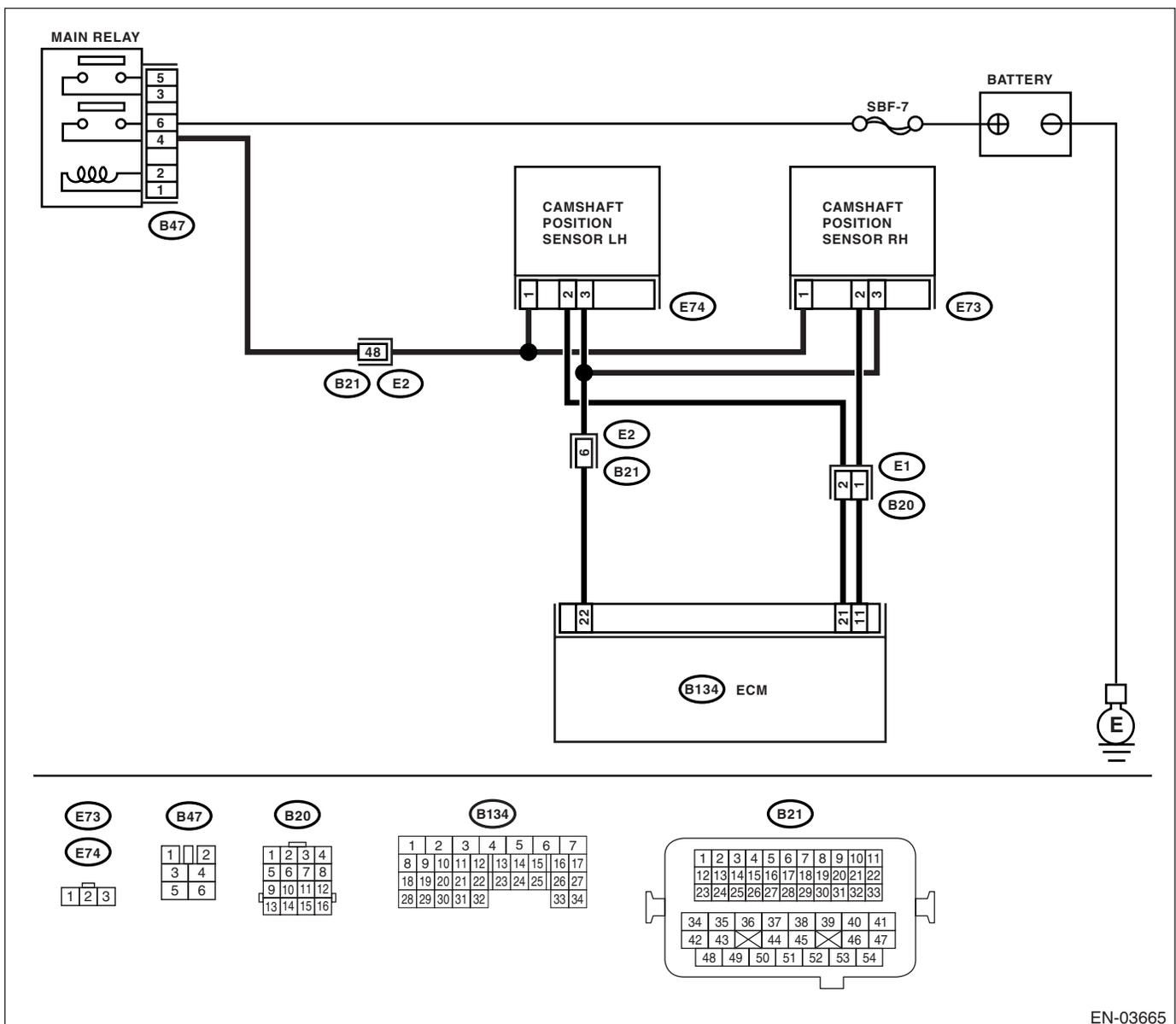
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03665

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|--|---|---|--|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from camshaft position sensor. 3) Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E73) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Repair the battery short circuit between main relay connector and camshaft position sensor connector. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 | CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E73) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open or ground short circuit between main relay connector and camshaft position sensor connector. |
| 4 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR AND ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between camshaft position sensor connector and ECM. Connector & terminal (E73) No. 2 — (B134) No. 11: (E73) No. 3 — (B134) No. 22: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair the open circuit between camshaft position sensor and ECM. |
| 5 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR AND ECM. Measure the resistance between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E73) No. 2 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 6. | Repair the ground short circuit between camshaft position sensor and ECM. |
| 6 | CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. | Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely? | Go to step 7. | Tighten the camshaft position sensor installation bolt securely. |
| 7 | CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Check waveform of camshaft position sensor. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-16, Engine Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal.> | Is there any abnormality in waveform? | Replace the camshaft position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-18, Crankshaft Position Sensor.> | Go to step 8. |
| 8 | CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM connector. | Is there poor contact in ECM connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CA:DTC P0345 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-120, DTC P0345 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

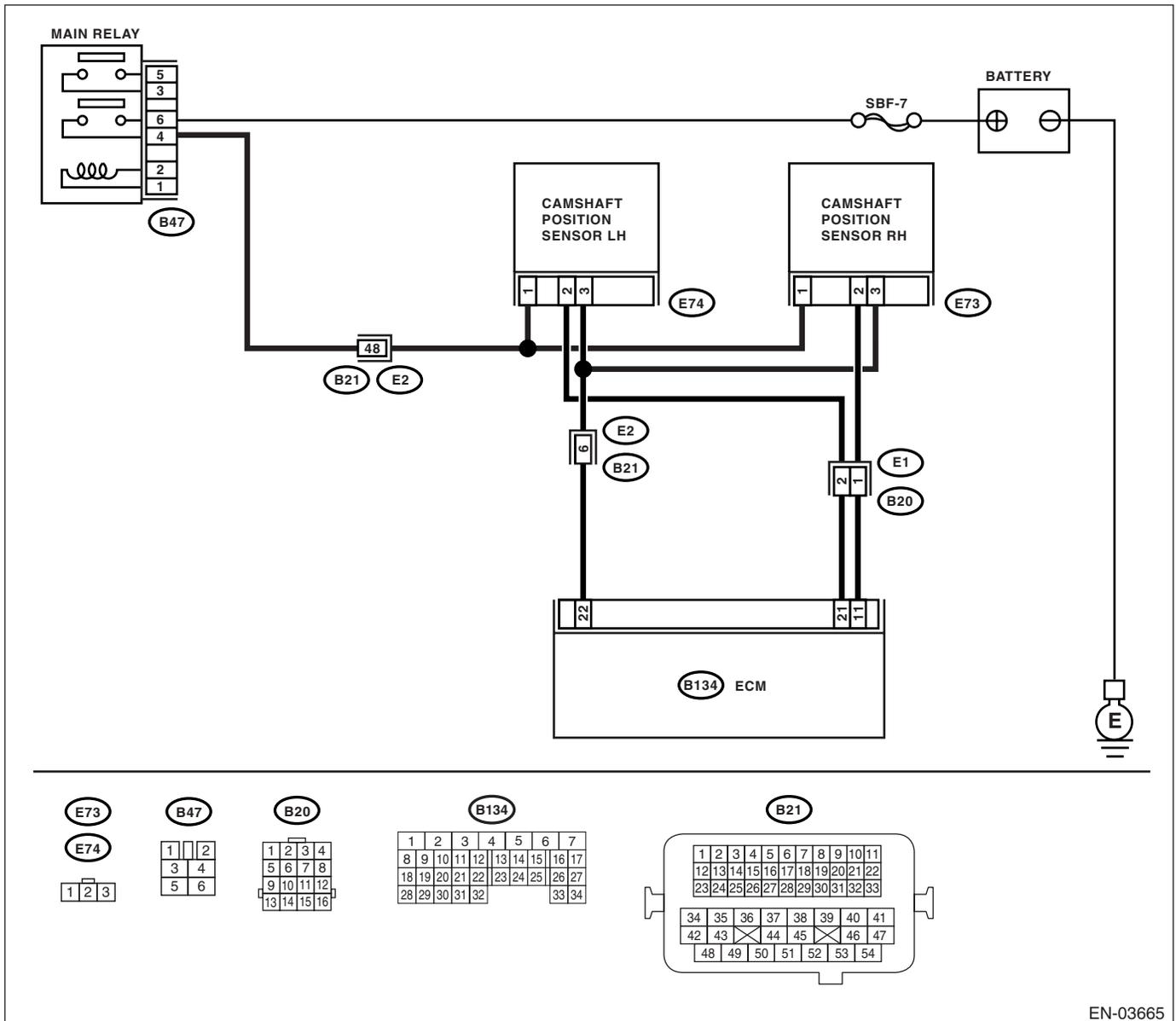
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03665

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|--|---|---|--|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from camshaft position sensor. 3) Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E74) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Repair the battery short circuit between main relay connector and camshaft position sensor connector. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 | CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E74) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open or ground short circuit between main relay connector and camshaft position sensor connector. |
| 4 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR AND ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between camshaft position sensor connector and ECM. Connector & terminal (E74) No. 2 — (B134) No. 21: (E74) No. 3 — (B134) No. 22: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair the open circuit between camshaft position sensor and ECM. |
| 5 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR AND ECM. Measure the resistance between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E74) No. 2 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 6. | Repair the ground short circuit between camshaft position sensor and ECM. |
| 6 | CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. | Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely? | Go to step 7. | Tighten the camshaft position sensor installation bolt securely. |
| 7 | CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Check waveform of camshaft position sensor. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-16, Engine Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal.> | Is there any abnormality in waveform? | Replace the camshaft position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-19, Camshaft Position Sensor.> | Go to step 8. |
| 8 | CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM connector. | Is there poor contact in ECM connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CB:DTC P0420 CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-121, DTC P0420 CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Idle mixture is out of specifications.

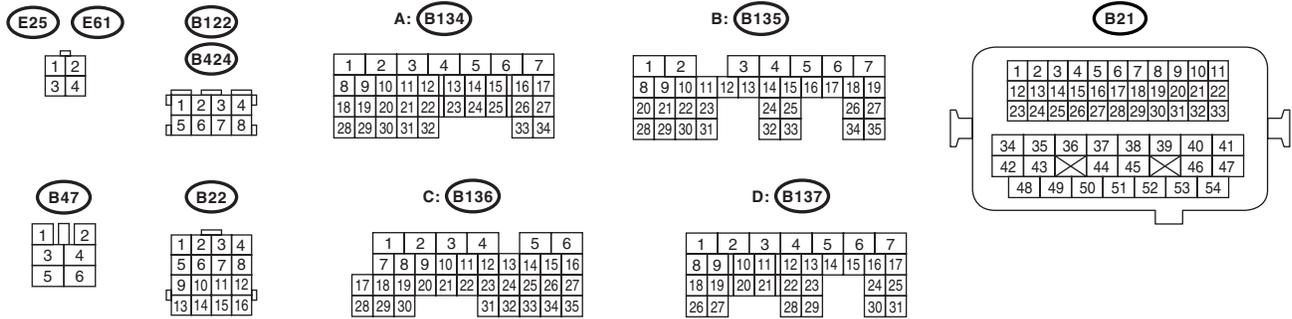
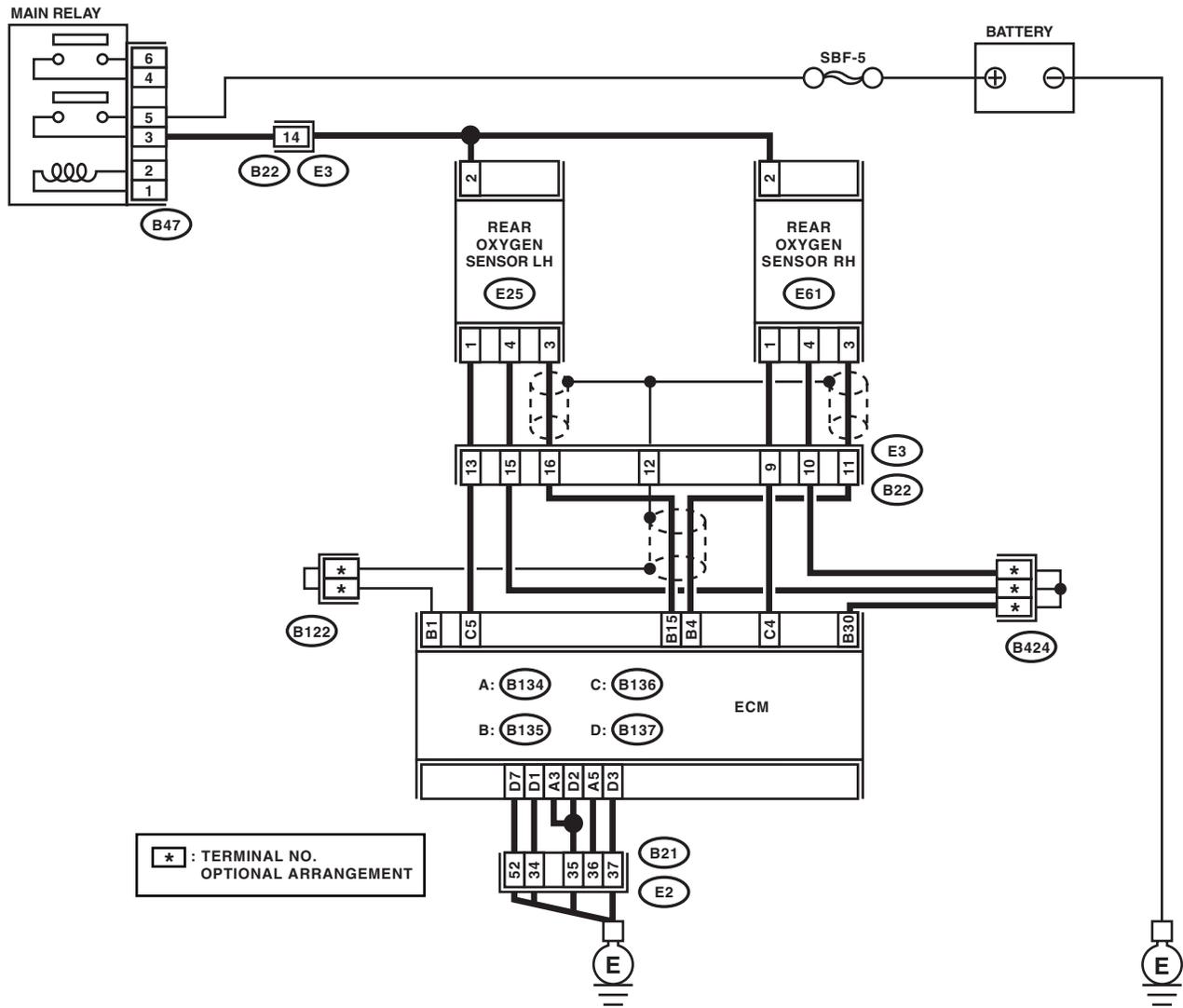
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|---|--|---|--|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0420. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 4 — (E61) No. 3:</i> <i>(B134) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4:</i> <i>(B134) No. 15 — (E25) No. 3:</i> <i>(B134) No. 30 — (E25) No. 4:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 3. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. |
| 3 | CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B135) No. 1 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. |
| 4 | CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check for gas leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts, and open hole at exhaust pipes. NOTE: Check the following positions. • Between cylinder head and front exhaust pipe • Between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter • Between front catalytic converter and rear catalytic converter | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair or replace the exhaust system. <Ref. to EX(H6DO)-2, General Description.> | Go to step 5. |
| 5 | CHECK CATALYTIC CONVERTER. | Is there damage on rear face or front face of catalytic converter? | Replace the catalytic converter. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-3, Front Catalytic Converter.> | Contact the SOA service center. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CC:DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-124, DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Fuel odor
- There is a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in evaporation system or fuel tank.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|------|--|---|--|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> |
| 2 | CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Check the fuel filler cap. NOTE: The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain has caught while tightening. | Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely? | Go to step 3. Tighten fuel filler cap securely. |
| 3 | CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. | Is the fuel filler cap SUBARU genuine? | Go to step 4. Replace with a SUBARU genuine fuel filler cap. |
| 4 | CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE PACKING. | Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe? | Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-41, Fuel Filler Pipe.> |
| 5 | CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Connect the test mode connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Operate the drain valve. NOTE: Drain valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" for procedures. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-46, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> | Does the drain valve operate? | Go to step 6. Replace the drain valve. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-12, Drain Valve.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---|---|
| 6 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the purge control solenoid valve. NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" for procedures. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-46, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> | Does the purge control solenoid valve operate? | Go to step 7. | Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.> |
| 7 CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LINE. Turn the ignition switch to OFF. | Is there any hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. on evaporation line? | Repair or replace the evaporation line. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-48, Fuel Delivery, Return and Evaporation Lines.> | Go to step 8. |
| 8 CHECK CANISTER. | Is the canister damaged or is there a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in it? | Repair or replace the canister. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-5, Canister.> | Go to step 9. |
| 9 CHECK FUEL TANK. Remove the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-38, Fuel Tank.> | Is the fuel tank damaged or is there any hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in it? | Repair or replace the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-38, Fuel Tank.> | Go to step 10. |
| 10 CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROUBLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM. | Is there any hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia., crack, clogging, or disconnections, bend, misconnection of hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system? | Repair or replace the hoses or pipes. | Contact with SOA Service Center. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM connector. | Is there poor contact in ECM connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. (However, the possibility of poor contact still remains.) NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in drain valve connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN DRAIN VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from drain valve and ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between drain valve connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R143) No. 2 — Chassis ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair ground short circuit of harness between ECM and drain valve connector. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN DRAIN VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and drain valve connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 17 — (R143) No. 2: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and drain valve connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| 5 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. Measure the resistance between drain valve terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: | Is the resistance between 10 — 100 Ω ? | Go to step 6. | Replace the drain valve. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-12, Drain Valve.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO DRAIN VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between drain valve and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R143) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 7. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between main relay and drain valve • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of main relay connector |
| 7 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in drain valve connector. | Is there poor contact in drain valve connector? | Repair poor contact in drain valve connector. | Contact with SOA Service Center. |

CE:DTC P0448 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT SHORTED

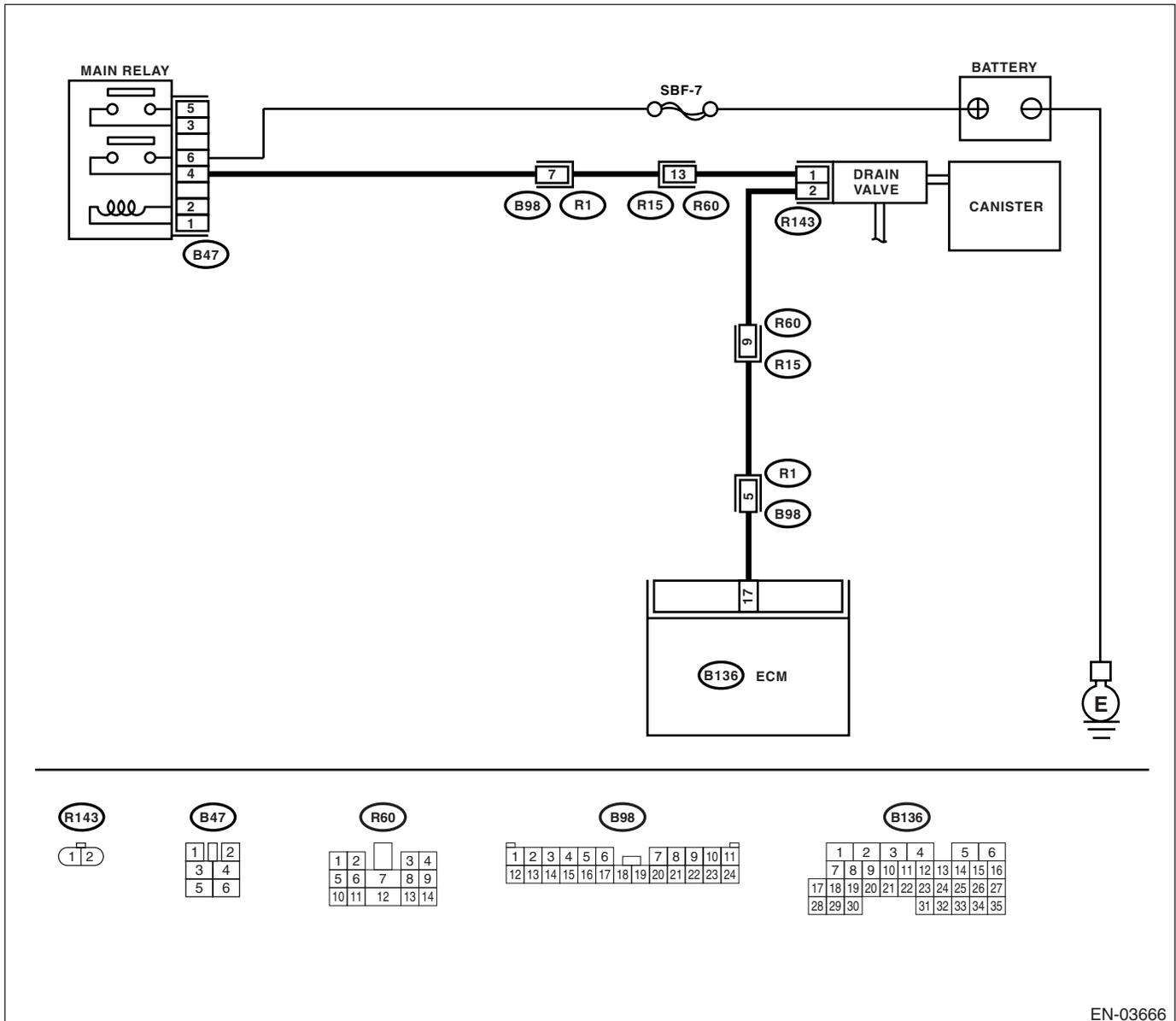
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-138, DTC P0448 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT SHORTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|---|
| 1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) While operating the drain valve, measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground. NOTE: Drain valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" for procedures. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-46, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> Connector & terminal (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage 0 — 10 V? | Go to step 2. | Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. In this case, repair the poor contact in ECM connector. |
| 2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 4. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM connector. | Is there poor contact in ECM connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN DRAIN VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from the drain valve. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Repair battery short circuit of harness between ECM and drain valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Go to step 5. |
| 5 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between drain valve terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Replace the drain valve <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-12, Drain Valve.> and ECM <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).>. | Go to step 6. |
| 6 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM connector. | Is there poor contact in ECM connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |

CF:DTC P0451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

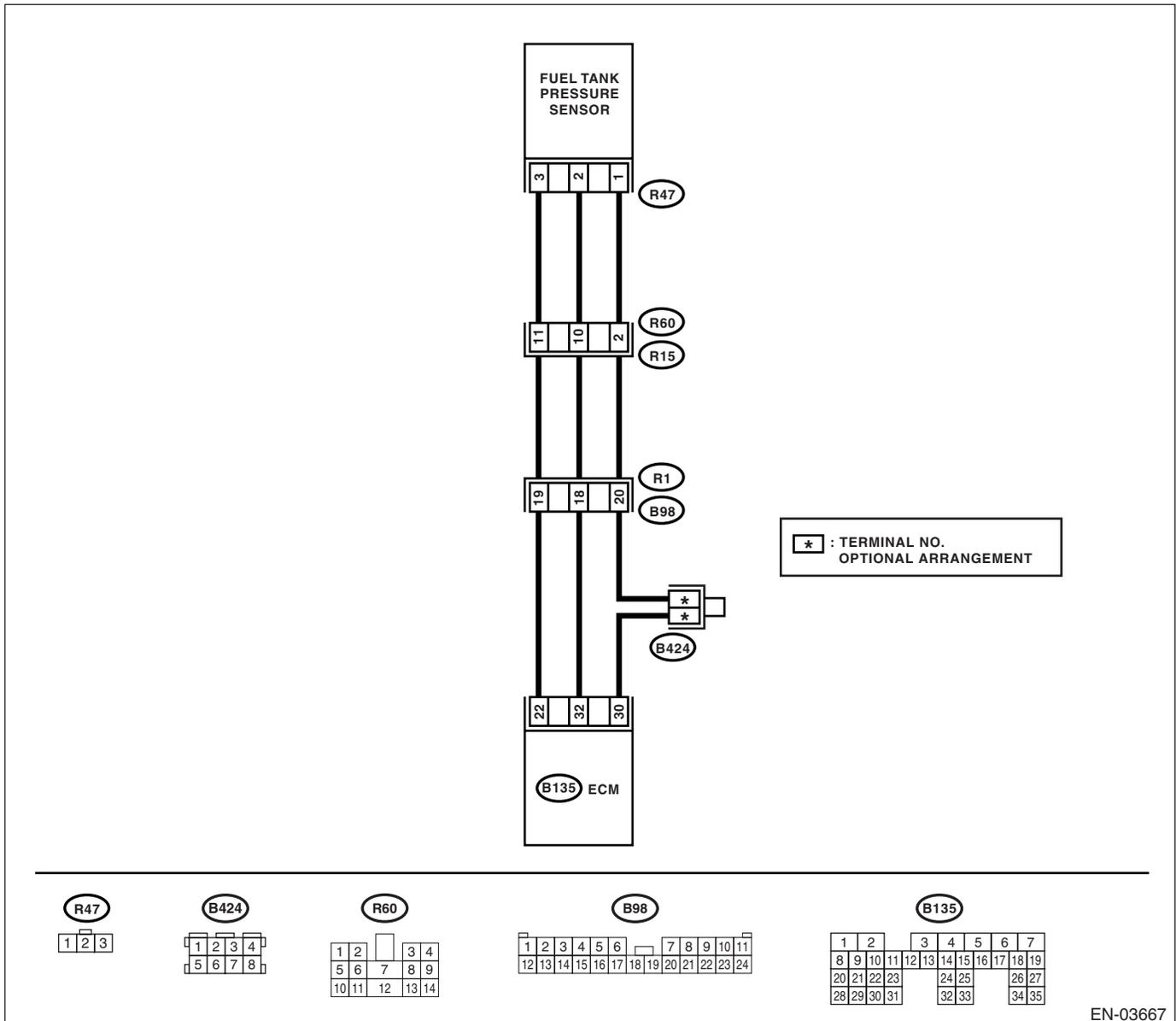
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-140, DTC P0451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Open the fuel flap. | Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely? | Go to step 3. | Tighten fuel filler cap securely. |
| 3 CHECK PRESSURE VACUUM LINE. NOTE: Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Disconnection, leakage and clogging of the vacuum hoses and pipes between fuel tank pressure sensor and fuel tank• Disconnection, leakage and clogging of the air ventilation hoses and pipes between fuel filler pipe and fuel tank | Is there a fault in pressure/vacuum line? | Repair or replace the hoses and pipes. | Replace the fuel tank pressure sensor. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-10, Fuel Tank Pressure Sensor.> |

CG:DTC P0452 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR LOW INPUT

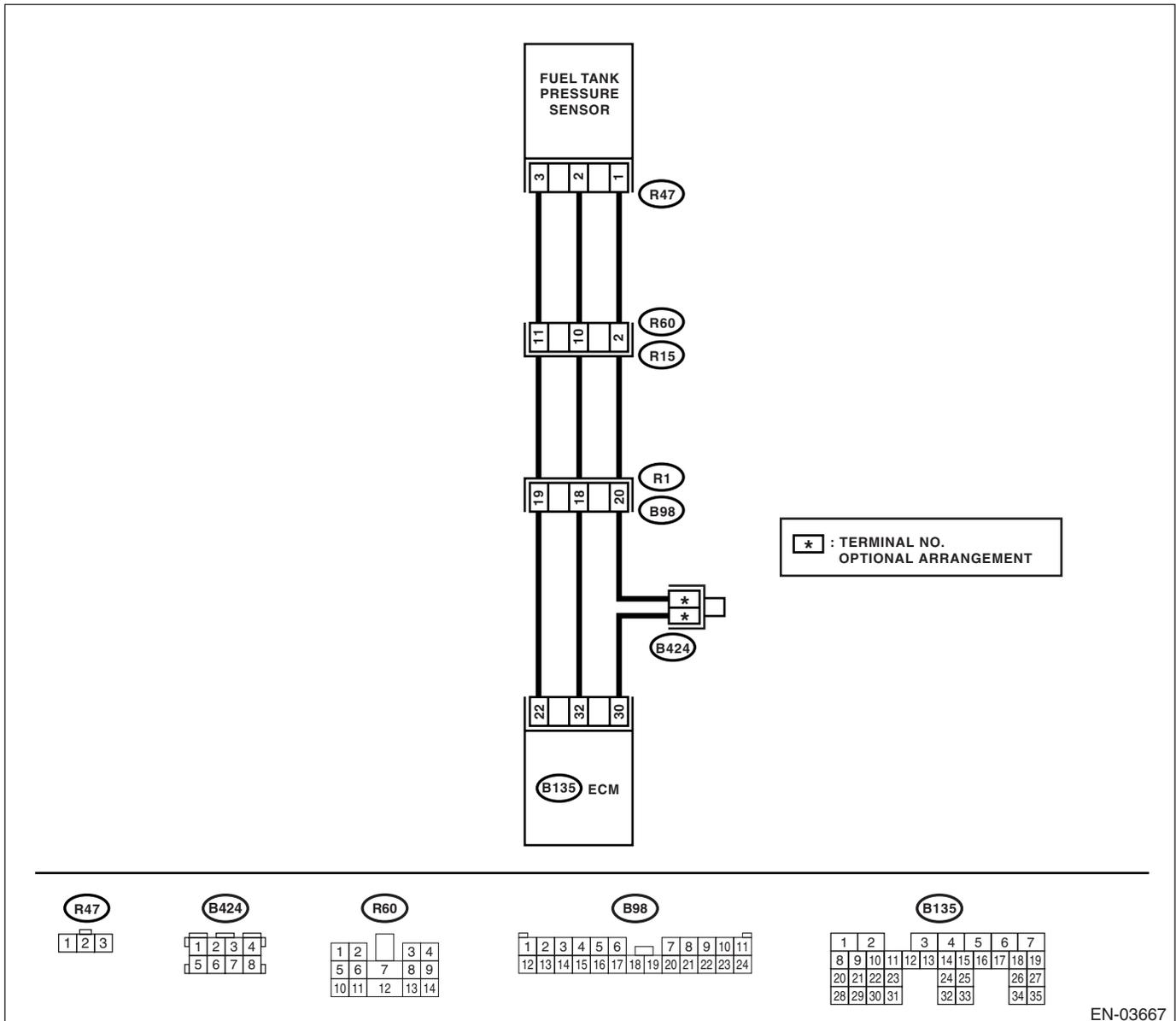
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-142, DTC P0452 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the fuel filler cap. 3) Install the fuel filler cap. 4) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 5) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the measured value less than -2.8 kPa (-21.0 mmHg, -0.827 inHg)? | Go to step 2. | Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. |
| 2 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 4.5 V? | Go to step 4. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Does the voltage change by shaking the ECM harness and connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Contact with SOA Service Center. |
| 4 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 32 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage less than 0.2 V? | Go to step 6. | Go to step 5. |
| 5 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR). Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Does the measured value change by shaking ECM harness and connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Go to step 6. |
| 6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the rear seat cushion. 3) Separate rear wiring harness and fuel tank cord. 4) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 5) Measure the voltage between rear wiring harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R15) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 4.5 V? | Go to step 7. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|---|
| <p>7</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 30 — (R15) No. 2:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 8.</p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector |
| <p>8</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. Measure the resistance of harness between rear wiring harness connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (R15) No. 2 — Chassis ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?</p> | <p>Go to step 9.</p> | <p>Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector.</p> |
| <p>9</p> <p>CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Disconnect the connector from fuel tank pressure sensor. 2) Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (R60) No. 11 — (R47) No. 3:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 10.</p> | <p>Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord.</p> |
| <p>10</p> <p>CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (R60) No. 2 — (R47) No. 1:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 11.</p> | <p>Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord.</p> |
| <p>11</p> <p>CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. Measure the resistance of harness between fuel tank pressure sensor connector and engine ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (R47) No. 2 — Chassis ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?</p> | <p>Go to step 12.</p> | <p>Repair ground short circuit in fuel tank cord.</p> |
| <p>12</p> <p>CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector.</p> | <p>Is there poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector?</p> | <p>Repair poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector.</p> | <p>Replace the fuel tank pressure sensor. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-10, Fuel Tank Pressure Sensor.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CH:DTC P0453 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR HIGH INPUT

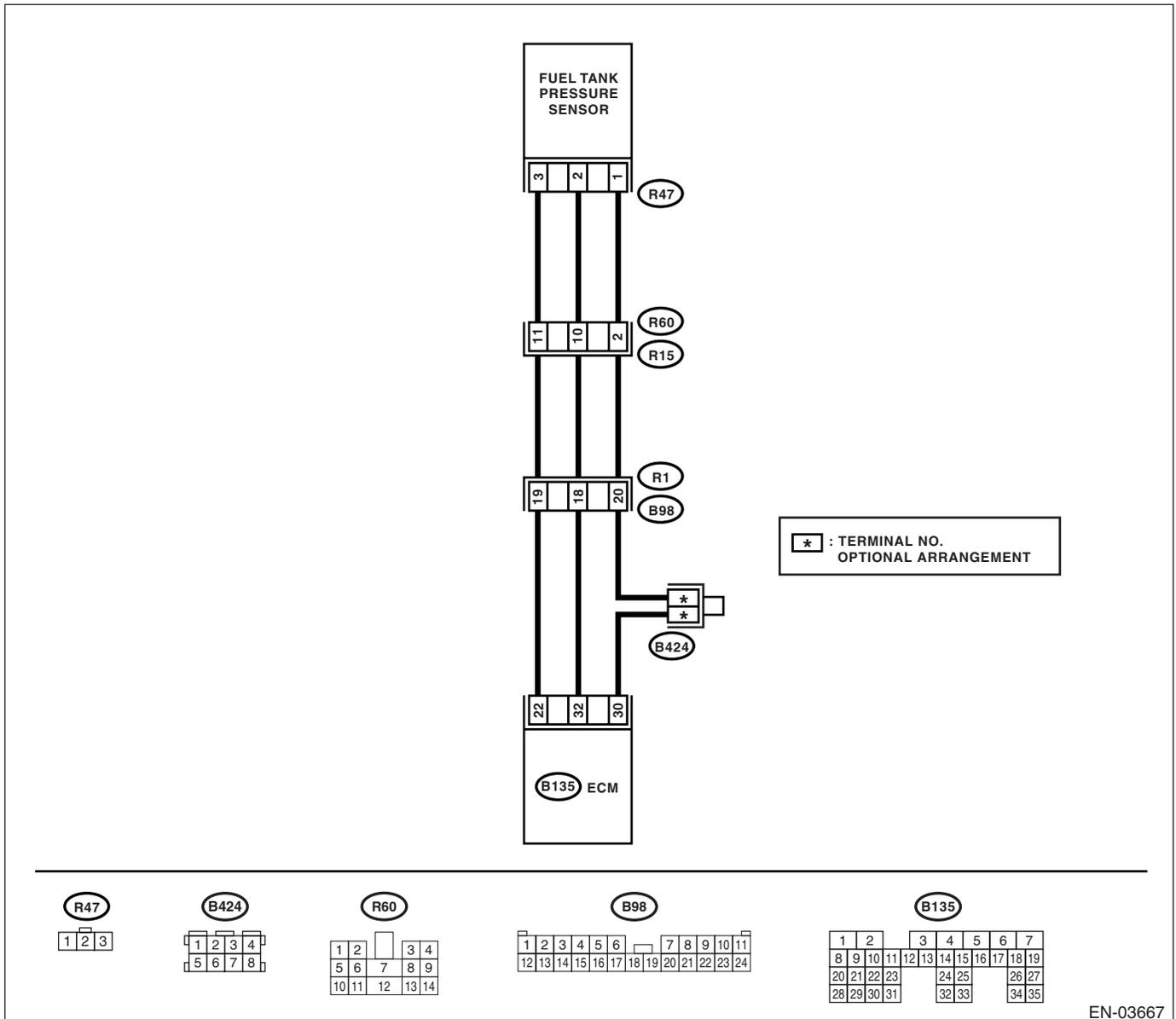
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-144, DTC P0453 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03667

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the fuel filler cap. 3) Install the fuel filler cap. 4) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 5) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the measured value 2.8 kPa (21.0 mmHg, 0.827 inHg) or more? | Go to step 11. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 4.5 V? | Go to step 4. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Does the measured value change by shaking ECM harness and connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 4 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 32 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage less than 0.2 V? | Go to step 6. | Go to step 5. |
| 5 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR). Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Does the measured value change by shaking ECM harness and connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Go to step 6. |
| 6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the rear seat cushion. 3) Separate rear wiring harness and fuel tank cord. 4) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 5) Measure the voltage between rear wiring harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R15) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 4.5 V? | Go to step 7. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|---|
| <p>7 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 32 — (R15) No. 10: (B135) No. 30 — (R15) No. 2:</p> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 8. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| <p>8 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD.</p> <p>1) Disconnect the connector from fuel tank pressure sensor. 2) Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (R60) No. 10 — (R47) No. 2:</p> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 9. | Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord. |
| <p>9 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD.</p> <p>Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (R60) No. 2 — (R47) No. 1:</p> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 10. | Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord. |
| <p>10 CHECK POOR CONTACT.</p> <p>Check poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector.</p> | Is there poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector? | Repair poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector. | Replace the fuel tank pressure sensor. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-10, Fuel Tank Pressure Sensor.> |
| <p>11 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel tank pressure sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor.</p> <p>NOTE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> | Is the measured value 2.8 kPa (21.0 mmHg, 0.827 inHg) or more? | Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and fuel tank pressure sensor connector. | Replace the fuel tank pressure sensor. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-10, Fuel Tank Pressure Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CI: DTC P0456 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (VERY SMALL LEAK)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-146, DTC P0456 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (VERY SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Fuel odor
- There is a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in evaporation system or fuel tank.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Check the fuel filler cap. NOTE: The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain was caught while tightening. | Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely? | Go to step 3. | Tighten fuel filler cap securely. |
| 3 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. | Is the fuel filler cap SUBARU genuine? | Go to step 4. | Replace with a SUBARU genuine fuel filler cap. |
| 4 CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE PACKING. | Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe? | Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-41, Fuel Filler Pipe.> | Go to step 5. |
| 5 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Connect the test mode connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Operate the drain valve. NOTE: Drain valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" for procedures. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-46, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> | Does the drain valve operate? | Go to step 6. | Replace the drain valve. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-12, Drain Valve.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|---|
| 6 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the purge control solenoid valve. NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" for procedures. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-46, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> | Does the purge control solenoid valve operate? | Go to step 7. | Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.> |
| 7 CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LINE. Turn the ignition switch to OFF. | Is there any hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. on evaporation line? | Repair or replace the evaporation line. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-48, Fuel Delivery, Return and Evaporation Lines.> | Go to step 8. |
| 8 CHECK CANISTER. | Is the canister damaged or is there a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in it? | Repair or replace the canister. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-5, Canister.> | Go to step 9. |
| 9 CHECK FUEL TANK. Remove the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-38, Fuel Tank.> | Is the fuel tank damaged or is there any hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in it? | Repair or replace the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-38, Fuel Tank.> | Go to step 10. |
| 10 CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROUBLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM. | Is there any hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia., crack, clogging, or disconnections, bend, misconnection of hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system? | Repair or replace the hoses or pipes. | Contact with SOA Service Center. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CJ:DTC P0457 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (FUEL CAP LOOSE/OFF)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-146, DTC P0457 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (FUEL CAP LOOSE/OFF), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Fuel odor
- Fuel filler cap loose or lost

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Check the fuel filler cap. NOTE: The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain has caught while tightening. | Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely? | Go to step 3. | Tighten fuel filler cap securely. |
| 3 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. | Is the fuel filler cap SUBARU genuine? | Go to step 4. | Replace with a SUBARU genuine fuel filler cap. |
| 4 CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE PACKING. | Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe? | Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-41, Fuel Filler Pipe.> | Go to step 5. |
| 5 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Connect the test mode connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Operate the drain valve. NOTE: Drain valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" for procedures. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-46, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> | Does the drain valve operate? | Go to step 6. | Replace the drain valve. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-12, Drain Valve.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|--|---|
| 6 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the purge control solenoid valve. NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" for procedures. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-46, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> | Does the purge control solenoid valve operate? | Go to step 7. | Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.> |
| 7 CHECK CANISTER. | Is the canister damaged? | Repair or replace the canister. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-5, Canister.> | Go to step 8. |
| 8 CHECK FUEL TANK. Remove the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-38, Fuel Tank.> | Is the fuel tank damaged? | Repair or replace the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-38, Fuel Tank.> | Go to step 9. |
| 9 CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROUBLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM. | Are there holes of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia., cracks, clogging, or disconnections, misconnection of hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system? | Repair or replace the hoses or pipes. | Contact with SOA Service Center. |

CK:DTC P0458 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-147, DTC P0458 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

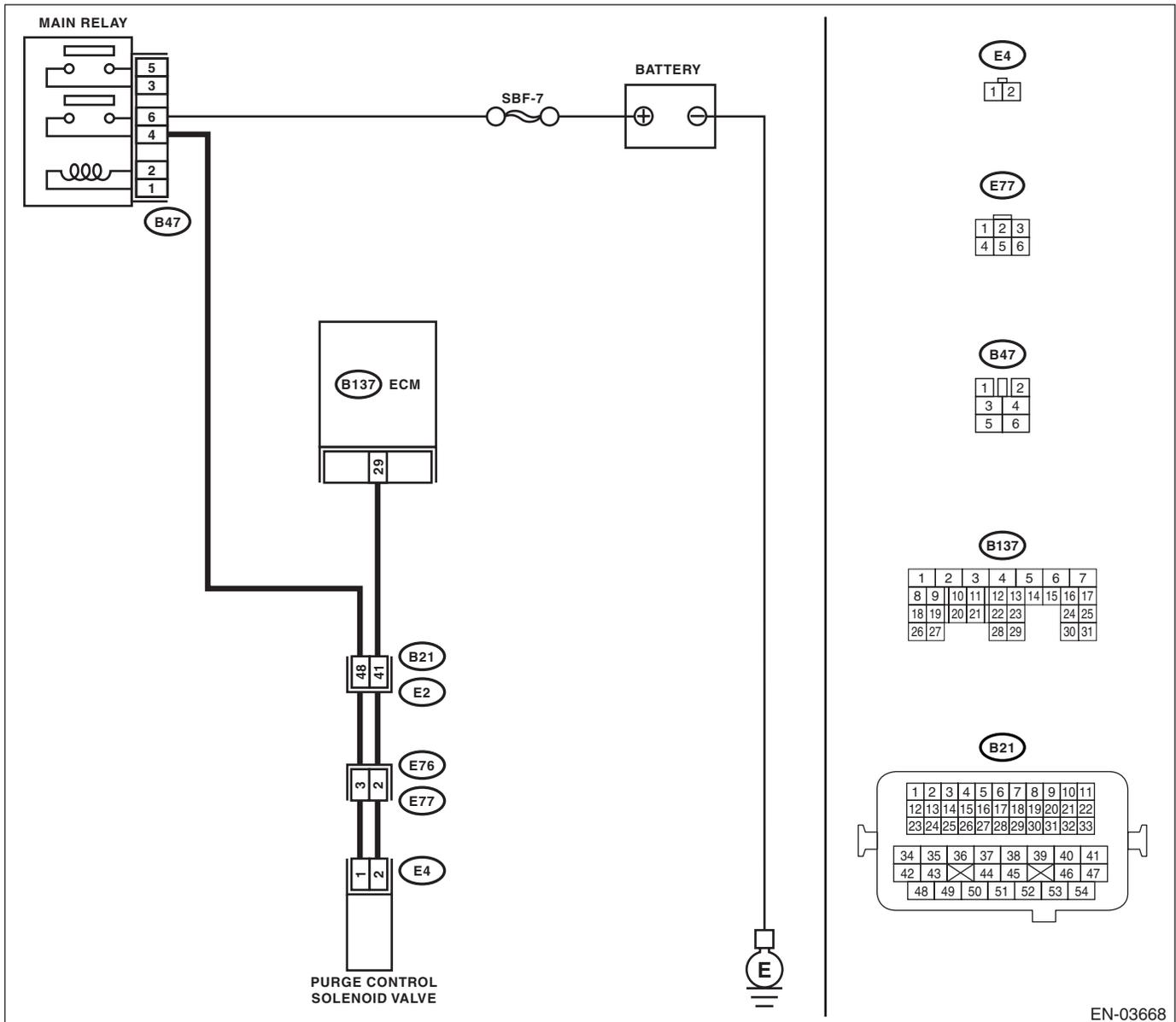
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03668

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|--|
| 1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from purge control solenoid valve and ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between purge control solenoid valve connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E4) No. 2 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 3. | Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 — (E4) No. 2: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| 4 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the purge control solenoid valve. 2) Measure the resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: | Is the resistance between 10 — 100 Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.> |
| 5 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between purge control solenoid valve and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E4) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 6. | Repair the open circuit of harness between main relay and purge control solenoid valve connector. |
| 6 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of purge control solenoid valve connector. | Is there poor contact of purge control solenoid valve connector? | Repair the poor contact of purge control solenoid valve connector. | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CL:DTC P0459 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-149, DTC P0459 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

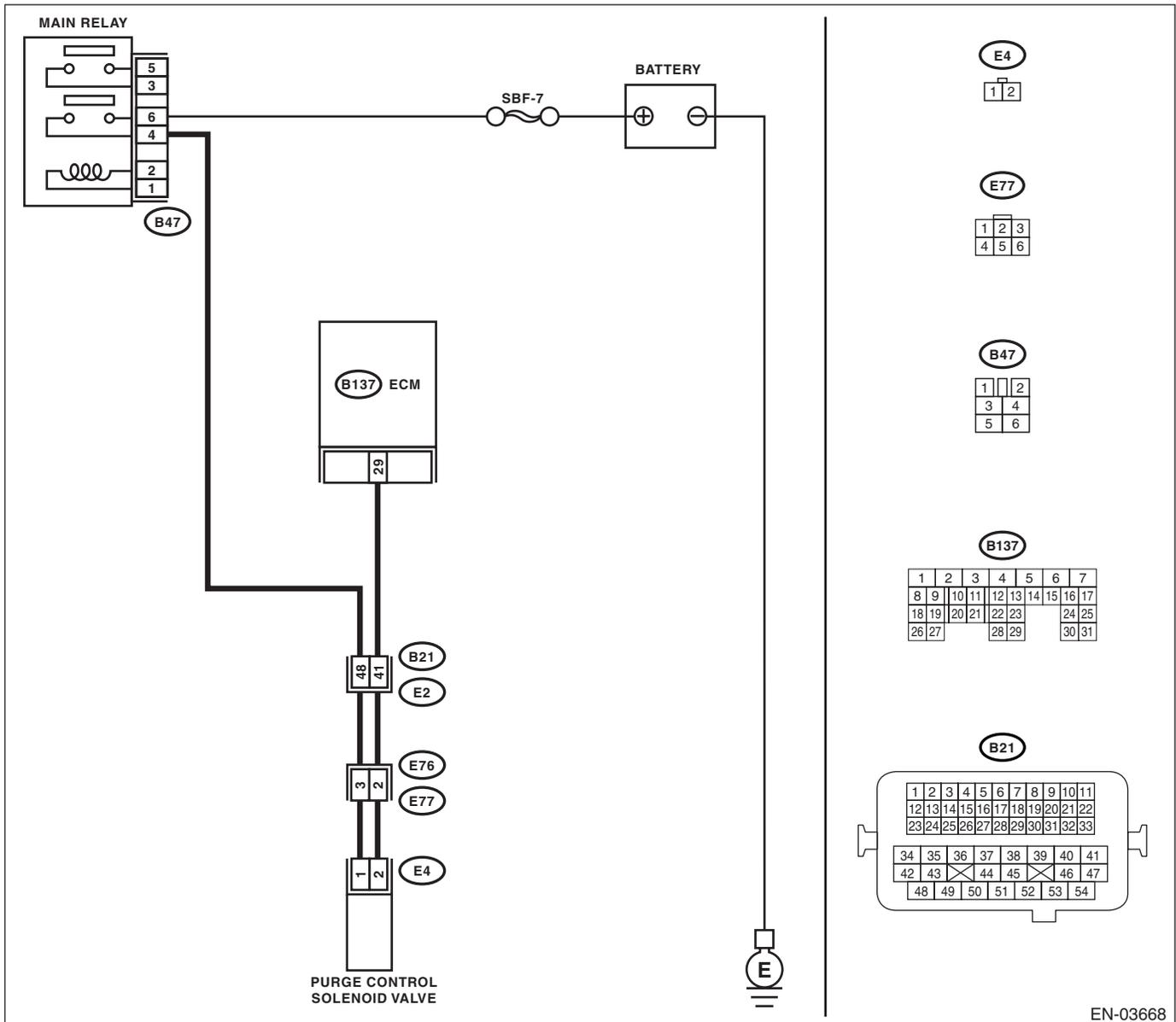
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03668

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--|---|
| 1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground while operating the purge control solenoid valve. NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" for procedures. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-46, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage 0 — 10 V? | Go to step 2. | Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. In this case, repair the poor contact in ECM connector. |
| 2 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Go to step 4. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM connector. | Is there poor contact in ECM connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from purge control solenoid valve. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Go to step 5. |
| 5 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Replace the purge control solenoid valve <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.> and ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Go to step 6. |
| 6 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM connector. | Is there poor contact in ECM connector? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CM:DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-151, DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0461. | Replace the fuel level sensor and fuel sub level sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-45, Fuel Level Sensor.> <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-46, Fuel Sub Level Sensor.> |

CN:DTC P0462 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0463. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-293, DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CO:DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-155, DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is DTC P0462 or P0463 displayed on the Subaru Select Monitor? | Check the combination meter. <Ref. to IDI-11, Combination Meter.> | Temporary poor contact occurs. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CP:DTC P0464 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT INTERMITTENT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-157, DTC P0464 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT INTERMITTENT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is DTC P0464 displayed on the display? | Check the combination meter. <Ref. to IDI-11, Combination Meter.> | Temporary poor contact occurs. |

CQ:DTC P0483 COOLING FAN RATIONALITY CHECK

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-160, DTC P0483 COOLING FAN RATIONALITY CHECK, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Occurrence of noise
- Overheating

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

NOTE:

If the vehicle, with the engine idling, is placed very close to a wall or another vehicle, preventing normal cooling function, the OBD system may detect malfunction.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Check radiator fan, fan motor and thermostat and if thermostat is stuck, replace thermostat. <Ref. to CO(H6DO)-21, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> <Ref. to CO(H6DO)-25, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CR:DTC P0500 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-161, DTC P0500 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| | Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 1 | CHECK DTC OF VDC. Check DTC of VDC. | Is DTC of VDC displayed? | Perform the diagnosis according to DTC. <Ref. to VDC(diag)-34, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Repair the poor contact of ECM. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CS:DTC P0506 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM LOWER THAN EXPECTED

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-163, DTC P0506 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM LOWER THAN EXPECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start the engine.
- Engine does not start.
- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| | Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0506. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK AIR CLEANER ELEMENT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Check the air cleaner element. | Is the air cleaner element excessively clogged? | Replace the air cleaner element. <Ref. to IN(H6DO)-4, Air Cleaner Element.> | Go to step 3. |
| 3 | CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the electronic throttle control. 3) Check the electronic throttle control. | Are foreign matter found inside electronic throttle control? | Remove foreign matter from electronic throttle control. | Perform the diagnosis of DTC P2101. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CT:DTC P0507 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM HIGHER THAN EXPECTED

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-165, DTC P0507 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM HIGHER THAN EXPECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Engine keeps running at higher speed than specified idle speed.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0507. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Start and idle the engine. 3) Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Loose installation of intake manifold and throttle body• Cracks of intake manifold gasket and throttle body gasket• Disconnection of vacuum hoses | Is there any fault in air intake system? | Repair air suction and leaks. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the electronic throttle control. 3) Check the electronic throttle control. | Are foreign matter found inside electronic throttle control? | Remove foreign matter from electronic throttle control. | Perform the diagnosis of DTC P2101. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CU:DTC P0512 STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-167, DTC P0512 STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Failure of engine to start

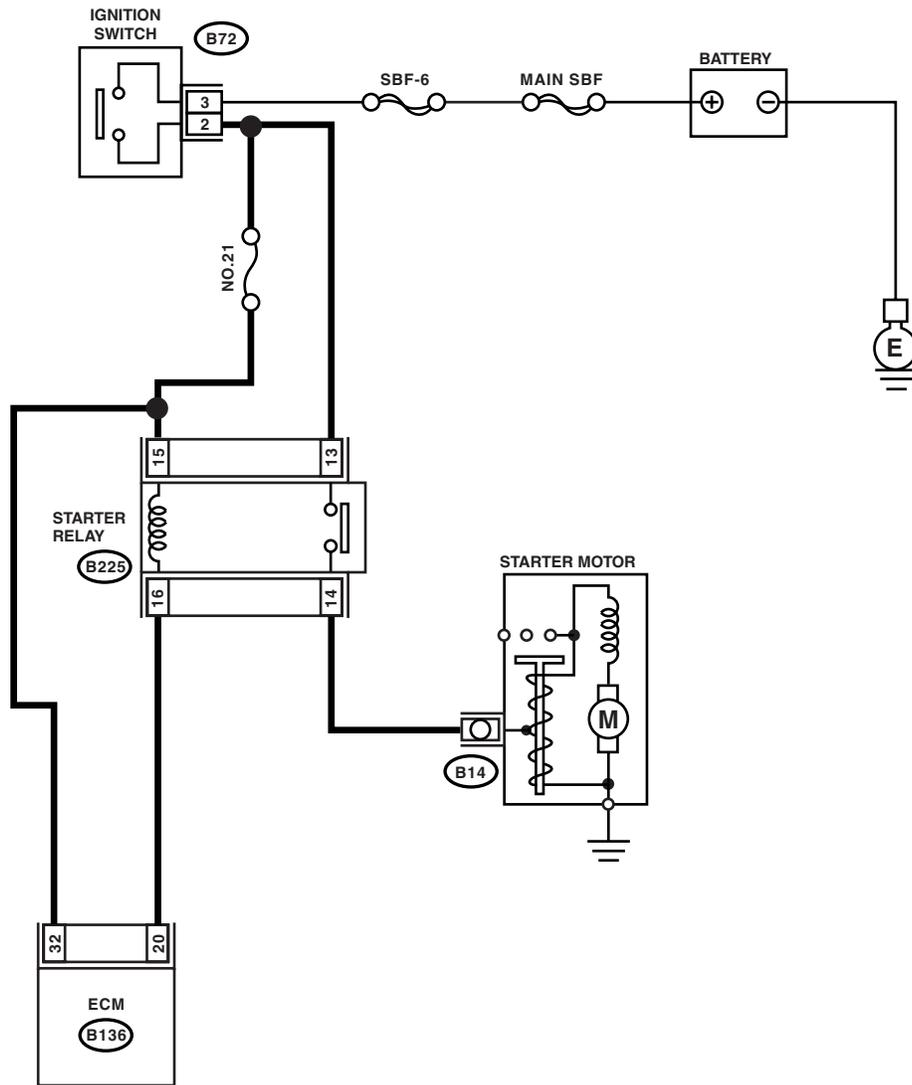
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



(B72)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 |

(B136)

| | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | |

(B225)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | 2 | 9 | 13 | 17 | 21 |
| 3 | 4 | 10 | 14 | 18 | 22 |
| 5 | 6 | 11 | 15 | 19 | 23 |
| 7 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 |
| | | 25 | 29 | 33 | 37 |
| | | 26 | 30 | 34 | 38 |
| | | 27 | 28 | 31 | 32 |
| | | | | 35 | 36 |
| | | | | 39 | 40 |

EN-03735

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---|
| 1 CHECK OPERATION OF STARTER MOTOR. Turn the ignition switch to ON. NOTE: Place the inhibitor switch in each position. | Does the starter motor operate? | Repair the battery short circuit in starter motor circuit. | Check the starter motor circuit. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-58, STARTER MOTOR CIRCUIT, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.> |

CV:DTC P0519 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM MALFUNCTION (FAIL-SAFE)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-169, DTC P0519 IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM MALFUNCTION (FAIL-SAFE), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Engine keeps running at higher speed than specified idle speed.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0519. | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Start and idle the engine. 3) Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loose installation of intake manifold and throttle body • Cracks of intake manifold gasket and throttle body gasket • Disconnection of vacuum hoses | Is there any fault in air intake system? | Repair air suction and leaks. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the electronic throttle control. 3) Check the electronic throttle control. | Are foreign matter found inside electronic throttle control? | Remove foreign matter from electronic throttle control. | Perform the diagnosis of DTC P2101. |

CW:DTC P0600 SERIAL COMMUNICATION LINK

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to LAN section. <Ref. to LAN(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CX:DTC P0604 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-171, DTC P0604 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine does not start.
- Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Temporary poor contact occurs. |

CY:DTC P0605 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE READ ONLY MEMORY (ROM) ERROR

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0607. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-302, DTC P0607 CONTROL MODULE PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CZ:DTC P0607 CONTROL MODULE PERFORMANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-173, DTC P0607 CONTROL MODULE PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

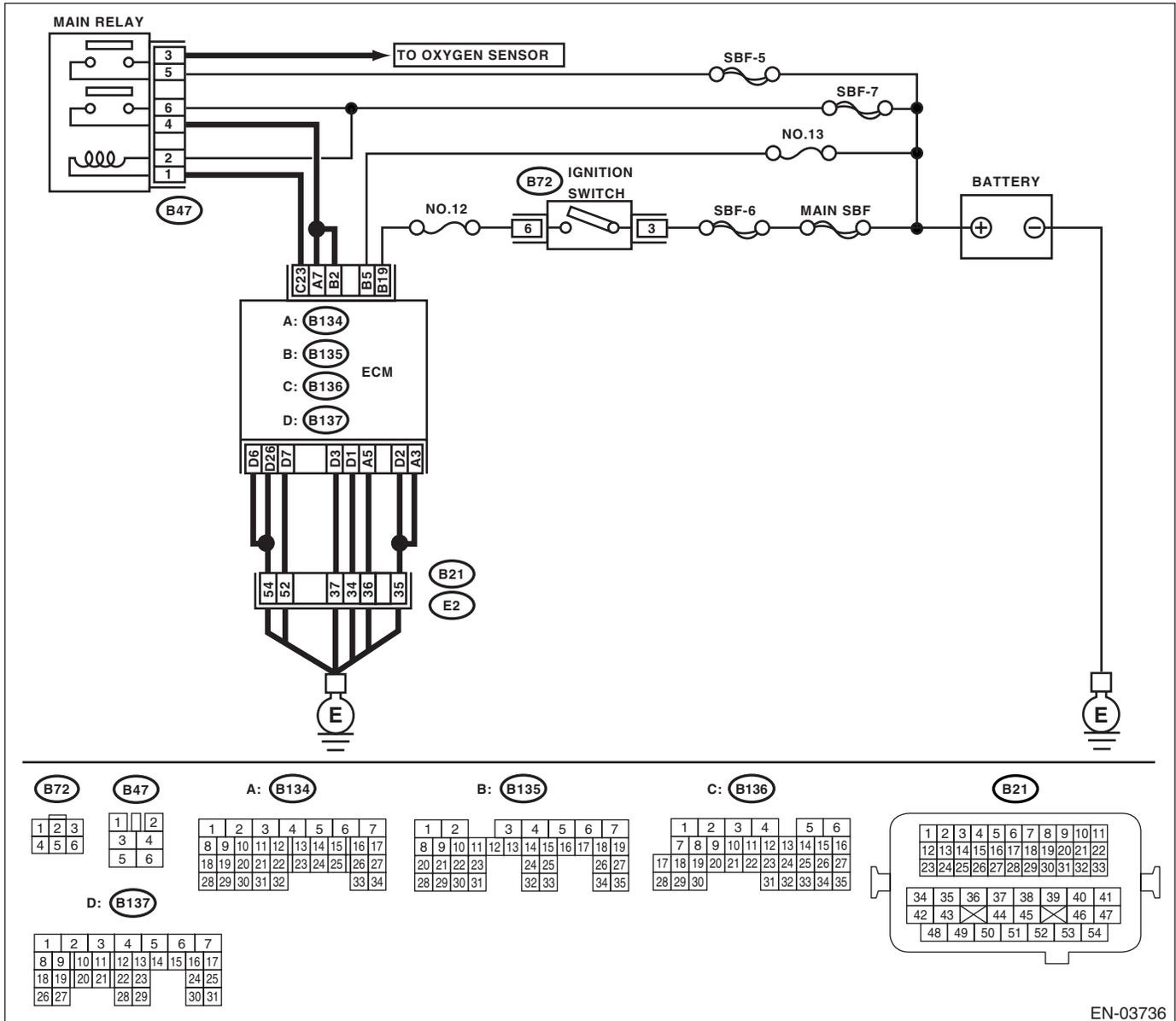
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03736

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|-------------------------------|---|--|
| 1 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE FROM ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage 10 — 13 V? | Go to step 2. | Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit. |
| 2 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE FROM ECM. 1) Start the engine. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage 13 — 15 V? | Go to step 3. | Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit. |
| 3 CHECK ECM GROUND HARNESS. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B134) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B137) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B137) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B137) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B137) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage less than 1 V? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Further tighten the engine ground terminal. |

DA:DTC P0638 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-360, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

DB:DTC P0691 COOLING FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-179, DTC P0691 COOLING FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Radiator fan does not operate properly.
- Overheating

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is DTC P0691 displayed? | Check the radiator fan system. <Ref. to CO(H6DO)-7, Radiator Fan System.> | Temporary poor contact occurs. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DC:DTC P0692 COOLING FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-180, DTC P0692 COOLING FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Radiator fan does not operate properly.
- Overheating

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is DTC P0692 displayed? | Check the radiator fan system. <Ref. to CO(H6DO)-7, Radiator Fan System.> | Temporary poor contact occurs. |

DD:DTC P0700 TRANSMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (MIL REQUEST)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to AT section. <Ref. to 5AT(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

DE:DTC P1152 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (LOW) (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

NOTE:

For diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1153. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-305, DTC P1153 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

DF:DTC P1153 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-184, DTC P1153 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

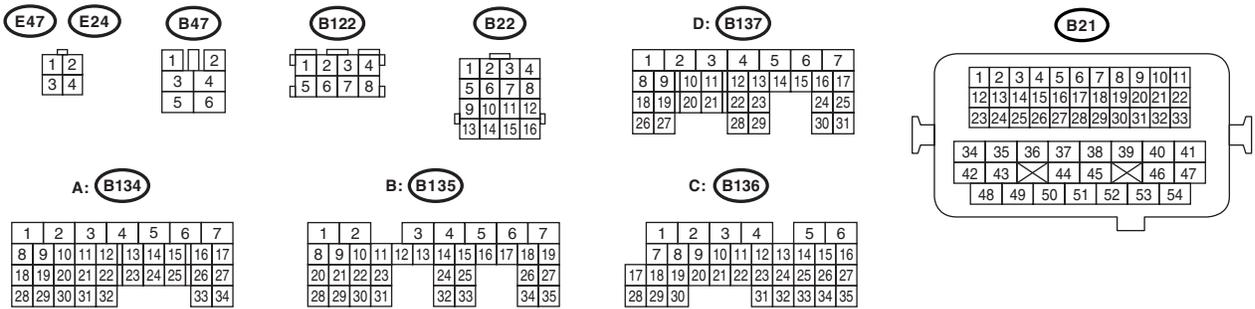
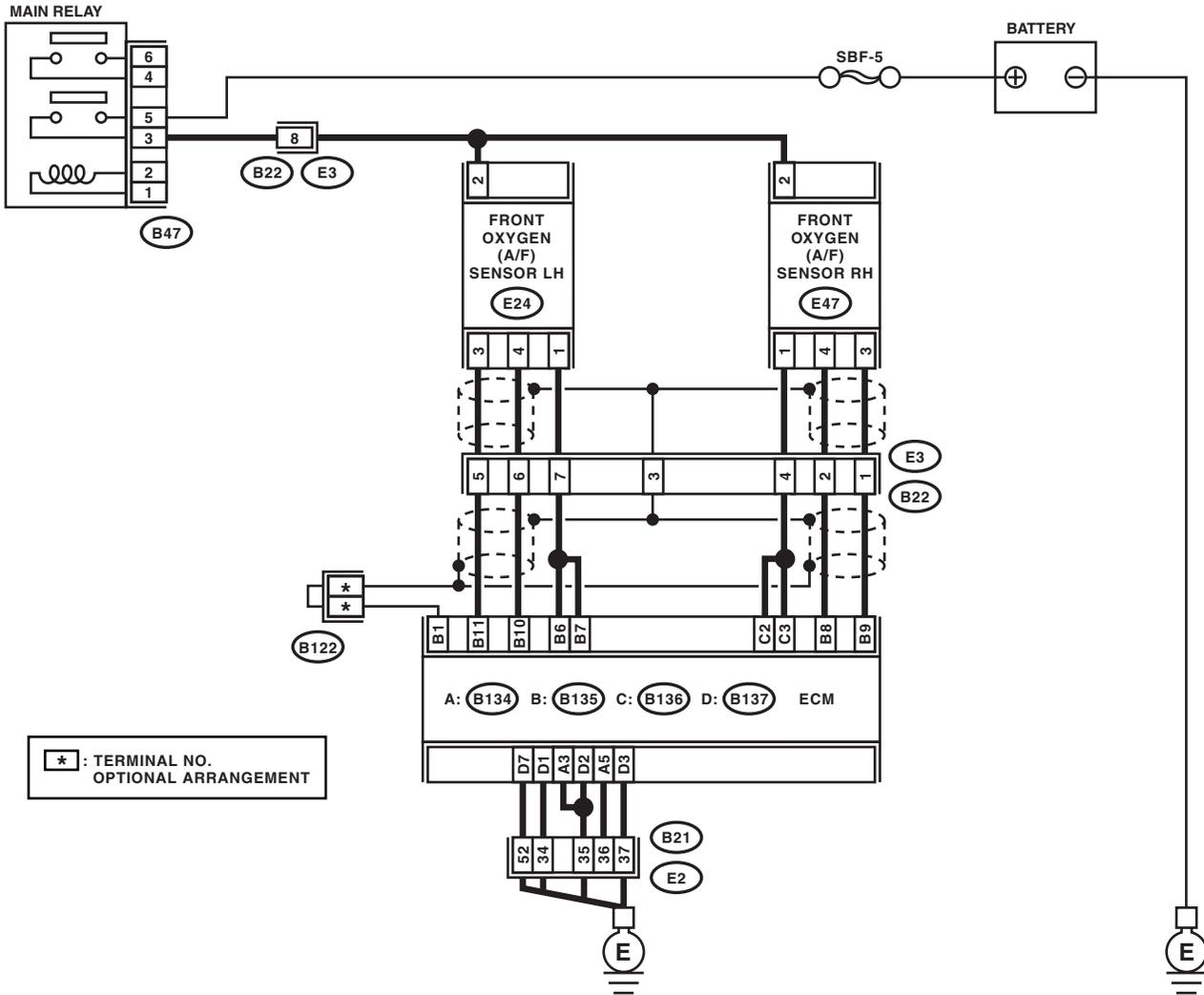
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|---|---|---|--|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) While observing the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool screen, warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 75°C (167°F). If the engine is already warmed-up, operate at idle speed for at least 1 minute. 3) Read data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the measured value within 0.86 — 1.15 at idle? | Go to step 3. | Go to step 4. |
| 3 | CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL. 1) Race engine at speeds from idling to 5,000 rpm for a total of 5 cycles. NOTE: To increase engine speed to 5,000 rpm, slowly depress accelerator pedal, taking approximately 5 seconds, and quickly release accelerator pedal to decrease engine speed. 2) Operate the LED operation mode for engine. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "LED OPERATION MODE FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Does the LED of {Rear O2 Rich Signal} blink? | Check front oxygen (A/F) sensor circuit. | Check rear oxygen sensor circuit. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |
| 4 | CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Looseness of part installation • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts • Looseness of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor • Looseness or ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair or replace faulty parts. | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DG:DTC P1154 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (LOW) (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

NOTE:

For diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1155. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-309, DTC P1155 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

DH:DTC P1155 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-186, DTC P1155 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

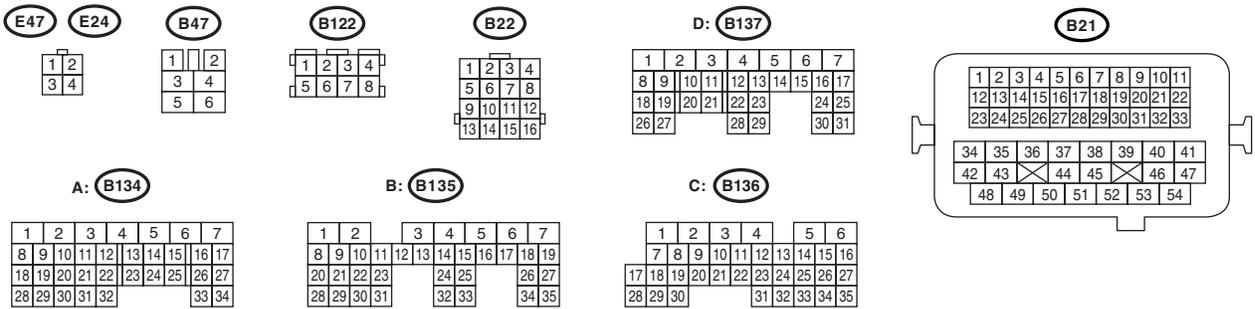
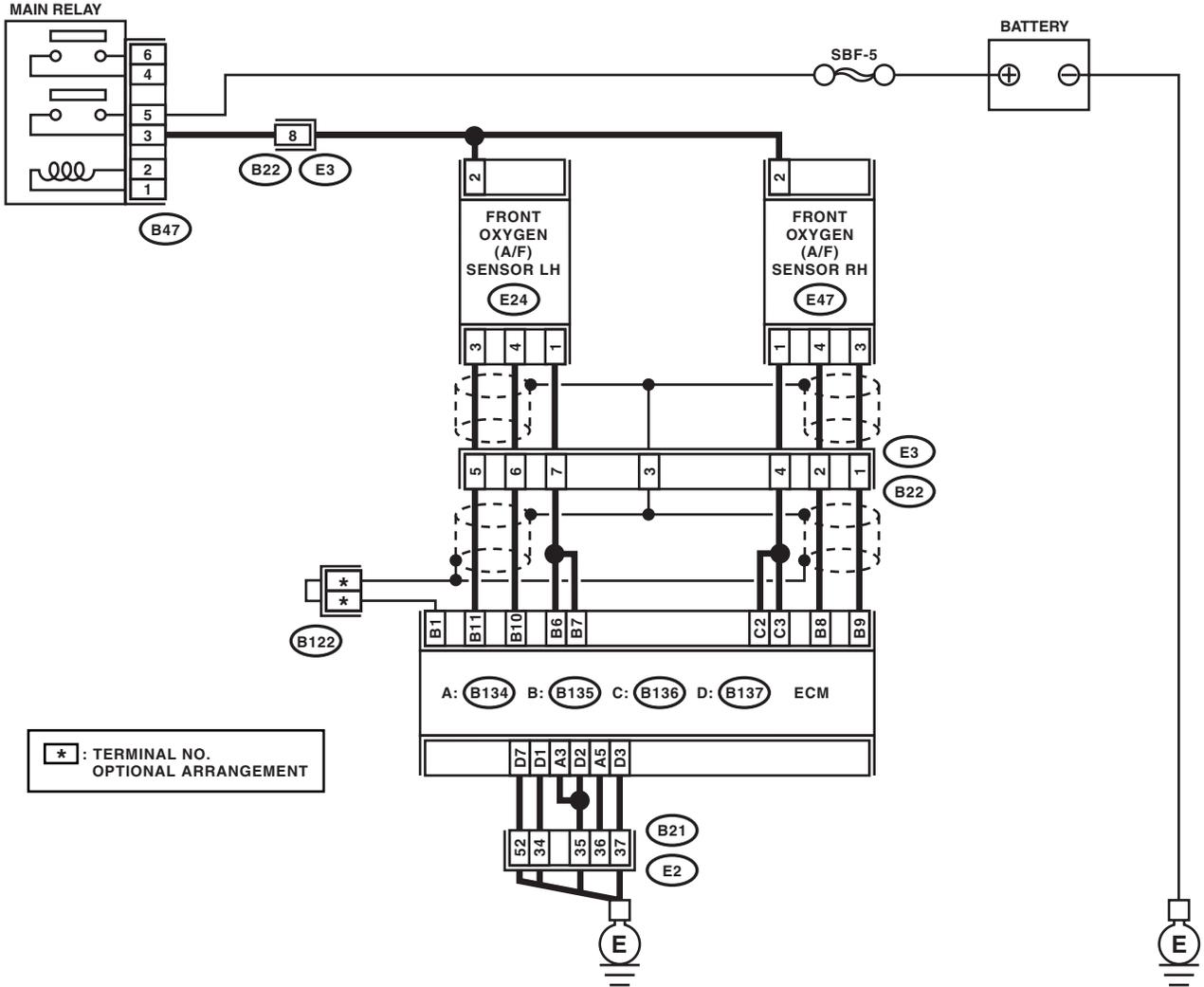
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) While observing the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool screen, warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 75°C (167°F). If the engine is already warmed-up, operate at idle speed for at least 1 minute. 3) Read data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the measured value within 0.86 — 1.15 at idle? | Go to step 3. | Go to step 4. |
| 3 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL. 1) Race engine at speeds from idling to 5,000 rpm for a total of 5 cycles. NOTE: To increase engine speed to 5,000 rpm, slowly depress accelerator pedal, taking approximately 5 seconds, and quickly release accelerator pedal to decrease engine speed. 2) Operate the LED operation mode for engine. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "LED OPERATION MODE FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Does the LED of {Rear O2 Rich Signal} blink? | Check front oxygen (A/F) sensor circuit. | Check rear oxygen sensor circuit. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |
| 4 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Looseness of part installation • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts • Looseness of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor • Looseness or ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair or replace faulty parts. | Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-28, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DI: DTC P1160 RETURN SPRING FAILURE

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-360, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DJ:DTC P1443 VENT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE FUNCTION PROBLEM

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-189, DTC P1443 VENT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE FUNCTION PROBLEM, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

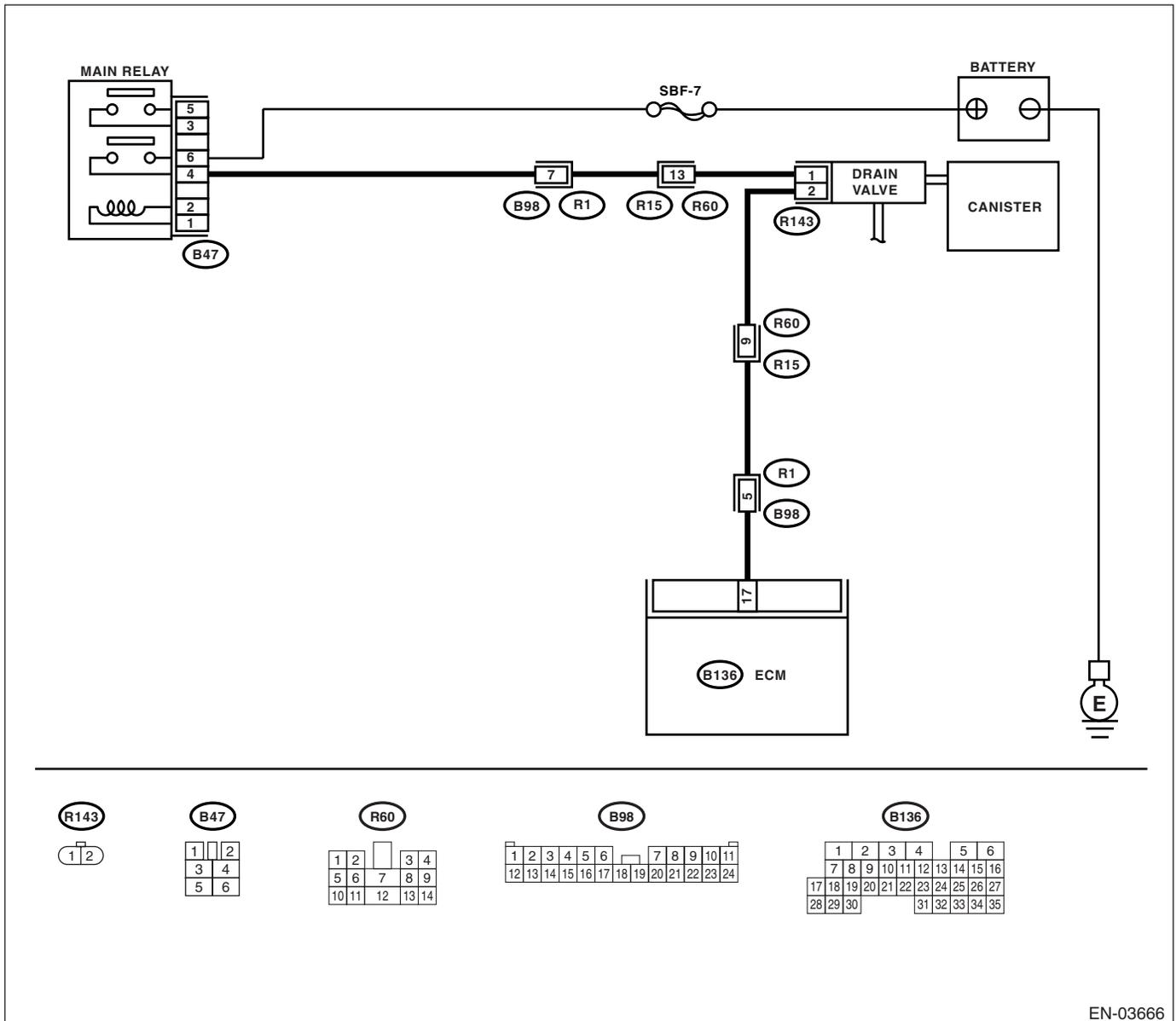
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper fuel supply

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03666

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--------------------------------|---|--|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 CHECK VENT LINE HOSES. Check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clogging of vent hoses between canister and drain valve • Clogging of vent hose between drain valve and air filter • Clogging of drain filter | Is there a fault in vent line? | Repair or replace faulty parts. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK DRAIN VALVE OPERATION. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Operate the drain valve. NOTE: Drain valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" for procedures. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-46, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> | Does the drain valve operate? | Contact with SOA Service Center. | Replace the drain valve. <Ref. to EC(H6DO)-12, Drain Valve.> |

DK:DTC P1518 STARTER SWITCH CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-191, DTC P1518 STARTER SWITCH CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Failure of engine to start

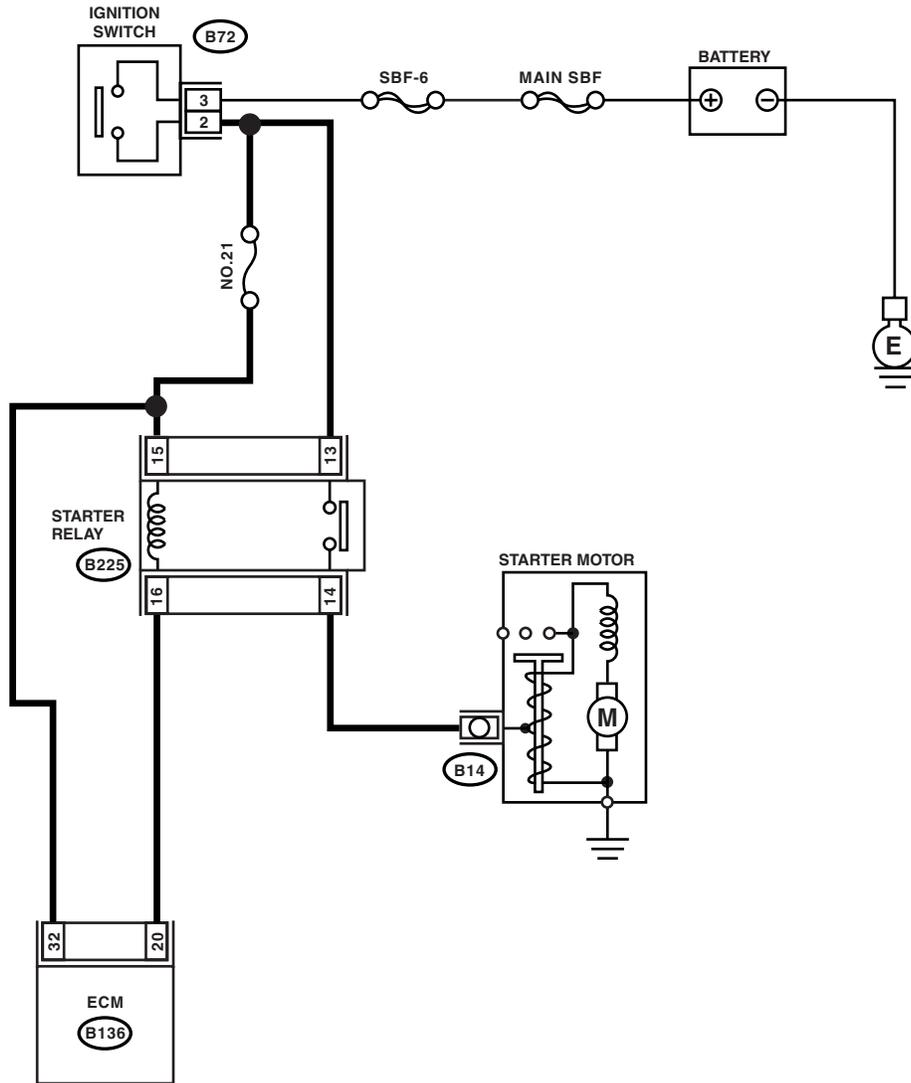
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



(B72)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 |

(B136)

| | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | |

(B225)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | 2 | 9 | 13 | 17 | 21 |
| 3 | 4 | 10 | 14 | 18 | 22 |
| 5 | 6 | 11 | 15 | 19 | 23 |
| 7 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 |
| | | 25 | 29 | 33 | 37 |
| | | 26 | 30 | 34 | 38 |
| | | 27 | 28 | 31 | 32 |
| | | | | 35 | 36 |
| | | | | 39 | 40 |

EN-03735

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|--|---|
| 1 CHECK OPERATION OF STARTER MOTOR. Place the inhibitor switch in "P" or "N" range. | Does the starter motor operate when ignition switch is turned to START? | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Open or ground short circuit of harness between ECM and starter motor connector• Poor contact in ECM connector | Check the starter motor circuit. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-58, STARTER MOTOR CIRCUIT, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DL:DTC P1560 BACK-UP VOLTAGE CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION

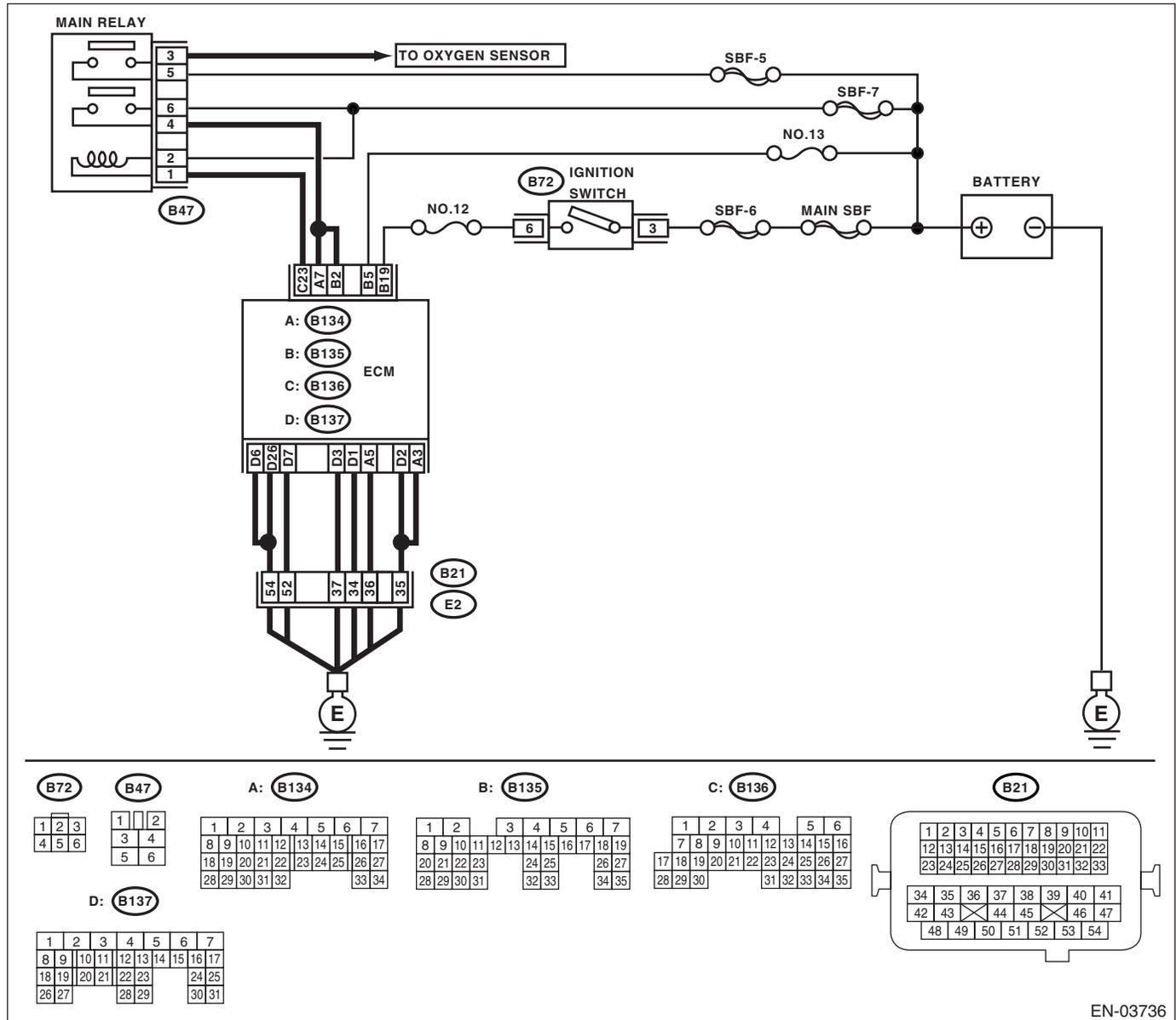
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-192, DTC P1560 BACK-UP VOLTAGE CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03736

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | <p>CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage more than 10 V? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. | Go to step 2. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--|---|
| 2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MAIN FUSE BOX CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 5 — Chassis ground: | Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ? | Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM connector and battery terminal. | Go to step 3. |
| 3 CHECK FUSE No. 13. | Is the fuse blown out? | Replace the fuse. | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Open circuit of harness between ECM and battery• Poor contact in ECM connector• Poor contact of battery terminal |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DM:DTC P2088 OCV SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL A CIRCUIT OPEN (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-194, DTC P2088 OCV SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL A CIRCUIT OPEN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

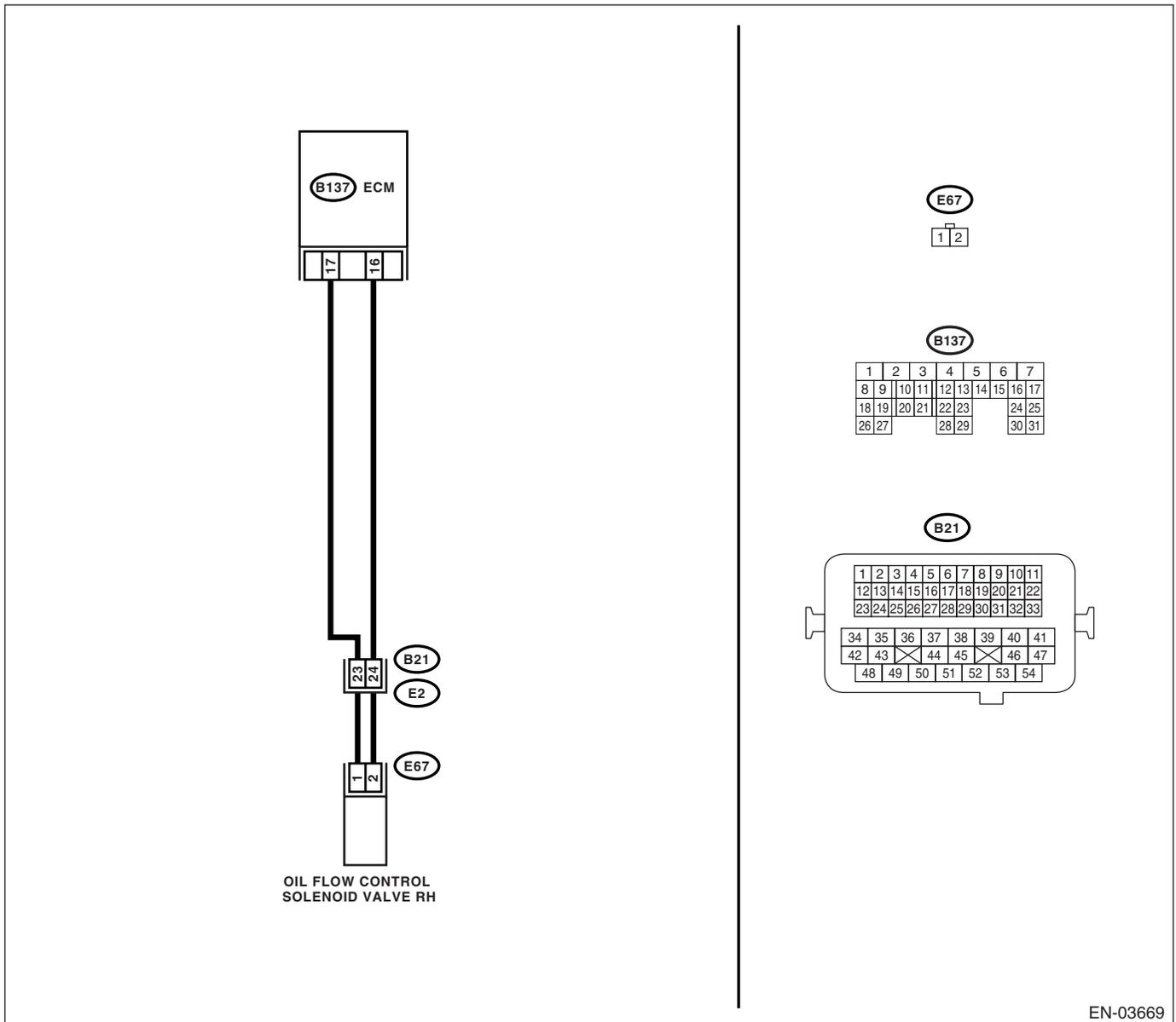
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03669

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|--|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B137) No. 17 — (E67) No. 1: (B137) No. 16 — (E67) No. 2:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> | <p>Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.</p> <p>1) Remove the oil flow control solenoid valve connector. 2) Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals.</p> <p>Terminals No. 1 — No. 2:</p> | <p>Is the resistance between 6 — 12 Ω?</p> | <p>Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve.</p> | <p>Replace the oil flow control solenoid valve. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-77, Oil Flow Control Solenoid Valve.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DN:DTC P2089 OCV SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL A CIRCUIT SHORT (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-195, DTC P2089 OCV SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL A CIRCUIT SHORT (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

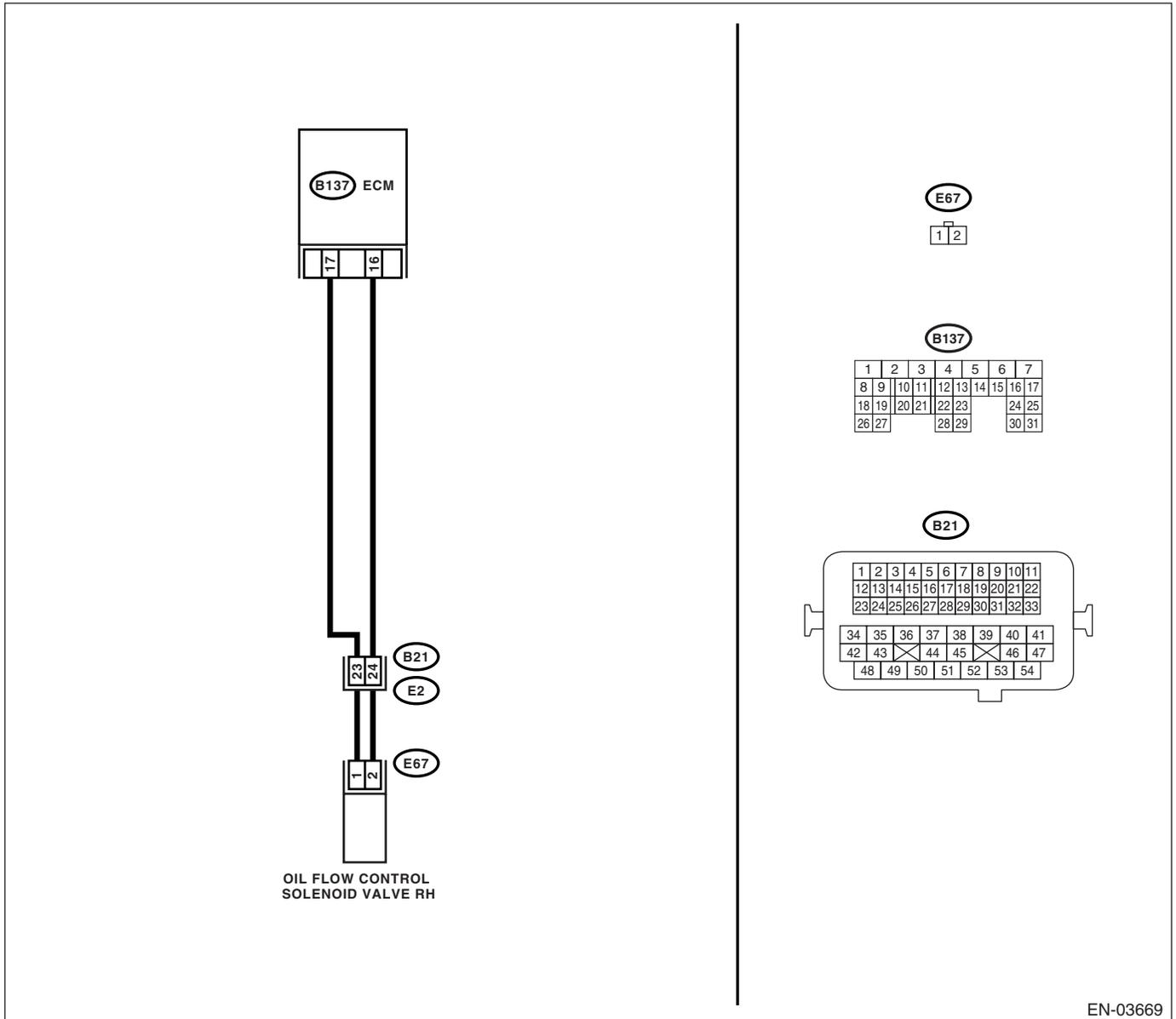
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03669

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---|--|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve. 3) Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E67) No. 1 — Engine ground: (E67) No. 2 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Repair the short circuit between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector. |
| 2 CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the oil flow control solenoid valve connector. 2) Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: | Is the resistance between 6 — 12 Ω ? | Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve. | Replace the oil flow control solenoid valve. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-77, Oil Flow Control Solenoid Valve.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DO:DTC P2092 OCV SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL A CIRCUIT OPEN (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-196, DTC P2092 OCV SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL A CIRCUIT OPEN (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

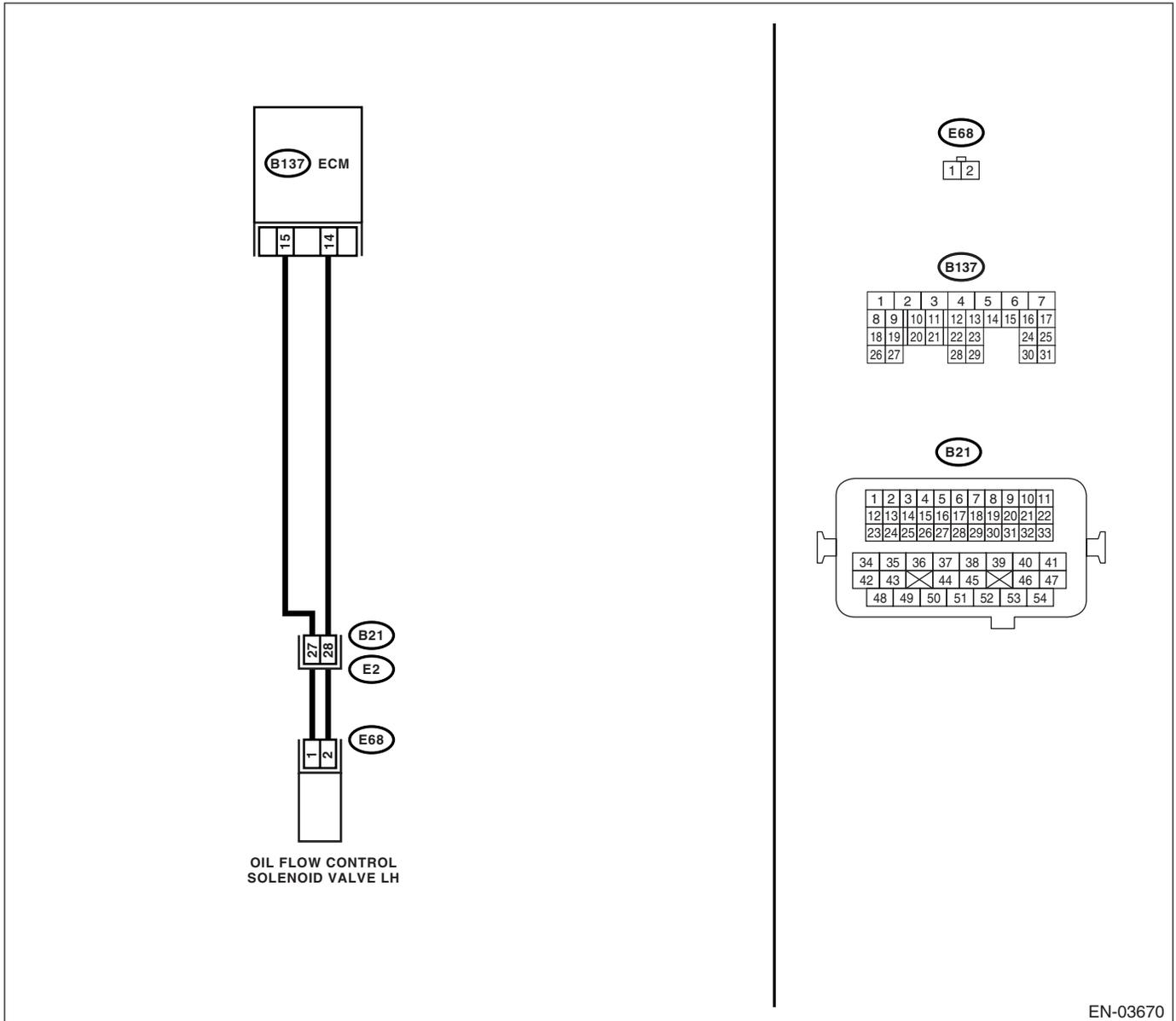
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--|--|
| <p>1</p> <p>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B137) No. 15 — (E68) No. 1: (B137) No. 14 — (E68) No. 2:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 2.</p> | <p>Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact of coupling connector |
| <p>2</p> <p>CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.</p> <p>1) Remove the oil flow control solenoid valve connector. 2) Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals.</p> <p>Terminals No. 1 — No. 2:</p> | <p>Is the resistance between 6 — 12 Ω?</p> | <p>Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve.</p> | <p>Replace the oil flow control solenoid valve. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-77, Oil Flow Control Solenoid Valve.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DP:DTC P2093 OCV SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL A CIRCUIT SHORT (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-196, DTC P2093 OCV SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL A CIRCUIT SHORT (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

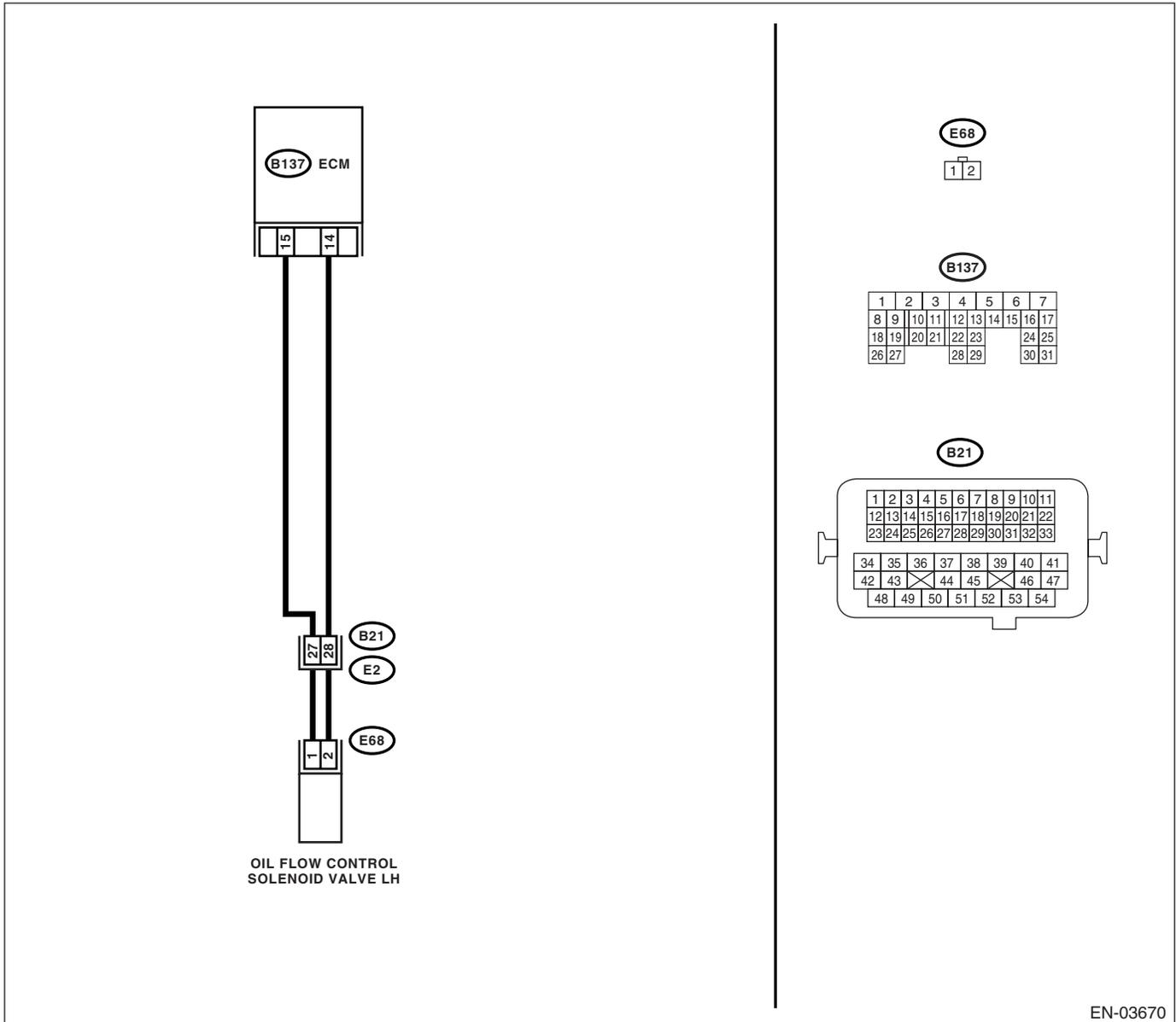
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03670

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|---|--|
| 1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve. 3) Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E68) No. 1 — Engine ground: (E68) No. 2 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Repair the short circuit between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector. |
| 2 CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the oil flow control solenoid valve connector. 2) Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: | Is the resistance between 6 — 12 Ω ? | Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve. | Replace the oil flow control solenoid valve. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-77, Oil Flow Control Solenoid Valve.> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DQ:DTC P2096 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-197, DTC P2096 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

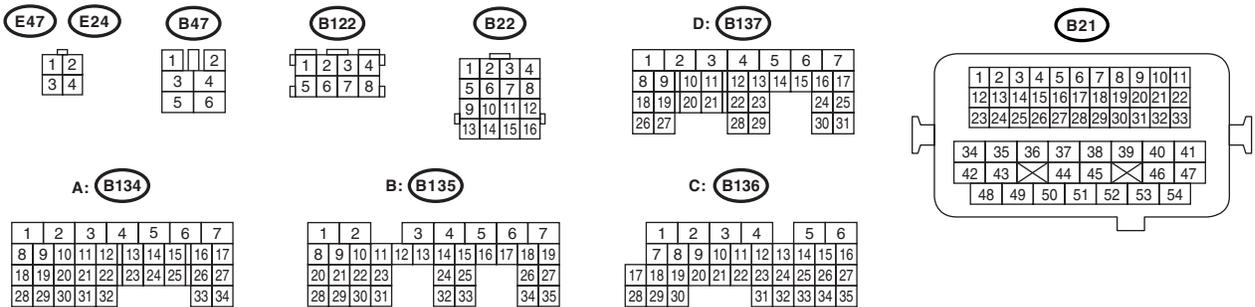
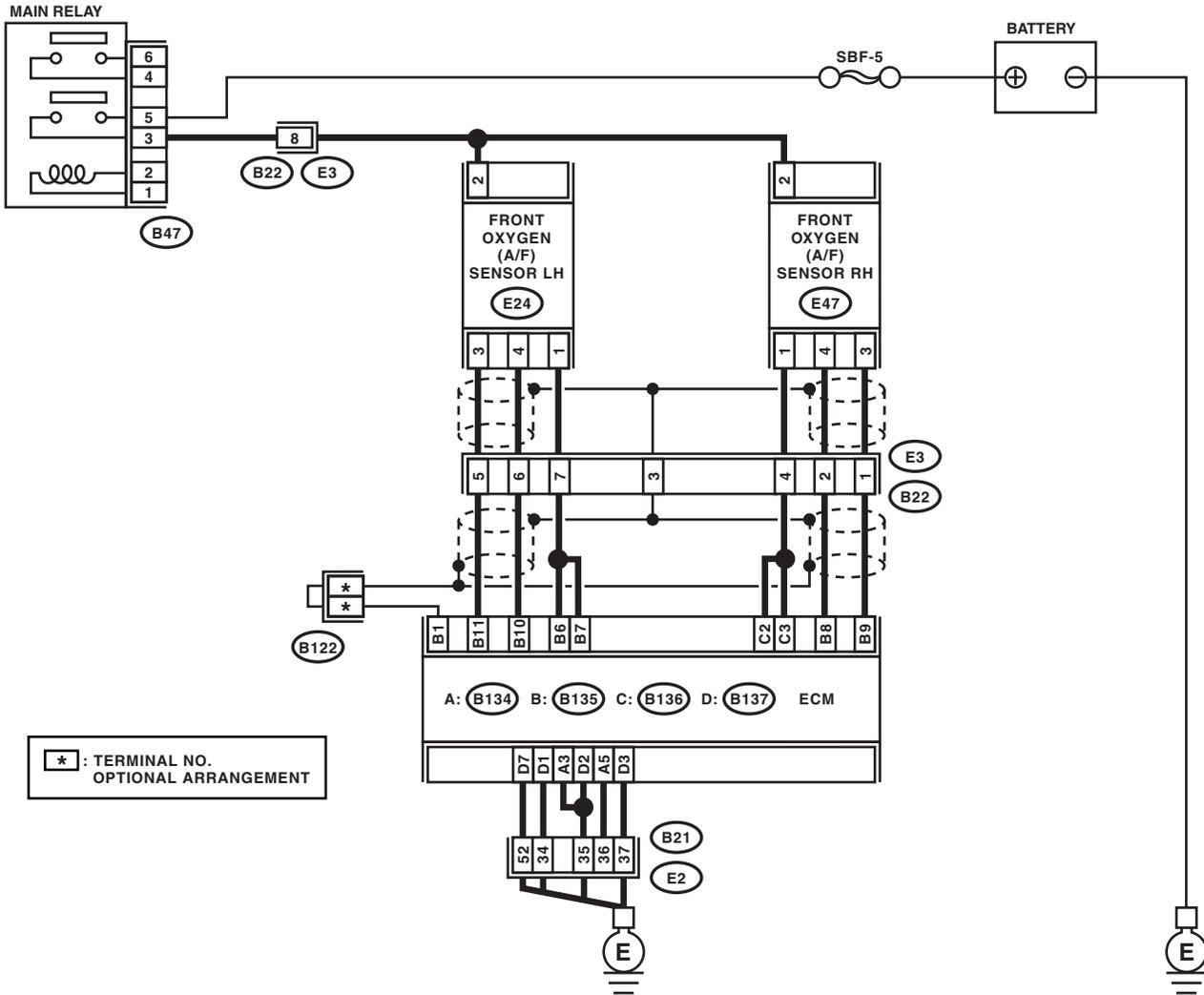
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

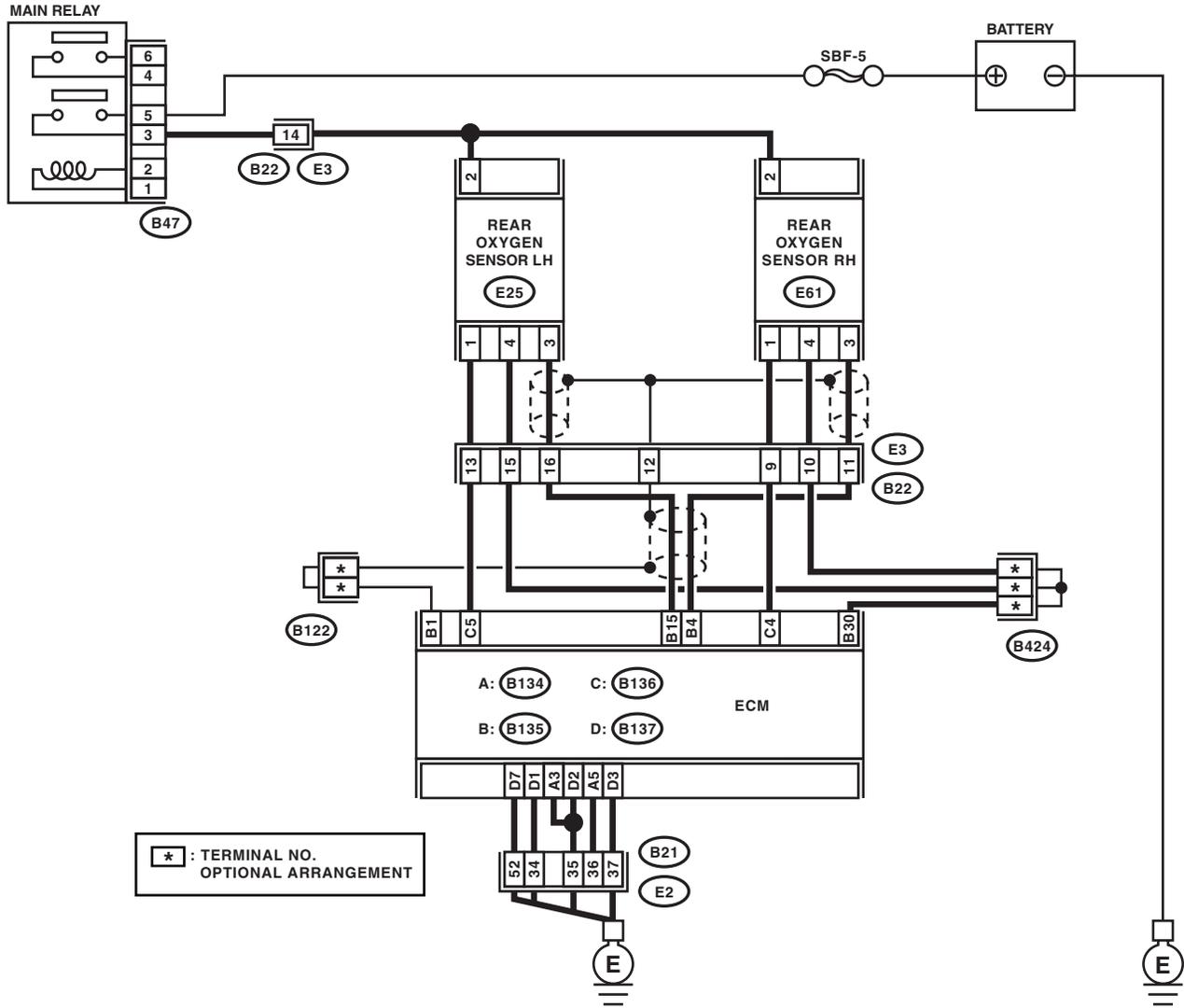
WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)



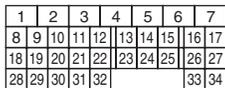
E25 E61



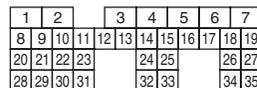
B122



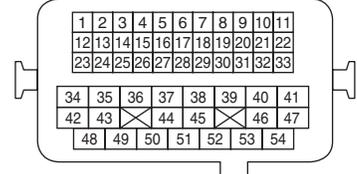
A: B134



B: B135



B21



B47



B22



C: B136



D: B137



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) While observing the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool screen, warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 75°C (167°F). If the engine is already warmed-up, operate at idle speed for at least 1 minute. 3) Read data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the measured value within 0.86 — 1.15 at idle? | Go to step 3. | Go to step 4. |
| 3 | CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL. 1) Race engine at speeds from idling to 5,000 rpm for a total of 5 cycles. NOTE: To increase engine speed to 5,000 rpm, slowly depress accelerator pedal, taking approximately 5 seconds, and quickly release accelerator pedal to decrease engine speed. 2) Operate the LED operation mode for engine. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "LED OPERATION MODE FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Does the LED of {Rear O2 Rich Signal} blink? | Check front oxygen (A/F) sensor circuit. | Check rear oxygen sensor circuit. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |
| 4 | CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Looseness of part installation • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts • Looseness of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor • Looseness or ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair or replace faulty parts. | Go to step 5. |
| 5 | CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. | Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system? | Repair the air intake system. | Go to step 6. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|----------------------|--|
| <p>6</p> <p>CHECK FUEL PRESSURE</p> <p>WARNING:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Place “NO FIRE” signs near the working area. • Be careful not to spill fuel. <p>Measure the fuel pressure. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-26, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.></p> <p>WARNING:</p> <p>Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</p> | <p>Is the measured value 338 — 348 kPa (3.4 — 3.5 kg/cm², 49 — 50.5 psi)?</p> | <p>Go to step 7.</p> | <p>Repair the following item.</p> <p>Fuel pressure is too high:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clogged fuel line or bent hose <p>Fuel pressure is too low:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improper fuel pump discharge • Clogged fuel supply line |
| <p>7</p> <p>CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Start the engine and warm-up completely.</p> <p>2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the temperature above 60°C (140°F)?</p> | <p>Go to step 8.</p> | <p>Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-17, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.></p> |
| <p>8</p> <p>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F).</p> <p>2) Place the shift lever in neutral position.</p> <p>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</p> <p>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</p> <p>5) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the measured value 3.1 — 4.3 g/s (0.4 — 0.6 lb/m)?</p> | <p>Go to step 9.</p> | <p>Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|-----------------------|---|
| <p>9 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F).</p> <p>2) Place the shift lever in neutral position.</p> <p>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</p> <p>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</p> <p>5) Open the front hood.</p> <p>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</p> <p>7) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Subtract ambient temperature from intake air temperature. Is the obtained value -10 — 50°C (14 — 122°F)?</p> | <p>Go to step 10.</p> | <p>Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> |
| <p>10 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 26 — Chassis ground:</p> <p>(B134) No. 33 — Chassis ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?</p> | <p>Go to step 11.</p> | <p>Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |
| <p>11 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</p> <p>3) Measure the voltage of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 26 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> <p>(B134) No. 33 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 8 V?</p> | <p>Go to step 12.</p> | <p>Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |
| <p>12 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 26 — (E47) No. 4:</p> <p>(B134) No. 33 — (E47) No. 3:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 13.</p> | <p>Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---|
| 13 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the voltage more than 490 mV? | Go to step 16. | Go to step 14. |
| 14 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 24 — (E61) No. 3: (B136) No. 35 — (E61) No. 4: | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 15. |
| 15 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| <p>16 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | Is the voltage 250 mV or less? | Contact with SOA Service Center. | Go to step 17. |
| <p>17 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B137) No. 24 — (E61) No. 3: (B136) No. 35 — (E61) No. 4:</p> | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 18. |
| <p>18 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DR:DTC P2097 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-199, DTC P2097 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

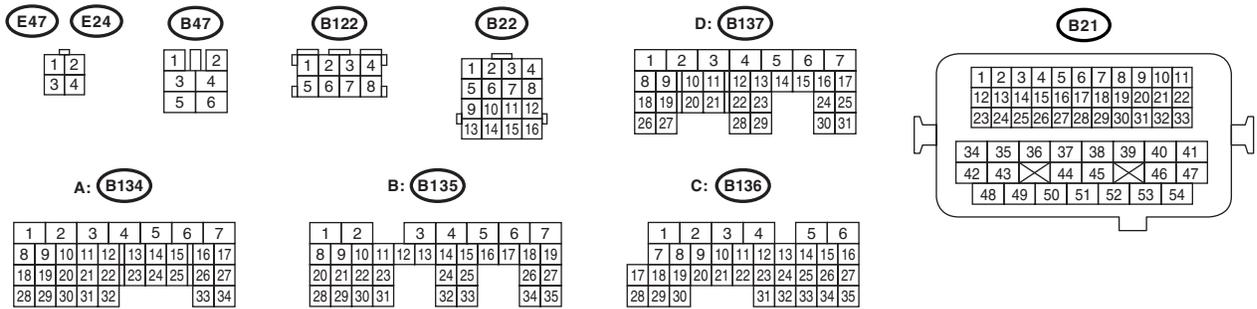
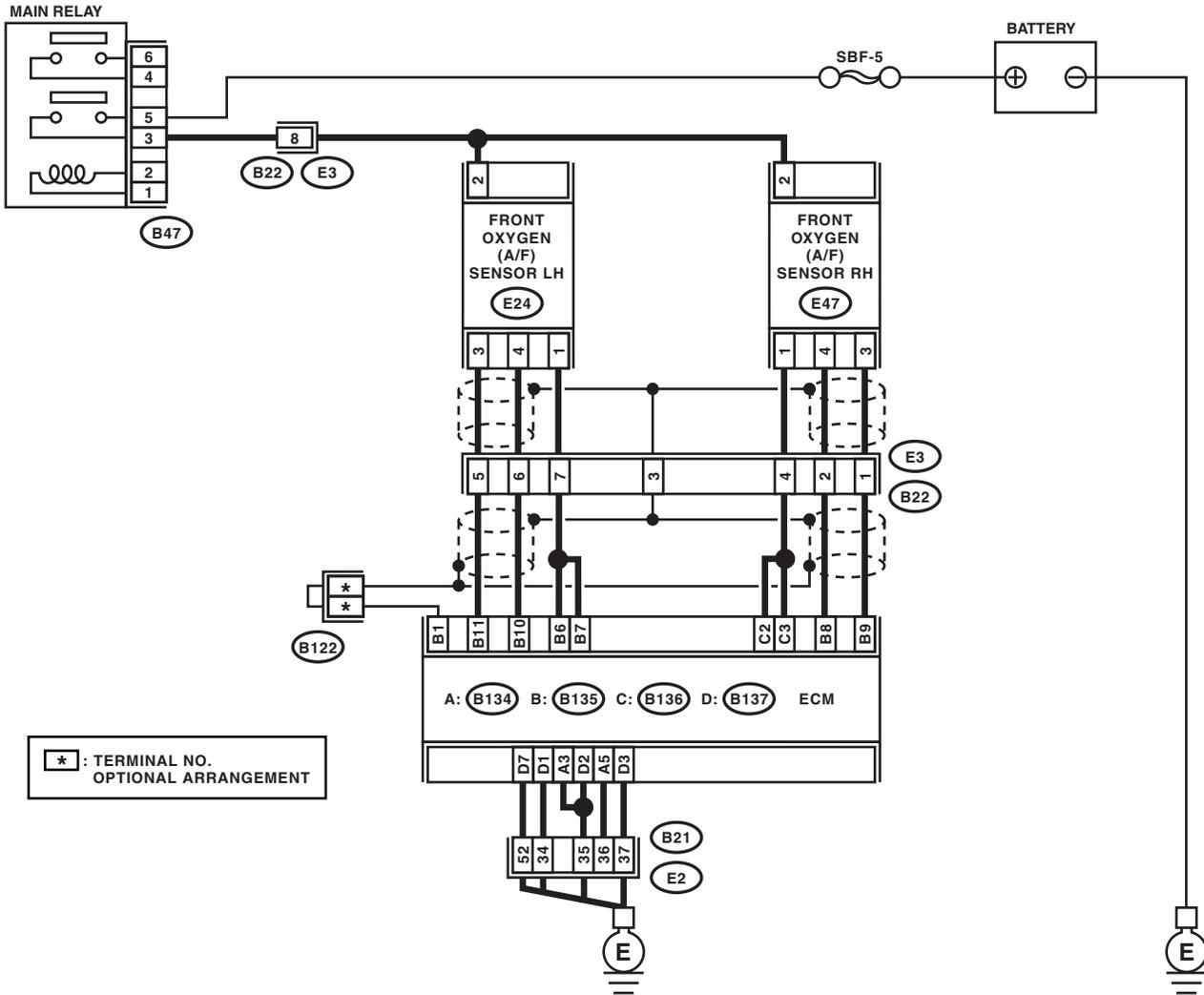
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

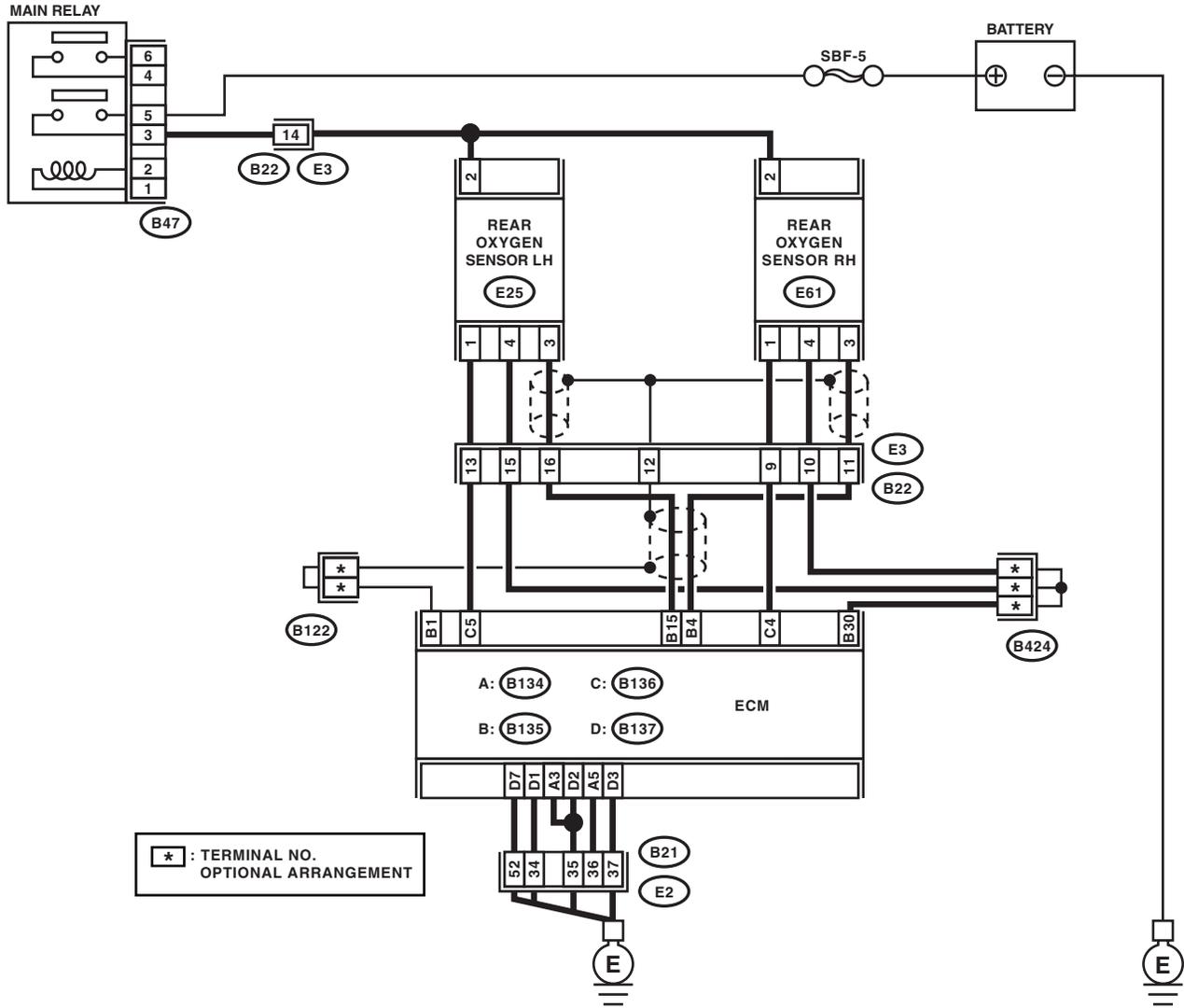
WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) While observing the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool screen, warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 75°C (167°F). If the engine is already warmed-up, operate at idle speed for at least 1 minute. 3) Read data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the measured value within 0.86 — 1.15 at idle? | Go to step 3. | Go to step 4. |
| 3 | CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL. 1) Race engine at speeds from idling to 5,000 rpm for a total of 5 cycles. NOTE: To increase engine speed to 5,000 rpm, slowly depress accelerator pedal, taking approximately 5 seconds, and quickly release accelerator pedal to decrease engine speed. 2) Operate the LED operation mode for engine. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "LED OPERATION MODE FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Does the LED of {Rear O2 Rich Signal} blink? | Check front oxygen (A/F) sensor circuit. | Check rear oxygen sensor circuit. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |
| 4 | CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Looseness of part installation • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts • Looseness of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor • Looseness or ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair or replace faulty parts. | Go to step 5. |
| 5 | CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. | Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system? | Repair the air intake system. | Go to step 6. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|----------------------|--|
| <p>6 CHECK FUEL PRESSURE</p> <p>WARNING:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Place “NO FIRE” signs near the working area. • Be careful not to spill fuel. <p>Measure the fuel pressure. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-26, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.></p> <p>WARNING:</p> <p>Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</p> | <p>Is the measured value 338 — 348 kPa (3.4 — 3.5 kg/cm², 49 — 50.5 psi)?</p> | <p>Go to step 7.</p> | <p>Repair the following item.</p> <p>Fuel pressure is too high:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clogged fuel line or bent hose <p>Fuel pressure is too low:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improper fuel pump discharge • Clogged fuel supply line |
| <p>7 CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Start the engine and warm-up completely. 2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the temperature above 60°C (140°F)?</p> | <p>Go to step 8.</p> | <p>Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-17, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.></p> |
| <p>8 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2) Place the shift lever in neutral position. 3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF. 5) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the measured value 3.1 — 4.3 g/s (0.4 — 0.6 lb/m)?</p> | <p>Go to step 9.</p> | <p>Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|----------------|---|
| <p>9 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F).</p> <p>2) Place the shift lever in neutral position.</p> <p>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</p> <p>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</p> <p>5) Open the front hood.</p> <p>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</p> <p>7) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Subtract ambient temperature from intake air temperature. Is the obtained value -10 — 50°C (14 — 122°F)?</p> | Go to step 10. | <p>Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> |
| <p>10 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 26 — Chassis ground:</p> <p>(B134) No. 33 — Chassis ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?</p> | Go to step 11. | <p>Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |
| <p>11 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</p> <p>3) Measure the voltage of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 26 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> <p>(B134) No. 33 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 8 V?</p> | Go to step 12. | <p>Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |
| <p>12 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 26 — (E47) No. 4:</p> <p>(B134) No. 33 — (E47) No. 3:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | Go to step 13. | <p>Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|--|---|
| <p>13 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</p> <p>1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 5,000 rpm.</p> <p>2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 490 mV?</p> | <p>Go to step 16.</p> | <p>Go to step 14.</p> |
| <p>14 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</p> <p>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (E61) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4:</p> | <p>Is the resistance more than 3Ω?</p> | <p>Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.</p> | <p>Go to step 15.</p> |
| <p>15 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor.</p> <p>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</p> <p>4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?</p> | <p>Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.></p> | <p>Repair the harness and connector.</p> <p>NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| <p>16 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | Is the voltage 250 mV or less? | Contact with SOA Service Center. | Go to step 17. |
| <p>17 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (E61) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4:</p> | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 18. |
| <p>18 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DS:DTC P2098 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-200, DTC P2098 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

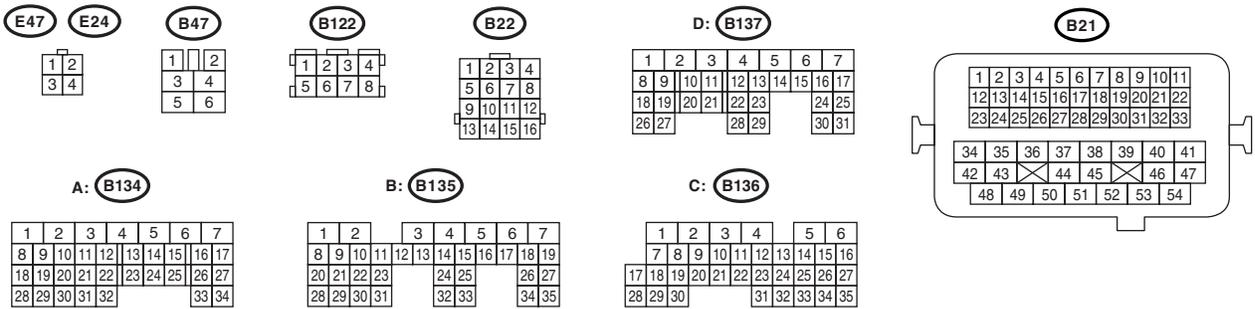
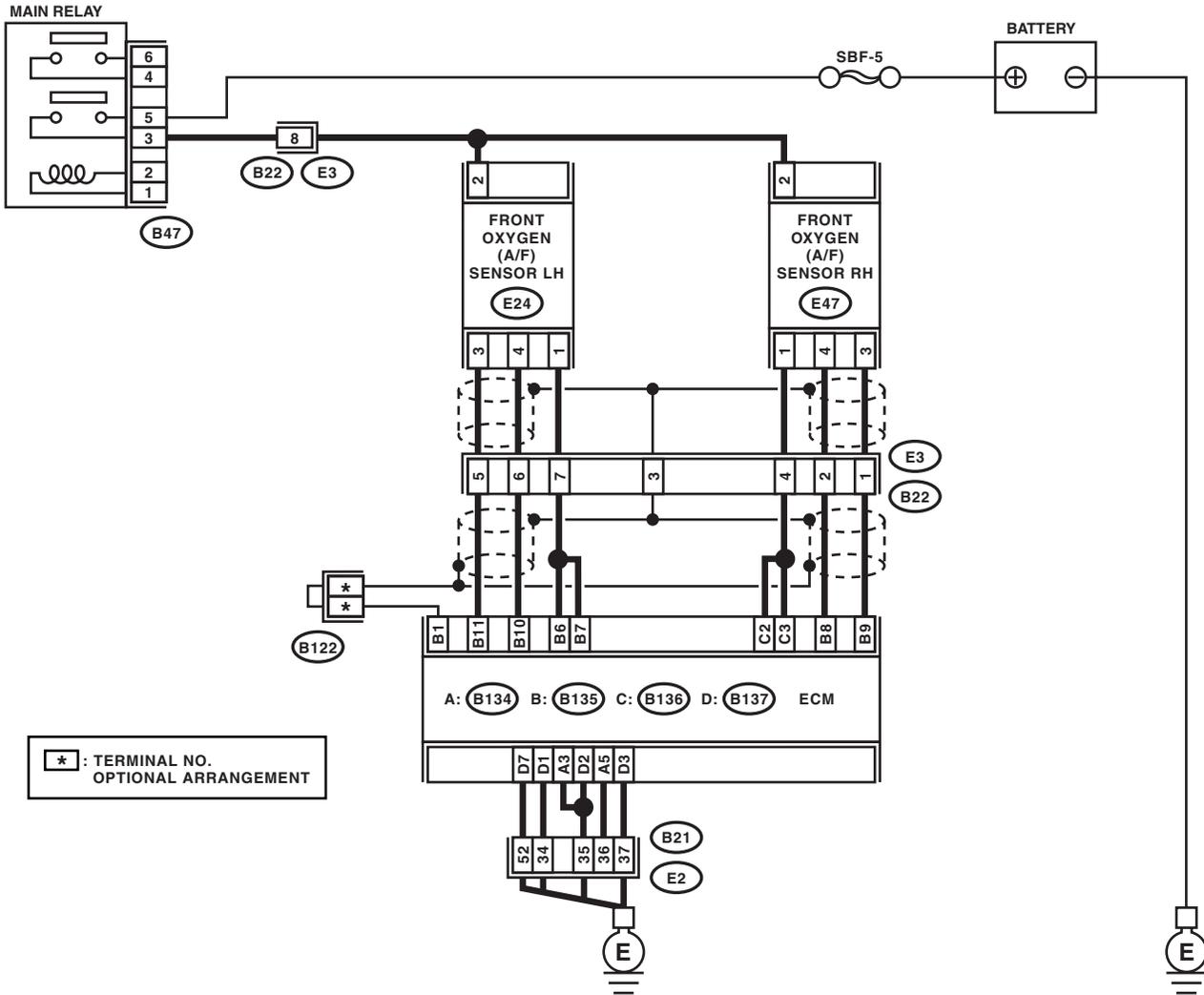
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

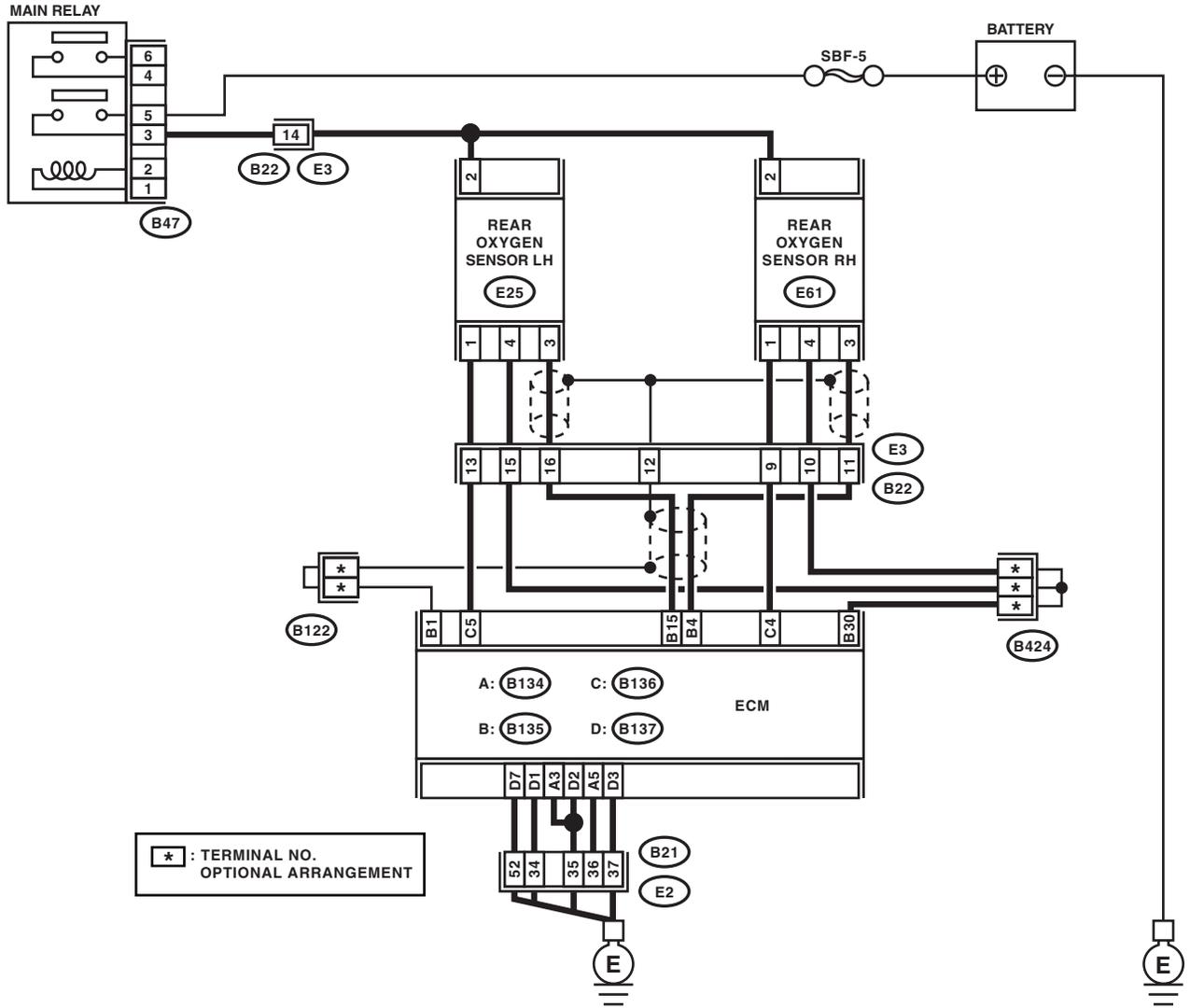
WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)



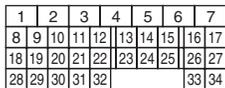
E25 E61



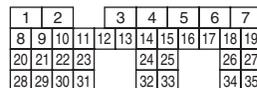
B122



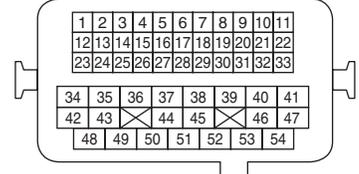
A: B134



B: B135



B21



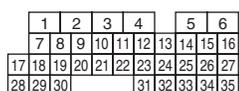
B47



B22



C: B136



D: B137



EN-03738

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) While observing the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool screen, warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 75°C (167°F). If the engine is already warmed-up, operate at idle speed for at least 1 minute. 3) Read data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the measured value within 0.86 — 1.15 at idle? | Go to step 3. | Go to step 4. |
| 3 | CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL. 1) Race engine at speeds from idling to 5,000 rpm for a total of 5 cycles. NOTE: To increase engine speed to 5,000 rpm, slowly depress accelerator pedal, taking approximately 5 seconds, and quickly release accelerator pedal to decrease engine speed. 2) Operate the LED operation mode for engine. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "LED OPERATION MODE FOR ENGINE.". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Does the LED of {Rear O2 Rich Signal} blink? | Check front oxygen (A/F) sensor circuit. | Check rear oxygen sensor circuit. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |
| 4 | CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Looseness of part installation • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts • Looseness of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor • Looseness or ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair or replace faulty parts. | Go to step 5. |
| 5 | CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. | Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system? | Repair the air intake system. | Go to step 6. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|----------------------|--|
| <p>6 CHECK FUEL PRESSURE</p> <p>WARNING:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Place “NO FIRE” signs near the working area. • Be careful not to spill fuel. <p>Measure the fuel pressure. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-26, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.></p> <p>WARNING:</p> <p>Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</p> | <p>Is the measured value 338 — 348 kPa (3.4 — 3.5 kg/cm², 49 — 50.5 psi)?</p> | <p>Go to step 7.</p> | <p>Repair the following item.</p> <p>Fuel pressure is too high:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clogged fuel line or bent hose <p>Fuel pressure is too low:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improper fuel pump discharge • Clogged fuel supply line |
| <p>7 CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Start the engine and warm-up completely. 2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the temperature above 60°C (140°F)?</p> | <p>Go to step 8.</p> | <p>Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-17, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.></p> |
| <p>8 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2) Place the shift lever in neutral position. 3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF. 5) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the measured value 3.1 — 4.3 g/s (0.4 — 0.6 lb/m)?</p> | <p>Go to step 9.</p> | <p>Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|-----------------------|---|
| <p>9 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F).</p> <p>2) Place the shift lever in neutral position.</p> <p>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</p> <p>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</p> <p>5) Open the front hood.</p> <p>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</p> <p>7) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Subtract ambient temperature from intake air temperature. Is the obtained value -10 — 50°C (14 — 122°F)?</p> | <p>Go to step 10.</p> | <p>Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> |
| <p>10 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 27 — Chassis ground:</p> <p>(B134) No. 34 — Chassis ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?</p> | <p>Go to step 11.</p> | <p>Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |
| <p>11 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</p> <p>3) Measure the voltage of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 27 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> <p>(B134) No. 34 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 8 V?</p> | <p>Go to step 12.</p> | <p>Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |
| <p>12 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 27 — (E24) No. 4:</p> <p>(B134) No. 34 — (E24) No. 3:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 13.</p> | <p>Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---|
| 13 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the voltage more than 490 mV? | Go to step 16. | Go to step 14. |
| 14 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 25 — (E61) No. 3: (B136) No. 35 — (E61) No. 4: | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 15. |
| 15 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): | Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| <p>16 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | Is the voltage 250 mV or less? | Contact with SOA Service Center. | Go to step 17. |
| <p>17 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B137) No. 25 — (E61) No. 3: (B136) No. 35 — (E61) No. 4:</p> | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 18. |
| <p>18 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DT:DTC P2099 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-200, DTC P2099 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

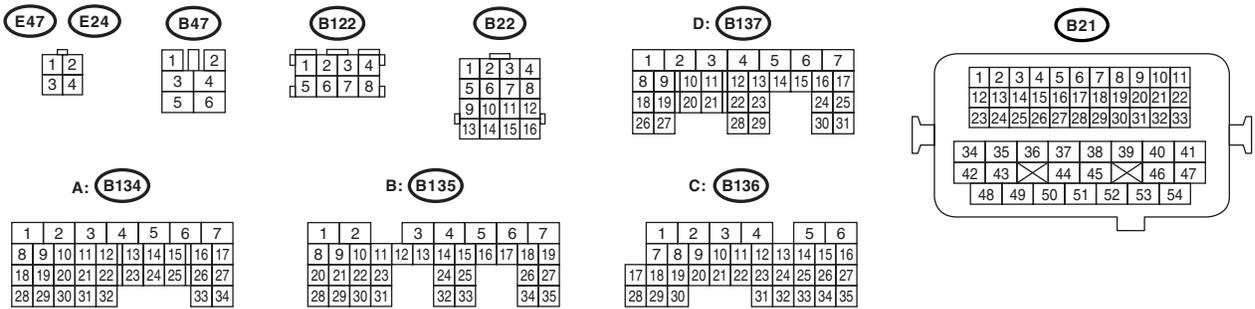
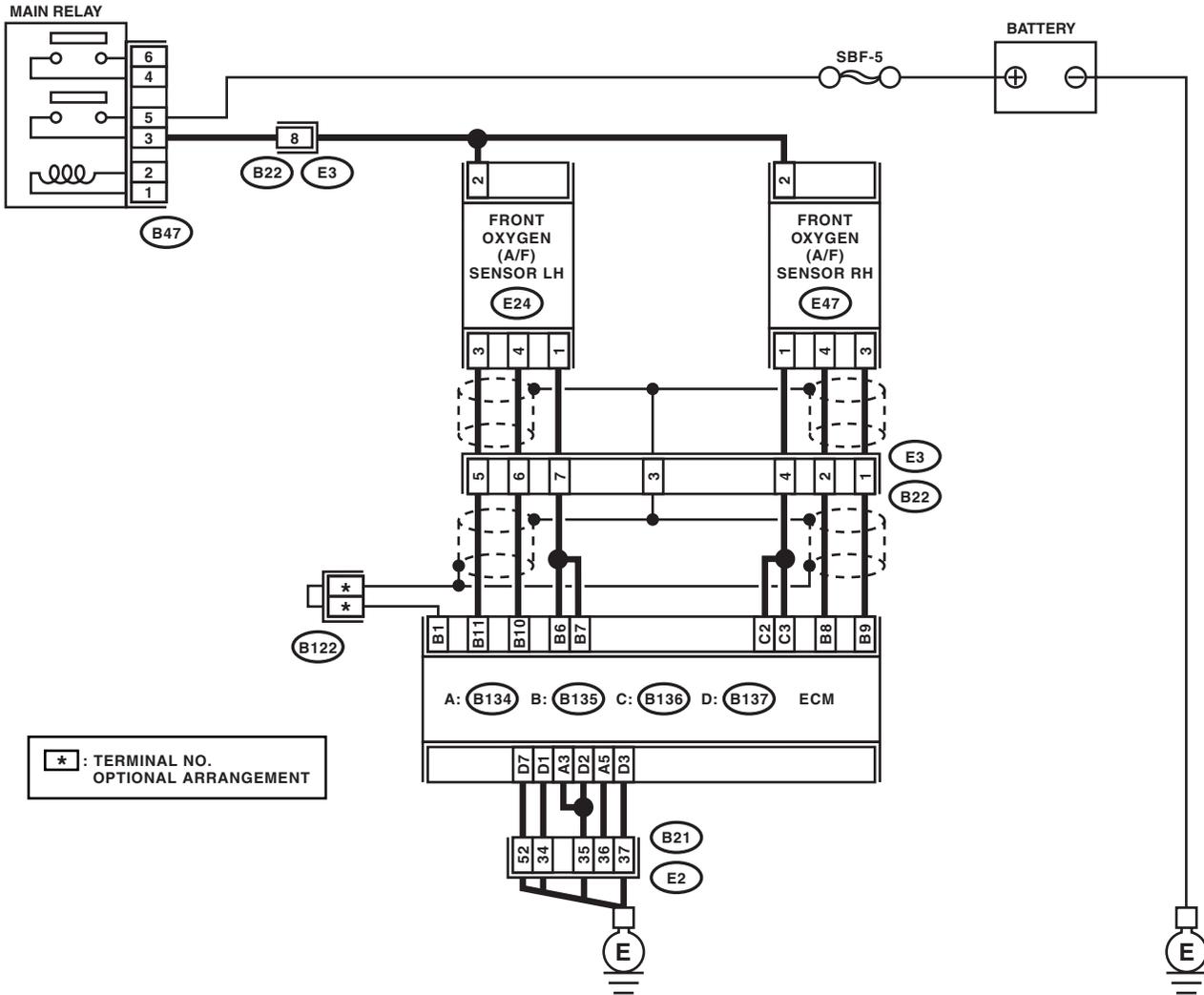
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03737

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No | |
|------|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-69, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> | Go to step 2. |
| 2 | CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) While observing the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool screen, warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 75°C (167°F). If the engine is already warmed-up, operate at idle speed for at least 1 minute. 3) Read data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the measured value within 0.86 — 1.15 at idle? | Go to step 3. | Go to step 4. |
| 3 | CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL. 1) Race engine at speeds from idling to 5,000 rpm for a total of 5 cycles. NOTE: To increase engine speed to 5,000 rpm, slowly depress accelerator pedal, taking approximately 5 seconds, and quickly release accelerator pedal to decrease engine speed. 2) Operate the LED operation mode for engine. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "LED OPERATION MODE FOR ENGINE.". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Does the LED of {Rear O2 Rich Signal} blink? | Check front oxygen (A/F) sensor circuit. | Check rear oxygen sensor circuit. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> |
| 4 | CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Looseness of part installation • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts • Looseness of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor • Looseness or ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor | Is there any fault in exhaust system? | Repair or replace faulty parts. | Go to step 5. |
| 5 | CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. | Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system? | Repair the air intake system. | Go to step 6. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|----------------------|--|
| <p>6 CHECK FUEL PRESSURE</p> <p>WARNING:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Place “NO FIRE” signs near the working area. • Be careful not to spill fuel. <p>Measure the fuel pressure. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-26, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.></p> <p>WARNING:</p> <p>Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</p> | <p>Is the measured value 338 — 348 kPa (3.4 — 3.5 kg/cm², 49 — 50.5 psi)?</p> | <p>Go to step 7.</p> | <p>Repair the following item.</p> <p>Fuel pressure is too high:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clogged fuel line or bent hose <p>Fuel pressure is too low:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improper fuel pump discharge • Clogged fuel supply line |
| <p>7 CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Start the engine and warm-up completely. 2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the temperature above 60°C (140°F)?</p> | <p>Go to step 8.</p> | <p>Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-17, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.></p> |
| <p>8 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2) Place the shift lever in neutral position. 3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF. 5) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Is the measured value 3.1 — 4.3 g/s (0.4 — 0.6 lb/m)?</p> | <p>Go to step 9.</p> | <p>Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---|-----------------------|---|
| <p>9 CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</p> <p>1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F).</p> <p>2) Place the shift lever in neutral position.</p> <p>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</p> <p>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</p> <p>5) Open the front hood.</p> <p>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</p> <p>7) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subaru Select Monitor <p>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General scan tool <p>For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | <p>Subtract ambient temperature from intake air temperature. Is the obtained value -10 — 50°C (14 — 122°F)?</p> | <p>Go to step 10.</p> | <p>Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-23, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temperature Sensor.></p> |
| <p>10 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 27 — Chassis ground:</p> <p>(B134) No. 34 — Chassis ground:</p> | <p>Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?</p> | <p>Go to step 11.</p> | <p>Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |
| <p>11 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</p> <p>3) Measure the voltage of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 27 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> <p>(B134) No. 34 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | <p>Is the voltage more than 8 V?</p> | <p>Go to step 12.</p> | <p>Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |
| <p>12 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</p> <p>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</p> <p>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal</p> <p>(B134) No. 27 — (E24) No. 4:</p> <p>(B134) No. 34 — (E24) No. 3:</p> | <p>Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?</p> | <p>Go to step 13.</p> | <p>Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</p> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---|
| 13 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. | Is the voltage more than 490 mV? | Go to step 16. | Go to step 14. |
| 14 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B137) No. 25 — (E61) No. 3:</i> <i>(B136) No. 35 — (E61) No. 4:</i> | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 15. |
| 15 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| <p>16 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.</p> <p>NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</p> | Is the voltage 250 mV or less? | Contact with SOA Service Center. | Go to step 17. |
| <p>17 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (B137) No. 25 — (E61) No. 3: (B136) No. 35 — (E61) No. 4:</p> | Is the resistance more than 3Ω? | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. | Go to step 18. |
| <p>18 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and chassis ground.</p> <p>Connector & terminal (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V? | Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-30, Rear Oxygen Sensor.> | Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DU:DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/ PERFORMANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-201, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

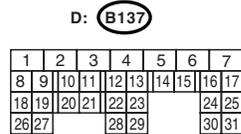
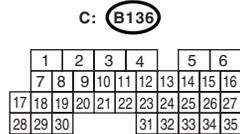
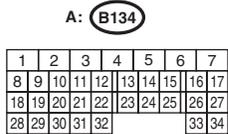
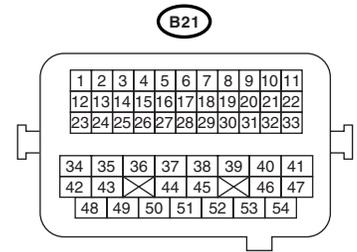
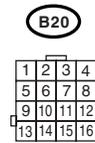
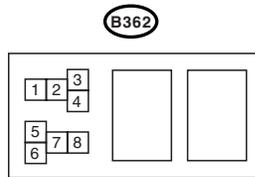
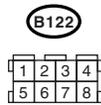
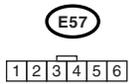
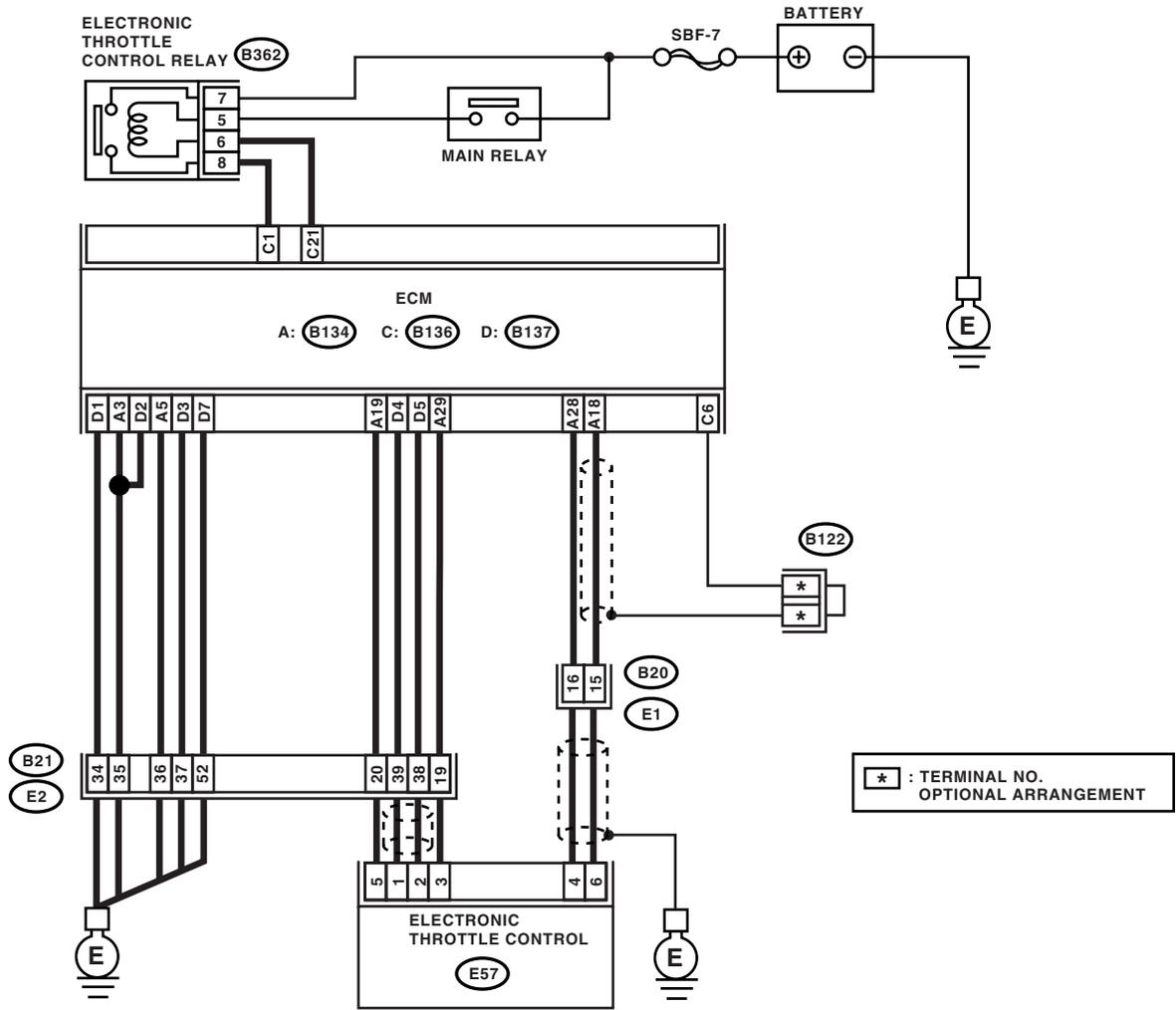
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03739

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---------------|---|
| 1 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay. 3) Connect the battery to terminals No. 5 and No. 6 of electronic throttle control relay. 4) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 7 — No. 8:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Replace the electronic throttle control relay. |
| 2 CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B362) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> <i>(B362) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 5 V? | Go to step 3. | Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. 1) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B362) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage less than 5 V? | Go to step 4. | Repair the power supply short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B362) No. 6 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(B362) No. 8 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$? | Go to step 5. | Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay. |
| 5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control relay connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B136) No. 21 — (B362) No. 6:</i> <i>(B136) No. 1 — (B362) No. 8:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 6. | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay. |
| 6 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Connect all the connectors. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage more than 0.4 V? | Go to step 7. | Go to step 9. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--------------------------|---|
| <p>7 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> | Is the voltage more than 0.8 V? | Go to step 8. | Go to step 9. |
| <p>8 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control.</p> | Is there poor contact? | Repair the poor contact. | Go to step 13. |
| <p>9 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: (B134) No. 19 — (E57) No. 5:</p> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 10. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| <p>10 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 18 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 28 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 19 — Chassis ground:</p> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 11. | Repair the ground short circuit of harness. |
| <p>11 CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V? | Go to step 12. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| <p>12 CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT IN ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 6 — Engine ground: (E57) No. 4 — Engine ground:</p> | Is the resistance more than 10 Ω ? | Go to step 13. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| <p>13 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Connect all the connectors. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> | Is the voltage 4.63 V? | Go to step 14. | Go to step 16. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--------------------------|---|
| 14 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage 4.73 V? | Go to step 15. | Go to step 16. |
| 15 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control. | Is there poor contact? | Repair the poor contact. | Go to step 21. |
| 16 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3: (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 17. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 17 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 18. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 18 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage less than 10 V? | Go to step 19. | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. |
| 19 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-): (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage less than 10 V? | Go to step 20. | Repair the short circuit of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. |
| 20 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 18 — (B134) No. 19: (B134) No. 28 — (B134) No. 19: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 21. | Repair the short circuit to sensor power supply. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|----------------|---|
| 21 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the connectors except for electric throttle control relay. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage 0.81 — 0.87 V? | Go to step 22. | Repair the poor contact of electronic throttle control connector. Replace the electronic throttle control if defective. |
| 22 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage 1.64 — 1.70 V? | Go to step 23. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the electronic throttle control if defective. |
| 23 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 5 — (E57) No. 2: (B137) No. 4 — (E57) No. 1: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 24. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 24 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR. 1) Connect the connector to ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): (E57) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage less than 5 V? | Go to step 25. | Repair the power supply short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control. |
| 25 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 2 — Engine ground: (E57) No. 1 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 26. | Repair the short circuit of harness. |
| 26 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR HARNESS. Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector terminals. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 2 — (E57) No. 1: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 27. | Repair the short circuit of harness. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|--|
| 27 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT. Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ? | Go to step 28 . | Repair the open circuit of harness. |
| 28 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i> | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 29 . | Replace the electronic throttle control. |
| 29 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Move the throttle valve to the fully open and fully closed positions with fingers. Check that the valve returns to the specified position when releasing fingers. | Does the valve return to the specified position? Standard value: 3 mm (0.12 in) from fully closed position | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Replace the electronic throttle control. |

DV:DTC P2102 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-203, DTC P2102 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

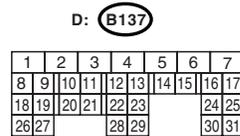
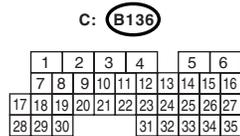
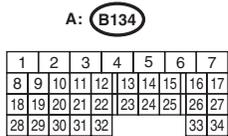
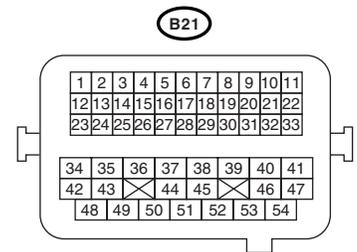
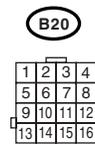
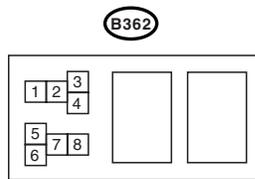
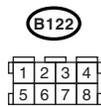
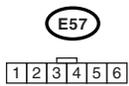
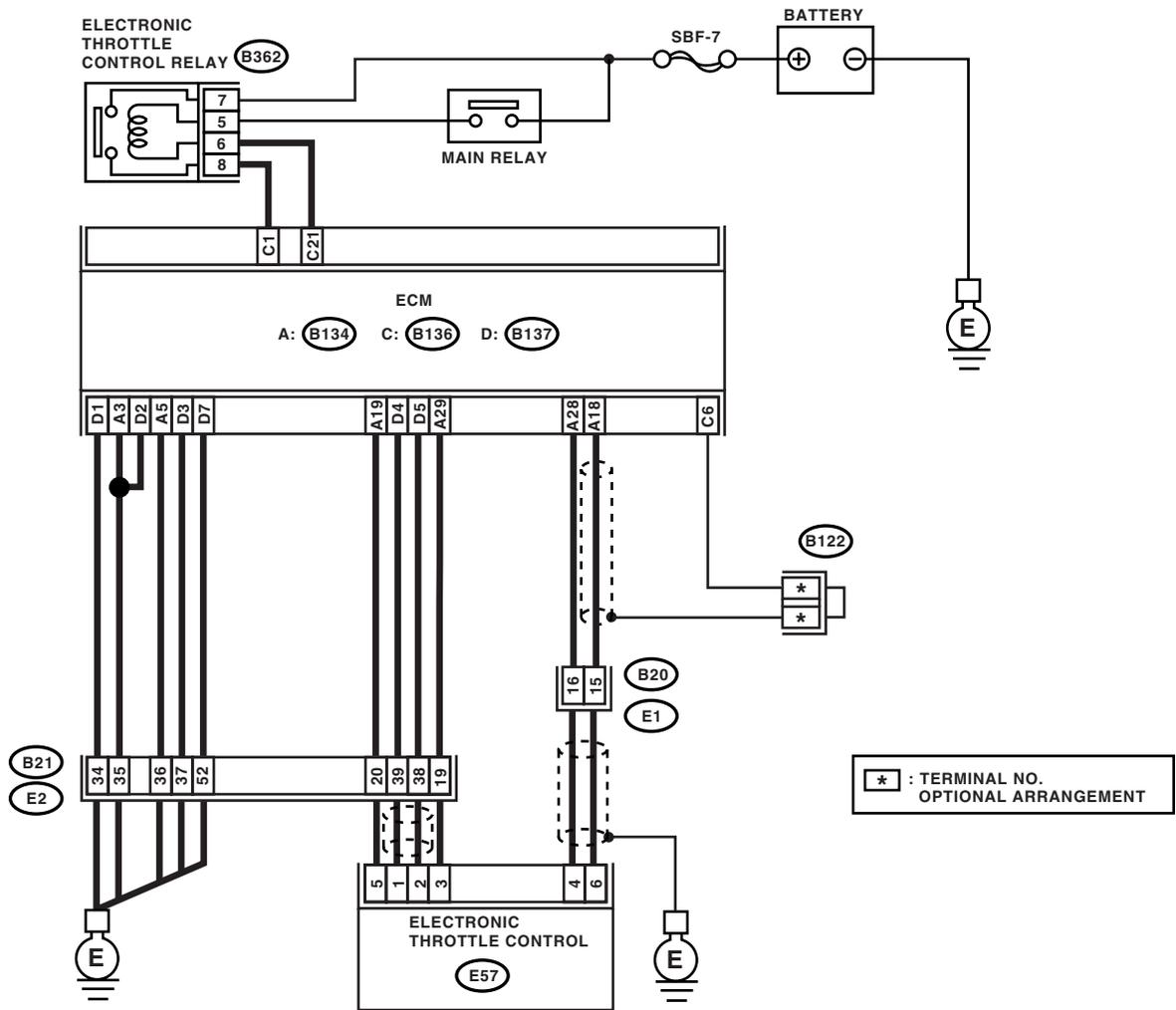
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03739

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|---|---|---|
| 1 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay. 3) Connect the battery to terminals No. 5 and No. 6 of electronic throttle control relay. 4) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 7 — No. 8:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Replace the electronic throttle control relay. |
| 2 CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B362) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> <i>(B362) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 5 V? | Go to step 3. | Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. 1) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B362) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage less than 5 V? | Go to step 4. | Repair the power supply short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B362) No. 6 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(B362) No. 8 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$? | Go to step 5. | Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay. |
| 5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control relay connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B136) No. 21 — (B362) No. 6:</i> <i>(B136) No. 1 — (B362) No. 8:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay. |

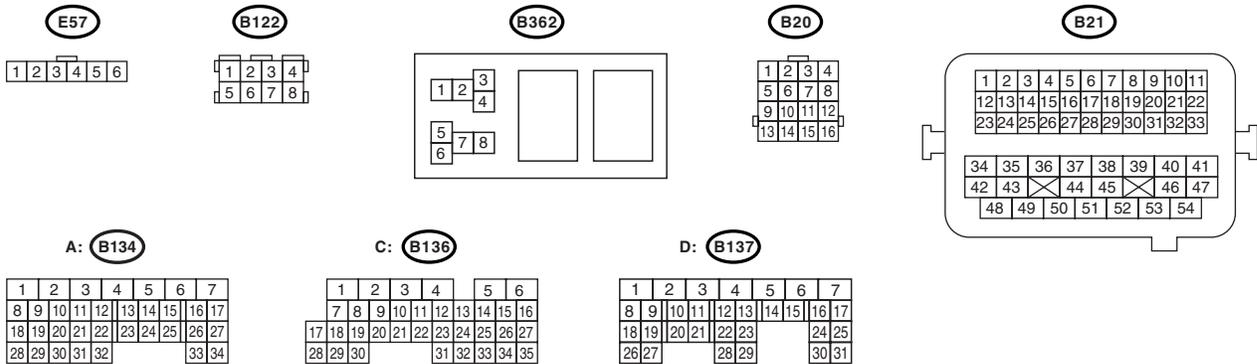
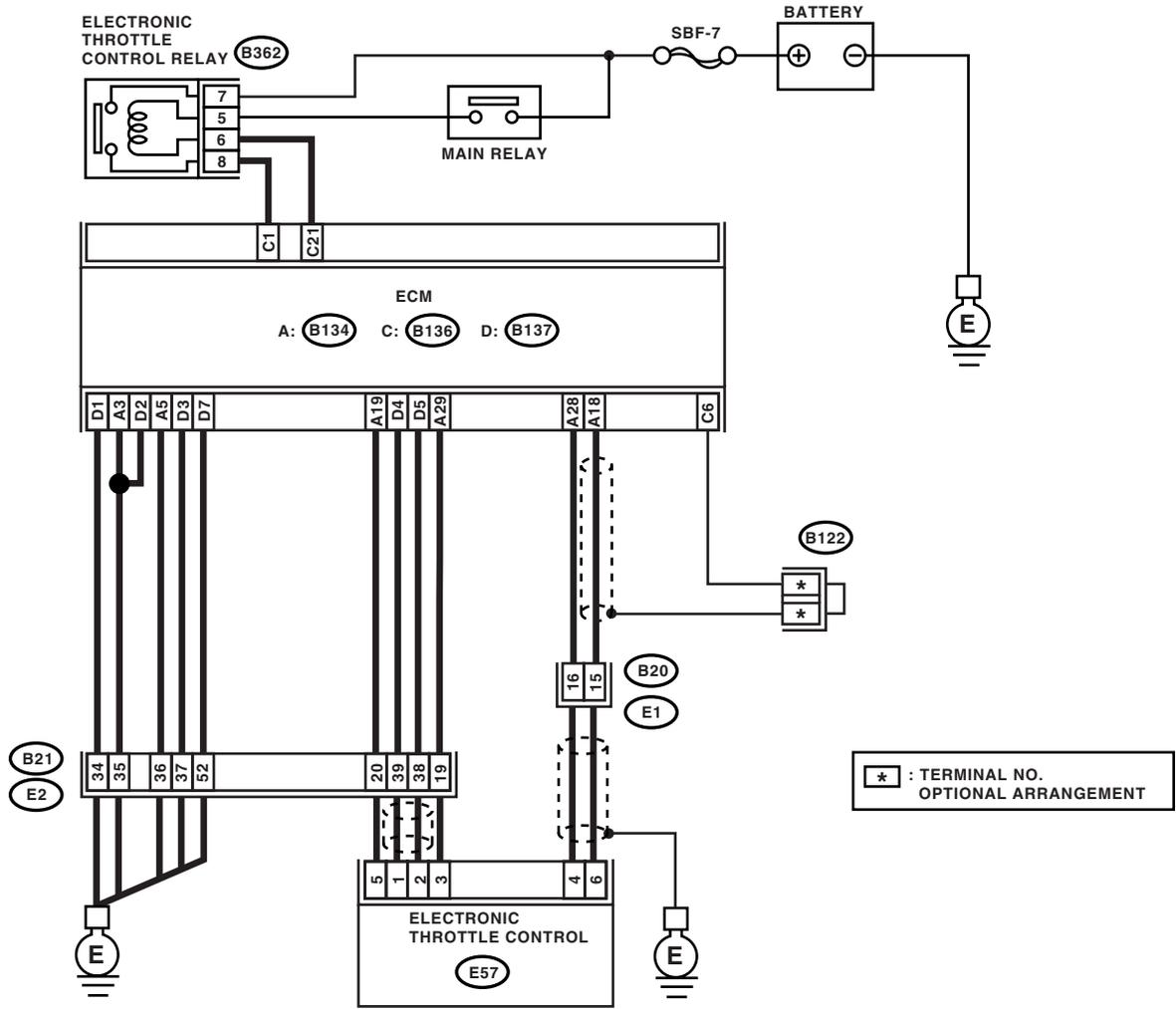
Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DW:DTC P2103 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-205, DTC P2103 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03739

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|---|
| 1 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay. 3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 7 — No. 8:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 2. | Replace the electronic throttle control relay. |
| 2 CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT OF ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY POWER SUPPLY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B362) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage more than 5 V? | Go to step 3. | Repair the power supply short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B136) No. 21 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay. |

DX:DTC P2109 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR A MINIMUM STOP PERFORMANCE

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-360, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

DY:DTC P2122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

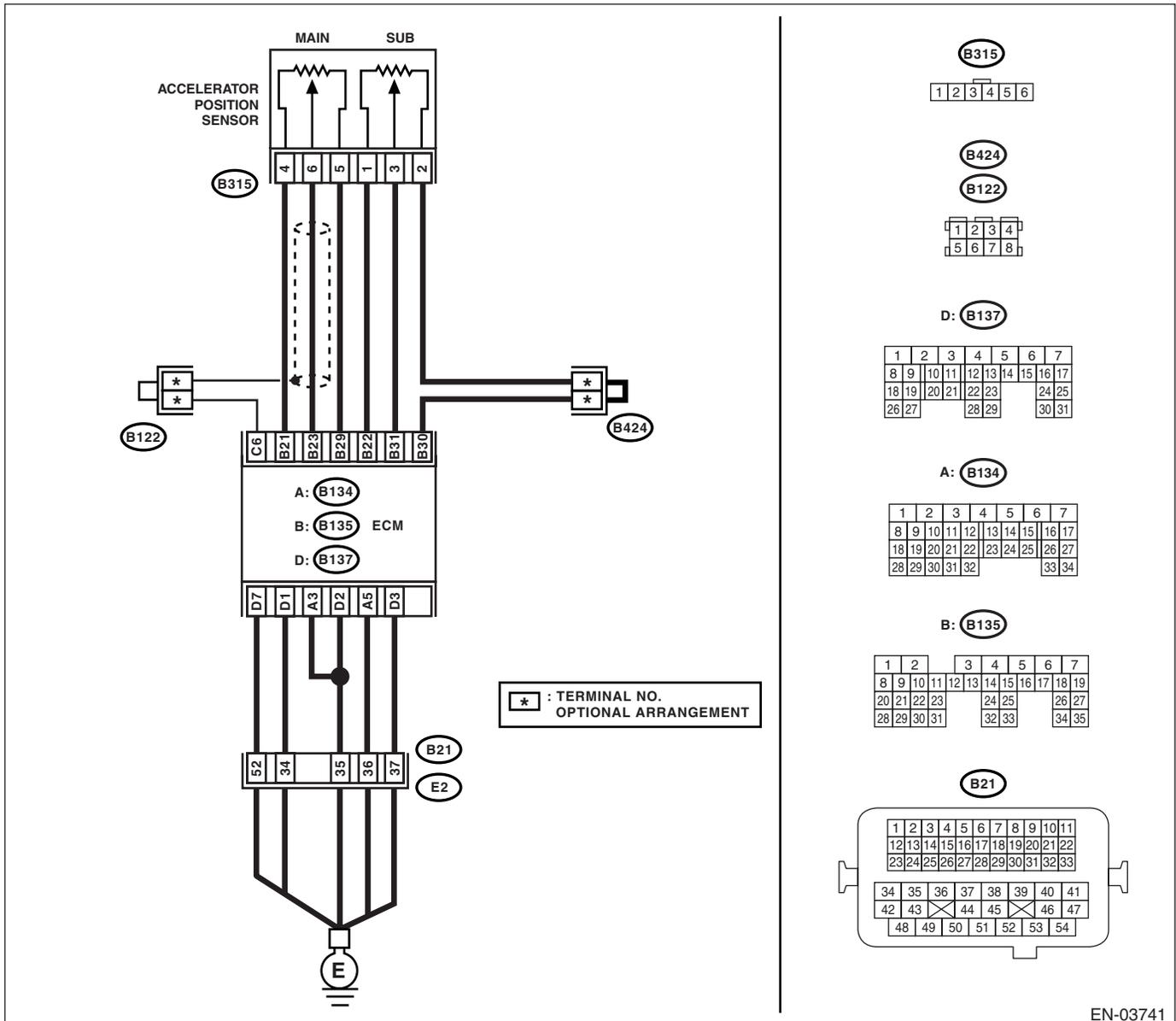
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-209, DTC P2122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/ SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03741

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--------------------------|---|
| 1 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of main accelerator pedal position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage more than 0.4 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of connector between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor. | Is there poor contact? | Repair the poor contact. | Temporary poor contact occurred, but it is normal at present. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 23 — (B315) No. 6: (B135) No. 21 — (B315) No. 4: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 23 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 21 — Chassis ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair the chassis short circuit of harness. |
| 5 CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V? | Go to step 6. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 6 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor. Terminals No. 4 — No. 5: | Is the resistance between 1.2 and 4.8 k Ω ? | Go to step 7. | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |
| 7 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor. Terminals No. 6 — No. 5: Check the measured value is within the specification without depressing the accelerator pedal. | Is the resistance between 0.2 and 1.0 k Ω ? | Go to step 8. | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|--|
| 8 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor. Terminals No. 6 — No. 5: Check the measured value is within the specification with the accelerator pedal depressed. | Is the resistance between 0.5 and 2.5 k Ω ? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |

DZ:DTC P2123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

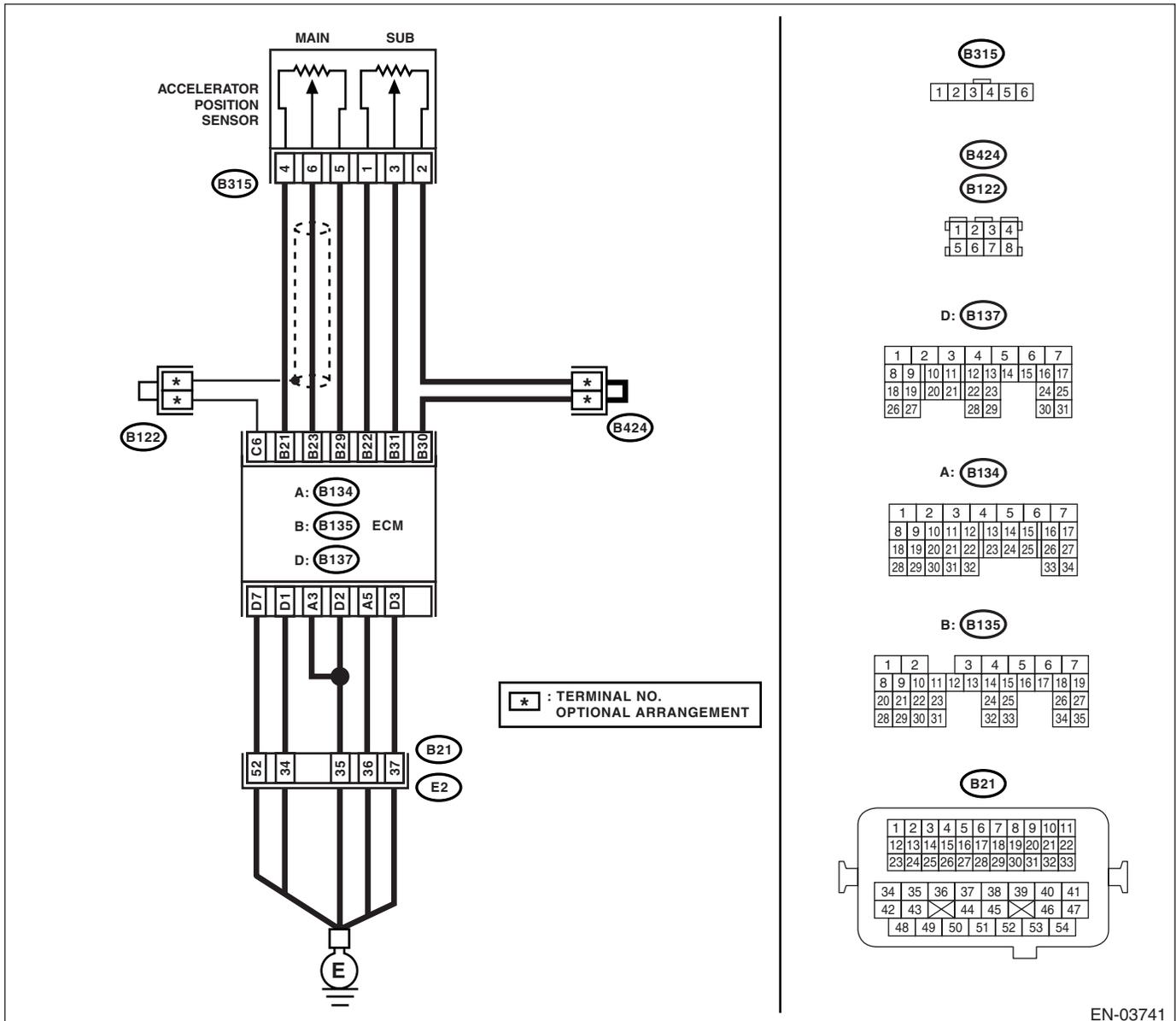
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-211, DTC P2123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/ SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03741

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|---|
| 1 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of main accelerator pedal position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage less than 4.8 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of connector between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor. | Is there poor contact? | Repair the poor contact. | Temporary poor contact occurred, but it is normal at present. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B135) No. 29 — (B315) No. 5:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B315) No. 5 — Engine ground:</i> | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B315) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage less than 6 V? | Go to step 6. | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. |
| 6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B135) No. 23 — (B135) No. 21:</i> <i>(B135) No. 23 — (B135) No. 22:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Repair the poor contact of accelerator pedal position sensor connector. Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor if defective. | Repair the short circuit to sensor power supply. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

EA:DTC P2127 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

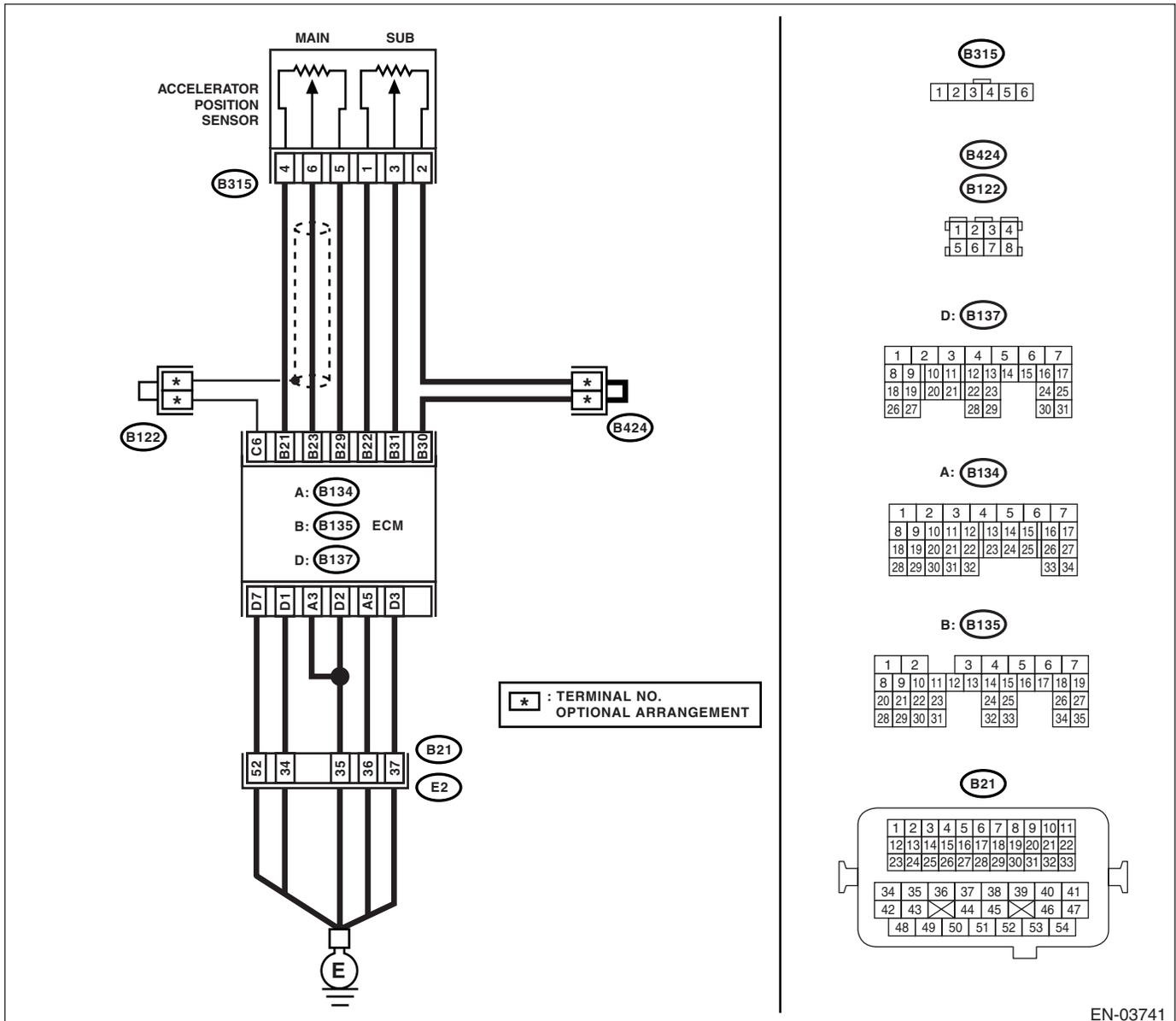
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-213, DTC P2127 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/ SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03741

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--------------------------|---|
| 1 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of sub accelerator pedal position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage more than 0.4 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of connector between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor. | Is there poor contact? | Repair the poor contact. | Temporary poor contact occurred, but it is normal at present. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B135) No. 31 — (B315) No. 3:</i> <i>(B135) No. 22 — (B315) No. 1:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B135) No. 31 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(B135) No. 22 — Chassis ground:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair the chassis short circuit of harness. |
| 5 CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B315) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V? | Go to step 6. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 6 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i> | Is the resistance between 0.75 and 3.15 k Ω ? | Go to step 7. | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |
| 7 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 3 — No. 2:</i> 2) Check the measured value is within the specification without depressing the accelerator pedal. | Is the resistance between 0.15 and 0.63 k Ω ? | Go to step 8. | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| | Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| 8 | CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor. Terminals No. 3 — No. 2: 2) Check the measured value is within the specification with the accelerator pedal depressed. | Is the resistance between 0.28 and 1.68 k Ω ? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

EB:DTC P2128 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

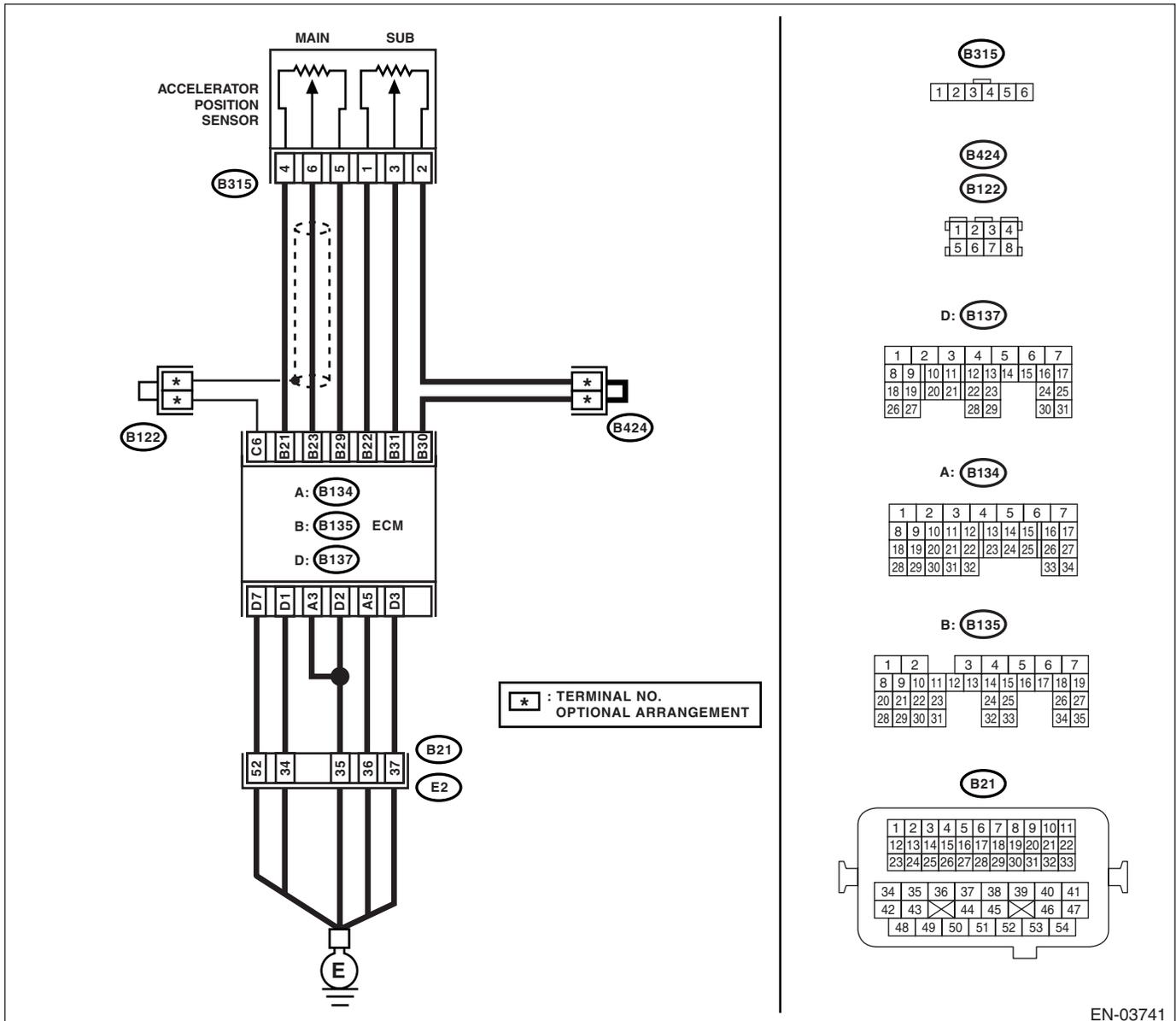
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-215, DTC P2128 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/ SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03741

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|---|---|
| 1 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of sub accelerator pedal position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage less than 4.8 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| 2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of connector between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor. | Is there poor contact? | Repair the poor contact. | Temporary poor contact occurred, but it is normal at present. |
| 3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 30 — (B315) No. 2: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 2 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage less than 6 V? | Go to step 6. | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. |
| 6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 31 — (B135) No. 21: (B135) No. 31 — (B135) No. 22: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Repair the poor contact of accelerator pedal position sensor connector. Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor if defective. | Repair the short circuit to sensor power supply. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--------------------------|---|
| 1 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage more than 0.4 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 4. |
| 2 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage more than 0.8 V? | Go to step 3. | Go to step 4. |
| 3 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control. | Is there poor contact? | Repair the poor contact. | Go to step 14. |
| 4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: (B134) No. 19 — (E57) No. 5: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground: | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 6. | Repair the ground short circuit of harness. |
| 6 CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V? | Go to step 7. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 7 CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT IN ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 — Engine ground: (E57) No. 4 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance more than 10 Ω ? | Go to step 8. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|---|--|--------------------------|---|
| 8 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Connect all the connectors. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage less than 4.63 V? | Go to step 9. | Go to step 11. |
| 9 CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage less than 4.73 V? | Go to step 10. | Go to step 11. |
| 10 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between ECM and electronic throttle control. | Is there poor contact? | Repair the poor contact. | Temporary poor contact occurred, but it is normal at present. |
| 11 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3: (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 12. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 12 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground: | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 13. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 13 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage less than 10 V? | Go to step 14. | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. |
| 14 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-): (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-): | Is the voltage less than 10 V? | Go to step 15. | Repair the short circuit of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| 15 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — (B134) No. 19: (B134) No. 28 — (B134) No. 19: | Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ? | Go to step 16 . | Repair the short circuit to sensor power supply. |
| 16 CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL HARNESS. 1) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 2) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control. 3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector terminals. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 6 — (E57) No. 4: | Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Repair the short circuit of harness. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

ED:DTC P2138 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D"/"E" VOLTAGE RATIONALITY

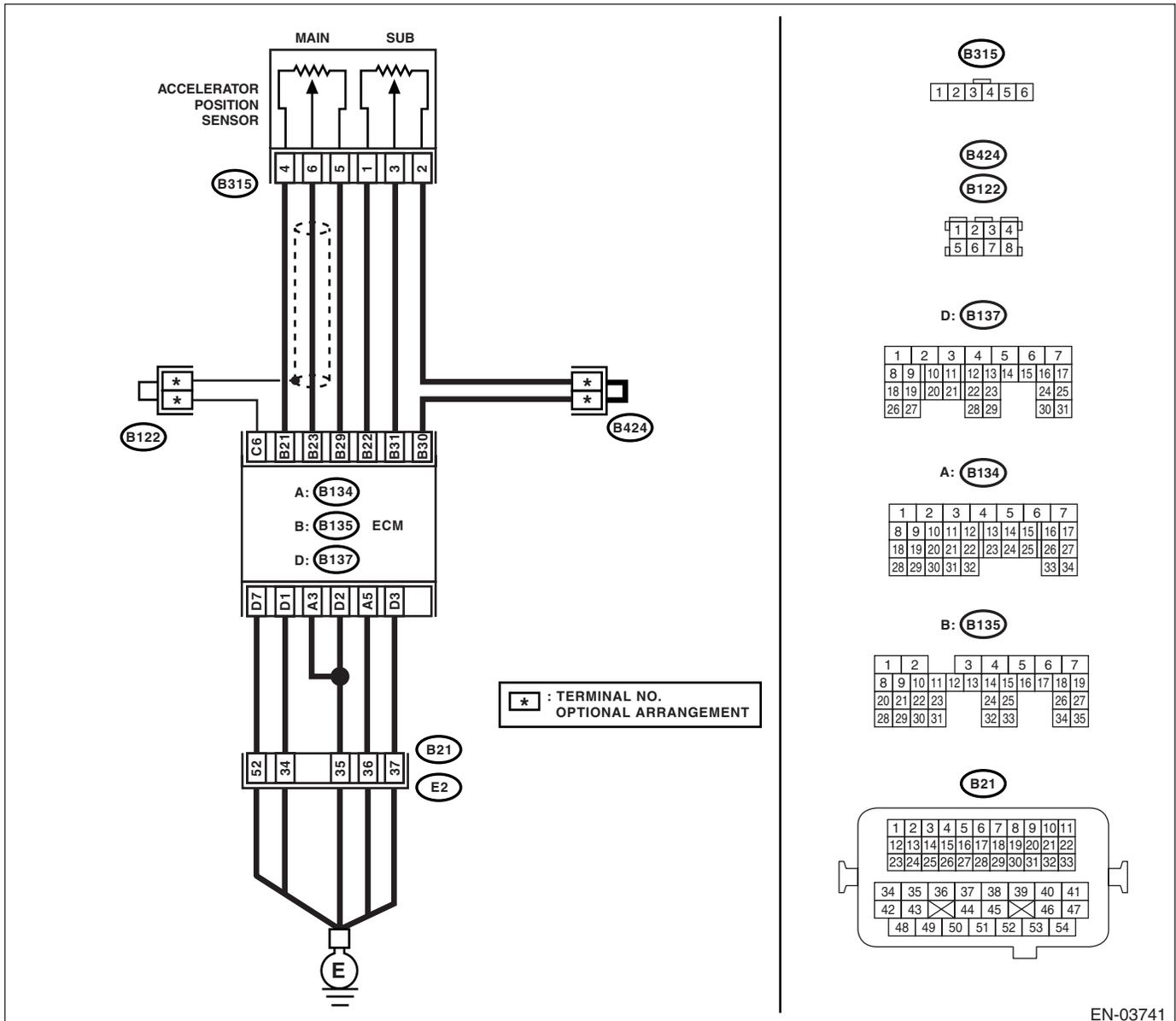
DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-219, DTC P2138 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/ SWITCH "D"/"E" VOLTAGE RATIONALITY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03741

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--------------------------|---|
| <p>1 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the data of main accelerator pedal position sensor signal and sub accelerator pedal position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.></p> | Is the voltage more than 0.4 V? | Go to step 2. | Go to step 3. |
| <p>2 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of connector between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor.</p> | Is there poor contact? | Repair the poor contact. | Go to step 12. |
| <p>3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B135) No. 23 — (B315) No. 6: (B135) No. 21 — (B315) No. 4: (B135) No. 31 — (B315) No. 3: (B135) No. 22 — (B315) No. 1:</p> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 4. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| <p>4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B135) No. 23 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 21 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 31 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 22 — Chassis ground:</p> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 5. | Repair the ground short circuit of harness. |
| <p>5 CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B315) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-): (B315) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):</p> | Is the voltage 4.5 — 5.5 V? | Go to step 6. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| <p>6 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor. <i>Terminals</i> No. 4 — No. 5:</p> | Is the resistance between 1.2 and 4.8 k Ω ? | Go to step 7. | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|--------------------------|--|
| 7 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i> | Is the resistance between 0.75 and 3.15 k Ω ? | Go to step 8. | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |
| 8 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor without depressing the accelerator pedal. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 6 — No. 5:</i> | Is the resistance between 0.2 and 0.8 k Ω ? | Go to step 9. | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |
| 9 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor without depressing the accelerator pedal. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 3 — No. 2:</i> | Is the resistance between 0.15 and 0.63 k Ω ? | Go to step 10. | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |
| 10 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor with depressing the accelerator pedal. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 6 — No. 5:</i> | Is the resistance between 0.5 and 2.5 k Ω ? | Go to step 11. | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |
| 11 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. Measure the resistance of accelerator pedal position sensor with depressing the accelerator pedal. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 3 — No. 2:</i> | Is the resistance between 0.28 and 1.68 k Ω ? | Go to step 12. | Replace the accelerator pedal position sensor. |
| 12 CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect all the connectors. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of main accelerator pedal position sensor signal and the sub accelerator pedal position sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-26, Subaru Select Monitor.> | Is the voltage less than 4.8 V? | Go to step 13. | Go to step 14. |
| 13 CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of connector between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor. | Is there poor contact? | Repair the poor contact. | Go to step 18. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--|--|---|---|
| 14 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B135) No. 29 — (B315) No. 5:</i> <i>(B135) No. 30 — (B315) No. 2:</i> | Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ? | Go to step 15. | Repair the open circuit of harness connector. |
| 15 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Measure the resistance between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B315) No. 5 — Engine ground:</i> <i>(B315) No. 2 — Engine ground:</i> | Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ? | Go to step 16. | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> |
| 16 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Connect the ECM connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B315) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> <i>(B315) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):</i> | Is the voltage less than 6 V? | Go to step 17. | Repair the battery short circuit of harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. |
| 17 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B135) No. 23 — (B135) No. 21:</i> <i>(B135) No. 23 — (B135) No. 22:</i> <i>(B135) No. 31 — (B135) No. 21:</i> <i>(B135) No. 31 — (B135) No. 22:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Go to step 18. | Repair the short circuit to sensor power supply. |
| 18 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM. 3) Disconnect the connectors from accelerator pedal position sensor. 4) Measure the resistance between connector terminals of accelerator pedal position sensor. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(B315) No. 6 — (B315) No. 3:</i> | Is the resistance more than 1 M Ω ? | Repair poor contact in ECM connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> | Repair the short circuit of harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

EE:DTC P2227 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-221, DTC P2227 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT RANGE/ PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is any other DTC displayed? | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> NOTE: The barometric pressure sensor is built into the ECM. | It is not necessary to inspect DTC P0129. |

EF:DTC P2228 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-222, DTC P2228 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is DTC P1110 displayed on the Subaru Select Monitor or gen- eral scan tool? | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> NOTE: The barometric pressure sensor is built into the ECM. | Temporary poor contact occurs. |

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

EG:DTC P2229 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-223, DTC P2229 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-45, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-35, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

| Step | Check | Yes | No |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| 1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. | Is DTC P1111 displayed on the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool? | Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H6DO)-32, Engine Control Module (ECM).> NOTE: The barometric pressure sensor is built into the ECM. | Temporary poor contact occurs. |