

19. Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

A: DTC P0030 — HO₂S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

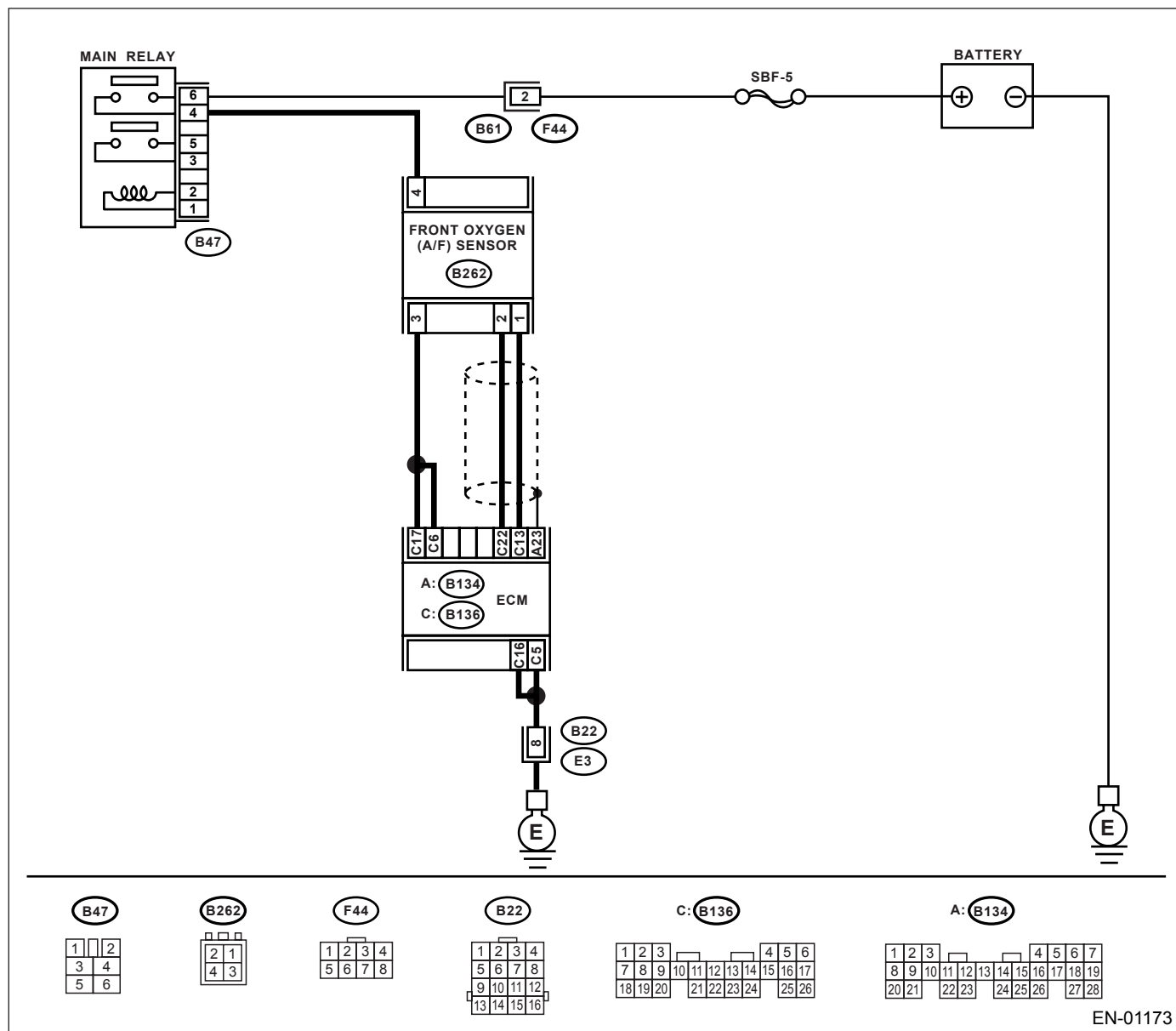
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01173

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1)Start and warm-up the engine. 2)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 3)Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 4)Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 6 — (B262) No. 3: (B136) No. 17 — (B262) No. 3: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 2.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 22 — (B262) No. 2: (B136) No. 13 — (B262) No. 1: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 3.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN RELAY AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B47) No. 4 — (B262) No. 4: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit in harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.
4 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals. Terminal No. 2 — No. 1: No. 3 — No. 4: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 5.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>
5 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connectors.	Is there poor contact in ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact in ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
2 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B262) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 3.	Repair power supply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in main relay connector • Malfunction in main relay
3 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF ECM. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 16 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and engine ground terminal • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
4 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> • OBD-II General Scan Tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	0.2 A	Repair poor contact in connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Start and idle the engine. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1.0 V	Go to step 7.	Go to step 6.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value stay less than the specified value while shaking the ECM harness and connector ?	1.0 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 7.
7 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals. Terminal No. 3 — No. 4: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open or short circuit to ground in harness between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector 	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-51, Fuel.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

C: DTC P0032 — HO₂S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) —

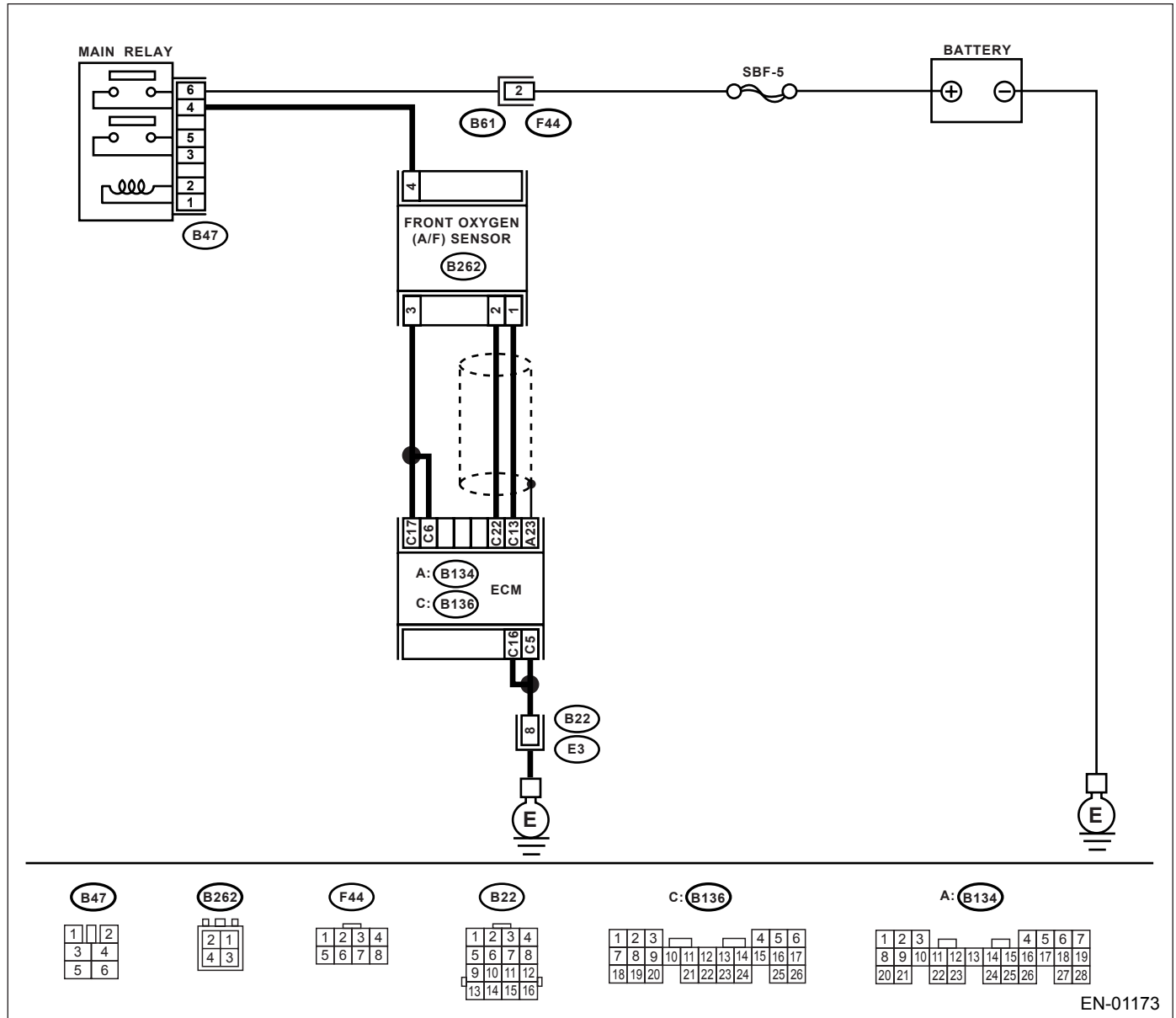
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01173

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	8 V	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR HEATER CURRENT. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Repair the short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II General Scan Tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	2.3 A	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	END
3 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	8 V	Repair the short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	END

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

D: DTC P0037 — HO₂S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW INPUT (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) —

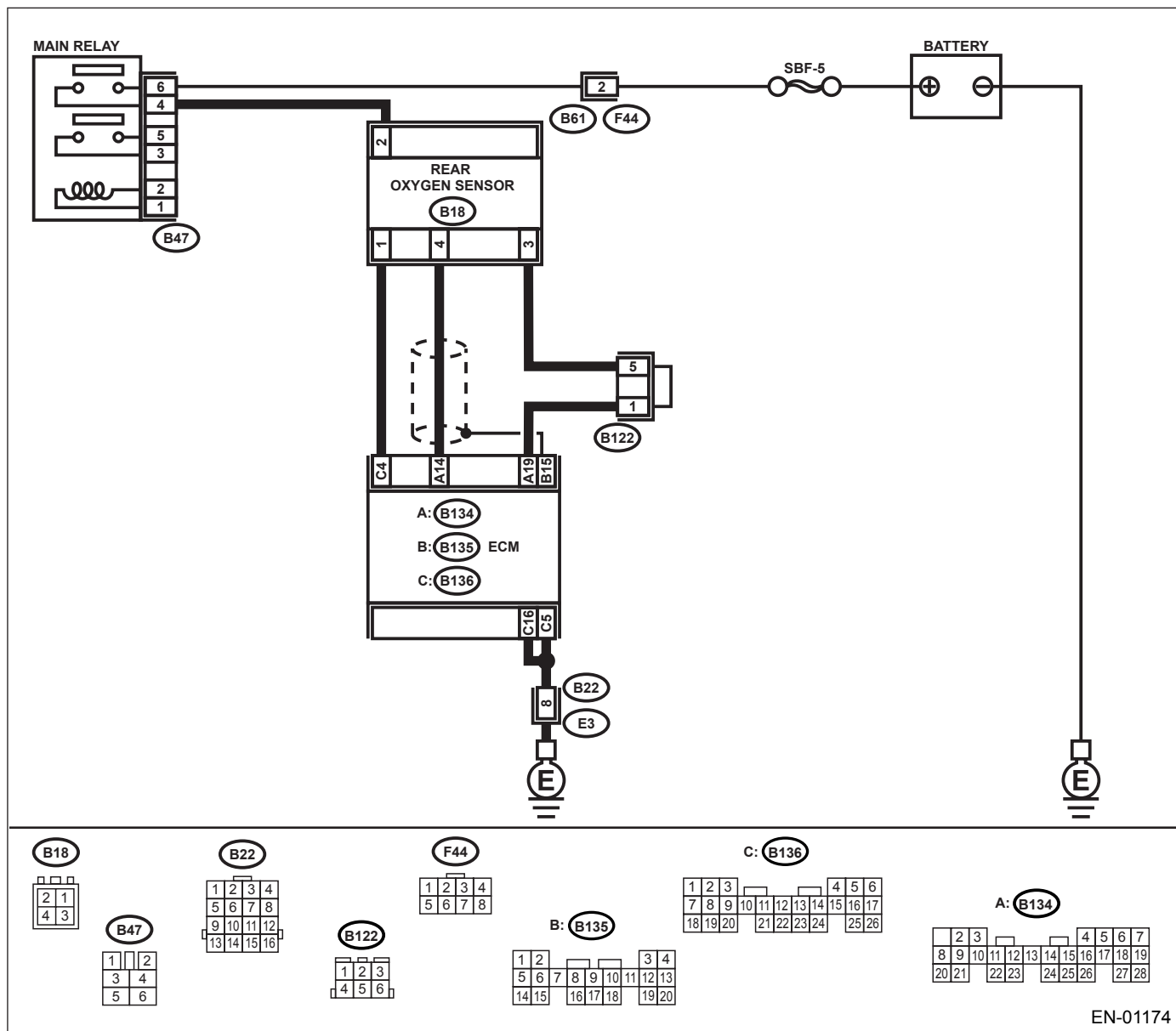
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01174

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 16 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 5 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 2.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and engine ground terminal • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
2 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	0.2 A	Repair the connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connecting harness connector • Poor contact in ECM connector	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Start and idle the engine. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1.0 V	Go to step 6.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value change within the specified range by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	1.0 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1.0 V	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and engine ground or chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B18) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 7.	Repair power supply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between main relay and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in main relay connector • Malfunction in main relay
7 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor connector terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	30 Ω	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector 	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-46, Rear Oxygen Sensor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

E: DTC P0038 — HO₂S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) —

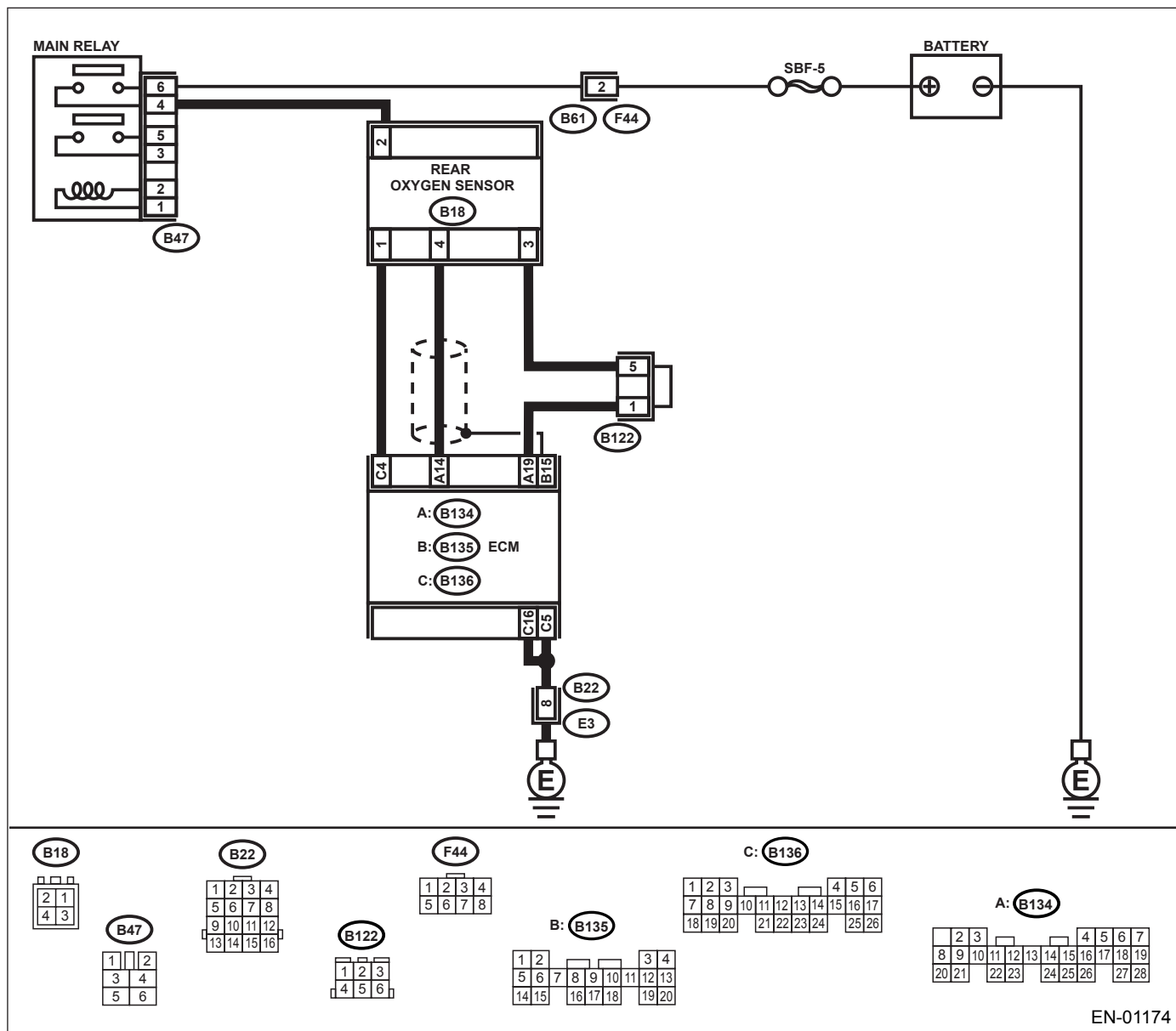
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01174

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	8 V	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. 3)Turn ignition switch to ON. 4)Read the data of rear oxygen sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	7 A	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	END
3 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	END

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

F: DTC P0065 — AIR ASSISTED INJECTOR CONTROL RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM —

• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

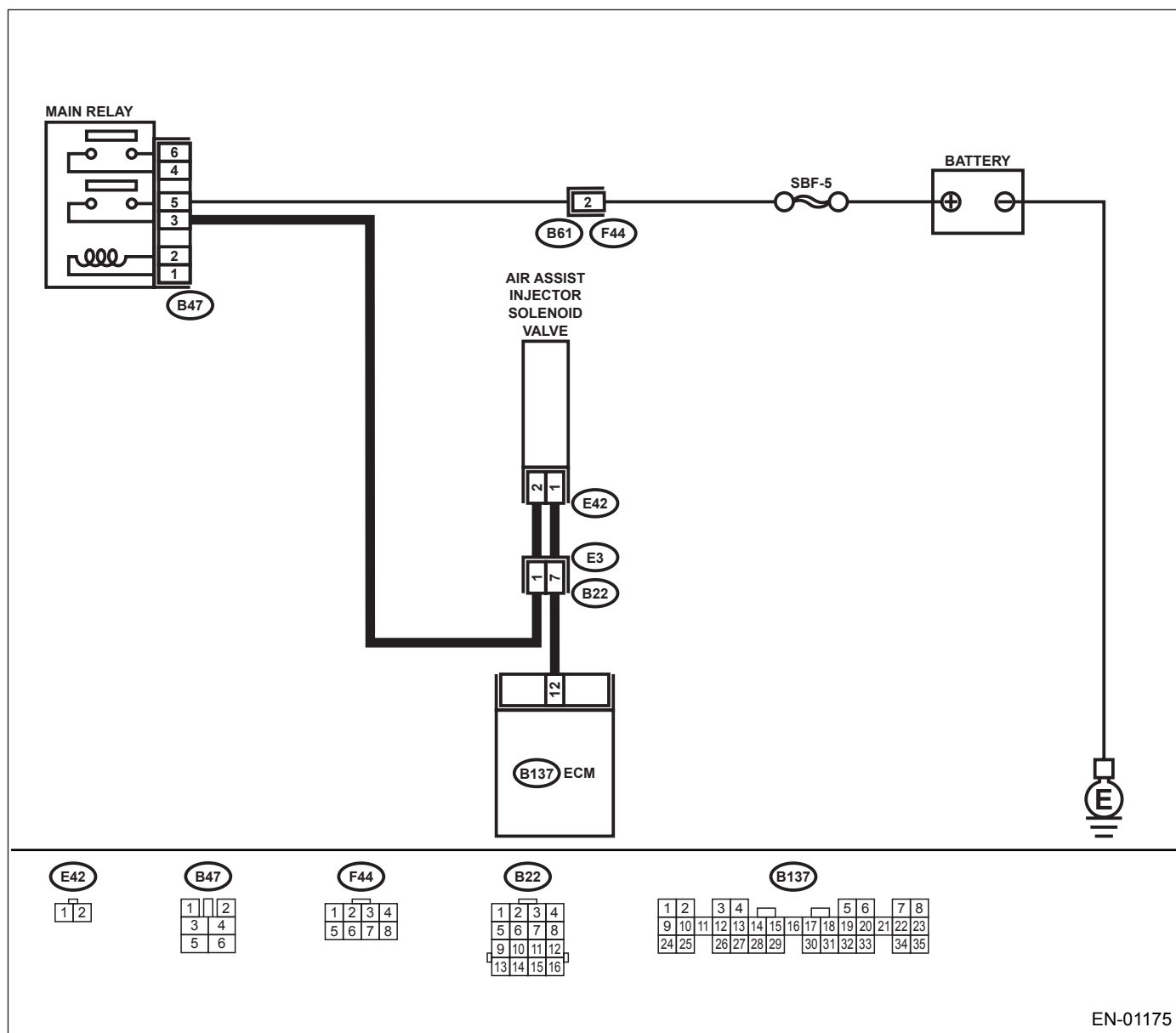
• TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01175

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK AIR ASSISTED INJECTOR SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3)Turn ignition switch to ON. 4)Operate the air assisted injector solenoid valve. Does air assisted injector solenoid valve operate? NOTE: Air assisted injector solenoid valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Operates.	Go to step 3.	Replace the air assisted injector solenoid valve. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-37, Air Assist Injector Solenoid Valve.>
3 CHECK AIR BYPASS HOSES. Use your mouth to blow through the air bypass hose to make sure that there is a smooth air flow (no clogging). Is there damage or clog at air bypass hose?	There is damage or clog.	Repair or replace the air bypass hoses.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK FUEL INJECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove the fuel injector. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-38, REMOVAL, Fuel Injector.> 3)Check for clogged fuel injectors. Is the fuel injector clogged?	Clogged.	Replace the fuel injector. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-41, INSTALLATION, Fuel Injector.>	Replace the air assisted injector solenoid valve. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-37, Air Assist Injector Solenoid Valve.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

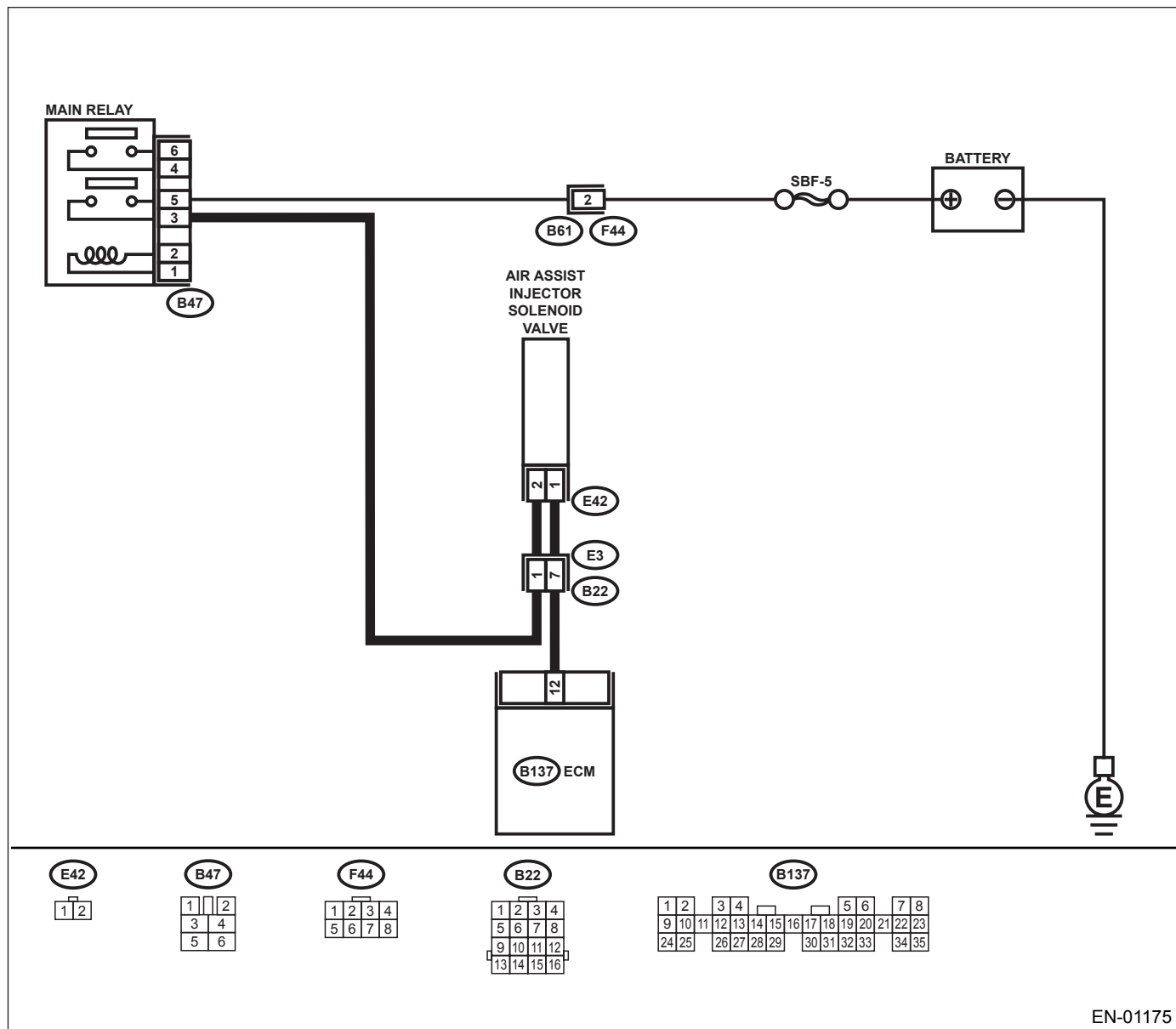
G: DTC P0066 — AIR ASSISTED INJECTOR CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling
 - Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01175

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO AIR ASSISTED INJECTOR SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from air assisted injector solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between air assisted injector solenoid valve and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E42) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between air assisted injector solenoid valve and main relay connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AIR ASSISTED INJECTOR SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and air assisted injector solenoid valve connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 12 — (E42) No. 1: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and air assisted injector solenoid valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AIR ASSISTED INJECTOR SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 12 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and air assisted injector solenoid valve connector.
5 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM and air assisted injector solenoid valve connectors. Is there poor contact in ECM and air assisted injector solenoid valve connectors?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM and air assisted injector solenoid valve connectors.	Replace the air assisted injector solenoid valve. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-37, Air Assist Injector Solenoid Valve.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

H: DTC P0067 — AIR ASSISTED INJECTOR CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

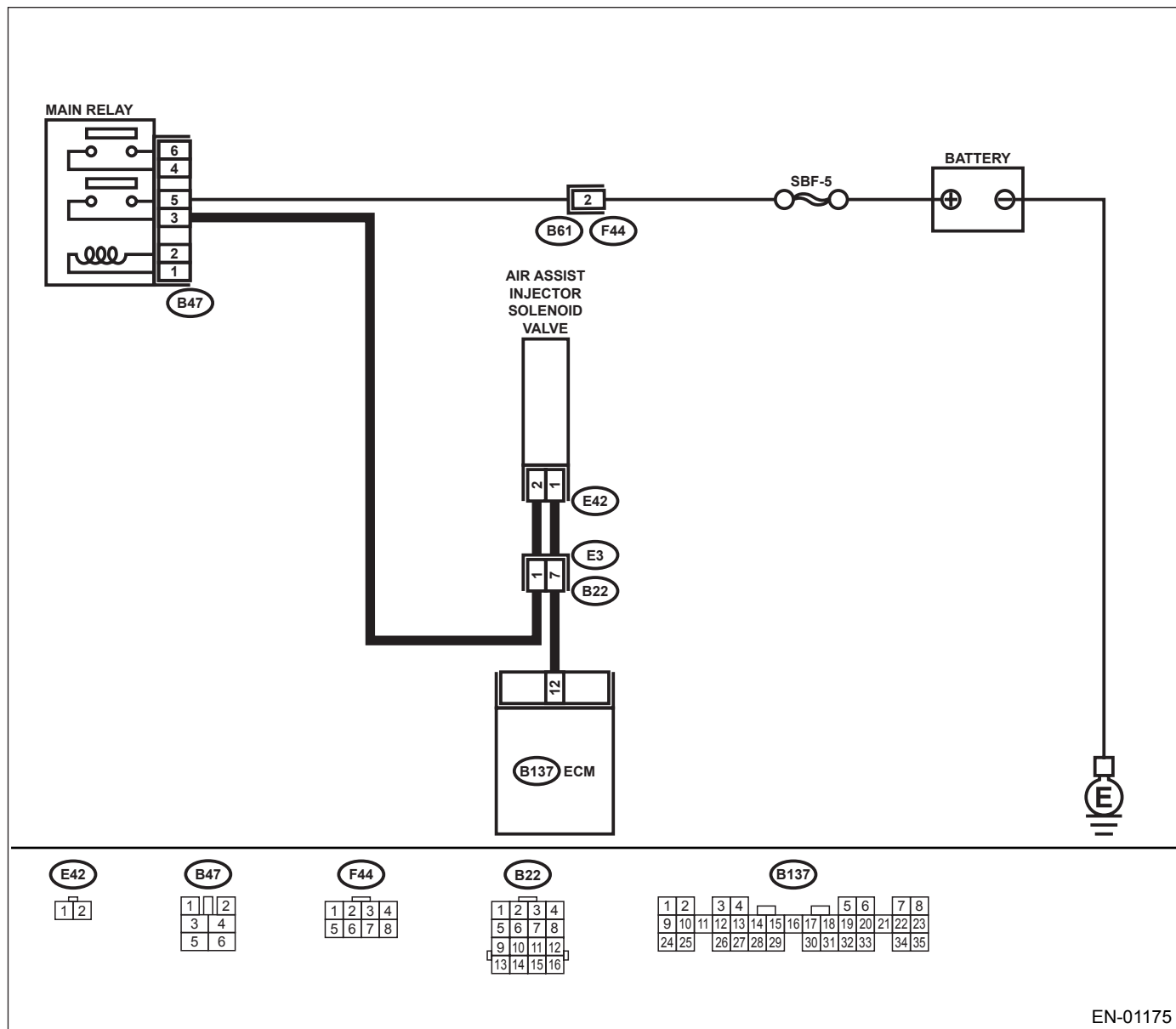
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01175

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. 2)Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from air assisted injector solenoid valve. 3)Turn ignition switch to ON. 4)Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and air assisted injector solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Replace the air assisted injector solenoid valve <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-37, Air Assist Injector Solenoid Valve.> and the ECM <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>.
3 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and air assisted injector solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

I: DTC P0068 — MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM —

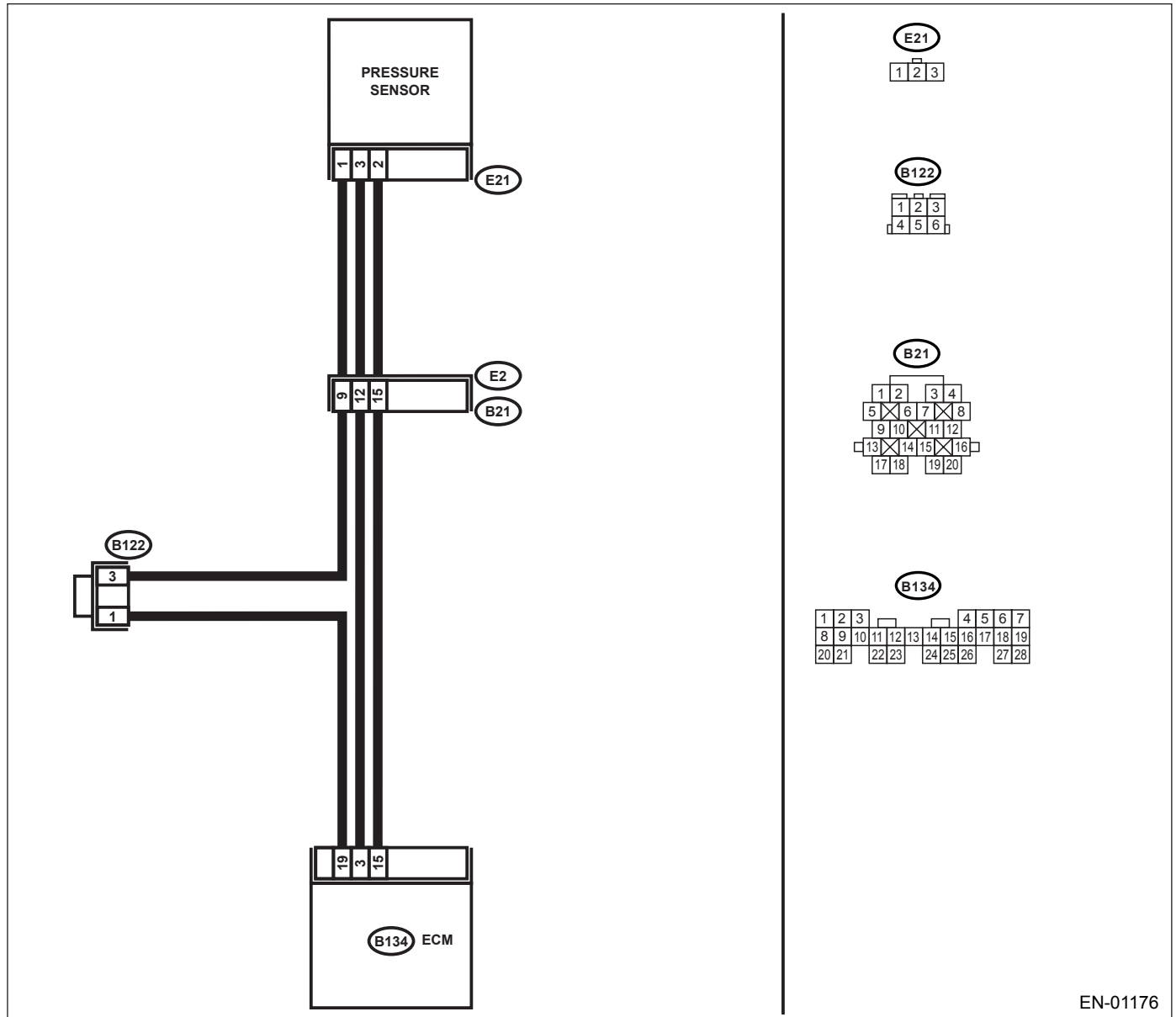
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01176

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>
2	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	There are holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose.	Repair air intake system.
3	CHECK PRESSURE SENSOR. 1)Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2)Place the selector lever or shift lever in "P" or "N" position. 3)Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4)All accessory switches OFF. 5)Read the data of intake manifold pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value within the specified range? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	Ignition ON: 73.3 — 106.6 kPa (550 — 800 mmHg, 21.65 — 31.50 inHg), Idling: 20.0 — 46.7 kPa (150 — 350 mmHg, 5.91 — 13.78 inHg)	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION. Read the data of throttle position signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value less than specified value when throttle is fully closed? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	5 %	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION. Is the measured value more than the specified value when throttle is wide open?	85 %	Replace the pressure sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-34, Pressure Sensor.>
			Replace the throttle position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-31, Throttle Position Sensor.>

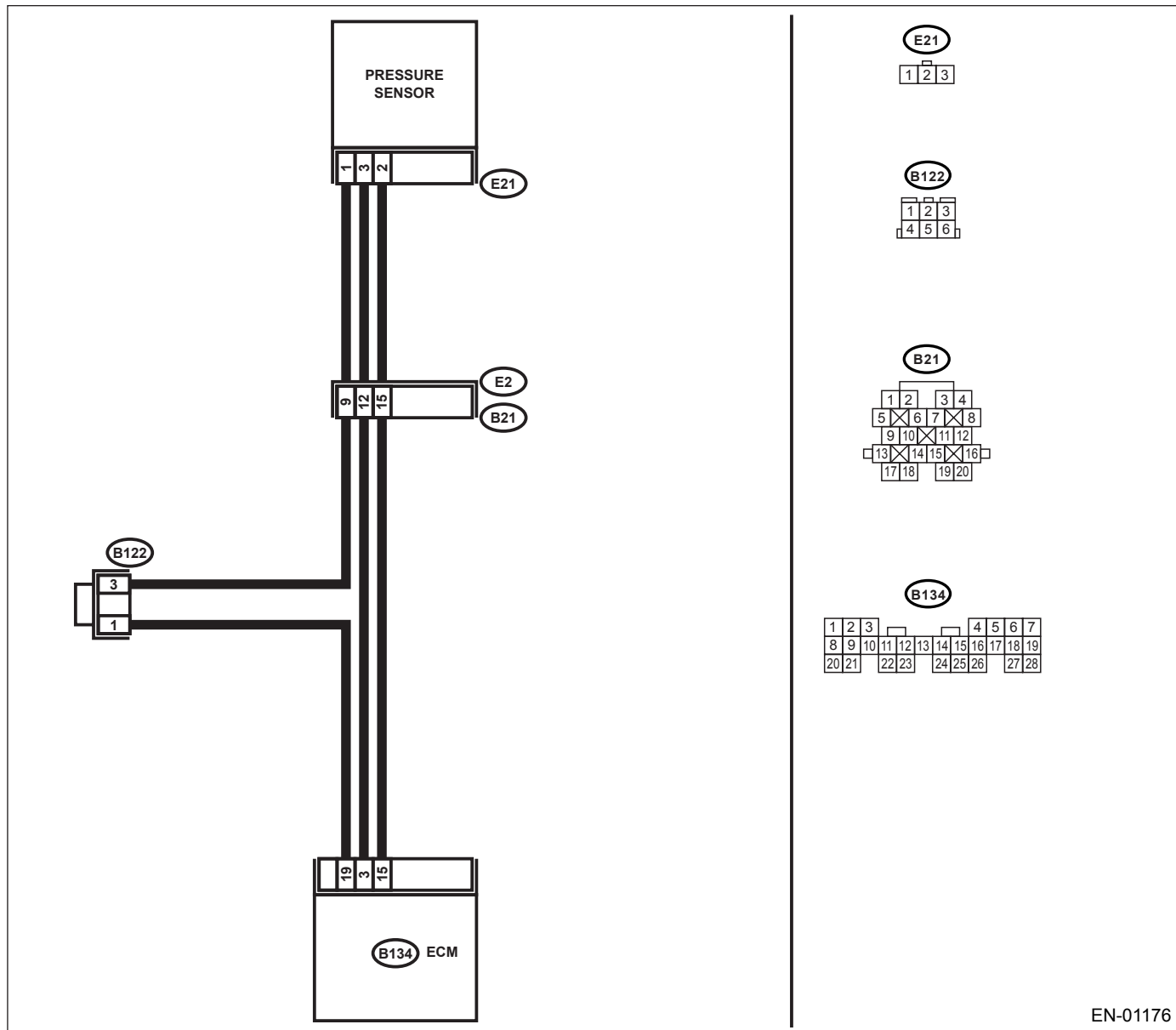
J: DTC P0107 — MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01176

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1)Start the engine. 2)Read the data of intake manifold absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value less than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	13.3 kPa (100 mmHg, 3.94 inHg)	Go to step 3.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM and pressure sensor connector. Is there poor contact in ECM or pressure sensor connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM or pressure sensor connector.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment.
3 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 5.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	4.5 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.
5 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	0.2 V	Go to step 7.	Go to step 6.
6 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Read the data of atmospheric absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor. Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.>	13.3 kPa (100 mmHg, 3.94 inHg)	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 7.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
7 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from pressure sensor. 3)Turn ignition switch to ON. 4)Measure the voltage between pressure sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E21) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector.
8 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3)Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 19 — (E21) No. 1: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 9.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector.
9 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in pressure sensor connector. Is there poor contact in pressure sensor connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in pressure sensor connector.	Replace the pressure sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-34, Pressure Sensor.>

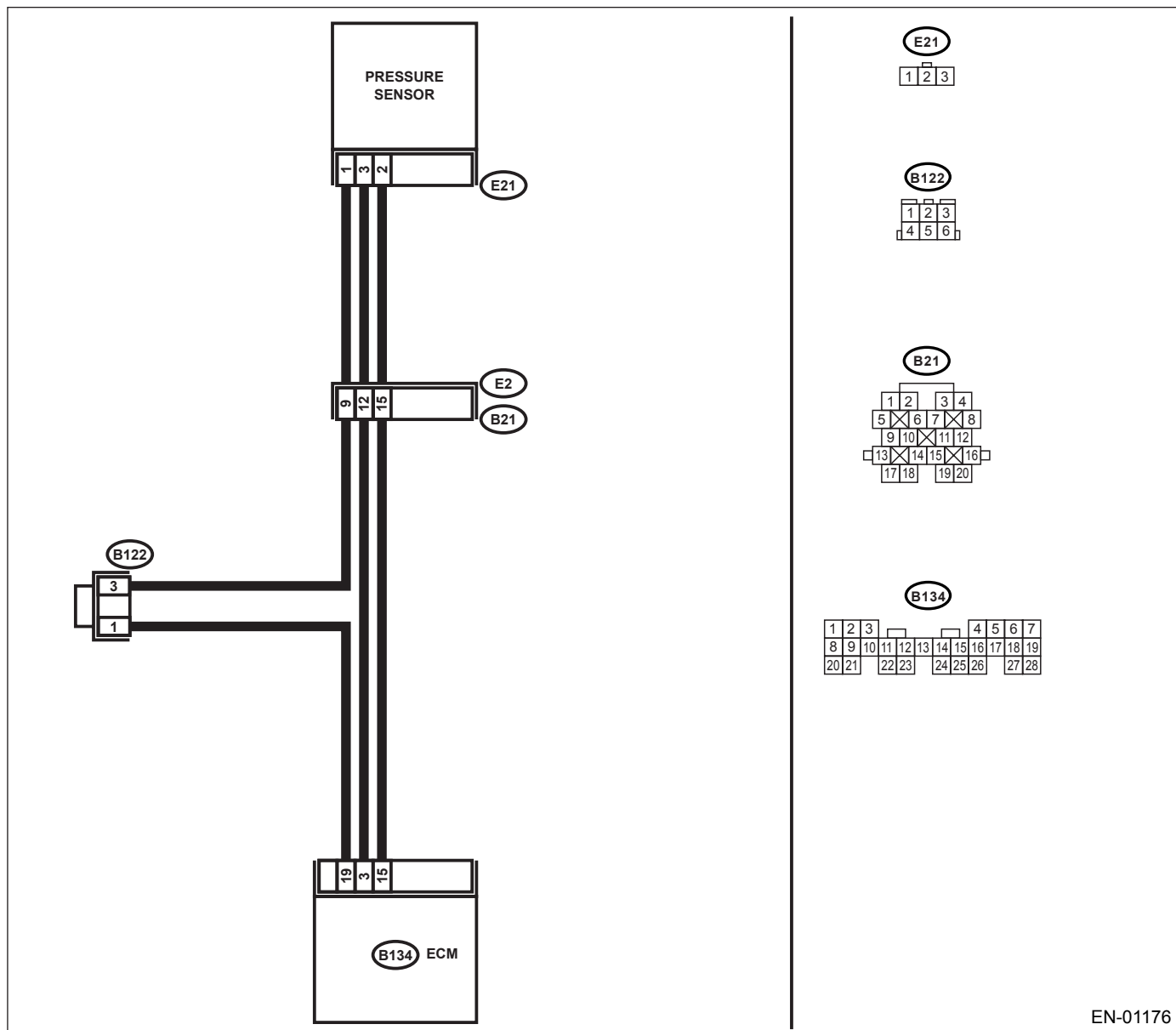
K: DTC P0108 — MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01176

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of intake manifold absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	119.5 kPa (896.5 mmHg, 35.29 inHg)	Go to step 10.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	4.5 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.
4 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	0.2 V	Go to step 6.	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Read the data of atmospheric absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor. Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.>	13.3 kPa (100 mmHg, 3.94 inHg)	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 6.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from pressure sensor. 3)Turn ignition switch to ON. 4)Measure the voltage between pressure sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E21) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 7.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector.
7 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3)Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 15 — (E21) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector.
8 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 19 — (E21) No. 1: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 9.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector.
9 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in pressure sensor connector. Is there poor contact in pressure sensor connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in pressure sensor connector.	Replace the pressure sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-34, Pressure Sensor.>
10 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF and Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from pressure sensor. 3)Turn ignition switch to ON and the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool switch to ON. 4)Read the data of intake manifold absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: •Subary Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to to "READ CURENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	119.5 kPa (896.5 mmHg, 35.29 inHg)	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector.	Replace the pressure sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-34, Pressure Sensor.>

L: DTC P0111 — INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM —

• **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

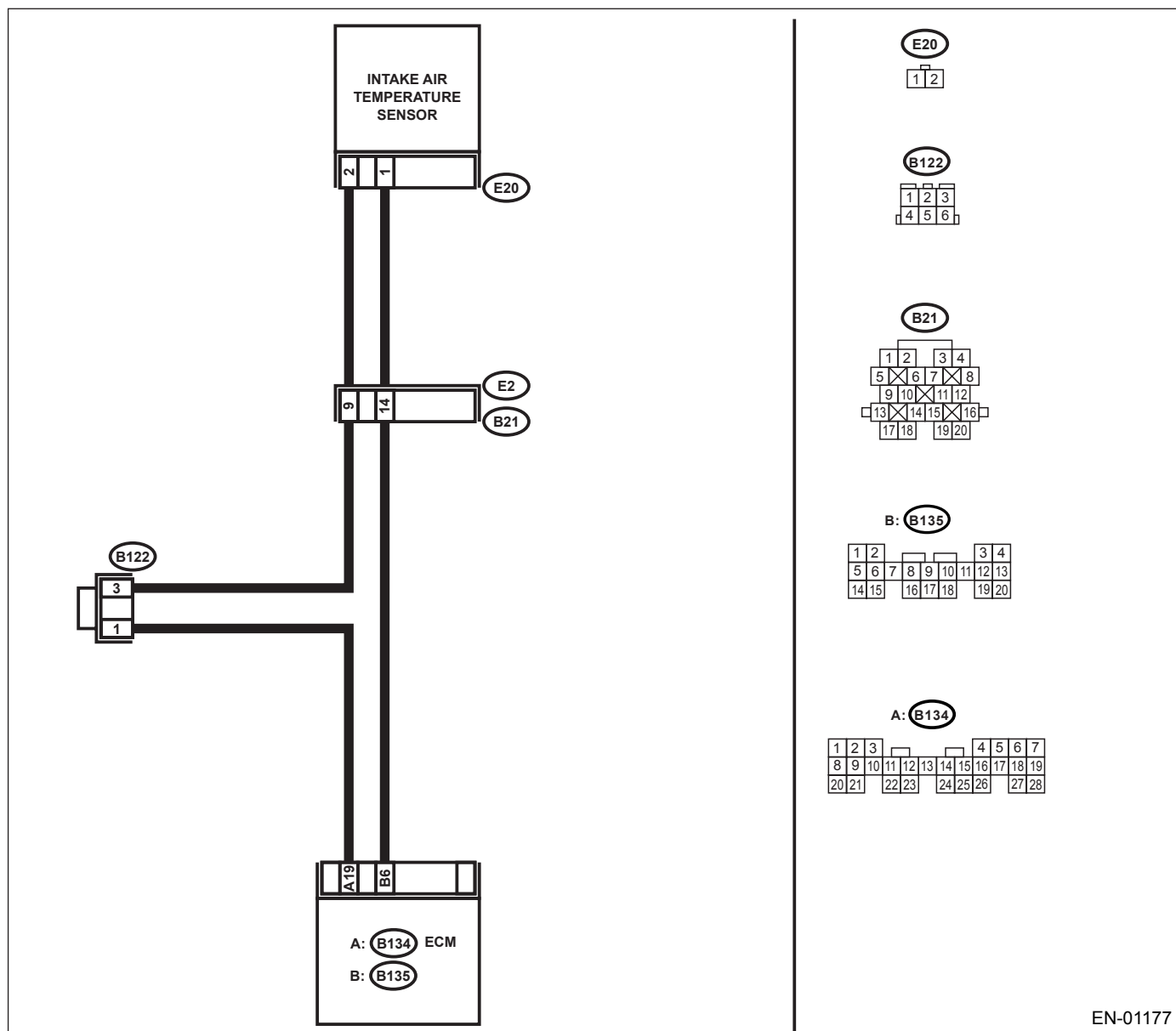
• **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using “List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)”. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trou- ble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0111.	Replace intake air temperature sen- sor .<Ref. to FU(H4SO)-35, Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.>

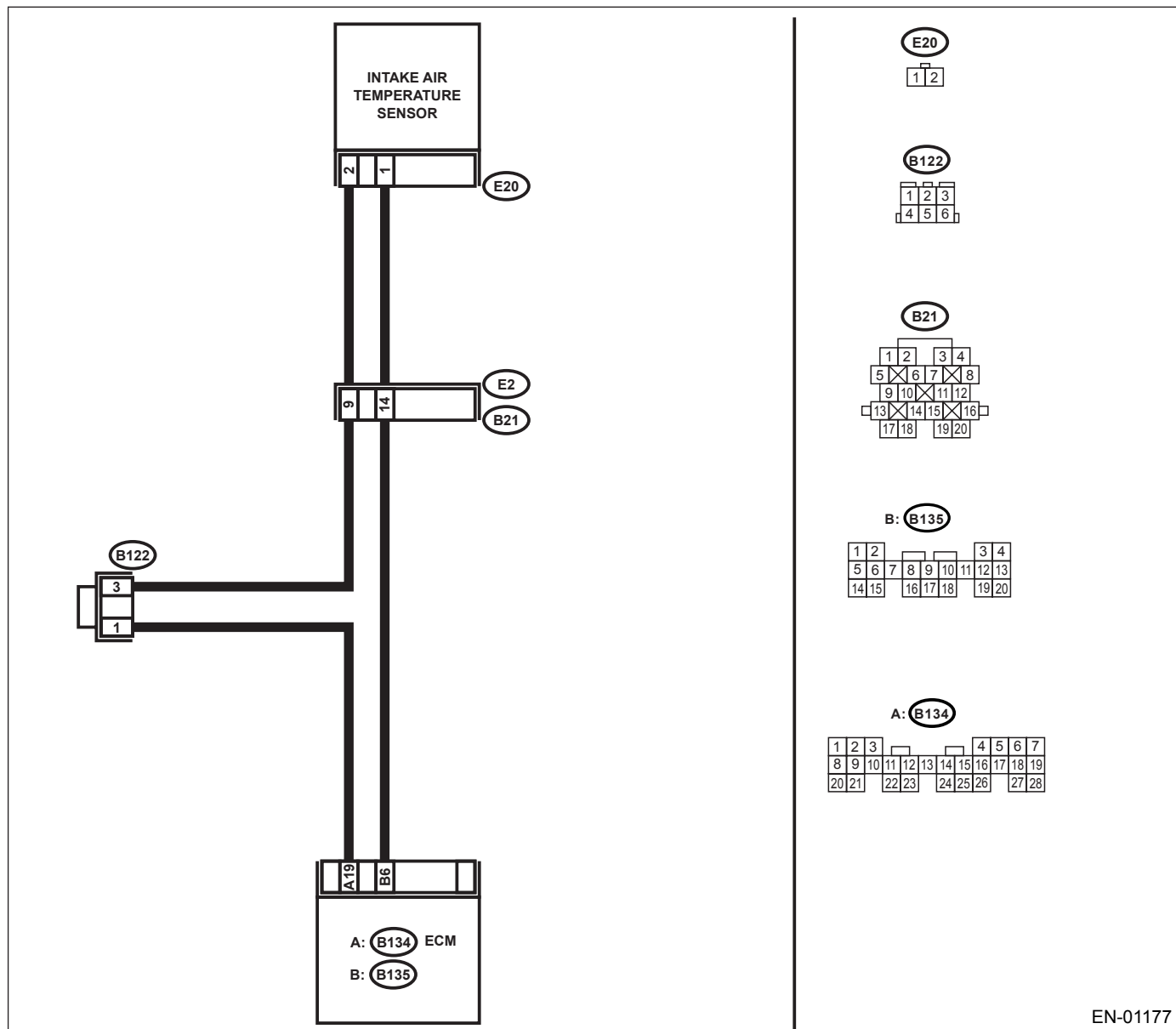
M: DTC P0112 — INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling
 - Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01177

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

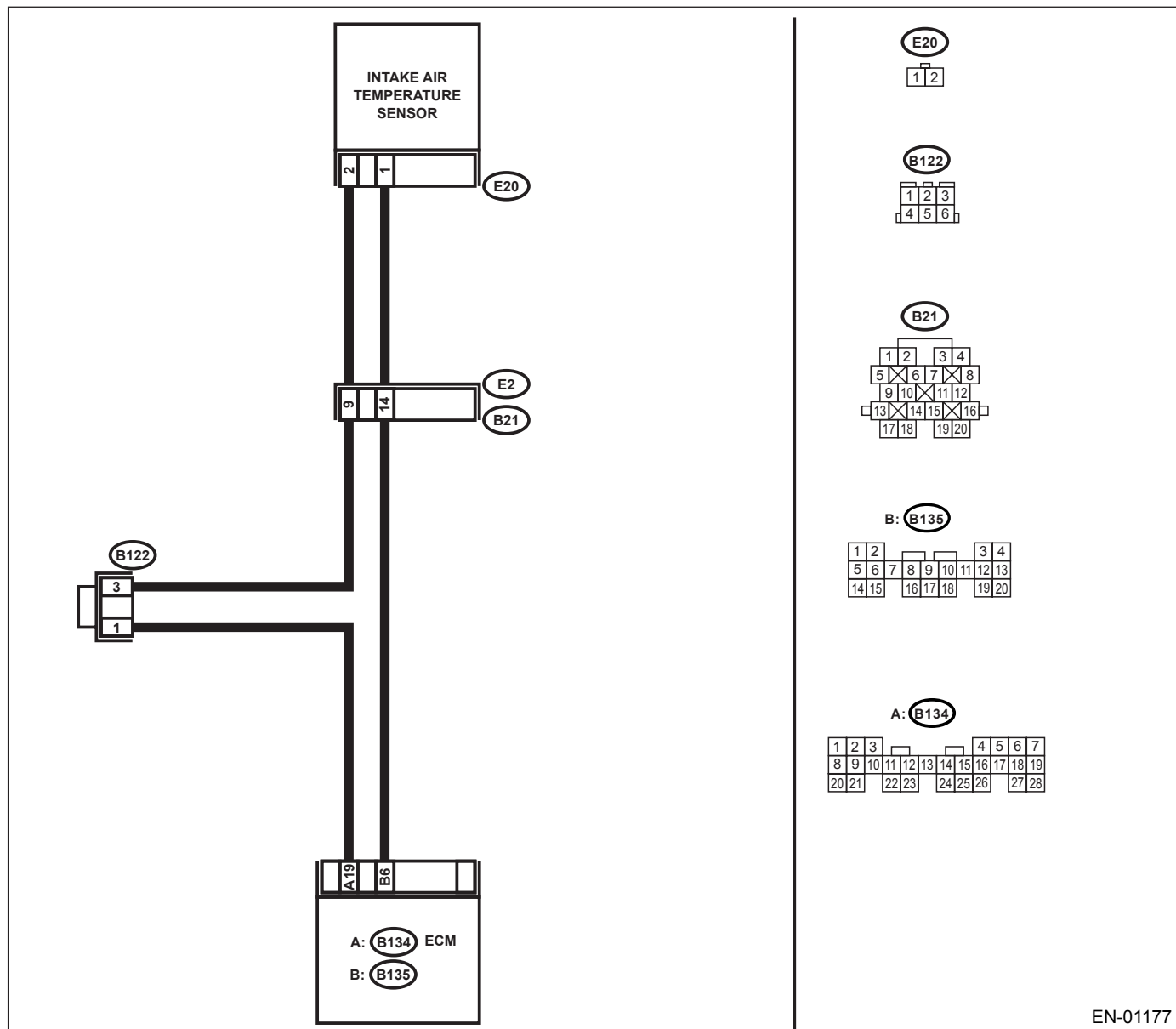
ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1)Start the engine. 2)Read the data of intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	120°C (248°F)	Go to step 2.	Repair poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in intake air temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from intake air temperature sensor. 3)Turn ignition switch to ON. 4)Read the data of intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value less than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	-40°C (-40°F)	Replace the intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-35, Intake Air Temperature Sensor.>	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between intake air temperature sensor and ECM connector.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

- Poor driving performance

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value less than the specified value? NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	-40°C (-40°F)	Go to step 2.	Repair poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in intake air temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from intake air temperature sensor. 3) Measure the voltage between intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E20) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between intake air temperature sensor and ECM connector.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E20) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between intake air temperature sensor and ECM connector.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the voltage between intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E20) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	3 V	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between intake air temperature sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in intake air temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E20) No. 2 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Replace the intake air temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-35, Intake Air Temperature Sensor.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between intake air temperature sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in intake air temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

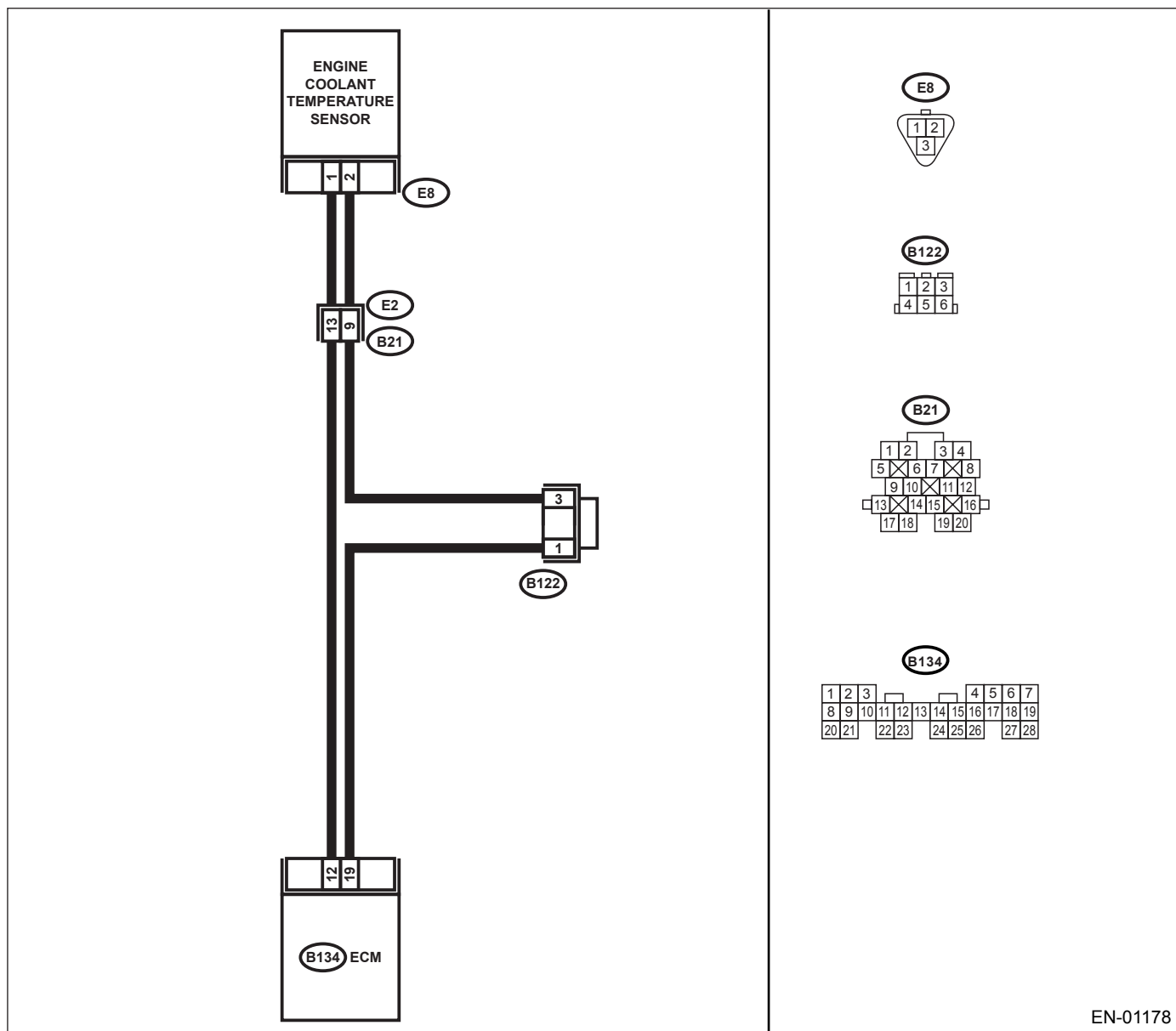
O: DTC P0117 — ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Hard to start
 - Erroneous idling
 - Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01178

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1)Start the engine. 2)Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	150 °C (302°F)	Go to step 2.	Repair poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in engine coolant temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from engine coolant temperature sensor. 3)Turn ignition switch to ON. 4)Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value less than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	-40°C (-40°F)	Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-27, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.>	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between engine coolant temperature sensor and ECM connector.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

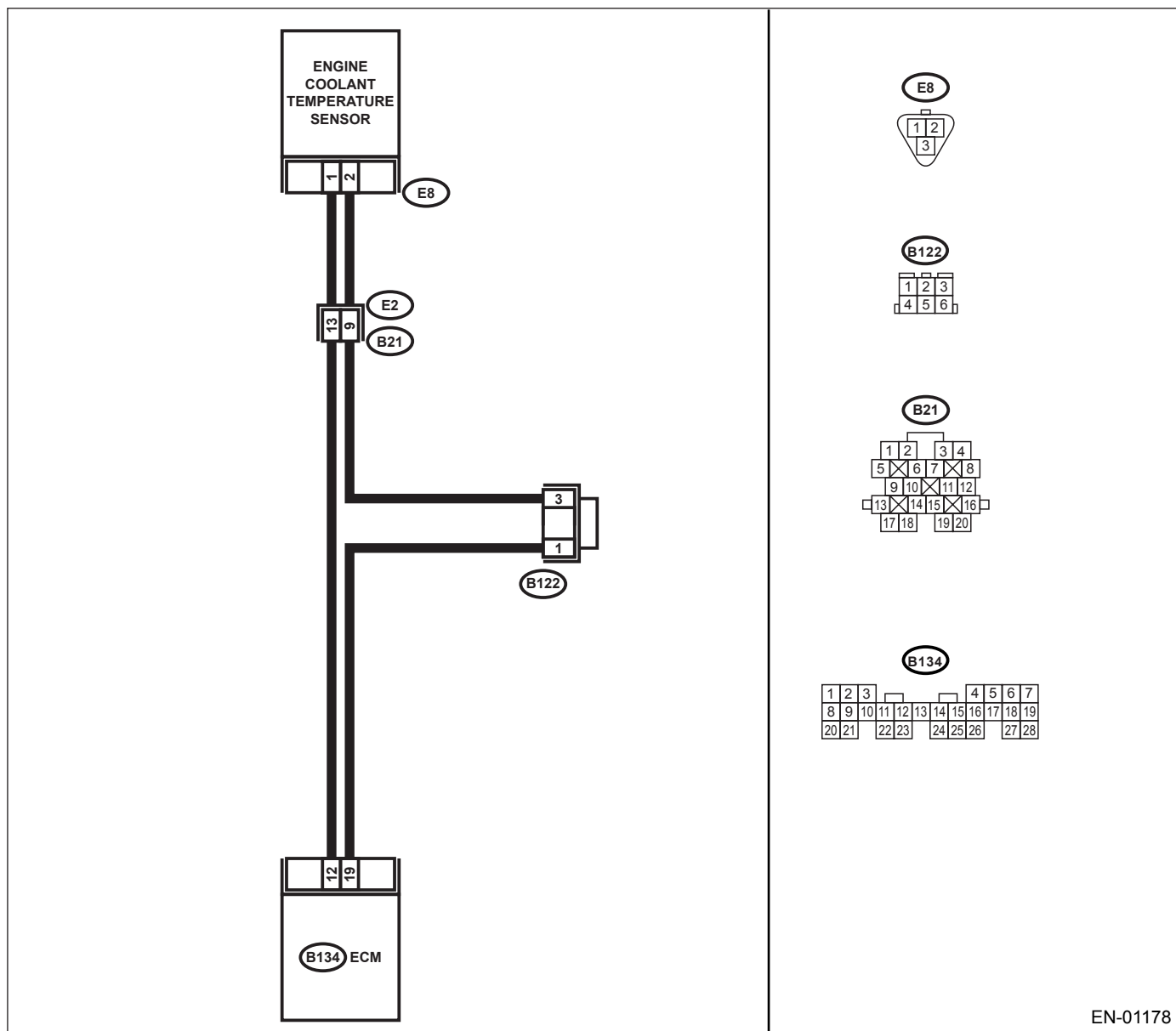
P: DTC P0118 — ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Hard to start
 - Erroneous idling
 - Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01178

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1)Start the engine. 2)Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value less than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	-40°C (-40°F)	Go to step 2.	Repair poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in engine coolant temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from engine coolant temperature sensor. 3)Measure the voltage between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E8) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. 2)Measure the voltage between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E8) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector.	Go to step 4.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the voltage between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E8) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (–): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4 V	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in engine coolant temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E8) No. 2 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-27, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in engine coolant temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector

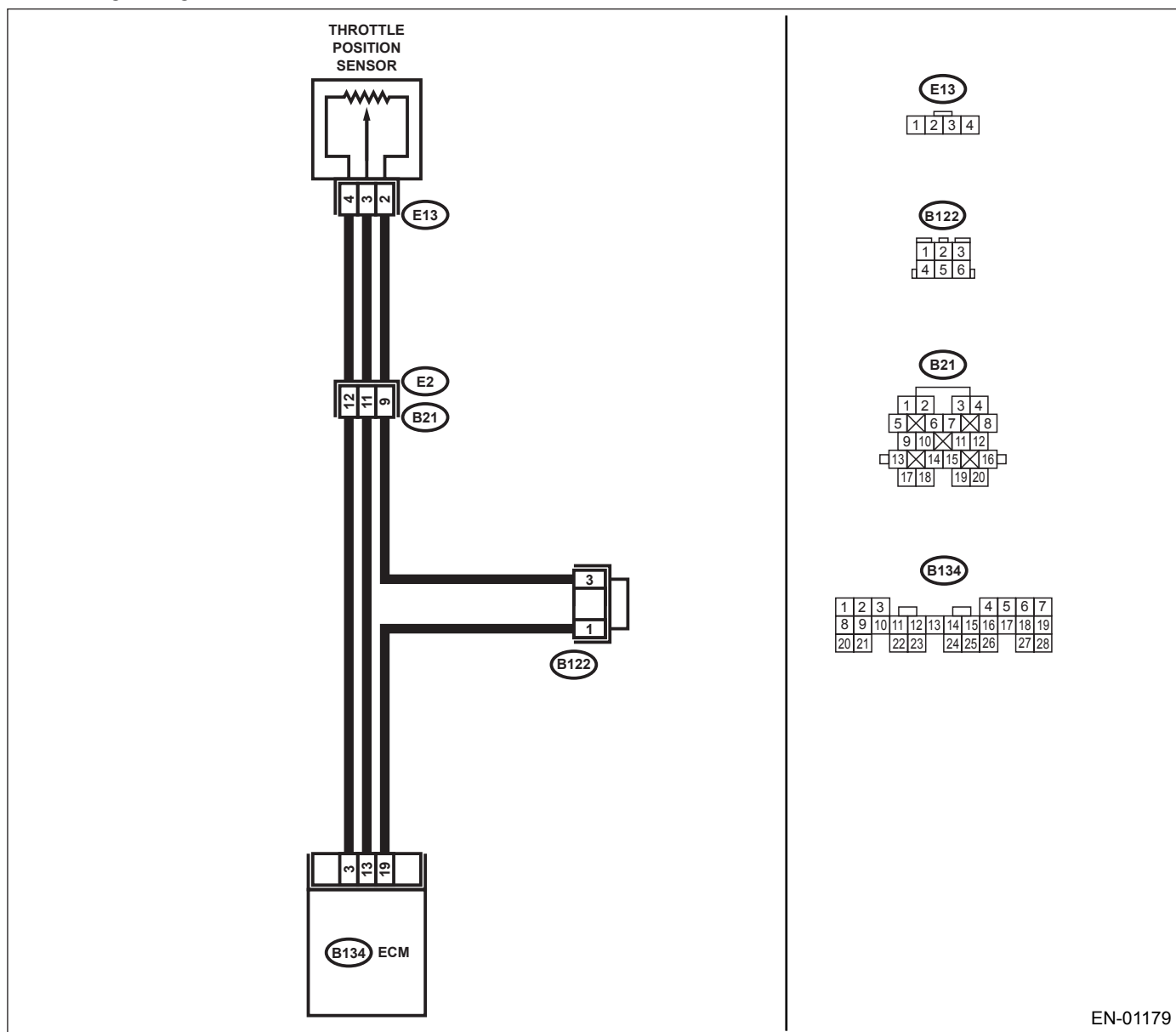
Q: DTC P0121 — THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “A” CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling
 - Engine stalls.
 - Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01179

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC P0122 or P0123 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0121.	Replace the throttle position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-31, Throttle Position Sensor.>

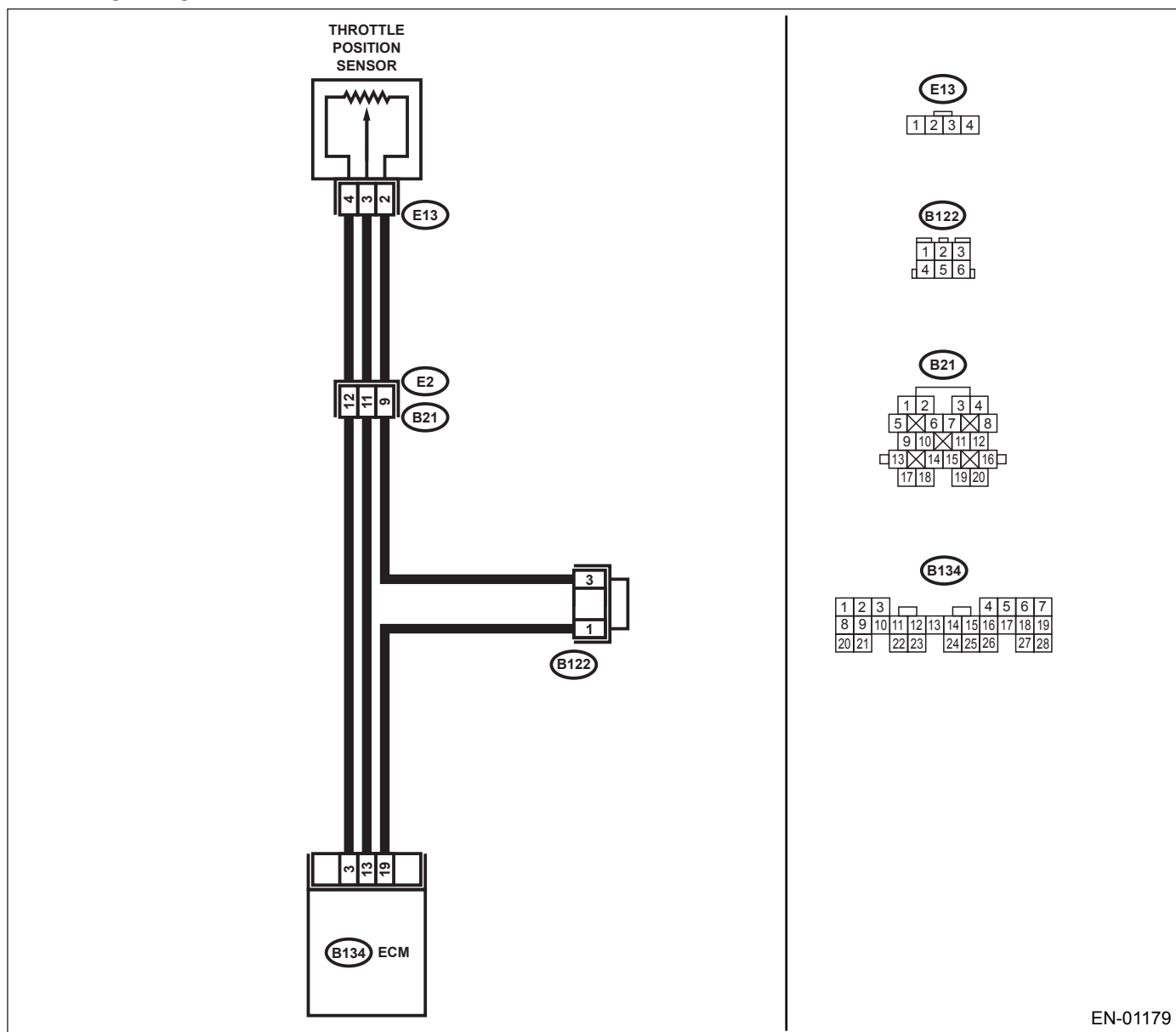
R: DTC P0122 — THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “A” CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling
 - Engine stalls.
 - Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01179

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1)Start the engine. 2)Read the data of throttle position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value less than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	0.1 V	Go to step 2.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in throttle position sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
2 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground while throttle valve is fully closed. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	4.5 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.
4 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	0.1 V	Go to step 6.	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	0.1 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 6.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from throttle position sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between throttle position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E13) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between throttle position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in throttle position sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
7 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and throttle position sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 13 — (E13) No. 3: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 8.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between throttle position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in throttle position sensor connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
8 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between throttle position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E13) No. 3 — Engine ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 9.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between throttle position sensor and ECM connector.
9 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in throttle position sensor connector. Is there poor contact in throttle position sensor connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in throttle position sensor connector.	Replace the throttle position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-31, Throttle Position Sensor.>

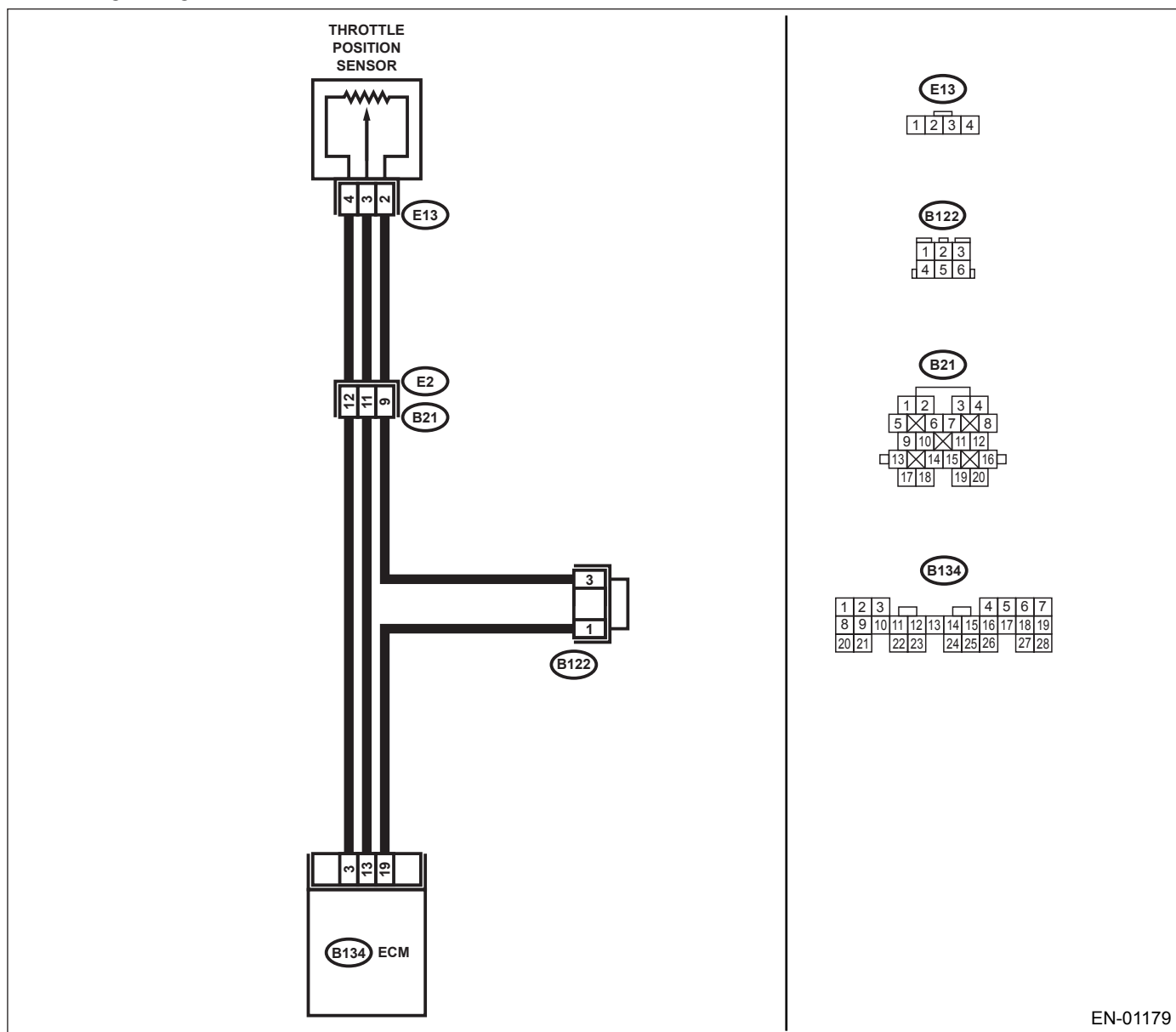
S: DTC P0123 — THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “A” CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling
 - Engine stalls.
 - Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01179

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1)Start the engine. 2)Read the data of throttle position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	4.9 V	Go to step 2.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in throttle position sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connectors from throttle position sensor. 3)Measure the resistance of harness between throttle position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E13) No. 2 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between throttle position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. 2)Measure the voltage between throttle position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E13) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (–): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.9 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between throttle position sensor and ECM connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Replace the throttle position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-31, Throttle Position Sensor.>

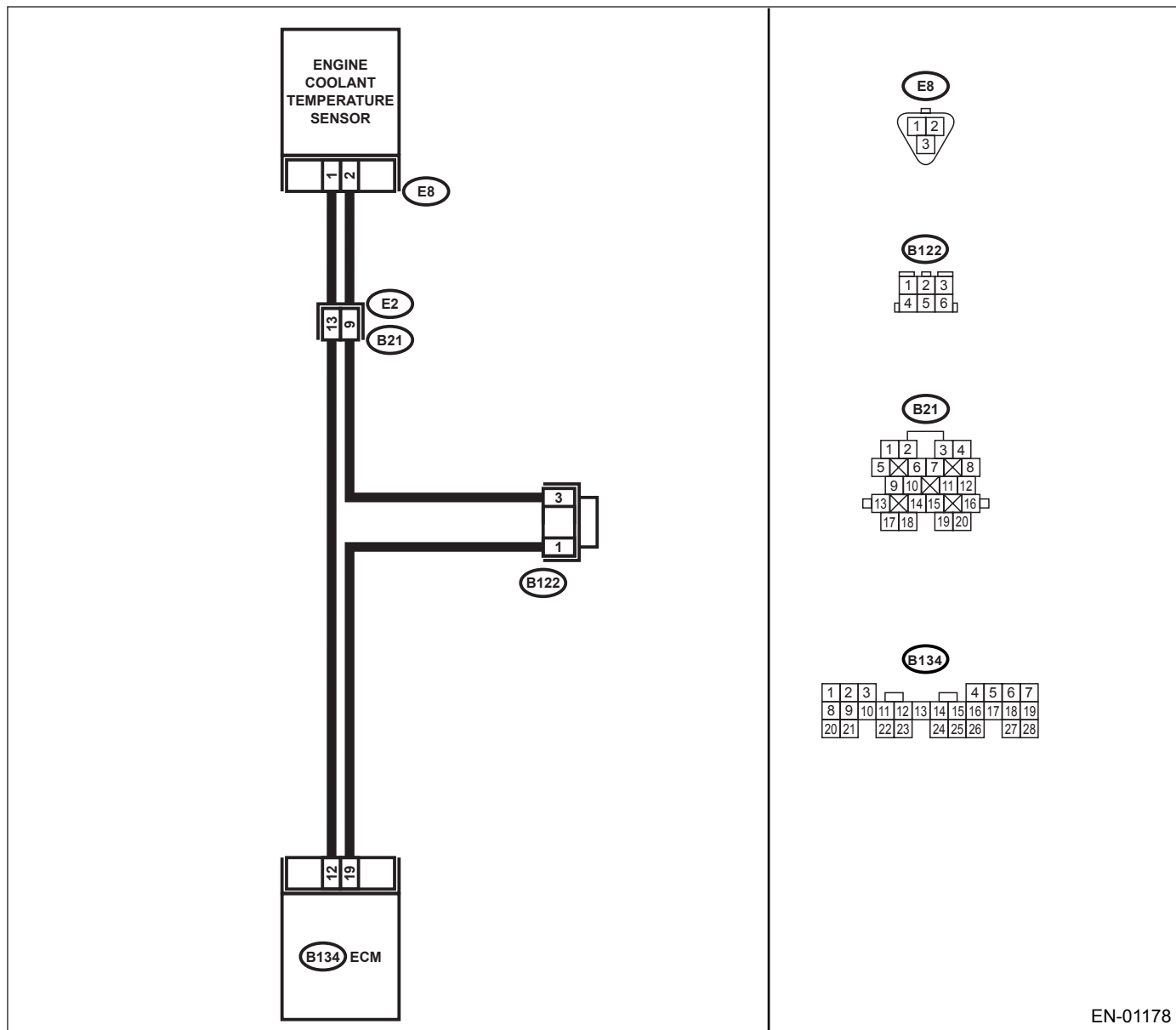
T: DTC P0125 — INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Engine would not return to idling.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01178

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0125.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK THERMOSTAT. Does the thermostat remain open?	Remains open.	Replace the thermostat. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-36, Thermostat.>	Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-27, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

U: DTC P0128 — COOLANT THERMOSTAT (COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Thermostat remains open.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK VEHICLE CONDITION. Was the vehicle driven or idled with the engine partially submerged under water?	Vehicle was driven or idled with part of engine submerged under water.	In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0128.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK ENGINE COOLANT. Are coolant level and mixture ratio of cooling water to anti-freeze solution correct?	Level and mixture ratio are correct.	Go to step 4.	Replace the engine coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-29, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>
4 CHECK RADIATOR FAN. 1)Start the engine. 2)Check radiator fan operation. Does the radiator fan continuously rotate for more than 3 minutes during idling?	Radiator fan rotates.	Repair radiator fan circuit. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-47, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> and <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-49, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.>.	Replace the thermostat. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-36, Thermostat.>

V: DTC P0129 — BAROMETRIC PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

Step		Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	DTC is indicated.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Replace the ECM.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

W:DTC P0130 — O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) —

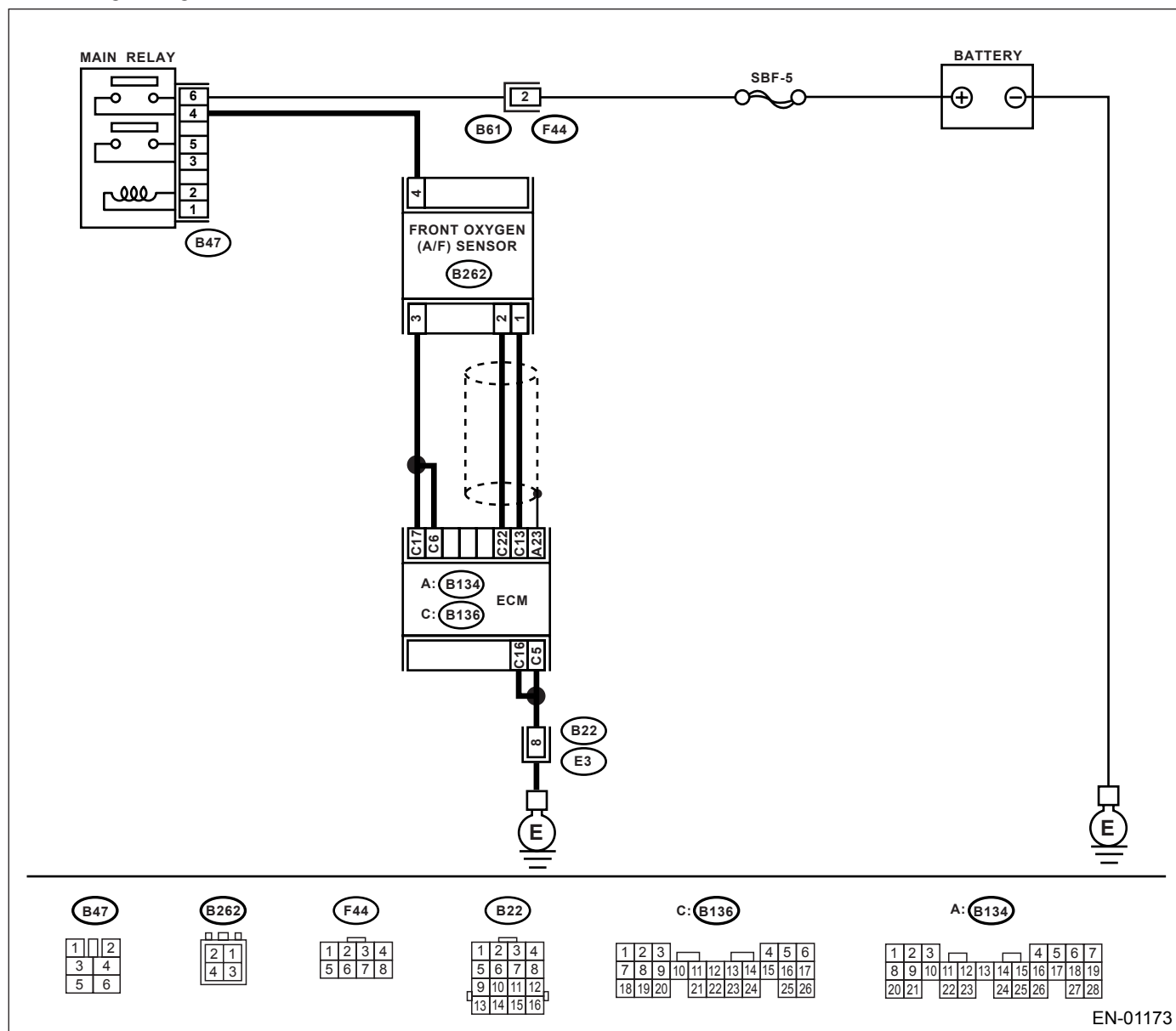
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01173

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using “List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)”. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR DATA. 1)Start the engine. 2)While observing the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool screen, warm-up the engine until coolant temperature is above 70°C (160°F). If the engine is already warmed-up, operate at idle speed for at least 1 minute. 3)Read the data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value within the specified range? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	0.85 — 1.15	Go to step 3.	Go to step 4.
3	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR DATA. 1)Race up the engine from idling to 5,000 rpm for a total of 5 cycles. 2)Read the data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool during engine racing. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: •In normal condition, A/F is rich during engine racing. •To increase engine speed to 5,000 rpm, slowly depress accelerator pedal, taking approximately 5 seconds, and quickly release accelerator pedal to decrease engine speed.	1.1 V	Go to step 6.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3)Measure the resistance between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. Is the measured value less than the specified value? Connector & terminal (B136) No. 13 — (B262) No. 1: (B136) No. 22 — (B262) No. 2:	5 Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair open circuit between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground. Is the measured value more than the specified value? Connector & terminal (B136) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 22 — Chassis ground:	1 M Ω	Go to step 6.	Repair short circuit to ground between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.
6 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. Is there a fault in exhaust system? NOTE: Check the following items. <ul style="list-style-type: none">•Loose installation of portions•Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts•Looseness of front oxygen (A/F) sensor•Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor	There is a fault.	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

X: DTC P0131 — O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) —

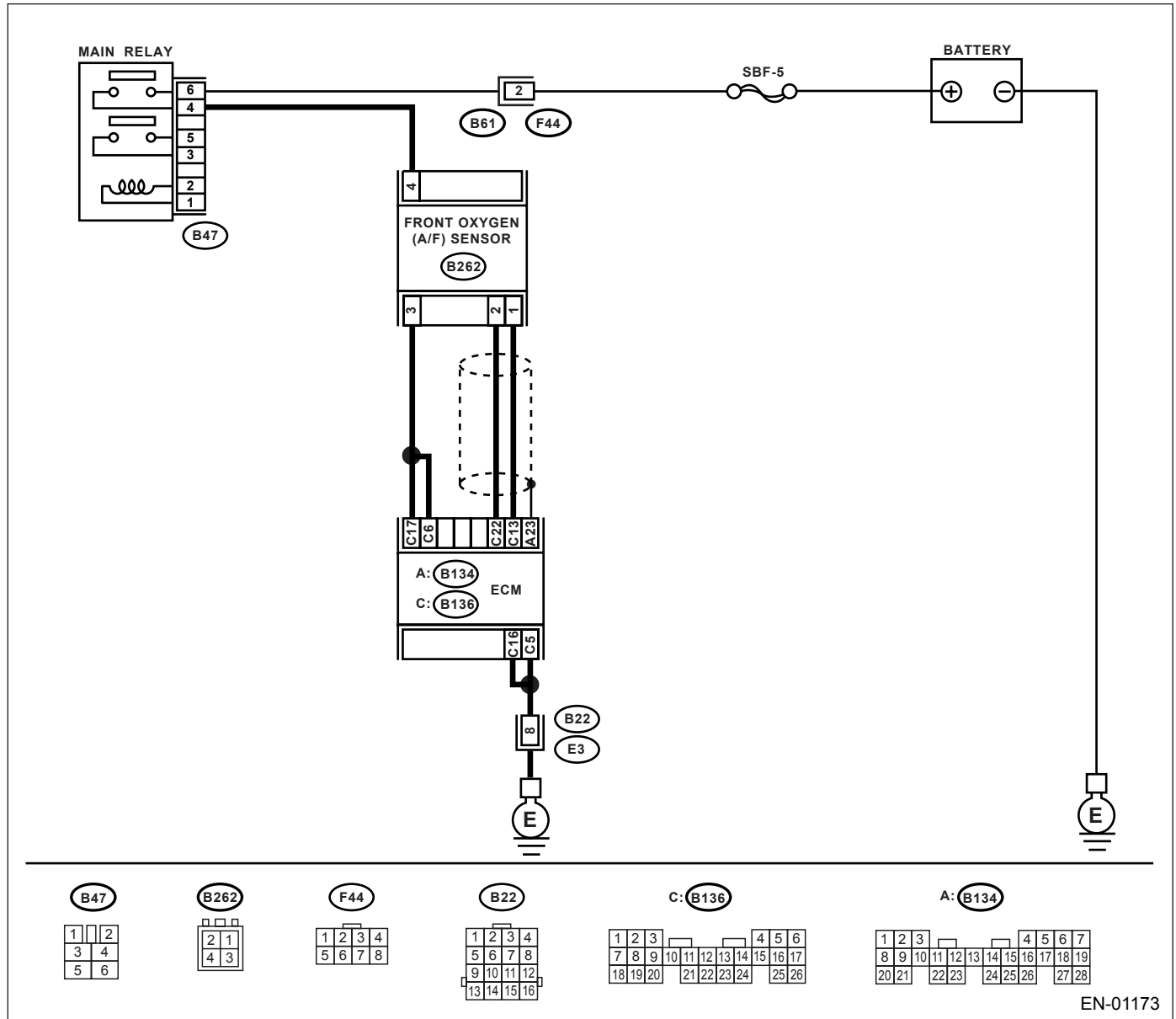
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01173

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 13 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 22 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 MΩ	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Y: DTC P0132 — O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) —

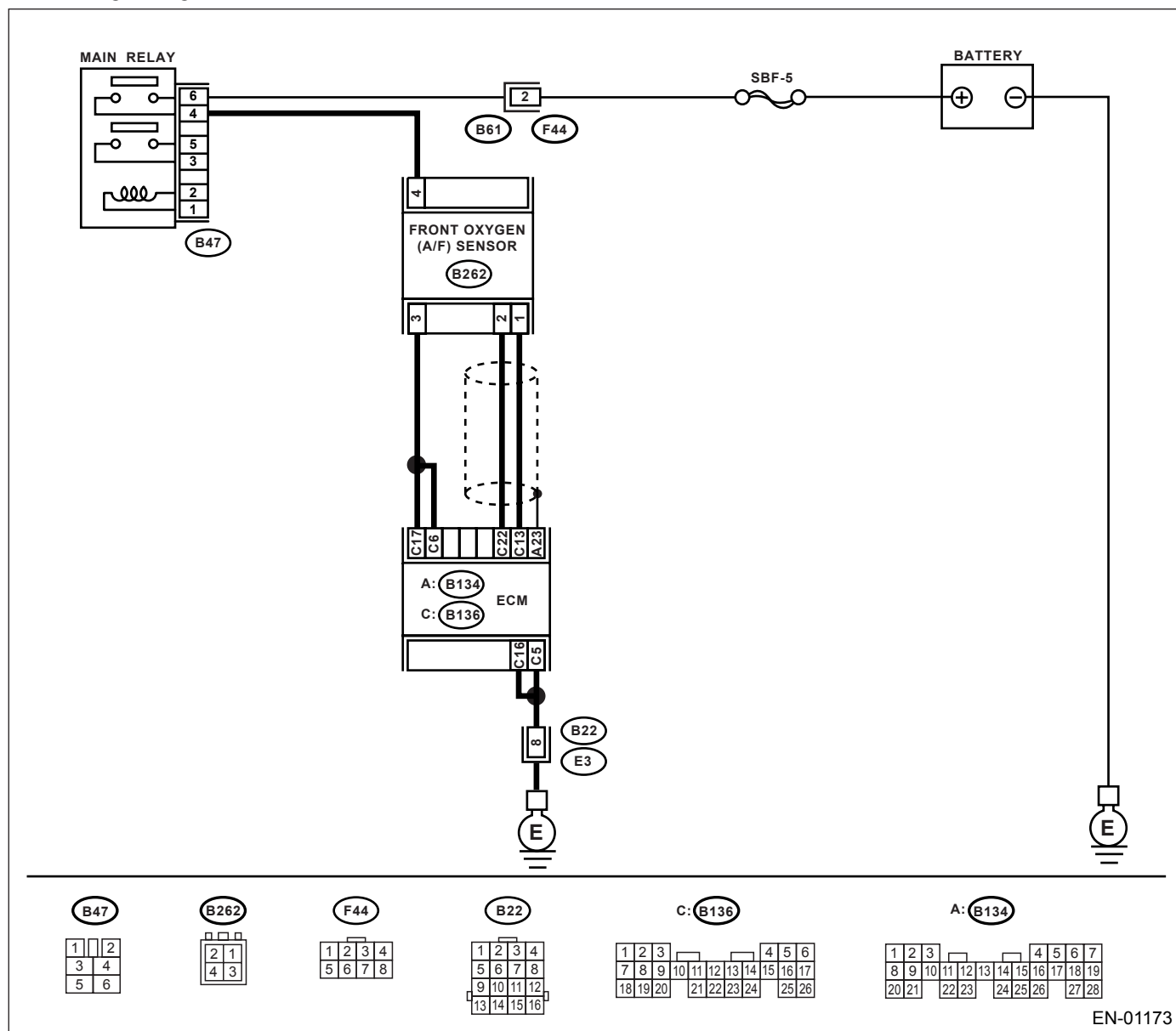
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01173

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Disconnect the connectors from front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Measure the voltage of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Is the measured value more than the specified value? Connector & terminal (B136) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (–): (B136) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	8 V	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>	Repair the short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.

Z: DTC P0133 — O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

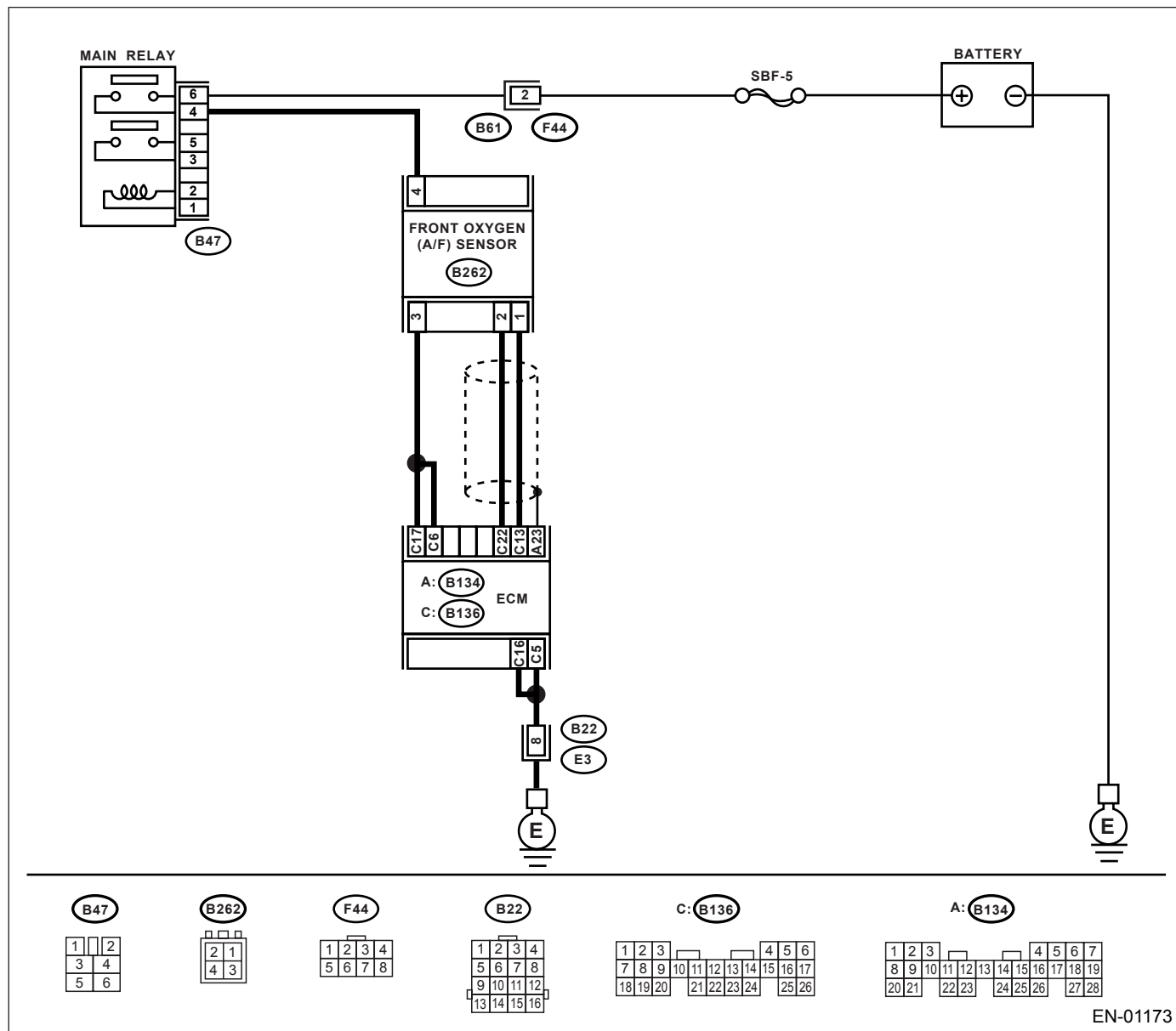
• **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0133.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Is there a fault in exhaust system? NOTE: Check the following items. <ul style="list-style-type: none">•Loose installation of front portion of exhaust pipe onto cylinder heads•Loose connection between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter•Damage of exhaust pipe resulting in a hole	There is a fault.	Repair exhaust system.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

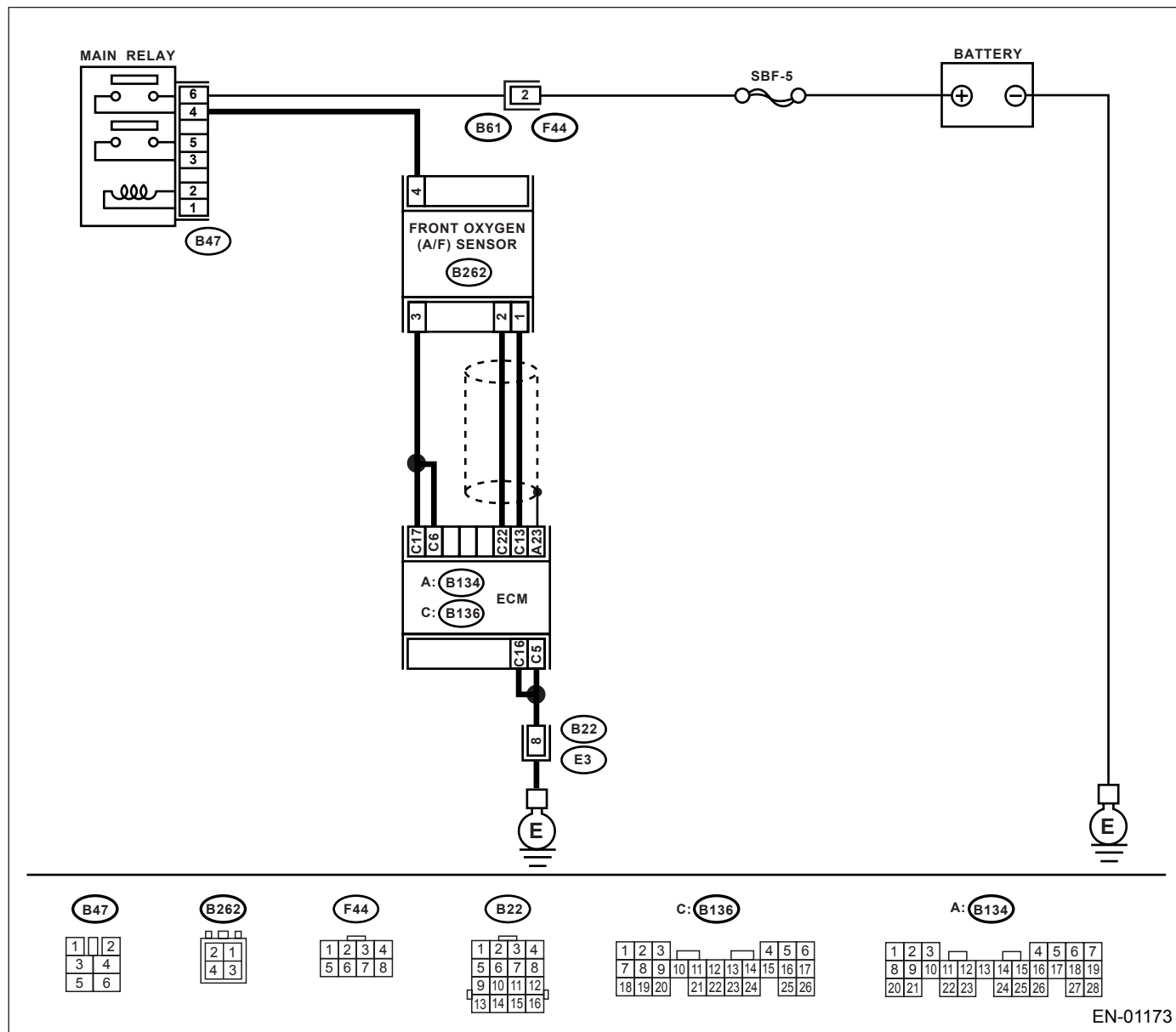
AA:DTC P0134 — O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT OPEN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) —

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
 - Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01173

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 13 — (B262) No. 1: (B136) No. 22 — (B262) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 2.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector
2 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. Is there poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AB:DTC P0137 — O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) —

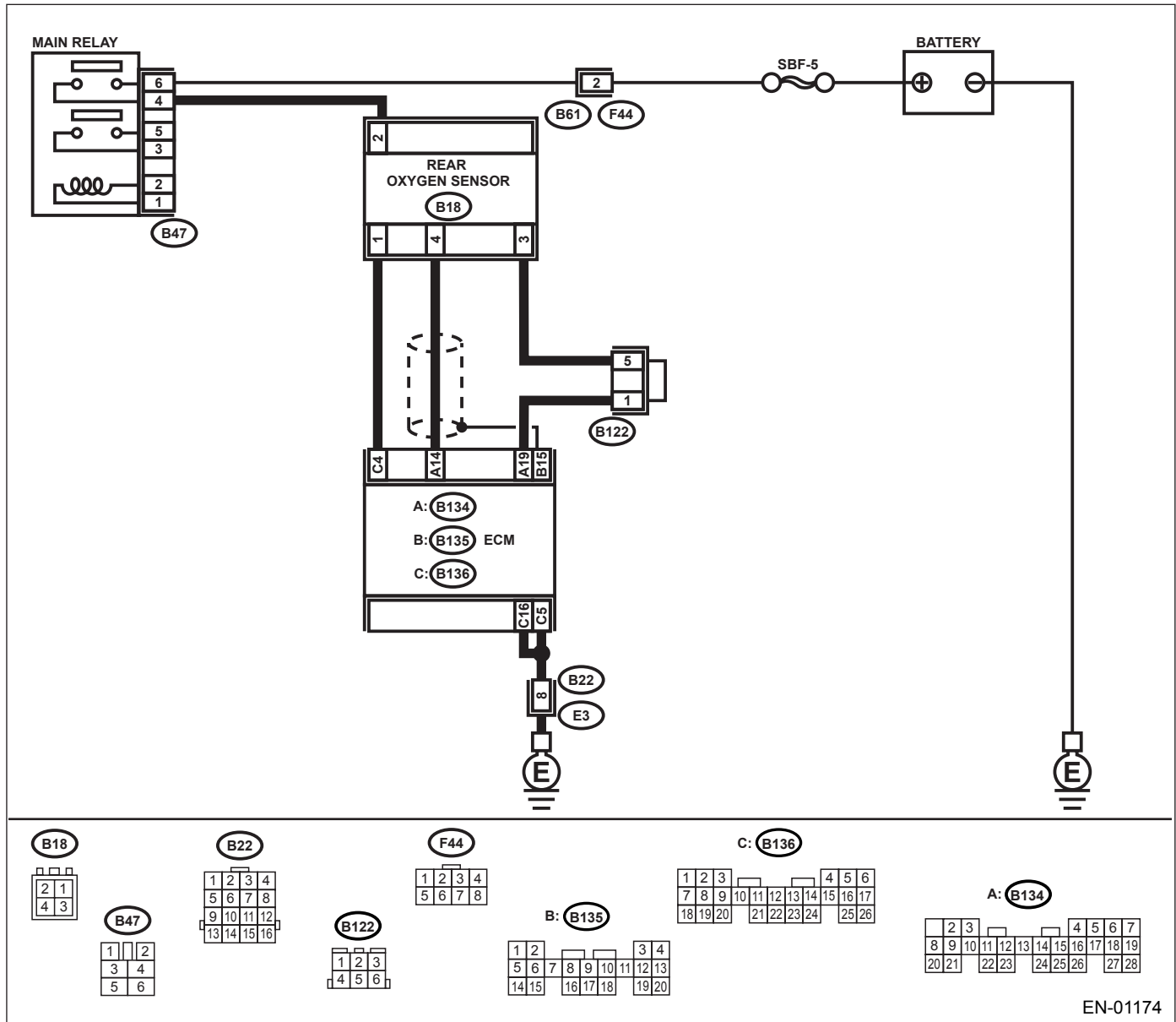
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01174

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0137.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value same as specified value? NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	490 mV	Go to step 5.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 14 — (B18) No. 4: (B134) No. 19 — (B18) No. 3: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	3 Ω	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and engine ground or chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E18) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value within the specified range?	0.2 — 0.5 V	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
5 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. Is there a fault in exhaust system? NOTE: Check the following items. <ul style="list-style-type: none">•Loose installation of portions•Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts•Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor	There is a fault.	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AC:DTC P0138 — O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) —

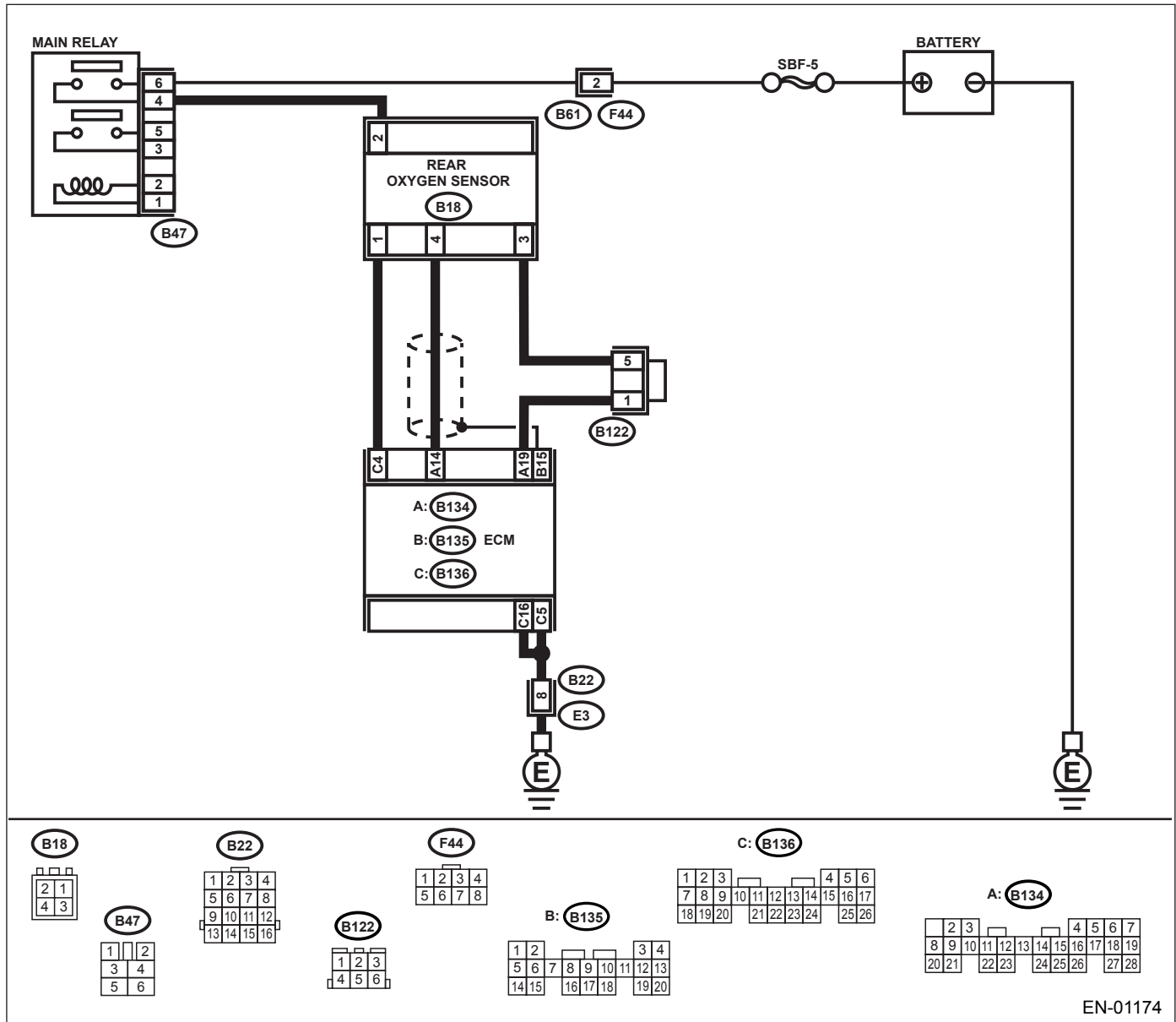
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Is any other DTC displayed?	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0138.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. 1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and then release the accelerator pedal suddenly from 5,000 rpm. 2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value same as the specified value? NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	250 mV	Go to step 5.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 14 — (B18) No. 4: (B134) No. 19 — (B18) No. 3: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	3 Ω	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and engine ground or chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B18) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	0.2 — 0.5 V	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
5 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. Is there a fault in exhaust system? NOTE: Check the following items. <ul style="list-style-type: none">•Loose installation of portions•Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts•Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor	There is a fault.	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>

AD:DTC P0139 — O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

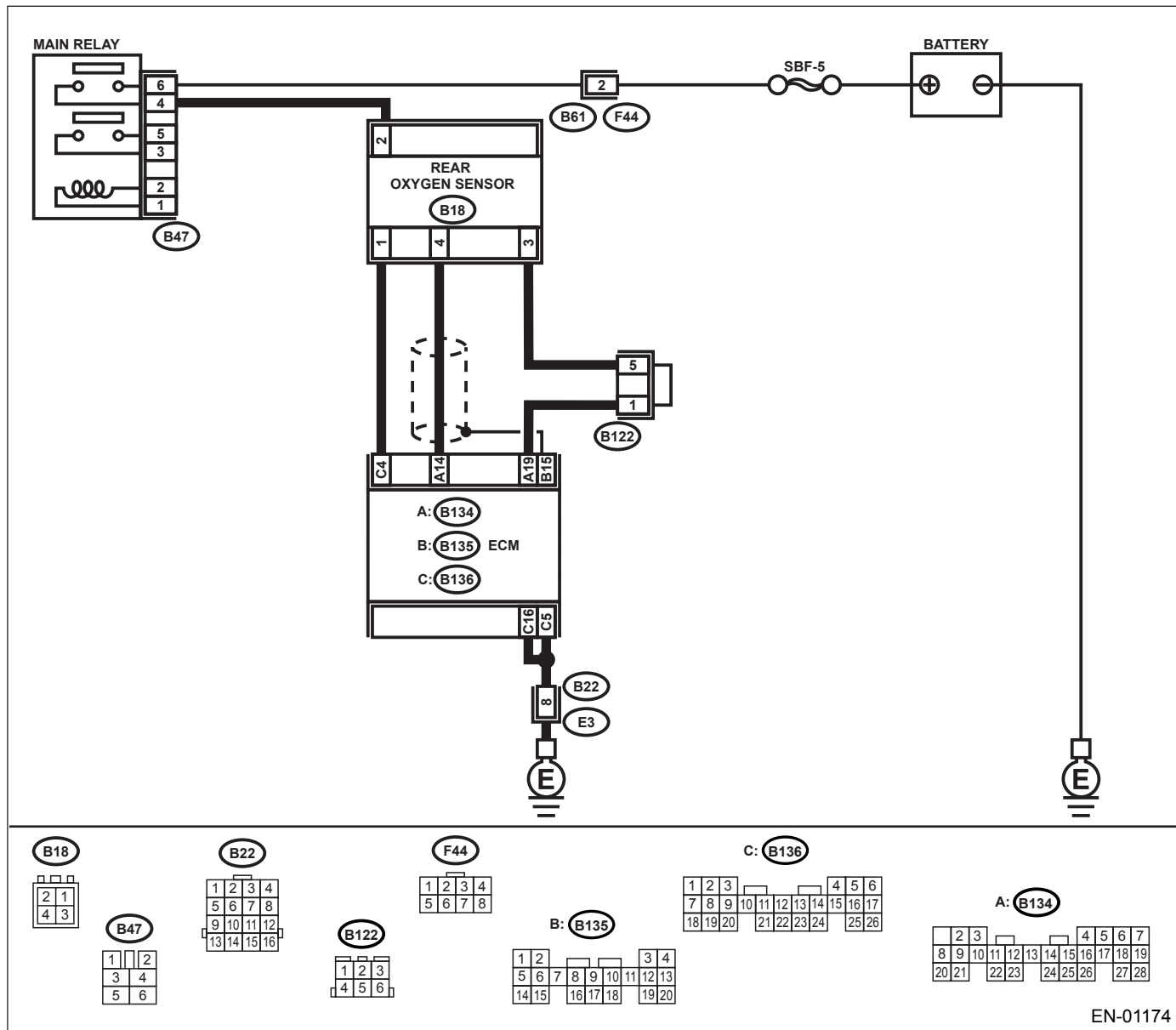
• **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01174

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0139.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>

AE:DTC P0171 — SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1) —

Refer to DTC P0172 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-160, DTC P0172 — SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1) —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AF:DTC P0172 — SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1) —

• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

• TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	There are holes or loose bolts.	Repair exhaust system.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	There are holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose.	Repair air intake system.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND PRESSURE CONTROL VALVE. Is there a fault in purge control solenoid valve and pressure control solenoid valve?	There is a fault in purge control solenoid valve and pressure control solenoid valve.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve and pressure control solenoid valve.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. Warning: •Place “NO FIRE” signs near the working area. •Be careful not to spill fuel on the floor. 1)Release the fuel pressure. (1) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump relay. (2) Start the engine and run it until it stalls. (3) After the engine stalls, crank it for five more seconds. (4) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Connect the connector to fuel pump relay. 3)Disconnect the fuel delivery hose from fuel filter, and connect fuel pressure gauge. 4)Install the fuel filler cap. 5)Start the engine and idle while gear position is neutral. 6)Measure the fuel pressure while disconnecting pressure regulator vacuum hose from intake manifold. Is the measured value within the specified range? Warning: Before removing the fuel pressure gauge, release fuel pressure. NOTE: If fuel pressure does not increase, squeeze fuel return hose 2 to 3 times, then measure fuel pressure again.	284 — 314 kPa (2.9 — 3.2 kg/cm ² , 41 — 46 psi)	Go to step 5.	Repair the following items. Fuel pressure too high: • Clogged fuel return line or bent hose Fuel pressure too low: • Improper fuel pump discharge • Clogged fuel supply line

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
5 CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. After connecting the pressure regulator vacuum hose, measure fuel pressure. Is the measured value within the specified range? Warning: Before removing the fuel pressure gauge, release fuel pressure. NOTE: •If fuel pressure does not increase, squeeze fuel return hose 2 to 3 times, then measure fuel pressure again. •If out of specification as measured at this step, check or replace pressure regulator and pressure regulator vacuum hose.	206 — 235 kPa (2.1 — 2.4 kg/cm ² , 30 — 34 psi)	Go to step 6.	Repair the following items. Fuel pressure too high: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Faulty pressure regulator Clogged fuel return line or bent hose Fuel pressure too low: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Faulty pressure regulator Improper fuel pump discharge Clogged fuel supply line
6 CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR. 1)Start the engine and warm it up completely. 2)Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value within the specified range? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	70°C (158°F) — 100°C (212°F)	Go to step 7.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-27, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor.>
7 CHECK PRESSURE SENSOR SIGNAL. 1)Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F). 2)Place the selector lever in "N" or "P" position. 3)Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4)All accessory switches OFF. 5)Read the data of pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value within the specified range? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	Idling: 24.0 — 41.3 kPa (180 — 310 mmHg, 7.09 — 12.20 inHg), Ignition ON: 73.3 — 106.6 kPa (550 — 800 mmHg, 21.65 — 31.50 inHg)	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.	Replace the pressure sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-34, Pressure Sensor.>

AG:DTC P0181 — FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM —

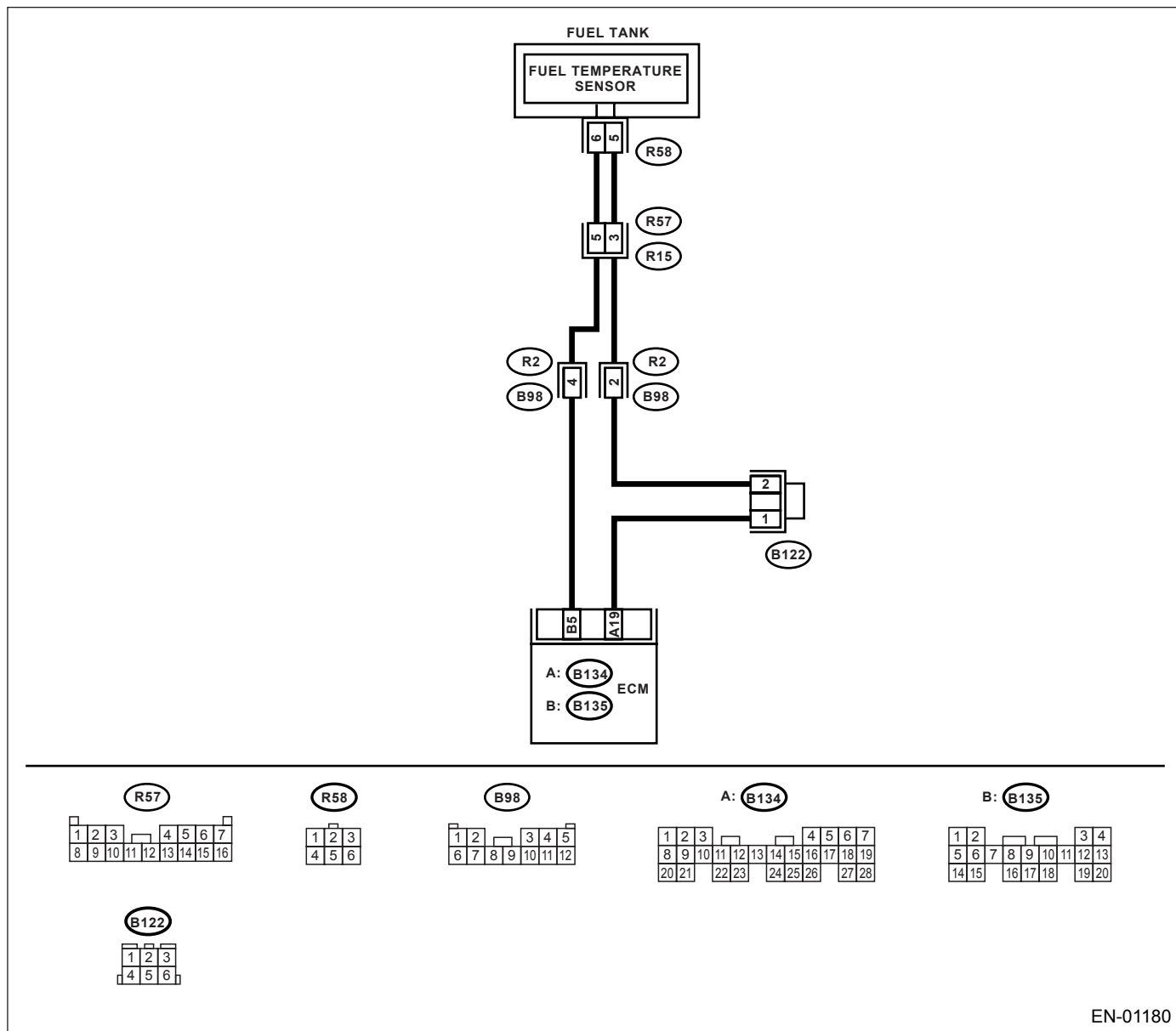
• **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01180

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using “List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)”. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trou- ble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0181.	Replace the fuel temperature sen- sor. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-8, Fuel Temperature Sen- sor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AH:DTC P0182 — FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

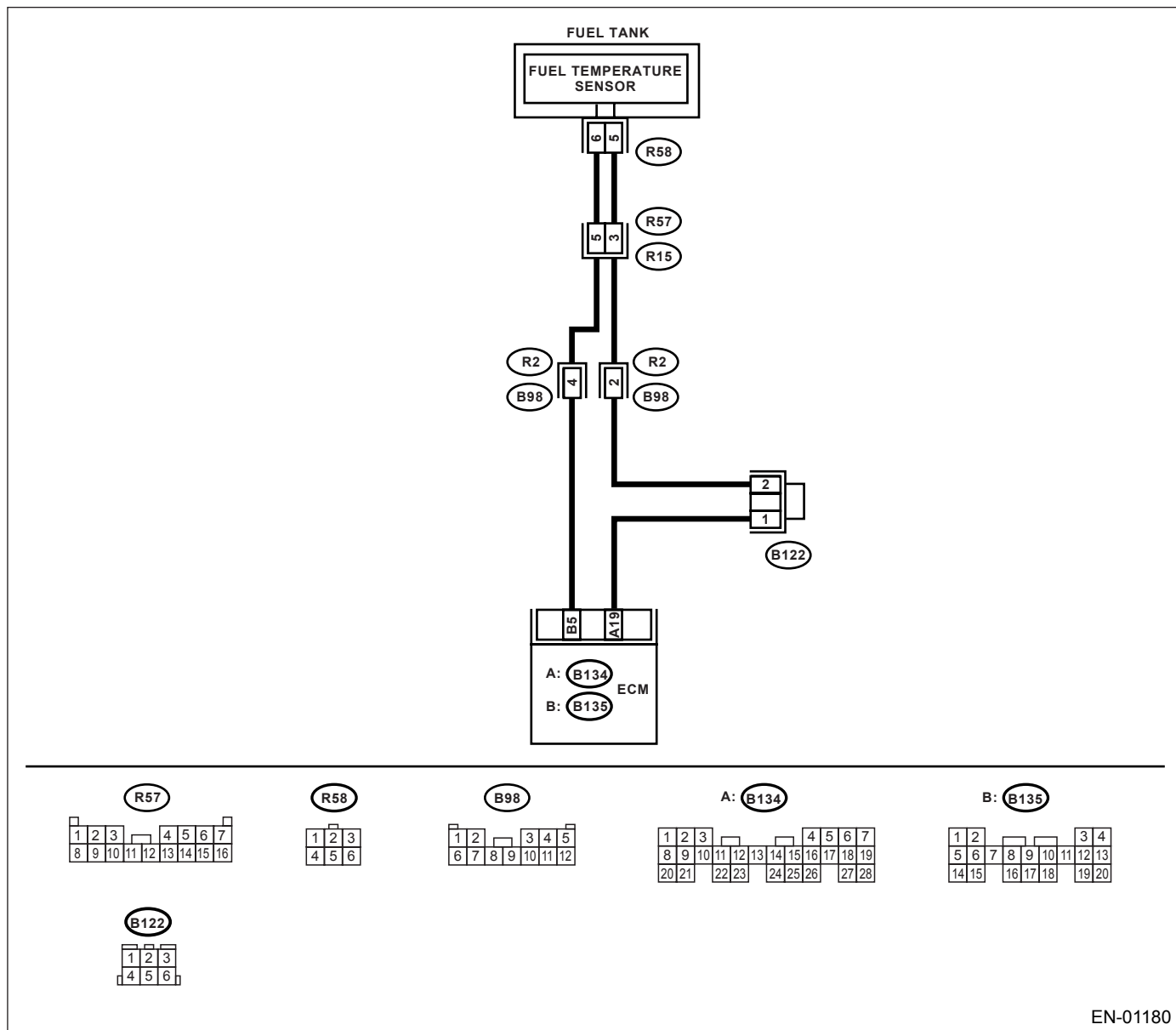
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1)Start the engine. 2)Read the data of fuel temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	150°C (302°F)	Go to step 2.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment.
2 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove the access hole lid. 3)Disconnect the connector from fuel pump. 4)Turn ignition switch to ON. 5)Read the data of fuel temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value less than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	-40°C (-40°F)	Replace the fuel temperature sensor. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-8, Fuel Temperature Sensor.>	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between fuel pump and ECM connector.

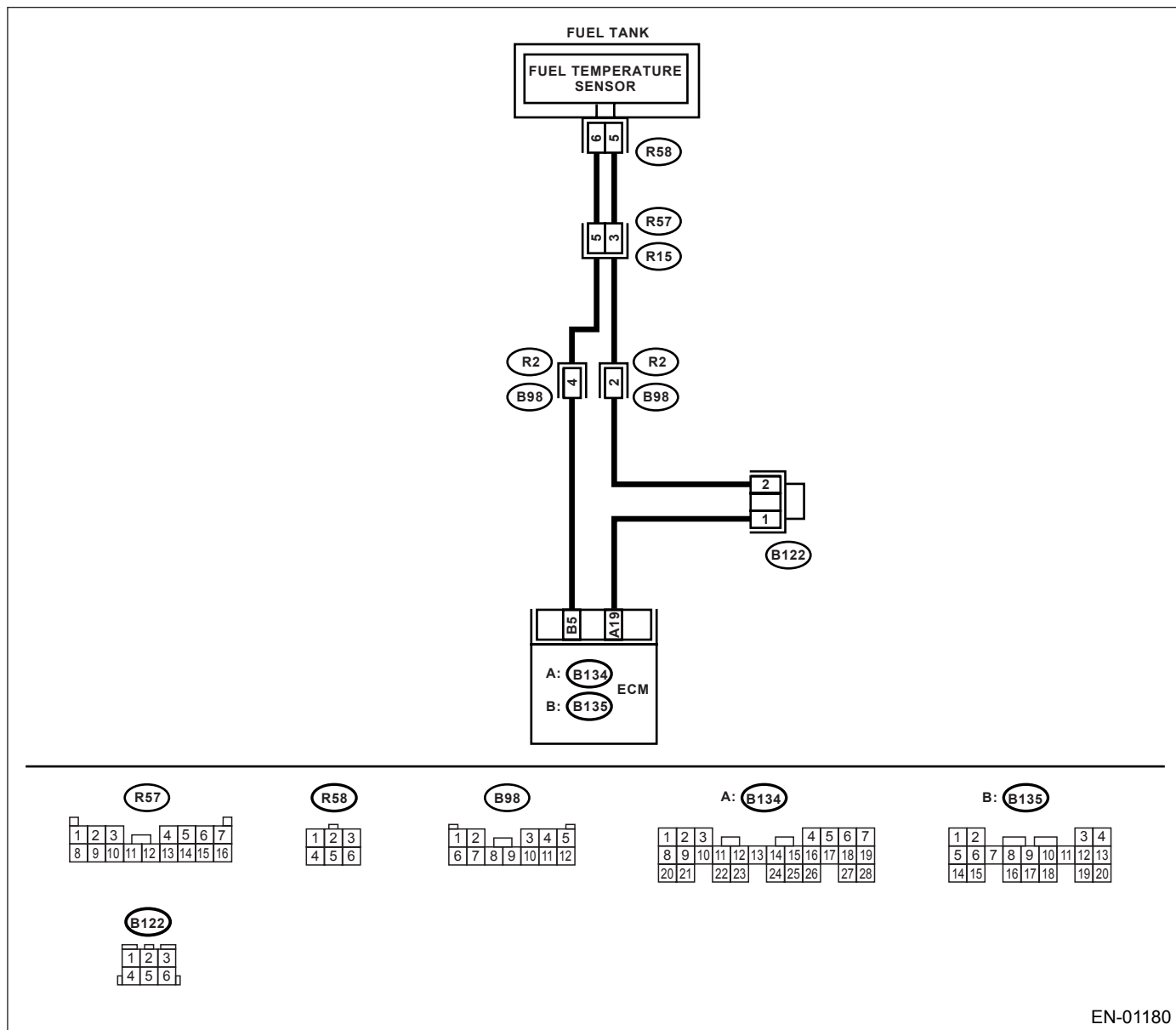
AI: DTC P0183 — FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of fuel temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value less than the specified value? NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	-40°C (-40°F)	Go to step 2.	Repair poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in fuel pump connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the access hole lid. 3) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump. 4) Measure the voltage between fuel pump connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and fuel pump connector.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between fuel pump connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and fuel pump connector.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the voltage between fuel pump connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4 V	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel pump connector • Poor contact in fuel pump connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump connector and ECM. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 5 — (B134) No. 19: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Replace the fuel temperature sensor. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-8, Fuel Temperature Sensor.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel pump connector • Poor contact in fuel pump connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector

AJ:DTC P0301 — CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-170, DTC P0304 — CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

AK:DTC P0302 — CYLINDER 2 MISFIRE DETECTED —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-170, DTC P0304 — CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

AL:DTC P0303 — CYLINDER 3 MISFIRE DETECTED —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-170, DTC P0304 — CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

AM:DTC P0304 — CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED —

• **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- Immediately at fault recognition (when a misfire which could damage catalyst occurs.)

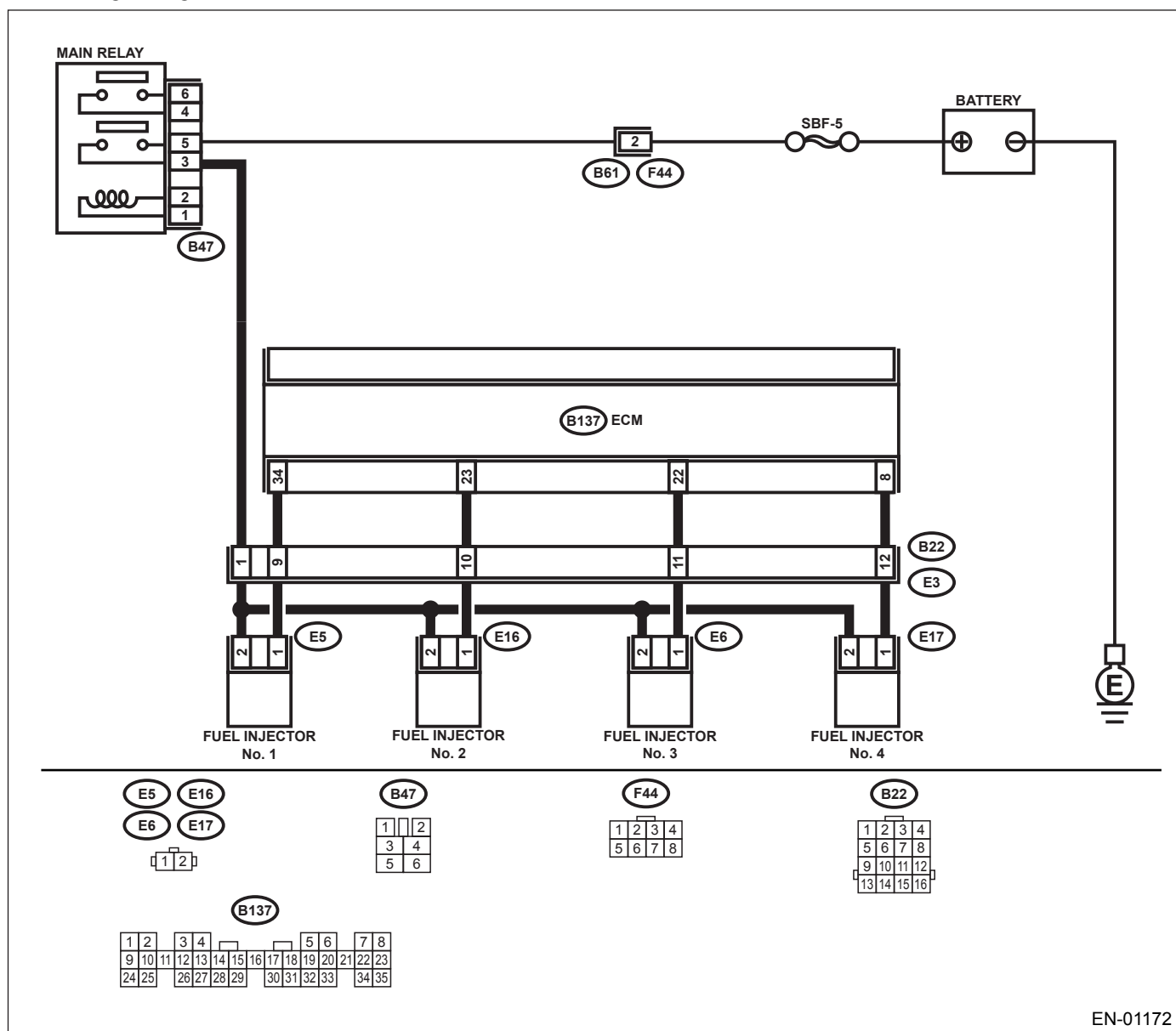
• **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Engine stalls.
- Erroneous idling
- Rough driving

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01172

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0301, P0302, P0303 and P0304.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground on faulty cylinders. Connector & terminal #1 (B137) No. 34 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B137) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #3 (B137) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B137) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 7.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and engine ground on faulty cylinders. Connector & terminal #1 (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground: #2 (E16) No. 1 — Engine ground: #3 (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground: #4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between fuel injector and ECM connector.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness connector between ECM connector and fuel injector on faulty cylinders. Connector & terminal #1 (B137) No. 34 — (E5) No. 1: #2 (B137) No. 23 — (E16) No. 1: #3 (B137) No. 22 — (E6) No. 1: #4 (B137) No. 8 — (E17) No. 1: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel injector connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
5 CHECK FUEL INJECTOR. Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value within the specified range?	5 — 20 Ω	Go to step 6.	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-38, Fuel Injector.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK POWER SUPPLY LINE. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between fuel injector and engine ground on faulty cylinders. Connector & terminal #1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): #4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair poor contact in all connectors in fuel injector circuit.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between main relay and fuel injector connector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in main relay connector • Poor contact in fuel injector connector on faulty cylinders
7 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinder. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground on faulty cylinders. Connector & terminal #1 (B137) No. 34 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B137) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #3 (B137) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B137) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and fuel injector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Go to step 8.
8 CHECK FUEL INJECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Replace the faulty fuel injector <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-38, Fuel Injector.> and the ECM <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>.	Go to step 9.
9 CHECK INSTALLATION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR/CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Is the camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor loosely installed?	Sensor is loosely installed.	Tighten camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor.	Go to step 10.
10 CHECK CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET. Remove the timing belt cover. Is the crankshaft sprocket rusted or does it have broken teeth?	Abnormality found.	Replace the crankshaft sprocket. <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-53, Crankshaft Sprocket.>	Go to step 11.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
11 CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT. Turn the crankshaft using ST, and align alignment mark on crankshaft sprocket with alignment mark on cylinder block. ST 499987500CRANKSHAFT SOCKET Is the timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Timing belt is dislocated.	Repair installation condition of timing belt. <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-46, Timing Belt.>	Go to step 12.
12 CHECK FUEL LEVEL. Is the fuel meter indication higher than the "Lower" level?	Higher than the "Lower" level.	Go to step 13.	Replenish fuel so fuel meter indication becomes higher than the "Lower" level. After replenishing fuel, Go to step 13.
13 CHECK STATUS OF CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL). 1) Clear the memory using Subaru Select Monitor. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, Clear Memory Mode.> 2) Start the engine, and drive the vehicle for more than 10 minutes. Does the MIL illuminate or blink?	Illuminates or blinks.	Go to step 16.	Go to step 14.
14 CHECK CAUSE OF MISFIRE DIAGNOSED. Was the cause of misfire identified when the engine is running? Ex. Disconnection of spark plug cord.	Cause of misfire is identified.	Finish diagnostics operation, if the engine has no abnormality.	Go to step 15.
15 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Is there poor contact in the ignition coil, fuel injector, ECM and coupling connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact.	Contact with your SOA (distributor) service after checking followings. NOTE: In this case, check the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Condition of fuel • Fuel additive used or not • Visually check spark plug • Visually check spark plug cord • Condition of engine oil
16 CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. Is there a fault in air intake system?	There is a fault.	Repair air intake system. NOTE: Check the following items. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are there air leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts? • Are there cracks or any disconnection of hoses? 	Go to step 17.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
17 CHECK MISFIRE SYMPTOM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Read the diagnostic trouble code (DTC). • Subaru Select Monitor <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> • OBD-II general scan tool Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool display only one DTC? For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. NOTE: Perform diagnosis according to the items listed below.	Only one DTC is displayed.	Go to step 22 .	Go to step 18 .
18 CHECK DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Go to step 23 .	Go to step 19 .
19 CHECK DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Go to step 24 .	Go to step 20 .
20 CHECK DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Go to step 25 .	Go to step 21 .
21 CHECK DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Go to step 26 .	Go to step 27 .
22 ONLY ONE CYLINDER Is there a fault in that cylinder?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Spark plug • Spark plug cord • Fuel injector • Compression ratio	Go to DTC P0170. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-159, DTC P0171 — SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1) — , Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>
23 GROUP OF #1 AND #2 CYLINDERS Are there any faults in #1 and #2 cylinders?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: • Check the following items. • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Ignition coil • Compression ratio • If no abnormality is discovered, check for "IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM" of #1 and #2 cylinders side. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-67, IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.>	Go to DTC P0170. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-159, DTC P0171 — SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1) — , Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
24 GROUP OF #3 AND #4 CYLINDERS Are there any faults in #3 and #4 cylinders?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: • Check the following items. • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Ignition coil • If no abnormality is discovered, check for "16. D: IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM" of #3 and #4 cylinders side. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-67, IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.>	Go to DTC P0170. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-159, DTC P0171 — SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1) — , Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>
25 GROUP OF #1 AND #3 CYLINDERS Are there any faults in #1 and #3 cylinders?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Skipping timing belt teeth	Go to DTC P0170. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-159, DTC P0171 — SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1) — , Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>
26 GROUP OF #2 AND #4 CYLINDERS Are there any faults in #2 and #4 cylinders?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Compression ratio • Skipping timing belt teeth	Go to DTC P0170. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-159, DTC P0171 — SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1) — , Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>
27 CYLINDER AT RANDOM Is the engine idle rough?	Engine idle is rough.	Go to DTC P0170. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-159, DTC P0171 — SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1) — , Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Compression ratio

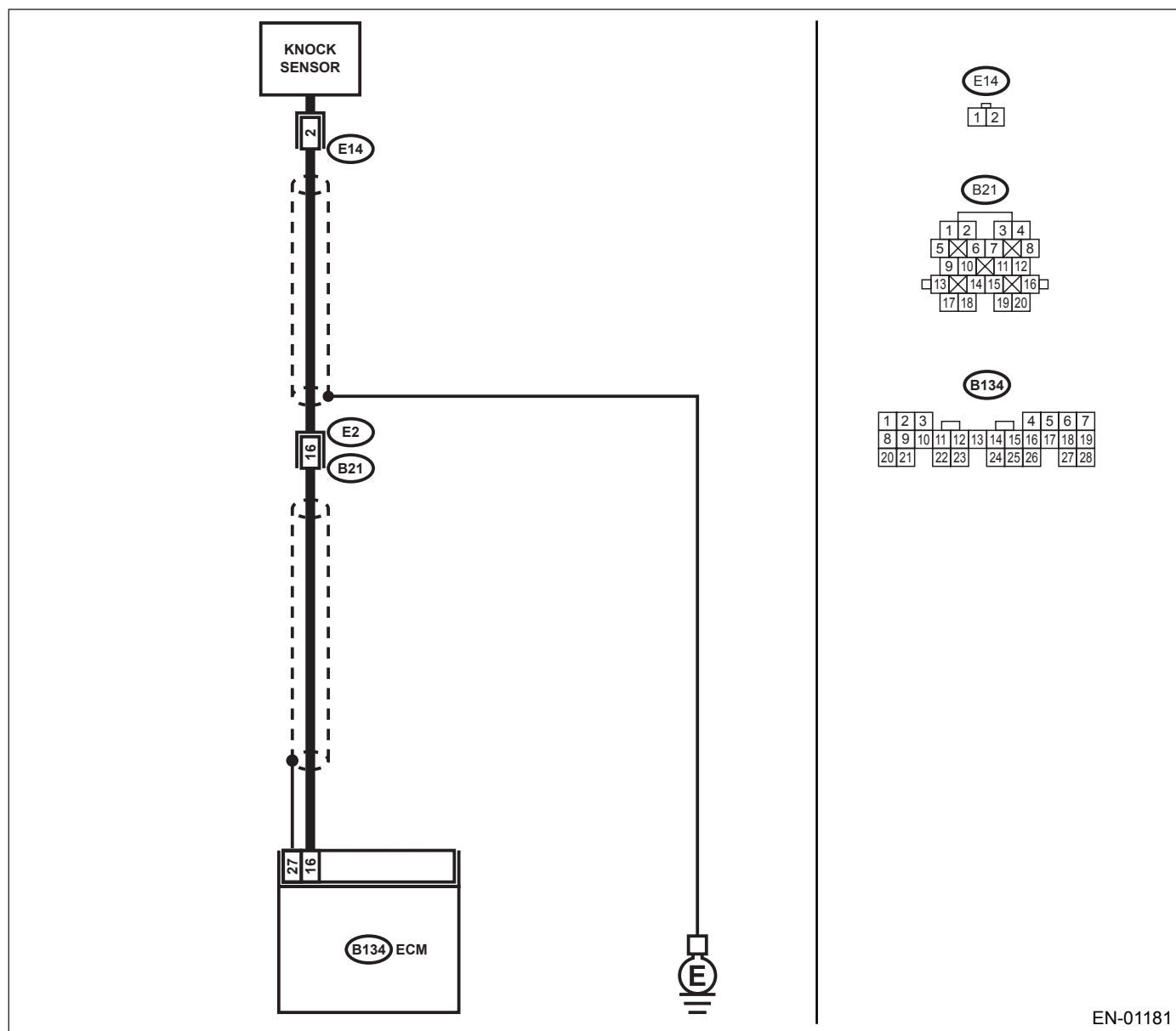
AN:DTC P0327 — KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW INPUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Poor driving performance
 - Knocking occurs.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01181

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN KNOCK SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 16 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	700 k Ω	Go to step 2.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between knock sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in knock sensor connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
2 CHECK KNOCK SENSOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from knock sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor connector terminal and engine ground. Terminal No. 2 — Engine ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	700 k Ω	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in knock sensor connector
3 CHECK CONDITION OF KNOCK SENSOR INSTALLATION. Is the knock sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Tightened securely.	Replace the knock sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-30, Knock Sensor.>	Tighten knock sensor installation bolt securely.

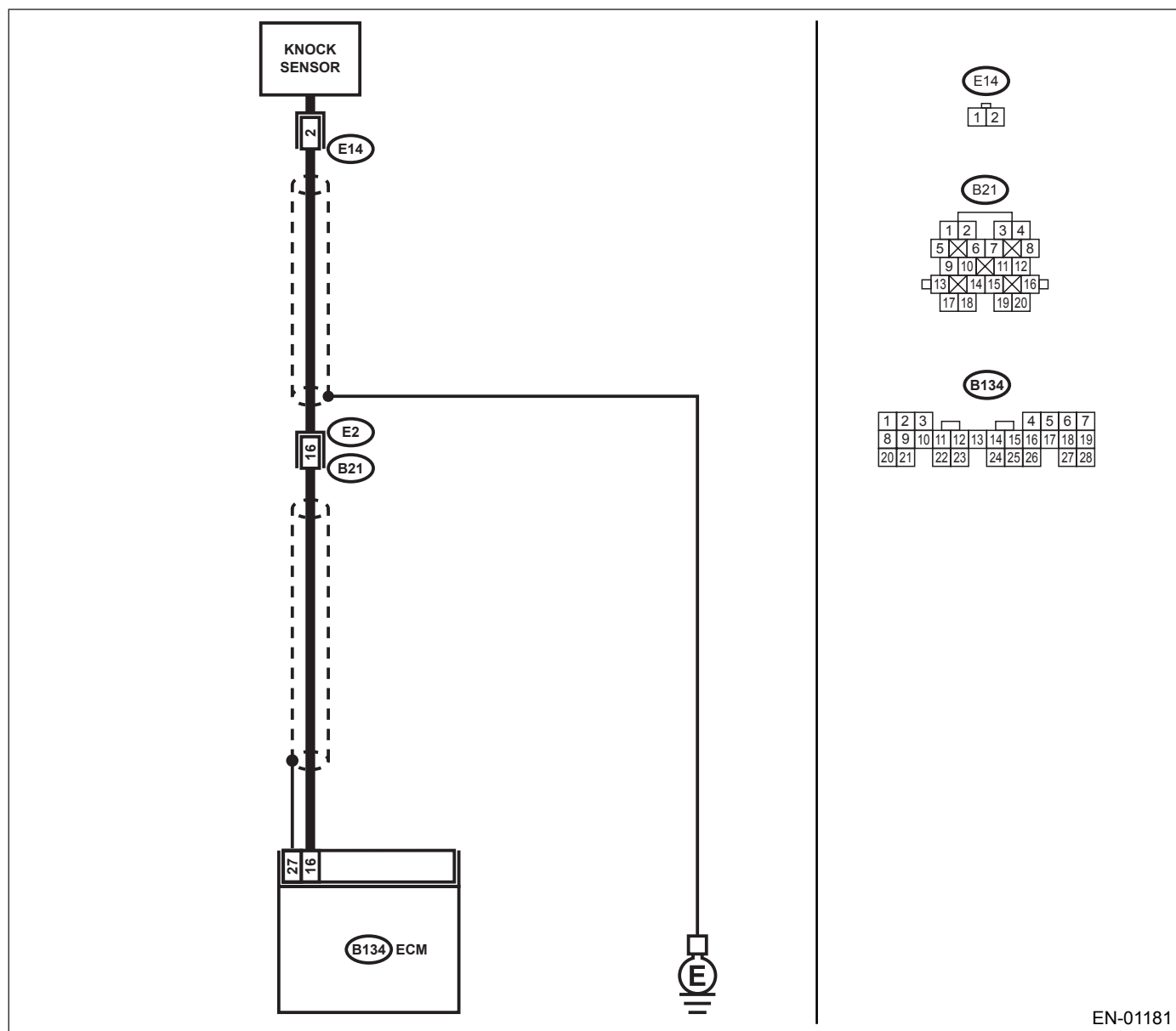
AO:DTC P0328 — KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Poor driving performance
 - Knocking occurs.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01181

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN KNOCK SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 16 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	400 k Ω	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2 CHECK KNOCK SENSOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from knock sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor connector terminal and engine ground. Terminal No. 2 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	400 k Ω	Replace the knock sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-30, Knock Sensor.>	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between knock sensor connector and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness between both connectors are shielded. Repair short circuit of harness together with shield.
3 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Connect the connectors to ECM and knock sensor. 2) Turn ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	2 V	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. (However, the possibility of poor contact still remains.) NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in knock sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector 	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.

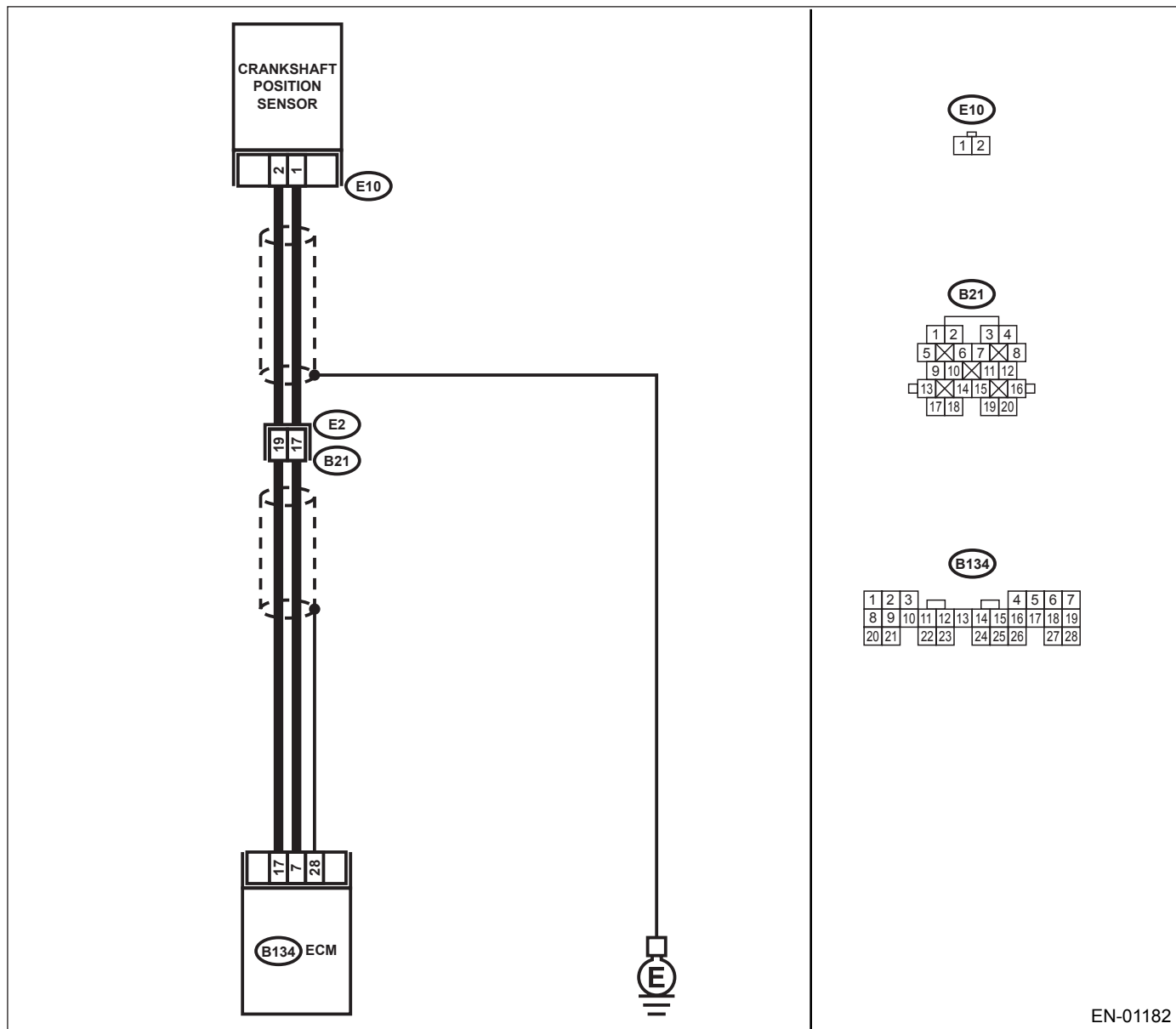
AP:DTC P0335 — CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Engine stalls.
 - Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01182

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from crankshaft position sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between crankshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E10) No. 1 — Engine ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	100 kΩ	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between crankshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between crankshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E10) No. 1 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between crankshaft position sensor and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness between both connectors are shielded. Repair short circuit to ground in harness together with shield.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between crankshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E10) No. 2 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between crankshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
4 CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Is the crankshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Tightened securely.	Go to step 5.	Tighten crankshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.
5 CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 1) Remove the crankshaft position sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between connector terminals of crankshaft position sensor. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value within the specified range?	1 — 4 kΩ	Repair poor contact in crankshaft position sensor connector.	Replace the crankshaft position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-28, Crankshaft Position Sensor.>

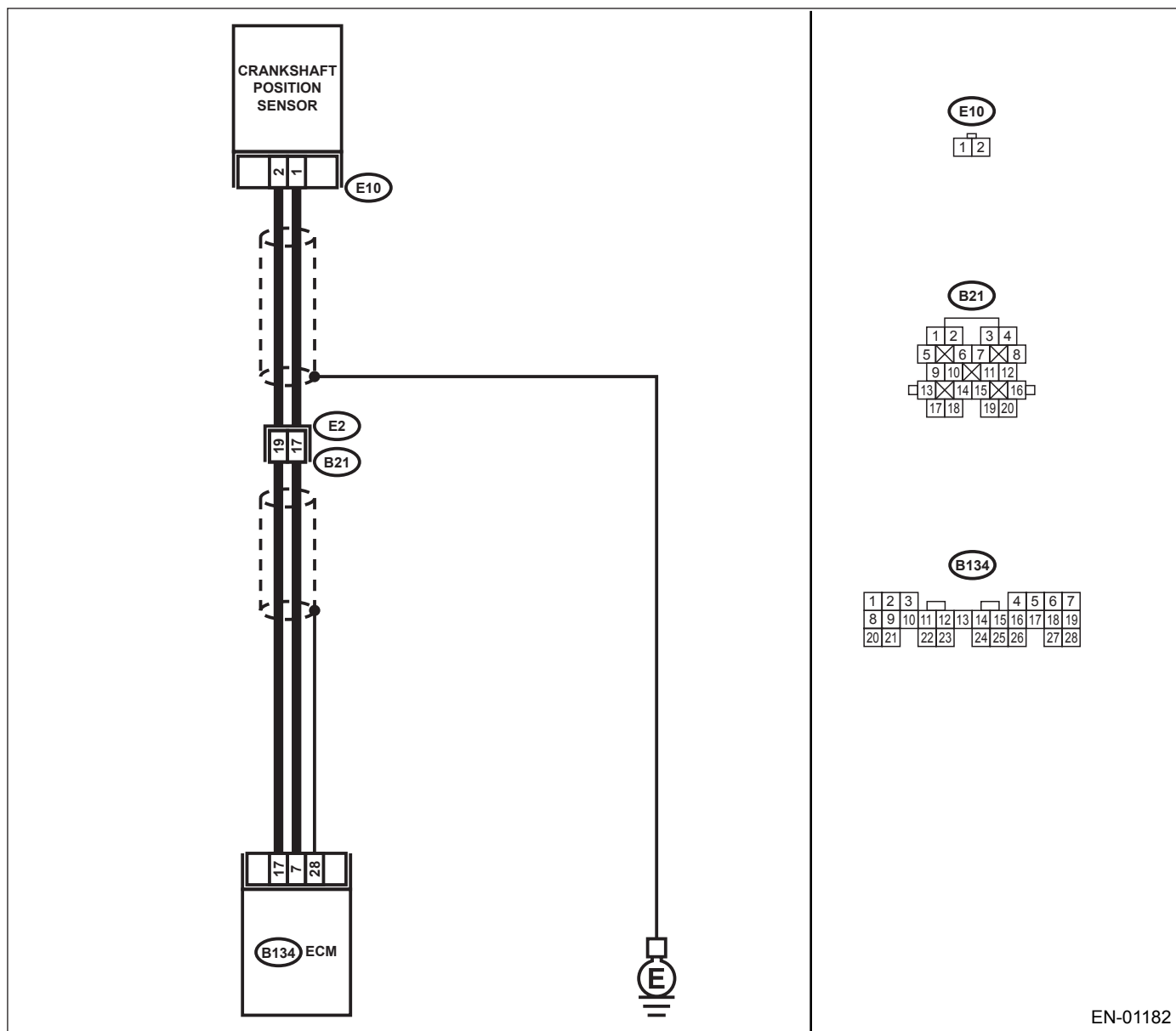
**AQ:DTC P0336 — CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT RANGE/
PERFORMANCE PROBLEM —**

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Engine stalls.
 - Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC P0335 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Turn ignition switch to OFF. Is the crankshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Tightened securely.	Go to step 3.	Tighten crankshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.
3 CHECK CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET. Remove the front belt cover. Are crankshaft sprocket teeth cracked or damaged?	There is a crack or damage.	Replace the crankshaft sprocket. <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-53, Crankshaft Sprocket.>	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT. Turn the crankshaft using ST, and align alignment mark on crankshaft sprocket with alignment mark on cylinder block. ST 499987500CRANKSHAFT SOCKET Is the timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Belt is dislocated.	Repair installation condition of timing belt. <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-46, Timing Belt.>	Replace the crankshaft position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-28, Crankshaft Position Sensor.>

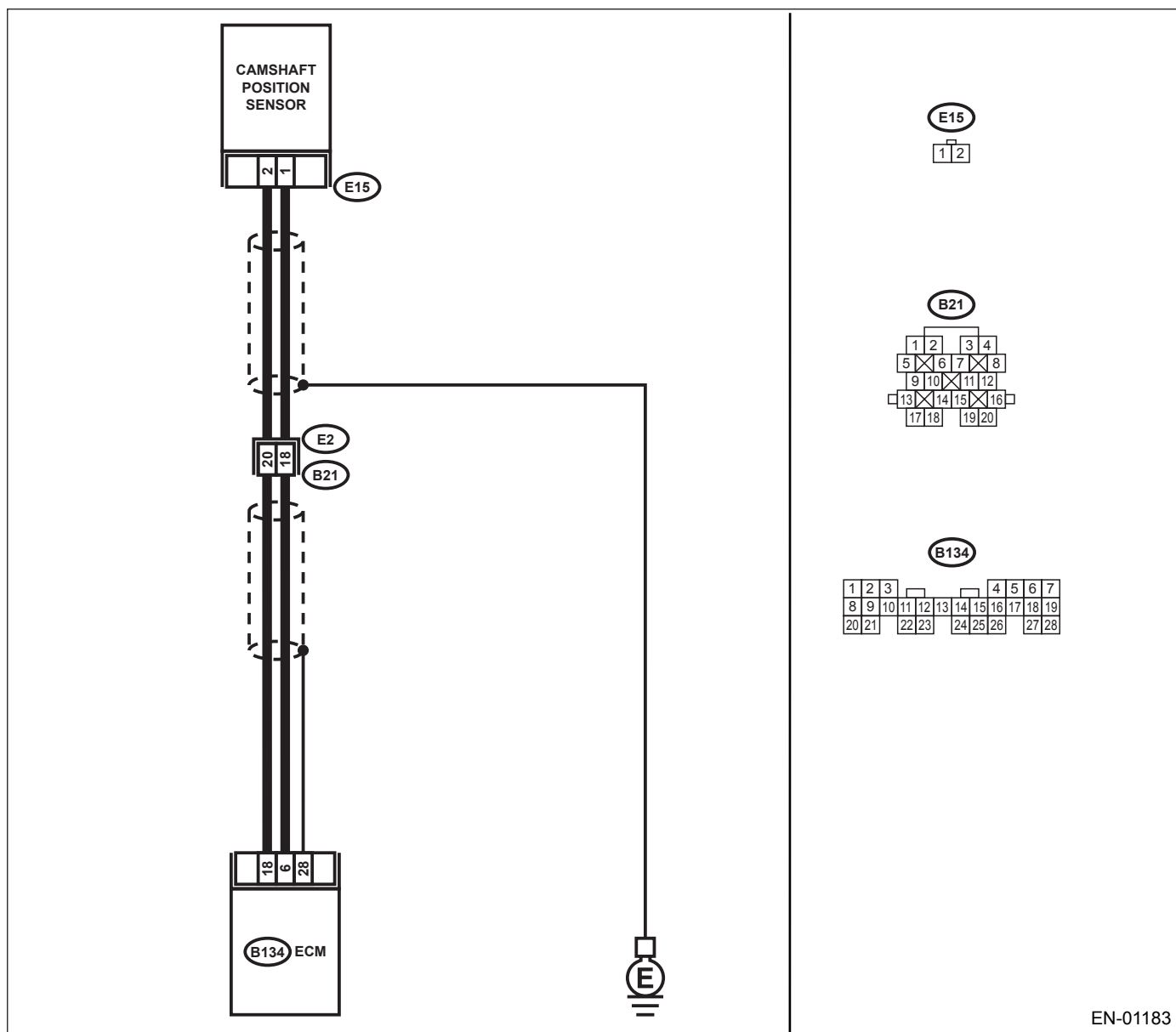
AR:DTC P0340 — CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Engine stalls.
 - Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from camshaft position sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E15) No. 1 — Engine ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	100 kΩ	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E15) No. 1 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness between both connectors are shielded. Repair short circuit to ground in harness together with shield.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E15) No. 2 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
4 CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Tightened securely.	Go to step 5.	Tighten camshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.
5 CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 1) Remove the camshaft position sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between connector terminals of camshaft position sensor. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value within the specified range?	1 — 4 kΩ	Repair poor contact in camshaft position sensor connector.	Replace the camshaft position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-29, Camshaft Position Sensor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

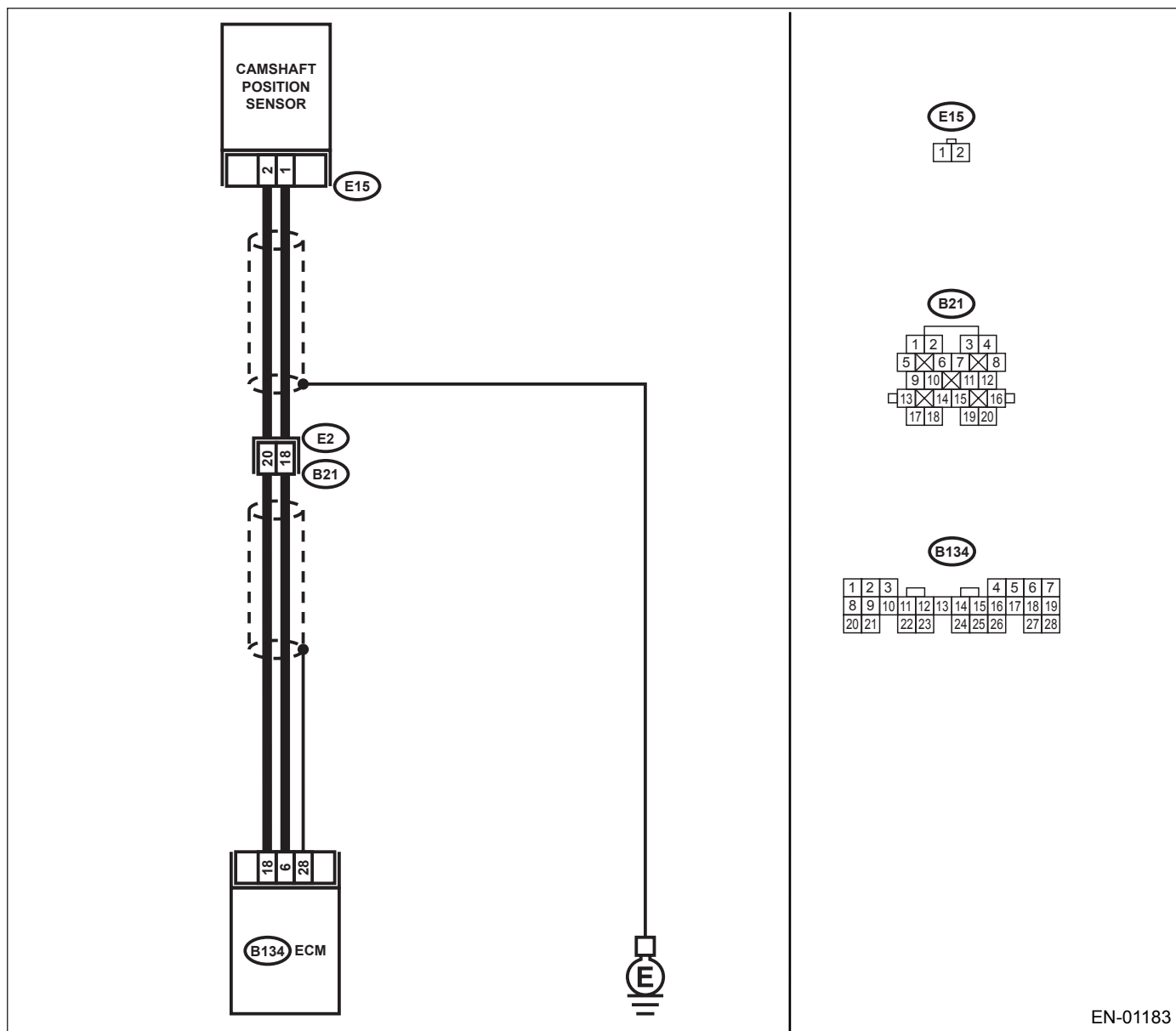
AS:DTC P0341 — CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Engine stalls.
 - Failure of engine to start

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01183

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from camshaft position sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E15) No. 1 — Engine ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	100 kΩ	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E15) No. 1 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness between both connectors are shielded. Repair short circuit to ground in harness together with shield.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E15) No. 2 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 5. Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
5	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Tightened securely.	Go to step 6.
			Tighten camshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 1) Remove the camshaft position sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between connector terminals of camshaft position sensor. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value within the specified range?	1 — 4 kΩ	Go to step 7.	Replace the camshaft position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-29, Camshaft Position Sensor.>
7 CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Turn ignition switch to OFF. Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Tightened securely.	Go to step 8.	Tighten camshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.
8 CHECK CAMSHAFT SPROCKET. Remove the front belt cover. <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-45, Timing Belt Cover.> Are camshaft sprocket teeth cracked or damaged?	There is a crack or damage.	Replace the camshaft sprocket. <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-51, Camshaft Sprocket.>	Go to step 9.
9 CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT. Turn the camshaft using ST, and align alignment mark on camshaft sprocket with alignment mark on timing belt cover LH. ST1 499987500CRANKSHAFT SOCKET Is the timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Belt is dislocated.	Repair installation condition of timing belt. <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-46, Timing Belt.>	Replace the camshaft position sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-29, Camshaft Position Sensor.>

AT:DTC P0420 — CATALYTIC CONVERTER SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1) —

• **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

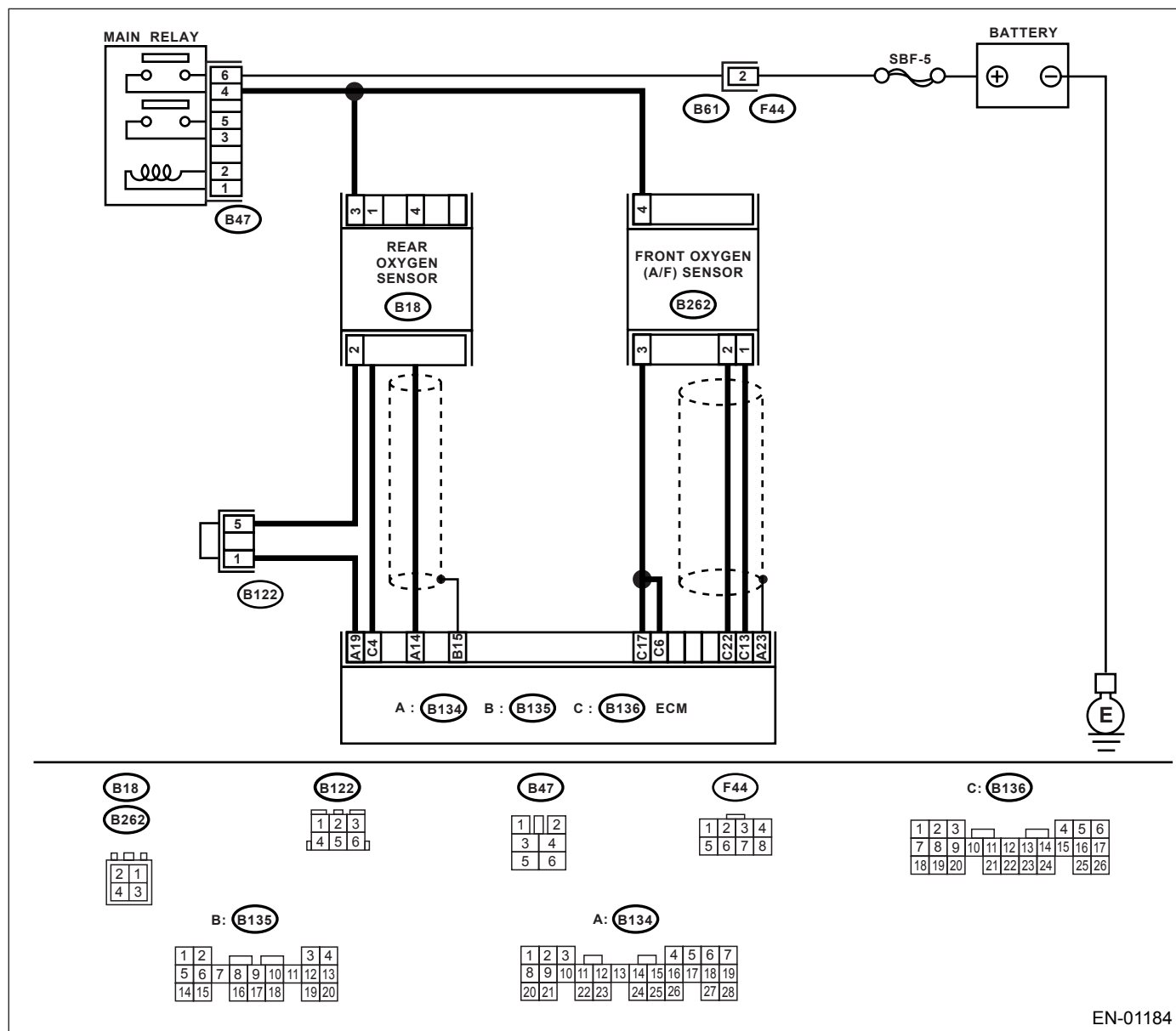
• **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Engine stalls.
- Idle mixture is out of specifications.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01184

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0420.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check for gas leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts, and open hole at exhaust pipes. Is there a fault in exhaust system? NOTE: Check the following positions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Between cylinder head and front exhaust pipe •Between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter •Between front catalytic converter and rear catalytic converter 	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the exhaust system. <Ref. to EX(H4SO)-2, General Description.>	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK FRONT OR REAR CATALYTIC CONVERTER. Is there any damage at rear face or front face of front or rear catalytic converter?	There is damage.	Replace the front or rear catalytic converter. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-3, Front Catalytic Converter.>	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connectors from the rear oxygen sensor and ECM. 3)Measure the resistance of harness between rear oxygen sensor connector and ECM connector. Connector & terminal (B18) No. 3 — (B134) No. 19: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor.
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXYGEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B18) No. 3 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 6.	Repair shorted circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor.
6 CHECK SHIELD HARNESS. Is the rear oxygen sensor shield harness connected to (B135) No.15?	Connected.	Contact SOA (distributor) service.	Repair the shield harness.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

AU:DTC P0442 — EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Fuel odor
- There is a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in evaporation system or fuel tank.

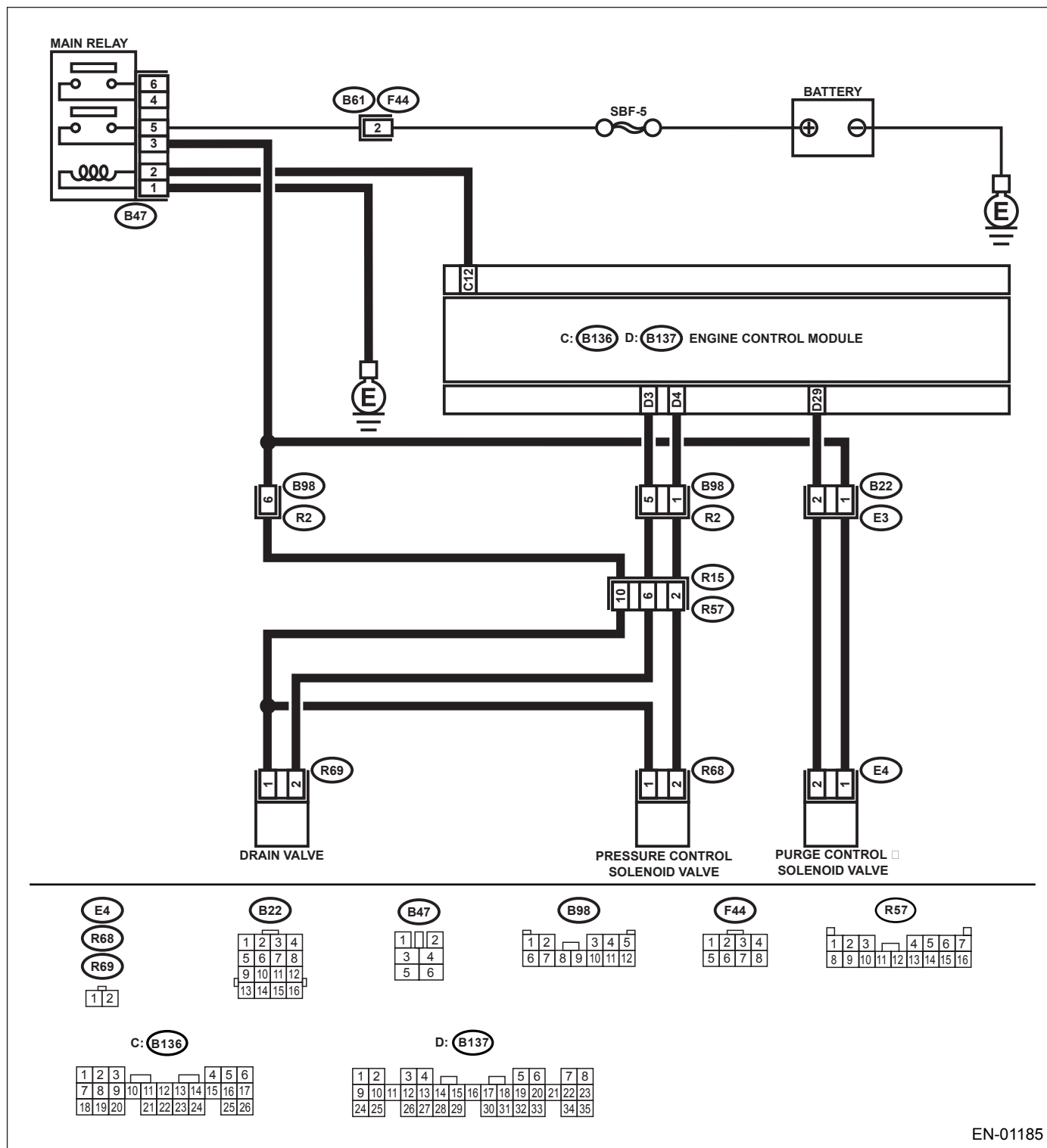
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01185

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Check the fuel filler cap. Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely? NOTE: The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain was caught while tightening.	Tightened securely.	Go to step 3.	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
3 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. Is the fuel filler cap SUBARU genuine?	The SUBARU genuine fuel filler cap is used.	Go to step 4.	Replace with a SUBARU genuine fuel filler cap.
4 CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE PACKING. Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe?	There is damage.	Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-55, Fuel Filler Pipe.>	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Connect the test mode connector. 2) Turn ignition switch to ON. 3) Operate the drain valve. Does the drain valve operate? NOTE: Drain valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.>	Operates.	Go to step 6.	Replace the drain valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-18, Drain Valve.>
6 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the purge control solenoid valve. Does the purge control solenoid valve operate? NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.>	Operates.	Go to step 7.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.>
7 CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the pressure control solenoid valve. Does the pressure control solenoid valve operate? NOTE: Pressure control solenoid valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.>	Operates.	Go to step 8.	Replace the pressure control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-12, Pressure Control Solenoid Valve.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
8 CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LINE. Turn ignition switch to OFF. Is there a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. on evaporation line?	There is a hole.	Repair or replace the evaporation line. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-68, Fuel Delivery, Return and Evaporation lines.>	Go to step 9.
9 CHECK CANISTER. Is the canister damaged or is there a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in it?	There is damage or a hole.	Repair or replace the canister. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-5, Canister.>	Go to step 10.
10 CHECK FUEL TANK. Remove the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-52, Fuel Tank.> Is the fuel tank damaged or is there a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in it?	There is damage or a hole.	Repair or replace the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-52, Fuel Tank.>	Go to step 11.
11 CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROUBLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM. Are there holes of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia., cracks, clogging, disconnections or bend of hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system?	There are holes, cracks, clogging, disconnection or bend of hoses or pipes.	Repair or replace the hoses or pipes.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

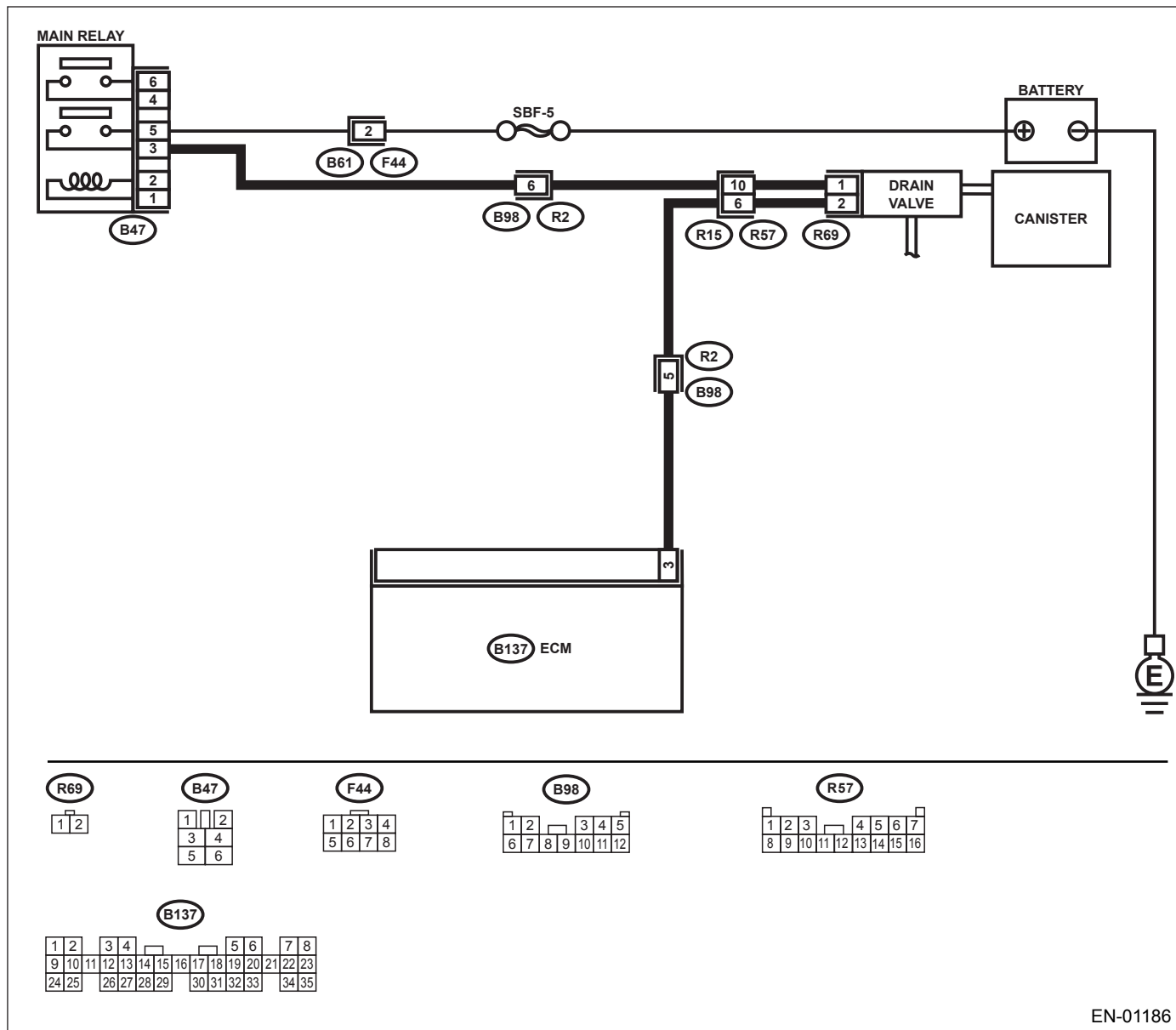
ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. (However, the possibility of poor contact still remains.) NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in drain valve connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN DRAIN VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from drain valve and ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between drain valve connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R69) No. 2 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and drain valve connector.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN DRAIN VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and drain valve connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 3 — (R69) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and drain valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
5 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. Measure the resistance between drain valve terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value within the specified range?	10 — 100 Ω	Go to step 6.	Replace the drain valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-18, Drain Valve.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO DRAIN VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between drain valve and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R69) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between main relay and drain valve • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in main relay connector
7 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in drain valve connector. Is there poor contact in drain valve connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in drain valve connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

MAIN RELAY

BATTERY

CANISTER

DRAIN VALVE

ECM

SBF-5

F44

B61

B47

B98

R2

R15

R57

R69

R2

B98

B137

R69

B47

F44

B98

R57

B137

EN-01186

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) While operating the drain valve, measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground. NOTE: Drain valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> Connector & terminal (B137) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value change within the specified range?	0 — 10 V	Go to step 2.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. In this case, repair poor contact in ECM connector.
2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN DRAIN VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from drain valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and drain valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between drain valve terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Replace the drain valve <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-18, Drain Valve.> and ECM <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>.	Go to step 6.
6 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>

**AX:DTC P0451 — EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE
SENSOR RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM**

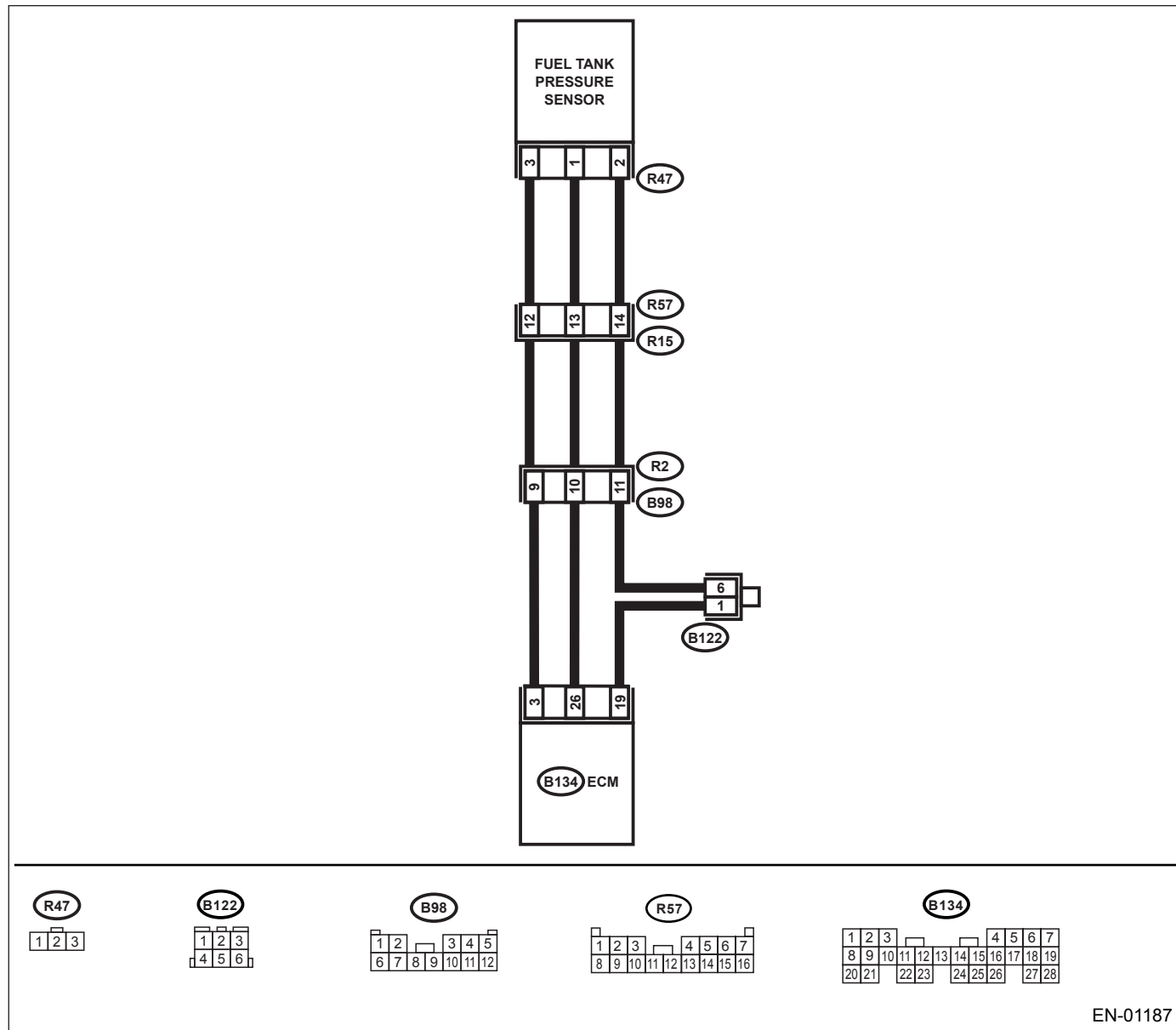
• **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01187

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Open the fuel flap. Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely?	Tightened securely.	Go to step 3.	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
3 CHECK PRESSURE/VACUUM LINE. Is there a fault in pressure/vacuum line? NOTE: Check the following items. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Disconnection, leakage and clogging of the vacuum hoses and pipes between fuel tank pressure sensor and fuel tank• Disconnection, leakage and clogging of air ventilation hoses and pipes between fuel filler pipe and fuel tank	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the hoses and pipes.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sensor. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-10, Fuel Tank Pressure Sensor.>

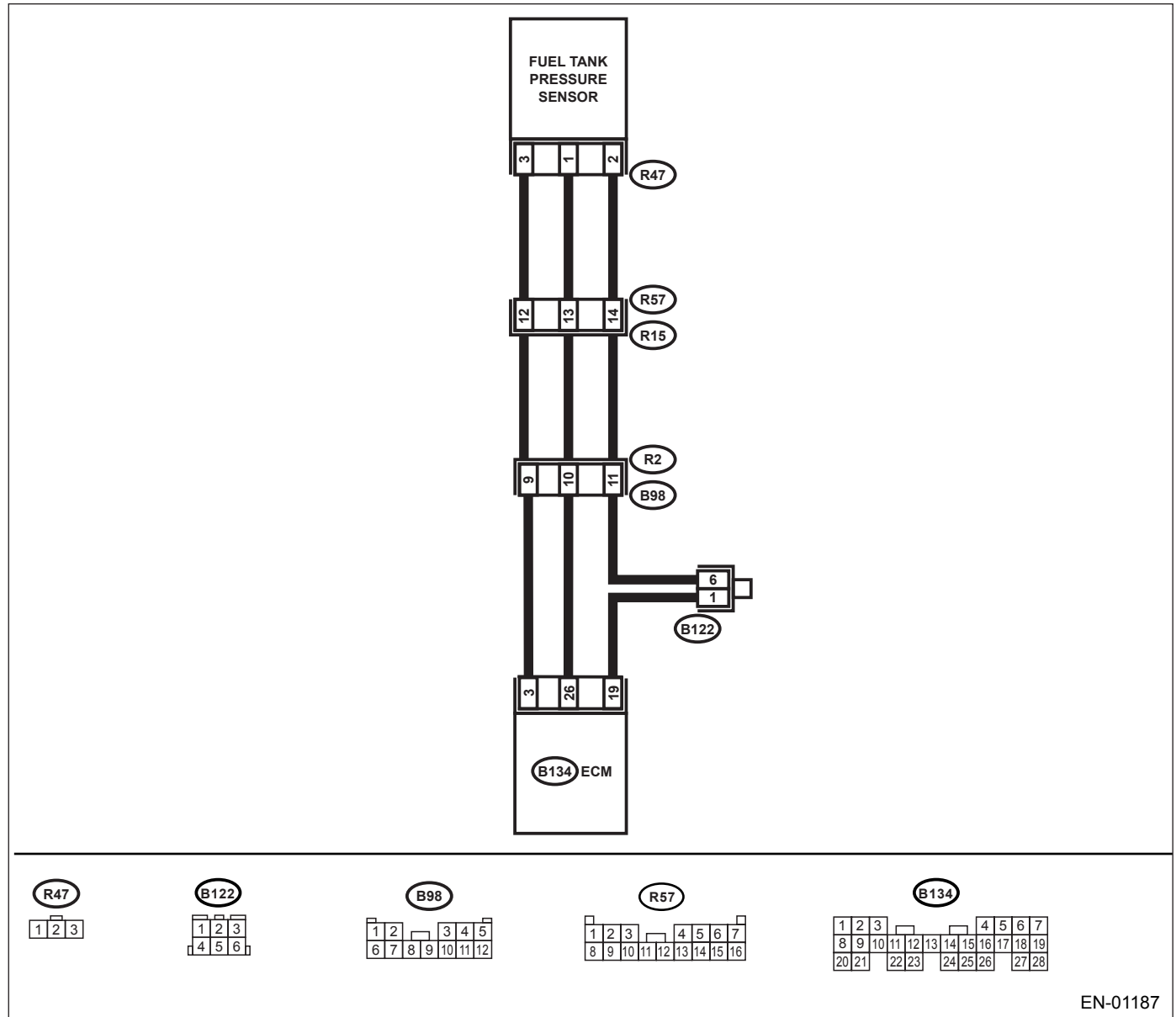
**AY:DTC P0452 — EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE
SENSOR LOW INPUT —**

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the fuel filler cap. 3) Install the fuel filler cap. 4) Turn ignition switch to ON. 5) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value less than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	-2.8 kPa (-21.0 mmHg, -0.827 inHg)	Go to step 2.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment.
2 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.
4 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 26 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	0.2 V	Go to step 6.	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.>	- 2.8 kPa (-21.0 mmHg, -0.827 inHg)	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 6.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the rear seat cushion. 3) Separate rear wiring harness and fuel tank cord. 4) Turn ignition switch to ON. 5) Measure the voltage between rear wiring harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R15) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
7 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 19 — (R15) No. 14: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 8.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
8 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. Measure the resistance of harness between rear wiring harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R15) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	500 k Ω	Go to step 9.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector.
9 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Disconnect the connector from fuel tank pressure sensor. 2) Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 12 — (R47) No. 3: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 10.	Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord.
10 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 14 — (R47) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 11.	Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
11 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. Measure the resistance of harness between fuel tank pressure sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (R47) No. 1 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	500 k Ω	Go to step 12.	Repair short circuit to ground in fuel tank cord.
12 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector. Is there poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sensor. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-10, Fuel Tank Pressure Sensor.>

**AZ:DTC P0453 — EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE
SENSOR HIGH INPUT —**

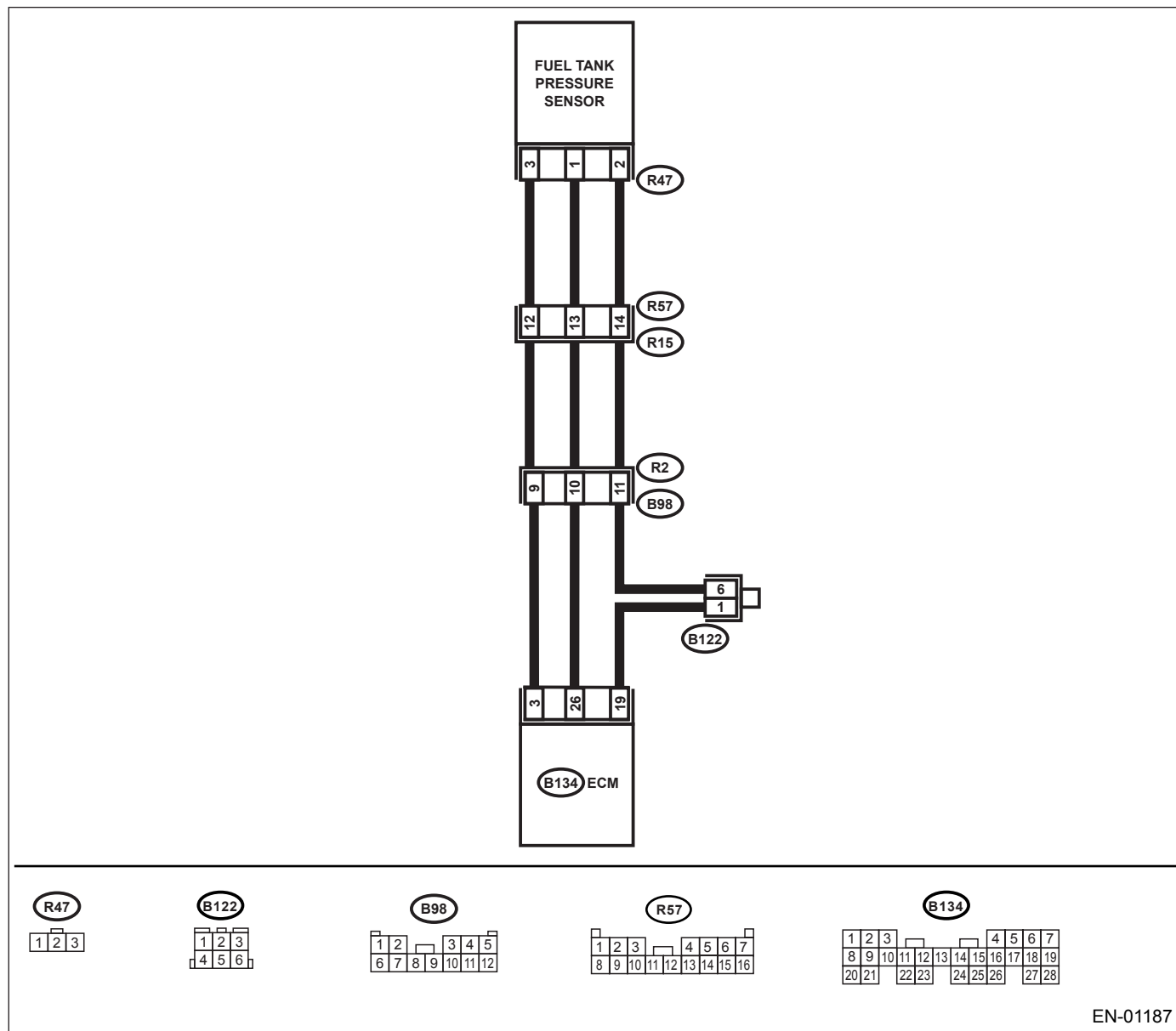
• **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove the fuel filler cap. 3)Install the fuel filler cap. 4)Turn ignition switch to ON. 5)Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	2.8 kPa (21.0 mmHg, 0.827 inHg)	Go to step 11.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–): Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	4.5 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>
4 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 26 (+) — Chassis ground (–): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	0.2 V	Go to step 6.	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.>	– 2.8 kPa (–21.0 mmHg, – 0.827 inHg)	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 6.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the rear seat cushion. 3) Separate rear wiring harness and fuel tank cord. 4) Turn ignition switch to ON. 5) Measure the voltage between rear wiring harness connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R15) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
7 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COUPLING CONNECTOR IN REAR WIRING HARNESS. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 26 — (R15) No. 13: (B134) No. 19 — (R15) No. 14: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 8.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear wiring harness connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
8 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Disconnect the connector from fuel tank pressure sensor. 2) Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 13 — (R47) No. 1: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 9.	Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord.
9 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. Measure the resistance of fuel tank cord. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 14 — (R47) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 10.	Repair open circuit in fuel tank cord.
10 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector. Is there poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sensor. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-10, Fuel Tank Pressure Sensor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
11 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel tank pressure sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value more than the specified value? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	2.8 kPa (21.0 mmHg, 0.827 inHg)	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sensor. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-10, Fuel Tank Pressure Sensor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BA:DTC P0456 — EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (VERY SMALL LEAK) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Fuel odor
 - There is a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in evaporation system or fuel tank.

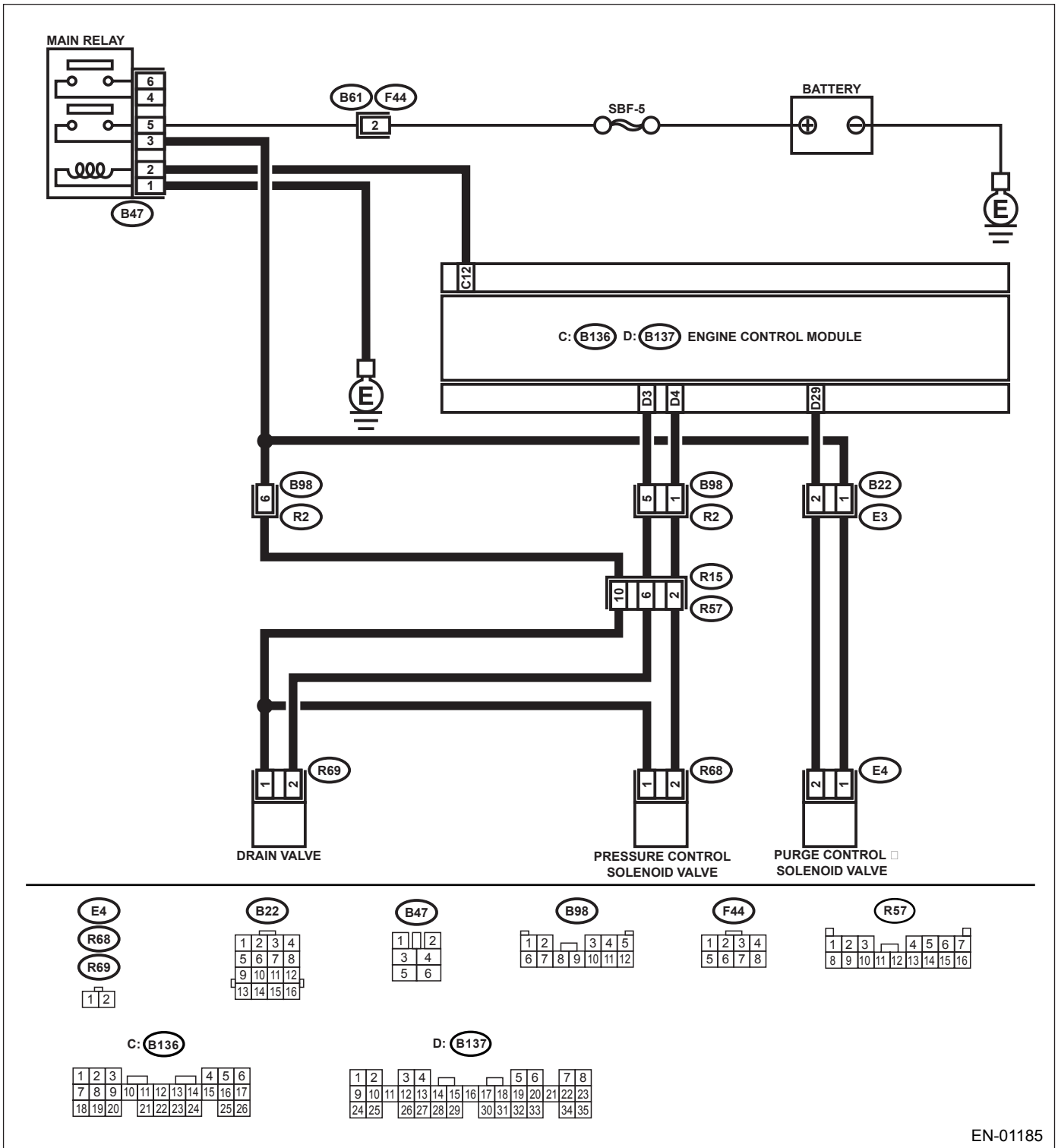
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01185

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Check the fuel filler cap. Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely? NOTE: The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain was caught while tightening.	Tightened securely.	Go to step 3.	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
3 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. Is the fuel filler cap SUBARU genuine?	The SUBARU genuine fuel filler cap is used.	Go to step 4.	Replace with a SUBARU genuine fuel filler cap.
4 CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE PACKING. Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe?	There is damage.	Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-55, Fuel Filler Pipe.>	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Connect the test mode connector. 2) Turn ignition switch to ON. 3) Operate the drain valve. Does the drain valve operate? NOTE: Drain valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.>	Operates.	Go to step 6.	Replace the drain valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-18, Drain Valve.>
6 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the purge control solenoid valve. Does the purge control solenoid valve operate? NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.>	Operates.	Go to step 7.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.>
7 CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the pressure control solenoid valve. Does the pressure control solenoid valve operate? NOTE: Pressure control solenoid valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.>	Operates.	Go to step 8.	Replace the pressure control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
8 CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LINE. Turn ignition switch to OFF. Is there a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. on evaporation line?	There is a hole.	Repair or replace the evaporation line. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-68, Fuel Delivery, Return and Evaporation lines.>	Go to step 9.
9 CHECK CANISTER. Is the canister damaged or is there a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in it?	There is damage or a hole.	Repair or replace the canister. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-5, Canister.>	Go to step 10.
10 CHECK FUEL TANK. Remove the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-52, Fuel Tank.> Is the fuel tank damaged or is there a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in it?	There is damage or a hole.	Repair or replace the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-52, Fuel Tank.>	Go to step 11.
11 CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROUBLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM. Are there holes of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia., cracks, clogging, disconnections or bend of hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system?	There are holes, cracks, clogging, disconnection or bend of hoses or pipes.	Repair or replace the hoses or pipes.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BB:DTC P0457 — EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (FUEL CAP LOOSE/OFF) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Fuel odor
 - Fuel filler cap is loose or not installed.

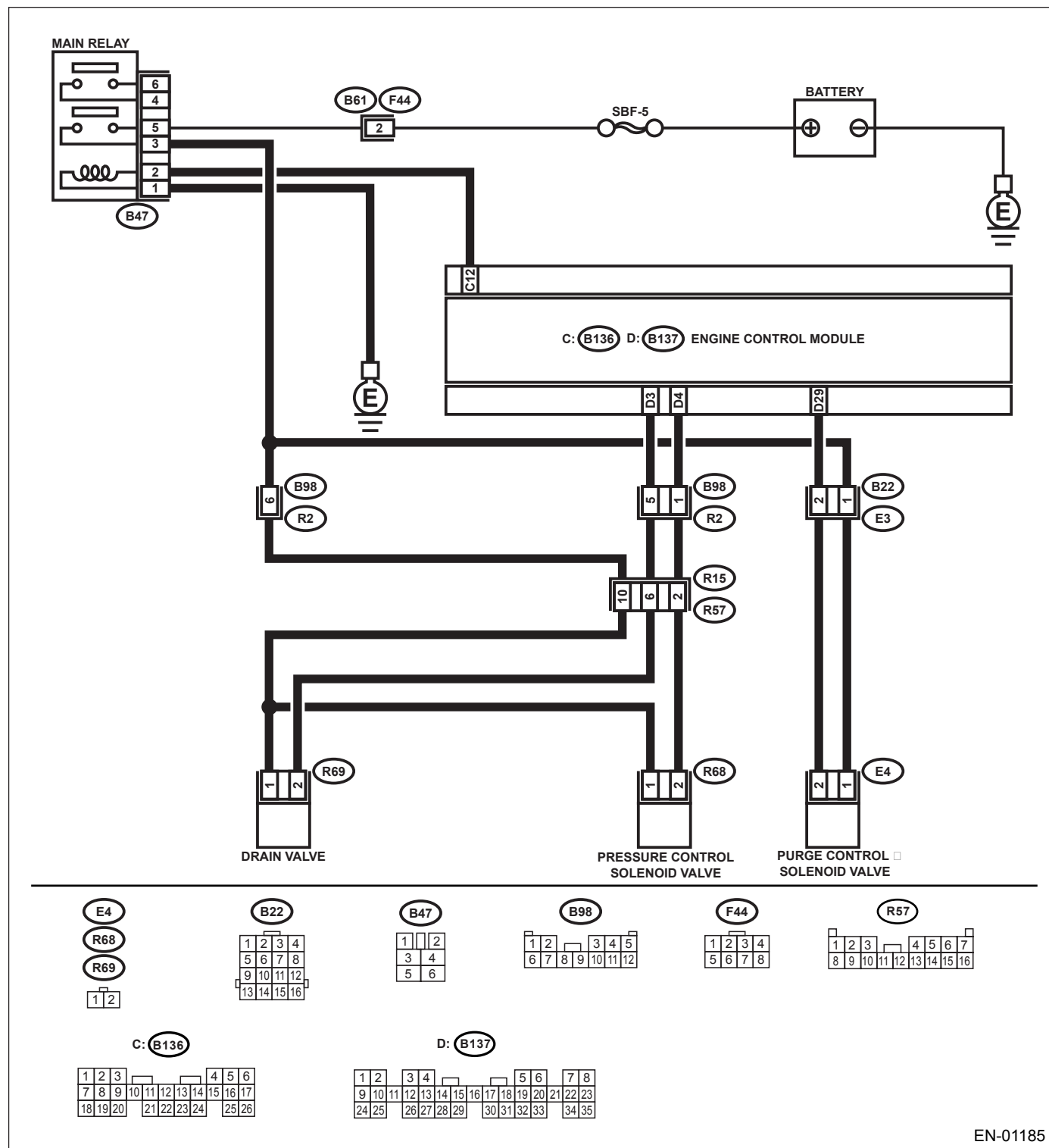
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01185

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Check the fuel filler cap. Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely? NOTE: The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain was caught while tightening.	Tightened securely.	Go to step 3.	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
3 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. Is the fuel filler cap SUBARU genuine?	The SUBARU genuine fuel filler cap is used.	Go to step 4.	Replace with a SUBARU genuine fuel filler cap.
4 CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE PACKING. Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe?	There is damage.	Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-55, Fuel Filler Pipe.>	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK DRAIN VALVE. 1) Connect the test mode connector. 2) Turn ignition switch to ON. 3) Operate the drain valve. Does the drain valve operate? NOTE: Drain valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.>	Operates.	Go to step 6.	Replace the drain valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-18, Drain Valve.>
6 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the purge control solenoid valve. Does the purge control solenoid valve operate? NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.>	Operates.	Go to step 7.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.>
7 CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the pressure control solenoid valve. Does the pressure control solenoid valve operate? NOTE: Pressure control solenoid valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.>	Operates.	Go to step 8.	Replace the pressure control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
8 CHECK CANISTER. Is the canister damaged?	There is damage.	Repair or replace the canister. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-5, Canister.>	Go to step 9 .
9 CHECK FUEL TANK. Remove the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-52, Fuel Tank.> Is the fuel tank damaged?	There is damage.	Repair or replace the fuel tank. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-52, Fuel Tank.>	Go to step 10 .
10 CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROUBLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM. Are there holes of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia., cracks, clogging or disconnections of hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system?	There are holes, cracks, clogging or disconnection of hoses or pipes.	Repair or replace the hoses or pipes.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

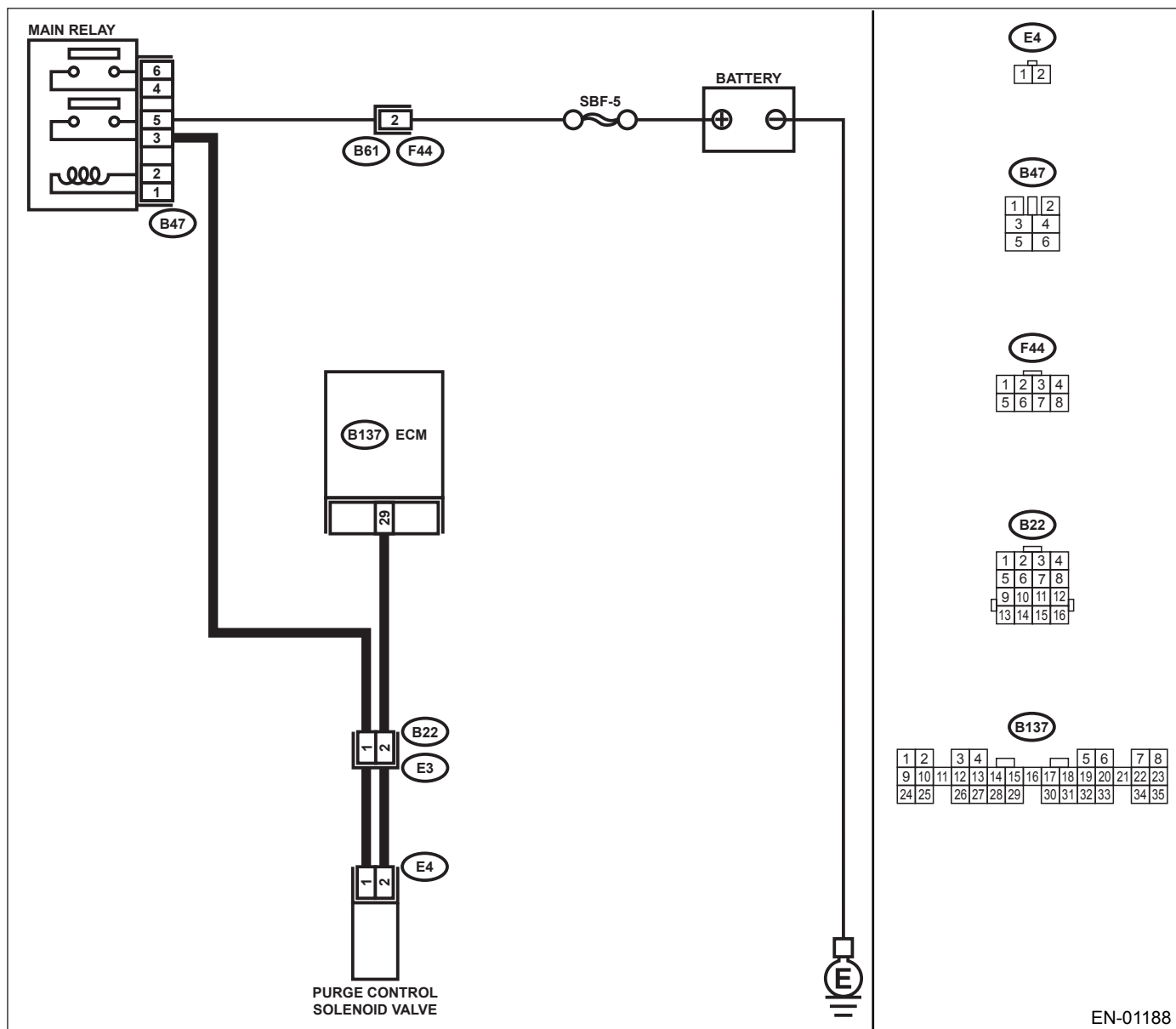
BC:DTC P0458 — EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01188

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from purge control solenoid valve and ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between purge control solenoid valve connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E4) No. 2 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 3.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 — (E4) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 4.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
4 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Remove the purge control solenoid valve. 2) Measure the resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value within the specified range?	10 — 100 Ω	Go to step 5.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
5 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between purge control solenoid valve and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E4) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (–): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 6.	Repair open circuit in harness between main relay and purge control solenoid valve connector.
6 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in purge control solenoid valve connector. Is there poor contact in purge control solenoid valve connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in purge control solenoid valve connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

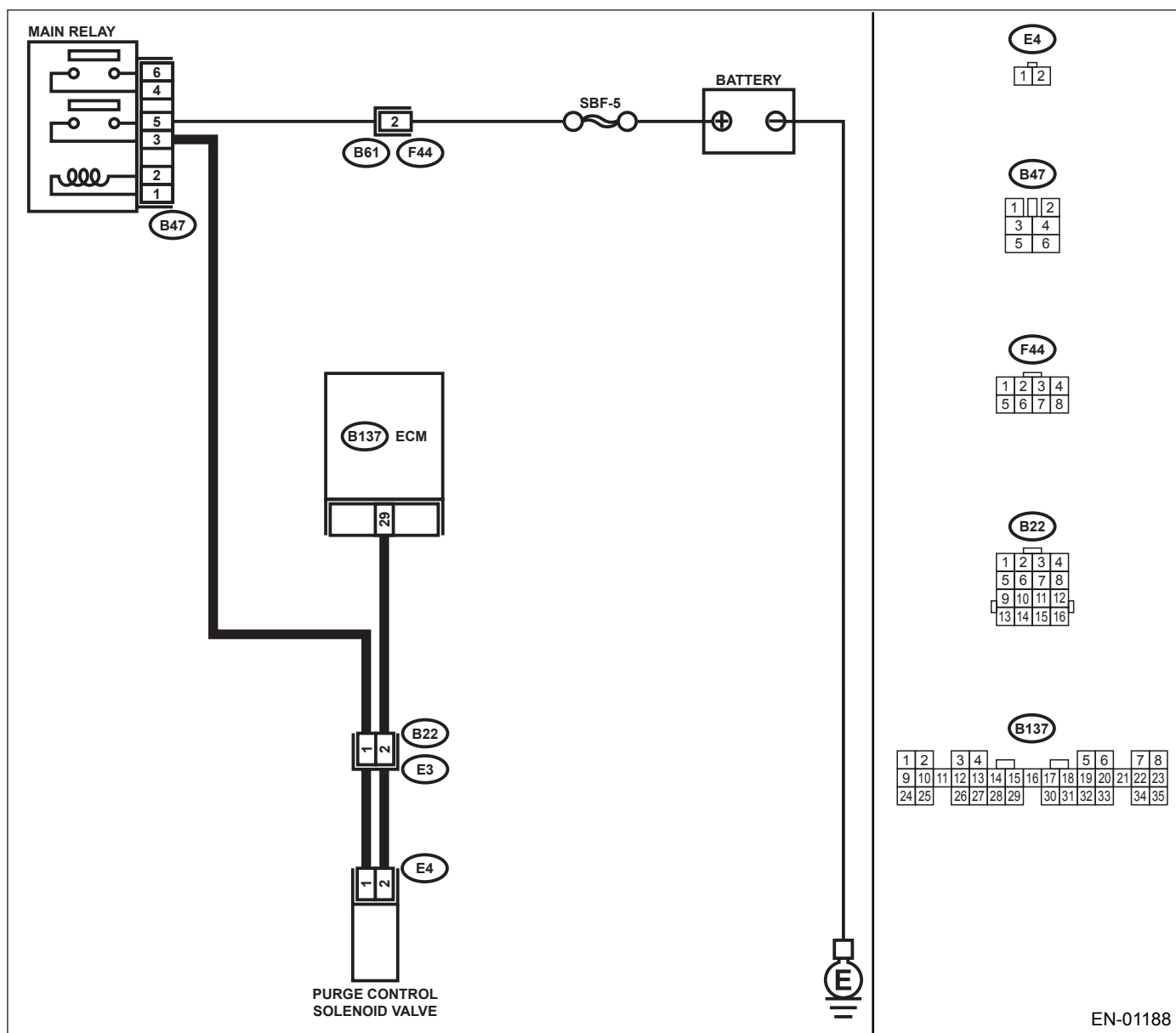
BD:DTC P0459 — EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) While operating the purge control solenoid valve, measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Does the measured value change within the specified range? NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	0 — 10 V	Go to step 2.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. In this case, repair poor contact in ECM connector.
2 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from purge control solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Replace the purge control solenoid valve <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-6, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.> and the ECM <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>.	Go to step 6.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step		Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>

BE:DTC P0461 — FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM —

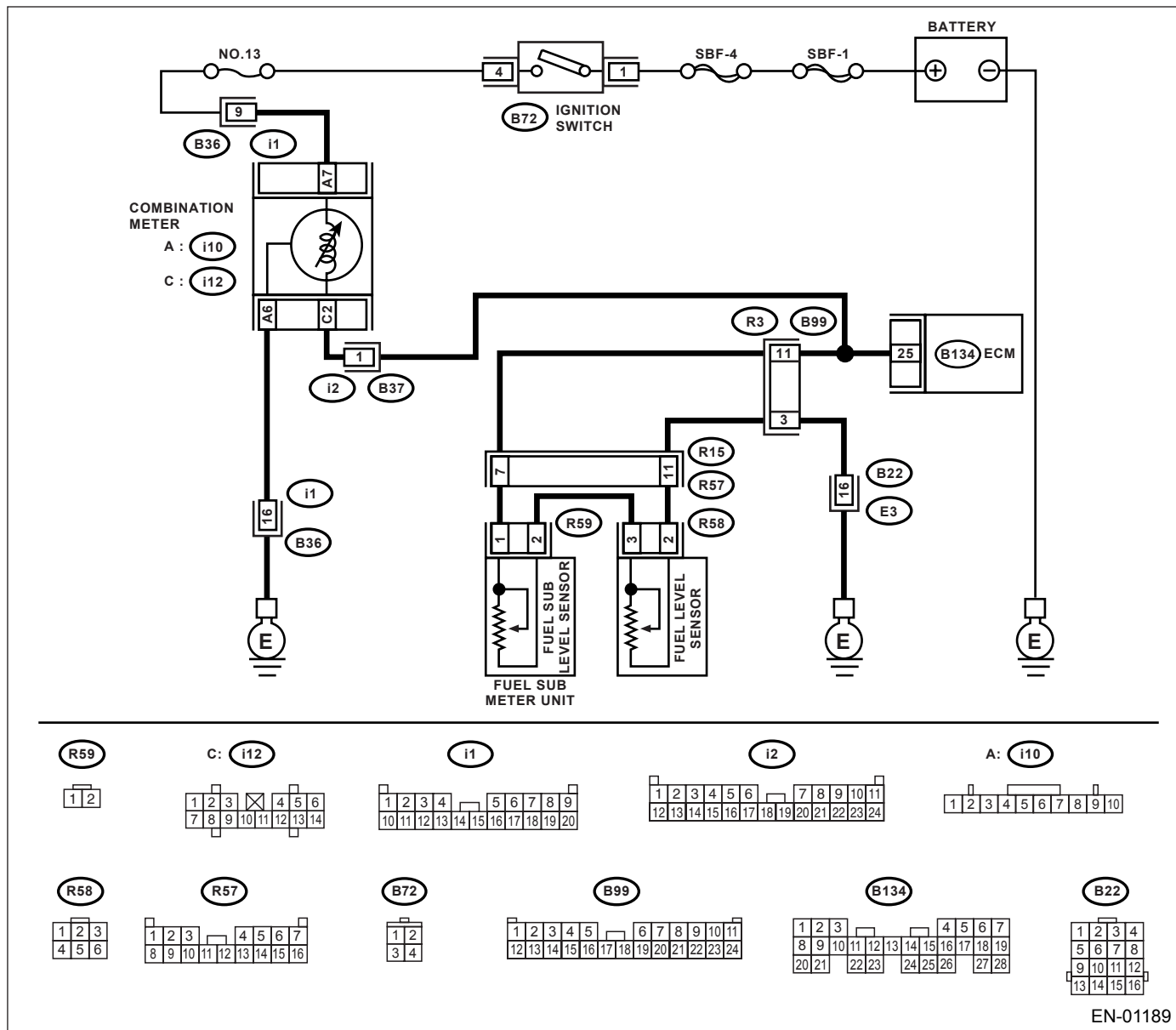
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01189

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect this trouble.	Replace the fuel level sensor <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-62, Fuel Level Sensor.> and fuel sub level sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-62, Fuel Level Sensor.>

BF:DTC P0462 — FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

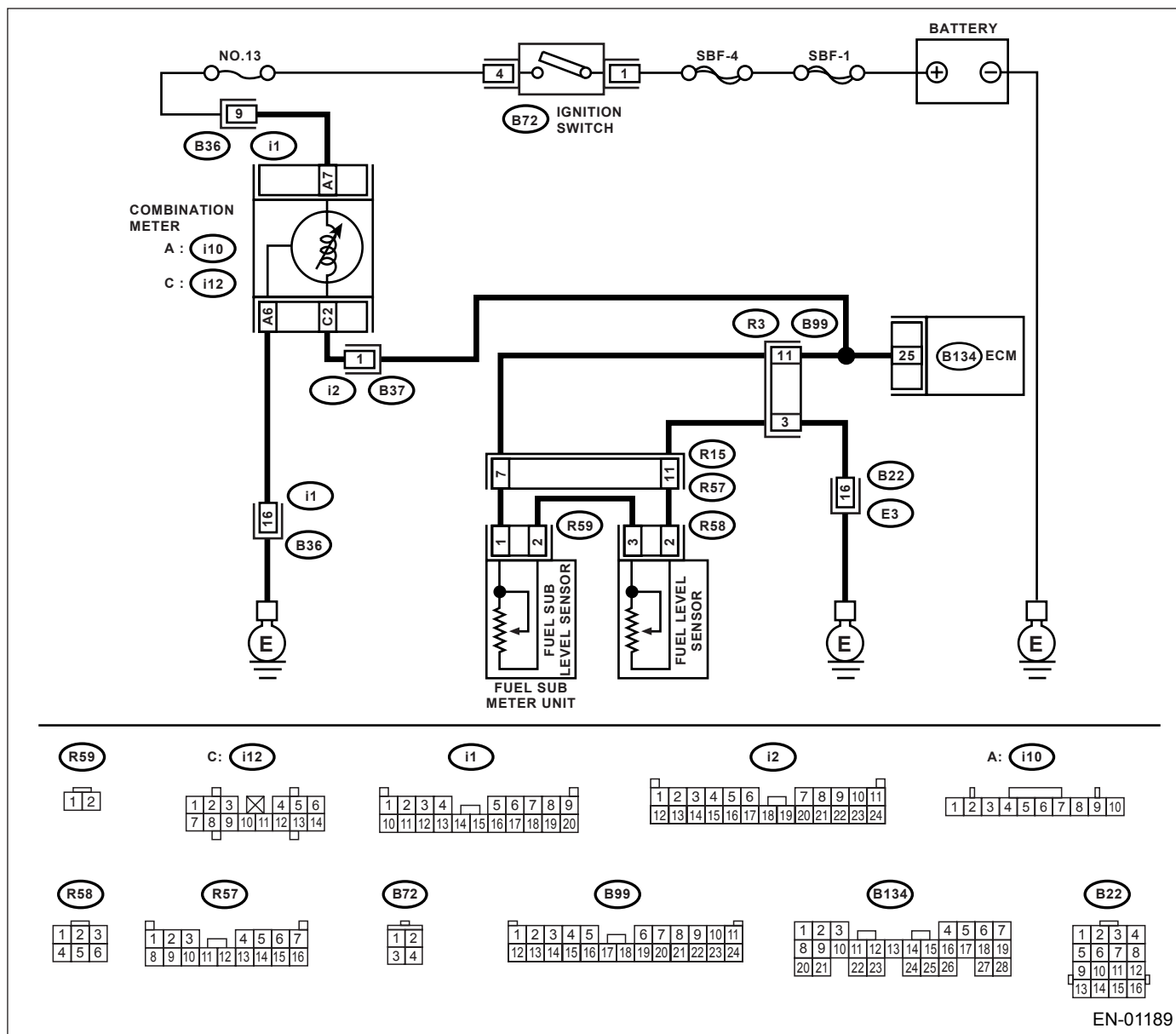
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01189

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK SPEEDOMETER AND TACHOMETER OPERATION IN COMBINATION METER. Does the speedometer and tachometer operate normally?	They operate normally.	Go to step 2.	Repair or replace the combination meter. <Ref. to IDI-4, Combination Meter System.>
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. (Engine OFF) 2)Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 25 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	0.12 V	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Read the data of fuel level sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. Does the measured value stay less than the specified value while shaking the ECM harness and connector ? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to “READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE”. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.>	0.12 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in combination meter connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
4	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Separate fuel tank cord connector (R57) and rear wiring harness connector (R15). 3)Turn ignition switch to ON. 4)Measure the voltage of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 25 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	0.12 V	Go to step 5.	Go to step 6.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COMBINATION METER. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from connector (i12) and ECM connector. 3)Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 25 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 MΩ	Go to step 7.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and combination meter connector.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COMBINATION METER. Measure the resistance between ECM and combination meter connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 25 — (E12) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Repair or replace the combination meter. <Ref. to IDI-4, Combination Meter System.>	Repair open circuit between ECM and combination meter connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Poor contact in coupling connector
7 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from fuel sub level sensor. 3)Measure the resistance between fuel sub level sensor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R59) No. 1 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 MΩ	Go to step 8.	Repair short circuit to ground in fuel tank cord.
8 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1)Disconnect the connector from fuel pump assembly. 2)Measure the resistance between fuel pump assembly and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R59) No. 2 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 MΩ	Go to step 9.	Repair short circuit to ground in fuel tank cord.
9 CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR. 1)Remove the fuel pump assembly. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-60, Fuel Pump.> 2)Measure the resistance between fuel level sensor and terminals with its float set to the full position. Terminal No. 3 — No. 2: Is the measured value within the specified range?	0.5 — 2.5 Ω	Go to step 10.	Replace the fuel level sensor.
10 CHECK FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR. 1)Remove the fuel sub level sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-63, Fuel Sub Level Sensor.> 2)Measure the resistance between fuel sub level sensor and terminals with its float set to the full position. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value within the specified range?	0.5 — 2.5 Ω	Repair poor contact in harness between ECM and combination meter connector.	Replace the fuel sub level sensor.

BG:DTC P0463 — FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —

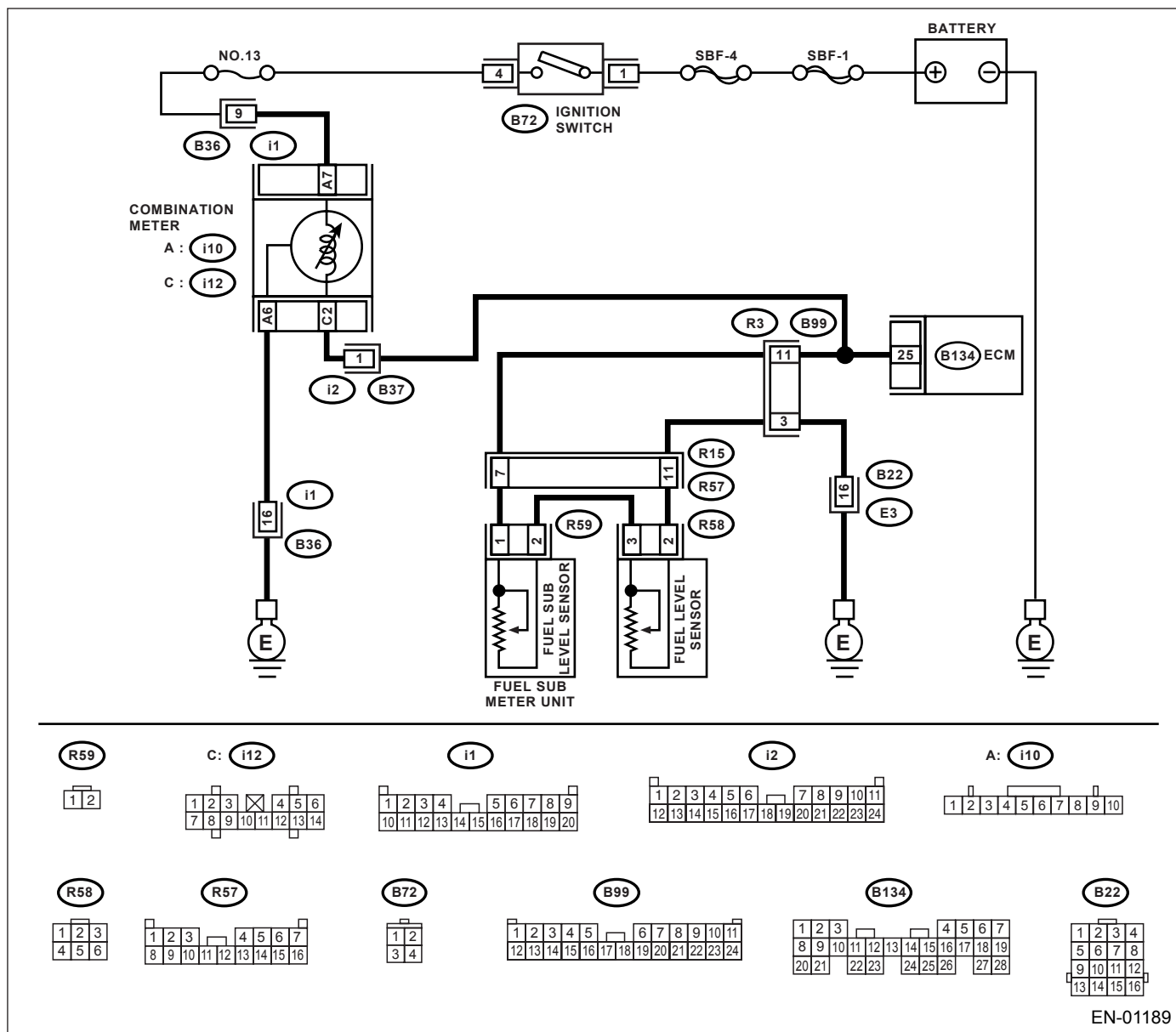
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK SPEEDOMETER AND TACHOMETER OPERATION IN COMBINATION METER. Does the speedometer and tachometer operate normally?	They operate normally.	Go to step 2.	Repair or replace the combination meter. <Ref. to IDI-4, Combination Meter System.>
2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. (Engine OFF) 2)Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 25 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.75 V	Go to step 3.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in fuel pump connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
3 CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the combination meter connector (i12) and ECM connector. 3)Turn ignition switch to ON. 4)Measure the voltage of harness between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 25 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.75 V	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit to battery between ECM and combination meter connector.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TANK CORD. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Separate fuel tank cord connector (R57) and rear wiring harness connector (R15). 3)Measure the resistance between ECM and fuel tank cord. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 25 — (R15) No. 7: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair open circuit between ECM and fuel tank cord.
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TANK CORD AND CHASSIS GROUND. Measure the resistance between fuel tank cord and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R15) No. 11 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 6.	Repair open circuit between fuel tank cord and chassis ground. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Poor contact in coupling connector

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Disconnect the connector from fuel level sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between fuel level sensor and coupling connector. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 11 — (R58) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Go to step 7.	Repair open circuit between coupling connector and fuel level sensor.
7 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. 1) Disconnect the connector from fuel sub level sensor. 2) Measure the resistance between fuel level sensor and fuel sub level sensor. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 3 — (R59) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit between fuel level sensor and fuel sub level sensor.
8 CHECK FUEL TANK CORD. Measure the resistance between fuel sub level sensor and coupling connector. Connector & terminal (R57) No. 7 — (R59) No. 1: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Go to step 9.	Repair open circuit between coupling connector and fuel sub level sensor.
9 CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR. 1) Remove the fuel pump assembly. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-60, Fuel Pump.> 2) While moving the fuel level sensor float up and down, measure resistance between fuel level sensor terminals. Terminal No. 3 — No. 2: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	54.5 Ω	Replace the fuel level sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-62, Fuel Level Sensor.>	Go to step 10.
10 CHECK FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR. 1) Remove the fuel sub level sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-63, Fuel Sub Level Sensor.> 2) While moving the fuel sub level sensor float up and down, measure resistance between fuel sub level sensor terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	41.5 Ω	Replace the fuel sub level sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-63, Fuel Sub Level Sensor.>	Replace the combination meter. <Ref. to IDI-12, Combination Meter Assembly.>

BH:DTC P0464 — FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT INTERMITTENT —

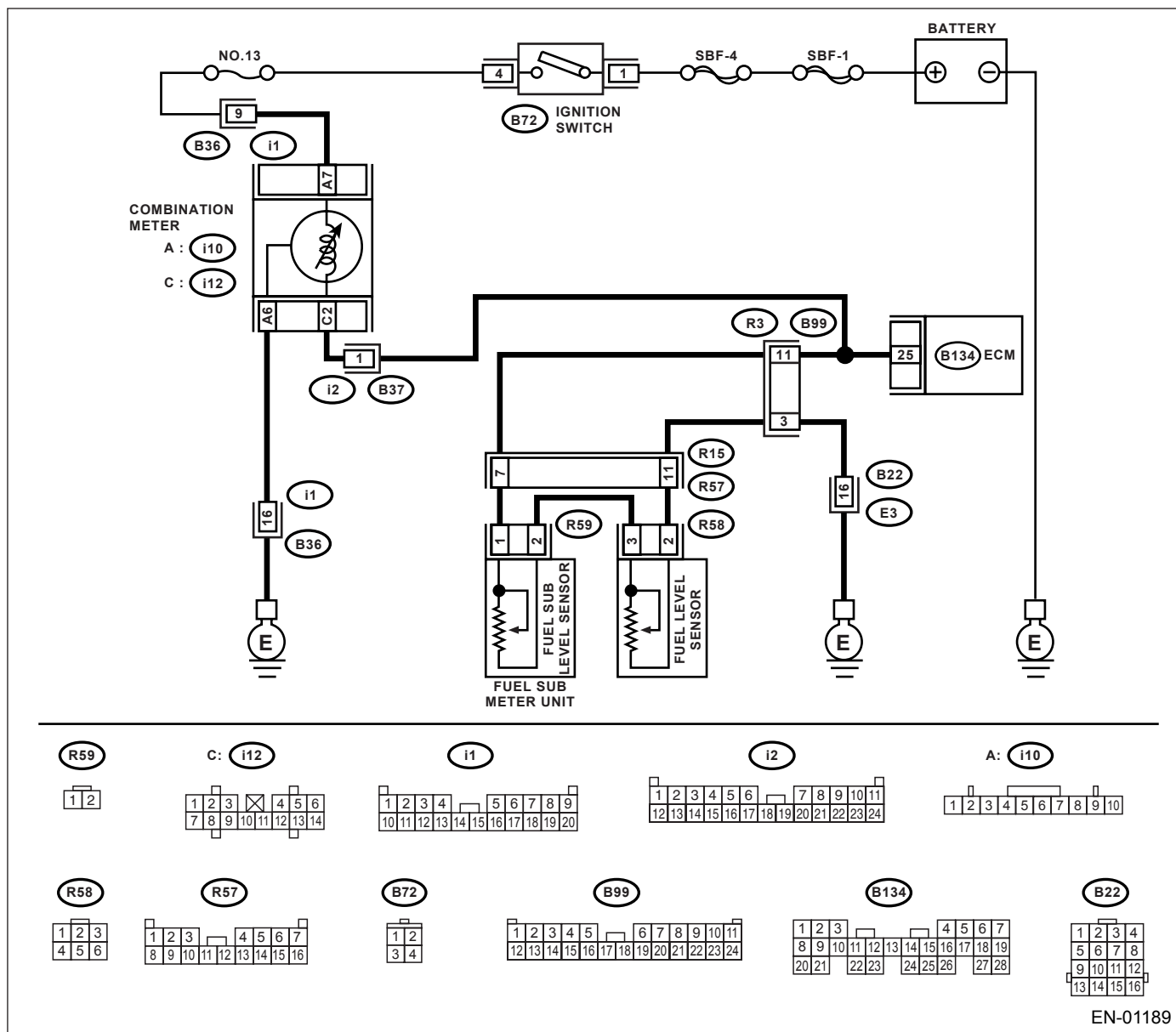
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01189

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC P0462 or P0463 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR. 1)Remove the fuel pump assembly. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-60, Fuel Pump.> 2)While moving the fuel level sensor float up and down, make sure that the resistance between fuel level sensor terminals changes smoothly. <i>Terminal</i> No. 3 — No. 2: Does the resistance change smoothly?	Changes smoothly.	Go to step 3.	Replace the fuel level sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-62, Fuel Level Sensor.>
3 CHECK FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR. 1)Remove the fuel sub level sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-62, Fuel Level Sensor.> 2)While moving the fuel sub level sensor float up and down, make sure that the resistance between fuel level sensor terminals changes smoothly. <i>Terminal</i> No. 1 — No. 2: Does the resistance change smoothly?	Changes smoothly.	Repair poor contact in ECM, combination meter and coupling connectors.	Replace the fuel sub level sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-62, Fuel Level Sensor.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BI: DTC P0483 — COOLING FAN RATIONALITY CHECK —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Occurrence of noise
 - Overheating

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

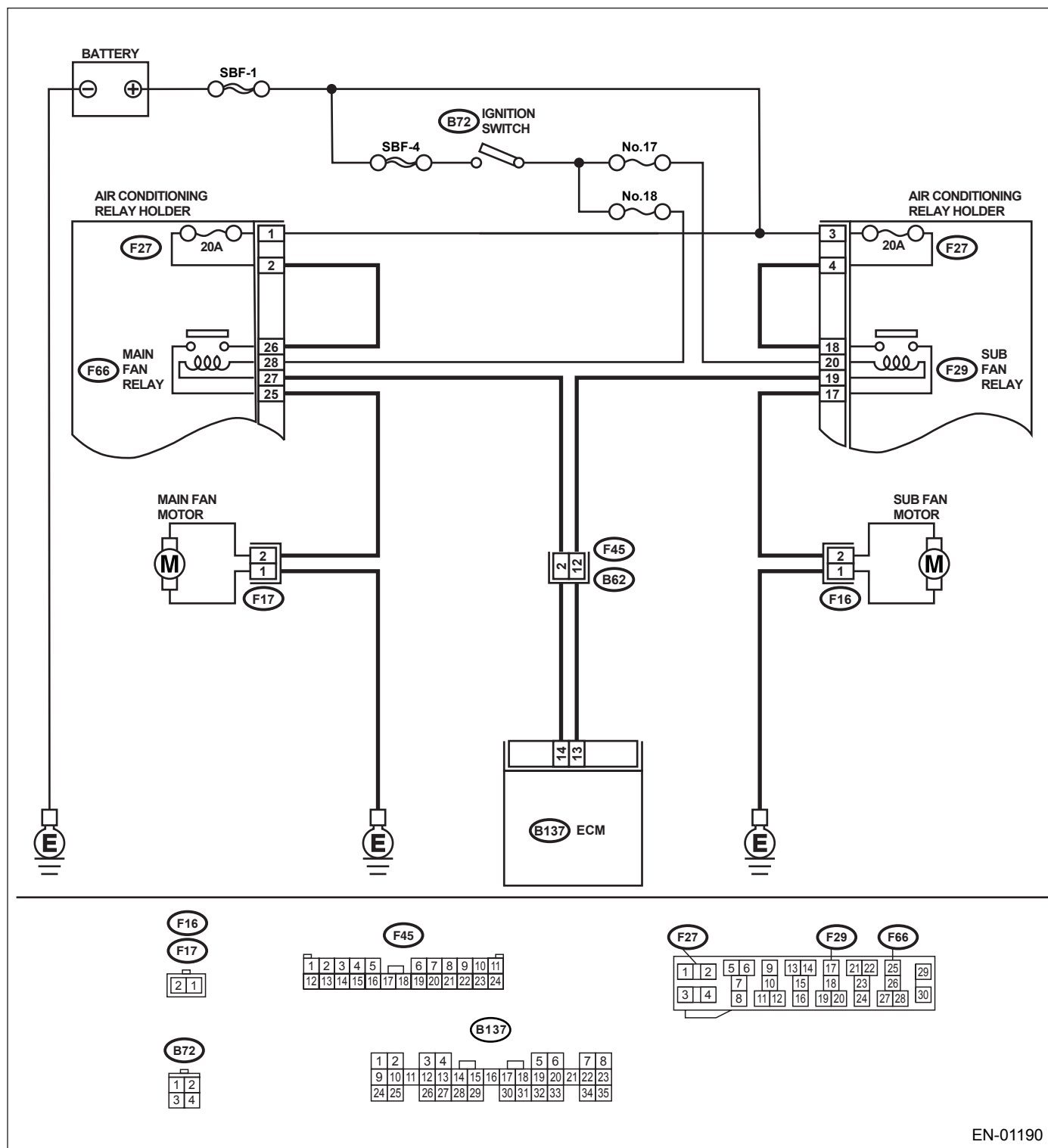
NOTE:

If the vehicle is placed very close to a wall or another vehicle with the engine idling, the normal cooling function may be impeded causing the OBD system to interpret as a malfunction.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01190

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Check radiator fan and fan motor. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-47, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> and <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-49, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.>

BJ:DTC P0502 — VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0503. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-244, DTC P0503 — VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR HIGH INPUT —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

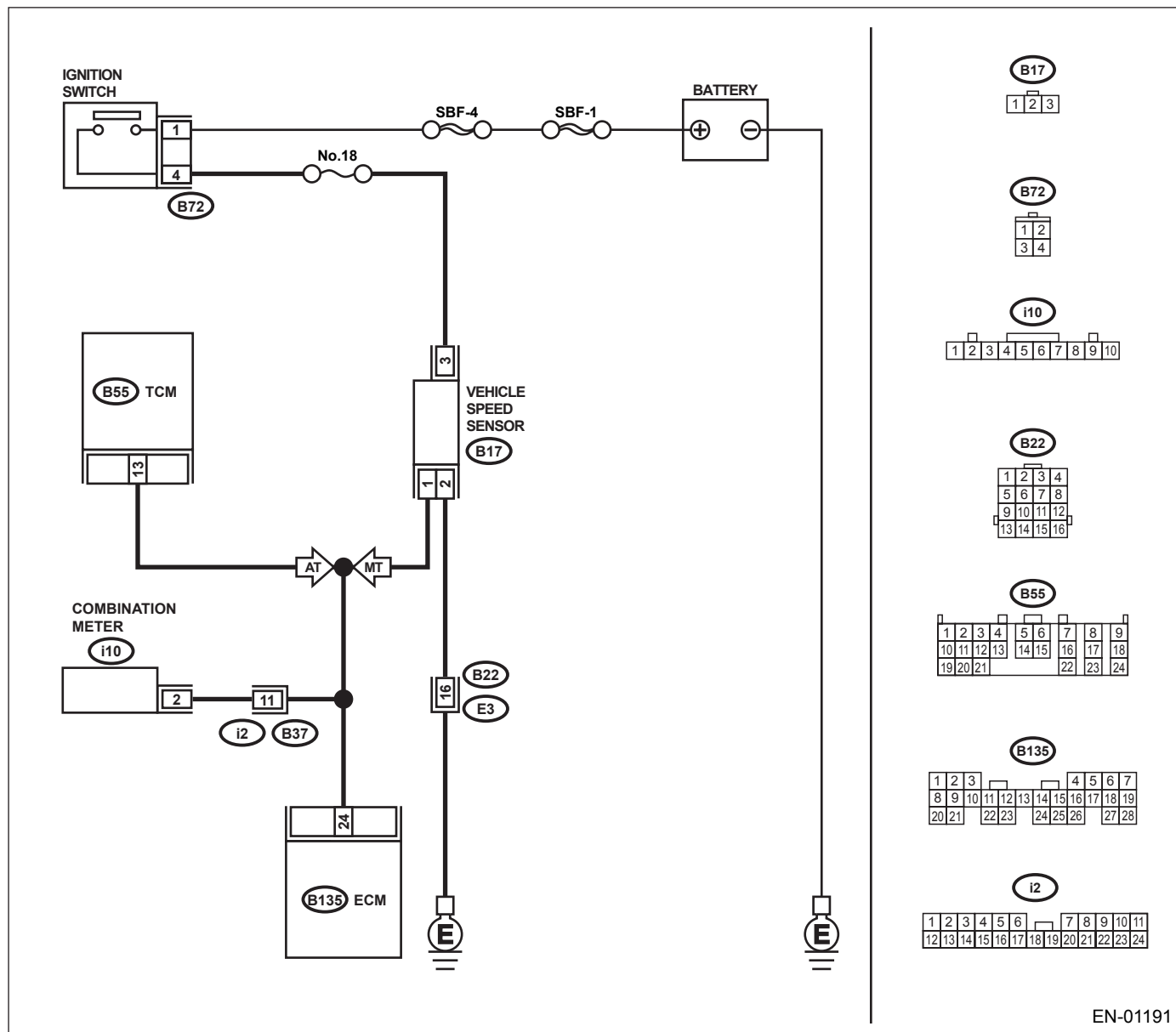
BK:DTC P0503 — VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR HIGH INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01191

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK TRANSMISSION TYPE. Is the transmission AT?	AT.	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK DTC P0720 ON DISPLAY. Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0720?	DTC P0720 is indicated.	Check front vehicle speed sensor signal circuit. <Ref. to AT-61, DTC 33 FRONT VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK SPEEDOMETER OPERATION IN COMBINATION METER. Does the speedometer operate normally?	Operates normally.	Go to step 4.	Check speedometer and vehicle speed sensor. <Ref. to IDI-14, Speedometer.> and <Ref. to AT-52, Front Vehicle Speed Sensor.> and <Ref. to AT-56, Rear Vehicle Speed Sensor.> and <Ref. to AT-57, Torque Converter Turbine Speed Sensor.>.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COMBINATION METER CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from combination meter. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and combination meter. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 24 — (i10) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and combination meter connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in combination meter connector • Poor contact in coupling connector

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

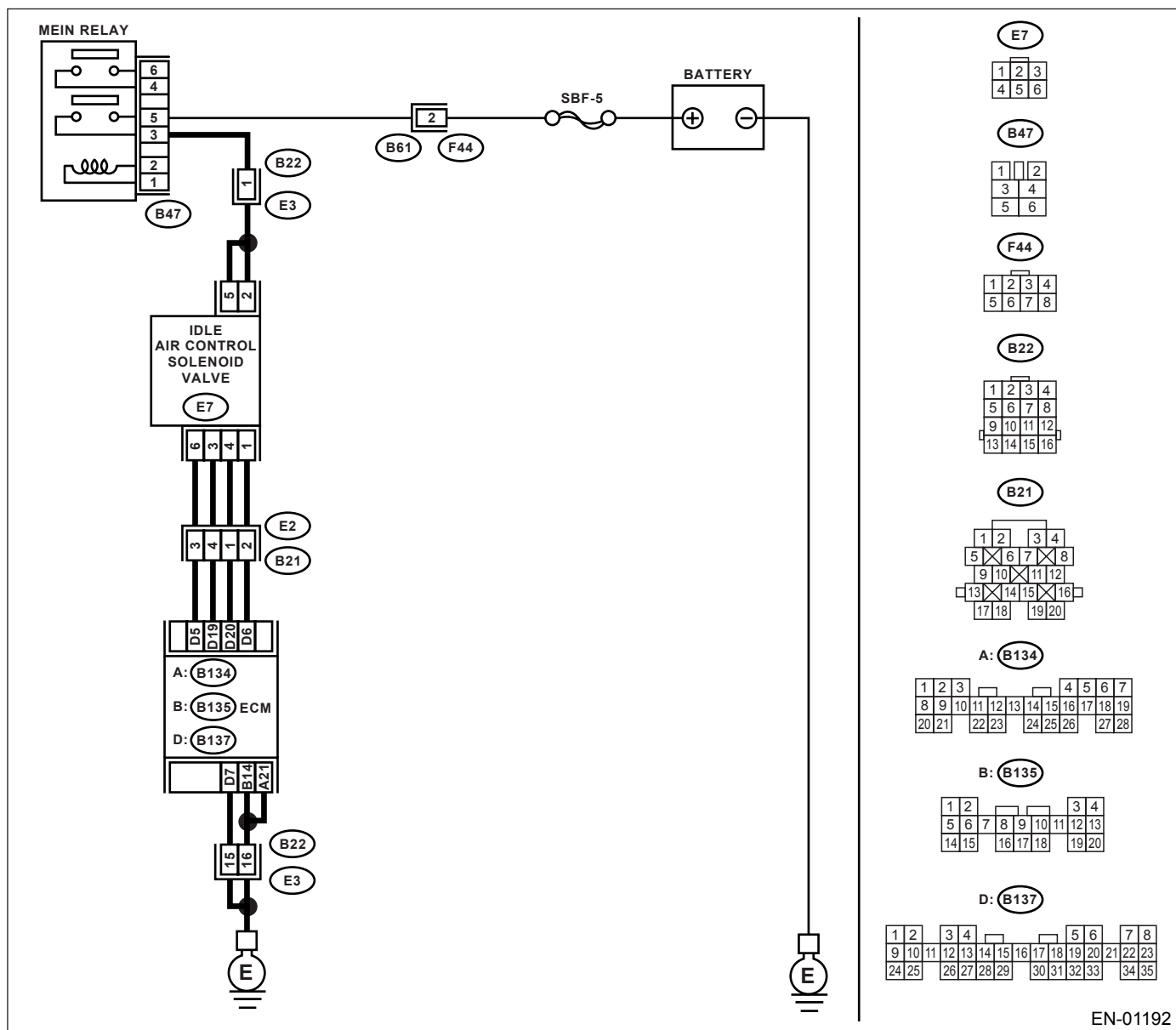
BL:DTC P0506 — IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM LOWER THAN EXPECTED —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Engine is difficult to start.
 - Engine does not start.
 - Erroneous idling
 - Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0506.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK AIR BYPASS LINE. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove the idle air control solenoid valve from throttle body. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-36, REMOVAL, Idle Air Control Solenoid Valve.> 3)Remove the throttle body from intake manifold. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-14, REMOVAL, Throttle Body.> 4)Using an air gun, force air into the idle air control solenoid valve installation area. Confirm that forced air subsequently escapes from throttle body interior. Does air flow out?	Air flows out.	Replace the idle air control solenoid valve. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-36, INSTALLATION, Idle Air Control Solenoid Valve.>	Replace the throttle body. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-14, INSTALLATION, Throttle Body.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BM:DTC P0507 — IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM HIGHER THAN EXPECTED —

• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

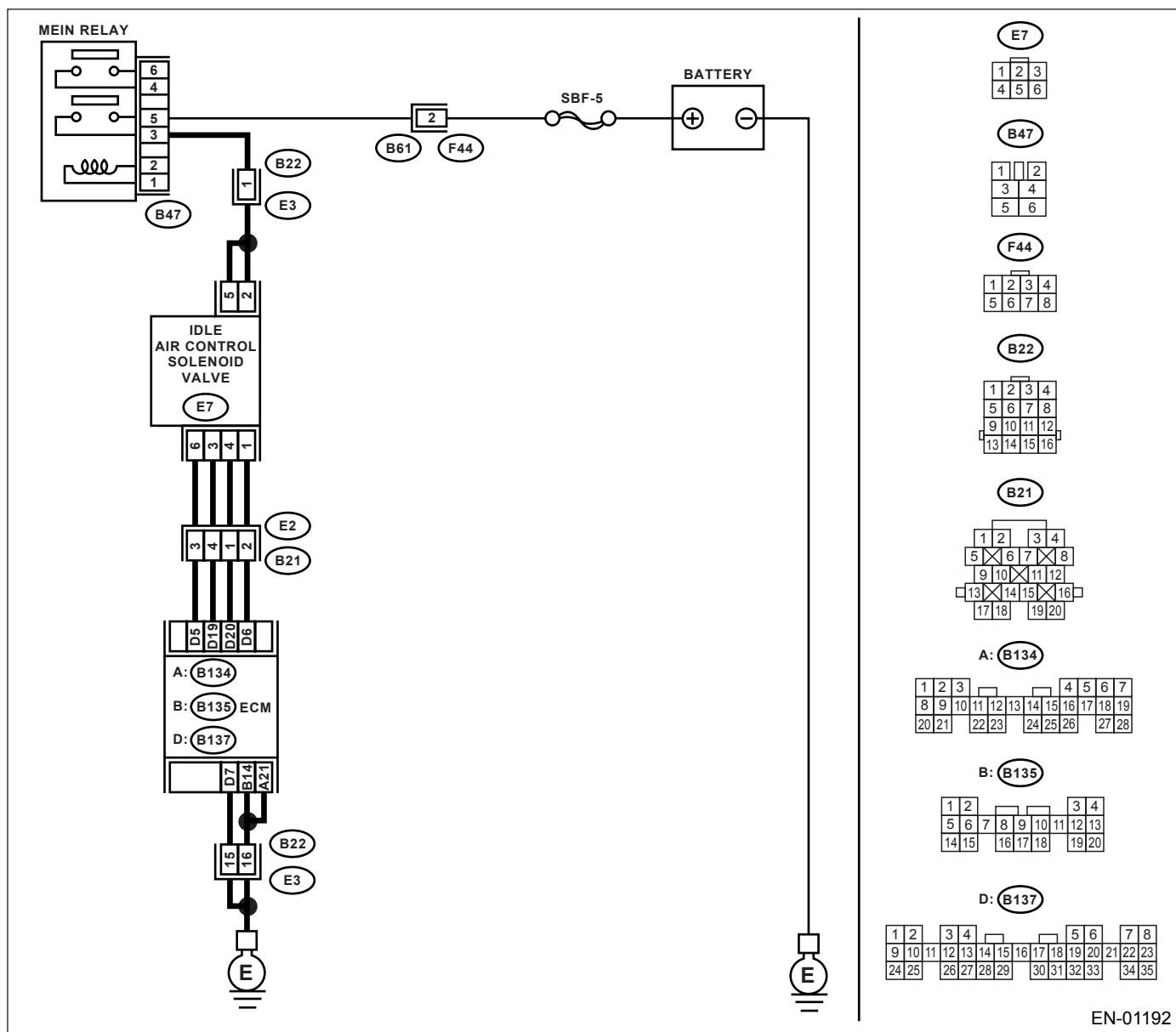
• TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine keeps running at higher revolution than specified idling revolution.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0507.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. 2)Start and idle the engine. 3)Check the following items. •Loose installation of intake manifold, idle air control solenoid valve and throttle body •Cracks of intake manifold gasket, idle air control solenoid valve gasket and throttle body gasket •Disconnections of vacuum hoses Is there a fault in air intake system?	There is a fault.	Repair air suction and leaks.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK THROTTLE CABLE. Is throttle cable play correct?	Play is correct.	Go to step 4.	Adjust throttle cable. <Ref. to SP(H4SO)-6, INSTALLATION, Accelerator Control Cable.>
4 CHECK AIR BYPASS LINE. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove the idle air control solenoid valve from throttle body. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-36, REMOVAL, Idle Air Control Solenoid Valve.> 3)Confirm that there are no foreign particles in bypass air line. Is bypass air line clogged by foreign partides?	Clogged.	Remove foreign particles from bypass air line.	Replace the idle air control solenoid valve. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-36, INSTALLATION, Idle Air Control Solenoid Valve.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BN:DTC P0512 — STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Failure of engine to start

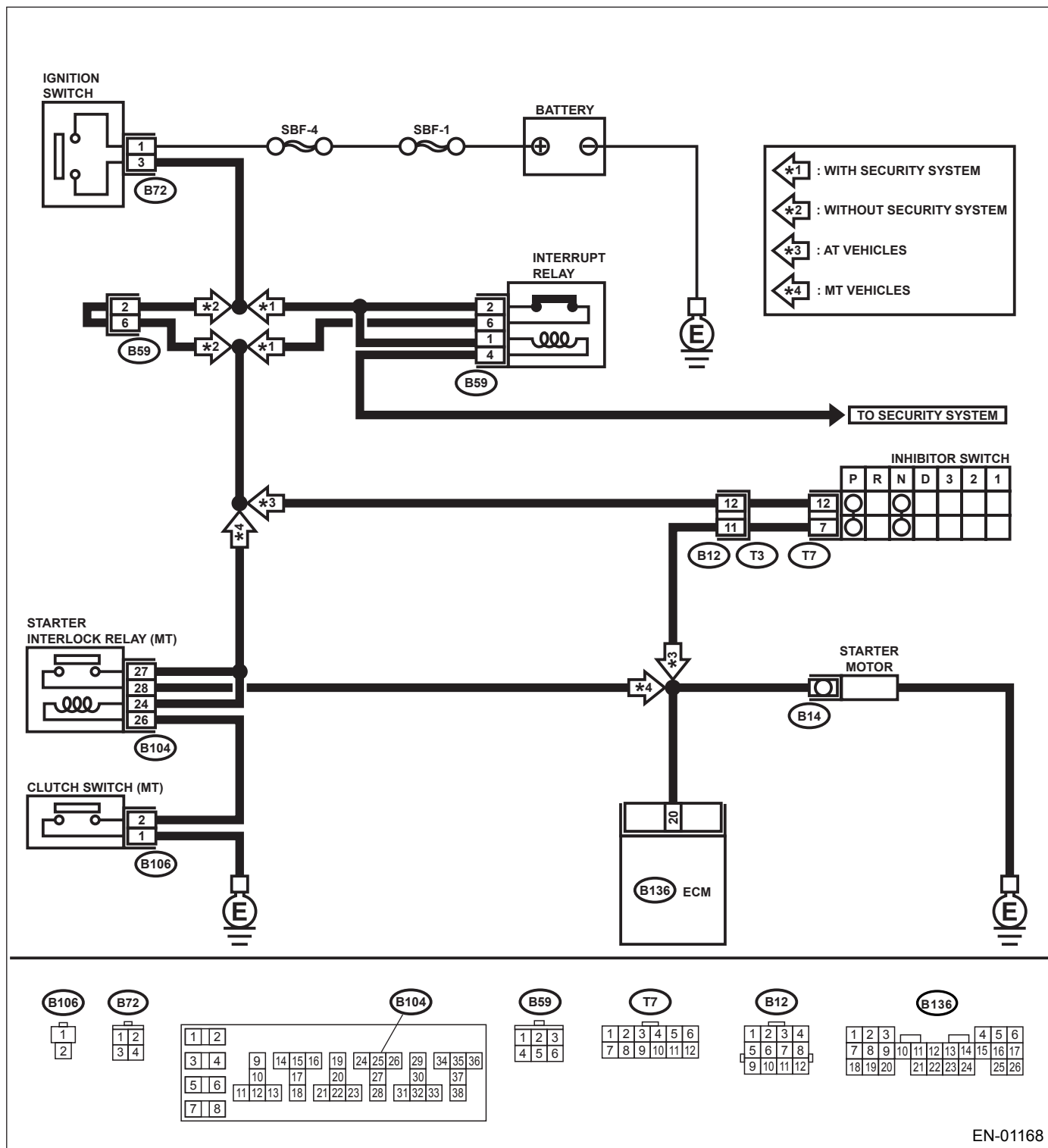
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01168

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OPERATION OF STARTER MOTOR. Does the starter motor operate when ignition switch is turned to ON? NOTE: Place the inhibitor switch in each position. (AT model) Depress or release the clutch pedal. (MT model)	Operates.	Repair short circuit to battery in starter motor circuit.	Check starter motor circuit. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-60, STARTER MOTOR CIRCUIT, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BO:DTC P0519 — IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM MALFUNCTION (FAIL-SAFE) —

• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition

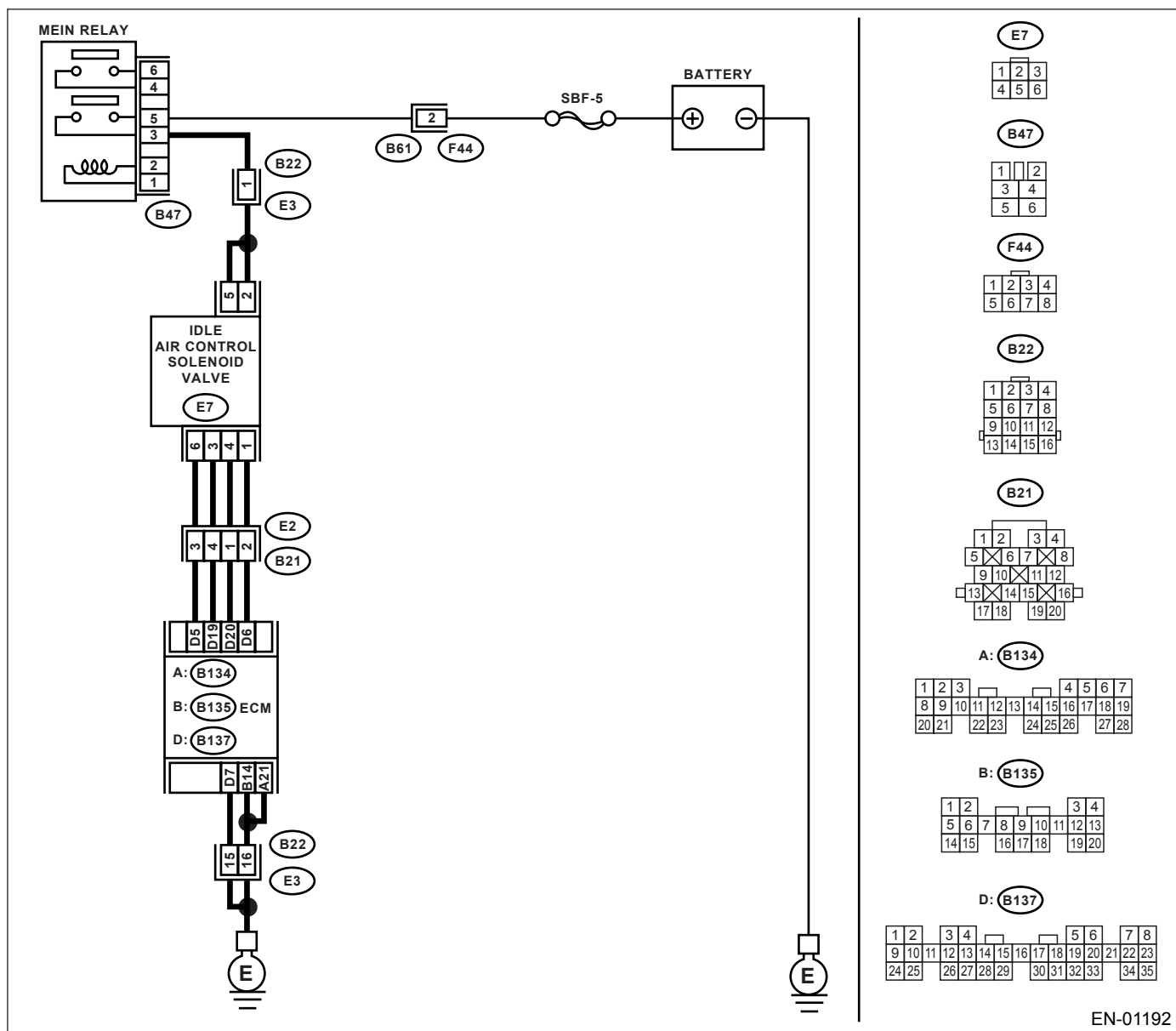
• TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine keeps running at higher revolution than specified idling revolution.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01192

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0519.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. 2)Start and idle the engine. 3)Check the following items. •Loose installation of intake manifold, idle air control solenoid valve and throttle body •Cracks of intake manifold gasket, idle air control solenoid valve gasket and throttle body gasket •Disconnections of vacuum hoses Is there a fault in air intake system?	There is a fault.	Repair air suction and leaks.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK THROTTLE CABLE. Is throttle cable play correct?	Play is correct.	Go to step 4.	Adjust throttle cable. <Ref. to SP(H4SO)-6, INSTALLATION, Accelerator Control Cable.>
4 CHECK AIR BYPASS LINE. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Remove the idle air control solenoid valve from throttle body. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-36, Idle Air Control Solenoid Valve.> 3)Confirm that there are no foreign particles in bypass air line. Is bypass air line clogged by foreign particles?	Line is clogged.	Remove foreign particles from bypass air line.	Replace the idle air control solenoid valve. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-36, Idle Air Control Solenoid Valve.>

BP:DTC P0565 — CRUISE CONTROL SET SIGNAL CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (AT) —

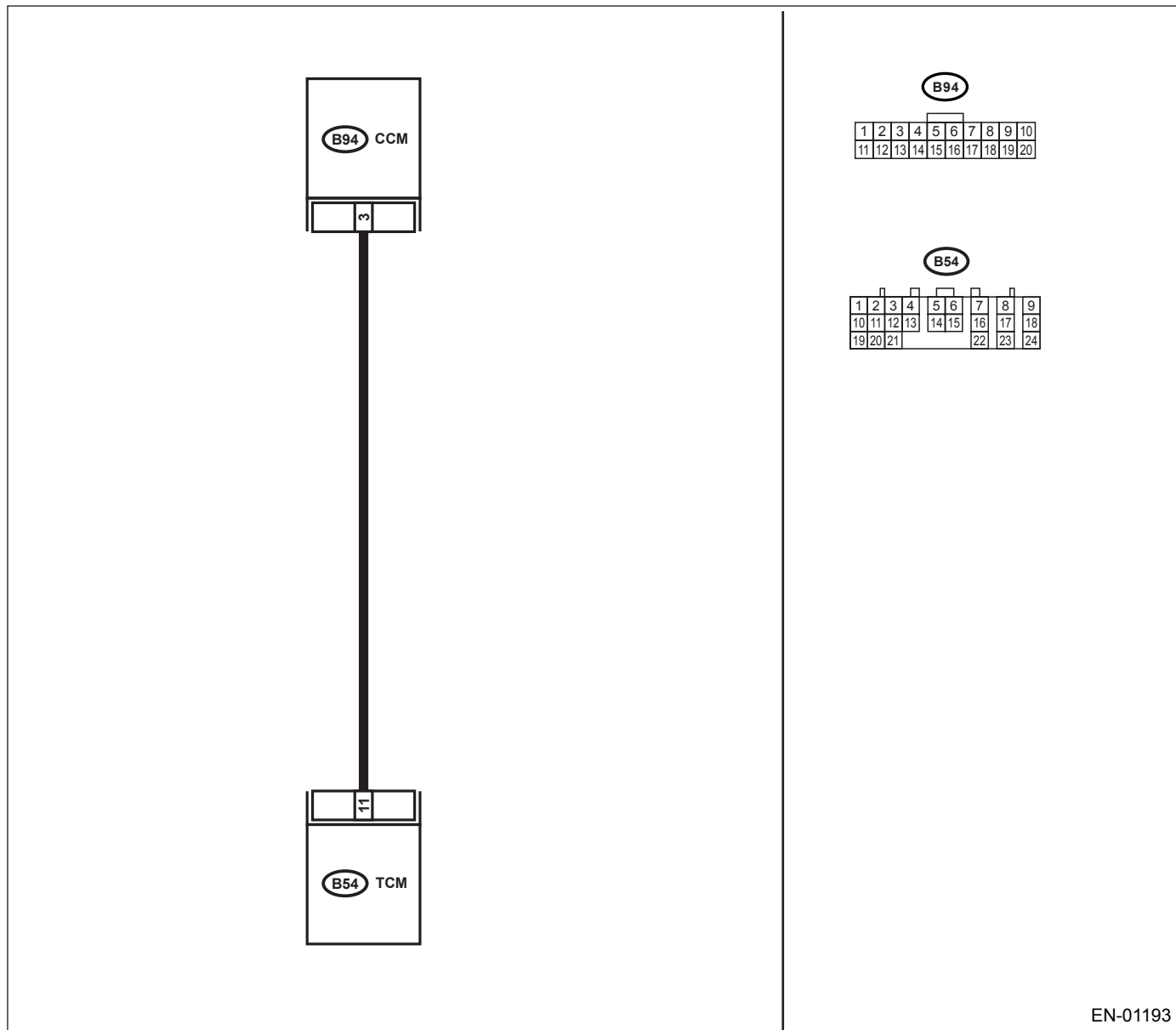
• **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01193

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TCM AND CCM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from TCM and CCM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between TCM and CCM connector. Connector & terminal (B54) No. 11 — (B94) No. 3: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 2.	Repair open circuit in harness between CCM and TCM connector.
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TCM AND CCM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B54) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 3.	Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and CCM connector.
3 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM. 1) Connect the connector to TCM and CCM. 2) Lift-up the vehicle or set the vehicle on free rollers. CAUTION: On AWD models, raise all wheels off ground. 3) Start the engine. 4) Turn the cruise control main switch to ON. 5) Slowly increase vehicle speed to 50 km/h (31 MPH). 6) Turn the cruise control command switch to ON. 7) Measure the voltage between TCM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B54) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 V	Go to step 4.	Check cruise control command switch circuit. <Ref. to CC-7, INSPECTION, Cruise Control Command Switch.>
4 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in TCM connector. Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Replace the TCM. <Ref. to AT-71, Transmission Control Module (TCM).>

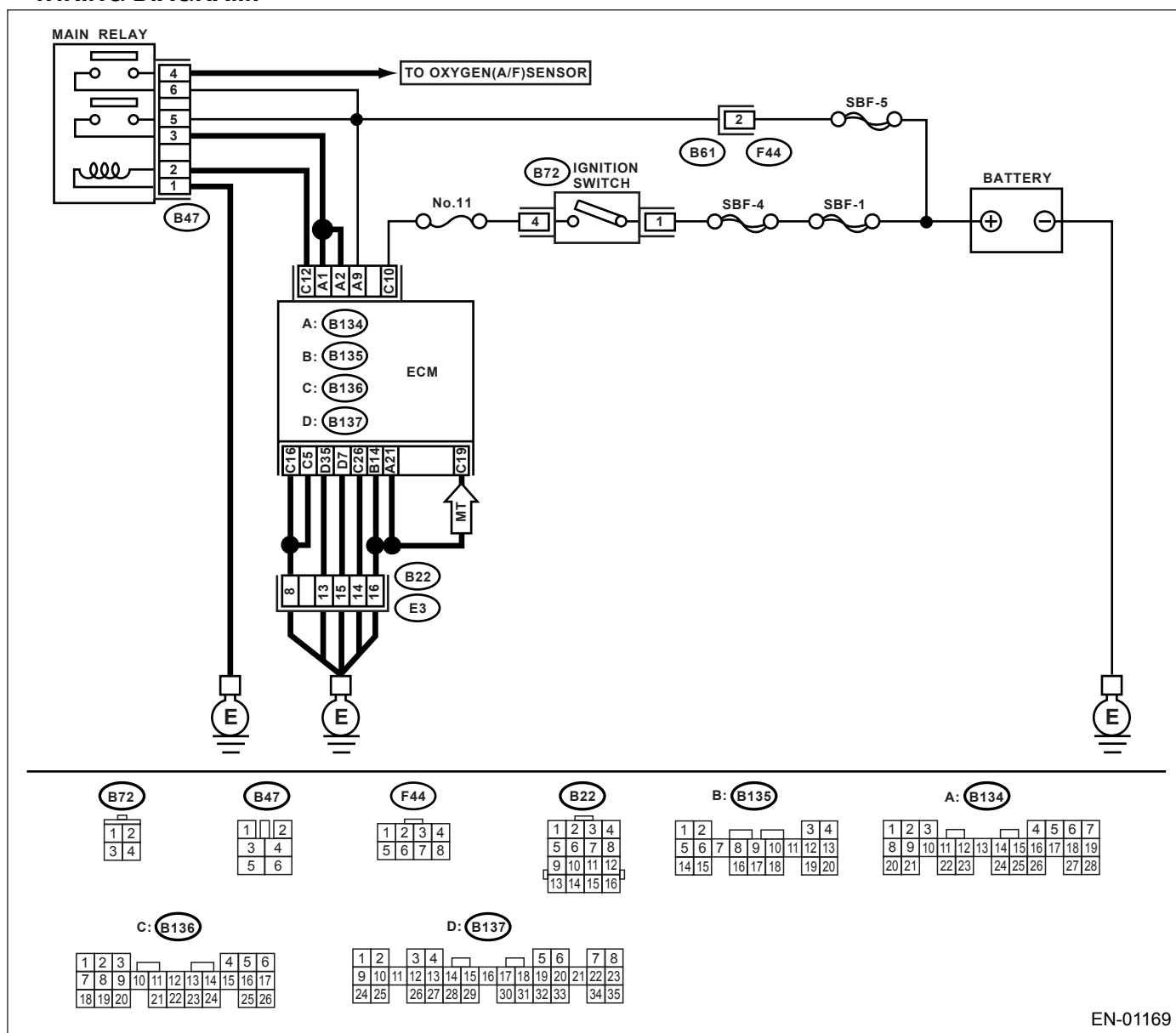
BQ:DTC P0604 — INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Engine does not start.
 - Engine stalls.

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01169

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step		Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	There is temporary poor contact.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BR:DTC P0691 — COOLING FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Radiator fan does not operate properly.
 - Overheating

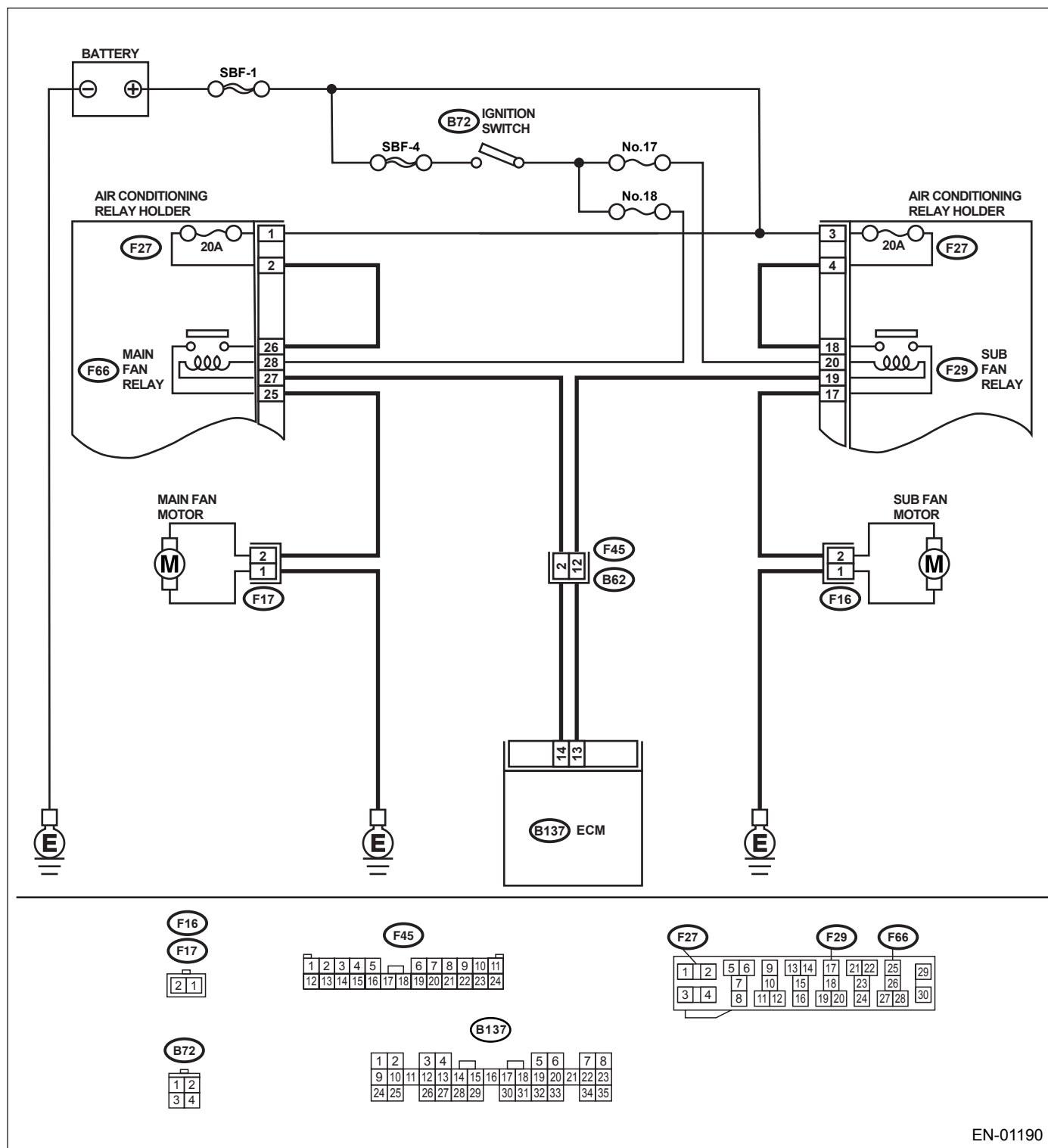
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01190

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) While operating the radiator fan relay, measure voltage between ECM terminal and ground. NOTE: Radiator fan relay operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> Connector & terminal (B137) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B137) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value change within the specified range?	0 — 10 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO GROUND IN RADIATOR FAN RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 14 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 13 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Repair short circuit to ground in radiator fan relay control circuit.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR RELAY. 1) Remove the main fan relay from A/C relay holder. 2) Turn ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between fuse and relay box (F/B) connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F66) No. 28 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (F29) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 4.	Repair open circuit in harness between ignition switch and fuse and relay box (F/B) connector.
4 CHECK RADIATOR FAN RELAY. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between radiator fan relay terminals. Terminal No. 27 — No. 28: No. 19 — No. 20: Is the measured value within the specified range?	87 — 107 Ω	Go to step 5.	Replace the radiator fan relay.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
5 CHECK FOR OPEN CIRCUIT IN RADIATOR FAN RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and radiator fan relay connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 14 — (F66) No. 27: (B137) No. 13 — (F29) No. 19: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 6.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Open circuit in harness between ECM and radiator fan relay connector• Poor contact in coupling connector
6 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM or radiator fan relay connector. Is there poor contact in ECM or radiator fan relay connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM or radiator fan relay connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BS:DTC P0692 — COOLING FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Radiator fan does not operate properly.
 - Overheating

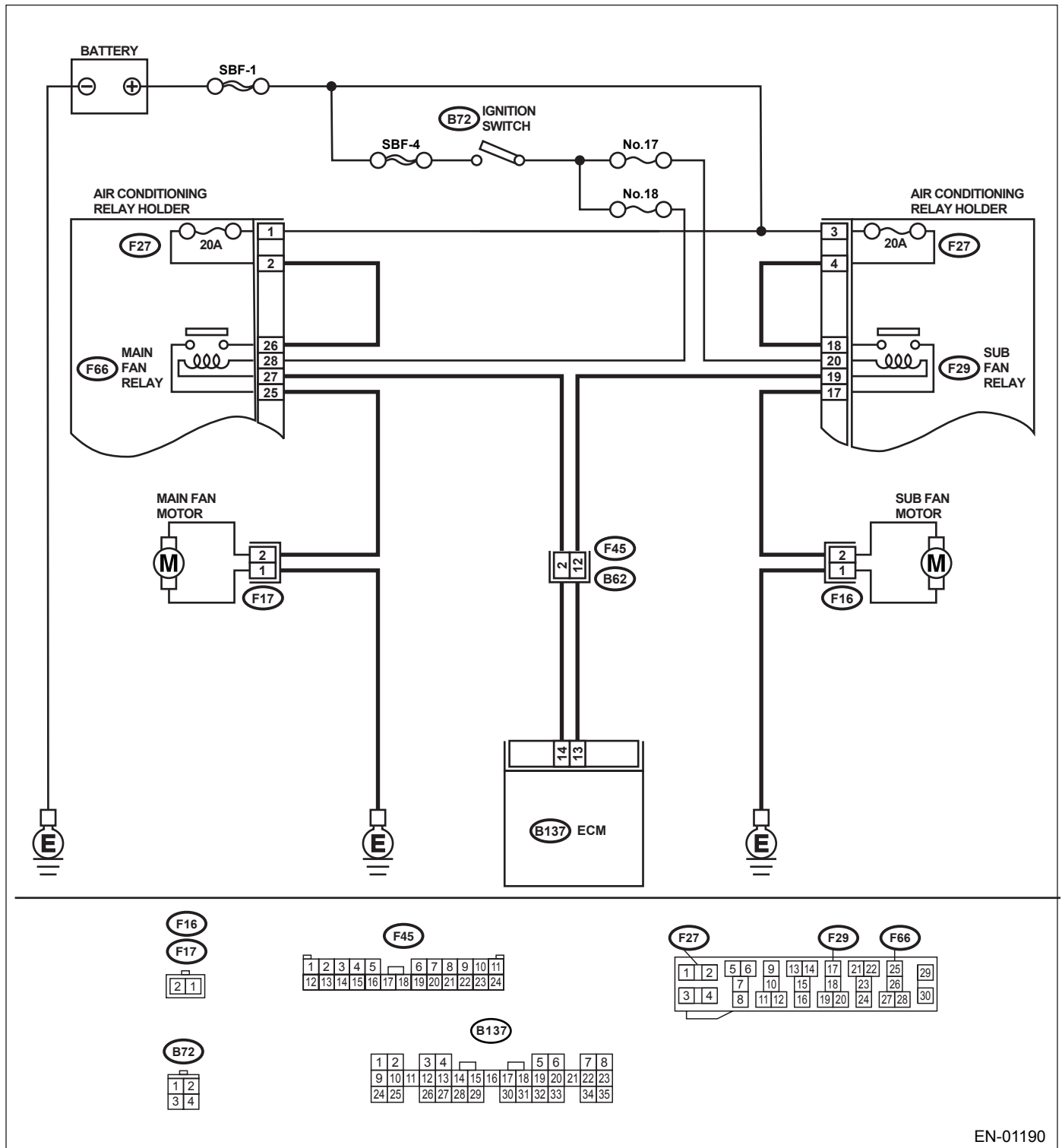
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01190

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) While operating the radiator fan relay, measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground. NOTE: Radiator fan relay operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> Connector & terminal (B137) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B137) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value change within the specified range?	0 — 10 V	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. In this case, repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FOR SHORT CIRCUIT IN RADIATOR FAN RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the main fan relay and sub fan relay. (vehicles with A/C) 3) Disconnect the test mode connector. 4) Turn ignition switch to ON. 5) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B137) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in radiator fan relay control circuit. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the main fan relay. 3) Measure the resistance between main fan relay terminals. Terminal No. 25 — No. 26: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Replace the main fan relay and ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK SUB FAN RELAY. 1) Remove the sub fan relay. 2) Measure the resistance between sub fan relay terminals. Terminal No. 17 — No. 18: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Replace the sub fan relay and ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BT:DTC P0703 — TORQUE CONVERTER/BRAKE SWITCH “B” CIRCUIT —

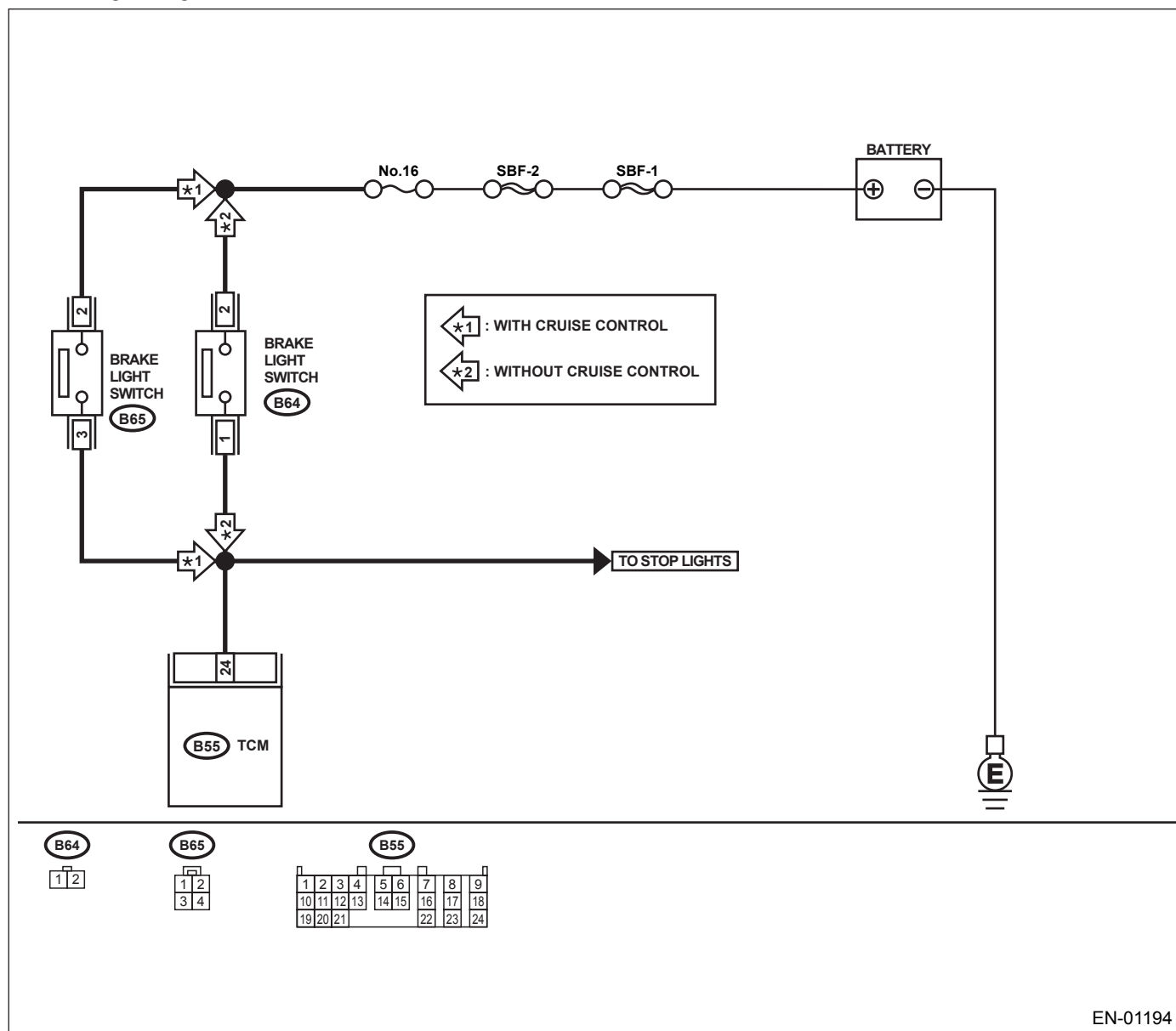
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01194

Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATION OF BRAKE LIGHT. Does the brake light illuminate when depressing the brake pedal?	Illuminates.	Go to step 2.
			Repair or replace the brake light circuit.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TCM AND BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connectors from TCM and brake light switch. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between TCM and brake light switch connector. Connector & terminal Without cruise control (B55) No. 24 — (B64) No. 1: With cruise control (B55) No. 24 — (B65) No. 3: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 3.	Repair or replace the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between TCM and brake light switch connector • Poor contact in TCM connector • Poor contact in brake light switch connector
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TCM AND BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B55) No. 24 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between TCM and brake light switch connector.
4 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM. 1) Connect the connectors to TCM and brake light switch. 2) Measure the voltage between TCM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B55) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than specified value when the brake pedal is released?	1 V	Go to step 5.	Adjust or replace the brake light switch. <Ref. to LI-7, STOP LIGHT SWITCH, INSPECTION, Stop Light System.>
5 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM. Measure the voltage between TCM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B55) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than specified value when the brake pedal is depressed?	10 V	Go to step 6.	Adjust or replace the brake light switch. <Ref. to LI-7, STOP LIGHT SWITCH, INSPECTION, Stop Light System.>
6 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in TCM connector. Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Replace the TCM. <Ref. to AT-71, Transmission Control Module (TCM).>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BU:DTC P0731 — GEAR 1 INCORRECT RATIO —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0734. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-271, DTC P0734 — GEAR 4 INCORRECT RATIO —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

BV:DTC P0732 — GEAR 2 INCORRECT RATIO —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0734. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-271, DTC P0734 — GEAR 4 INCORRECT RATIO —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

BW:DTC P0733 — GEAR 3 INCORRECT RATIO —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0734. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-271, DTC P0734 — GEAR 4 INCORRECT RATIO —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

BX:DTC P0734 — GEAR 4 INCORRECT RATIO —

• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

• TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Shift point too high or too low; engine brake not effected in “3” range; excessive shift shock; excessive tight corner “braking”

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect the relevant DTC using “List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)”. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check throttle position sensor circuit. <Ref. to AT-54, DTC 31 THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Is there any trouble in throttle position sensor circuit?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the throttle position sensor circuit.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK FRONT VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check front vehicle speed sensor circuit. <Ref. to AT-61, DTC 33 FRONT VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Is there any trouble in front vehicle speed sensor circuit?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the front vehicle speed sensor circuit.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK TORQUE CONVERTER TURBINE SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit. <Ref. to AT-66, DTC 36 TORQUE CONVERTER TURBINE SPEED SENSOR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Is there any trouble in torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit.	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in TCM connector. Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Go to step 6.
6 CHECK FOR MECHANICAL TROUBLE. Check for mechanical trouble in automatic transmission. Is there any mechanical trouble in automatic transmission?	There is a mechanical trouble.	Repair or replace the automatic transmission. <Ref. to AT-32, INSPECTION, Road Test.>	Replace the TCM. <Ref. to AT-71, Transmission Control Module (TCM).>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

BY:DTC P0741 — TORQUE CONVERTER CLUTCH CIRCUIT PERFORMANCE OR STUCK OFF —

• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

• TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- No lock-up (after engine warm-up)
- No shift or excessive tight corner “braking”

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No	
1	CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect the relevant DTC using “List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)”. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK LOCK-UP DUTY SOLENOID CIRCUIT. Check lock-up duty solenoid circuit. <Ref. to AT-104, DTC 77 LOCK-UP DUTY SOLENOID, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Is there any trouble in lock-up duty solenoid circuit?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the lock-up duty solenoid circuit.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check throttle position sensor circuit. <Ref. to AT-54, DTC 31 THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Is there any trouble in throttle position sensor circuit?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the throttle position sensor circuit.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK TORQUE CONVERTER TURBINE SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit. <Ref. to AT-66, DTC 36 TORQUE CONVERTER TURBINE SPEED SENSOR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Is there any trouble in torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK ENGINE SPEED INPUT CIRCUIT. Check engine speed input circuit. <Ref. to AT-44, DTC 11 ENGINE SPEED SIGNAL, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Is there any trouble in engine speed input circuit?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the engine speed input circuit.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH CIRCUIT. Check inhibitor switch circuit. <Ref. to AT-127, CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH., Diagnostic Procedure for No-Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Is there any trouble in inhibitor switch circuit?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the inhibitor switch circuit.	Go to step 7.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
7 CHECK BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH CIRCUIT. Check brake light switch circuit. <Ref. to AT-125, CHECK BRAKE SWITCH., Diagnostic Procedure for No-Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Is there any trouble in brake light switch circuit?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the brake light switch circuit.	Go to step 8.
8 CHECK ATF TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check ATF temperature sensor circuit. <Ref. to AT-50, DTC 27 ATF TEMPERATURE SENSOR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Is there any trouble in ATF temperature sensor circuit?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace the ATF temperature sensor circuit.	Go to step 9.
9 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in TCM connector. Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Go to step 10.
10 CHECK FOR MECHANICAL TROUBLE. Check for mechanical trouble in automatic transmission. Is there any mechanical trouble in automatic transmission?	There is a mechanical trouble.	Repair or replace the automatic transmission. <Ref. to AT-32, INSPECTION, Road Test.>	Replace the TCM. <Ref. to AT-71, Transmission Control Module (TCM).>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

The diagram illustrates the electrical system for the starter motor. It includes the following components and connections:

- Battery (E):** The main power source, connected to the ground.
- Fuse (E3):** Protects the main power line.
- Relay (B22):** Controls the starter motor.
- Neutral Position Switch (T2):** Ensures the vehicle is in neutral before starting.
- Fuse (B25):** Protects the line to the neutral position switch.
- Inhibitor Switch (T7):** Prevents the engine from starting if the vehicle is in gear.
- ECM (B136):** Engine Control Module, which controls the inhibitor switch.
- Starter Motor (M):** The motor that cranks the engine.

The wiring diagram shows the following connections:

- The battery (E) is connected to the ground and the main power line.
- The main power line passes through fuse E3 and relay B22 to the starter motor (M).
- The neutral position switch (T2) is connected to the main power line and the ground.
- The inhibitor switch (T7) is connected to the ECM (B136) and the starter motor (M).
- The ECM (B136) is connected to the ground.

The diagram also includes terminal blocks for the ECM (B136), the inhibitor switch (T7), and the starter motor (M).

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK IF DTC P0705 IS INDICATED ON DISPLAY. Is DTC P0705 indicated?	DTC P0705 is indicated.	Inspect DTC P0705 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Place the select lever to other than "N" and "P" positions. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (–): Is the measured value within the specified range?	4.5 — 5.5 V	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TRANSMISSION HARNESS CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and transmission harness connector (T3). 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 MΩ	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and transmission harness connector.
4 CHECK TRANSMISSION HARNESS CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from inhibitor switch. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between transmission harness connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (T3) No. 12 — Engine ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 MΩ	Go to step 5.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between transmission harness connector and inhibitor switch connector.
5 CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH. Measure the resistance between inhibitor switch connector the receptacle's terminals with the selector lever in other than "N" position. Terminal No. 7 — No. 12: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 MΩ	Go to step 6.	Replace the inhibitor switch. <Ref. to AT-48, Inhibitor Switch.>
6 CHECK SELECTOR CABLE CONNECTION. Is there any fault in selector cable connection to inhibitor switch?	There is a fault.	Repair selector cable connection. <Ref. to CS-30, INSPECTION, Select Cable.>	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

The diagram illustrates the electrical system for the starter motor. Key components include the battery (E), a fuse (E3), a relay (B22), a neutral position switch (T2), a fuse (B25), the ECM (B136), an inhibitor switch (T7), a fuse (B12), a relay (AT), and the starter motor (M). The wiring shows the path of current from the battery through the various components to the starter motor. The ECM is connected to the starter motor circuit via a relay (AT) and a fuse (B12). The inhibitor switch (T7) is connected to the ECM via a fuse (B12) and a relay (T3).

Terminal Blocks:

- B136 ECM:**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----
- T7 INHIBITOR SWITCH:**

P	R	N	D	3	2	1
12	12	7				
- B12:**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----
- B25:**

1	2
---	---
- B22:**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Place the shift lever in neutral. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 2.	Go to step 4.
2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Place the shift lever in a position other than neutral. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 V	Go to step 3.	Go to step 4.
3 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service.
4 CHECK NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from transmission harness. 3) Place the shift lever in neutral. 4) Measure the resistance between transmission harness and connector terminals. Connector & terminal (T2) No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair short circuit in transmission harness or replace neutral position switch.
5 CHECK NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH. 1) Place the shift lever in a position other than neutral. 2) Measure the resistance between transmission harness connector terminals. Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 6.	Repair short circuit in transmission harness or replace neutral position switch.
6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 7.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and transmission harness connector.
7 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and transmission harness connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 — (B25) No. 1: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and transmission harness connector.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
8 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between transmission harness connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B25) No. 2 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 9.	Repair open circuit between transmission harness connector and engine ground terminal.
9 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in transmission harness connector. Is there poor contact in transmission harness connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in transmission harness connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service.

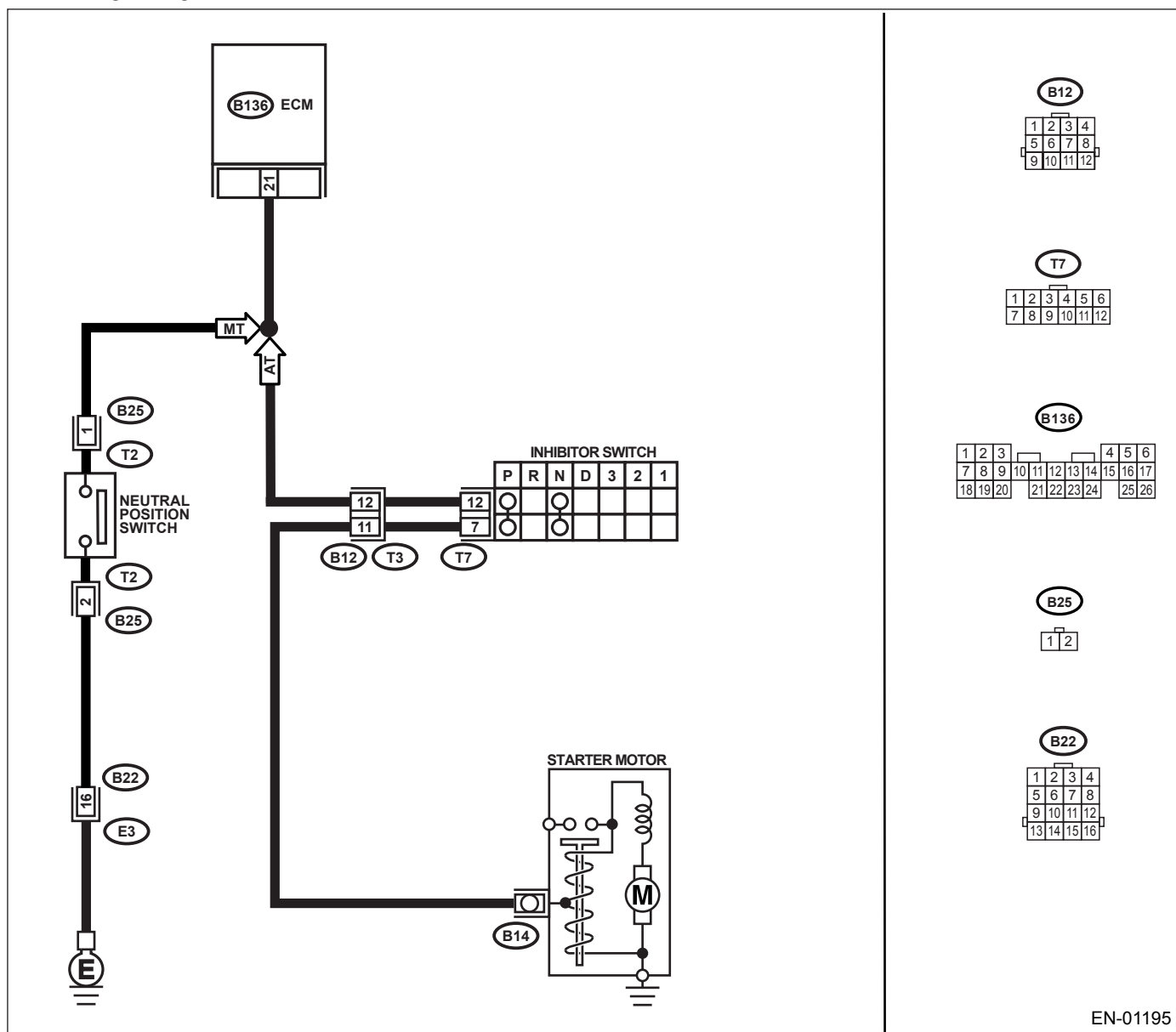
CB:DTC P0852 — NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (AT) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01195

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	DTC is indicated.	Inspect the related DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)".<Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1)Turn ignition switch to ON. 2)Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground with the selector lever in "N" and "P" positions. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 V	Go to step 3.	Go to step 5.
3 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground with the selector lever in positions other than "N" and "P" positions. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value within the specified range?	4.5 — 5.5 V	Go to step 4.	Go to step 5.
4 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connectors from ECM and inhibitor switch. 3)Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and inhibitor switch connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 — (T7) No. 12: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 6.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and inhibitor switch connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in inhibitor switch connector • Poor contact in ECM connector

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH GROUND LINE. Measure the resistance of harness between inhibitor switch connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (T7) No. 12 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 7.	Repair open circuit in harness between inhibitor switch connector and starter motor ground line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between inhibitor switch connector and starter motor ground line • Poor contact in starter motor connector • Poor contact in starter motor ground • Starter motor
7 CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH. Measure the resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals with the selector lever in "N" and "P" positions. Terminal No. 7 — No. 12: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 8.	Replace the inhibitor switch. <Ref. to AT-48, Inhibitor Switch.>
8 CHECK SELECTOR CABLE CONNECTION. Is there any fault in selector cable connection to inhibitor switch?	There is a fault.	Repair selector cable connection. <Ref. to CS-29, Select Cable.>	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

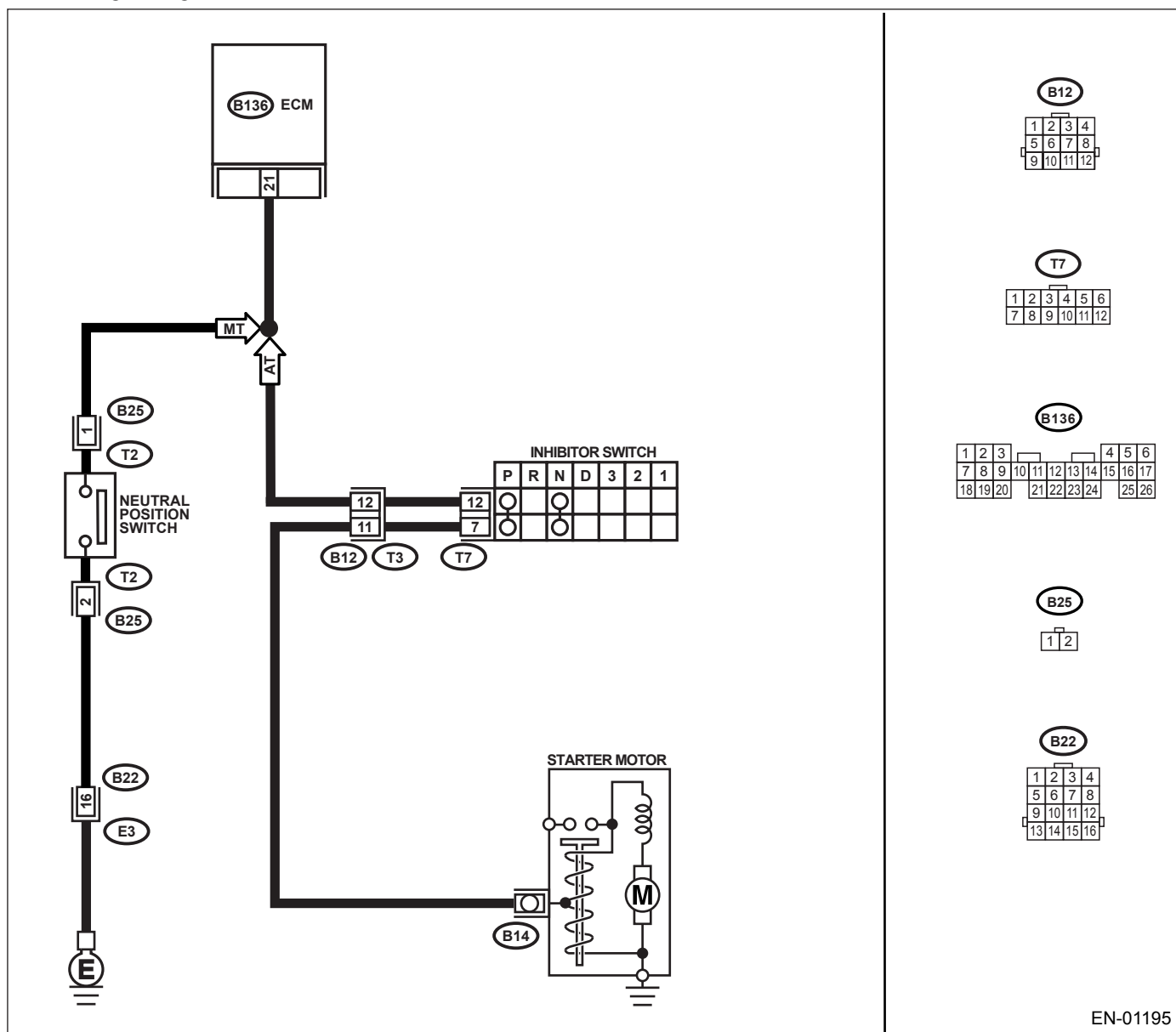
CC:DTC P0852 — NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (MT) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (–): Is the measured value more than specified value when the transmission is in neutral?	5V	Go to step 2.	Go to step 4.
2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (–): Is the measured value less than the specified value when the transmission is in other position than neutral?	1V	Go to step 3.	Go to step 5.
3 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.
4 CHECK NEUTRAL SWITCH. Measure the resistance between transmission harness connector terminals. Connector & terminal (T2) No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value when the transmission is in other position than neutral?	1 Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair open circuit in transmission harness or replace neutral switch.
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL SWITCH CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and transmission harness connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 21 — (B25) No. 1: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 6.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and transmission harness connector.
6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL SWITCH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between transmission harness connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B25) No. 2 — Engine ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between transmission harness connector and engine ground. • Poor contact in coupling connector

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
7 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in transmission harness connector. Is there a poor contact in the transmission harness connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in transmission harness connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

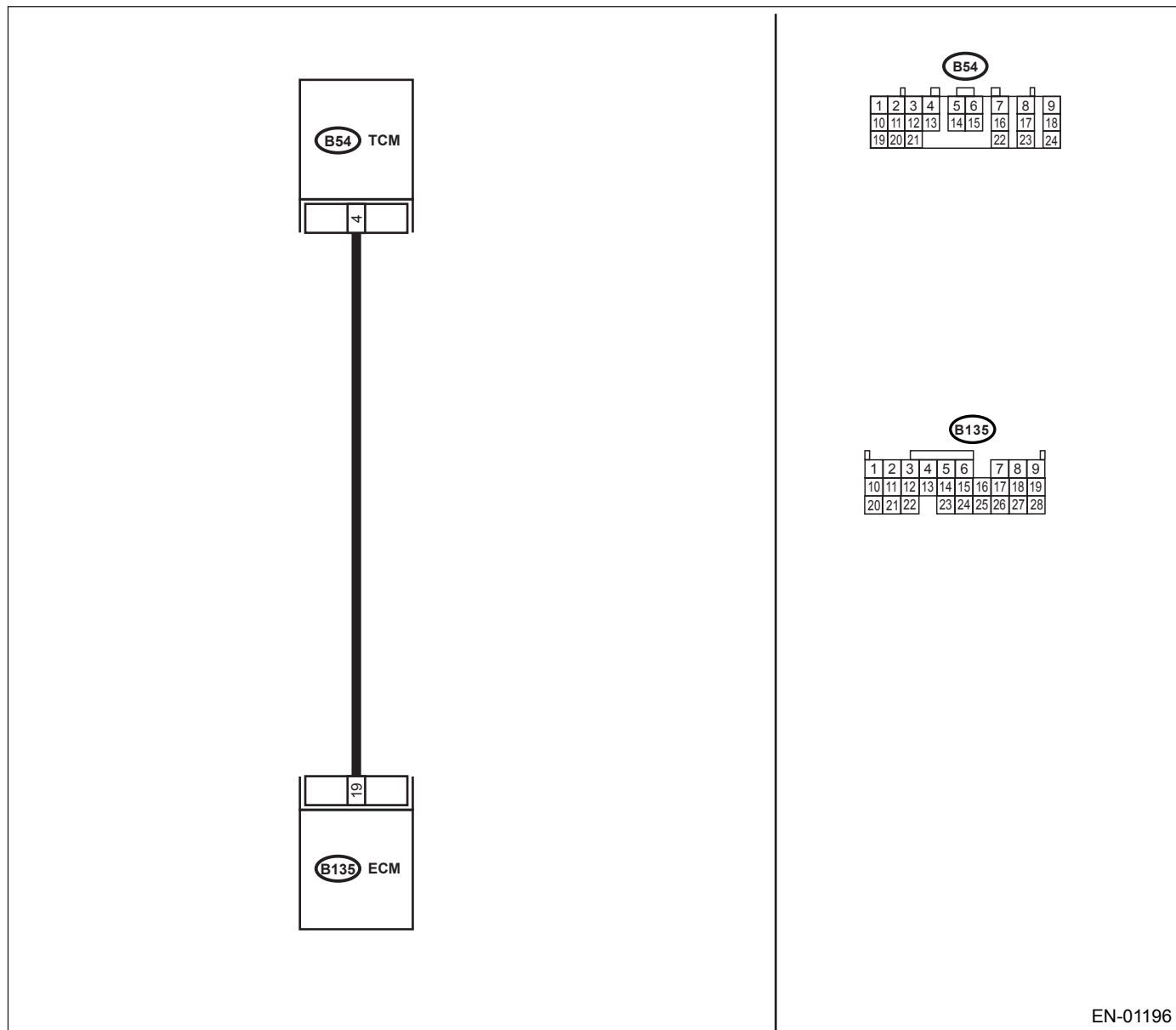
**CD:DTC P0864 — TCM COMMUNICATION CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE
PROBLEM —**

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01196

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK DRIVING CONDITION. 1)Start and warm-up the engine until the radiator fan operates. 2)Drive the vehicle. Is the AT shift control functioning properly?	Functioning properly.	Go to step 2.	Replace the TCM. <Ref. to AT-71, Transmission Control Module (TCM).>
2 CHECK ACCESSORY. Are car phone and/or CB installed on vehicle?	Installed.	Repair grounding line of car phone or CB system.	Replace the TCM. <Ref. to AT-71, Transmission Control Module (TCM).>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CE:DTC P0865 — TCM COMMUNICATION CIRCUIT LOW —

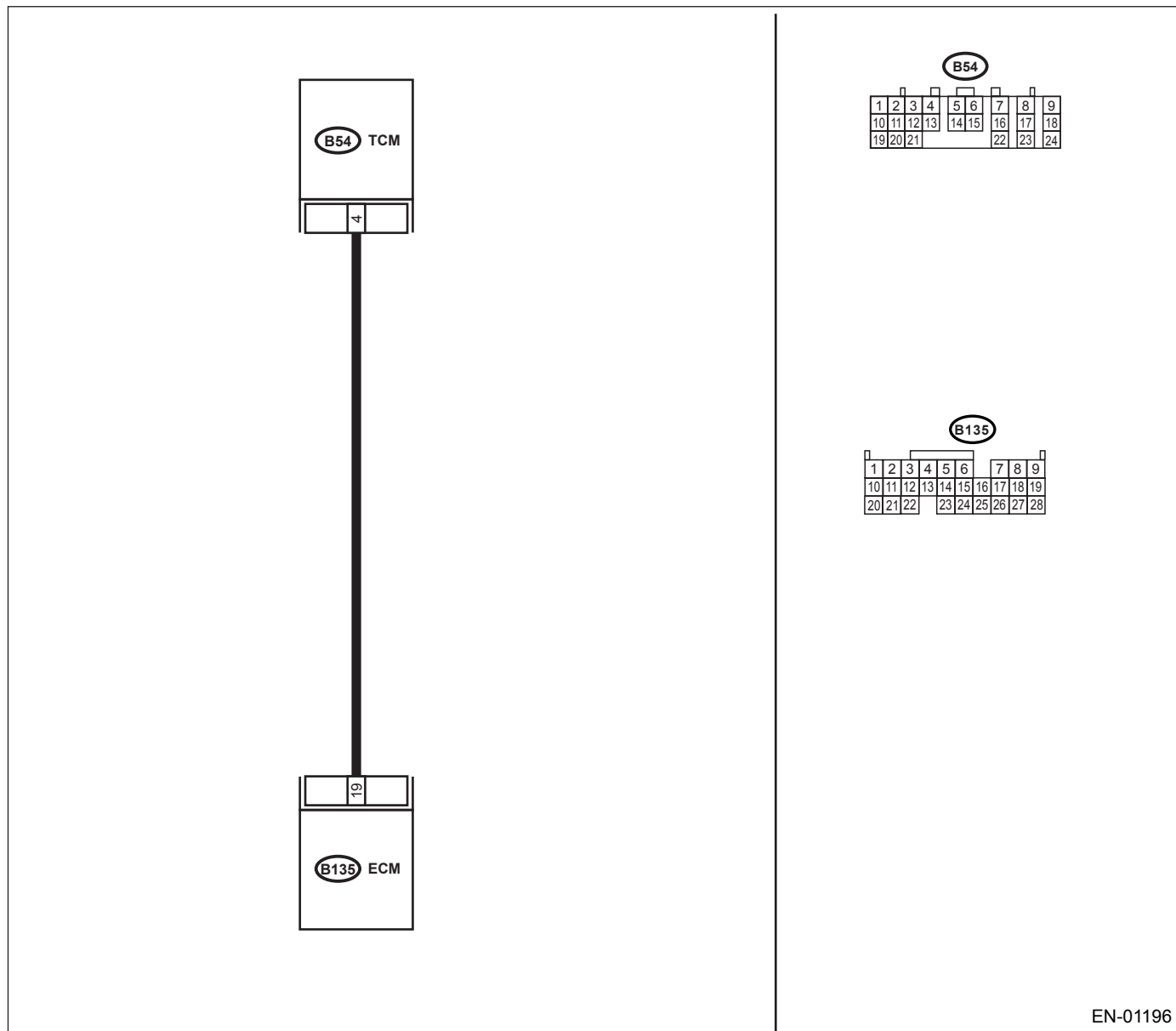
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01196

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (–): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 V	Go to step 2.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in TCM connector
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and TCM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 MΩ	Go to step 3.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and TCM connector.
3 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Connect the connector to ECM. 2) Turn ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (–): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	5 V	Go to step 4.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.
4 CHECK DTC FOR AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION. Read the DTC for automatic transmission. <Ref. to AT-24, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> Is the DTC for automatic transmission indicated?	DTC is indicated.	Inspect DTC for automatic transmission. <Ref. to AT-44, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>	Replace the TCM. <Ref. to AT-71, Transmission Control Module (TCM).>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CF:DTC P0866 — TCM COMMUNICATION CIRCUIT HIGH —

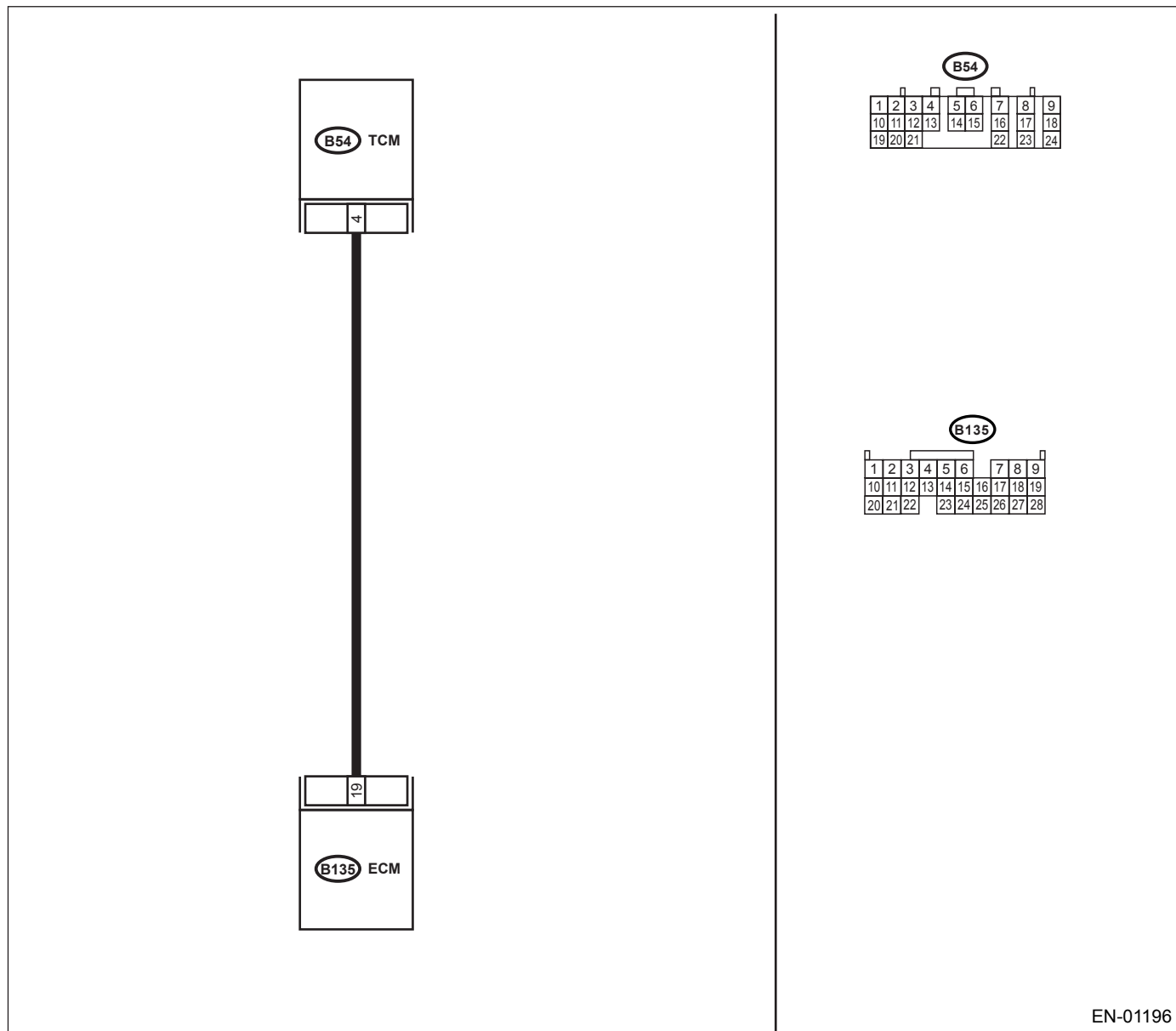
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01196

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and TCM connector.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4 V	Go to step 5.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value change within the specified range?	1 V — 4 V	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in TCM connector	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. Measure the voltage between TCM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B54) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4 V	Go to step 6.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.
6 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in TCM connector. Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Check TCM power supply line and grounding line.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CG:DTC P1110 — BAROMETRIC PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Replace the ECM.

CH:DTC P1111 — BAROMETRIC PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Replace the ECM.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CI: DTC P1134 — A/F SENSOR MICROCOMPUTER PROBLEM —

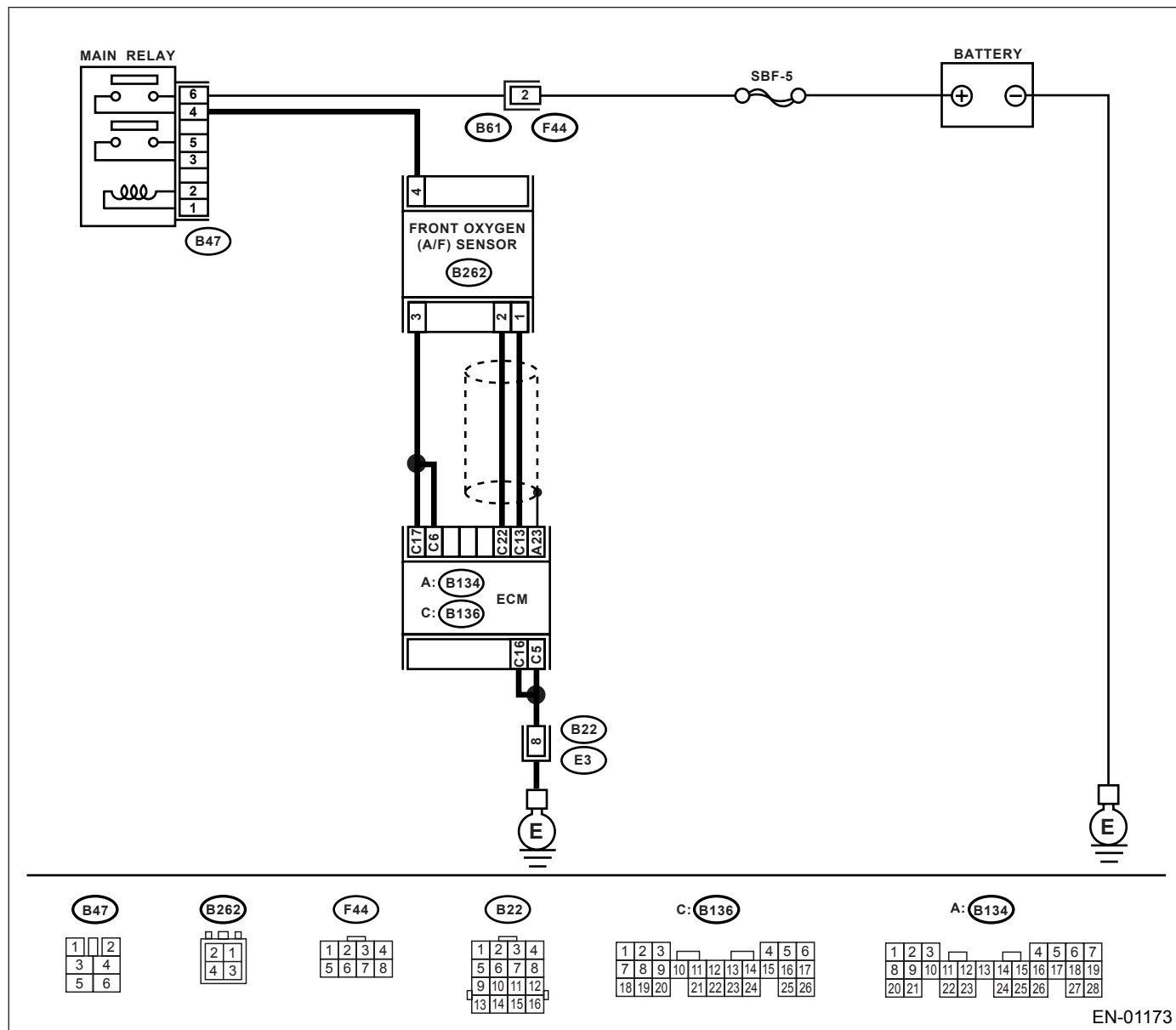
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01173

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step		Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	DTC P1134 is displayed.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	It is not necessary to inspect DTC P1134.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CJ:DTC P1137 — O₂ SENSOR CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) —

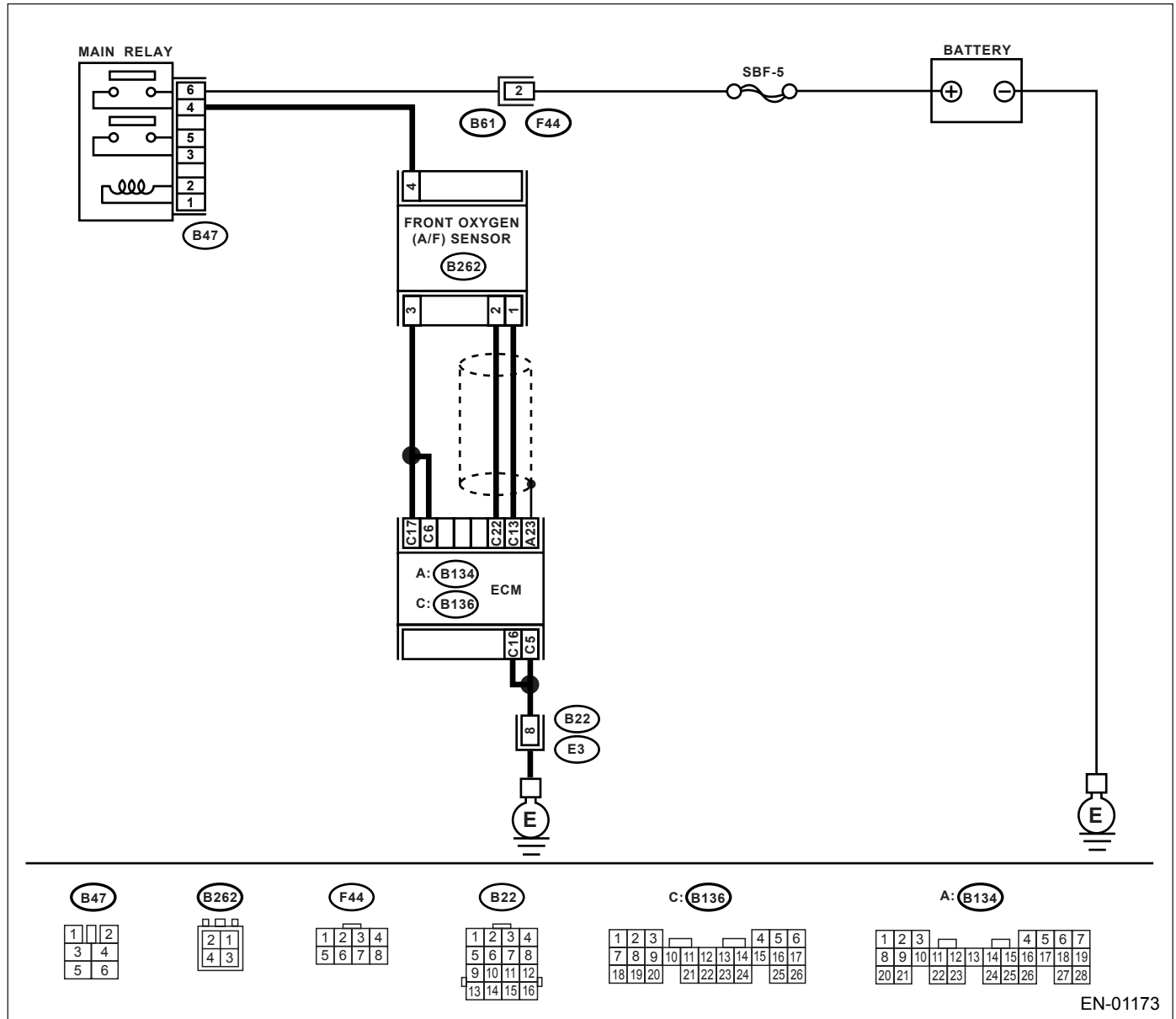
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01173

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR DATA. 1)Start the engine. 2)While observing the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool screen, warm-up the engine until coolant temperature is above 70°C (160°F). If the engine is already warmed-up, operate at idle speed for at least 1 minute. 3)Read the data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor signal during idling using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. Is the measured value within the specified range? NOTE: •Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-31, Subaru Select Monitor.> •OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	0.85 — 1.15	Go to step 3.	Go to step 4.
3 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR DATA. Race up the engine from idling to 5,000 rpm for a total of 5 cycles. Is the measured value more than the specified value during engine racing? NOTE: •In normal condition, A/F is rich during engine racing. •To increase engine speed to 5,000 rpm, slowly depress accelerator pedal, taking approximately 5 seconds, and quickly release accelerator pedal to decrease engine speed.	1.1 V	Go to step 6.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connector from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3)Measure the resistance between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 13 — (B262) No. 1: (B136) No. 22 — (B262) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair open circuit between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 13 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 22 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 MΩ	Go to step 6.	Repair short circuit to ground between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.
6 CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. Is there a fault in exhaust system? NOTE: Check the following items. <ul style="list-style-type: none">•Loose installation of portions•Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts•Looseness of front oxygen (A/F) sensor•Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor	There is a fault.	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-44, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

MAIN RELAY

BATTERY

SBF-5

2

B61 F44

6

4

5

3

2

1

B47

1

2

10

2

R68

R57

R15

R2

B98

R2

B98

C12

D4

C: B136 ECM

D: B137

E

E

R68

B47

B98

F44

R57

D: B137

C: B136

EN-0359

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from pressure control solenoid valve and ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between pressure control solenoid valve connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R68) No. 2 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and pressure control solenoid valve connector.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and pressure control solenoid valve connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 4 — (R68) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and pressure control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
5 CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Measure the resistance between pressure control solenoid valve terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value within the specified range?	10 — 100 Ω	Go to step 6.	Replace the pressure control solenoid valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-12, Pressure Control Solenoid Valve.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
6 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between pressure control solenoid valve and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R68) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between main relay and pressure control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in main relay connector
7 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in pressure control solenoid valve connector. Is there poor contact in pressure control solenoid valve connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in pressure control solenoid valve connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CL:DTC P1420 — FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

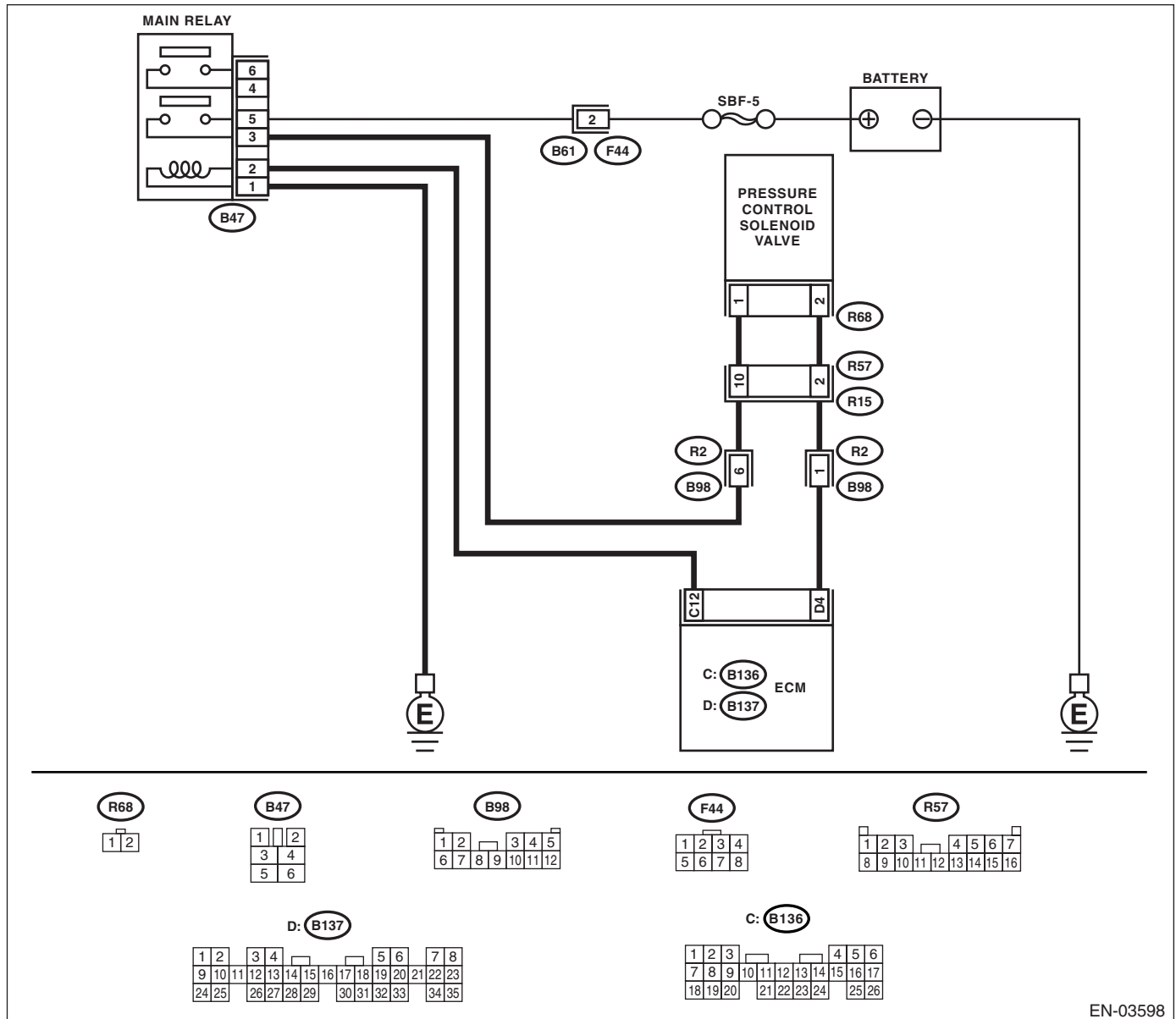
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03598

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) While operating the pressure control solenoid valve, measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground. NOTE: Pressure control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.> Connector & terminal (B137) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value change within the specified range?	0 — 10 V	Go to step 2.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. In this case, repair poor contact in ECM connector.
2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from pressure control solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and pressure control solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between pressure control solenoid valve terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Replace the pressure control solenoid valve <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-12, Pressure Control Solenoid Valve.> and the ECM <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>.	Go to step 6.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step		Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CM:DTC P1443 — VENT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE FUNCTION PROBLEM —

• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately after fault occurrence

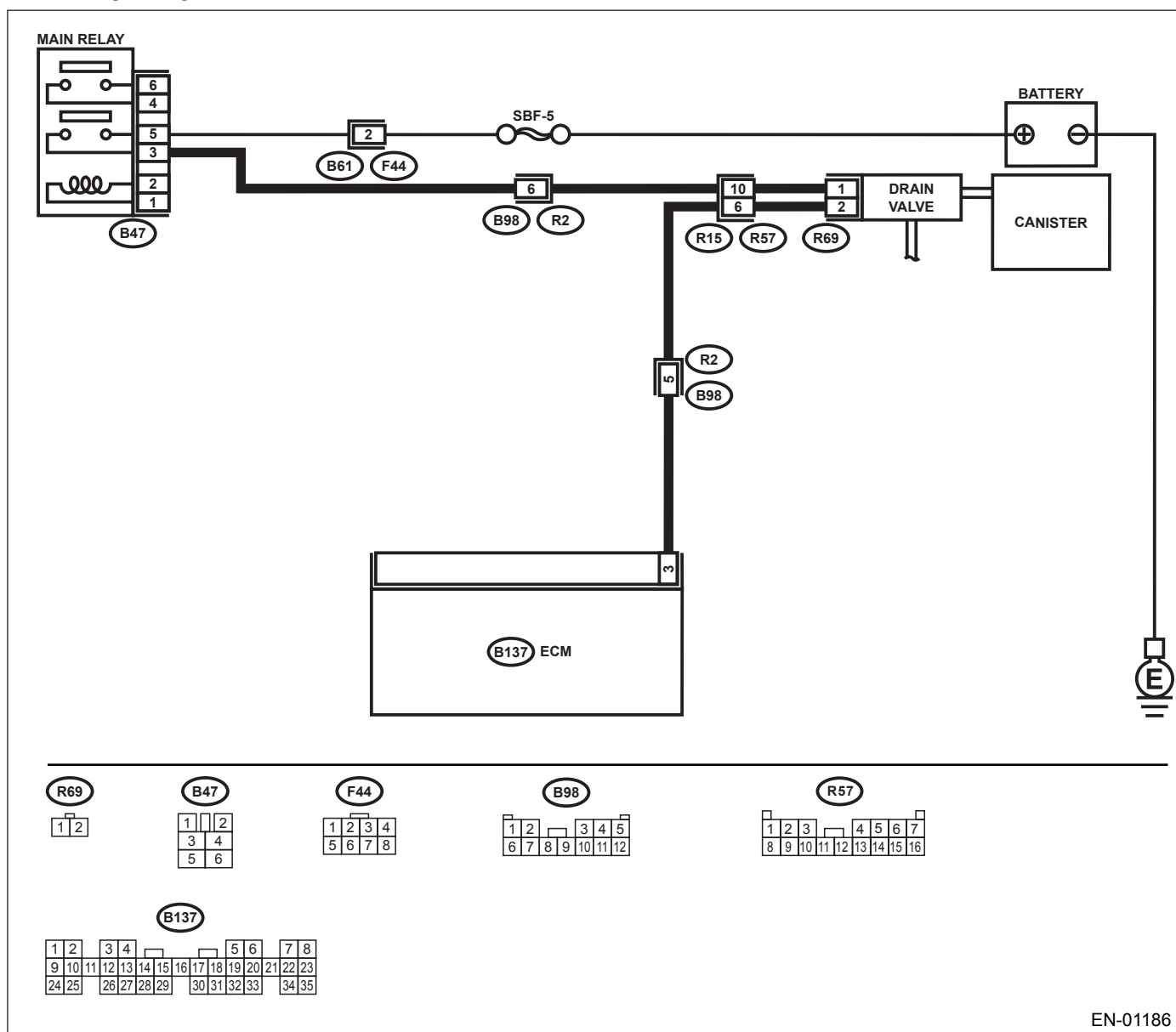
• TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper fuel supply

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01186

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK VENT LINE HOSES. Check the following items. <ul style="list-style-type: none">•Clogging of vent hoses between canister and drain valve•Clogging of vent hose between drain valve and air filter•Clogging of drain filter Is there a fault in vent line?	There is a fault.	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK DRAIN VALVE OPERATION. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Connect the test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side). 3)Turn ignition switch to ON. 4)Operate the drain valve. Does the drain valve operate? NOTE: Drain valve operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-47, Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode.>	Operates.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.	Replace the drain valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-18, Drain Valve.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CN:DTC P1446 — FUEL TANK SENSOR CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW —

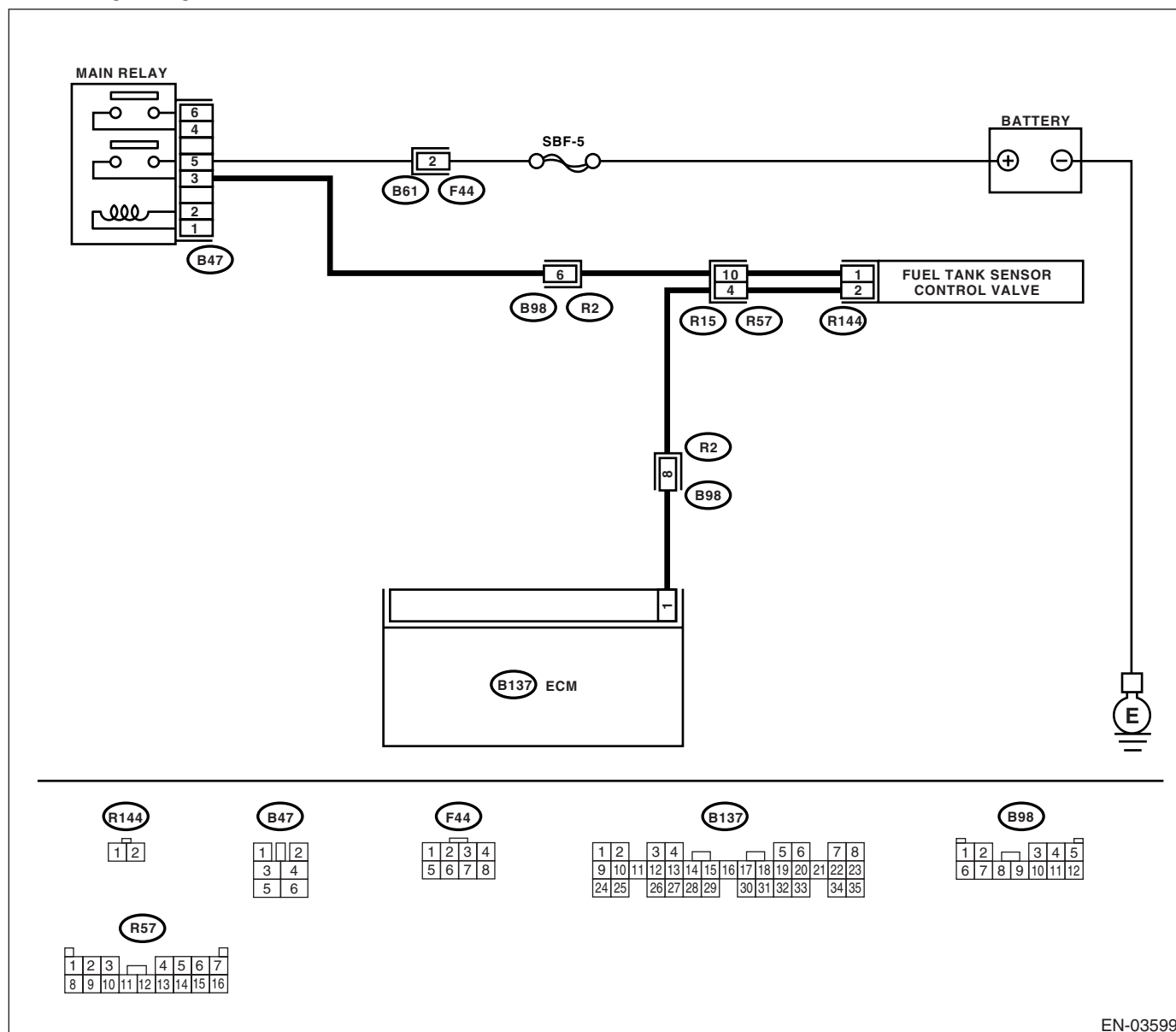
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03599

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	The MIL may light up, however, the circuit is returned to the normal status at the moment. (However, the possibility of poor contact still remains.) NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor contact in fuel tank sensor control valve connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TANK SENSOR CONTROL VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from fuel tank sensor control valve and ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel tank sensor control valve connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (R144) No. 2 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and fuel tank sensor control valve connector.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TANK SENSOR CONTROL VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and fuel tank sensor control valve connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 1 — (R144) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel tank sensor control valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
5 CHECK FUEL TANK SENSOR CONTROL VALVE. Measure the resistance between fuel tank sensor control valve terminals. <i>Terminal</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i> Is the measured value within the specified range?	10 — 100 Ω	Go to step 6.	Replace the fuel tank sensor control valve. <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-18, Drain Valve.>
6 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL TANK SENSOR CONTROL VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between fuel tank sensor control valve and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> <i>(R144) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between main relay and fuel tank sensor control valve • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in main relay connector
7 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in fuel tank sensor control valve connector. Is there poor contact in fuel tank sensor control valve connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in fuel tank sensor control valve connector.	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CO:DTC P1447 — FUEL TANK SENSOR CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH —

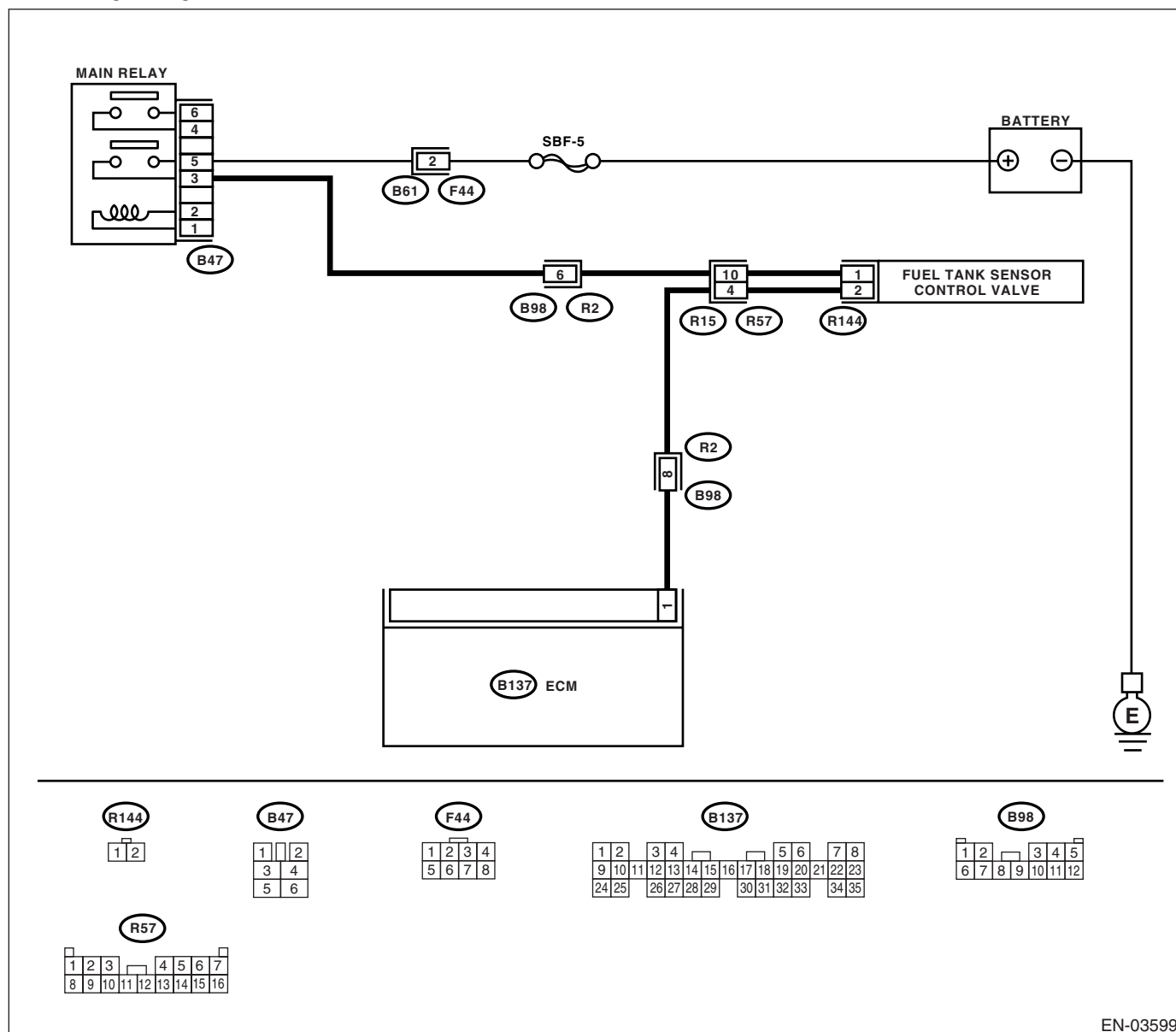
• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-03599

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 3.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TANK SENSOR CONTROL VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel tank sensor control valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and fuel tank sensor control valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK FUEL TANK SENSOR CONTROL VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between fuel tank sensor control valve terminals. Terminal No. 1 — No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Replace the fuel tank sensor control valve <Ref. to EC(H4SO)-18, Drain Valve.> and the ECM <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>.	Go to step 5.
5 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>

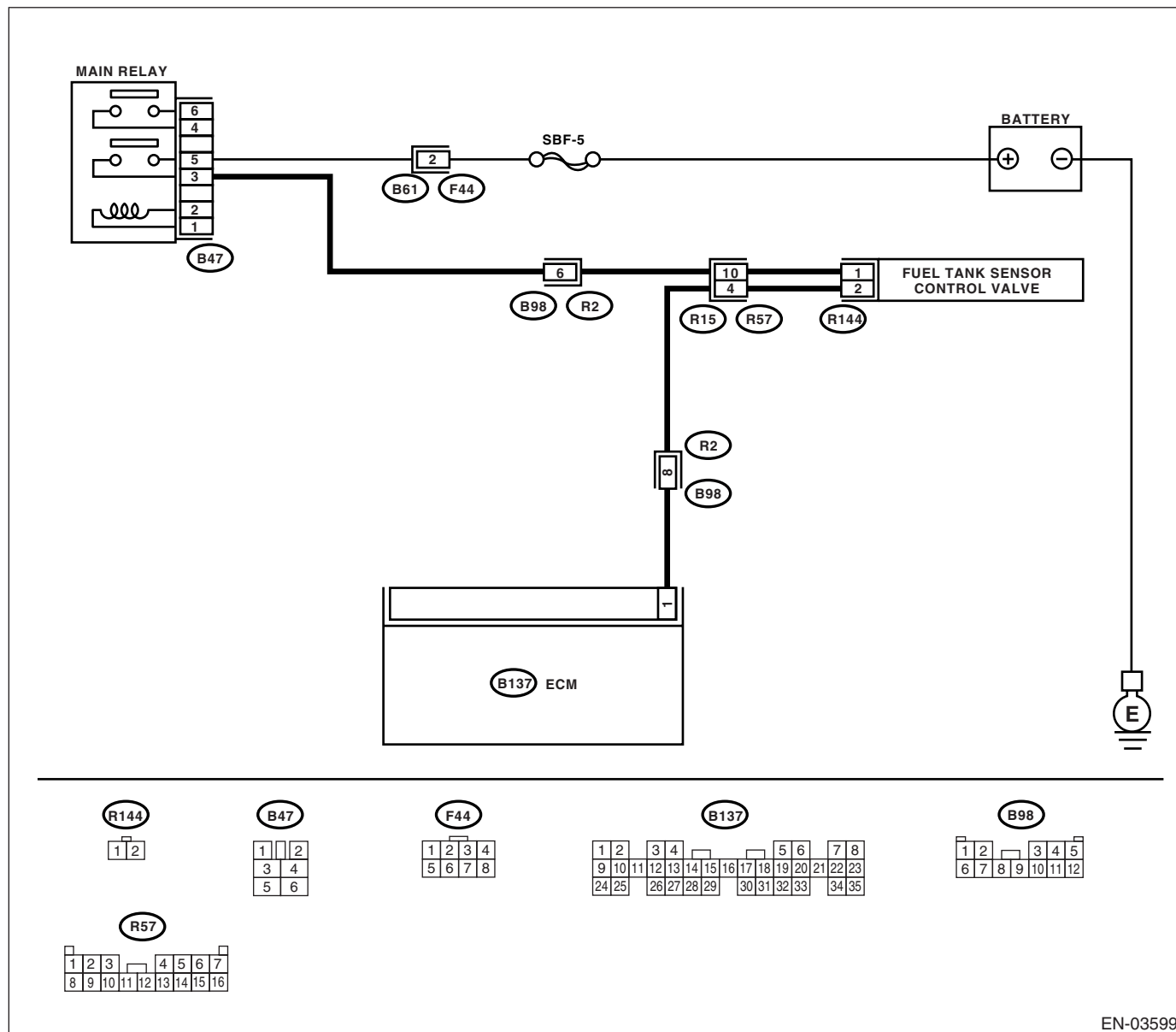
ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Inspect the relevant DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-75, List of Diagnostic Trouble Codes.>	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Open the fuel flap. Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely?	Cap is tightened securely.	Go to step 3.	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
3 CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE. Is there any trouble in evaporation line? NOTE: Check the following items. • Disconnection, leakage and clogging of hoses between fuel tank pressure sensor and fuel tank. • Disconnection, leakage and clogging of hoses and pipes between fuel filler pipe and fuel tank.	There is trouble in evaporative emission line.	Repair the hoses and pipes.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sensor.

CQ:DTC P1510 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT) —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1516. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-322, DTC P1516 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT) —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CR:DTC P1511 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT) —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1517. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-324, DTC P1517 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT) —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CS:DTC P1512 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT) —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1516. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-322, DTC P1516 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT) —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CT:DTC P1513 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT) —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1517. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-324, DTC P1517 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT) —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CU:DTC P1514 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT) —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1516. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-322, DTC P1516 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT) —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

CV:DTC P1515 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT) —

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1517. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-324, DTC P1517 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT) —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

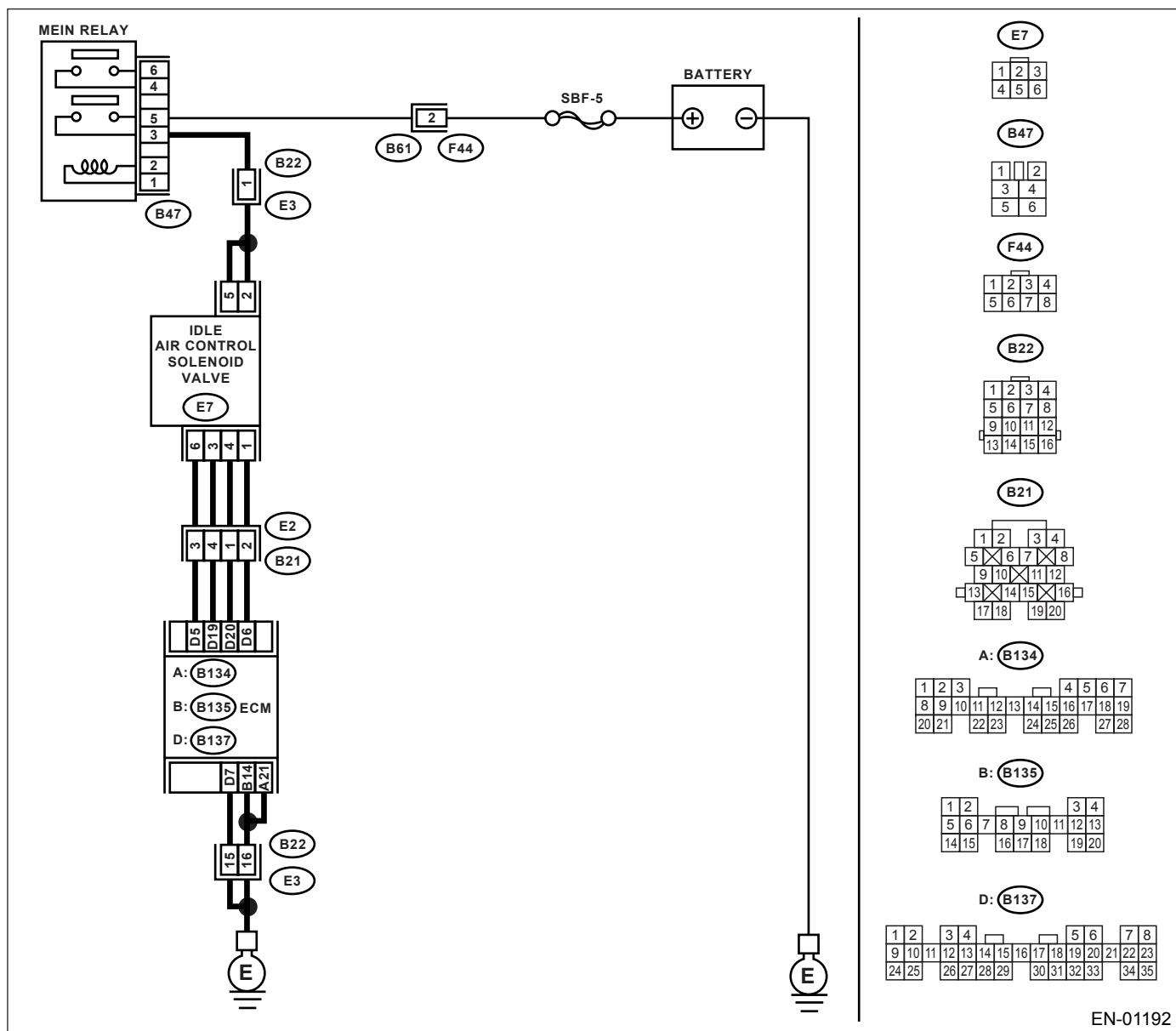
CW:DTC P1516 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling
 - Engine stalls.
 - Engine breathing

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01192

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO IDLE AIR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from idle air control solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between idle air control solenoid valve connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E7) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): (E7) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Go to step 2.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between idle air control solenoid valve and main relay connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IDLE AIR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connector. Connector & terminal DTC P1510; (B137) No. 20 — (E7) No. 4: DTC P1512; (B137) No. 6 — (E7) No. 1: DTC P1514; (B137) No. 5 — (E7) No. 6: DTC P1516; (B137) No. 19 — (E7) No. 3: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IDLE AIR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal DTC P1510; (B137) No. 20 — Chassis ground: DTC P1512; (B137) No. 6 — Chassis ground: DTC P1514; (B137) No. 5 — Chassis ground: DTC P1516; (B137) No. 19 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connector.
4 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector and idle air control solenoid valve connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector or idle air control solenoid valve connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector or idle air control solenoid valve connector.	Replace the idle air control solenoid valve. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-36, Idle Air Control Solenoid Valve.>

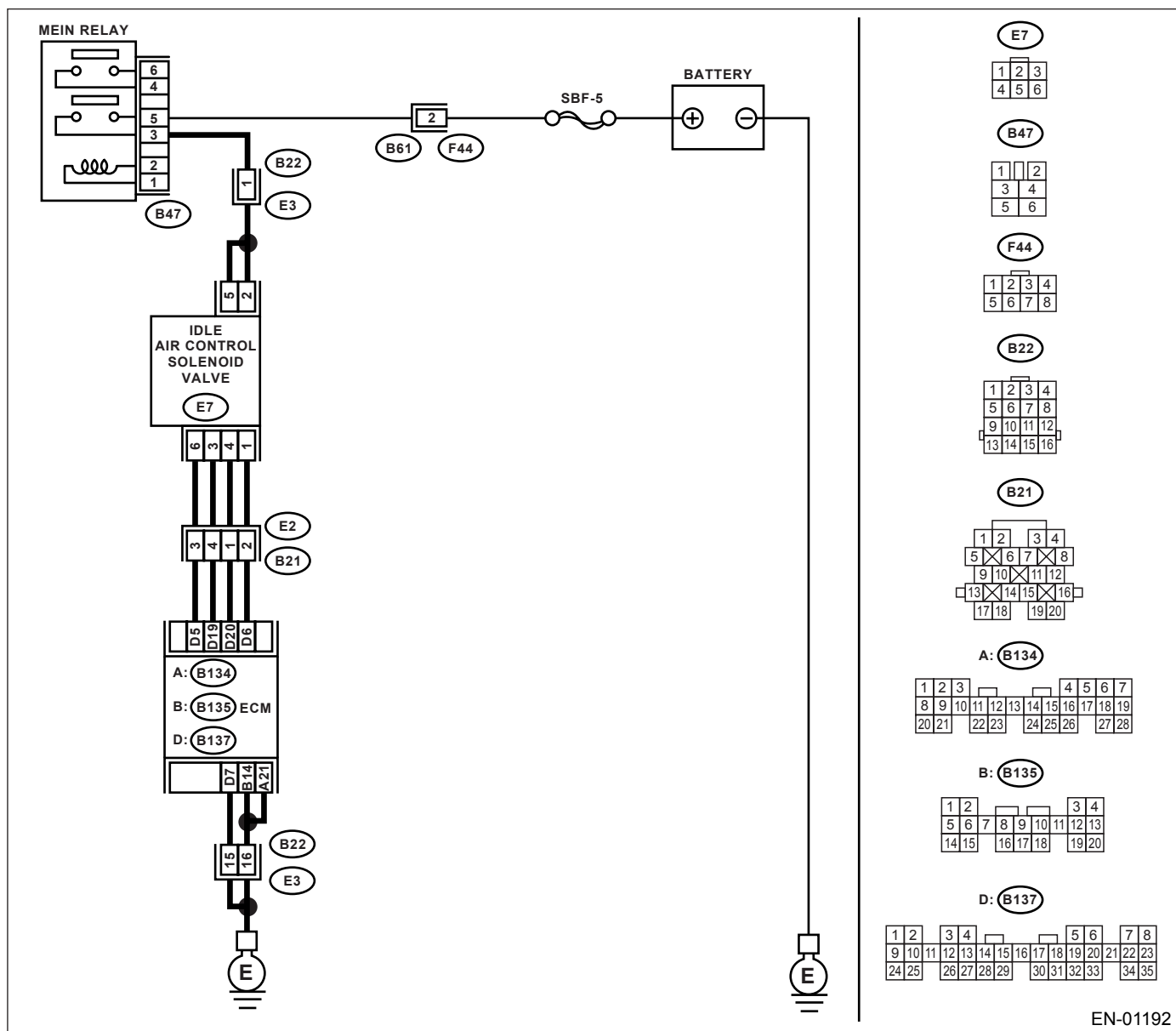
CX:DTC P1517 — ISC SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Immediately at fault recognition
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Erroneous idling
 - Engine stalls.
 - Engine breathing

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01192

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY. Is any other DTC displayed?	Other DTC is displayed.	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal <i>(B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(B135) No. 14 — Chassis ground:</i> <i>(B134) No. 21 — Chassis ground:</i> Is the measured value less than the specified value?	5 Ω	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and engine ground terminal • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IDLE AIR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from idle air control solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal <i>DTC P1511; (B137) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> <i>DTC P1513; (B137) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> <i>DTC P1515; (B137) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> <i>DTC P1517; (B137) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</i> Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

CY:DTC P1518 — STARTER SWITCH CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Failure of engine to start

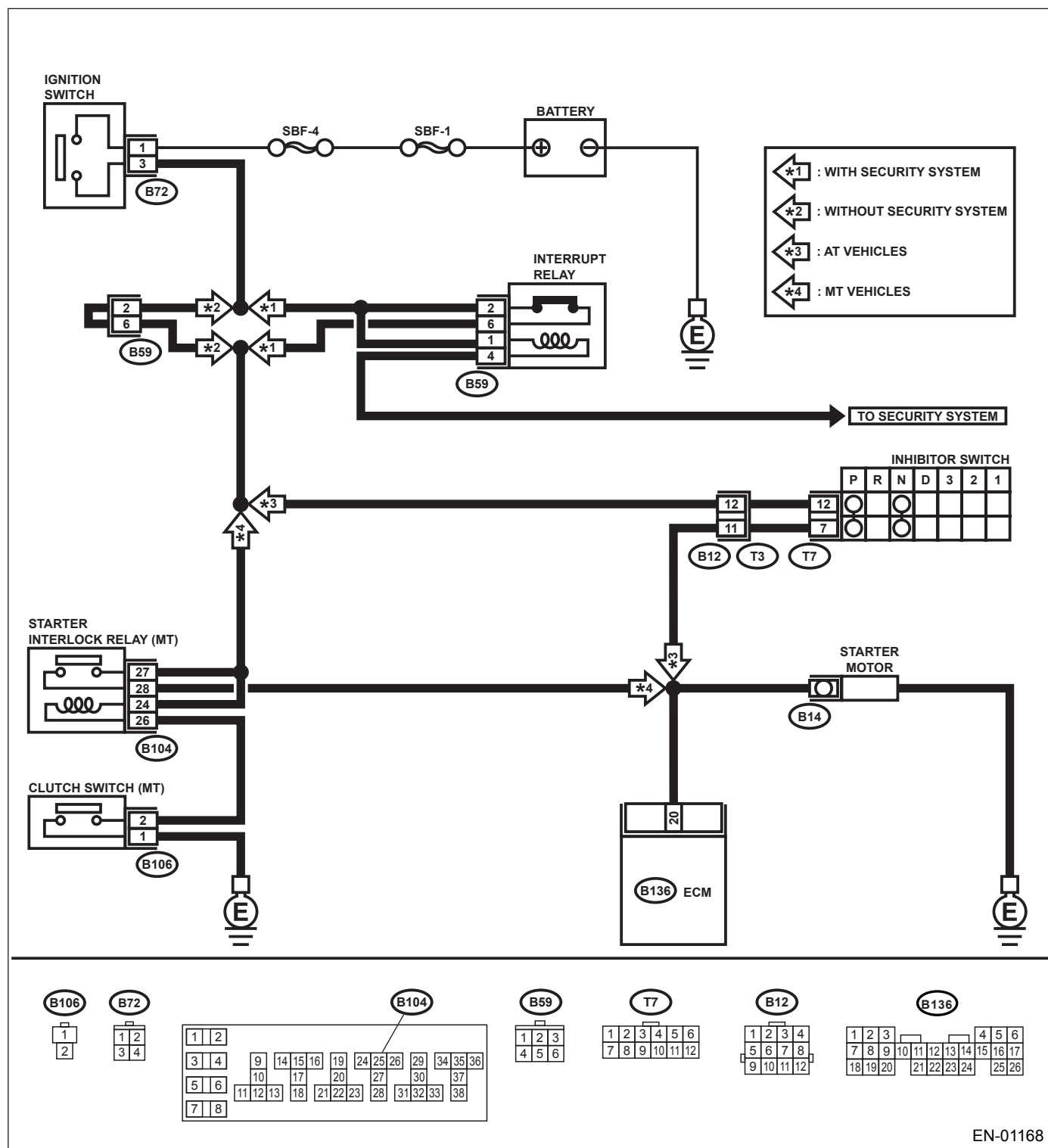
CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

• WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01168

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OPERATION OF STARTER MOTOR. Does the starter motor operate when ignition switch is turned to "ST"? NOTE: Place the inhibitor switch in the "P" or "N" position.(AT vehicles) Depress the clutch pedal. (MT vehicles)	Operates.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open or short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and starter motor connector. • Poor contact in ECM connector	Check starter motor circuit. <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-60, STARTER MOTOR CIRCUIT, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.>

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

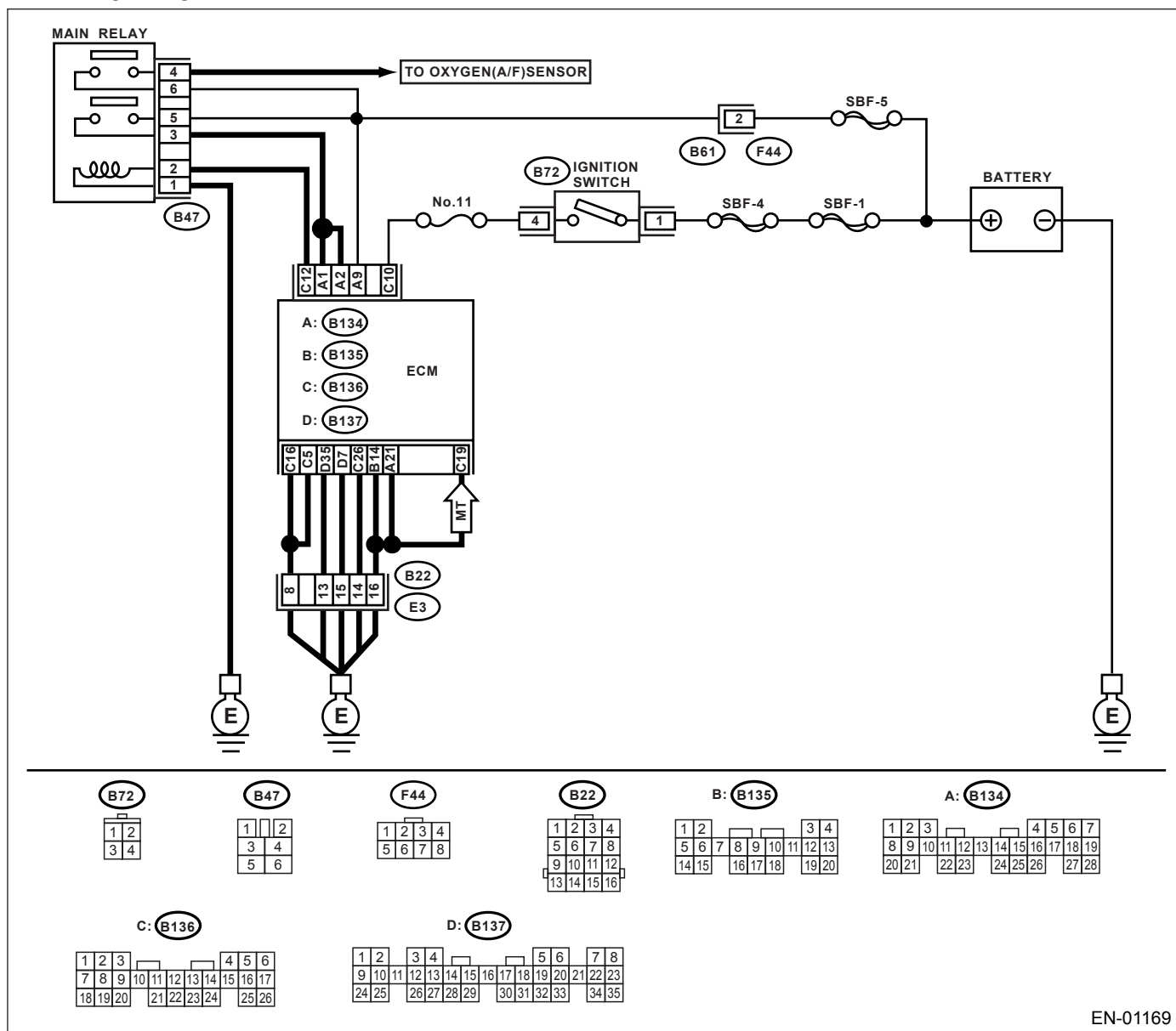
CZ:DTC P1560 — BACK-UP VOLTAGE CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION —

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
 - Immediately at fault recognition

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- WIRING DIAGRAM:



EN-01169

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MAIN FUSE BOX CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 9 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	10 Ω	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and battery terminal.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK FUSE SBF-5. Is the fuse blown?	Fuse is blown out.	Replace the fuse.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open circuit in harness between ECM and battery • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in battery terminal

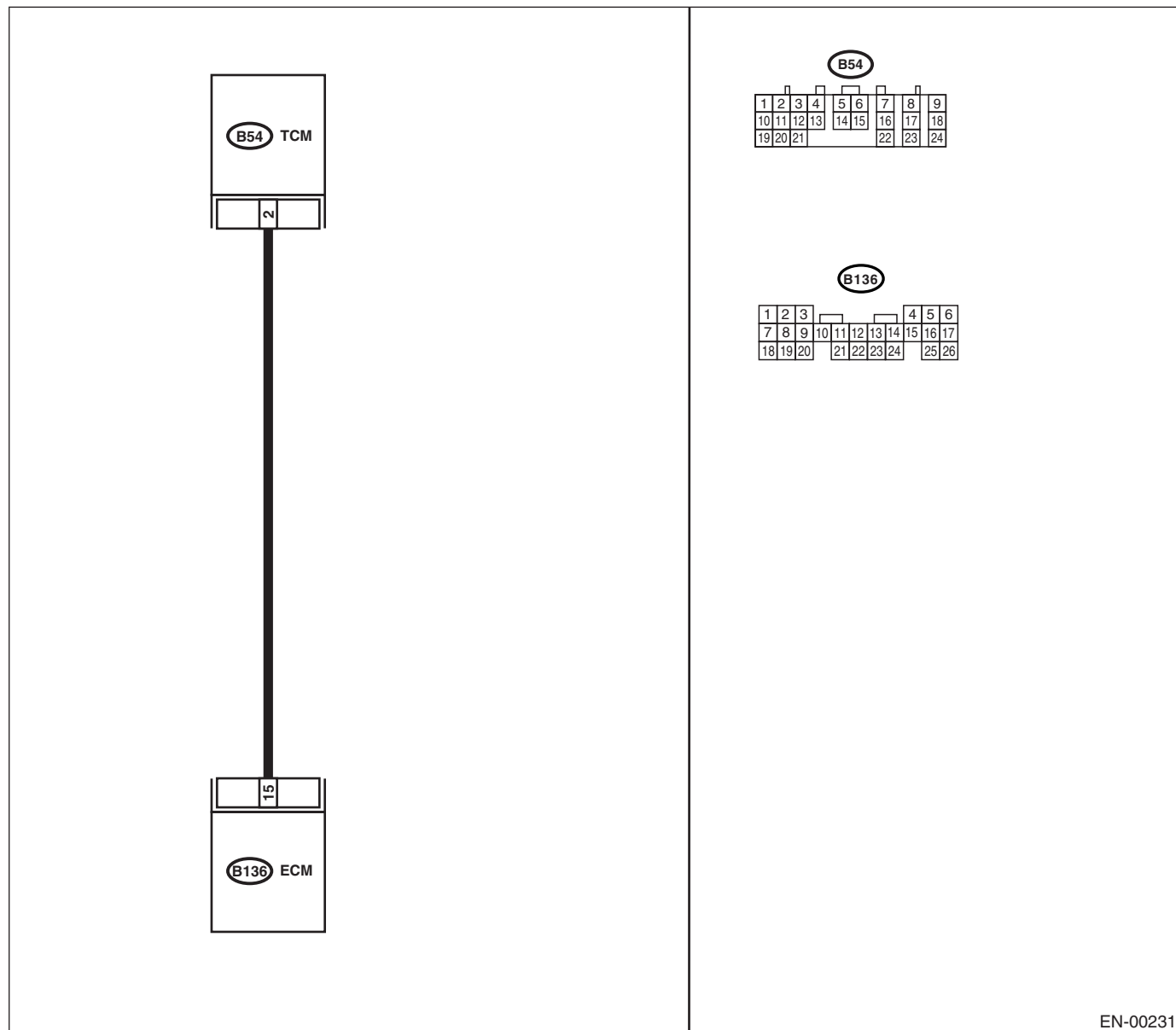
DA:DTC P1698 — ENGINE TORQUE CONTROL CUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT MAL-FUNCTION (LOW INPUT) —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-00231

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1)Start and warm-up the engine. 2)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 3)Turn ignition switch to ON. 4)Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (–): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	3 V	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Disconnect the connectors from ECM and TCM. 3)Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 15 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 MΩ	Go to step 3.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and TCM connector.
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and TCM connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 15 — (B54) No. 2: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Repair poor contact in ECM or TCM connector.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.

DB:DTC P1699 — ENGINE TORQUE CONTROL CUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT MAL-FUNCTION (HIGH INPUT) —

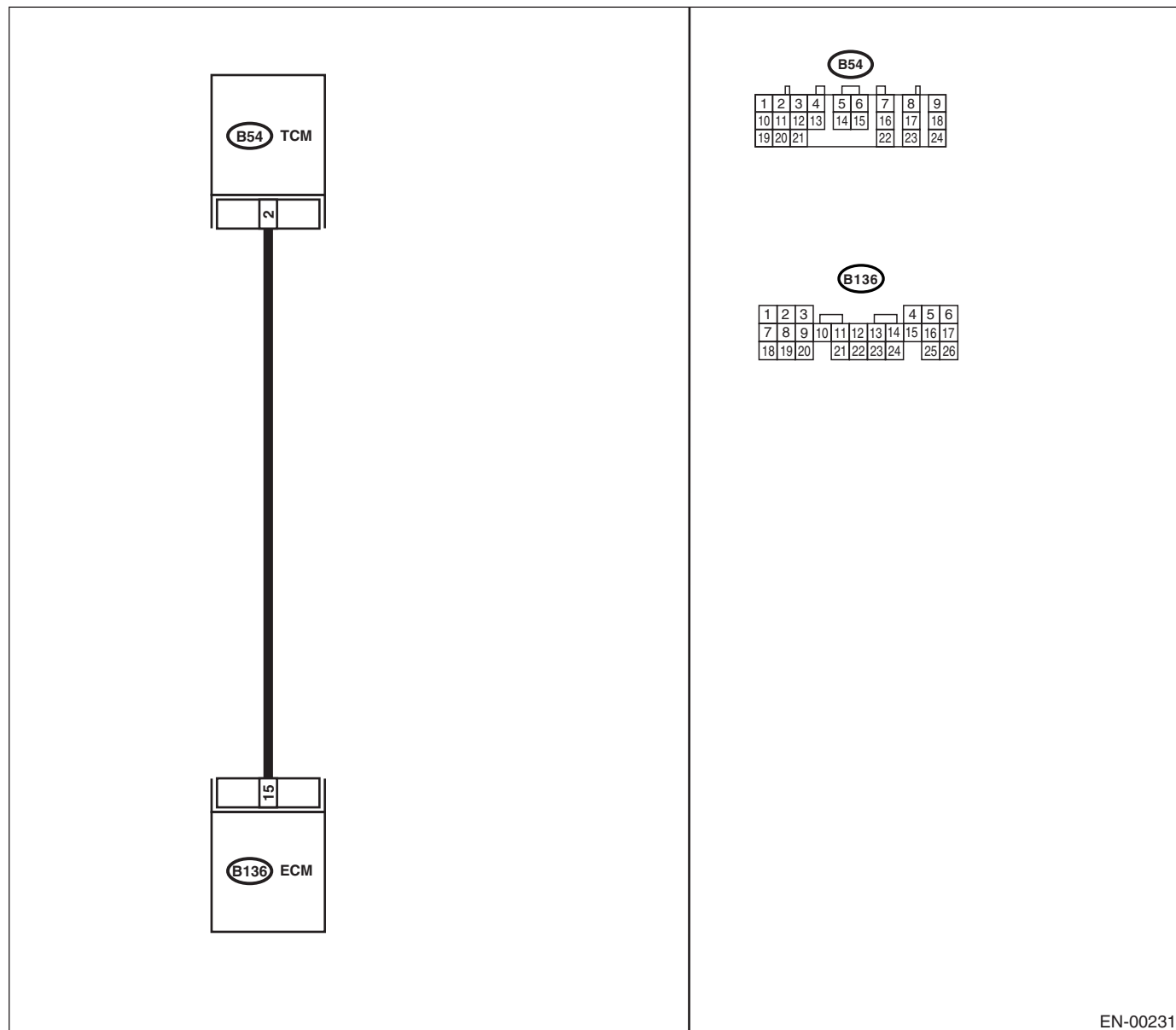
• **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

• **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-00231

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. 1)Start and warm-up the engine. 2)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 3)Disconnect the connector from TCM. 4)Turn ignition switch to ON. 5)Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value less than the specified value?	3 V	Go to step 2.	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and TCM connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. 1)Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2)Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Does the measured value exceed the specified value by shaking the ECM harness and connector?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and TCM connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>	Contact SOA (distributor) service. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

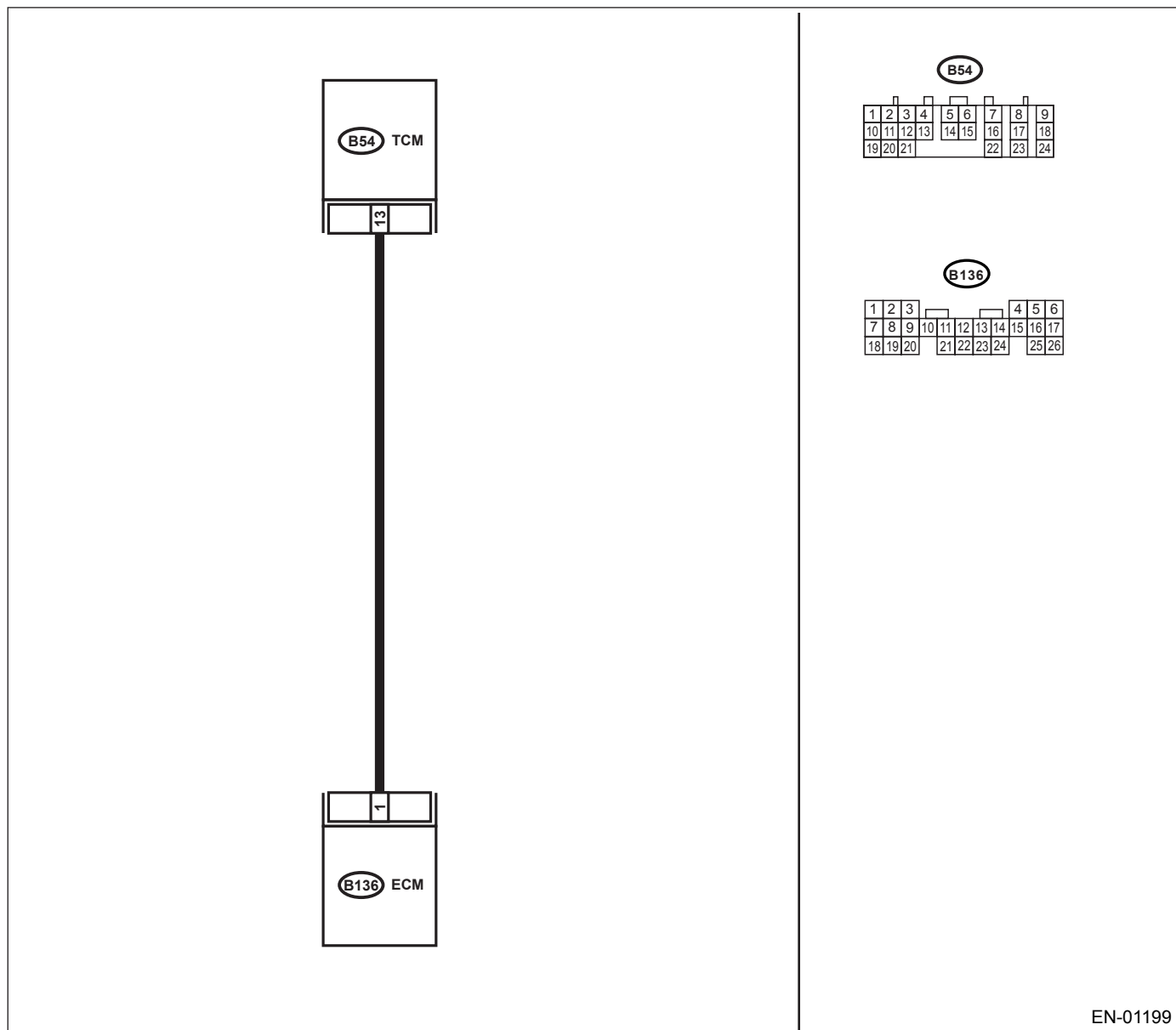
DC:DTC P1711 — ENGINE TORQUE CONTROL SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Excessive shift shock

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01199

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 2.	Go to step 4.
2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and TCM connector.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and TCM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and TCM connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 1 — (B54) No. 13: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 1 — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 6.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and TCM connector.
6 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in TCM connector. Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Replace the TCM. <Ref. to AT-71, Transmission Control Module (TCM).>

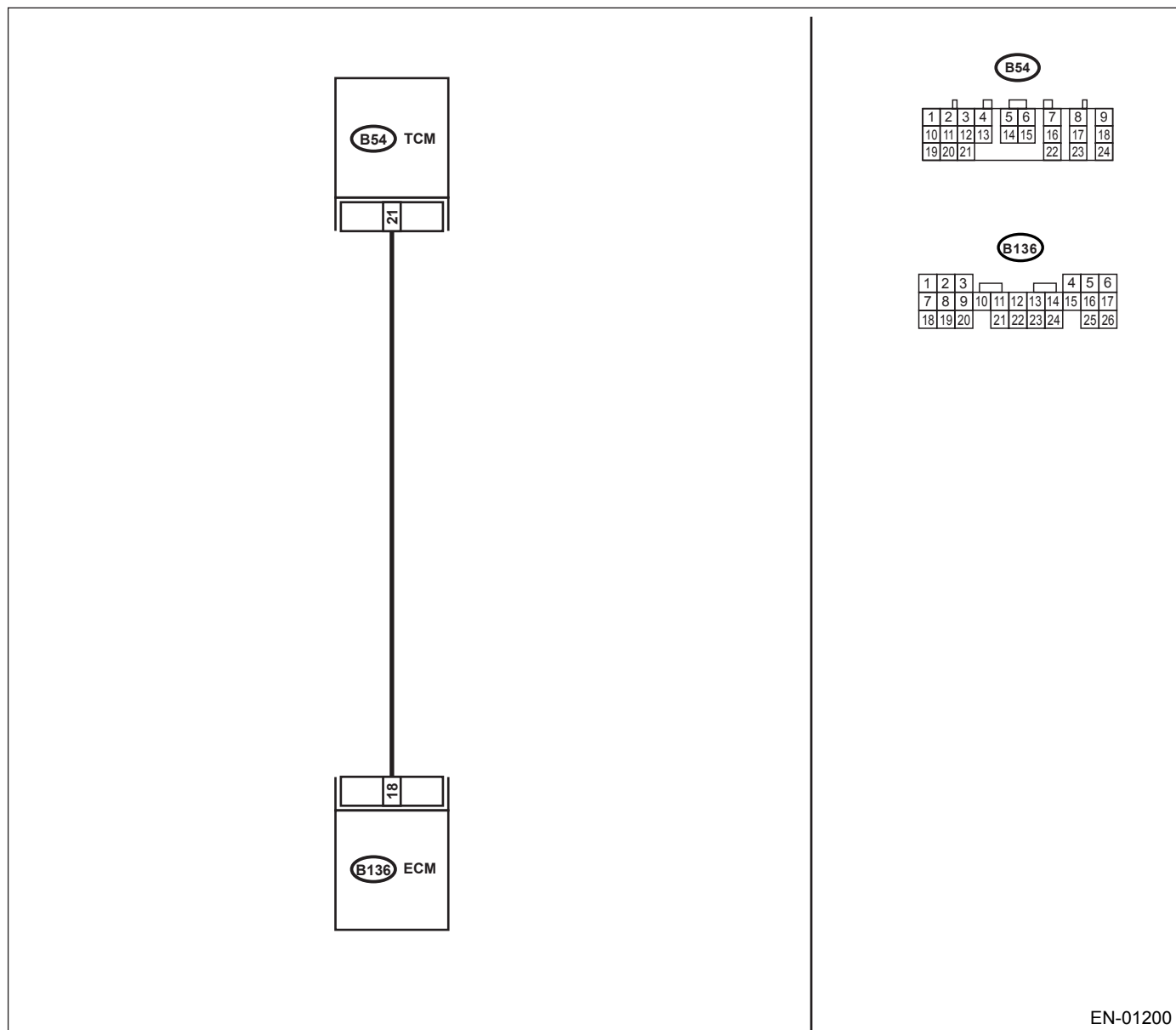
DD:DTC P1712 — ENGINE TORQUE CONTROL SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION —

- **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**
 - Fault occurs in two consecutive driving cycles
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
 - Excessive shift shock

CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct **CLEAR MEMORY MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-46, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and **INSPECTION MODE** <Ref. to EN(H4SO)-39, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

- **WIRING DIAGRAM:**



EN-01200

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 18 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	4.5 V	Go to step 2.	Go to step 4.
2 CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 18 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Is the measured value more than the specified value?	10 V	Repair short circuit to battery in harness between ECM and TCM connector.	Go to step 3.
3 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in ECM connector. Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <Ref. to FU(H4SO)-48, Engine Control Module.>
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and TCM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and TCM connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 18 — (B54) No. 21: Is the measured value less than the specified value?	1 Ω	Go to step 5.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.
5 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 18 (+) — Chassis ground: Is the measured value more than the specified value?	1 M Ω	Go to step 6.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and TCM connector.
6 CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact in TCM connector. Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	There is poor contact.	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Replace the TCM. <Ref. to AT-71, Transmission Control Module (TCM).>