ENGINE 2-3

1. Specifications

Model			1800 cc	2200 cc
ENGINE	Type		Horizontally opposed, liquid cooled, 4-cylinder, 4-stroke gasoline engine	
	Valve arrangement		Belt driven, single over-head camshaft, 4-valve/cylinder	
	Bore x Stroke	mm (in)	87.9 x 75.0 (3.461 x 2.953)	96.9 x 75.0 (3.815 x 2.953)
	Piston displacement	cm^3 (cu in)	1,820 (111.06)	2,212 (135.0)
	Compression ratio		9.5	
	Compression pressure (at 200 — 300 rpm)	kPa (kg/cm^2, psi)	1,079 — 1,275 (11.0 — 13.0, 156 — 185)	
	Number of piston rings		Pressure ring: 2, Oil ring: 1	
	Intake valve timing	Opening	1° BTDC	1° BTDC
		Closing	59° ABDC	55° ABDC
	Exhaust valve timing	Opening	50° BBDC	48° BBDC
		Closing	6° ATDC	12° ATDC
	Idling speed [At neutral position on MT, or "P" or "N" position on AT]	rpm	700±100 (No load) 800±50 (A/C switch ON)	700±100 (No load) 850±50 (A/C switch ON)
	Firing order		1 → 3 → 2 → 4	
	Ignition timing	BTDC/rpm	AT: 20°±8°/700 MT: 20°±2°/700	

2. Service Data

Belt tension adjuster	Protrusion of adjuster rod					15.4 — 16.4 mm	(0.606 — 0.646 in)
Belt tensioner	Spacer O.D.					16 mm	(0.63 in)
	Tensioner bush I.D.					16.16 mm	(0.6362 in)
	Clearance between spacer and bush				STD	0.117 — 0.180 mm	(0.0046 — 0.0071 in)
					Limit	0.230 mm	(0.0091 in)
	Side clearance of spacer				STD	0.37 — 0.54 mm	(0.0146 — 0.0213 in)
					Limit	0.8 mm	(0.031 in)
Valve rocker arm	Clearance between shaft and arm				STD	0.020 — 0.054 mm	(0.0008 — 0.0021 in)
					Limit	0.10 mm	(0.0039 in)
Camshaft	Bend limit					0.025 mm	(0.0010 in)
	Thrust clearance				STD	0.030 — 0.260 mm	(0.0012 — 0.0102 in)
					Limit	0.35 mm	(0.0138 in)
	Cam lobe height		1800 cc	Intake	STD	32.364 — 32.464 mm	(1.2742 — 1.2781 in)
					Limit	32.214 mm	(1.2683 in)
				Exhaust	STD	32.364 — 32.464 mm	(1.2742 — 1.2781 in)
					Limit	32.214 mm	(1.2683 in)
			2200 cc	Intake	STD	31.994 — 32.094 mm	(1.2596 — 1.2635 in)
					Limit	31.844 mm	(1.2537 in)
				Exhaust	STD	32.624 — 32.724 mm	(1.2844 — 1.2883 in)
					Limit	32.474 mm	(1.2785 in)
	Camshaft journal O.D.	RH	Front	LH	Rear	31.935 — 31.950 mm	(1.2573 — 1.2579 in)
			Center		Center	37.435 — 37.450 mm	(1.4738 — 1.4744 in)
			Rear		Front	37.935 — 37.950 mm	(1.4935 — 1.4941 in)
	Camshaft journal hole I.D.	RH	Front	LH	Rear	32.005 — 32.025 mm	(1.2600 — 1.2608 in)
			Center		Center	37.505 — 37.525 mm	(1.4766 — 1.4774 in)
			Rear		Front	38.005 — 38.025 mm	(1.4963 — 1.4970 in)
	Oil clearance				STD	0.055 — 0.090 mm	(0.0022 — 0.0035 in)
					Limit	0.10 mm	(0.0039 in)
Cylinder head	Surface warpage limit					0.05 mm	(0.0020 in)
	Surface grinding limit					0.1 mm	(0.004 in)
	Standard height					98.3 mm	(3.870 in)
Valve set	Refacing angle					90°	
	Contacting width			Intake	STD	0.7 mm	(0.028 in)
					Limit	1.4 mm	(0.055 in)
				Exhaust	STD	1.4 mm	(0.055 in)
					Limit	1.8 mm	(0.071 in)
Valve guide	Inner diameter					6.000 — 6.012 mm	(0.2362 — 0.2367 in)
	Protrusion above head					17.5 — 18.0 mm	(0.689 — 0.709 in)
Valve	Head edge thickness			Intake	STD	1.0 mm	(0.039 in)
					Limit	0.8 mm	(0.031 in)
				Exhaust	STD	1.2 mm	(0.047 in)
					Limit	0.8 mm	(0.031 in)
	Stem diameter				Intake	5.950 — 5.965 mm	(0.2343 — 0.2348 in)
					Exhaust	5.945 — 5.960 mm	(0.2341 — 0.2346 in)
	Stem oil clearance			STD	Intake	0.035 — 0.062 mm	(0.0014 — 0.0024 in)
					Exhaust	0.040 — 0.067 mm	(0.0016 — 0.0026 in)
				Limit	-	0.15 mm	(0.0059 in)
	Overall length				Intake	101.0 mm	(3.976 in)
					Exhaust	101.2 mm	(3.984 in)

STD: Standard I.D.: Inner Diameter O.D.: Outer Diameter

Valve spring	Free length		1800 cc		46.16 mm	(1.8173 in)
			2200 cc		44.05 mm	(1.7342 in)
	Squareness		1800 cc		2.5°, 2.0 mm	(0.079 in)
			2200 cc		2.5°, 1.9 mm	(0.075 in)
	Tension/spring height		1800 cc		190.3 — 219.7 N (19.4 — 22.4 kg, 42.8 — 49.4 lb)/37.0 mm (1.457 in) 401.1 — 461.9 N (40.9 — 47.1 kg, 90.2 — 103.9 lb)/29.2 mm (1.150 in)	
			2200 cc		174.6 — 200.1 N (17.8 — 20.4 kg, 39.2 — 45.0 lb)/36.0 mm (1.417 in) 405.0 — 458.0 N (41.3 — 46.7 kg, 91.1— 103.0 lb)/28.2 mm (1.110 in)	
Cylinder block	Surface warpage limit (mating with cylinder head)				0.05 mm	(0.0020 in)
	Surface grinding limit				0.1 mm	(0.004 in)
	Cylinder bore	1800 cc	STD	A	87.905 — 87.915 mm	(3.4608 — 3.4612 in)
				B	87.895 — 87.905 mm	(3.4604 — 3.4608 in)
		2200 cc	STD	A	96.905 — 96.915 mm	(3.8151 — 3.8155 in)
				B	96.895 — 96.905 mm	(3.8148 — 3.8151 in)
	Taper			STD	0.015 mm	(0.0006 in)
				Limit	0.050 mm	(0.0020 in)
	Out-of-roundness			STD	0.010 mm	(0.0004 in)
				Limit	0.050 mm	(0.0020 in)
	Piston clearance			STD	0.010 — 0.030 mm	(0.0004 — 0.0012 in)
				Limit	0.050 mm	(0.0020 in)
	Enlarging (boring) limit				0.5 mm	(0.020 in)
Piston	Outer diameter	1800 cc	STD	A	87.885 — 87.895 mm	(3.4600 — 3.4604 in)
				B	87.875 — 87.885 mm	(3.4596 — 3.4600 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) OS		88.125 — 88.135 mm	(3.4695 — 3.4699 in)
			0.50 mm (0.0197 in) OS		88.375 — 88.385 mm	(3.4793 — 3.4797 in)
		2200 cc	STD	A	96.885 — 96.895 mm	(3.8144 — 3.8148 in)
				B	96.875 — 96.885 mm	(3.8140 — 3.8144 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) OS		97.115 — 97.145 mm	(3.8234 — 3.8246 in)
			0.50 mm (0.0197 in) OS		97.365 — 97.395 mm	(3.8333 — 3.8344 in)
Piston pin	Standard clearance between piston pin and hole in piston			STD	0.004 — 0.010 mm	(0.0002 — 0.0004 in)
				Limit	0.020 mm	(0.0008 in)
	Degree of fit				Piston pin must be fitted into position with thumb at 20°C (68°F).	
Piston ring	Piston ring gap	Top ring		STD	0.20 — 0.35 mm	(0.0079 — 0.0138 in)
				Limit	0.5 mm	(0.020 in)
		Second ring		STD	0.20 — 0.35 mm	(0.0079 — 0.0138 in)
				Limit	0.5 mm	(0.020 in)
		Oil ring		STD	0.20 — 0.70 mm	(0.0079 — 0.0276 in)
				Limit	1.0 mm	(0.039 in)
	Clearance between piston ring and piston ring groove	Top ring		STD	0.040 — 0.080 mm	(0.0016 — 0.0031 in)
				Limit	0.15 mm	(0.0059 in)
		Second ring		STD	0.030 — 0.070 mm	(0.0012 — 0.0028 in)
				Limit	0.15 mm	(0.0059 in)

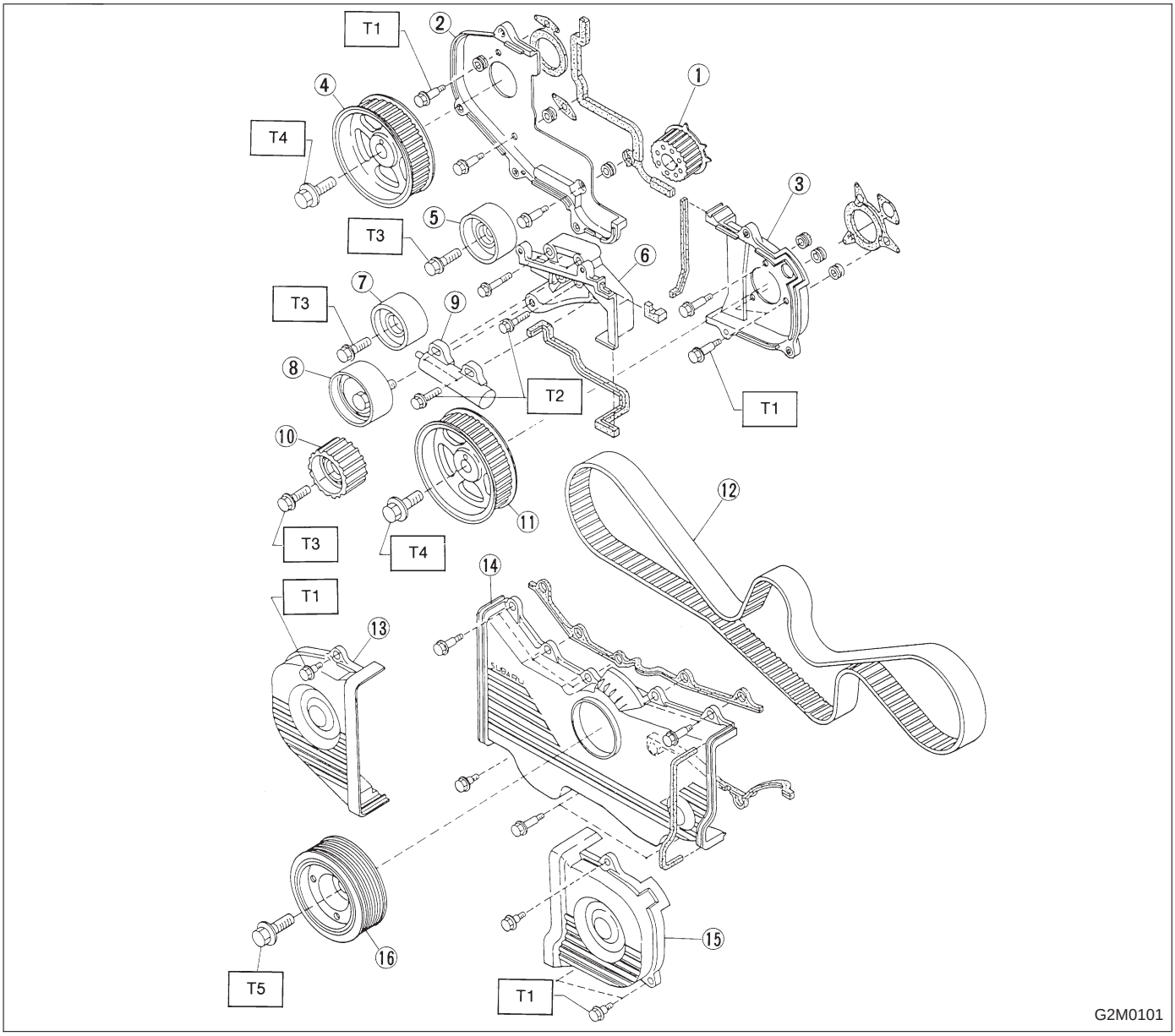
Connecting rod	Bend twist per 100 mm (3.94 in) in length	Limit	0.10 mm	(0.0039 in)
	Side clearance	STD	0.070 — 0.330 mm	(0.0028 — 0.0130 in)
		Limit	0.4 mm	(0.016 in)
Connecting rod bearing	Oil clearance	STD	0.015 — 0.045 mm	(0.0006 — 0.0018 in)
		Limit	0.05 mm	(0.0020 in)
	Thickness at center portion	STD	1.492 — 1.501 mm	(0.0587 — 0.0591 in)
		0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	1.510 — 1.513 mm	(0.0594 — 0.0596 in)
		0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	1.520 — 1.523 mm	(0.0598 — 0.0600 in)
		0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	1.620 — 1.623 mm	(0.0638 — 0.0639 in)
Connecting rod bushing	Clearance between piston pin and bushing	STD	0 — 0.022 mm	(0 — 0.0009 in)
		Limit	0.030 mm	(0.0012 in)

STD: Standard OS: Oversize US: Undersize

Crankshaft	Bend limit			0.035 mm	(0.0014 in)
	Crankpin and crank journal	Out-of-roundness		0.030 mm (0.0012 in) or less	
		Grinding limit		0.250 mm	(0.0098 in)
	Crankpin outer diameter		STD	51.984 — 52.000 mm	(2.0466 — 2.0472 in)
			0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	51.954 — 51.970 mm	(2.0454 — 2.0461 in)
			0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	51.934 — 51.950 mm	(2.0446 — 2.0453 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	51.734 — 51.750 mm	(2.0368 — 2.0374 in)
	Crank journal outer diameter	#1, #5	STD	59.992 — 60.008 mm	(2.3619 — 2.3625 in)
			0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	59.962 — 59.978 mm	(2.3607— 2.3613 in)
			0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	59.934 — 59.950 mm	(2.3596 — 2.3602 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	59.742 — 59.758 mm	(2.3520 — 2.3527 in)
		#2, #3, #4	STD	59.992 — 60.008 mm	(2.3619 — 2.3625 in)
			0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	59.954 — 59.970 mm	(2.3604 — 2.3610 in)
			0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	59.934 — 59.950 mm	(2.3596 — 2.3602 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	59.734 — 59.750 mm	(2.3517 — 2.3524 in)
	Thrust clearance		STD	0.030 — 0.115 mm	(0.0012 — 0.0045 in)
			Limit	0.25 mm	(0.0098 in)
	Oil clearance	#1, #5	STD	0.010 — 0.030 mm	(0.0004 — 0.0012 in)
			Limit	0.040 mm	(0.0016 in)
		#2, #3, #4	STD	0.010 — 0.030 mm	(0.0004 — 0.0012 in)
			Limit	0.035 mm	(0.0014 in)
Crankshaft bearing	Crankshaft bearing thickness	#1, #5	STD	1.998 — 2.011 mm	(0.0787 — 0.0792 in)
			0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	2.017 — 2.020 mm	(0.0794 — 0.0795 in)
			0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	2.027 — 2.030 mm	(0.0798 — 0.0799 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	2.127 — 2.130 mm	(0.0837 — 0.0839 in)
		#2, #3, #4	STD	2.000 — 2.013 mm	(0.0787 — 0.0793 in)
			0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	2.019 — 2.022 mm	(0.0795 — 0.0796 in)
			0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	2.029 — 2.032 mm	(0.0799 — 0.0800 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	2.129 — 2.132 mm	(0.0838 — 0.0839 in)

STD: Standard US: Undersize

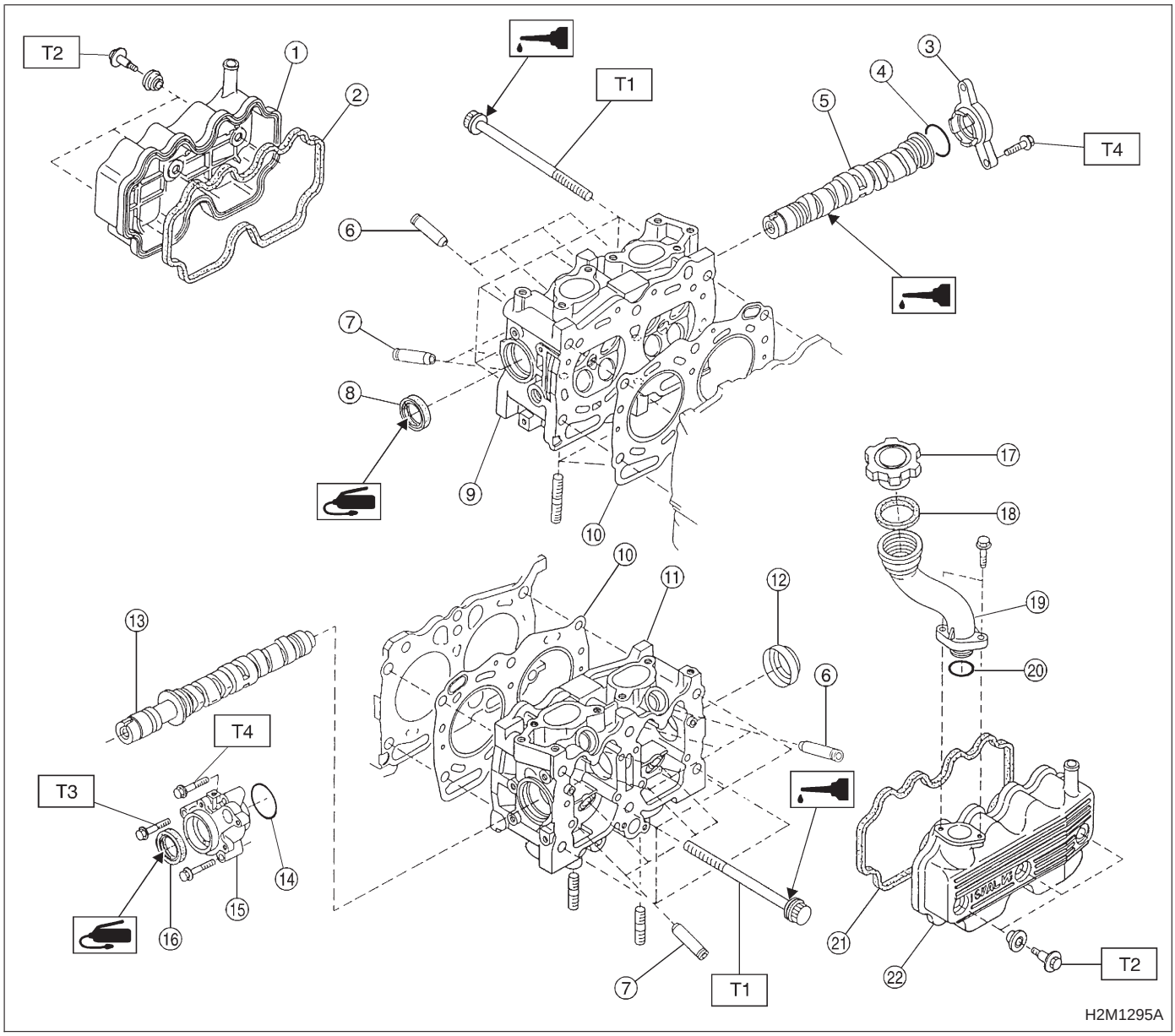
1. Timing Belt



① Crankshaft sprocket
② Right-hand belt cover No. 2
③ Left-hand belt cover No. 2
④ Right-hand camshaft sprocket
⑤ Belt idler
⑥ Tensioner bracket
⑦ Belt idler
⑧ Belt tensioner
⑨ Tensioner adjuster
⑩ Belt idler No. 2
⑪ Left-hand camshaft sprocket
⑫ Timing belt
⑬ Right-hand belt cover
⑭ Front belt cover
⑮ Left-hand belt cover
⑯ Crankshaft pulley

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 5 (0.5, 3.6)
T2: 23 — 26 (2.3 — 2.7, 17 — 20)
T3: 35 — 43 (3.6 — 4.4, 26 — 32)
T4: 74 — 83 (7.5 — 8.5, 54 — 61)
T5: 93 — 103 (9.5 — 10.5, 69 — 76)

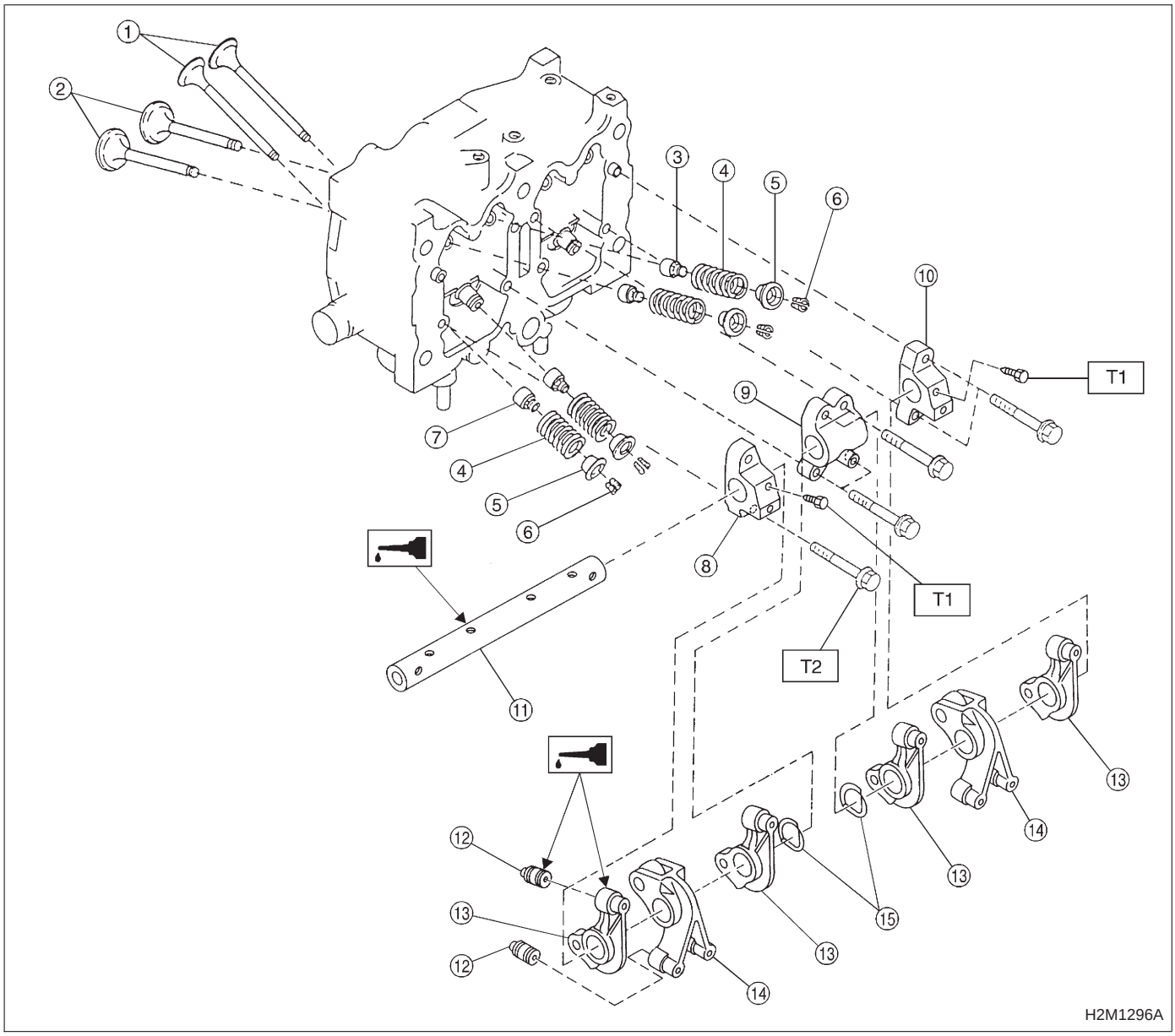
2. Cylinder Head and Camshaft



① Rocker cover (RH)
② Rocker cover gasket
③ Camshaft support (RH)
④ O-ring
⑤ Camshaft (RH)
⑥ Intake valve guide
⑦ Exhaust valve guide
⑧ Oil seal
⑨ Cylinder head (RH)
⑩ Cylinder head gasket
⑪ Cylinder head (LH)
⑫ Plug
⑬ Camshaft (LH)
⑭ O-ring
⑮ Camshaft support (LH)
⑯ Oil seal
⑰ Oil filler cap
⑱ Gasket
⑲ Oil filler pipe
⑳ O-ring
㉑ Rocker gasket
㉒ Rocker cover (LH)

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: Refer to 2-3 [W6E1].
T2: 5±1 (0.5±0.1, 3.6±0.7)
T3: 10 (1.0, 7)
T4: 16 (1.6, 12)

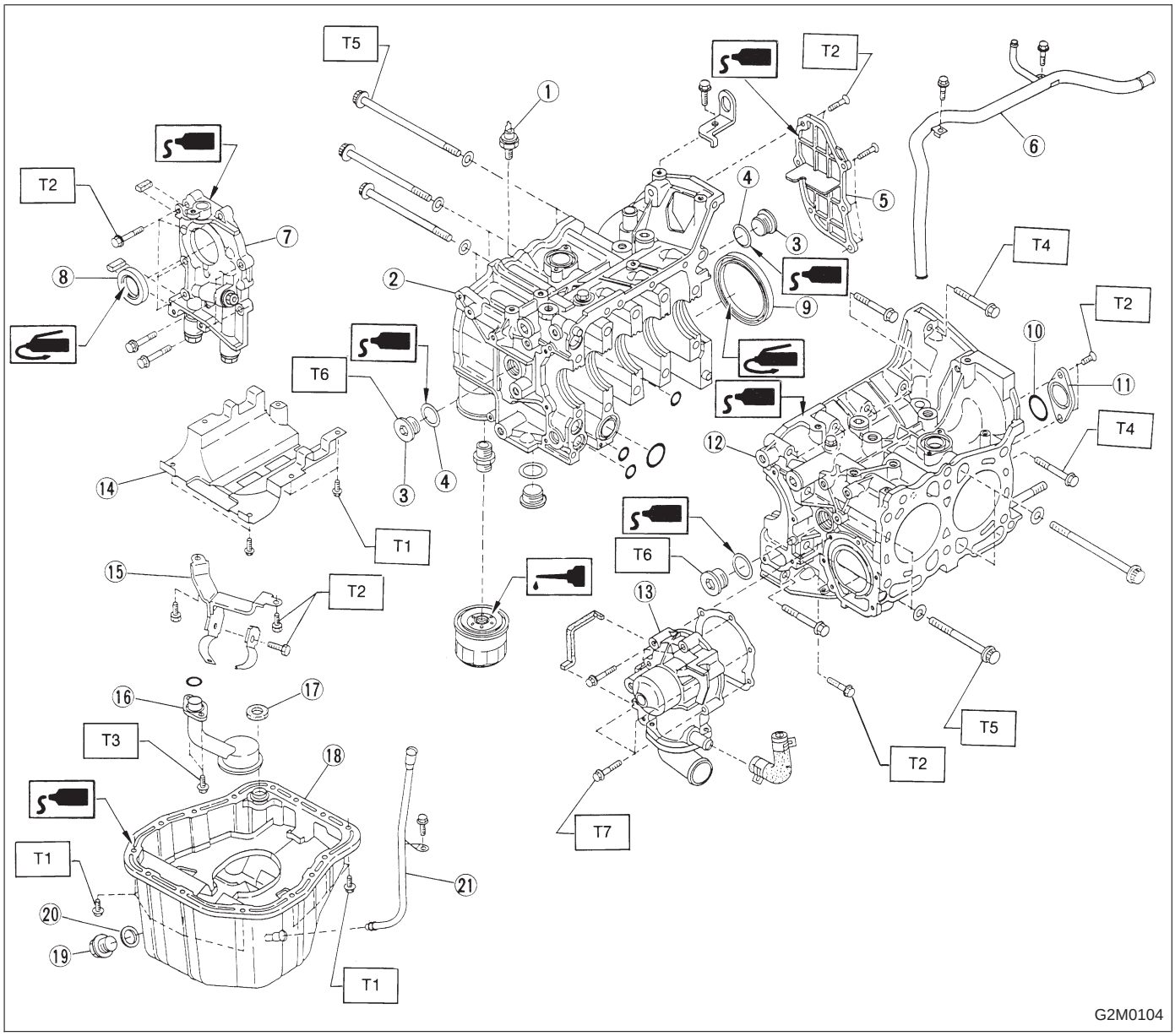
3. Cylinder Head and Valve Assembly



① Exhaust valve
② Intake valve
③ Intake valve oil seal
④ Valve spring
⑤ Retainer
⑥ Retainer key
⑦ Exhaust valve oil seal
⑧ Rocker shaft support
⑨ Rocker shaft support
⑩ Rocker shaft support
⑪ Rocker shaft
⑫ Hydraulic lash adjuster
⑬ Intake valve rocker arm
⑭ Exhaust valve rocker arm
⑮ Spring

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 5 (0.5, 3.6)
T2: 12±1 (1.2±0.1, 8.7±0.7)

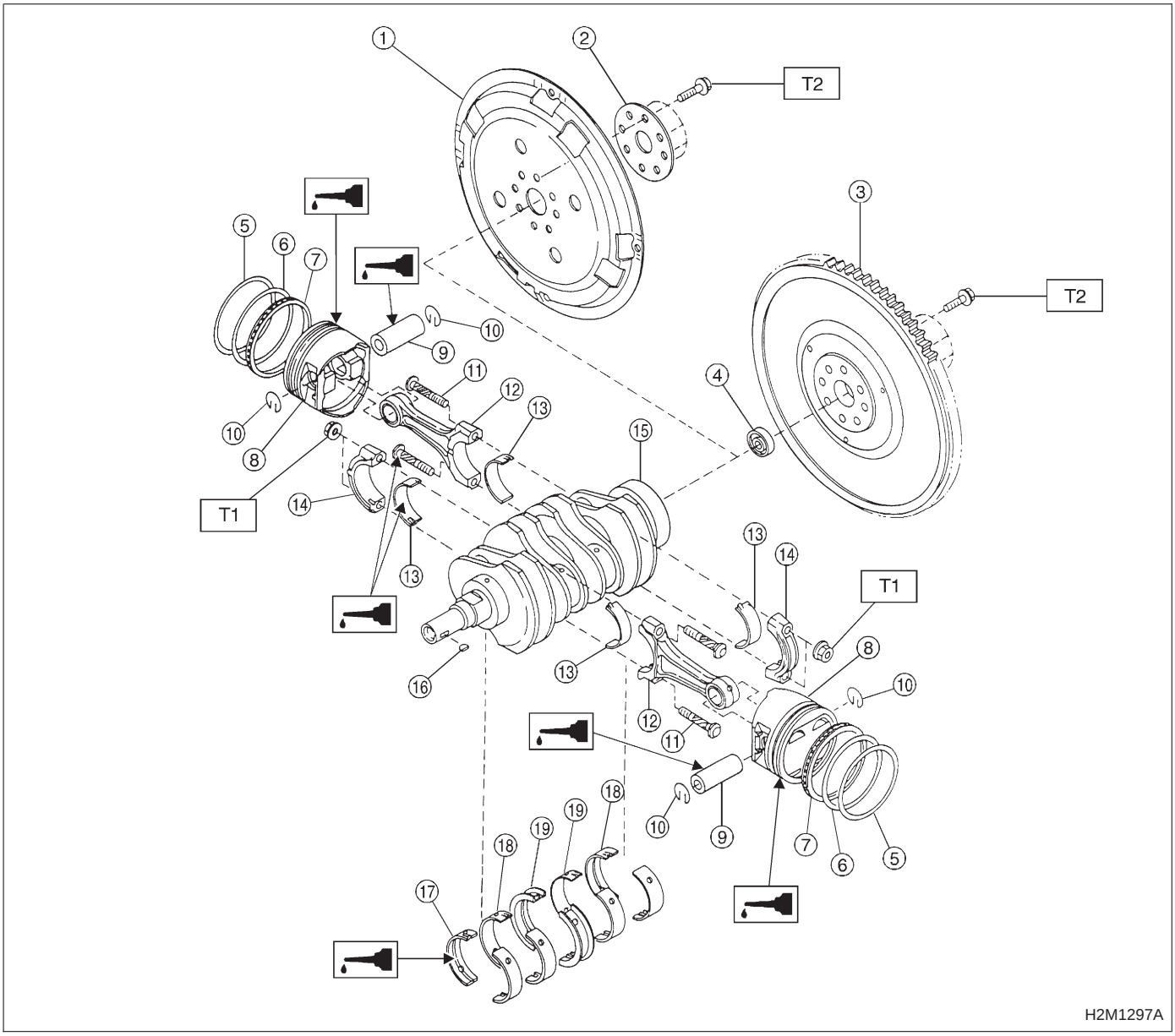
4. Cylinder Block



① Oil pressure switch
② Cylinder block (RH)
③ Service hole plug
④ Gasket
⑤ Oil separator cover
⑥ Water pipe
⑦ Oil pump
⑧ Front oil seal
⑨ Rear oil seal
⑩ O-ring
⑪ Service hole cover
⑫ Cylinder block (LH)
⑬ Water pump
⑭ Baffle plate
⑮ Oil strainer stay
⑯ Oil strainer
⑰ Gasket
⑱ Oil pan
⑲ Oil drain plug
⑳ Gasket
㉑ Oil filler pipe

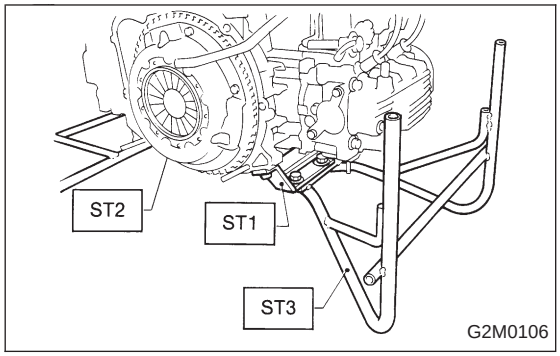
Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 5 (0.5, 3.6)
T2: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7)
T3: 10 (1.0, 7)
T4: 23 — 26 (2.3 — 2.7, 17 — 20)
T5: 44 — 50 (4.5 — 5.1, 33 — 37)
T6: 62 — 76 (6.3 — 7.7, 46 — 56)
T7: First 10 — 14 (1.0 — 1.4, 7 — 10)
Second 10 — 14 (1.0 — 1.4, 7 — 10)

5. Crankshaft and Piston



① Drive plate
② Reinforcement
③ Flywheel
④ Bell bearing
⑤ Top ring
⑥ Second ring
⑦ Oil ring
⑧ Piston
⑨ Piston pin
⑩ Circlip
⑪ Connecting rod bolt
⑫ Connecting rod
⑬ Connecting rod bearing
⑭ Connecting rod cap
⑮ Crankshaft
⑯ Woodruff key
⑰ Crankshaft bearing #1, #5
⑱ Crankshaft bearing #2, #4
⑲ Crankshaft bearing #3

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 43 — 46 (4.4 — 4.7, 32 — 34)
T2: 69 — 75 (7.0 — 7.6, 51 — 55)



1. General Precautions

1) Before disassembling engine, place it on ST3.

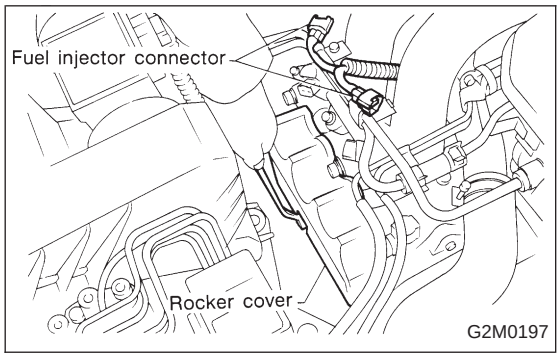
ST1	498457000	ENGINE STAND ADAPTER RH
ST2	498457100	ENGINE STAND ADAPTER LH
ST3	499817000	ENGINE STAND

2) All parts should be thoroughly cleaned, paying special attention to the engine oil passages, pistons and bearings.
3) Rotating parts and sliding parts such as piston, bearing and gear should be coated with oil prior to assembly.
4) Be careful not to let oil, grease or coolant contact the timing belt, clutch disc and flywheel.
5) All removed parts, if to be reused, should be reinstalled in the original positions and directions.
6) Gaskets and lock washers must be replaced with new ones. Liquid gasket should be used where specified to prevent leakage.
7) Bolts, nuts and washers should be replaced with new ones as required.
8) Even if necessary inspections have been made in advance, proceed with assembly work while making rechecks.

2. Hydraulic Lash Adjuster

A: INSPECTION

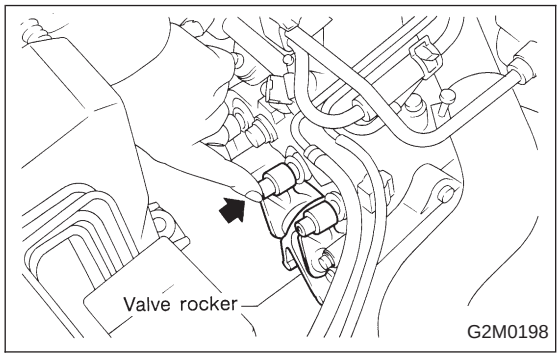
1) Disconnect blow-by hose from rocker cover.
2) Remove spark plug cap.



3) Disconnect connectors from fuel injectors. (1800 cc)

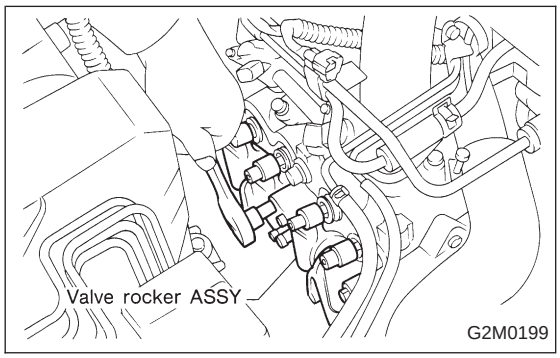
4) Remove left and right rocker covers.

CAUTION:
Before removing left rocker cover, disconnect engine harness connector (1800 cc), battery cables and generator cable.

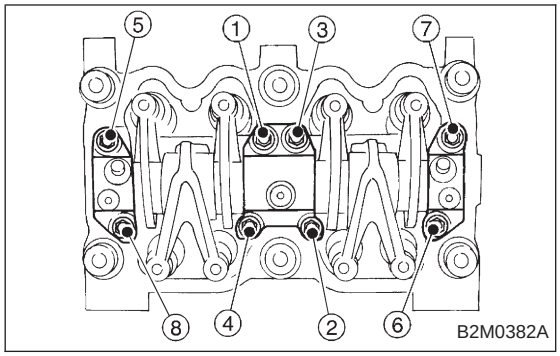


5) Manually push valve rocker (at lash adjuster location) to check that there is no air in it.

NOTE:
When air is in lash adjuster, valve rocker moves when pushed with fingers.



6) If air is in lash adjuster, remove valve rocker assembly from engine and bleed air completely.



B: AIR BLEEDING

1) Remove valve rocker assembly.

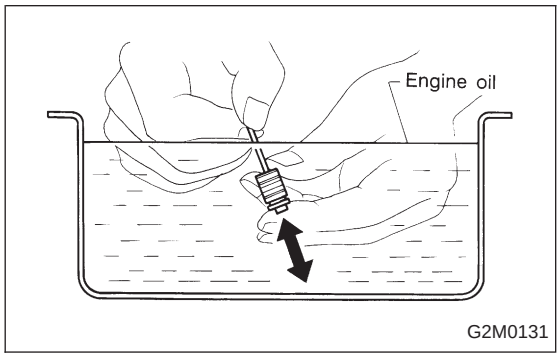
(1) Remove bolts ① through ④ in numerical sequence.

CAUTION:
Leave two or three threads of bolt ① engaged to retain valve rocker assembly.

(2) Equally loosen bolts ⑤ through ⑧ all the way, being careful that knock pin is not gouged.

2) Manually remove lash adjusters where air is trapped.

CAUTION:
If lash adjuster is difficult to remove manually, use pliers. Be careful not to scratch lash adjuster.



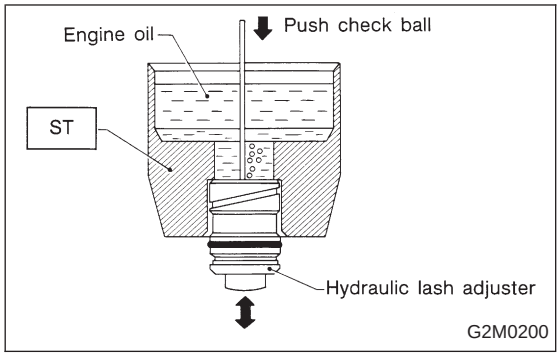
3) Bleed air from hydraulic lash adjuster as described below:

(1) While dipping hydraulic lash adjuster in engine oil, as shown in Figure, push check ball in using a 2 mm (0.08 in) diameter round bar.

(2) With check ball pushed in, manually move plunger up and down at one second intervals until air bubbles disappear.

(3) After air bubbles disappear, remove round bar and quickly push plunger in to ensure it is locked. If plunger does not lock properly, replace hydraulic lash adjuster.

CAUTION:
Leave hydraulic lash adjuster (after air is bled) in engine oil until it is ready for installation.



4) Using ST;

(1) Insert lash adjuster into ST, and fill ST with engine oil. Using a 2 mm (0.08 in) diameter rod, push check ball in.

ST 499597000 OIL SEAL GUIDE

(2) With check ball pushed in, push plunger at an interval of one second.

(3) Move plunger up and down until air bubbles are no longer emitted from lash adjuster.

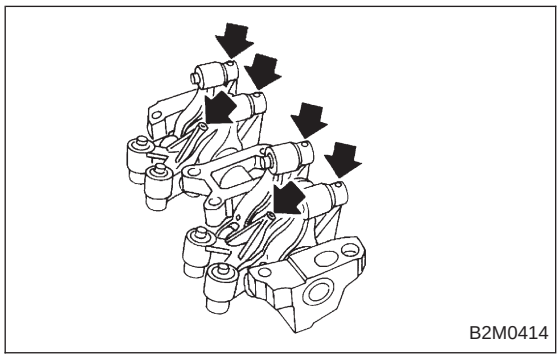
NOTE:
Hold hydraulic lash adjusters vertically during air bleeding.

5) Remove the rod. Push plunger to ensure that air is completely bled out.

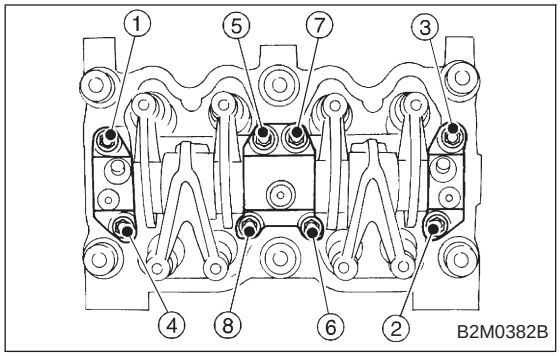
CAUTION:
If plunger does not properly lock (when pushed), replace lash adjuster with a new one.

6) Fill rocker arm's oil reservoir with engine oil and install lash adjuster.

CAUTION:
- **Do not rotate lash adjuster during installation.**
- **Be careful not to scratch the oil seal.**



CAUTION:
When removing valve rocker assembly, keep the assembly soaked in engine oil, or position it with air bleeding orifice on rocker arm facing upward as shown. This prevents oil leakage from and air entering into the hydraulic lash adjuster. Failure to do so may cause air to enter the hydraulic lash adjuster, causing loss in performance.



7) Temporarily and equally tighten bolts ① through ④. Do not allow knock pin to catch valve rocker assembly.
8) Tighten bolts ⑤ through ⑧ to specified torque.
9) Tighten bolts ① through ④ to specified torque.

Tightening torque:
12±1 N·m (1.2±0.1 kg-m, 8.7±0.7 ft-lb)

10) Install rocker covers.

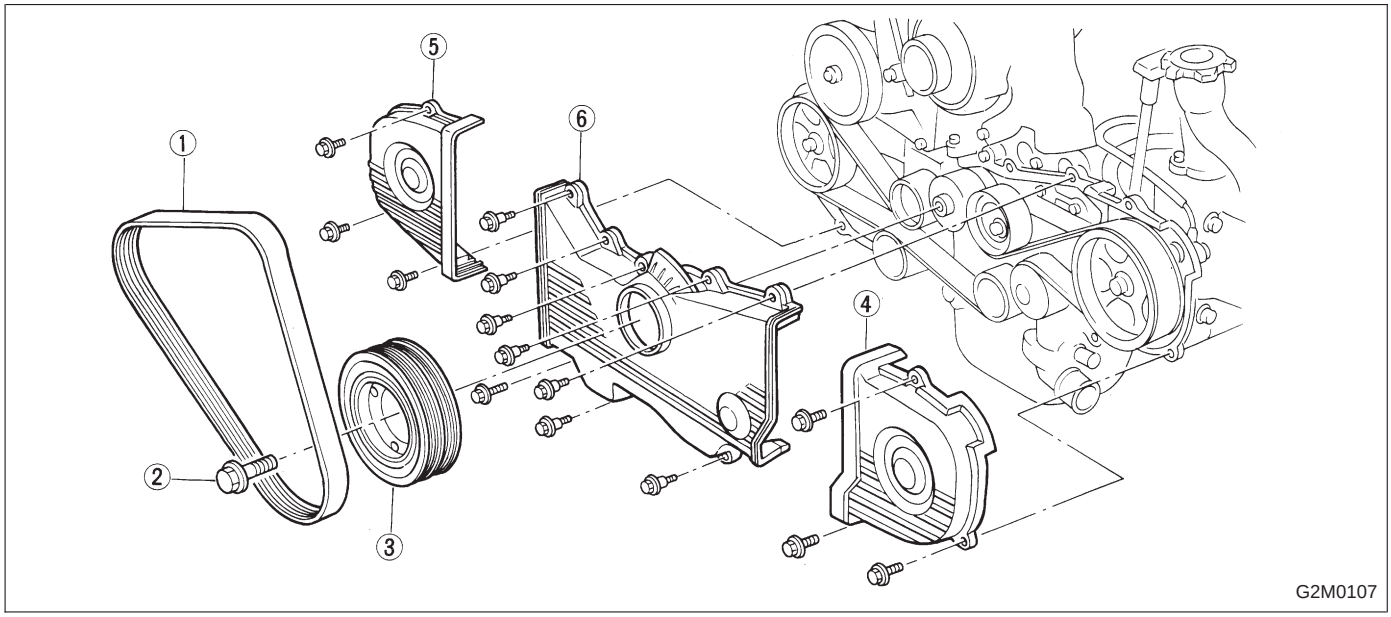
Tightening torque:
5±1 N·m (0.5±0.1 kg-m, 3.6±0.7 ft-lb)

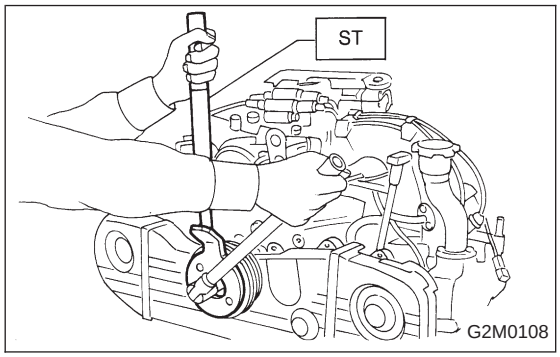
11) Connect harness connectors, hoses, etc. to their positions.

3. Timing Belt

A: REMOVAL

1. CRANKSHAFT PULLEY AND BELT COVER



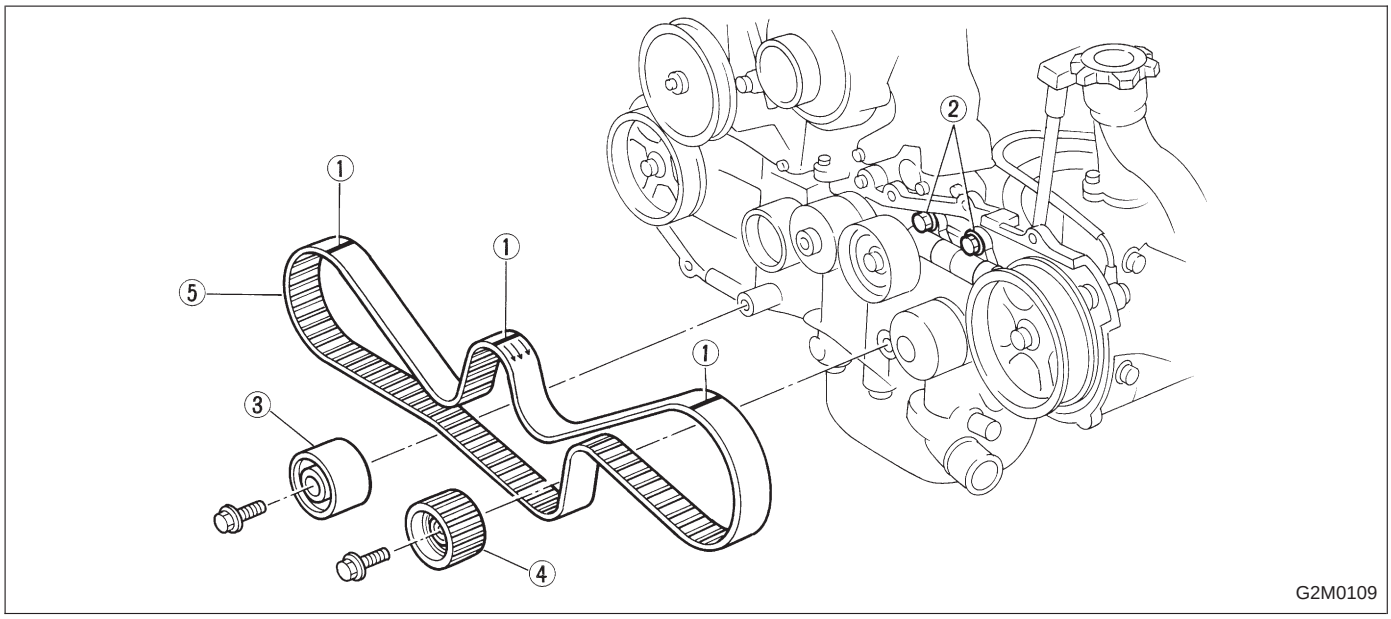


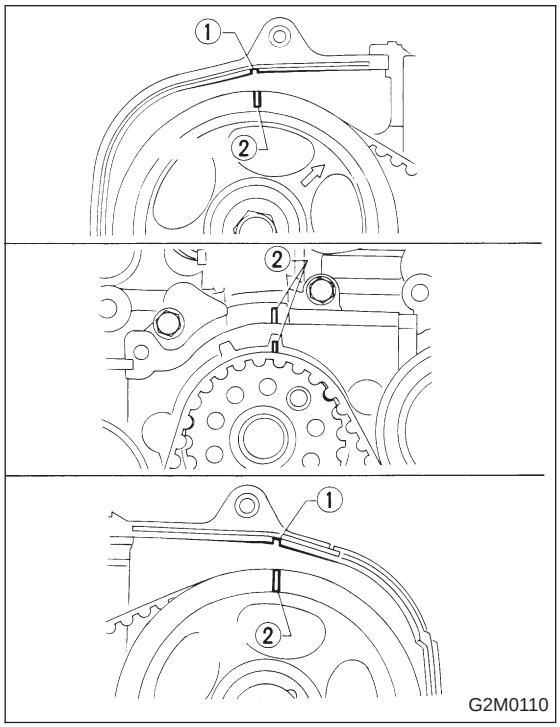
1) Remove V-belt and A/C belt tensioner.
2) Remove pulley bolt. To lock crankshaft use ST.

ST 499977000 CRANKSHAFT PULLEY WRENCH

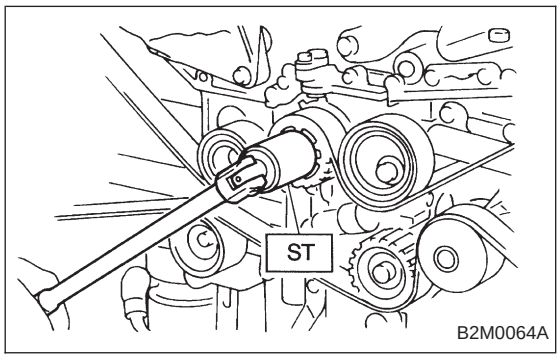
3) Remove crankshaft pulley.
4) Remove left-hand belt cover.
5) Remove right-hand belt cover.
6) Remove front belt cover.

2. TIMING BELT



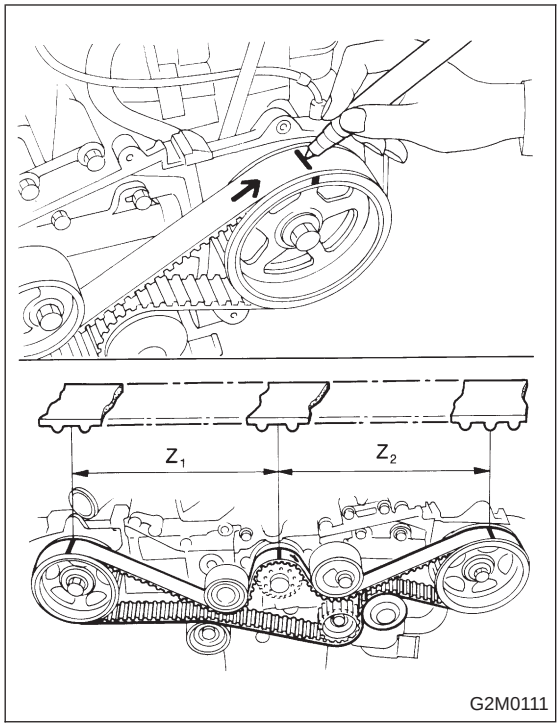


1) If alignment mark ② and/or arrow mark (which indicates rotation direction) on timing belt fade away, put new marks before removing timing belt as follows:



(1) Turn crankshaft, and align alignment marks ② on crankshaft sprocket, and left and right camshaft sprockets with notches ① of belt cover and cylinder block.

ST 499987500 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET



(2) Using white paint, put alignment and/or arrow marks on timing belts in relation to the sprockets.

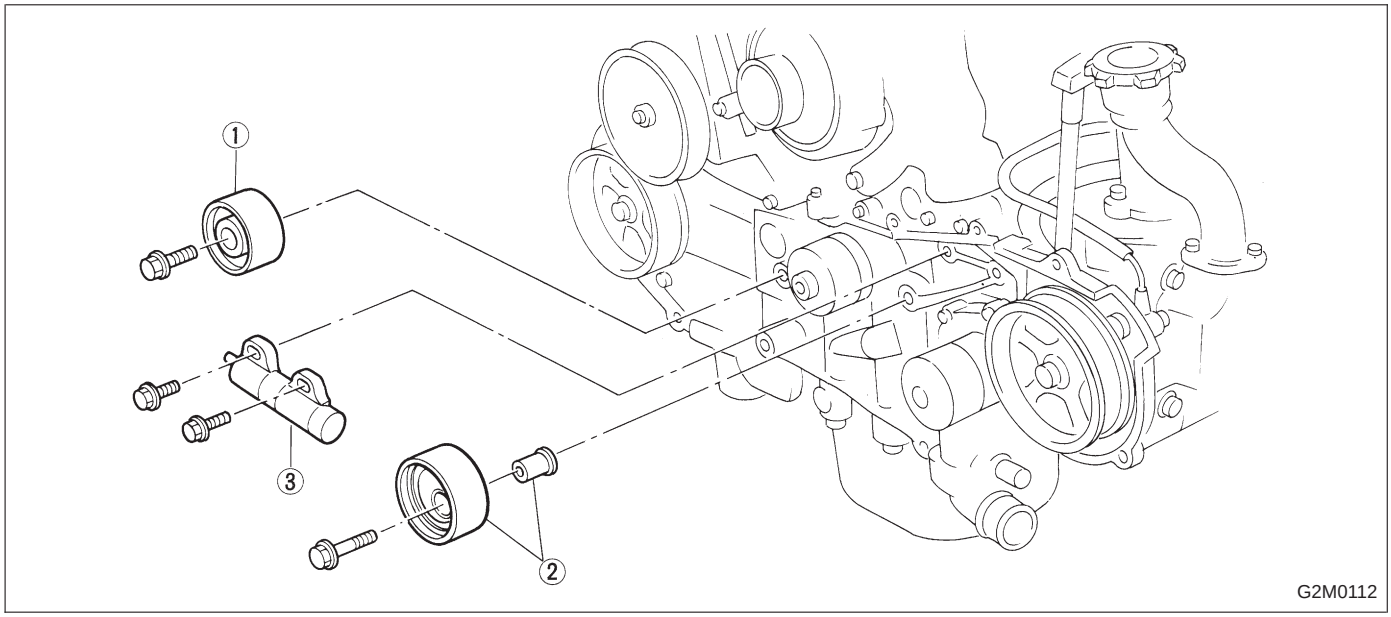
Z_1: 44 tooth length
Z_2: 40.5 tooth length

2) Loosen tensioner adjuster mounting bolts.

3) Remove belt idler.

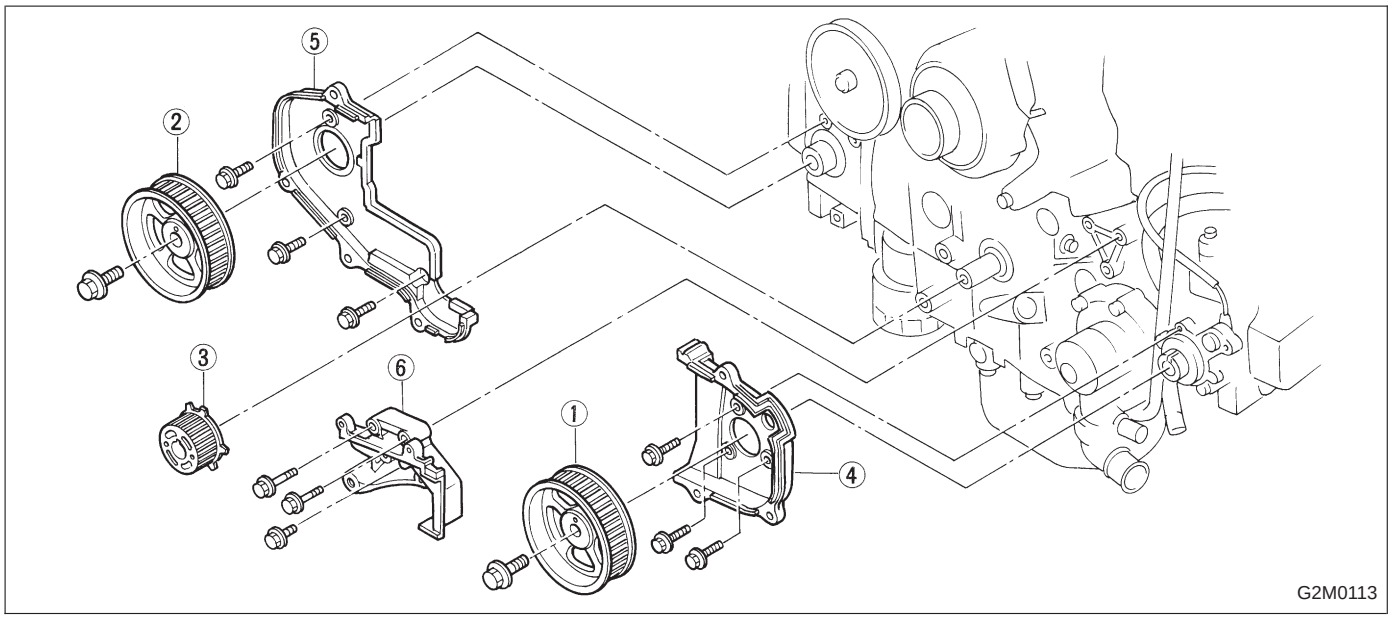
4) Remove belt idler No. 2.
5) Remove timing belt.

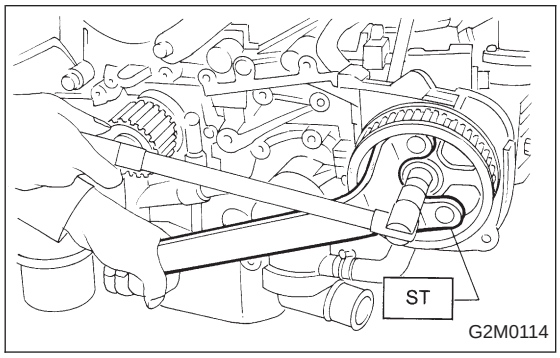
3. BELT TENSIONER AND IDLER



1) Remove belt idler.
2) Remove belt tensioner and spacer.
3) Remove belt tension adjuster.

4. SPROCKET





1) Remove left-hand camshaft sprocket.

2) Remove right-hand camshaft sprocket. To lock camshaft use ST.

ST 499207100 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH

3) Remove crankshaft sprocket.
4) Remove left-hand belt cover No. 2.
5) Remove right-hand belt cover No. 2.

CAUTION:
Do not damage or lose the seal rubber when removing belt covers.

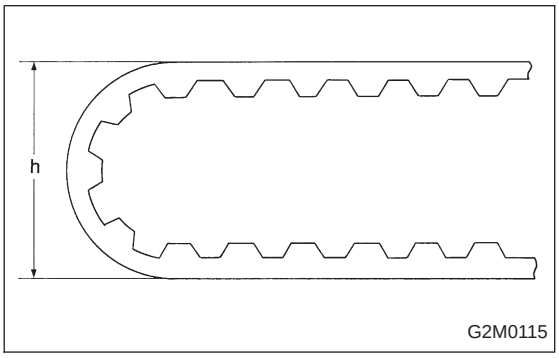
6) Remove tensioner bracket.

B: INSPECTION

1. TIMING BELT

1) Check timing belt teeth for breaks, cracks, and wear. If any fault is found, replace belt.
2) Check the condition of back side of belt; if any crack is found, replace belt.

CAUTION:
● Be careful not to let oil, grease or coolant contact the belt. Remove quickly and thoroughly if this happens.



● Do not bend the belt sharply.

Bending radius: h
60 mm (2.36 in) or more

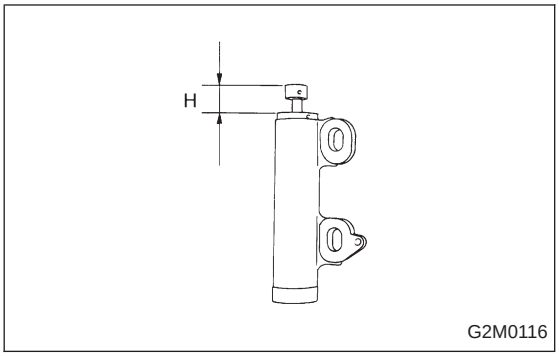
2. BELT TENSION ADJUSTER

1) Visually check oil seals for leaks, and rod ends for abnormal wear or scratches. If necessary, replace belt tension adjuster.

CAUTION:
Slight traces of oil at rod' oil seal does not indicate a problem.

2) While holding tensioner with both hands, push the rod section against floor or wall ensuring the rod section will react as follows:

(1) When applying a force of 147 N (15 kg, 33 lb), the rod section should not sink.
(2) When applying a force of 147 to 490 N (15 to 50 kg, 33 to 110 lb), the rod section should maintain a projectionally acting force and should not sink within 8.5 seconds.



3) Measure the extension of rod beyond the body. If it is not within specifications, replace with a new one.

Rod extension: H
15.4 — 16.4 mm (0.606 — 0.646 in)

3. BELT TENSIONER

1) Check mating surfaces of timing belt and contact point of tension adjuster rod for abnormal wear or scratches. Replace belt tensioner if faulty.
2) Check spacer and tensioner bushing for wear.
3) Check tensioner for smooth rotation. Replace if noise or excessive play is noted.
4) Check tensioner for grease leakage.

4. BELT IDLER

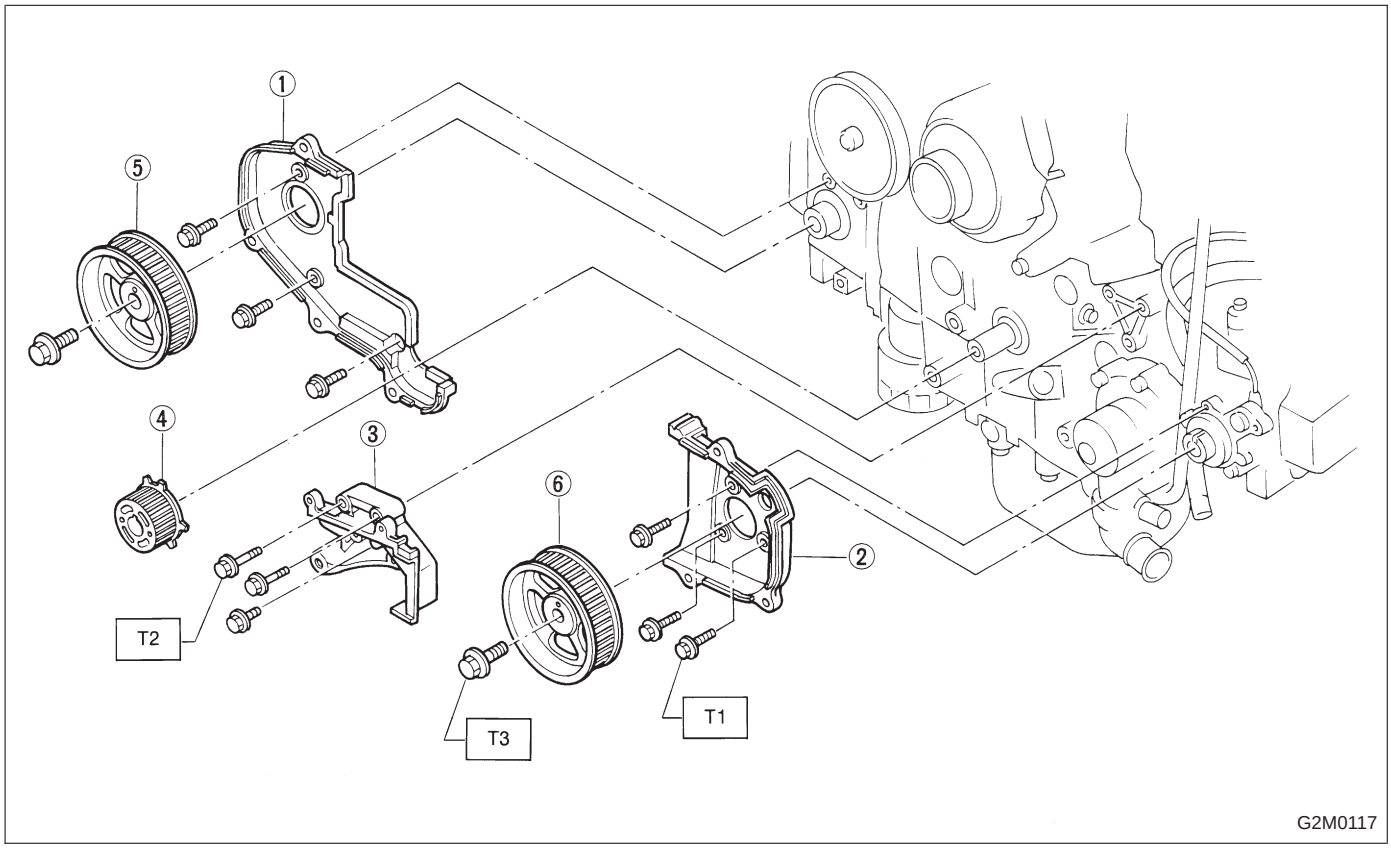
1) Check idler for smooth rotation. Replace if noise or excessive play is noted.
2) Check outer contacting surfaces of idler pulley for abnormal wear and scratches.
3) Check idler for grease leakage.

5. SPROCKET

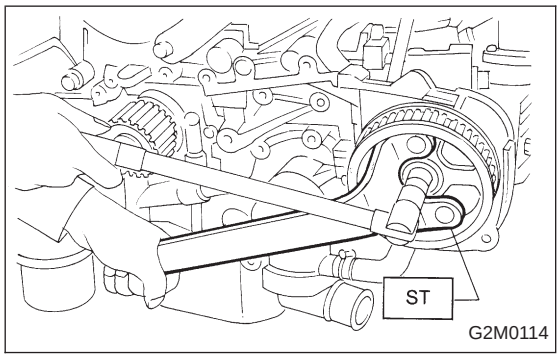
1) Check sprocket teeth for abnormal wear and scratches.
2) Make sure there is no free play between sprocket and key.
3) Check crankshaft sprocket notch for sensor for damage and contamination of foreign matter.

C: INSTALLATION

1. SPROCKET



Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 5 (0.5, 3.6)
T2: 23 — 26 (2.3 — 2.7, 17 — 20)
T3: 64 — 74 (6.5 — 7.5, 47 — 54)

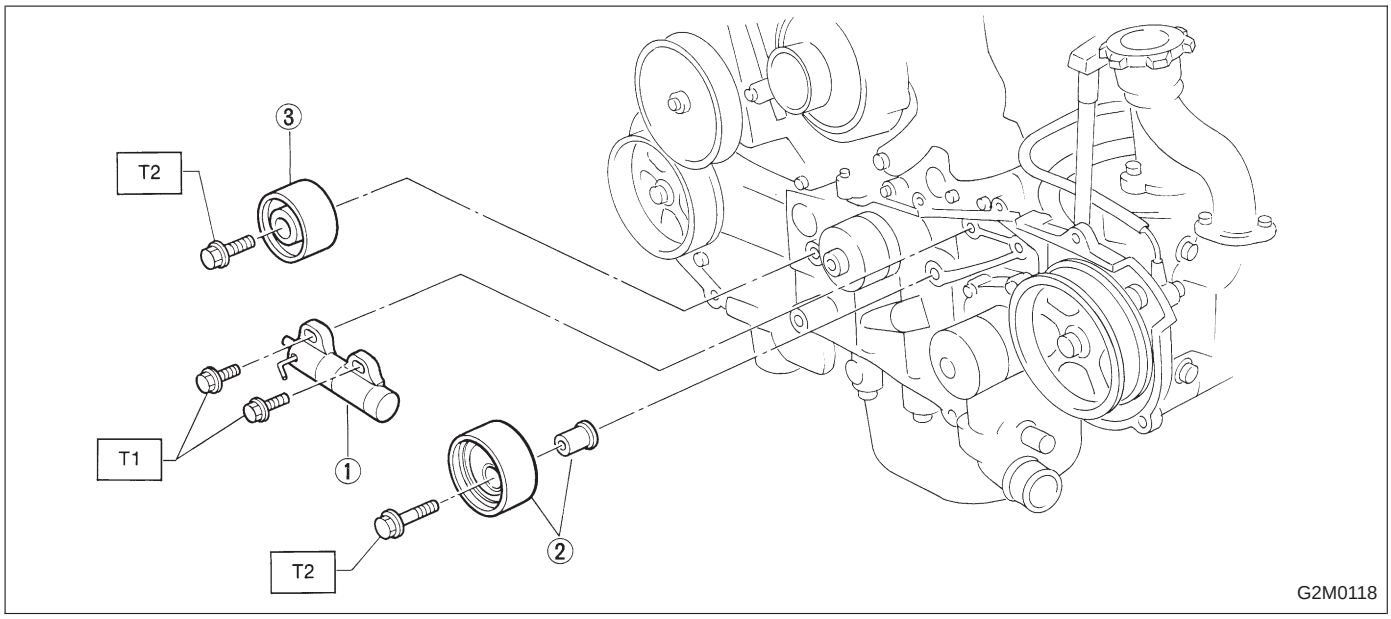


1) Install right-hand belt cover No. 2.
2) Install tensioner bracket.
3) Install left-hand belt cover No. 2.
4) Install crankshaft sprocket.
5) Install right-hand camshaft sprocket and left-hand camshaft sprocket. To lock camshaft use ST.

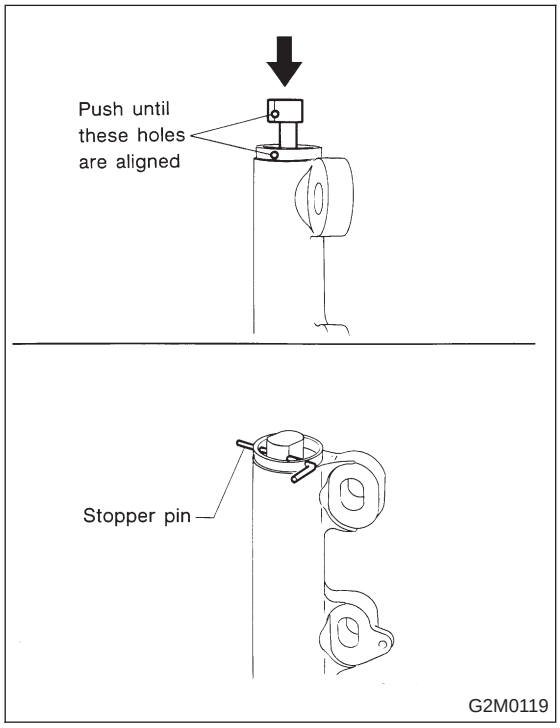
ST 499207100 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH

CAUTION:
Do not confuse left- and right-hand camshaft sprockets during installation. The left-hand camshaft sprocket is identified by a projection used to monitor cam angle sensor.

2. BELT TENSIONER AND IDLER



Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 23 — 26 (2.3 — 2.7, 17 — 20)
T2: 35 — 43 (3.6 — 4.4, 26 — 32)

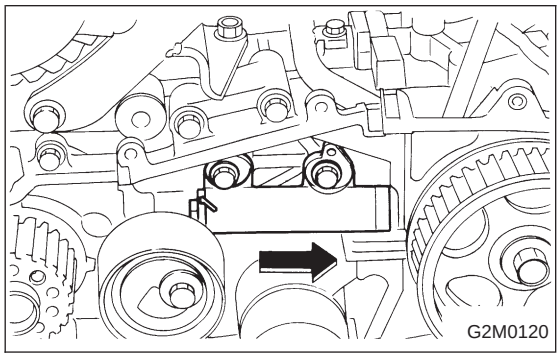


1) Installation of belt tension adjuster
Insert stopper pin 1.5 mm (0.059 in) diameter into place while pushing tension adjuster rod into body using a press.

CAUTION:
- **Do not allow press pressure to exceed 9,807 N (1,000 kg, 2,205 lb).**
- **Do not release press pressure until stopper pin is completely inserted.**
- **Push tension adjuster rod vertically.**
- **Press-in the push rod gradually taking three minutes or more.**

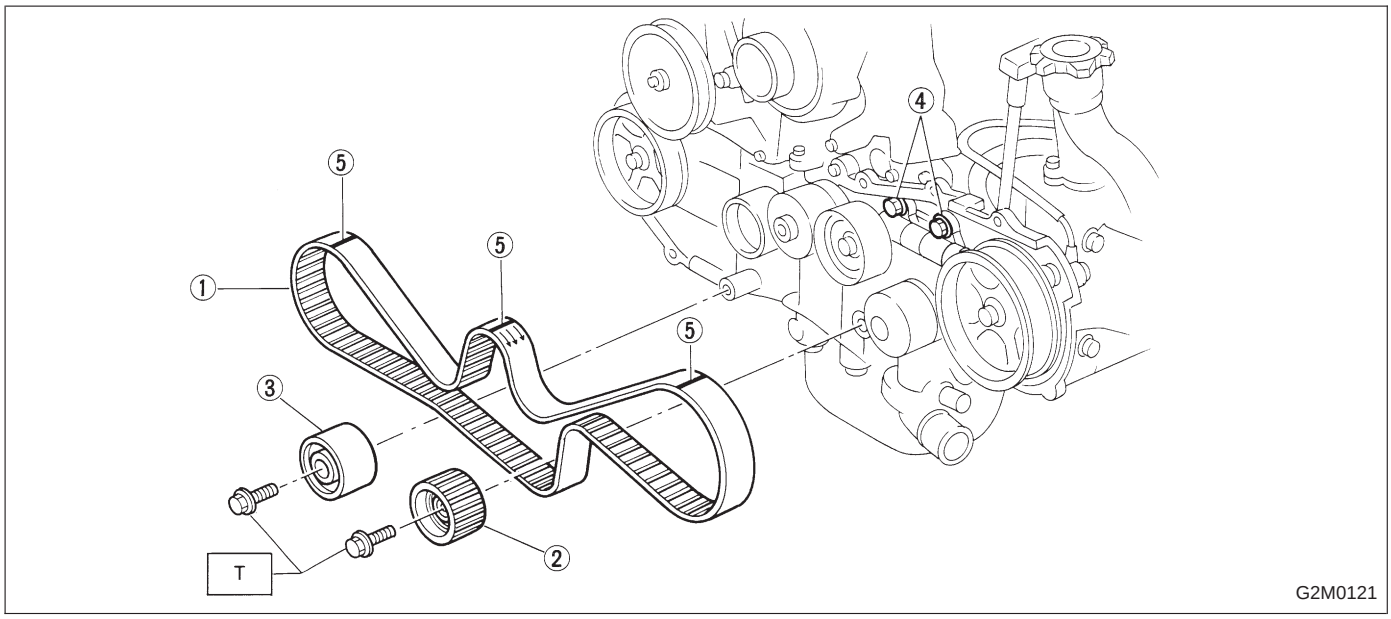
2) Install belt tensioner and spacer.

3) Install belt idler.

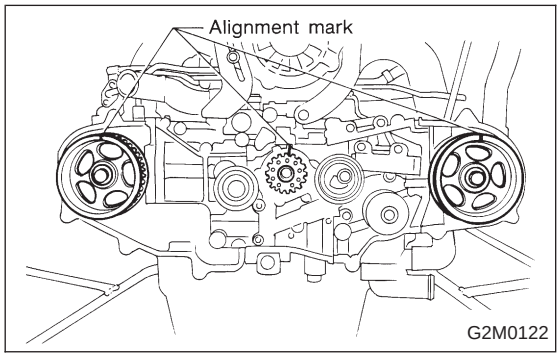


(1) Temporarily tighten bolts while belt tension adjuster is pushed all the way to the right.

3. TIMING BELT



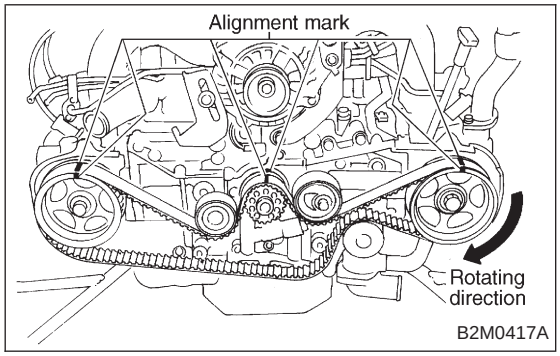
Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T: 35 — 43 (3.6 — 4.4, 26 — 32)



1) Installation of timing belt.

(1) Using ST, turn left and right camshaft sprockets so that their alignment marks come to top positions.

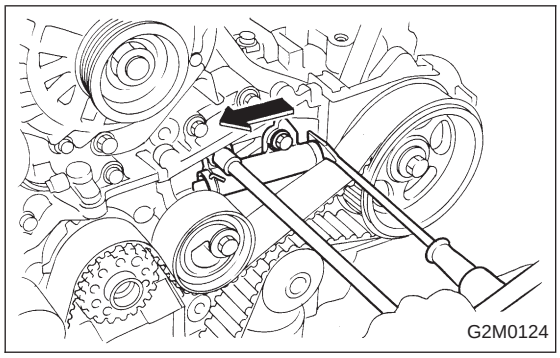
ST 499207100 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH



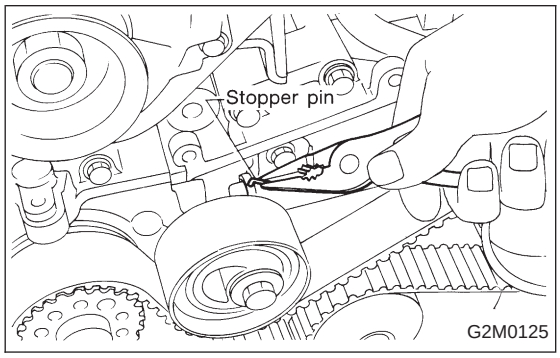
(2) While aligning alignment mark on timing belt with marks on sprockets, position timing belt properly.

CAUTION:
Ensure belt's rotating direction is correct.

2) Install belt idler No. 2.
3) Install belt idler.



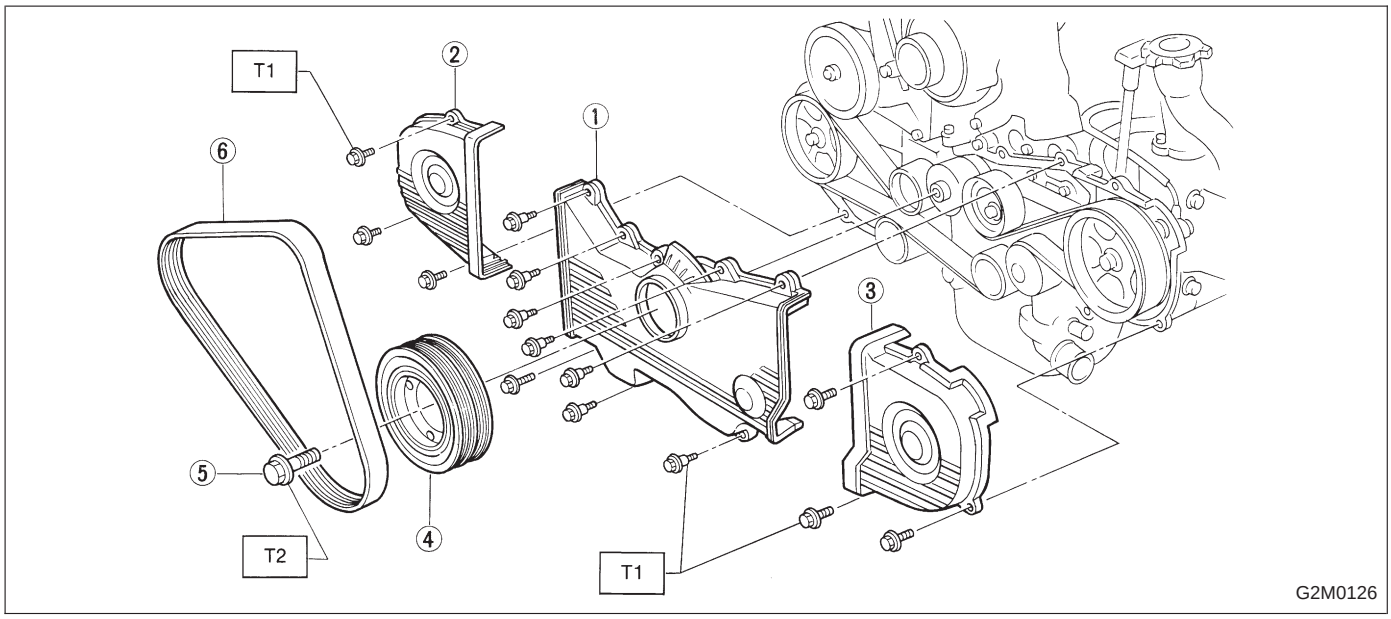
4) Loosen belt tension adjuster attaching bolts and move adjuster all the way to the left. Tighten the bolts.



5) After ensuring that the marks on timing belt and camshaft sprockets are aligned, remove stopper pin from belt tension adjuster.

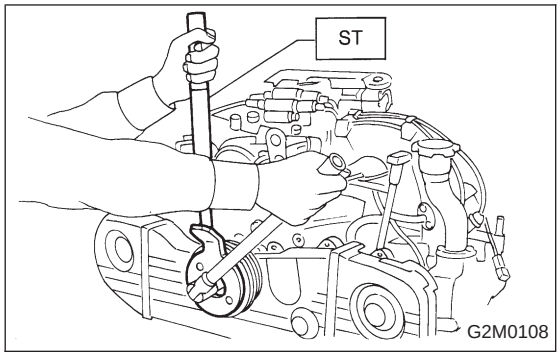
CAUTION:
After properly installing timing belt, remove rocker cover and ensure that the valve lash adjuster contains no air.

4. CRANKSHAFT PULLEY AND BELT COVER



Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 5 (0.5, 3.6)
T2: 93 — 103 (9.5 — 10.5, 69 — 76)

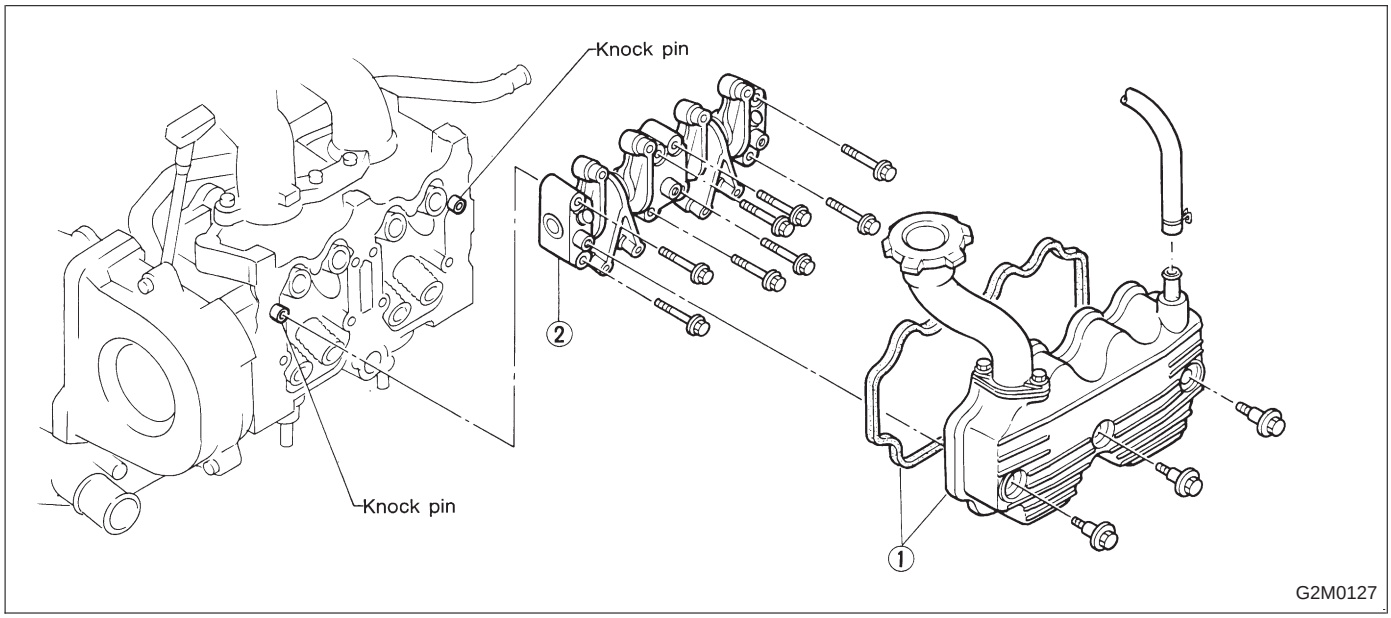
1) Install front belt cover.
2) Install right-hand belt cover.
3) Install left-hand belt cover.
4) Install crankshaft pulley.

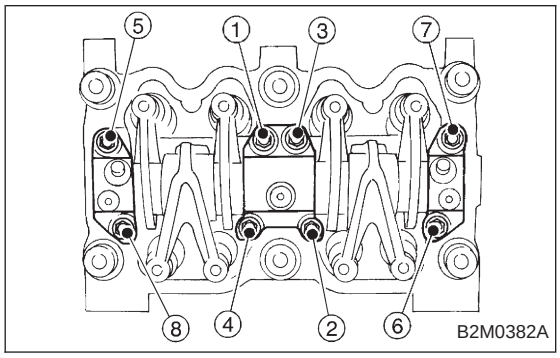


5) Install pulley bolt.
To lock crankshaft, use ST.
ST 499977000 CRANKSHAFT PULLEY WRENCH
6) Install V-belt.

4. Valve Rocker Assembly

A: REMOVAL

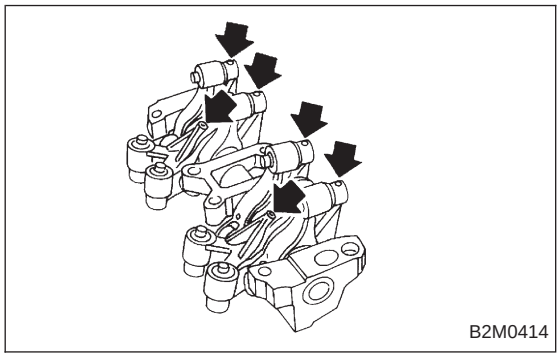




1) Disconnect PCV hose and remove rocker cover.
2) Removal of valve rocker assembly
   (1) Remove bolts ① through ④ in numerical sequence.

CAUTION:
Leave two or three threads of bolt ① engaged to retain valve rocker assembly.

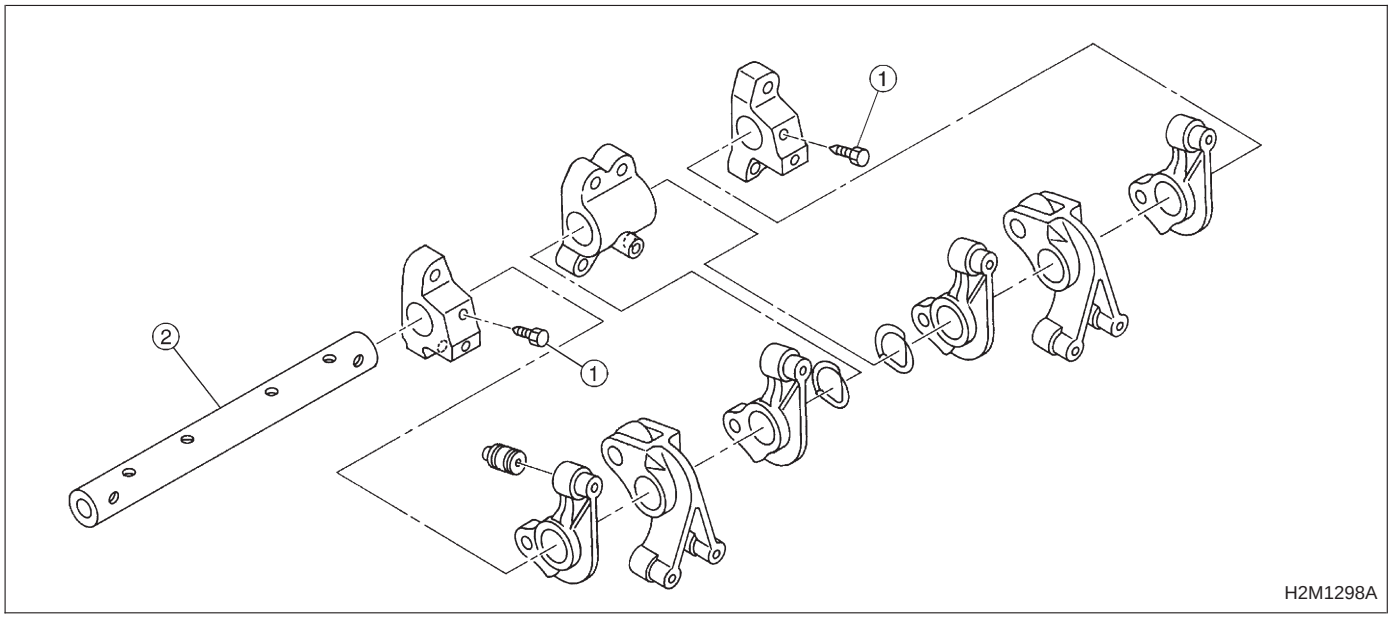
   (2) Equally loosen bolts ⑤ through ⑧ all the way, being careful that knock pin is not gouged.



   (3) Remove valve rocker assembly.

CAUTION:
Locate valve rocker assembly with air vent (on rocker arm) facing upward or dip it in engine oil after removal.

B: DISASSEMBLY



1) Remove bolts which secure rocker shaft.
2) Extract rocker shaft. Remove valve rocker arms, springs and shaft supports from rocker shaft.

CAUTION:
- **Arrange all removed parts in order so that they can be installed in their original positions.**
- **Locate rocker arms with air vents facing upward.**

3) Remove valve lash adjuster from valve rocker.

CAUTION:
- **Do not remove valve lash adjuster unless it requires air bleeding or replacement.**
- **If valve lash adjuster is hard to remove by hand, use pliers. Be careful not to scratch valve lash adjuster.**
- **Dip lash adjuster in engine oil after removal.**

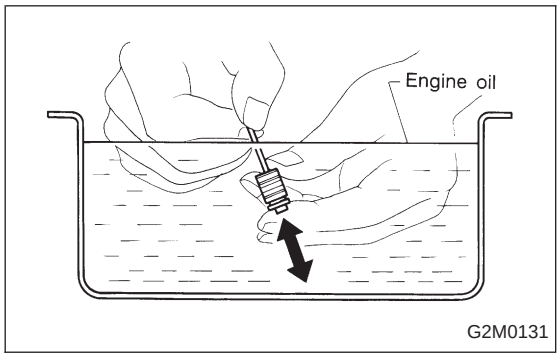
C: INSPECTION

1. HYDRAULIC LASH ADJUSTER

1) Bleed air from hydraulic lash adjuster as described below:

(1) While dipping hydraulic lash adjuster in engine oil, as shown in Figure, push check ball in using a 2 mm (0.08 in) dia. round bar.

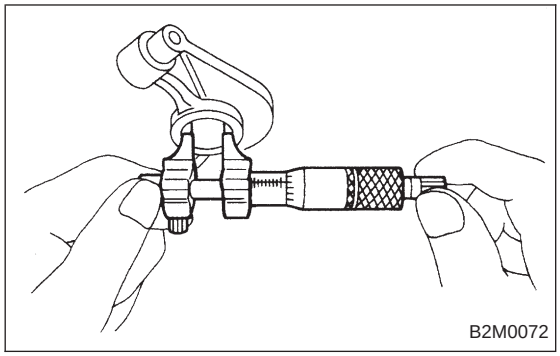
(2) With check ball pushed in, manually move plunger up and down at one second intervals until air bubbles disappear.

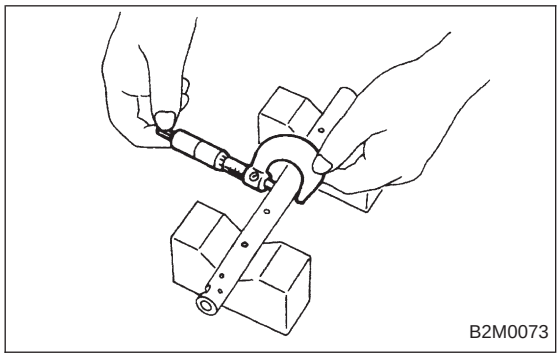


(3) After air bubbles disappear, remove round bar and quickly push plunger in to ensure it is locked. If plunger does not lock properly, replace hydraulic lash adjuster.

CAUTION:
Leave hydraulic lash adjuster (after air is bled) in engine oil until it is ready for installation.

2) Replace hydraulic lash adjuster with a new one if valve contact surface is scratched.


B2M0072


B2M0073

2. VALVE ROCKER ARM

1) Measure inside diameter of valve rocker arm and outside diameter of valve rocker shaft, and determine the difference between the two (= oil clearance).

Clearance between arm and shaft:
Standard
0.020 — 0.054 mm (0.0008 — 0.0021 in)
Limit
0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

If oil clearance exceeds specifications, replace valve rocker arm or shaft.

NOTE:
Replace valve rocker arm or shaft, whichever shows greater amount of wear.

Rocker arm inside diameter:
22.020 — 22.041 mm (0.8669 — 0.8678 in)

Rocker shaft diameter:
21.987 — 22.000 mm (0.8656 — 0.8661 in)

2) Measure inside diameter of rocker shaft support and outside diameter of valve rocker shaft, and determine the difference between the two (= oil clearance).

Clearance between support and shaft:
Standard
0.005 — 0.039 mm (0.0002 — 0.0015 in)
Limit
0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

If oil clearance exceeds specifications, replace rocker shaft support or shaft.

NOTE:
Replace rocker shaft support or shaft, whichever shows greater amount of wear.

Rocker shaft support inside diameter:
22.005 — 22.026 mm (0.8663 — 0.8672 in)

Rocker shaft diameter:
21.987 — 22.000 mm (0.8656 — 0.8661 in)

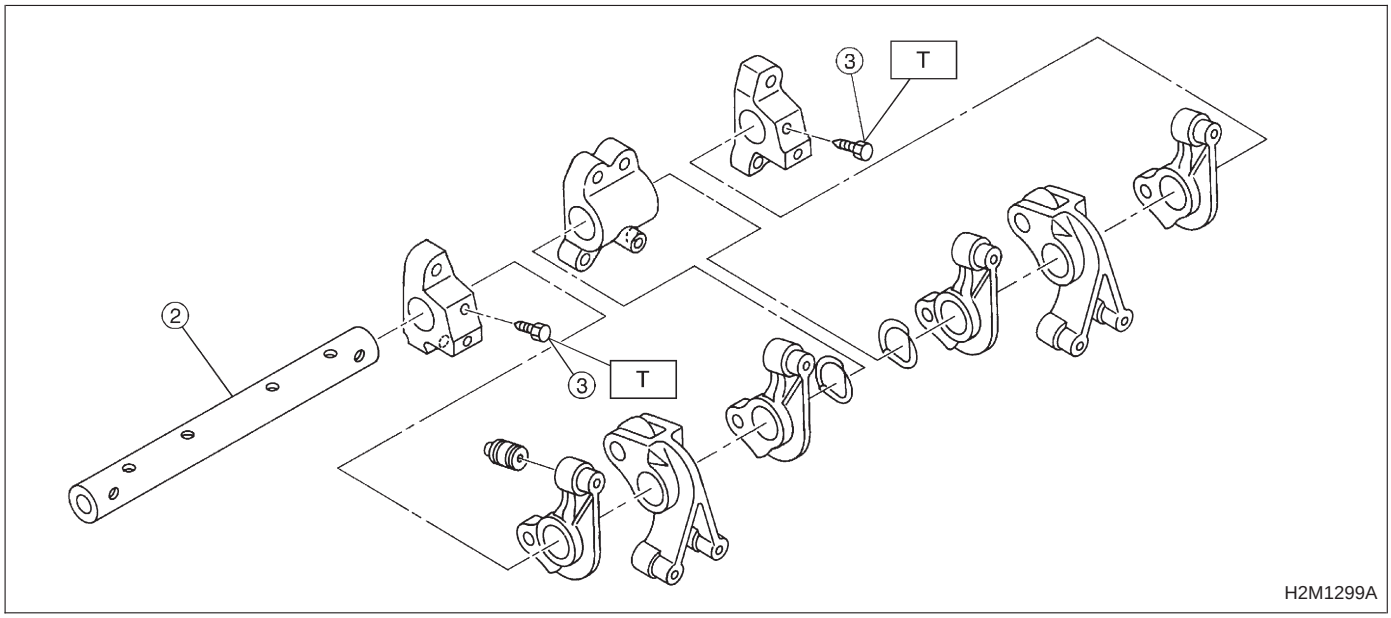
3) If cam or valve contact surface of valve rocker arm is worn or dented excessively, replace valve rocker arm.
4) Check that valve rocker arm roller rotates smoothly. If not, replace valve rocker arm.

3. VALVE ROCKER SHAFT

Visually check oil relief valve of shaft end for any of the following abnormalities.
- Breaks in check ball body
- Foreign particles caught in valve spring
- Oil leaks at check ball

CAUTION:
Repair or replace valve rocker shaft as necessary.

D: ASSEMBLY



Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T: 5 (0.5, 3.6)

1) After bleeding air from hydraulic lash adjuster, position hydraulic lash adjuster in valve rocker arm while dipping in engine oil. <Ref. to 2-3 [W4C1].>

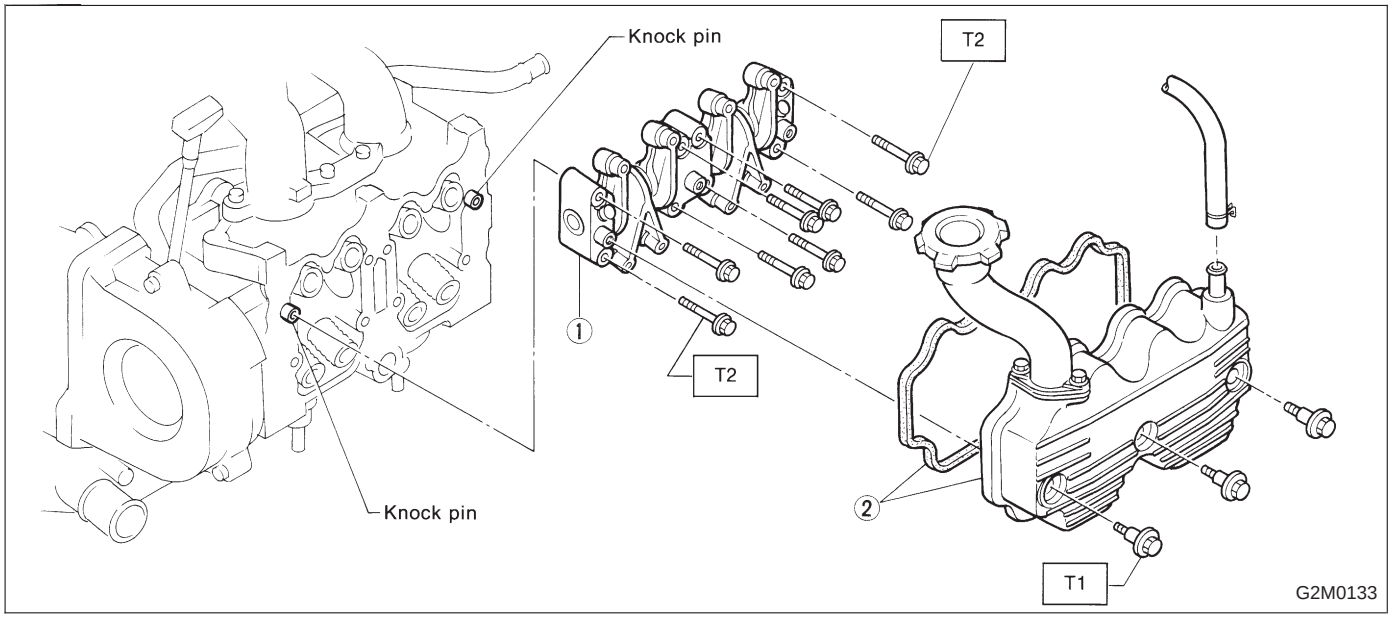
CAUTION:
- **Fill rocker arm oil reservoir chamber with engine oil.**
- **Install a new hydraulic lash adjuster O-ring, being careful not to scratch it.**
- **Do not attempt to rotate hydraulic lash adjuster during installation.**

2) Arrange valve rocker arms, springs and shaft supports in assembly order and insert valve rocker shaft. Ensure that cutout portion of rocker shaft faces oil holes in shaft supports.

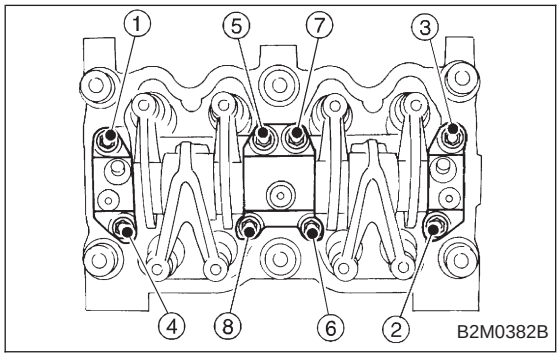
CAUTION:
Valve rocker arms, rocker shaft and shaft supports have identification marks. Ensure parts with same markings are properly assembled.

3) Install valve rocker shaft securing bolts while aligning shaft “lock” holes with bolts.

E: INSTALLATION



Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 5±1 (0.5±0.1, 3.6±0.7)
T2: 12±1 (1.2±0.1, 8.7±0.7)



1) Installation of valve rocker assembly

(1) Temporarily tighten bolts ① through ④ equally as shown in Figure.

CAUTION:
Do not allow valve rocker assembly to gouge knock pins.

(2) Tighten bolts ⑤ through ⑧ to specified torque.
(3) Tighten bolts ① through ④ to specified torque.

2) Install rocker cover and connect PCV hose.

5. Camshaft

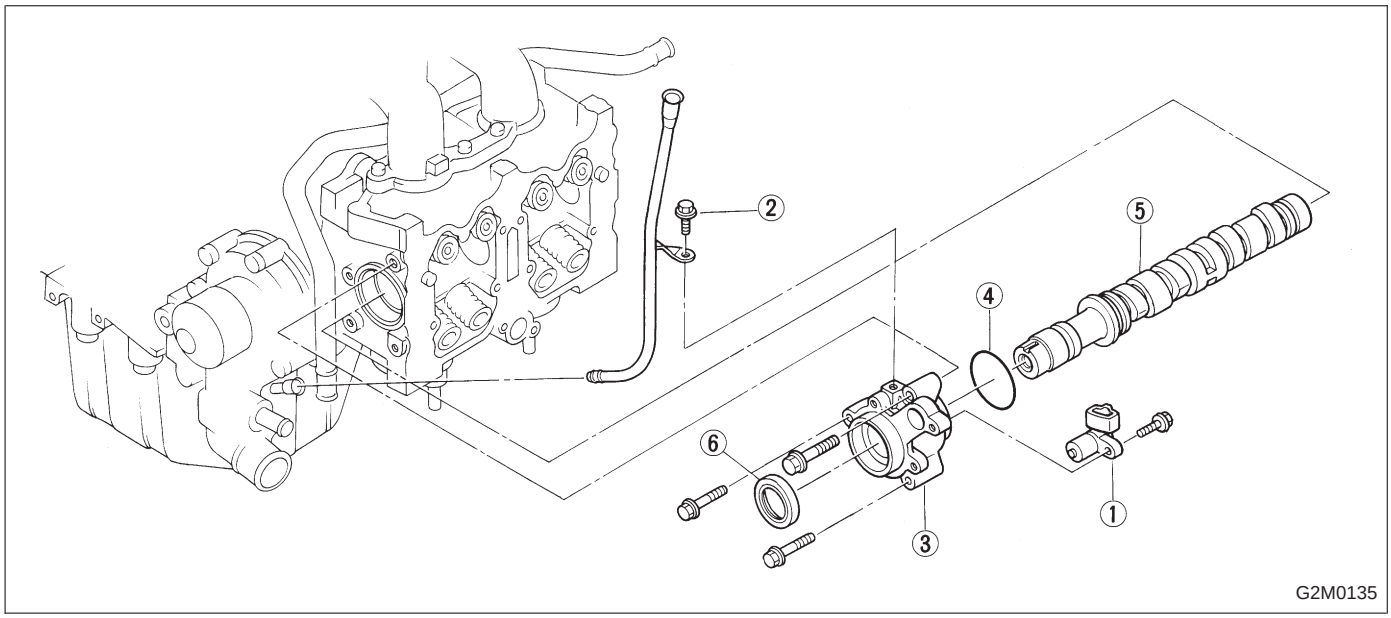
A: REMOVAL

1. RELATED PARTS

1) Remove timing belt, camshaft sprockets and related parts.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W3A0].>

2) Remove valve rocker Assembly.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W4A0].>

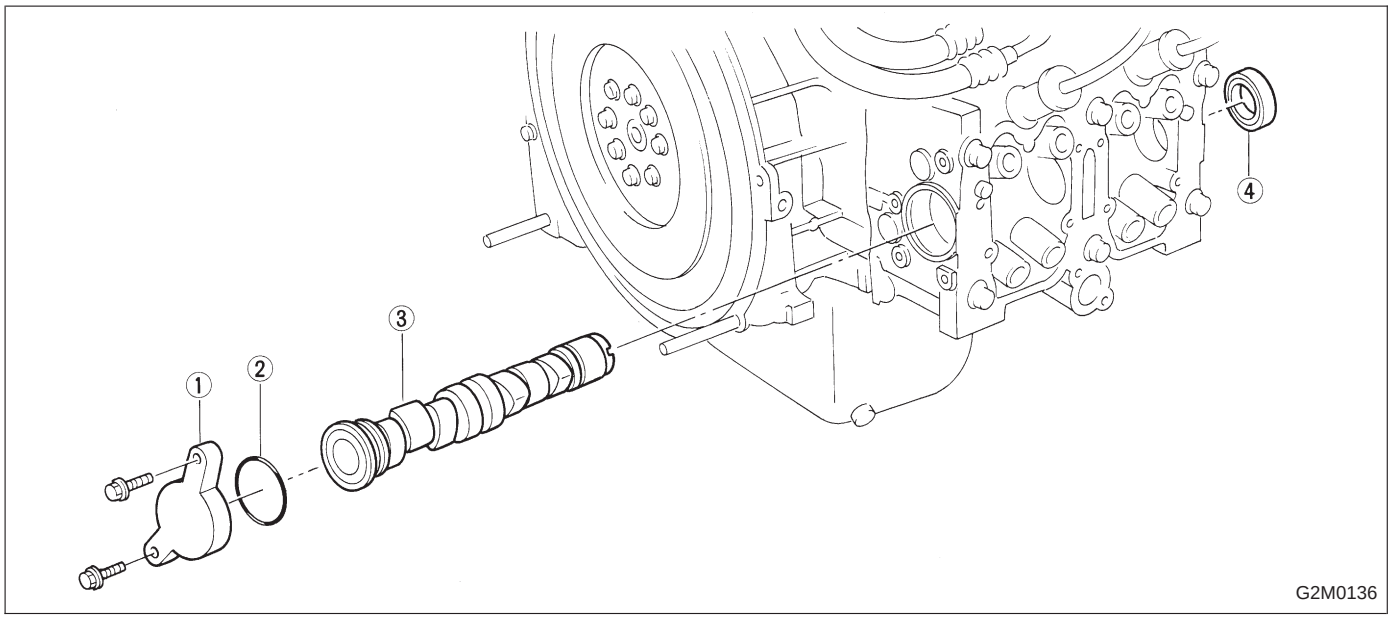
2. CAMSHAFT LH



1) Remove camshaft position sensor.
2) Remove oil level gauge guide attaching bolt.
3) Remove camshaft support LH.
4) Remove O-ring.
5) Remove camshaft LH.
6) Remove oil seal.

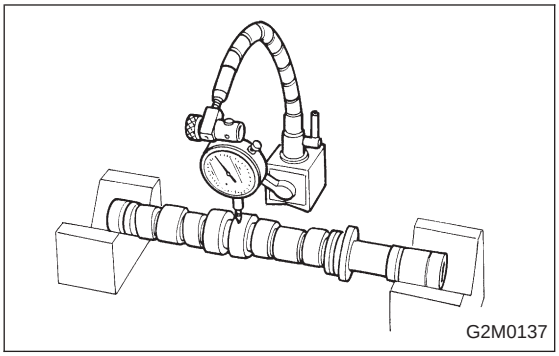
CAUTION:
- **Do not remove oil seal unless necessary.**
- **Do not scratch journal surface when removing oil seal.**

3. CAMSHAFT RH



1) Remove camshaft support RH.
2) Remove O-ring.
3) Remove camshaft.
4) Remove oil seal.

CAUTION:
- **Do not remove oil seal unless necessary.**
- **Do not scratch journal surface when removing oil seal.**


G2M0137

B: INSPECTION

1. CAMSHAFT

1) Measure the bend, and repair or replace if necessary.

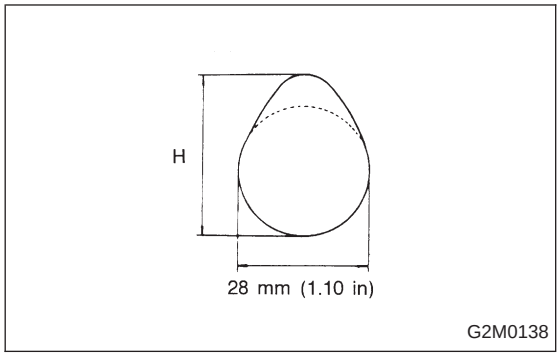
Limit:
0.025 mm (0.0010 in)

2) Check journal for damage and wear. Replace if faulty.

3) Measure outside diameter of camshaft journal and inside diameter of cylinder head journal, and determine the difference between the two (= oil clearance). If oil clearance exceeds specifications, replace camshaft or cylinder head as necessary.

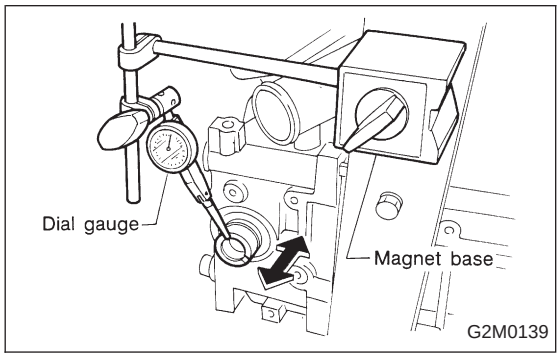
Unit: mm (in)

Item				
	Right-hand camshaft	Front	Center	Rear
	Left-hand camshaft	Rear	Center	Front
Clearance at journal	Standard	0.055 — 0.090 (0.0022 — 0.0035)		
	Limit	0.10 (0.0039)		
Camshaft journal O.D.		31.935 — 31.950 (1.2573 — 1.2579)	37.435 — 37.450 (1.4738 — 1.4744)	37.935 — 37.950 (1.4935 — 1.4941)
Journal hole I.D.		32.005 — 32.025 (1.2600 — 1.2608)	37.505 — 37.525 (1.4766 — 1.4774)	38.005 — 38.025 (1.4963 — 1.4970)



4) Check cam face condition; remove minor faults by grinding with oil stone. Measure the cam height H; replace if the limit has been exceeded.

Cam height: H
1800 cc:
Standard
32.364 — 32.464 mm (1.2742 — 1.2781 in)
Limit
32.214 mm (1.2683 in)
2200 cc:
Standard
IN: 31.994 — 32.094 mm (1.2596 — 1.2635 in)
EX: 32.624 — 32.724 mm (1.2844 — 1.2883 in)
Limit
IN: 31.844 mm (1.2537 in)
EX: 32.474 mm (1.2785 in)



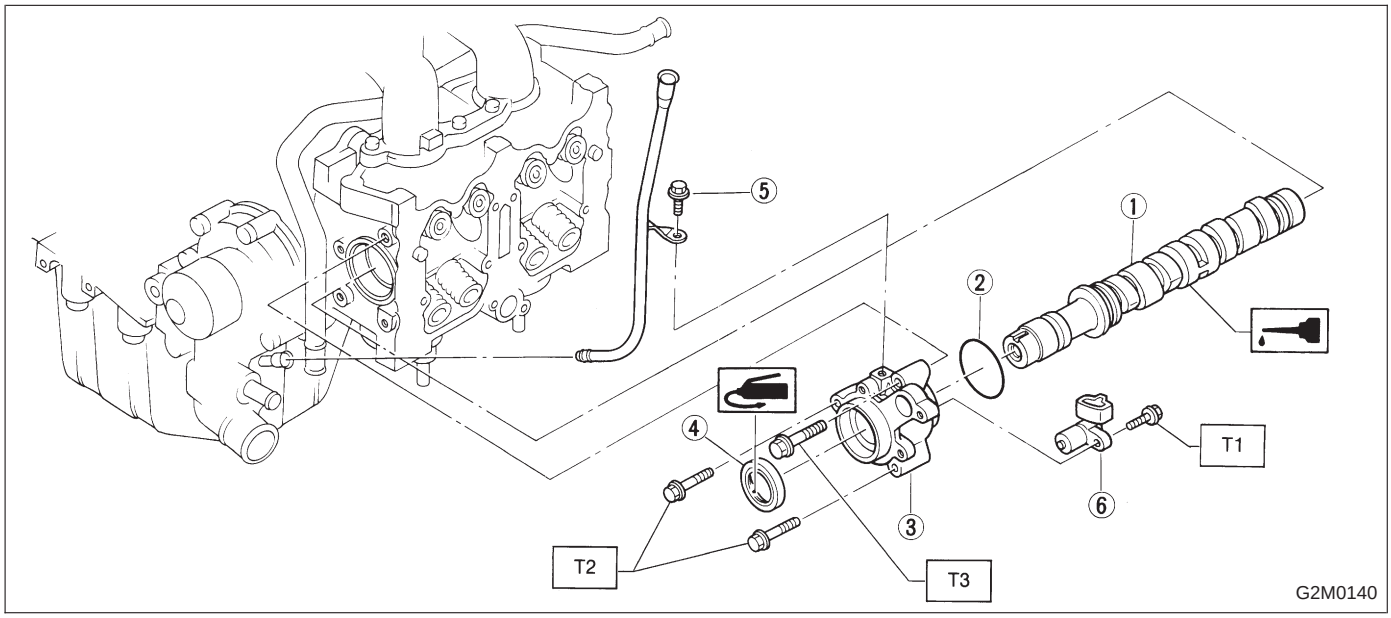
2. CAMSHAFT SUPPORT

Measure the thrust clearance of camshaft with dial gauge. If the clearance exceeds the limit, replace camshaft support.

Standard:
0.030 — 0.260 mm (0.0012 — 0.0102 in)
Limit:
0.35 mm (0.0138 in)

C: INSTALLATION

1. CAMSHAFT LH

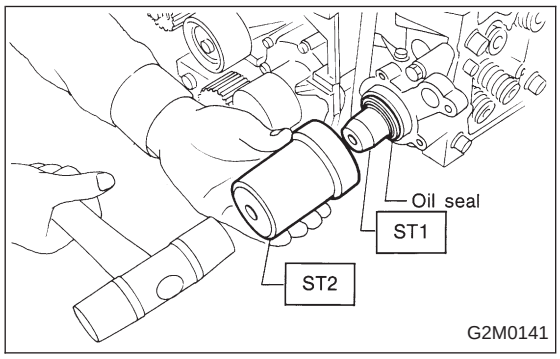


Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 5 (0.5, 3.6)
T2: 10 (1.0, 7)
T3: 16 (1.6, 12)

1) Apply a coat of engine oil to camshaft journals and install camshaft LH.
2) Apply a coat of engine oil or grease to O-ring.
3) Install O-ring to camshaft support.

CAUTION:
Use a new O-ring.

4) Install camshaft support.



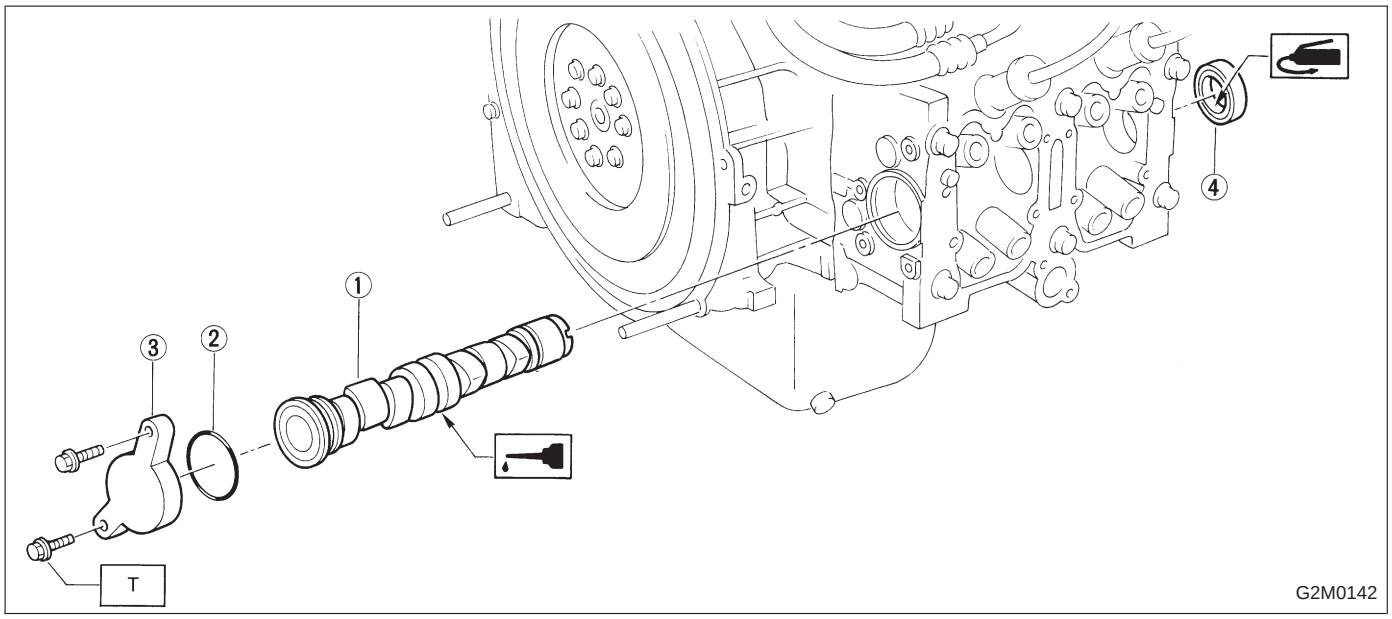
5) Apply a coat of grease to oil seal lips and install oil seal on camshaft support by using ST1 and ST2.

CAUTION:
Use a new oil seal.

ST1 499597000 OIL SEAL GUIDE
ST2 499587100 OIL SEAL INSTALLER

6) Install oil level gauge guide bolt.
7) Install camshaft position sensor.

2. CAMSHAFT RH

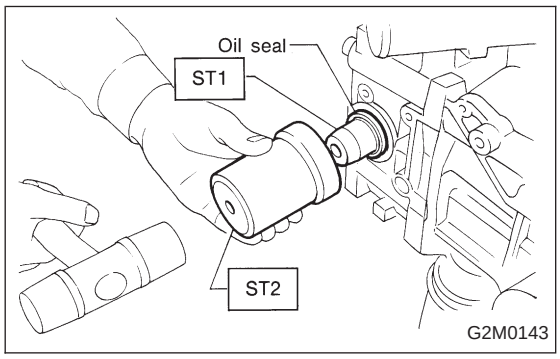


Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T: 16 (1.6, 1.2)

1) Apply a coat of engine oil to camshaft journals and install camshaft RH.
2) Apply a coat of engine oil or grease to O-ring.
3) Install O-ring to camshaft support.

CAUTION:
Use a new O-ring.

4) Install camshaft support.



5) Install oil seal by using ST1 and ST2.

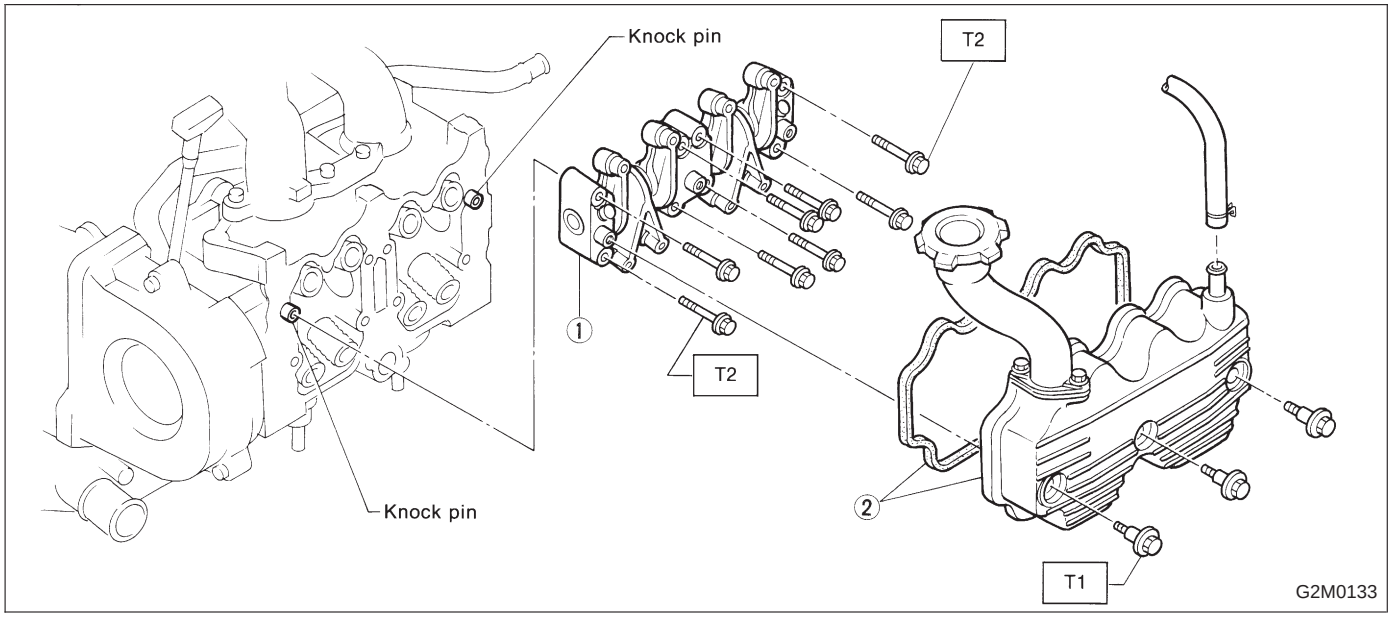
CAUTION:

Use a new oil seal.

ST1 499597000 OIL SEAL GUIDE
ST2 499587100 OIL SEAL INSTALLER

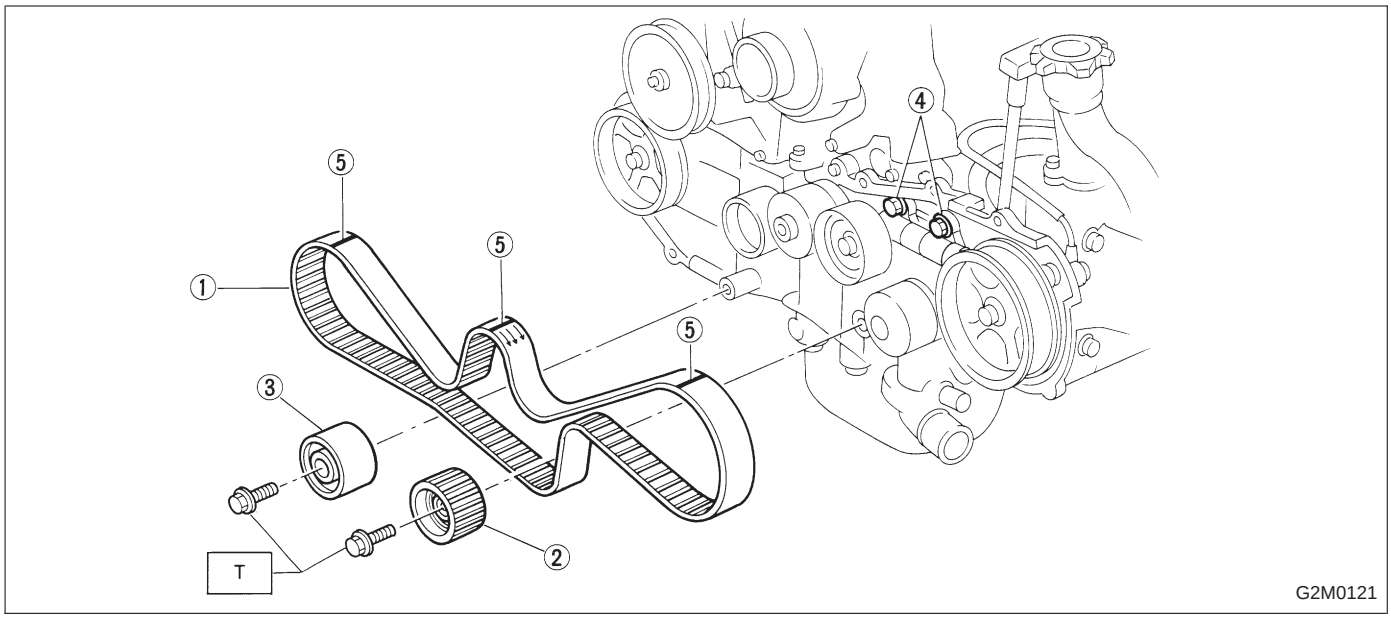
3. RELATED PARTS

1) Install valve rocker assembly.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W4E0].>



Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 5±1 (0.5±0.1, 3.6±0.7)
T2: 12±1 (1.2±0.1, 8.7±0.7)

2) Install timing belt, camshaft sprockets and related parts.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W3C0].>



Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T: 35 — 43 (3.6 — 4.4, 26 — 32)

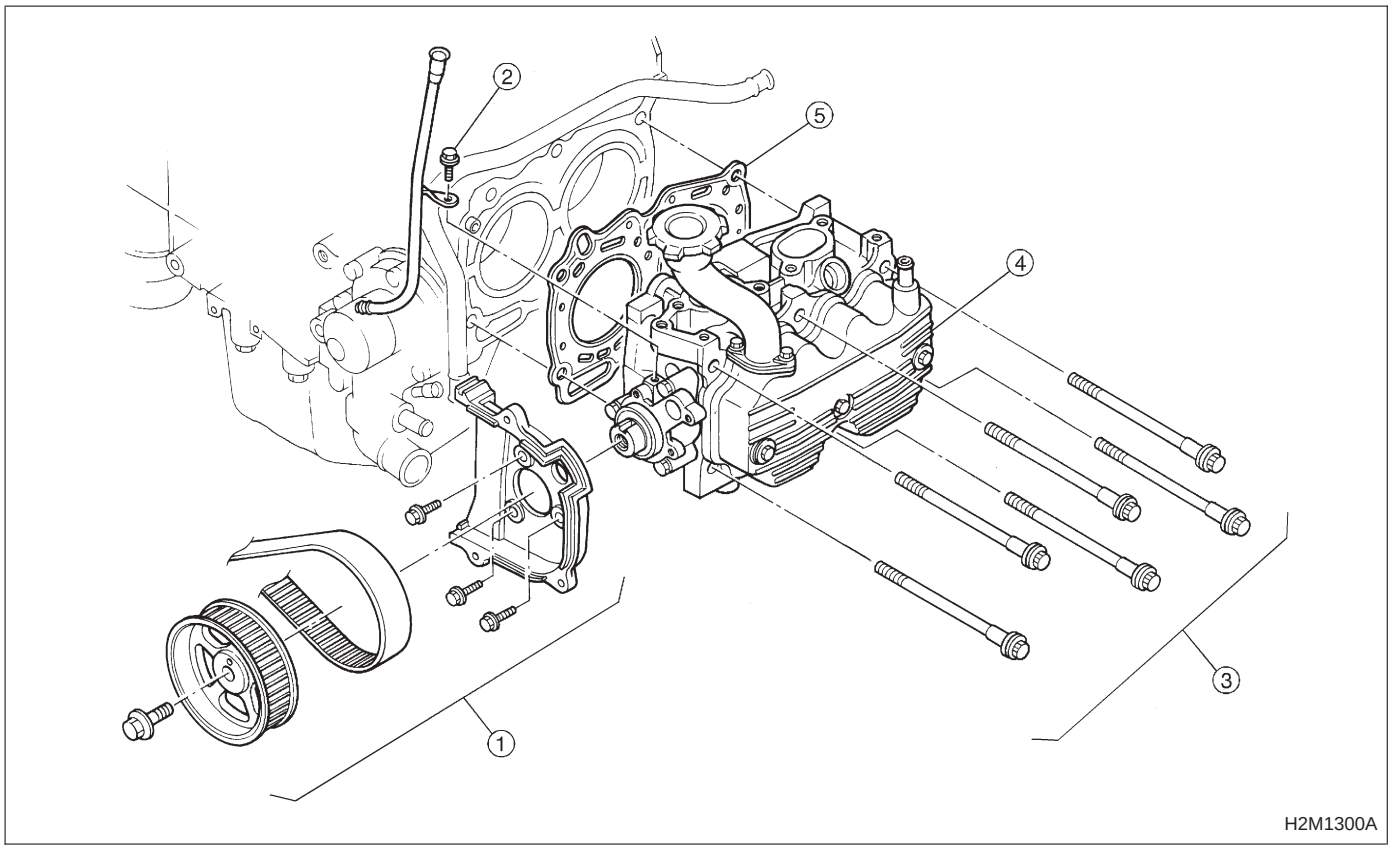
6. Cylinder Head

A: REMOVAL

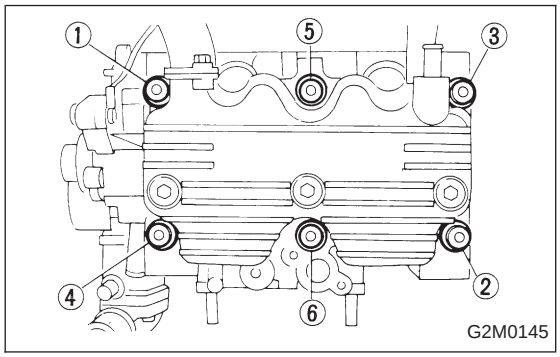
1. INTAKE MANIFOLD

1) Release fuel pressure.
2) Drain engine coolant.
3) Remove V-belt.
4) Remove alternator and bracket.
5) Disconnect spark plug caps.
6) Remove Connector bracket attaching bolt.
7) Remove crankshaft position sensor and camshaft position sensor.
8) Disconnect oil pressure switch connector.
9) Disconnect blow-by hose.
10) Remove EGR pipe.
11) Remove air suction valve and pipe. (California model)
12) Remove intake manifold and gasket.
13) Remove water pipe.

2. CYLINDER HEAD



1) Remove timing belt, camshaft sprocket and related parts.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W3A0].>
2) Remove oil level gauge guide attaching bolt (left hand only) and oil level gauge guide.



3) Remove cylinder head bolts in numerical sequence shown in Figure.

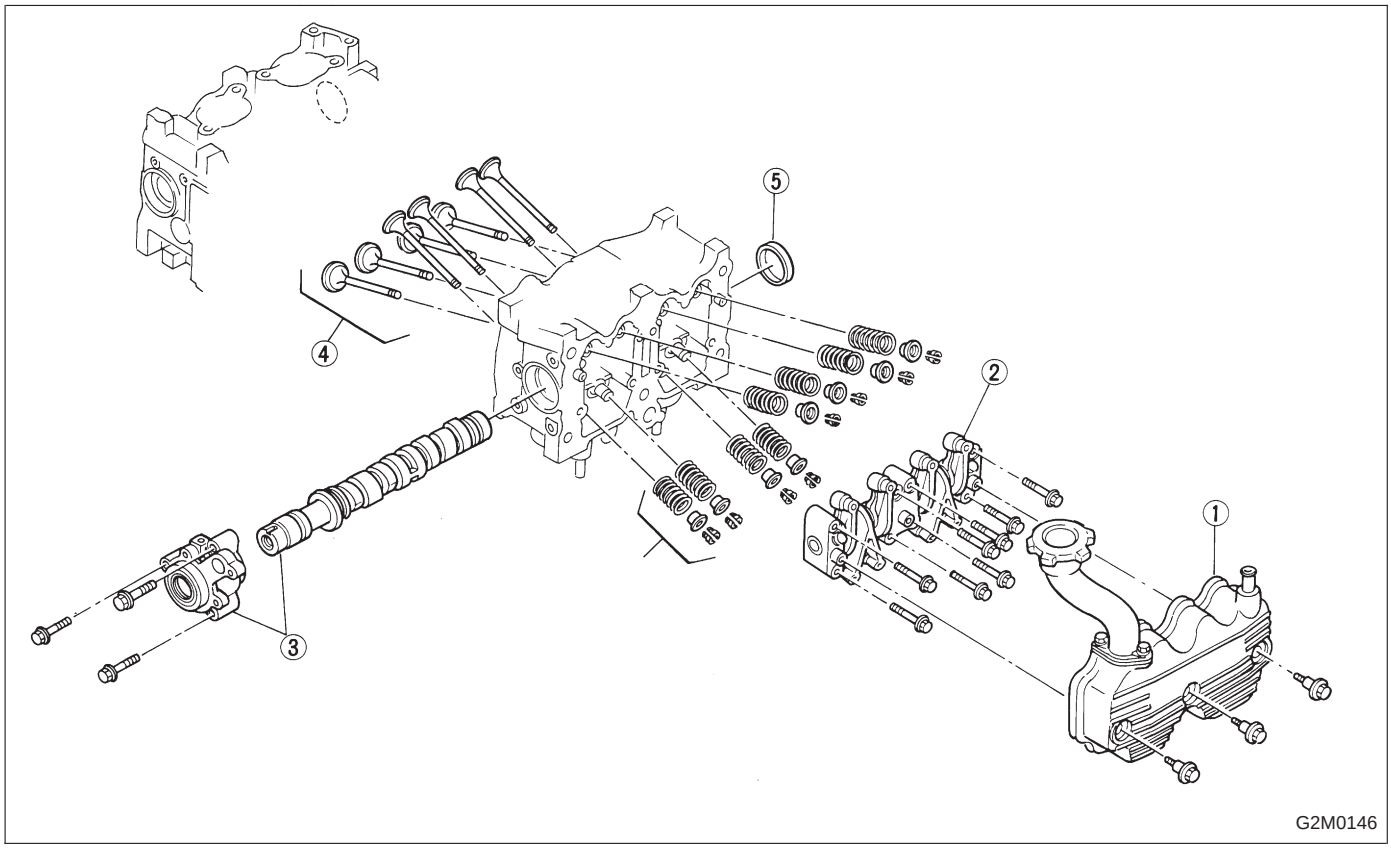
CAUTION:
Leave bolts ① and ③ engaged by three or four threads to prevent cylinder head from falling.

4) While tapping cylinder head with a plastic hammer, separate it from cylinder block.
Remove bolts ① and ③ to remove cylinder head.
5) Remove cylinder head gasket.

CAUTION:
Do not scratch the mating surface of cylinder head and cylinder block.

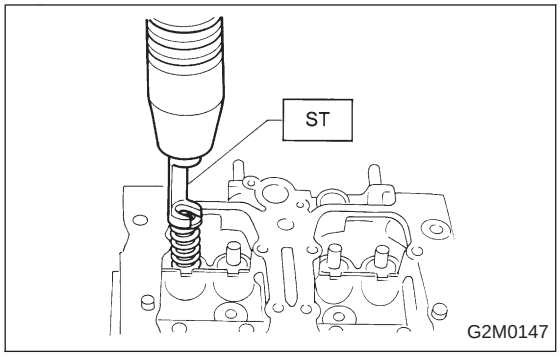
6) Similarly, remove right-hand cylinder head.

B: DISASSEMBLY



1) Remove rocker cover.
2) Remove valve rocker assembly.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W4A0].>
3) Remove camshaft and support.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W5A0].>
4) Place cylinder head on ST.

ST 498267200 CYLINDER HEAD TABLE



5) Set ST on valve spring. Compress valve spring and remove the valve spring retainer key. Remove each valve and valve spring.

ST 499718000 VALVE SPRING REMOVER

CAUTION:
- **Mark each valve to prevent confusion.**
- **Use extreme care not to damage the lips of the intake valve oil seals and exhaust valve oil seals.**

6) Removal of plug (cylinder head LH).

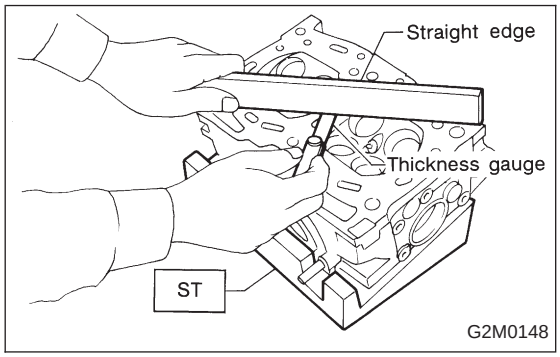
CAUTION:
Do not remove plug unless necessary.

C: INSPECTION

1. CYLINDER HEAD

1) Make sure that no crack or other damage exists. In addition to visual inspection, inspect important areas by means of red check.
Also, make sure that gasket installing surface shows no traces of gas and water leaks.
2) Place cylinder head on ST.

ST 498267200 CYLINDER HEAD TABLE



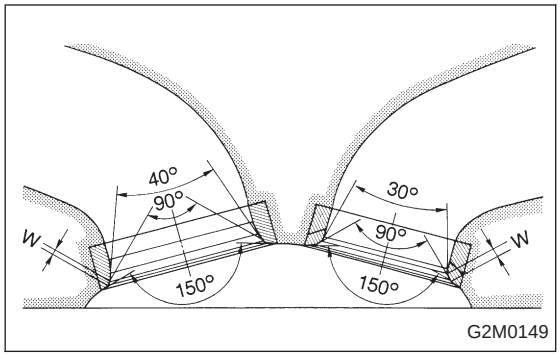
3) Measure the warping of the cylinder head surface that mates with crankcase by using a straight edge and thickness gauge.
If the warping exceeds 0.05 mm (0.0020 in), regrind the surface with a surface grinder.

Warping limit:
0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

Grinding limit:
0.1 mm (0.004 in)

Standard height of cylinder head:
98.3 mm (3.870 in)

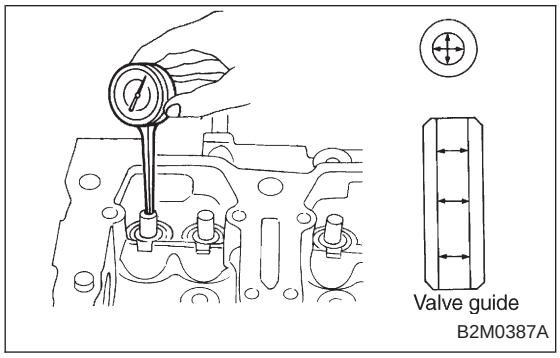
CAUTION:
Uneven torque for the cylinder head nuts can cause warping. When reassembling, pay special attention to the torque so as to tighten evenly.

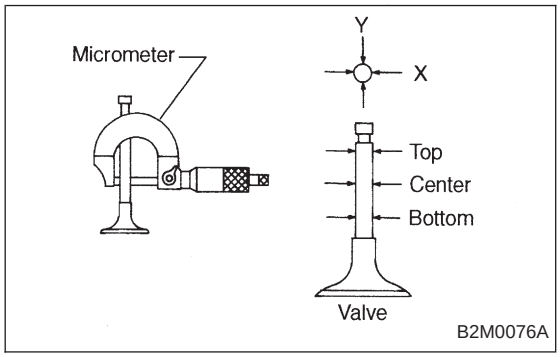


2. VALVE SEAT

Inspect intake and exhaust valve seats, and correct the contact surfaces with valve seat cutter if they are defective or when valve guides are replaced.

Valve seat width: W
Intake
Standard
0.7 mm (0.028 in)
Limit
1.4 mm (0.055 in)
Exhaust
Standard
1.0 mm (0.039 in)
Limit
1.8 mm (0.071 in)





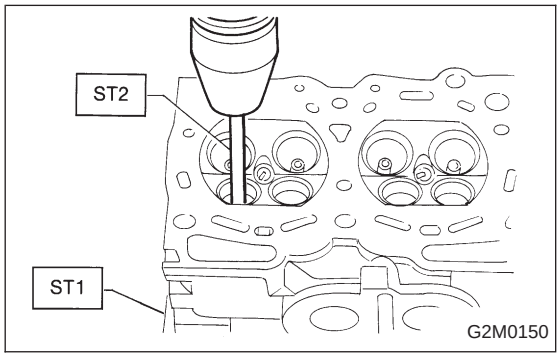
3. VALVE GUIDE

1) Check the clearance between valve guide and stem. The clearance can be checked by measuring the outside diameter of valve stem and the inside diameter of valve guide with outside and inside micrometers respectively.

Clearance between the valve guide and valve stem:
Standard
Intake
0.035 — 0.062 mm (0.0014 — 0.0024 in)
Exhaust
0.040 — 0.067 mm (0.0016 — 0.0026 in)
Limit
0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

Valve guide inner diameters:
6.000 — 6.012 mm (0.2362 — 0.2367 in)

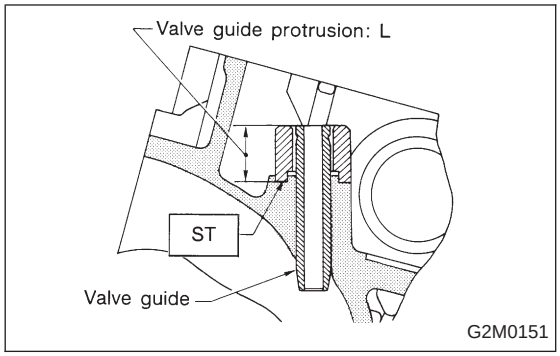
Valve stem outer diameter:
Intake
5.950 — 5.965 mm (0.2343 — 0.2348 in)
Exhaust
5.945 — 5.960 mm (0.2341 — 0.2346 in)



2) If the clearance between valve guide and stem exceeds the specification, replace guide as follows:

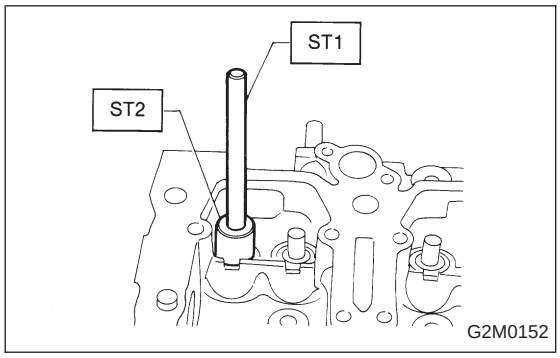
(1) Place cylinder head on ST1 with the combustion chamber upward so that valve guides enter the holes in ST1.
(2) Insert ST2 into valve guide and press it down to remove valve guide.

ST1 498267200 CYLINDER HEAD TABLE
ST2 499767200 VALVE GUIDE REMOVER



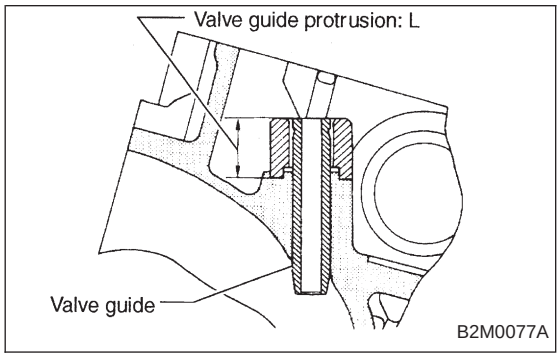
(3) Turn cylinder head upside down and place ST as shown in the Figure.

ST 499767000 VALVE GUIDE ADJUSTER



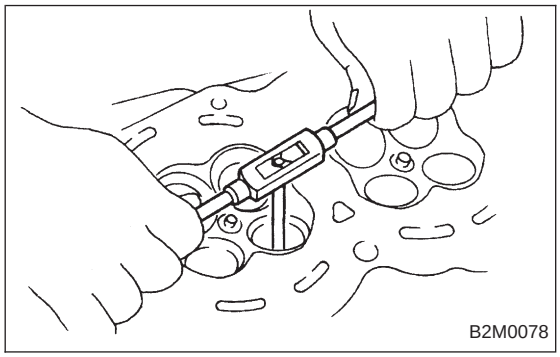
(4) Before installing new oversize valve guide, make sure that neither scratches nor damages exist on the inside surface of the valve guide holes in cylinder head.
(5) Put new valve guide, coated with sufficient oil, in cylinder, and insert ST1 into valve guide. Press in until the valve guide upper end is flush with the upper surface of ST2.

ST1 499767200 VALVE GUIDE REMOVER
ST2 499767000 VALVE GUIDE ADJUSTER



(6) Check the valve guide protrusion.

Valve guide protrusion: L
17.5 — 18.0 mm (0.689 — 0.709 in)

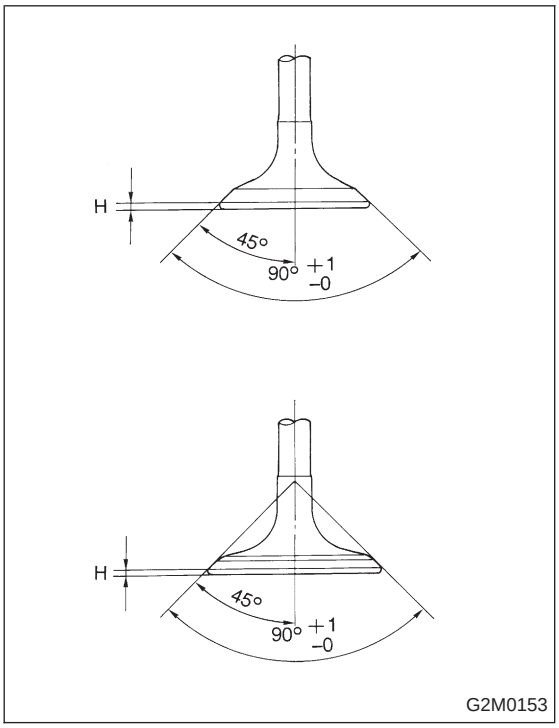


(7) Ream the inside of valve guide with ST. Gently rotate the reamer clockwise while pressing it lightly into valve guide, and return it also rotating clockwise. After reaming, clean valve guide to remove chips.

ST 499767400 VALVE GUIDE REAMER

CAUTION:
- **Apply engine oil to the reamer when reaming.**
- **If the inner surface of the valve guide is torn, the edge of the reamer should be slightly ground with an oil stone.**
- **If the inner surface of the valve guide becomes lustrous and the reamer does not chips, use a new reamer or remedy the reamer.**

(8) Recheck the contact condition between valve and valve seat after replacing valve guide.



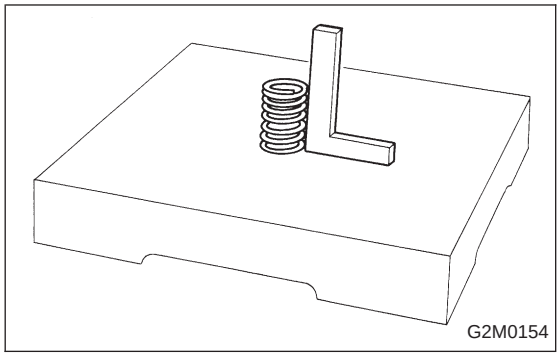
4. INTAKE AND EXHAUST VALVE

1) Inspect the flange and stem of valve, and replace if damaged, worn, or deformed, or if “H” is less than the specified limit.

H:
Intake
Standard
1.0 mm (0.039 in)
Limit
0.8 mm (0.031 in)
Exhaust
Standard
1.2 mm (0.047 in)
Limit
0.8 mm (0.031 in)

Valve overall length:
Intake
101.0 mm (3.976 in)
Exhaust
101.2 mm (3.984 in)

2) Put a small amount of grinding compound on the seat surface and lap the valve and seat surface. Also refer to 2. VALVE SEAT 2-3 [W6C2] at this time. Install a new intake valve oil seal after lapping.



5. VALVE SPRINGS

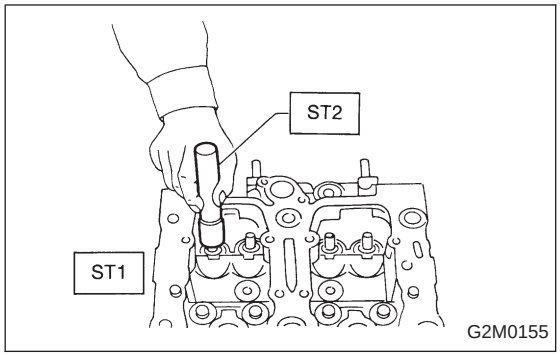
1) Check valve springs for damage, free length, and tension. Replace valve spring if it is not to the specifications presented below.
2) To measure the squareness of the valve spring, stand the spring on a surface plate and measure its deflection at the top using a try square.

1800 cc:

Free length	46.16 mm (1.8173 in)
Squareness	2.5°, 2.0 mm (0.079 in)
Tension/spring height	190.3 — 219.7 N (19.4 — 22.4 kg, 42.8 — 49.4 lb)/ 37.0 mm (1.457 in)
	401.1 — 461.9 N (40.9 — 47.1 kg, 90.2 — 103.9 lb)/ 29.2 mm (1.150 in)

2200 cc:

Free length	44.05 mm (1.7342 in)
Squareness	2.5°, 1.9 mm (0.075 in)
Tension/spring height	174.6 — 200.1 N (17.8 — 20.4 kg, 39.2 — 45.0 lb)/ 36.0 mm (1.417 in)
	405.0 — 458.0 N (41.3 — 46.7 kg, 91.1 — 103.0 lb)/ 28.2 mm (1.110 in)



6. INTAKE AND EXHAUST VALVE OIL SEAL

Replace oil seal with new one, if lip is damaged or spring out of place, or when the surfaces of intake valve and valve seat are reconditioned or intake valve guide is replaced.

1) Place cylinder head on ST1.
2) Press in oil seal to the specified dimension indicated in the Figure by using ST2.

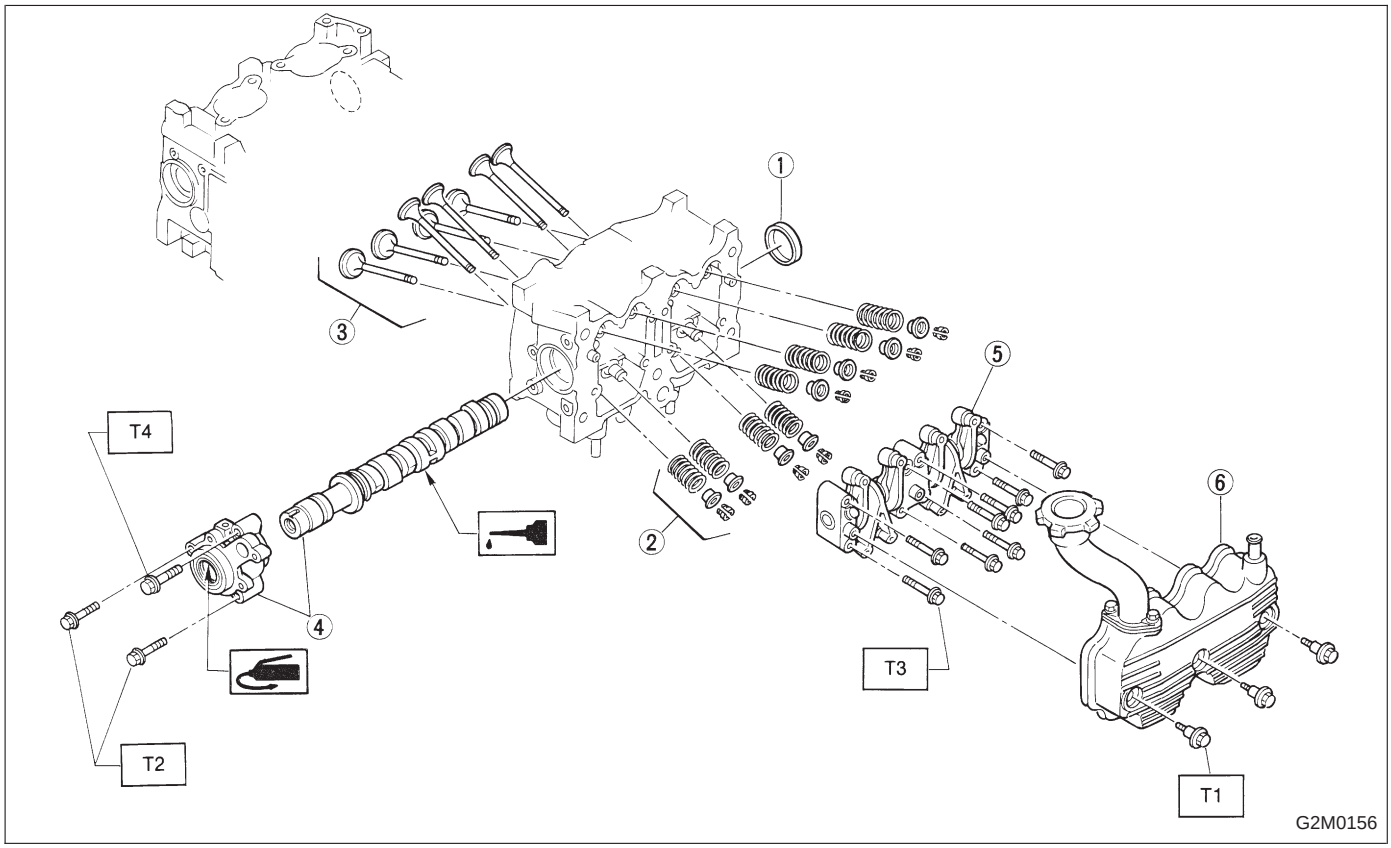
ST1 498267200 CYLINDER HEAD TABLE
ST2 498857100 VALVE OIL SEAL GUIDE

CAUTION:
- **Apply engine oil to oil seal before force-fitting.**
- **When press-fitting oil seal, do not use a hammer or strike into position.**
- **Differentiate between intake valve oil seal and exhaust valve oil seal by noting their difference in color.**

Color of rubber part:
Intake [Black]
Exhaust [Brown]

Color of spring part:
Intake [White]
Exhaust [White]

D: ASSEMBLY



Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 5±1 (0.5±0.1, 3.6±0.7)
T2: 10 (1.0, 7)
T3: 12±1 (1.2±0.1, 8.7±0.7)
T4: 16 (1.6, 12)

1) Install plug (cylinder head LH) by using ST.

ST 499587100 OIL SEAL INSTALLER

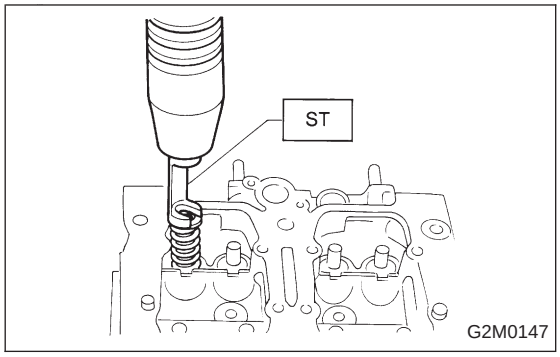
2) Installation of valve spring and valve.

(1) Place cylinder head on ST.

ST 498267200 CYLINDER HEAD TABLE

(2) Coat stem of each valve with engine oil and insert valve into valve guide.

CAUTION:
When inserting valve into valve guide, use special care not to damage the oil seal lip.



(3) Install valve spring and retainer.

CAUTION:
Be sure to install the valve springs with their close-coiled end facing the seat on the cylinder head.

(4) Set ST on valve spring.

ST 499718000 VALVE SPRING REMOVER

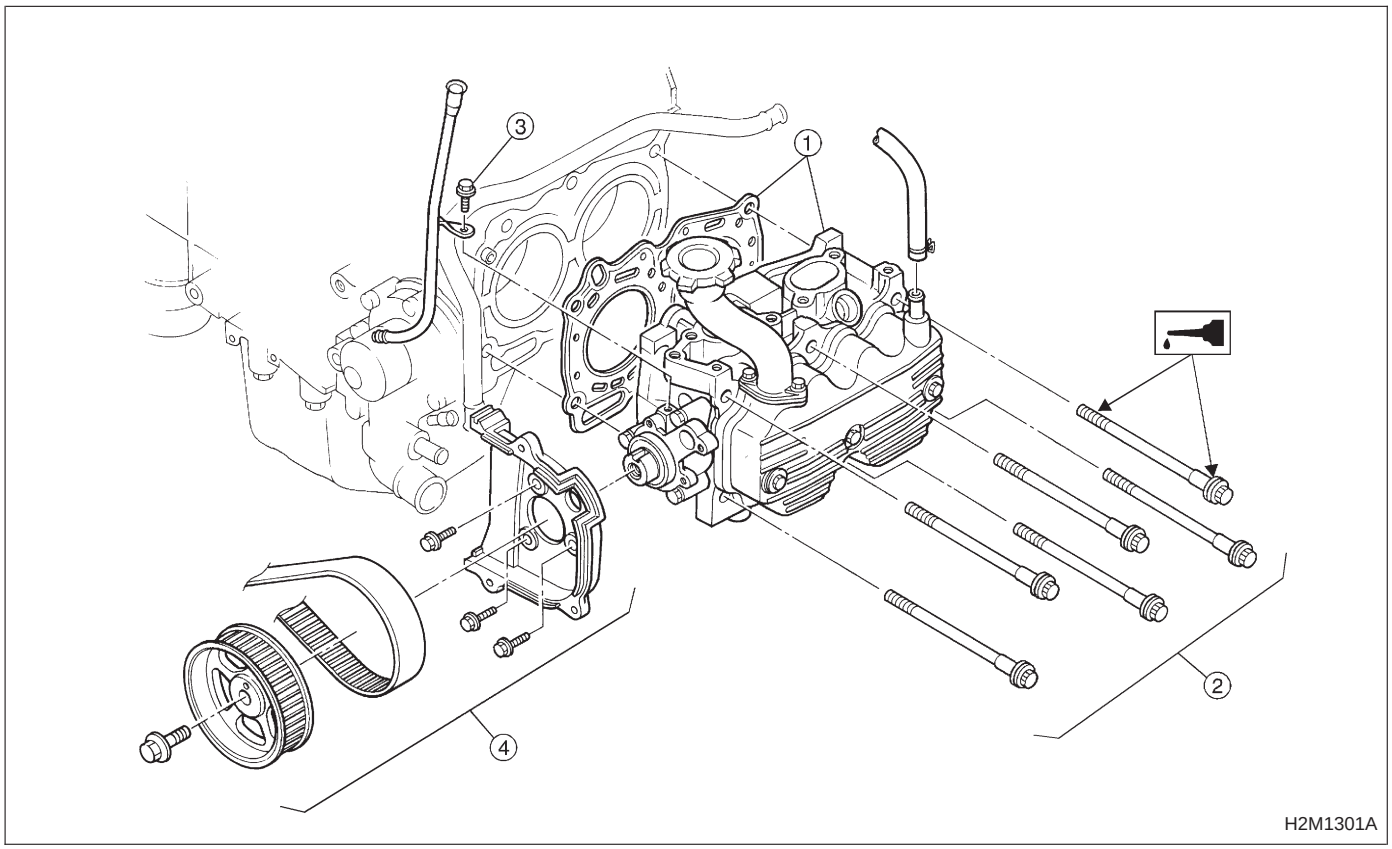
(5) Compress valve spring and fit valve spring retainer key.

(6) After installing, tap valve spring retainers lightly with wooden hammer for better seating.

3) Install camshaft and support.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W5C0].>
4) Install valve rocker assembly.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W4E0].>
5) Install rocker cover.

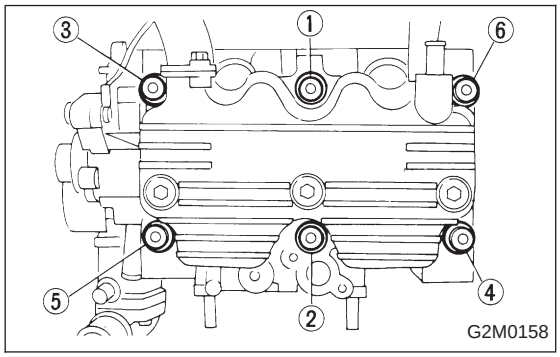
E: INSTALLATION

1. CYLINDER HEAD



1) Install cylinder head and gaskets on cylinder block.

CAUTION:
Use new cylinder head gaskets.



2) Tighten cylinder head bolts.
   (1) Apply a coat of engine oil to washers and bolt threads.
   (2) Tighten all bolts to 29 N·m (3.0 kg-m, 22 ft-lb) in numerical order shown in Figure.
   Then tighten all bolts to 69 N·m (7.0 kg-m, 51 ft-lb) in numerical order.
   (3) Back off all bolts by 180° first; back them off by 180° again.
   (4) Tighten bolts ① and ② to 34 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 ft-lb).
   (5) Tighten bolts ③, ④, ⑤ and ⑥ to 15 N·m (1.5 kg-m, 11 ft-lb).
   (6) Tighten all bolts by 80 to 90° in numerical sequence.

CAUTION:
Do not tighten bolts more than 90°.

(7) Further tighten all bolts by 80 to 90° in numerical sequence.

CAUTION:
Ensure that the total "re-tightening angle" [steps (6) and (7) above] do not exceed 180°.

3) Install oil level gauge guide attaching bolt (left hand only).
4) Install timing belt, camshaft sprocket and related parts. <Ref. to 2-3 [W3C0].>

2. INTAKE MANIFOLD

CAUTION:
Use dry compressed air to remove foreign particles before installing each solenoid valve and sensor.

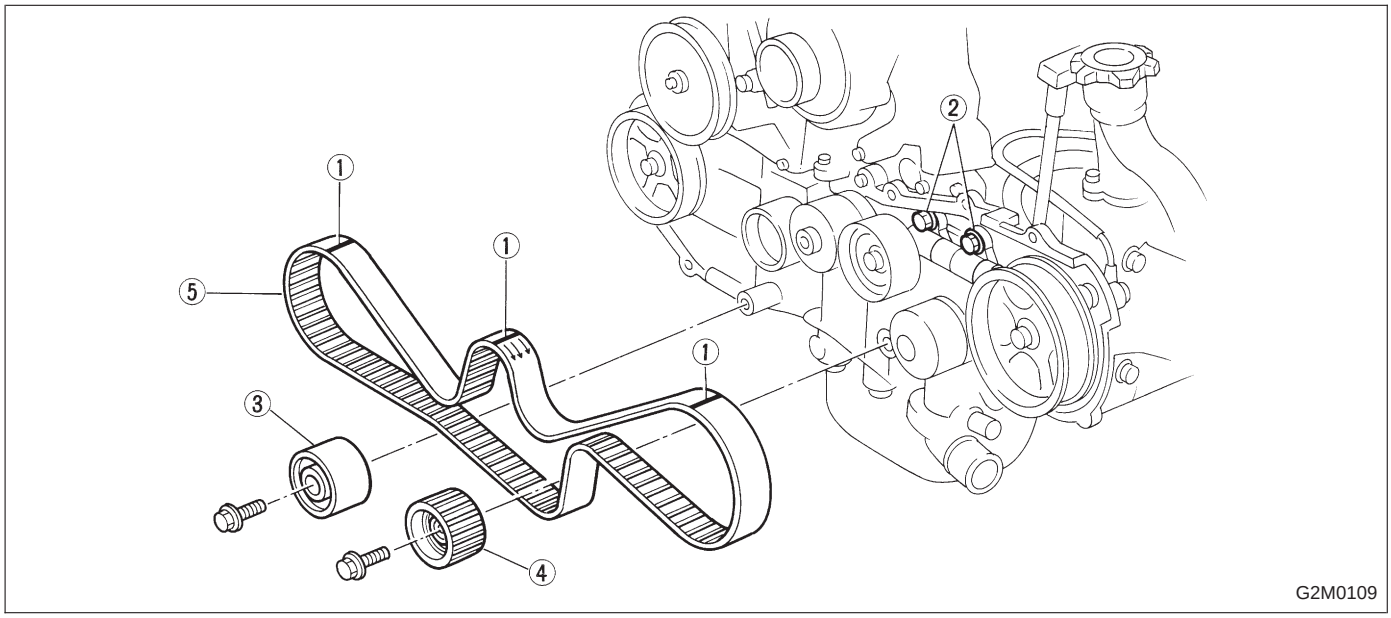
1) Install water pipe.
2) Install intake manifold.
3) Connect blow-by hose.
4) Install EGR pipe.
5) Install air suction valve and pipe. (California model)
6) Connect oil pressure switch connector.
7) Install crankshaft position sensor and camshaft position sensor.
8) Install connector bracket attaching bolt.
9) Connect spark plug caps.
10) Install alternator and bracket.
11) Install V-belt.
12) Remove ENGINE STAND.

7. Cylinder Block

A: REMOVAL

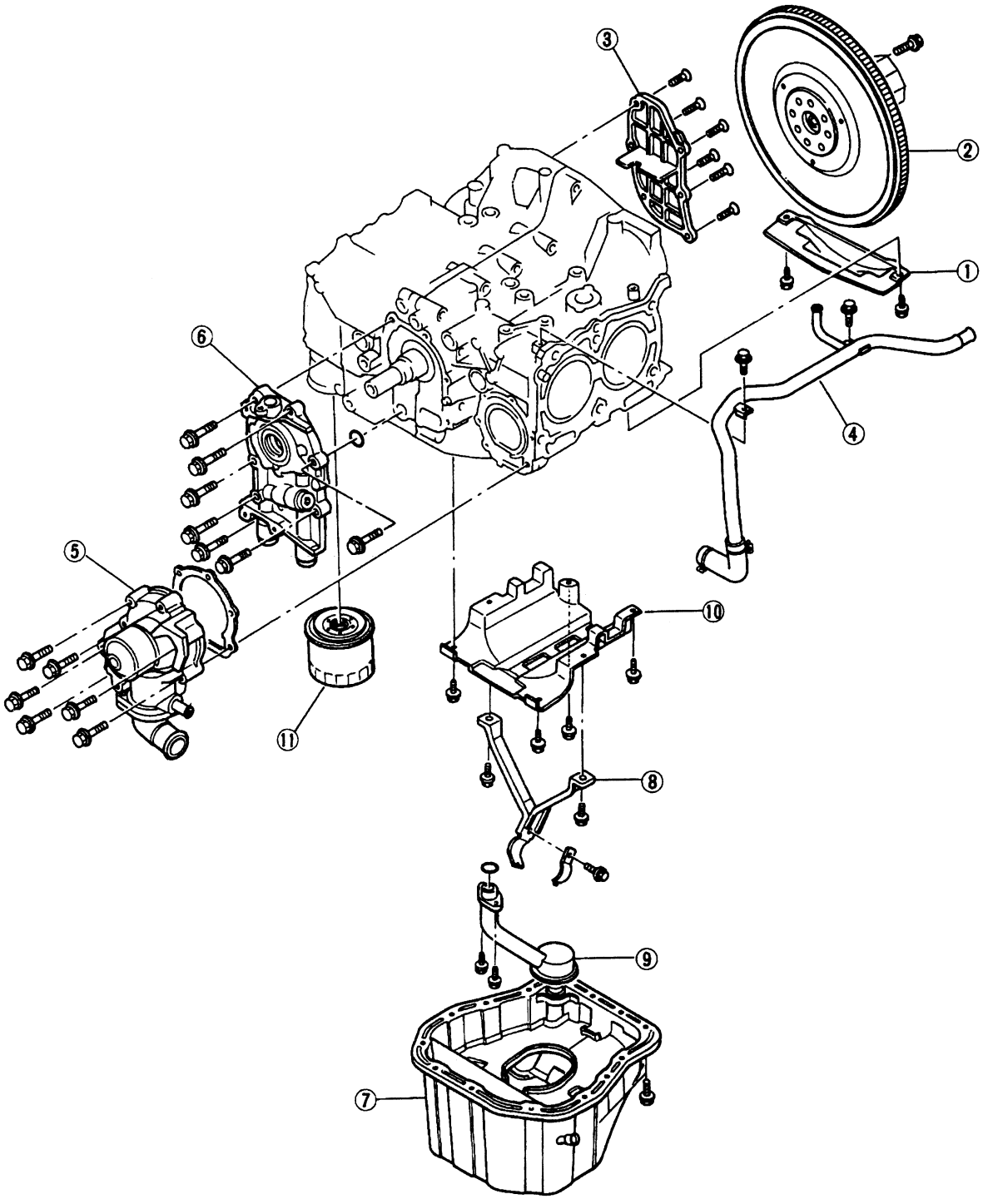
1. RELATED PARTS

1) Remove timing belt, camshaft sprocket and related parts.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W3A0].>



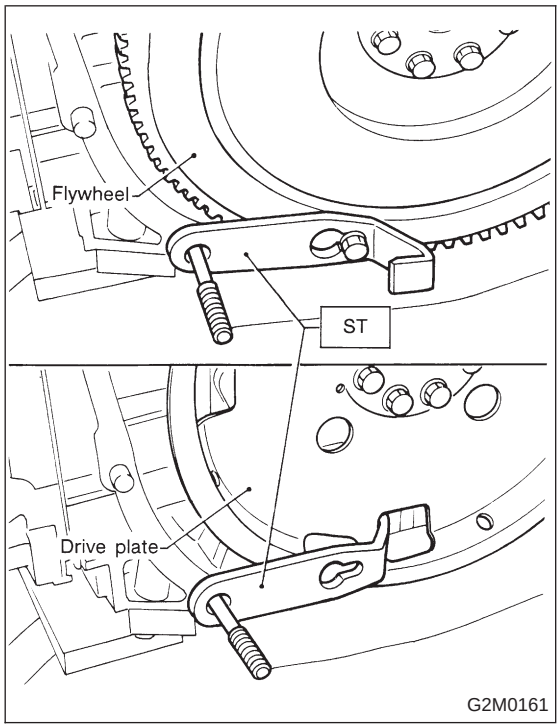
2) Remove intake manifold and cylinder head.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W6A0].>

2. OIL PUMP AND WATER PUMP



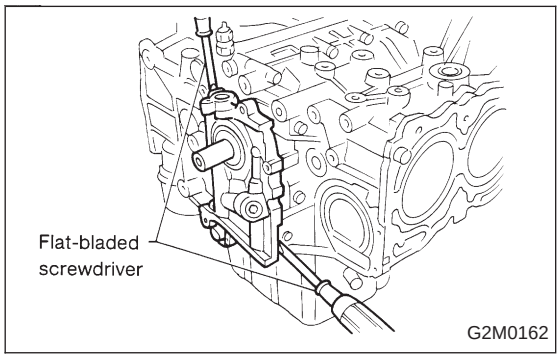
G2M0160

1) Remove housing cover.



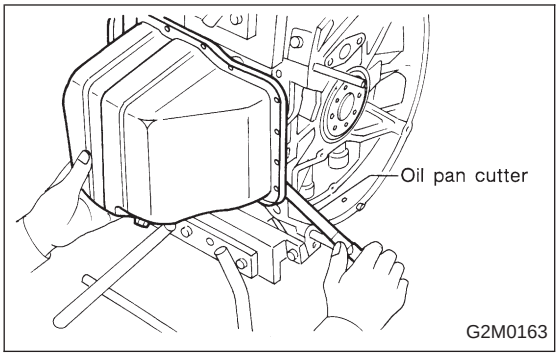
2) Remove flywheel or drive plate.
To lock crankshaft use ST.
ST 498497100 CRANKSHAFT STOPPER

3) Remove oil separator cover.
4) Remove water pipes.
5) Remove water pump.



6) Remove oil pump from cylinder block.
Use a flat-bladed screwdriver as shown in Figure when removing oil pump.

CAUTION:
Be careful not to scratch the mating surface of cylinder block and oil pump.



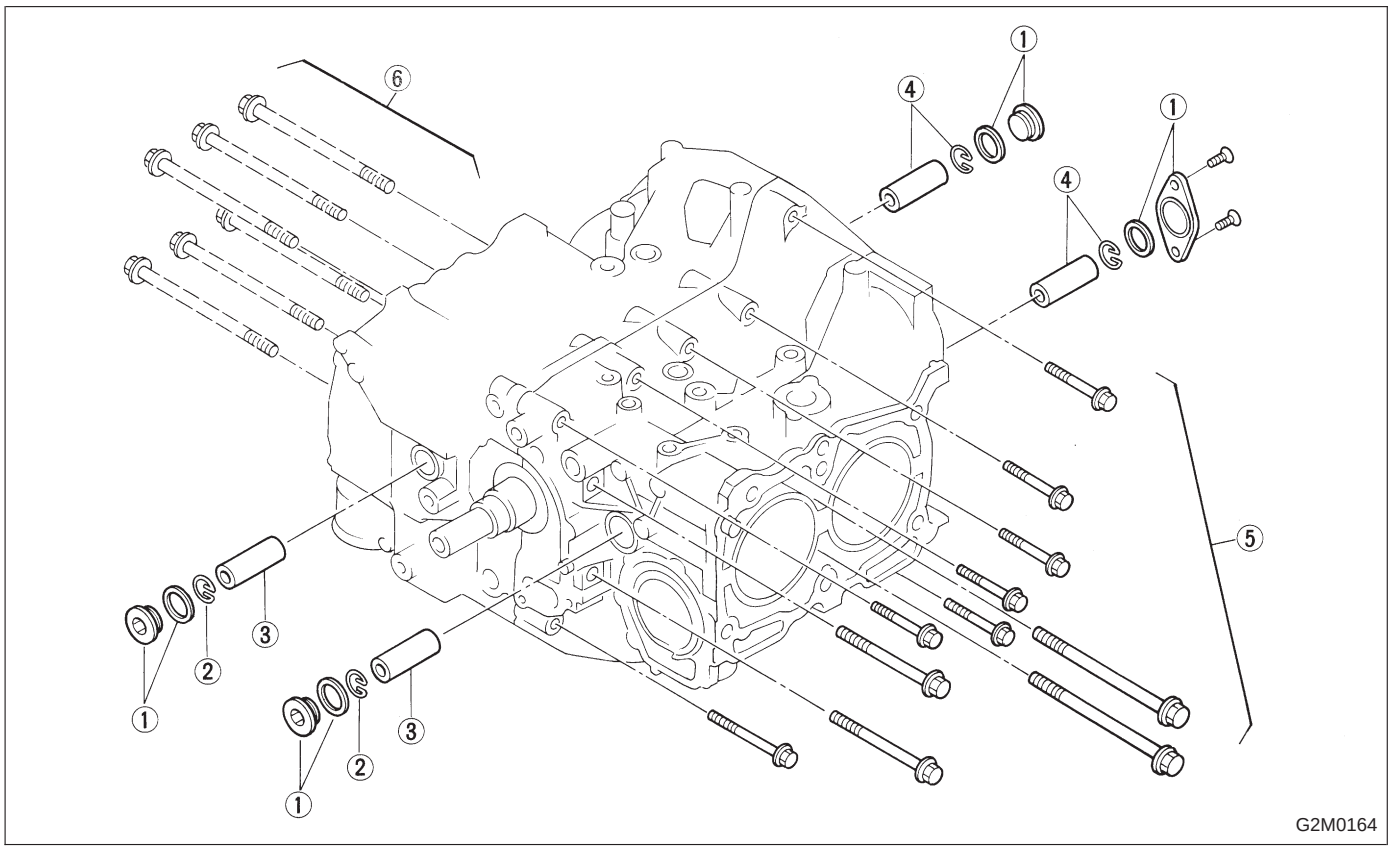
7) Removal of oil pan.
(1) Turn cylinder block with #2 and #4 piston sides facing upward.
(2) Remove bolts which secure oil pan to cylinder block.
(3) Insert a oil pan cutter blade between cylinder block-to-oil pan clearance and remove oil pan.

CAUTION:
Do not use a screwdriver or similar tool in place of oil pan cutter blade.

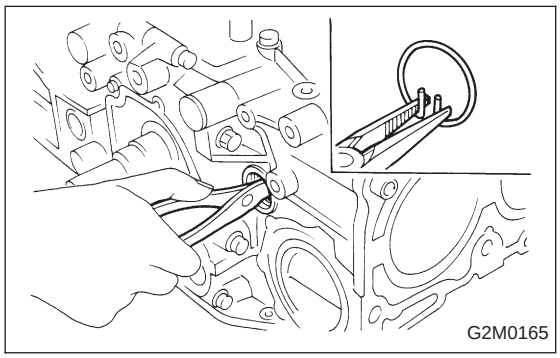
8) Remove oil strainer stay.
9) Remove oil strainer.
10) Remove baffle plate.
11) Remove oil filter.

B: DISASSEMBLY

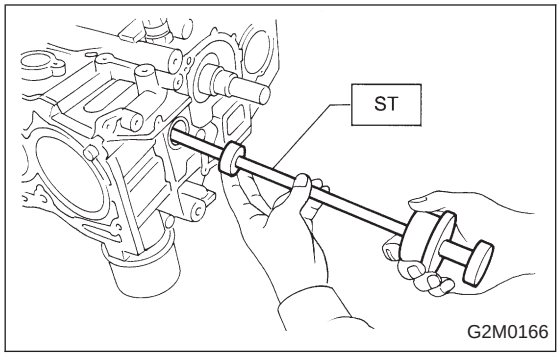
1. PISTON PIN AND CYLINDER BLOCK CONNECTING BOLT



1) Remove service hole cover and service hole plugs using hexagon wrench (14 mm).



2) Rotate crankshaft to bring #1 and #2 pistons to BDC position, then remove piston circlip through service hole of #1 and #2 cylinders.



3) Draw out piston pin from #1 and #2 pistons by using ST.

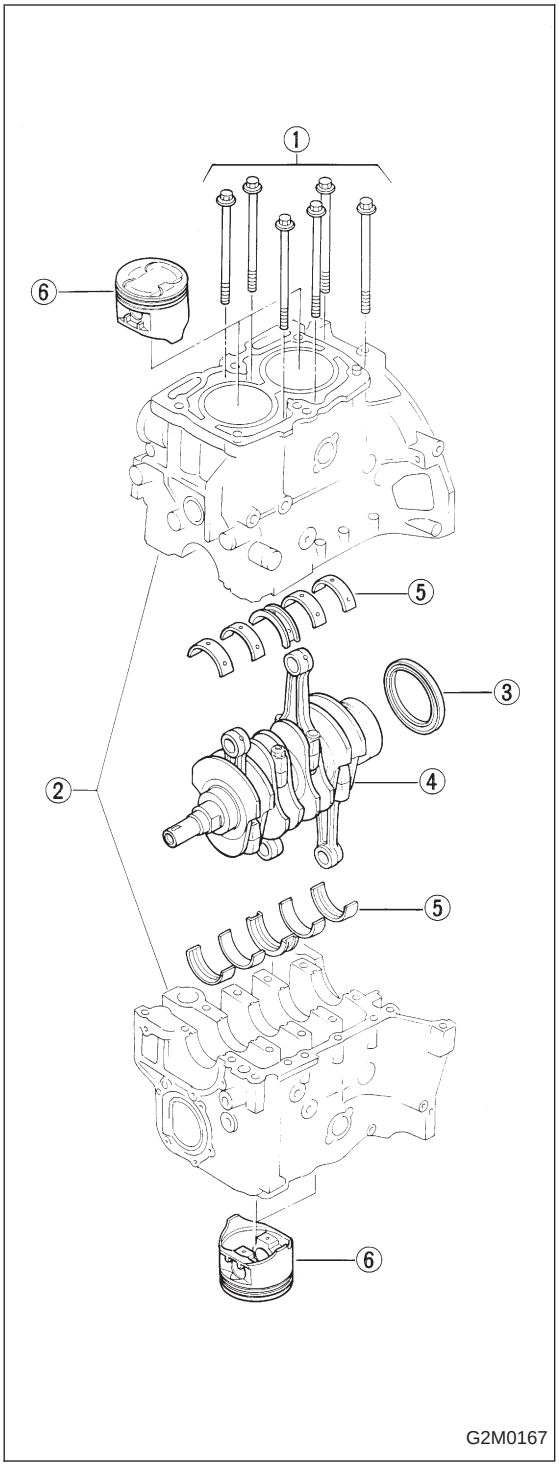
ST 499097500 PISTON PIN REMOVER

CAUTION:
Be careful not to confuse original combination of piston, piston pin and cylinder.

4) Similarly remove piston pins from #3 and #4 pistons by using ST.

5) Remove bolts which connect cylinder block on the side of #2 and #4 cylinders.

6) Back off bolts which connect cylinder block on the side of #1 and #3 cylinders two or three turns.



2. CYLINDER BLOCK

1) Set up cylinder block so that #1 and #3 cylinders are on the upper side, then remove cylinder block connecting bolts.
2) Separate left-hand and right-hand cylinder blocks.

CAUTION:
When separating cylinder block, do not allow the connecting rod to fall and damage the cylinder block.

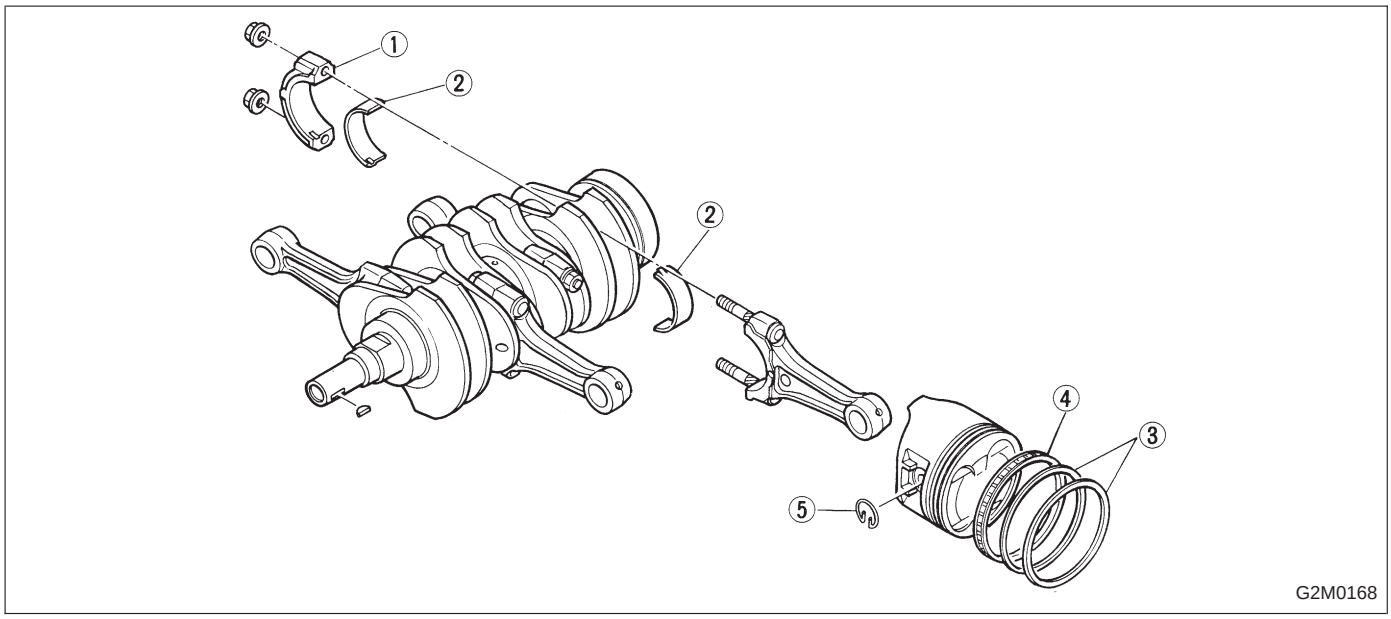
3) Remove rear oil seal.
4) Remove crankshaft together with connecting rod.
5) Remove crankshaft bearings from cylinder block using hammer handle.

CAUTION:
Do not confuse combination of crankshaft bearings. Press bearing at the end opposite to locking lip.

6) Draw out each piston from cylinder block using wooden bar or hammer handle.

CAUTION:
Do not confuse combination of piston and cylinder.

3. CRANKSHAFT AND PISTON



1) Remove connecting rod cap.
2) Remove connecting rod bearing.

CAUTION:
Arrange removed connecting rod, connecting rod cap and bearing in order to prevent confusion.

3) Remove piston rings using the piston ring expander.
4) Remove the oil ring by hand.

CAUTION:
Arrange the removed piston rings in good order to prevent confusion.

5) Remove circlip.

C: INSPECTION

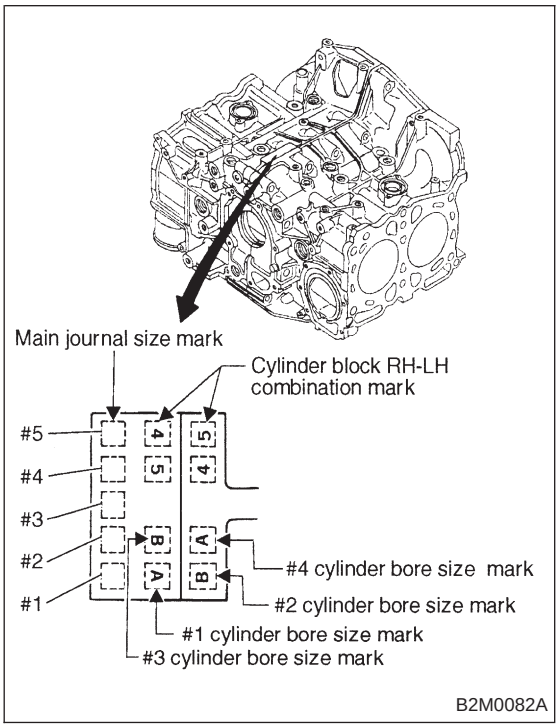
1. CYLINDER BLOCK

1) Check for cracks and damage visually. Especially, inspect important parts by means of red lead check.
2) Check the oil passages for clogging.
3) Inspect crankcase surface that mates with cylinder head for warping by using a straight edge, and correct by grinding if necessary.

Warping limit:
0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

Grinding limit:
0.1 mm (0.004 in)

Standard height of cylinder block:
201.0 mm (7.91 in)

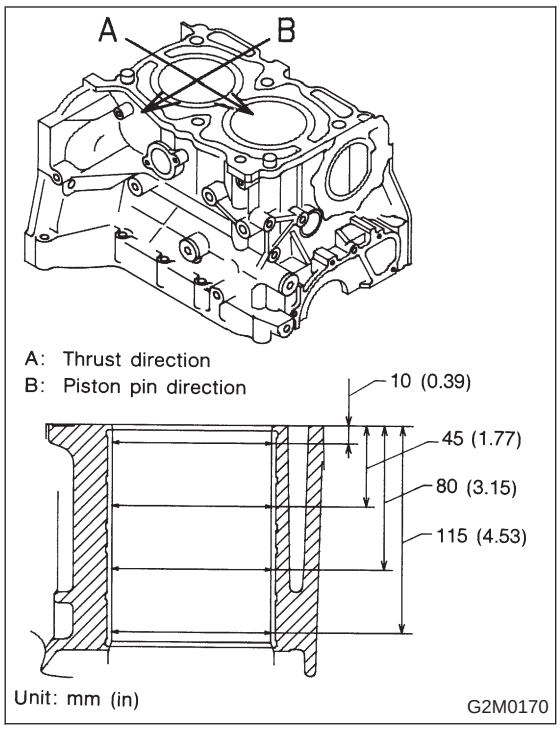


2. CYLINDER AND PISTON

1) The cylinder bore size is stamped on the cylinder block's front upper surface.

NOTE:
Standard sized pistons are classified into two grades, "A" and "B". These grades should be used as a guideline in selecting a standard piston.

Standard diameter:
1800 cc:
A: 87.905 — 87.915 mm (3.4608 — 3.4612 in)
B: 87.895 — 87.905 mm (3.4604 — 3.4608 in)
2200 cc:
A: 96.905 — 96.915 mm (3.8151 — 3.8155 in)
B: 96.895 — 96.905 mm (3.8148 — 3.8151 in)



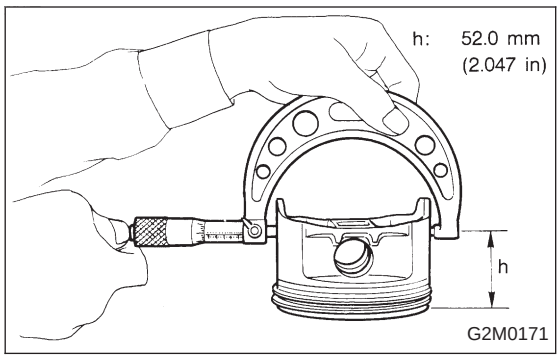
2) How to measure the inner diameter of each cylinder
Measure the inner diameter of each cylinder in both the thrust and piston pin directions at the heights shown in the Figure, using a cylinder bore gauge.

CAUTION:
Measurement should be performed at a temperature 20°C (68°F).

Taper:
Standard
0.015 mm (0.0006 in)
Limit
0.050 mm (0.0020 in)

Out-of-roundness:
Standard
0.010 mm (0.0004 in)
Limit
0.050 mm (0.0020 in)

3) When piston is to be replaced due to general or cylinder wear, determine a suitable sized piston by measuring the piston clearance.



4) How to measure the outer diameter of each piston
Measure the outer diameter of each piston at the height shown in the Figure. (Thrust direction)

CAUTION:
Measurement should be performed at a temperature of 20°C (68°F).

Piston outer diameter:
1800 cc:
Standard
A: 87.885 — 87.895 mm (3.4600 — 3.4604 in)
B: 87.875 — 87.885 mm (3.4596 — 3.4600 in)
0.25 mm (0.0098 in) oversize
88.125 — 88.135 mm (3.4695 — 3.4699 in)
0.50 mm (0.0197 in) oversize
88.375 — 88.385 mm (3.4793 — 3.4797 in)
2200 cc:
Standard
A: 96.885 — 96.895 mm (3.8144 — 3.8148 in)
B: 96.875 — 96.885 mm (3.8140 — 3.8144 in)
0.25 mm (0.0098 in) oversize
97.115 — 97.145 mm (3.8234 — 3.8246 in)
0.50 mm (0.0197 in) oversize
97.365 — 97.395 mm (3.8333 — 3.8344 in)

5) Calculate the clearance between cylinder and piston.

CAUTION:
Measurement should be performed at a temperature of 20°C (68°F).

Cylinder to piston clearance at 20°C (68°F):
Standard
0.010 — 0.030 mm (0.0004 — 0.0012 in)
Limit
0.050 mm (0.0020 in)

6) Boring and honing

(1) If the value of taper, out-of-roundness, or cylinder-to-piston clearance measured exceeds the specified limit or if there is any damage on the cylinder wall, rebore it to use an oversize piston.

CAUTION:
When any of the cylinders needs reboring, all other cylinders must be bored at the same time, and use oversize pistons. Do not perform boring on one cylinder only, nor use an oversize piston for one cylinder only.

(2) If the cylinder inner diameter exceeds the limit after boring and honing, replace the crankcase.

CAUTION:
Immediately after reboring, the cylinder diameter may differ from its real diameter due to temperature rise. Thus, pay attention to this when measuring the cylinder diameter.

Limit of cylinder enlarging (boring):
0.5 mm (0.020 in)

3. PISTON AND PISTON PIN

1) Check pistons and piston pins for damage, cracks, and wear and the piston ring grooves for wear and damage. Replace if defective.

2) Measure the piston-to-cylinder clearance at each cylinder as instructed in 2. CYLINDER AND PISTON 2-3 [W7C2]. If any of the clearances is not to specification, replace the piston or bore the cylinder to use an oversize piston.

3) Make sure that piston pin can be inserted into the piston pin hole with a thumb at 20°C (68°F). Replace if defective.

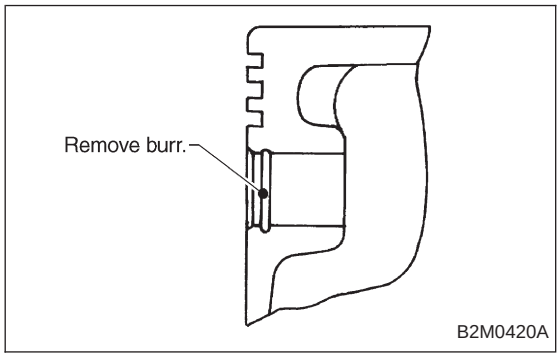
Standard clearance between piston pin and hole in piston:

Standard

0.004 — 0.010 mm (0.0002 — 0.0004 in)

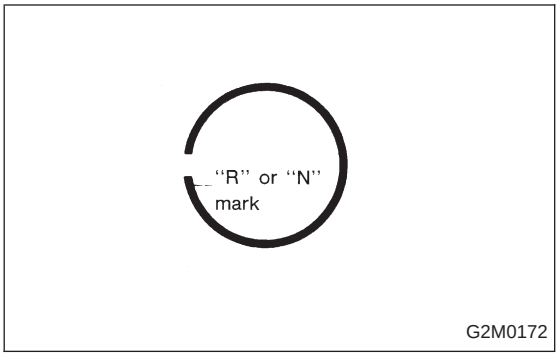
Limit

0.020 mm (0.0008 in)



4) Check circlip installation groove on the piston for burr. If necessary, remove burr from the groove so that piston pin can lightly move.

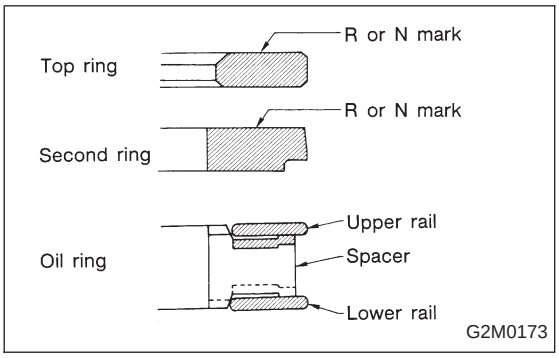
5) Check piston pin circlip for distortion, cracks and wear.



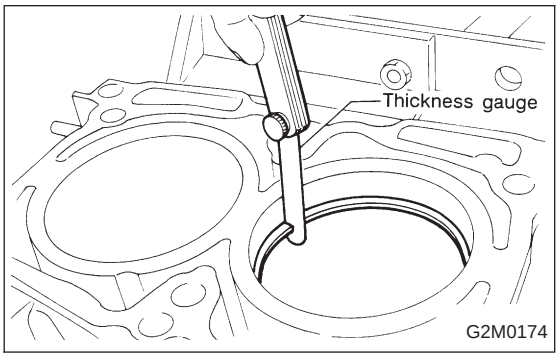
4. PISTON RING

1) If piston ring is broken, damaged, or worn, or if its tension is insufficient, or when the piston is replaced, replace piston ring with a new one of the same size as the piston.

CAUTION:
● "R" or "N" is marked on the end of the top and second rings. When installing the rings to the piston, face this mark upward.



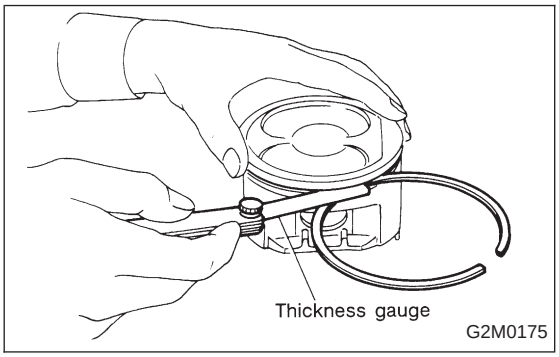
● The oil ring is a combined ring consisting of two rails and a spacer in between. When installing, be careful to assemble correctly.



2) Squarely place piston ring and oil ring in cylinder, and measure the piston ring gap with a thickness gauge.

Unit: mm (in)

		Standard	Limit
Piston ring gap	Top ring	0.20 — 0.35 (0.0079 — 0.0138)	0.5 (0.020)
	Second ring	0.20 — 0.35 (0.0079 — 0.0138)	0.5 (0.020)
	Oil ring rail	0.20 — 0.70 (0.0076 — 0.0276)	1.0 (0.039)



3) Measure the clearance between piston ring and piston ring groove with a thickness gauge.

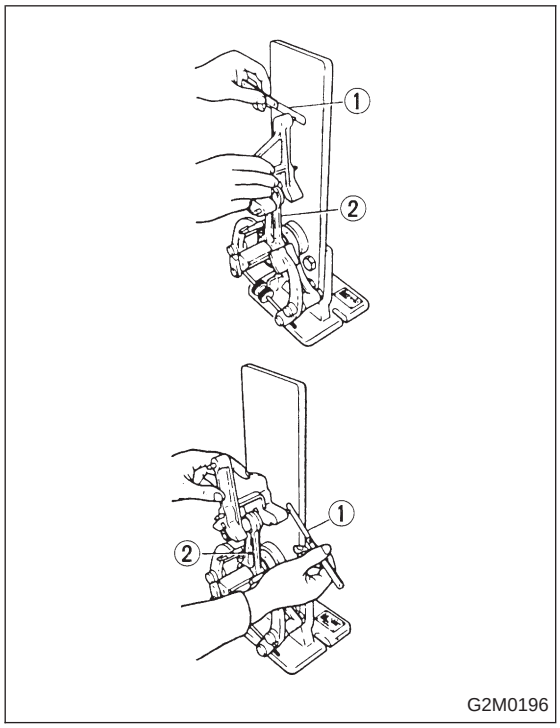
CAUTION:
Before measuring the clearance, clean the piston ring groove and piston ring.

Unit: mm (in)

		Standard	Limit
Clearance between piston ring and piston ring groove	Top ring	0.040 — 0.080 (0.0016 — 0.0031)	0.15 (0.0059)
	Second ring	0.030 — 0.070 (0.0012 — 0.0028)	0.15 (0.0059)

5. CONNECTING ROD

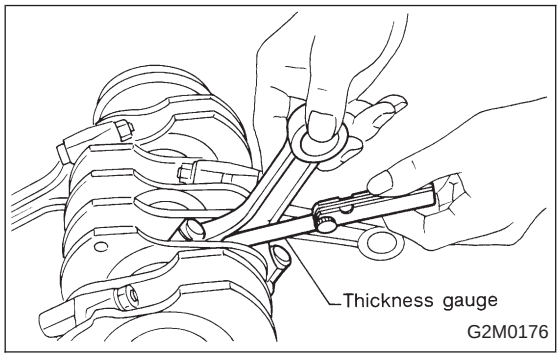
1) Replace connecting rod, if the large or small end thrust surface is damaged.



2) Check for bend or twist using a connecting rod aligner. Replace connecting rod if the bend or twist exceeds the limit.

Limit of bend or twist per 100 mm (3.94 in) in length:
0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

① Thickness gauge
② Connecting rod



3) Install connecting rod fitted with bearing to crankshaft and measure the side clearance (thrust clearance). Replace connecting rod if the side clearance exceeds the specified limit.

Connecting rod side clearance:
Standard
0.070 — 0.330 mm (0.0028 — 0.0130 in)
Limit
0.4 mm (0.016 in)

4) Inspect connecting rod bearing for scar, peeling, seizure, melting, wear, etc.

5) Measure the oil clearance on individual connecting rod bearings by means of plastigauge. If any oil clearance is not within specification, replace the defective bearing with a new one of standard size or undersize as necessary. (See the table below.)

Connecting rod oil clearance:

Standard

0.015 — 0.045 mm (0.0006 — 0.0018 in)

Limit

0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

Unit: mm (in)

Bearing	Bearing size (Thickness at center)	Outer diameter of crank pin
Standard	1.492 — 1.501 (0.0587 — 0.0591)	51.984 — 52.000 (2.0466 — 2.0472)
0.03 (0.0012) undersize	1.510 — 1.513 (0.0594 — 0.0596)	51.954 — 51.970 (2.0454 — 2.0461)
0.05 (0.0020) undersize	1.520 — 1.523 (0.0598 — 0.0600)	51.934 — 51.950 (2.0446 — 2.0453)
0.25 (0.0098) undersize	1.620 — 1.623 (0.0638 — 0.0639)	51.734 — 51.750 (2.0368 — 2.0374)

6) Inspect bushing at connecting rod small end, and replace if worn or damaged. Also measure the piston pin clearance at the connecting rod small end.

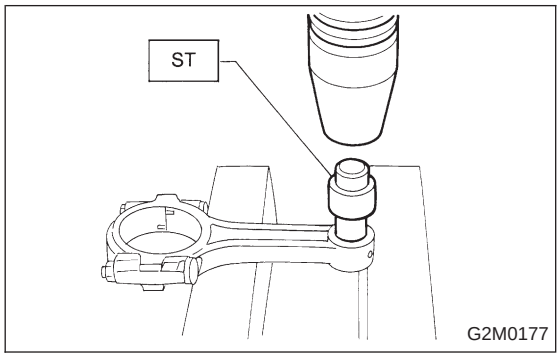
Clearance between piston pin and bushing:

Standard

0 — 0.022 mm (0 — 0.0009 in)

Limit

0.030 mm (0.0012 in)



7) Replacement procedure is as follows.

(1) Remove bushing from connecting rod with ST and press.

(2) Press bushing with ST after applying oil on the periphery of bushing.

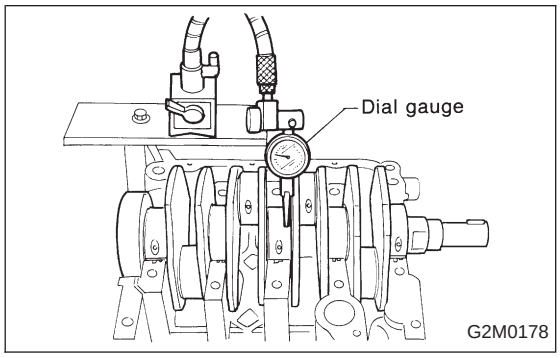
ST 499037100 CONNECTING ROD BUSHING REMOVER AND INSTALLER

(3) Make two 3 mm (0.12 in) holes in bushing. Ream the inside of bushing.

(4) After completion of reaming, clean bushing to remove chips.

6. CRANKSHAFT AND CRANKSHAFT BEARING

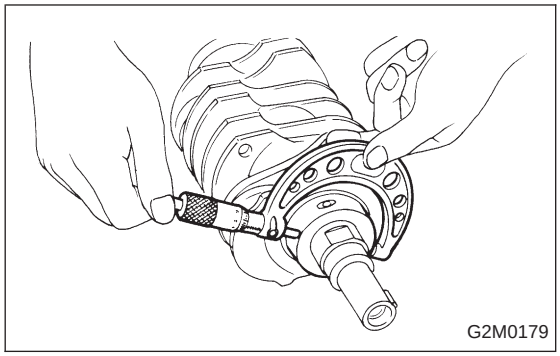
1) Clean crankshaft completely and check for cracks by means of red check etc., and replace if defective.



2) Measure the crankshaft bend, and correct or replace if it exceeds the limit.

CAUTION:
If a suitable V-block is not available, install #1 and #5 crankshaft bearing on cylinder block, position crankshaft on these bearings and measure crankshaft bend using a dial gauge.

Crankshaft bend limit:
0.035 mm (0.0014 in)



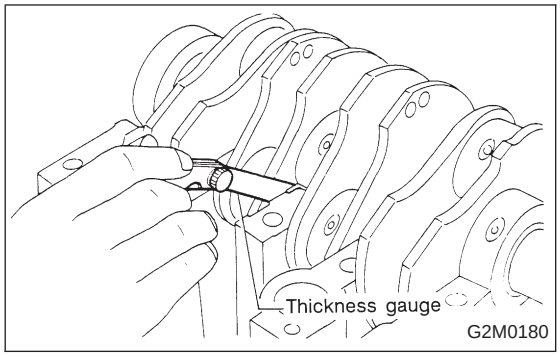
3) Inspect the crank journal and crankpin for wear. If not to specifications, replace bearing with an undersize one, and replace or recondition crankshaft as necessary. When grinding crank journal or crankpin, finish them to the specified dimensions according to the undersize bearing to be used.

Crankpin and crank journal:
Out-of-roundness
0.030 mm (0.0012 in) or less
Taper limit
0.07 mm (0.0028 in)
Grinding limit
0.250 mm (0.0098 in)

Unit: mm (in)

		Crank journal			Crank pin O.D.
		#1, #5	#2, #4	#3	
Standard	Journal O.D.	59.992 — 60.008 (2.3619 — 2.3625)	59.992 — 60.008 (2.3619 — 2.3625)	59.992 — 60.008 (2.3619 — 2.3625)	51.984 — 52.000 (2.0466 — 2.0472)
	Bearing size (Thickness at center)	1.998 — 2.011 (0.0787 — 0.0792)	2.000 — 2.013 (0.0787 — 0.0793)	2.000 — 2.013 (0.0787 — 0.0793)	1.492 — 1.501 (0.0587 — 0.0591)
0.03 (0.0012) undersize	Journal O.D.	59.962 — 59.978 (2.3607 — 2.3613)	59.954 — 59.970 (2.3604 — 2.3610)	←	51.954 — 51.970 (2.0454 — 2.0461)
	Bearing size (Thickness at center)	2.017 — 2.020 (0.0794 — 0.0795)	2.019 — 2.022 (0.0795 — 0.0796)	2.019 — 2.022 (0.0795 — 0.0796)	1.510 — 1.513 (0.0594 — 0.0596)
0.05 (0.0020) undersize	Journal O.D.	59.934 — 59.950 (2.3596 — 2.3602)	←	←	51.934 — 51.950 (2.0446 — 2.0453)
	Bearing size (Thickness at center)	2.027 — 2.030 (0.0798 — 0.0799)	2.029 — 2.032 (0.0799 — 0.0800)	2.029 — 2.032 (0.0799 — 0.0800)	1.520 — 1.523 (0.0598 — 0.0600)
0.25 (0.0098) undersize	Journal O.D.	59.742 — 59.758 (2.3520 — 2.3527)	59.734 — 59.750 (2.3517 — 2.3524)	←	51.734 — 51.750 (2.0368 — 2.0374)
	Bearing size (Thickness at center)	2.127 — 2.130 (0.0837 — 0.0839)	2.129 — 2.132 (0.0838 — 0.0839)	2.129 — 2.132 (0.0838 — 0.0839)	1.620 — 1.623 (0.0638 — 0.0639)

O.D. ... Outer Diameter



4) Measure the thrust clearance of crankshaft at center bearing. If the clearance exceeds the limit, replace bearing.

Crankshaft thrust clearance:

Standard

0.030 — 0.115 mm (0.0012 — 0.0045 in)

Limit

0.25 mm (0.0098 in)

5) Inspect individual crankshaft bearings for signs of flaking, seizure, melting, and wear.

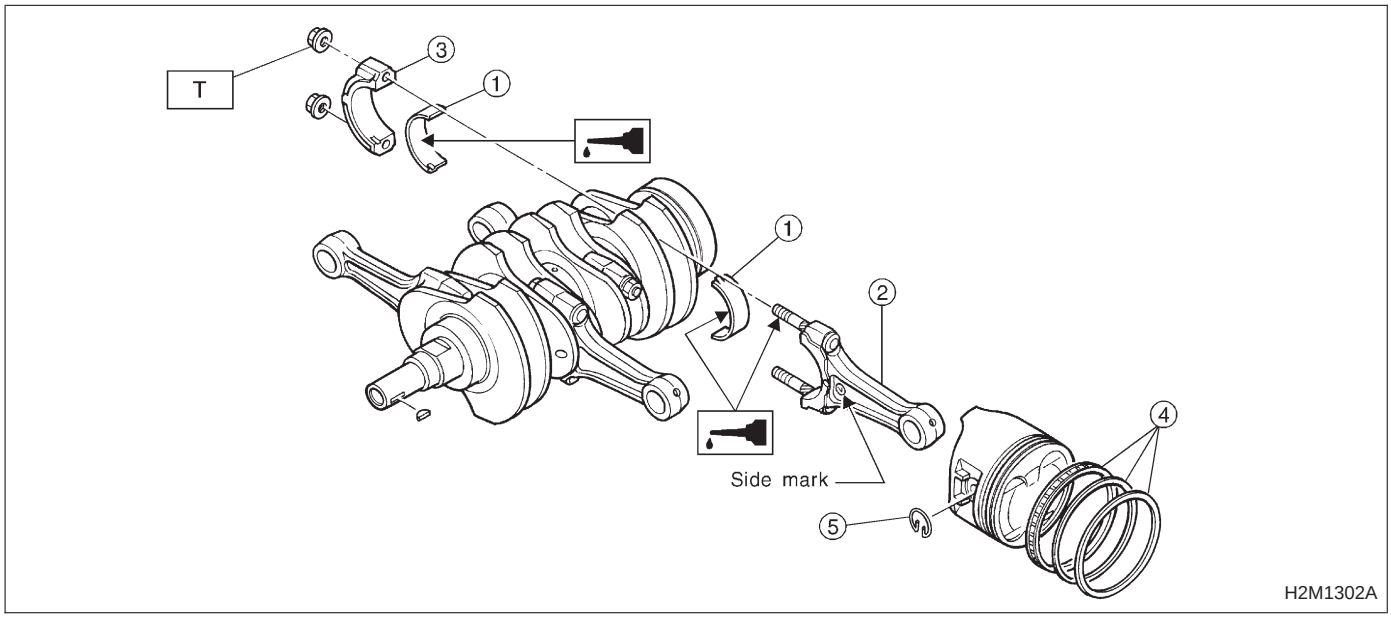
6) Measure the oil clearance on each crankshaft bearing by means of plastigauge. If the measurement is not within the specification, replace defective bearing with an undersize one, and replace or recondition crankshaft as necessary.

Unit: mm (in)

Crankshaft oil clearance		
Standard	#1, #5	0.010 — 0.030 (0.0004 — 0.0012)
	#2, #3, #4	0.010 — 0.030 (0.0004 — 0.0012)
Limit	#1, #5	0.040 (0.0016)
	#2, #3, #4	0.035 (0.0014)

D: ASSEMBLY

1. CRANKSHAFT AND PISTON



Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T: 43 — 46 (4.4 — 4.7, 32 — 34)

1) Install connecting rod bearings on connecting rods and connecting rod caps.

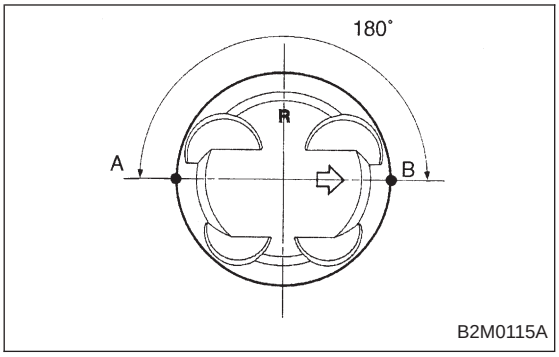
CAUTION:
Apply oil to the surfaces of the connecting rod bearings.

2) Install connecting rod on crankshaft.

CAUTION:
Position each connecting rod with the side marked facing forward.

3) Install connecting rod cap with connecting rod nut.
Ensure the arrow on connecting rod cap faces the front during installation.

CAUTION:
● Each connecting rod has its own mating cap. Make sure that they are assembled correctly by checking their matching number.
● When tightening the connecting rod nuts, apply oil on the threads.



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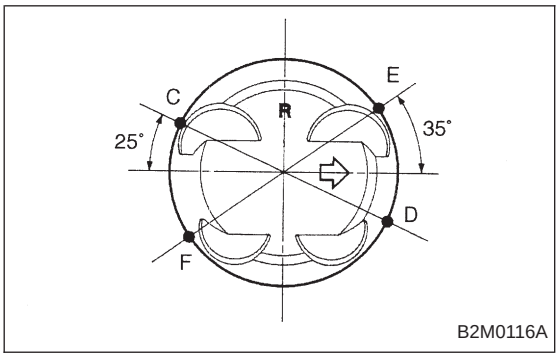
4) Installation of piston rings and oil ring

(1) Install oil ring spacer, upper rail and lower rail in this order by hand. Then install second ring and top ring with a piston ring expander.
(2) Position the top ring gap at A or B in the Figure.
(3) Position the second ring gap at 180° on the reverse side for the top ring gap.



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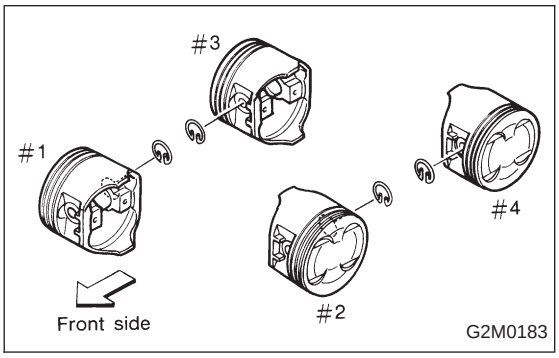
(4) Position the upper rail gap at C or D in the Figure.
(5) Position the expander gap the at 180° of the reverse side for the upper rail gap.
(6) Position the lower rail gap at E or F in the Figure.

CAUTION:
- **Ensure ring gaps do not face the same direction.**
- **Ensure ring gaps are not within the piston skirt area.**



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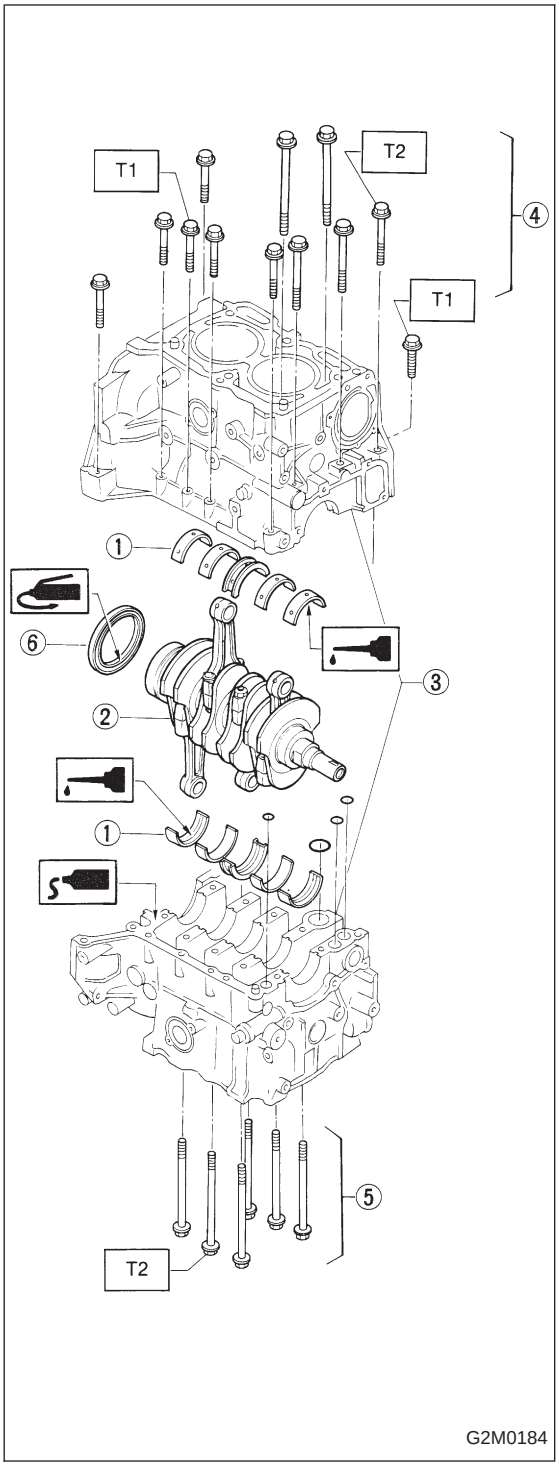
5) Install circlip.

Install circlips in piston holes located opposite service holes in cylinder block, when positioning all pistons in the corresponding cylinders.

CAUTION:
Use new circlips.



2. CYLINDER BLOCK

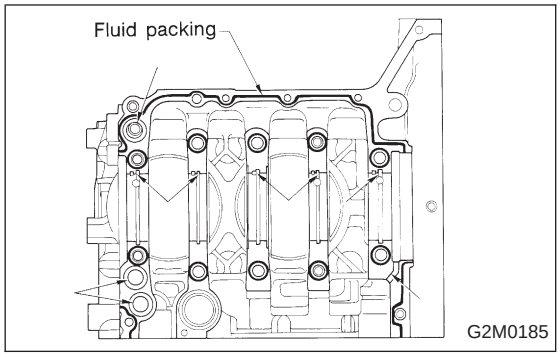
1) Install ST to cylinder block, then install crankshaft bearings.

ST 499817000 ENGINE STAND

CAUTION:
Remove oil the mating surface of bearing and cylinder block before installation. Also apply a coat of engine oil to crankshaft pins.

2) Position crankshaft on the #2 and #4 cylinder block.

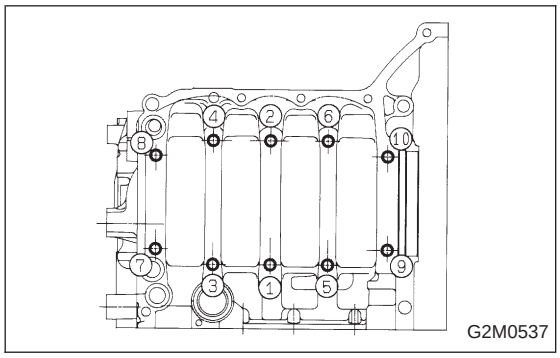
Tightening torque:
T1: 23 — 26 N·m (2.3 — 2.7 kg-m, 17 — 20 ft-lb)
T2: 44 — 50 N·m (4.5 — 5.1 kg-m, 33 — 37 ft-lb)



3) Apply fluid packing to the mating surface of #1 and #3 cylinder block, and position it on #2 and #4 cylinder block.

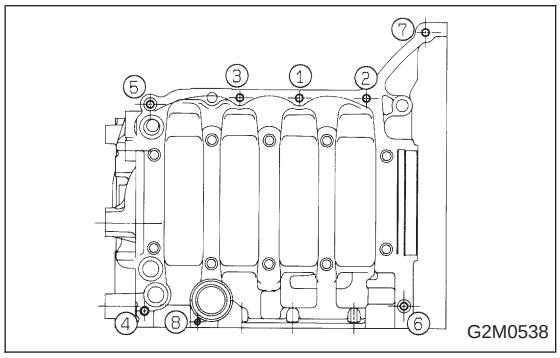
Fluid packing:
THREE BOND 1215 or equivalent

CAUTION:
Do not allow fluid packing to jut into O-ring grooves, oil passages, bearing grooves, etc.



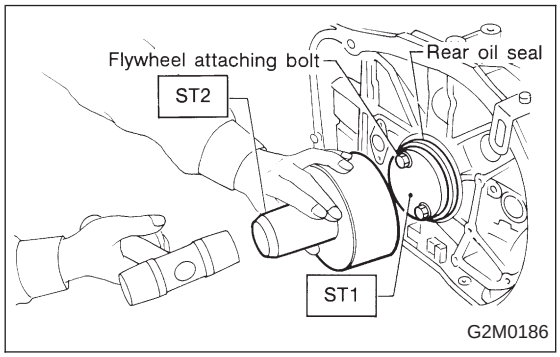
4) Temporarily tighten 10 mm cylinder block connecting bolts in numerical order shown in Figure.
5) Tighten 10 mm cylinder block connecting bolts in numerical order.

Tightening torque:
44 — 50 N·m (4.5 — 5.1 kg-m, 33 — 37 ft-lb)



6) Tighten 8 mm and 6 mm cylinder block connecting bolts in numerical order shown in Figure.

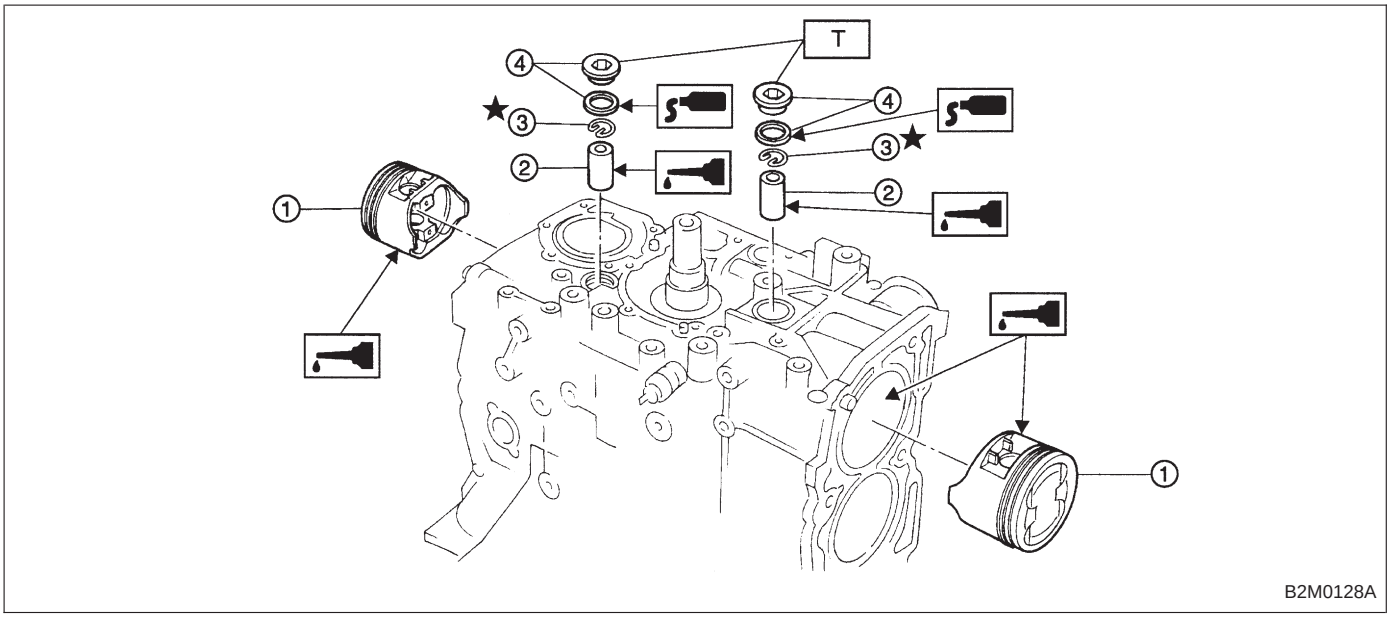
Tightening torque:
①— ⑦: 23 — 26 N·m
(2.3 — 2.7 kg-m, 17 — 20 ft-lb)
⑧: 6.4 N·m (0.65 kg-m, 4.7 ft-lb)



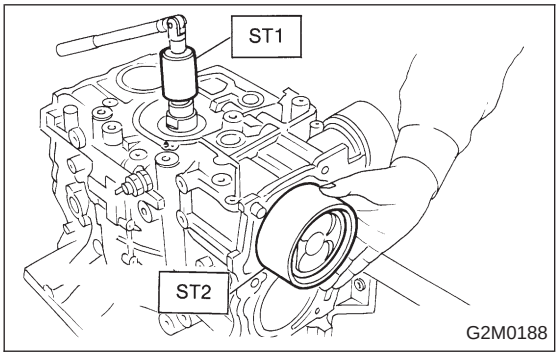
7) Install rear oil seal by using ST1 and ST2.

ST1	499597100	OIL SEAL GUIDE
ST2	499587200	OIL SEAL INSTALLER

3. PISTON AND PISTON PIN (#1 AND #2)



Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T: 69±7 (7.0±0.7, 50.6±5.1)



1) Installing piston

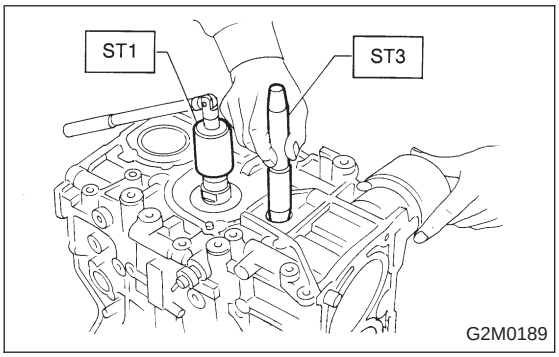
(1) Turn cylinder block so that #1 and #2 cylinders face upward.

(2) Using ST1, turn crankshaft so that #1 and #2 connecting rods are set at bottom dead center.

ST1 499987500 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET

(3) Apply a coat of engine oil to pistons and cylinders and insert pistons in their cylinders by using ST2.

ST2 498747000 PISTON GUIDE (1800 cc)
498747100 PISTON GUIDE (2200 cc)



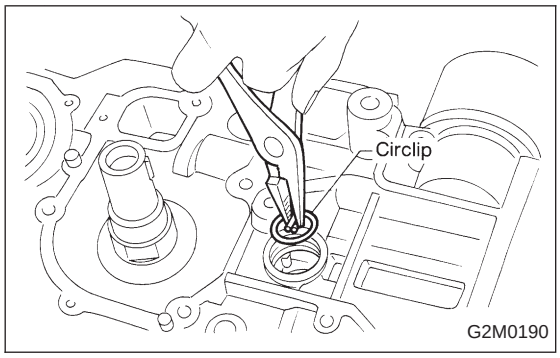
2) Installing piston pin

(1) Insert ST3 into service hole to align piston pin hole with connecting rod small end.

CAUTION:
Apply a coat of engine oil to ST3 before insertion.

ST3 499017100 PISTON PIN GUIDE

(2) Apply a coat of engine oil to piston pin and insert piston pin into piston and connecting rod through service hole.



(3) Install circlip.

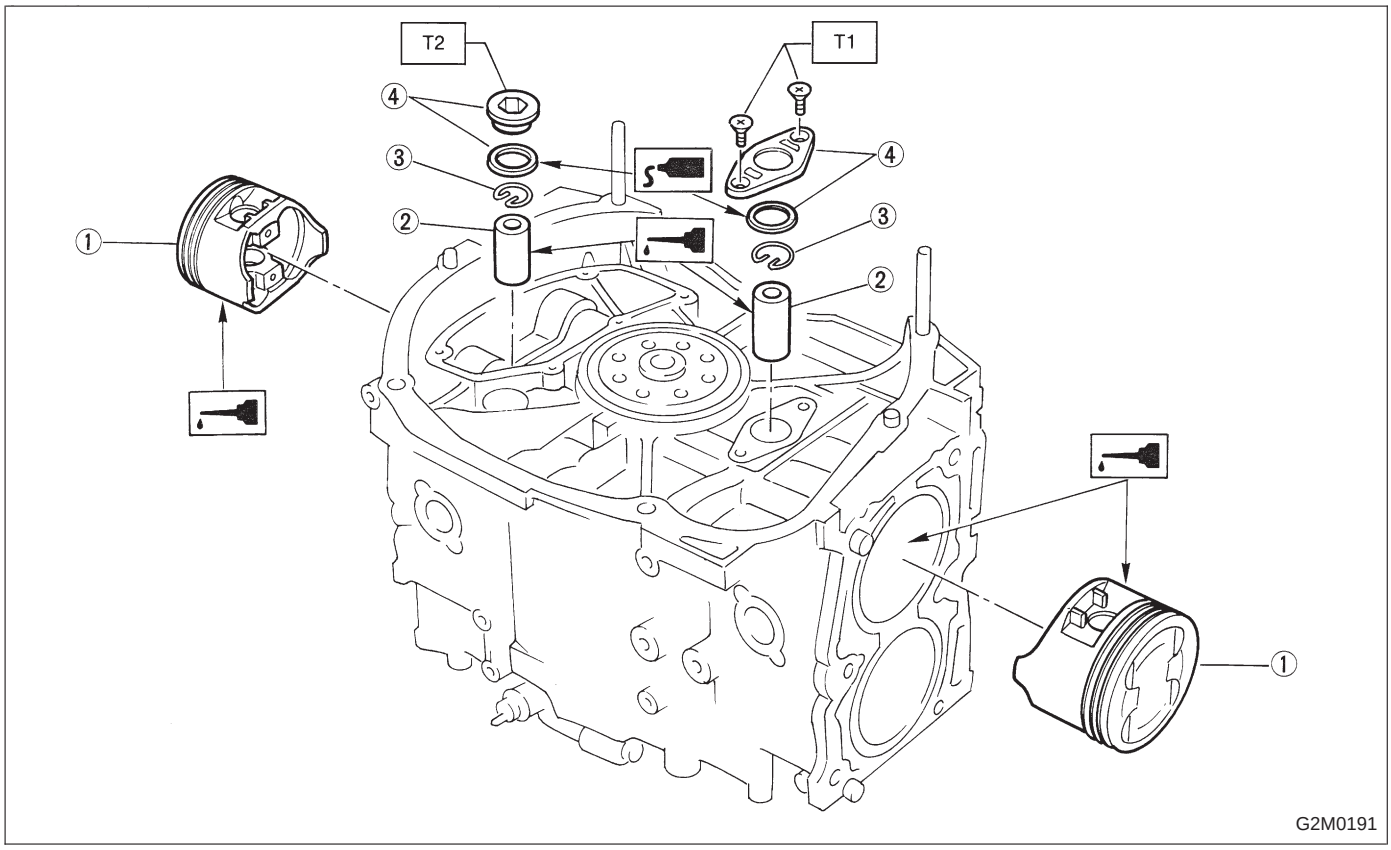
CAUTION:
Use new circlips.

(4) Install service hole plug and gasket.

CAUTION:
Use a new gasket and apply a coat of fluid packing to it before installation.

Fluid packing:
THREE BOND 1215 or equivalent

4. PISTON AND PISTON PIN (#3 AND #4)

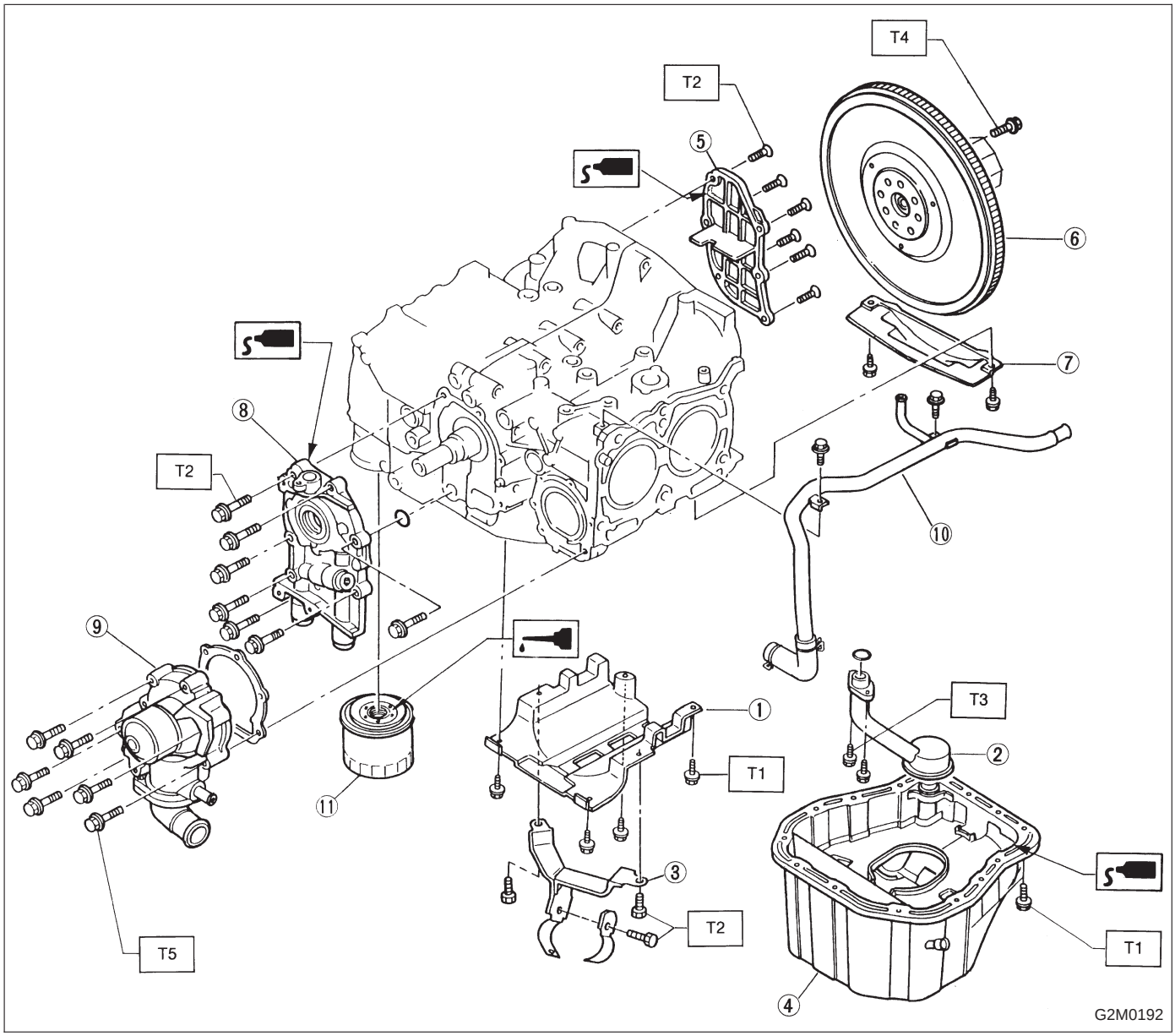


Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7)
T2: 62 — 76 (6.3 — 7.7, 46 — 56)

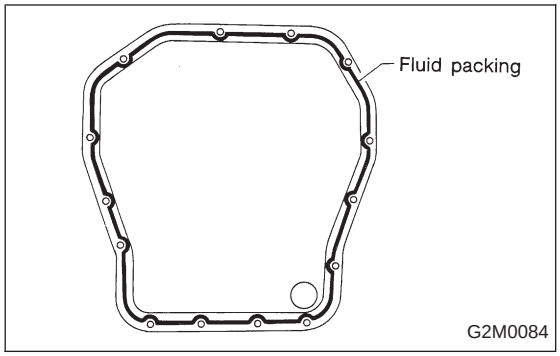
Turn cylinder block so that #3 and #4 cylinders face upward. Using the same procedures as used for #1 and #2 cylinders, install pistons and piston pins.

E: INSTALLATION

1. OIL PUMP AND WATER PUMP

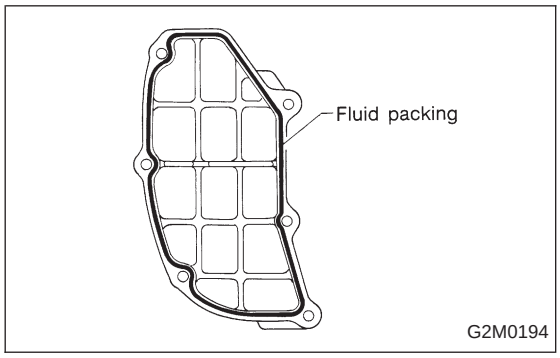


Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
T1: 5 (0.5, 3.6)
T2: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7)
T3: 10 (1.0, 7)
T4: 69 — 75 (7.0 — 7.6, 51 — 55)
T5: First 10 — 14 (1.0 — 1.4, 7 — 10)
Second 10 — 14 (1.0 — 1.4, 7 — 10)



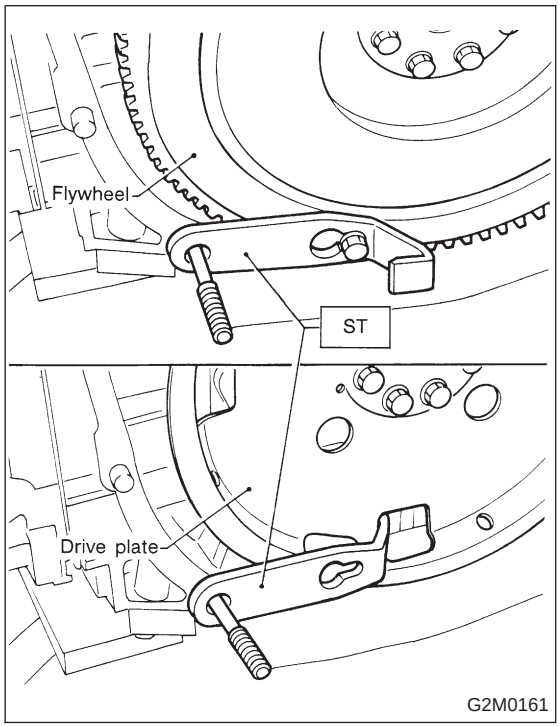
1) Install baffle plate.
2) Install oil strainer and O-ring
3) Install oil strainer stay.
4) Apply fluid packing to matching surfaces and install oil pan.

Fluid packing:
THREE BOND 1207C or equivalent

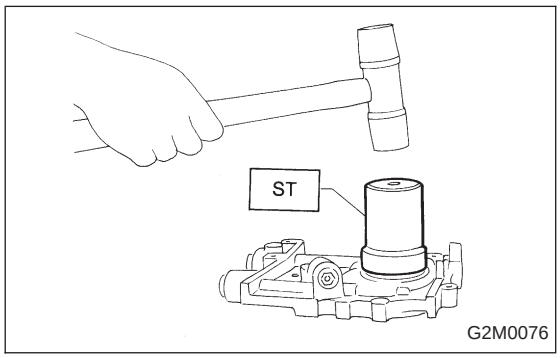


5) Apply fluid packing to matching surfaces and install oil separator cover.

Fluid packing:
THREE BOND 1207C or equivalent

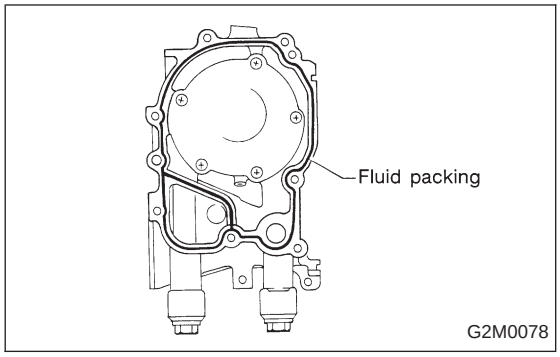


6) Install flywheel or drive plate.
To lock crankshaft, use ST.
ST 498497100 CRANKSHAFT STOPPER
7) Install housing cover.



8) Installation of oil pump.
(1) Discard front oil seal after removal. Replace with a new one by using ST.

ST 499587100 OIL SEAL INSTALLER



(2) Apply fluid packing to matching surface of oil pump.

Fluid packing:

THREE BOND 1215 or equivalent

(3) Install oil pump on cylinder block. Be careful not to damage oil seal during installation.

CAUTION:

● Do not forget to install O-ring and seal when installing oil pump.

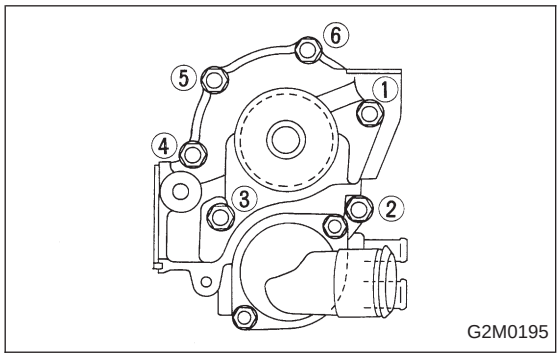
● Align flat surface of oil pump's inner rotor with crankshaft before installation.

9) Install water pump and gasket.

CAUTION:

● Be sure to use a new gasket.

● When installing water pump, tighten bolts in two stages in numerical sequence as shown in Figure.



10) Install water pipes.

11) Install oil filter.

2. RELATED PARTS

1) Install cylinder head and intake manifold.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W6E0].>

2) Install timing belt, camshaft sprocket and related parts.
<Ref. to 2-3 [W3C0].>

1. Engine Trouble in General

Numbers shown in the chart refer to the possibility of reason for the trouble in order (“Very often” to “Rarely”)
1 — Very often
2 — Sometimes
3 — Rarely

TROUBLE													
Engine will not start.				Rough idle and engine stall.	Low output, hesitation and poor acceleration.	Surging.	Engine does not return to idle.	Dieseling (Run-on).	After burning in exhaust system.	Knocking.	Excessive engine oil consumption.	Excessive fuel consumption.	
Starter does not turn.	Initial combustion does not occur.	Initial combustion occurs.	Engine stalls after initial combustion.										**POSSIBLE CAUSE**
													STARTER
2													● Defective battery-to-starter harness.
3													● Defective starter switch.
3													● Defective inhibitor switch.
2	3												● Defective starter.
													BATTERY
1													● Poor terminal connection.
1													● Run-down battery.
2													● Defective charging system.
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	Fuel injection system <Ref. to 2-7 Fuel Injection System (1800 cc model)/2-7b On-Board Diagnostics II System (2200 cc model).>

TROUBLE													
Engine will not start.													
Starter does not turn.	Initial combustion does not occur.	Initial combustion occurs.	Engine stalls after initial combustion.	Rough idle and engine stall.	Low output, hesitation and poor acceleration.	Surging.	Engine does not return to idle.	Dieseling (Run-on).	After burning in exhaust system.	Knocking.	Excessive engine oil consumption.	Excessive fuel consumption.	
													INTAKE SYSTEM
			2	1	1	1			3	1			● Loosened or cracked intake air pipe.
			3	1	1	1			3	1	1		● Loosened or cracked blow-by hose.
			3	1	2	1	1		2	1			● Loosened or cracked vacuum hose.
		2	2	2	2	2				1			● Defective intake manifold gasket.
		2	2	2	2	2				1			● Defective throttle body gasket.
				3	2	2			2	2	2		● Defective PCV valve.
				2	2	2			3	2	3		● Loosened oil filler cap.
			3	3	1	2				2		1	● Dirty air cleaner element.
													FUEL LINE
	1	3		3	2	2							● Defective fuel pump and relay.
		3	3	3	2	2							● Clogged fuel line.
	2	2	2	2	3	3							● Lack of or insufficient fuel.
													BELT
	2	2	2										● Defective.
	2	2	2	3	2	2			2	2		2	● Defective timing.
													FRICTION
3													● Seizure of crankshaft and connecting rod bearing.
3													● Seized camshaft.
3													● Seized or stuck piston and cylinder.
													COMPRESSION
	3	3	3	2	2	2			2	3		2	● Defective hydraulic lash adjuster
	3	3	3	2	2	3			3			3	● Loosened spark plugs or defective gasket.
	3	3	3	2	2	3			3			3	● Loosened cylinder head bolts or defective gasket.
	3	3	3	2	2	3			2			2	● Improper valve seating.
	3	3	3	3	3	3			3		1	3	● Defective valve stem.
	2	2	2	2	2	3			3			3	● Worn or broken valve spring.
	3	3	3	2	3	3			3		1	2	● Worn or stuck piston rings, cylinder and piston.
	2	2	2	1	1	1			1	2		2	● Incorrect valve timing.
	2	2	2	2	2	2							● Improper engine oil (low viscosity).

TROUBLE													
Engine will not start.													
Starter does not turn.	Initial combustion does not occur.	Initial combustion occurs.	Engine stalls after initial combustion.	Rough idle and engine stall.	Low output, hesitation and poor acceleration.	Surging.	Engine does not return to idle.	Dieseling (Run-on).	After burning in exhaust system.	Knocking.	Excessive engine oil consumption.	Excessive fuel consumption.	
													LUBRICATION SYSTEM
				2	2				3			3	● Incorrect oil pressure.
											2		● Loosened oil pump attaching bolts and defective gasket.
											2		● Defective oil filter seal.
											2		● Defective crankshaft oil seal.
				3							2		● Defective rocker cover gasket.
											2		● Loosened oil drain plug or defective gasket.
											2		● Loosened oil pan fitting bolts or defective oil pan.
													COOLING SYSTEM
				3	3	2		2		1			● Overheating.
					3				3			3	● Over cooling.
													OTHERS
				1	1	3			3				● Malfunction of Evaporative Emission Control System.
				2			1						● Stuck or damaged throttle valve.
				3			2	2				2	● Accelerator cable out of adjustment.

2. Engine Noise

Valve lash adjusters may make clicking noise once engine starts. It is normal if clicking noise ceases after a few minutes.
If clicking noise continues after a few minutes, check engine oil level and add oil if necessary.
Then, do as follows to cease clicking noise.
1) Warm-up engine for five minutes.
2) Turn ignition switch OFF.
3) Connect test mode connector.
4) Start the engine and run it at approximately 2,000 rpm for twenty minutes.
5) Turn ignition switch OFF.
6) Disconnect test mode connector.
7) Start the engine and check that clicking noise is ceased.
If noise still exists, conduct troubleshooting procedures in accordance with the following table.

CAUTION:
Do not disconnect spark plug cord while engine is running.

Type of sound	Condition	Possible cause
Regular clicking sound	Sound increases as engine speed increases.	Valve mechanism is defective. ● Broken lash adjuster ● Worn valve rocker ● Worn camshaft ● Broken valve spring ● Worn valve lifter hole
Heavy and dull clank	Oil pressure is low.	● Worn crankshaft main bearing ● Worn connecting rod bearing (big end)
	Oil pressure is normal.	● Loose flywheel mounting bolts ● Damaged engine mounting
High-pitched clank (Spark knock)	Sound is noticeable when accelerating with an overload.	● Ignition timing advanced ● Accumulation of carbon inside combustion chamber ● Wrong spark plug ● Improper gasoline
Clank when engine speed is medium (1,000 to 2,000 rpm).	Sound is reduced when fuel injector connector of noisy cylinder is disconnected. (NOTE*)	● Worn crankshaft main bearing ● Worn bearing at crankshaft end of connecting rod
Knocking sound when engine is operating under idling speed and engine is warm.	Sound is reduced when fuel injector connector of noisy cylinder is disconnected. (NOTE*)	● Worn cylinder liner and piston ring ● Broken or stuck piston ring ● Worn piston pin and hole at piston end of connecting rod
	Sound is not reduced if each fuel injector connector is disconnected in turn. (NOTE*)	● Unusually worn valve lifter ● Worn cam gear ● Worn camshaft journal bore in crankcase
Squeaky sound	—	● Insufficient generator lubrication
Rubbing sound	—	● Defective generator brush and rotor contact
Gear scream when starting engine	—	● Defective ignition starter switch ● Worn gear and starter pinion
Sound like polishing glass with a dry cloth	—	● Loose drive belt ● Defective engine coolant pump shaft

Type of sound	Condition	Possible cause
Hissing sound	—	● Loss of compression ● Air leakage in air intake system, hoses, connections or manifolds
Timing belt noise	—	● Loose timing belt ● Belt contacting case/adjacent part

NOTE*:
● When disconnecting fuel injector connector, CHECK ENGINE Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) illuminates and trouble code is stored in ECM memory.
● Therefore, carry out the CLEAR MEMORY MODE after connecting fuel injector connector. (Ref. to 2-7 Fuel Injection System (1800 cc model only).)
● Therefore, carry out the CLEAR MEMORY MODE and INSPECTION MODE after connecting fuel injector connector. (Ref. to 2-7b On-Board Diagnostics II System (2200 cc model only).)