

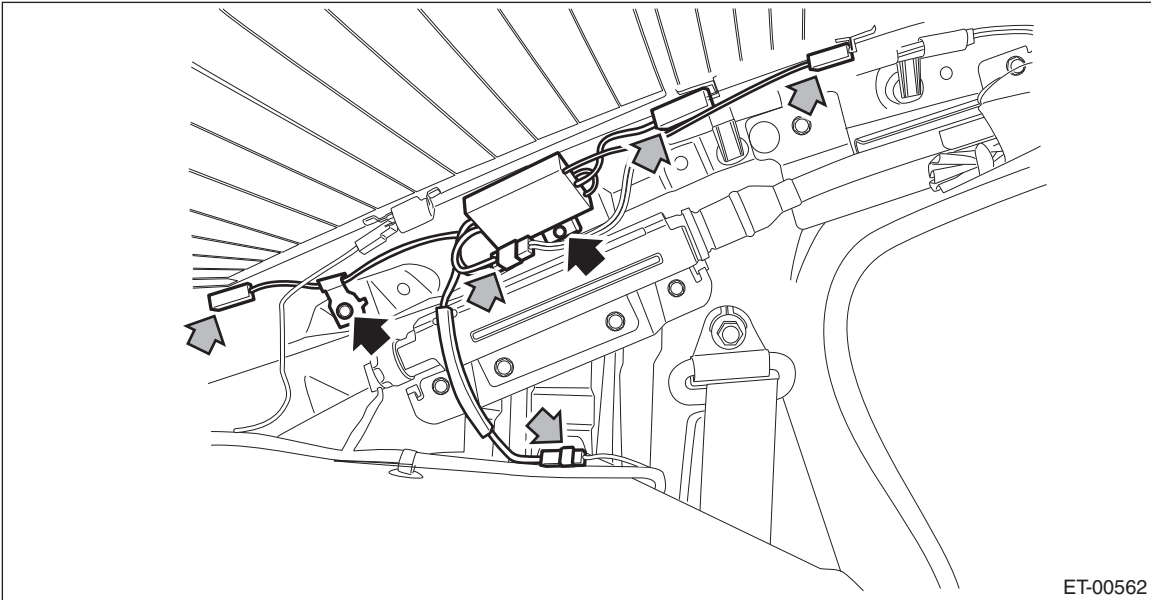
## 9. Antenna

### A: REMOVAL

#### 1. RADIO ANTENNA AMPLIFIER

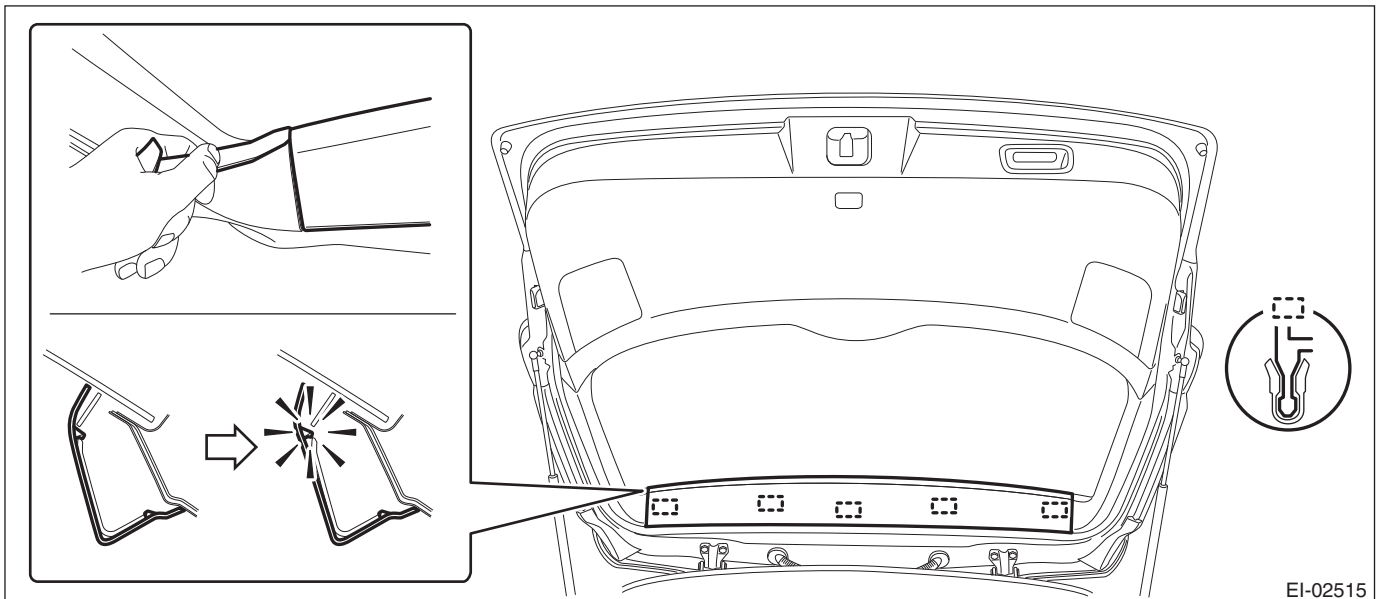
##### • Sedan model

- 1) Remove the rear quarter trim LH. <Ref. to EI-109, SEDAN MODEL, REMOVAL, Rear Quarter Trim.>
- 2) Remove the radio antenna amplifier assembly.
  - (1) Disconnect the connector.
  - (2) Remove the bolts, and then remove the radio antenna amplifier assembly.



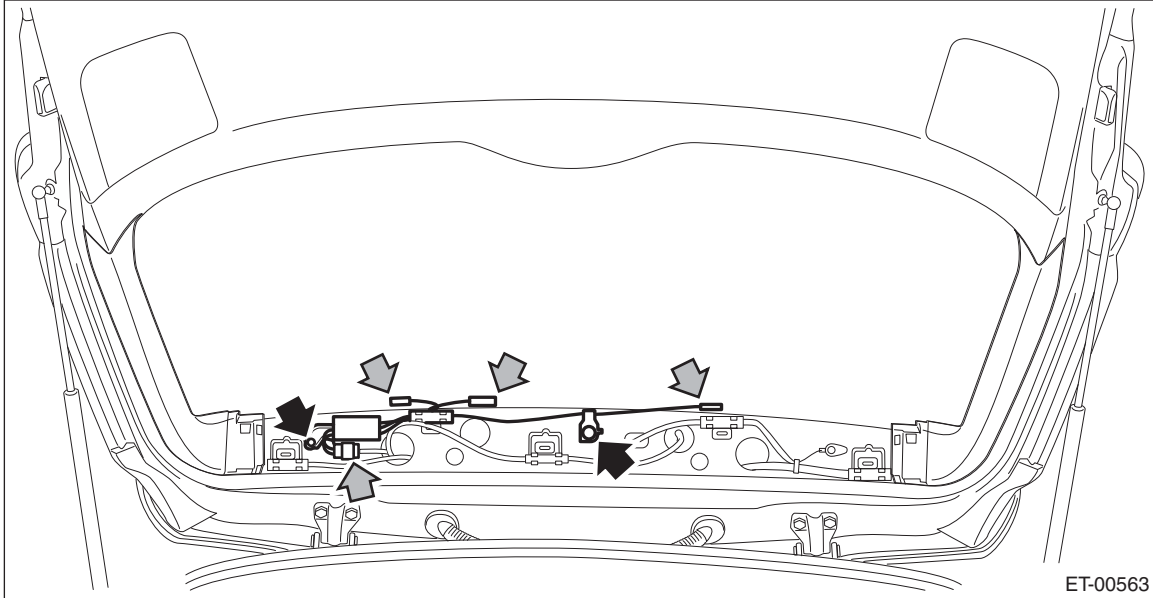
##### • OUTBACK model

- 1) Remove the rear gate upper trim.
  - (1) Remove the claws on the trim edge.
  - (2) Disconnect the claws in the center of trim, and remove the rear gate upper trim.



- 2) Remove the radio antenna amplifier assembly.
  - (1) Disconnect the connector.

(2) Remove the bolts, and then remove the radio antenna amplifier assembly.



## B: INSTALLATION

Install each part in the reverse order of removal.

**Tightening torque:**

**12 N·m (1.22 kgf·m, 8.9 ft·lb)**

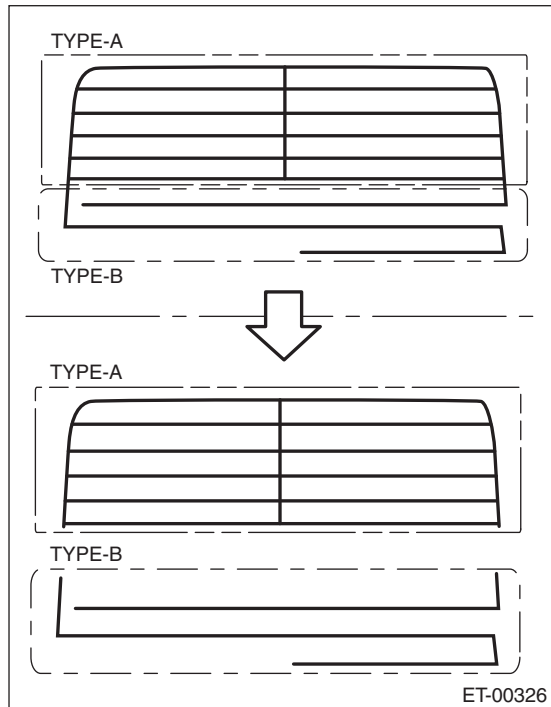
## C: INSPECTION

### CAUTION:

When wiping dirt off of the glass to avoid heat wire damage, be careful of the following.

- Use a dry and soft cloth.
- Move the cloth along the heat wire.

Inspection method of antenna, it is different from printing pattern of antenna.



TYPE-A Printing pattern of grid

TYPE-B Printing pattern of straight

### 1. TYPE A

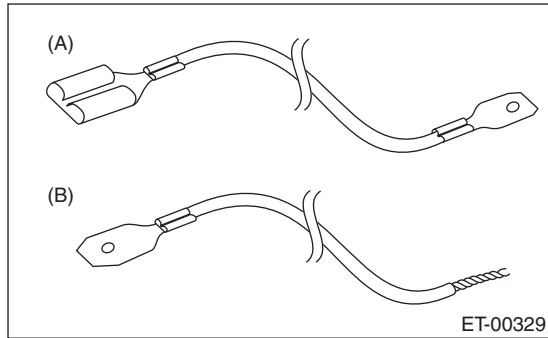
- 1) Disconnect the ground cable from battery.
- 2) Remove the trim.

Sedan model: Remove the rear quarter trim rear on both sides. <Ref. to EI-109, SEDAN MODEL, REMOVAL, Rear Quarter Trim.>

OUTBACK model: Remove the rear gate trim. <Ref. to EI-157, REMOVAL, Rear Gate Trim.>

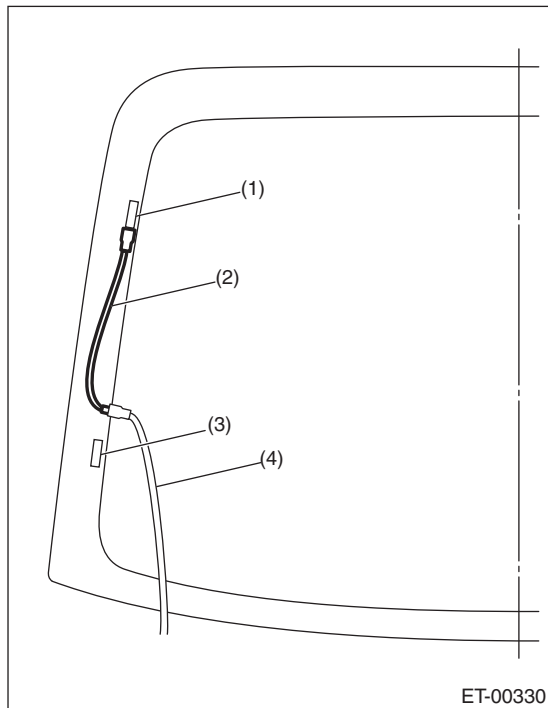
- 3) Disconnect the antenna harness connector and antenna terminals.

4) Prepare the extension harness (A), (B).



- (A) Attach the flat terminals (male and female) to both ends of the harness of 2,000 mm (78.7 in) length (electrical wire unit dimensions approx. 2.0 mm<sup>2</sup> (0.0032 sq in)).
- (B) Attach the flat terminal (female) to one side of the harness, another side to twist the harness of 2,000 mm (78.7 in) length (electrical wire unit dimensions approx. 2.0 mm<sup>2</sup> (0.0032 sq in)).

5) Connect the extension harness (A) to rear defogger harness (power supply side) terminal and antenna terminal.



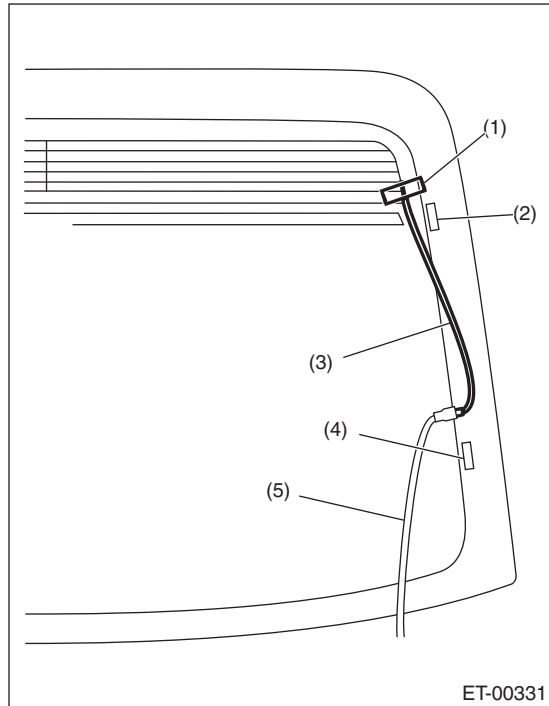
- (1) Antenna terminal
- (2) Extension harness (A)
- (3) Rear defogger terminal
- (4) Rear defogger harness (power supply side - red blue)

6) Connect the extension harness (B) to rear defogger harness (ground side) terminal.

# Antenna

## ENTERTAINMENT

7) Fasten the another side of extension harness (B) to end of antenna pattern of grid with tape.



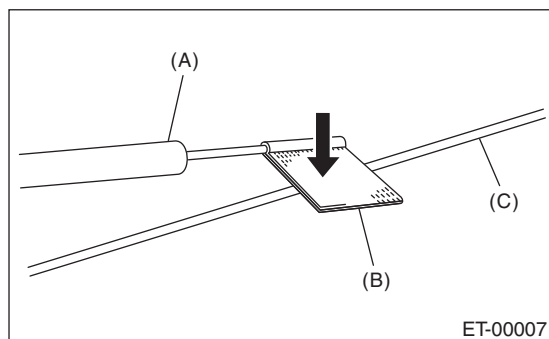
- (1) Tape
- (2) Antenna terminal
- (3) Extension harness (B)
- (4) Rear defogger terminal
- (5) Rear defogger harness (ground side - black)

8) Connect the ground cable to battery.

9) Turn the ignition switch to ON.

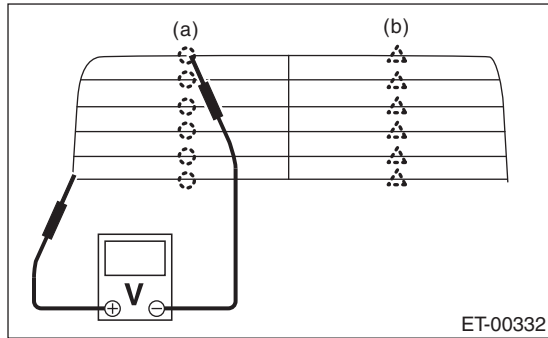
10) Turn the rear defogger switch to ON.

11) Wrap a piece of aluminum foil around the tip of tester probe and press foil against antenna wire with your finger.



- (A) Tester probe
- (B) Aluminum foil
- (C) Antenna wire

12) Measure the voltage around an antenna wire (a) and (b).



	Measured voltage value	Criteria
(a)	Approx. 3 V (standard value)	Normal
	Approx. 6 V or 0 V	Open
(b)	Approx. 9 V (standard value)	Normal
	Approx. 12 V or 6 V	Open

**NOTE:**

Measuring point (a)

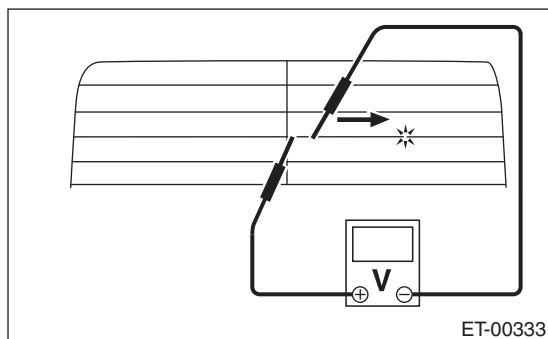
- If the measured value is 6 V, heat wire is open between antenna wire center and positive (+) terminal of probe.
- If it is 0 V, the circuit is open between antenna wire center and ground.

Measuring point (b)

- If the measured value is 12 V, heat wire is open between antenna wire center and positive (+) terminal of probe.
- If it is 6 V, the circuit is open between antenna wire center and ground.

13) Fasten the voltmeter positive (+) side and negative (-) side to end of open harness positive side of step 12).

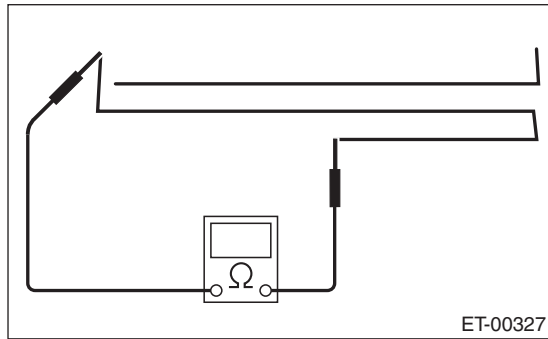
14) Search a point the voltage changes from 0 V, and move the negative (-) probe along antenna wire slowly.



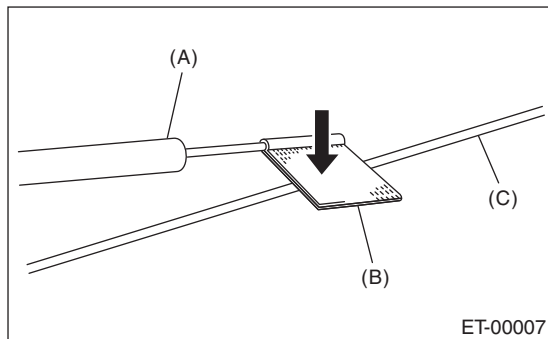
15) Repair the antenna wire if the place of the open circuit is identified. <Ref. to ET-25, REPAIR, Antenna.>

## 2. TYPE B

Measure the resistance between the antenna terminal and each antenna wire.

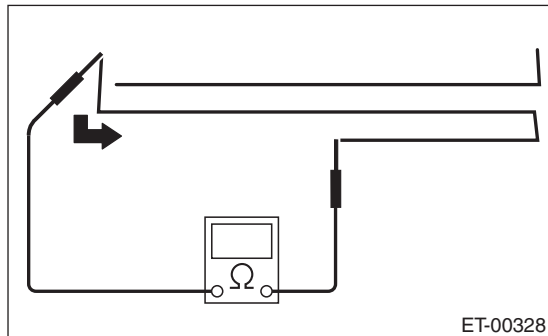


- 1) Disconnect the ground cable from battery.
- 2) Wrap a piece of aluminum foil around the tip of probe and press foil against antenna wire with your finger.



- (A) Tester probe
- (B) Aluminum foil
- (C) Antenna wire

- 3) To locate the broken point, move the probe along antenna wire.



### NOTE:

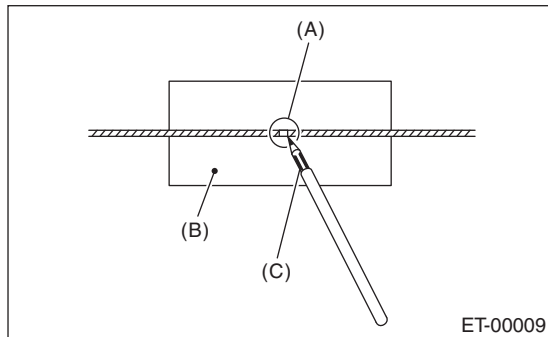
If an antenna wire is OK, resistance will be less than 20  $\Omega$ .

If an antenna wire is broken, resistance will be more than 1 M $\Omega$ .

- 4) Repair the antenna wire if the place of the open circuit is identified. <Ref. to ET-25, REPAIR, Antenna.>

**D: REPAIR**

- 1) Clean the external circumference of antenna wire and around with alcohol or white gasoline.
- 2) Paste a thin masking film on the glass along broken wire.
- 3) Apply the conductive silver composition (DUPONT No. 4817) on the broken portion with a drawing pen.



- (A) Broken portion
- (B) Masking film
- (C) Conductive silver composition

- 4) Dry out the deposited portion.
- 5) After repair has been completed, measure the resistance in repaired wire.