

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2. Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

A: DTC B1570 ANTENNA

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

DTC	Item	Outline of diagnosis
B1570	Antenna	Faulty antenna
B1571	Reference Code Incompatibility	Reference code incompatibility between body integrated unit and ECM
B1572	IMM Circuit Failure (Except Antenna Circuit)	Communication failure between body integrated unit and ECM
B1574	Key Communication Failure	The body integrated unit to confirm the key (transponder) ID code has malfunction, of the transponder is faulty.
B1575	Incorrect Immobilizer Key	Incorrect immobilizer key (Use of unregistered key in body integrated unit)
B1576	EGI Control Module EEPROM	ECM malfunctioning
B1577	IMM Control Module EEPROM	Body integrated unit malfunctioning
B1578	Meter Failure	Reference code incompatibility between combination meter and body integrated unit

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

When starting the engine.

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only after starting the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the conditions for the outline of the diagnosis of the top are established.

B: DTC B1571 REFERENCE CODE INCOMPATIBILITY

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC B1570. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-10, DTC B1570 ANTENNA, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

C: DTC B1572 IMM CIRCUIT FAILURE (EXCEPT ANTENNA CIRCUIT)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC B1570. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-10, DTC B1570 ANTENNA, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

D: DTC B1574 KEY COMMUNICATION FAILURE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC B1570. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-10, DTC B1570 ANTENNA, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

E: DTC B1575 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC B1570. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-10, DTC B1570 ANTENNA, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

F: DTC B1576 EGI CONTROL MODULE EEPROM

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC B1570. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-10, DTC B1570 ANTENNA, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

G: DTC B1577 IMM CONTROL MODULE EEPROM

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC B1570. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-10, DTC B1570 ANTENNA, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

H: DTC B1578 METER FAILURE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC B1570. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-10, DTC B1570 ANTENNA, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

I: DTC P000A A CAMSHAFT POSITION SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the AVCS system malfunction.

Judge NG when the amount of AVCS actual timing advance does not approach to the amount of AVCS target timing advance.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
AVCS control	Operation
Target timing advance change amount (per 64 ms)	< 3.2 °CA

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously while AVCS is operating.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

When the differences of target timing advance amount and actual timing advance amount is calculated during AVCS control, and the difference per predetermined time is the specified value or larger.

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established within the predetermined time.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
$\Sigma(\text{Target position} - \text{Actual position})$	> 4000 °CA (Bank 1) > 4000 °CA (Bank 2)
or	
$\Sigma(\text{Target position} - \text{Actual position})$	< -4000 °CA (Bank 1) < -4000 °CA (Bank 2)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 25000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

J: DTC P000C A CAMSHAFT POSITION SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to P000A. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-12, DTC P000A A CAMSHAFT POSITION SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

K: DTC P0010 "A" CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CIRCUIT/OPEN (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the oil control solenoid.

Judge as NG when the current is small even though the duty signal is large.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Oil control solenoid control duty	$< 0.306 \text{ A}$

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Oil control solenoid control present current	$< 0.306 \text{ A}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

L: DTC P0011 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION - TIMING OVER-ADVANCED OR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the AVCS system malfunction.

Judge as NG when the conditions during which the differences of AVCS target timing advance amount and AVCS actual timing advance amount is large continues.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
AVCS control	Operation

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously while AVCS is operating.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

When the conditions during which the differences of AVCS target timing advance amount and AVCS actual timing advance amount is large continues for certain amount of time.

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established within the predetermined time.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
(Target position – Actual position)	> 10 °CA or < -10 °CA

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 5000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

M: DTC P0016 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the AVCS system malfunction.

Judge as NG when standard timing advance amount is far from learning angle.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after external load (power steering, neutral position switch) change	≥ 3000 ms
AVCS learning	In operation
AVCS learning experience flag (diagnosis 1 only)	Set

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after starting engine and while AVCS is not operating.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the absolute value of the difference between cam signal input position and learning value is out of specification.

Diagnosis 1

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Crankshaft position when camshaft position sensor signal is input – Learning value	> 10 °CA

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 5000 ms

Diagnosis 2

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Camshaft position sensor signal input position	< -2 °CA or > 57 °CA

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 5000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

NOTE:

Initial standard learning value is the value of crank angle initially input at the production plant. And then it will be updated every time normal judgment has been completed. Learning value will not be updated if NG judgment occurs because timing belt or chain derails suddenly in process or because wrong assembly occurs during servicing.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

N: DTC P0018 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0016. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-15, DTC P0016 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

O: DTC P0020 "A" CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CIRCUIT/OPEN (BANK 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0010. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-13, DTC P0010 "A" CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CIRCUIT/OPEN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

P: DTC P0021 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION - TIMING OVER-ADVANCED OR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE (BANK 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

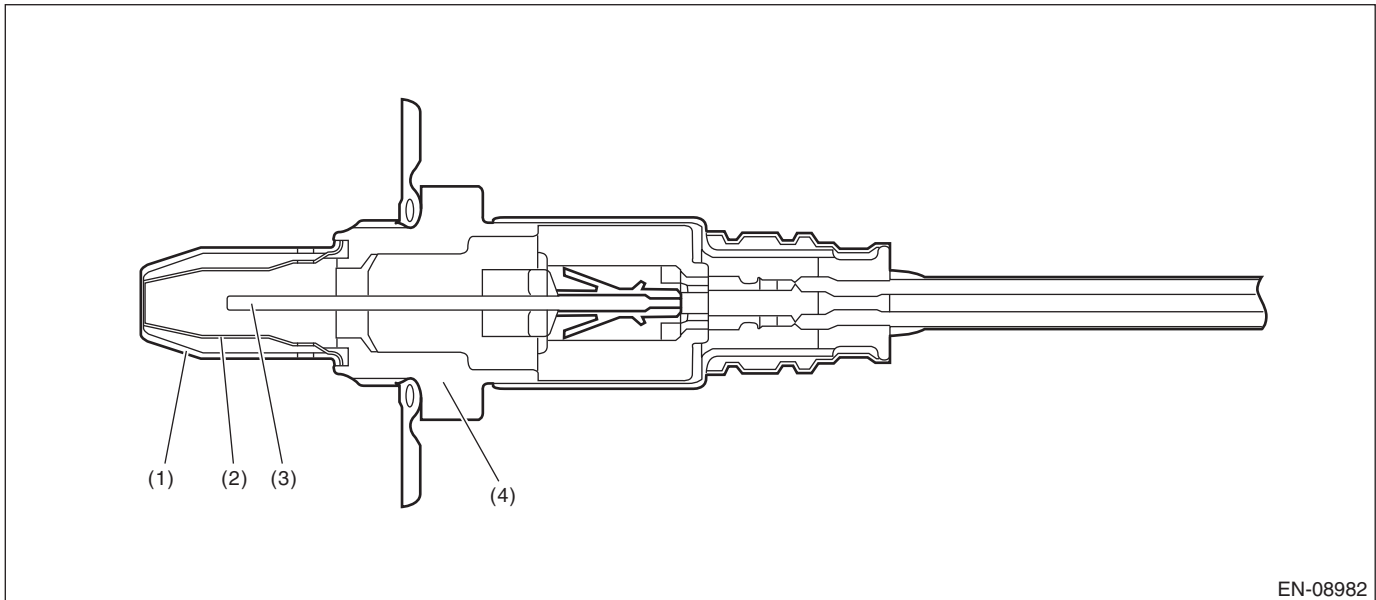
NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0011. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-14, DTC P0011 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION - TIMING OVER-ADVANCED OR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Q: DTC P0030 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect functional errors of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater.

Judge as NG when it is determined that the front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance is large when looking at engine status such as deceleration fuel cut.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(1) Element cover (outer)

(2) Element cover (inner)

(3) Sensor element

(4) Sensor housing

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
A/F sensor heater control duty	$> 17 \%$
Elapsed time after returning from the fuel cut	$\geq 20000 \text{ ms}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after 42000 ms seconds or more have passed since the engine started.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance	$> 82 \Omega$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

R: DTC P0031 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

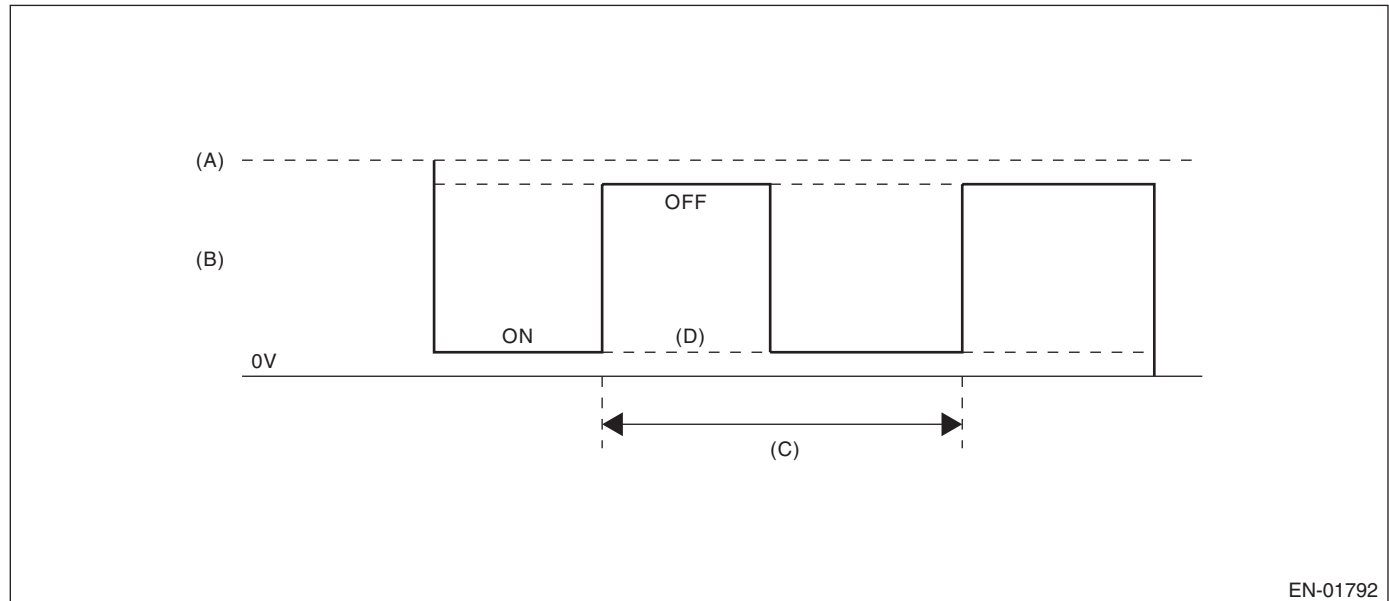
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater open or short circuit.

The front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V, and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage.

Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains Low.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Battery voltage

(B) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater
output voltage

(C) 128 ms

(D) Low error

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control duty	$< 87.5 \%$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$< 1.9 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 4 ms \times 250 time(s)

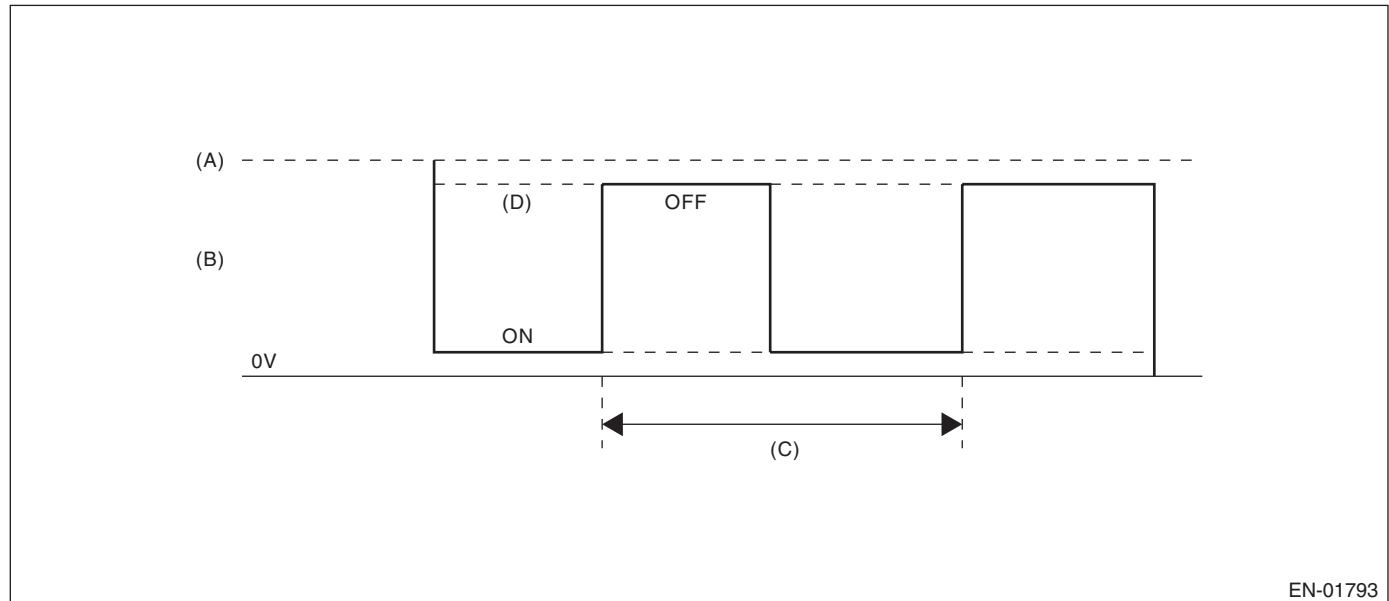
Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

S: DTC P0032 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater open or short circuit.

The front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V, and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage.

Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains High.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-01793

(A) Battery voltage

(B) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater
output voltage

(C) 128 ms

(D) High error

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control duty	$> 12.5 \%$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$\geq 1.9 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 4 ms \times 500 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

T: DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

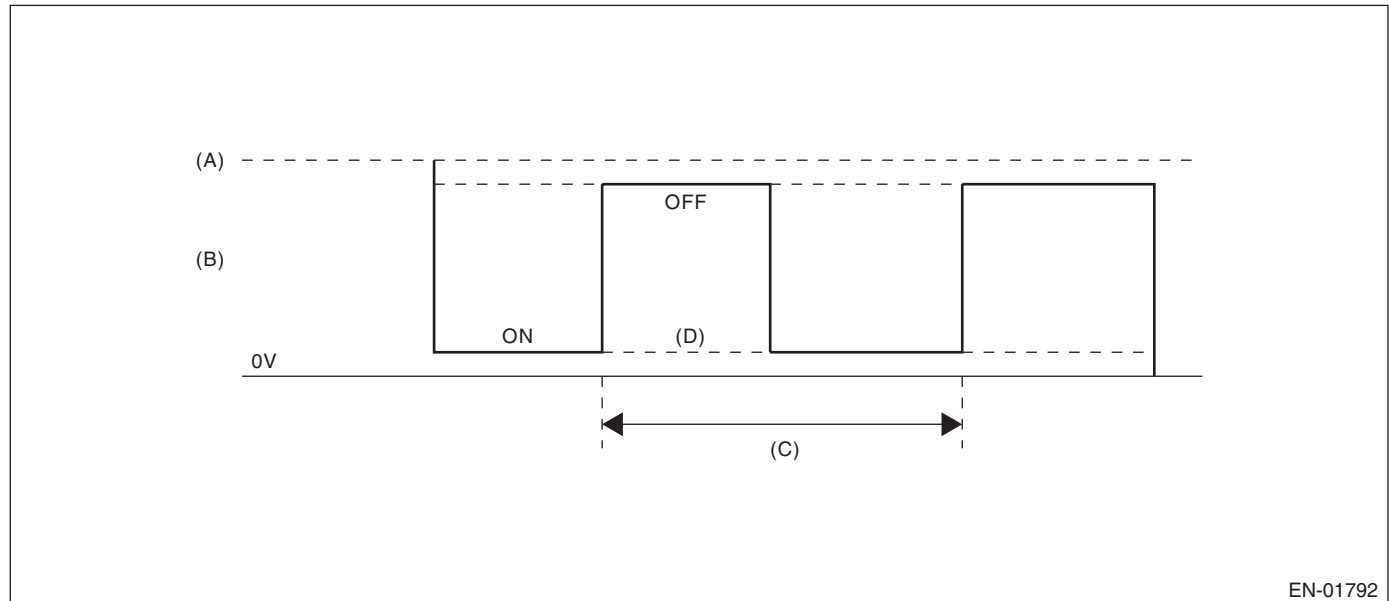
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the rear oxygen sensor heater open or short circuit.

The rear oxygen sensor heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V, and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage.

Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains Low.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Battery voltage

(B) Output voltage of the rear oxygen sensor heater

(C) 256 ms (cycle)

(D) Low error

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 1 \text{ s}$
Rear oxygen sensor heater control duty	$< 75 \%$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

After starting the engine, perform the diagnosis continuously when engine is low speed.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$< \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.2 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 ms \times 1250 time(s)

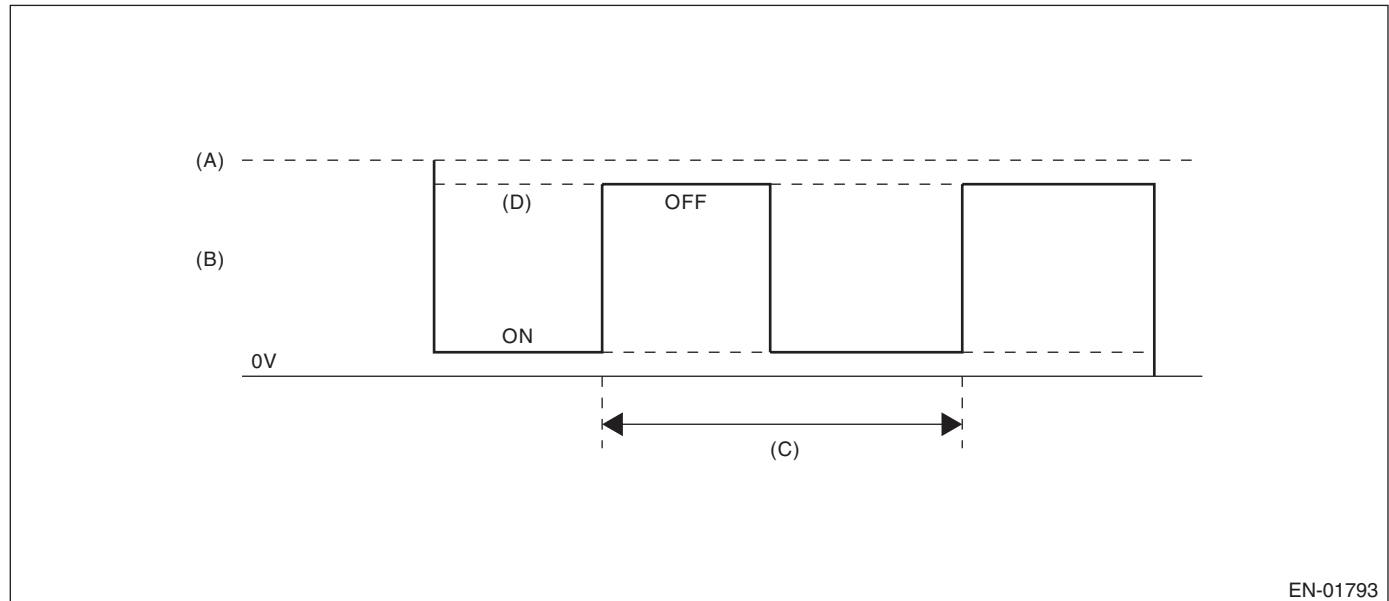
Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

U: DTC P0038 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the rear oxygen sensor heater open or short circuit.

The rear oxygen sensor heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V, and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage.

Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains High.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-01793

(A) Battery voltage

(B) Output voltage of the rear oxygen sensor heater

(C) 256 ms (cycle)

(D) High error

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 1 \text{ s}$
Rear oxygen sensor heater control duty	$\geq 20 \%$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

After starting the engine, perform the diagnosis continuously when engine is low speed.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$\leq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.2 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 8 ms \times 320 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

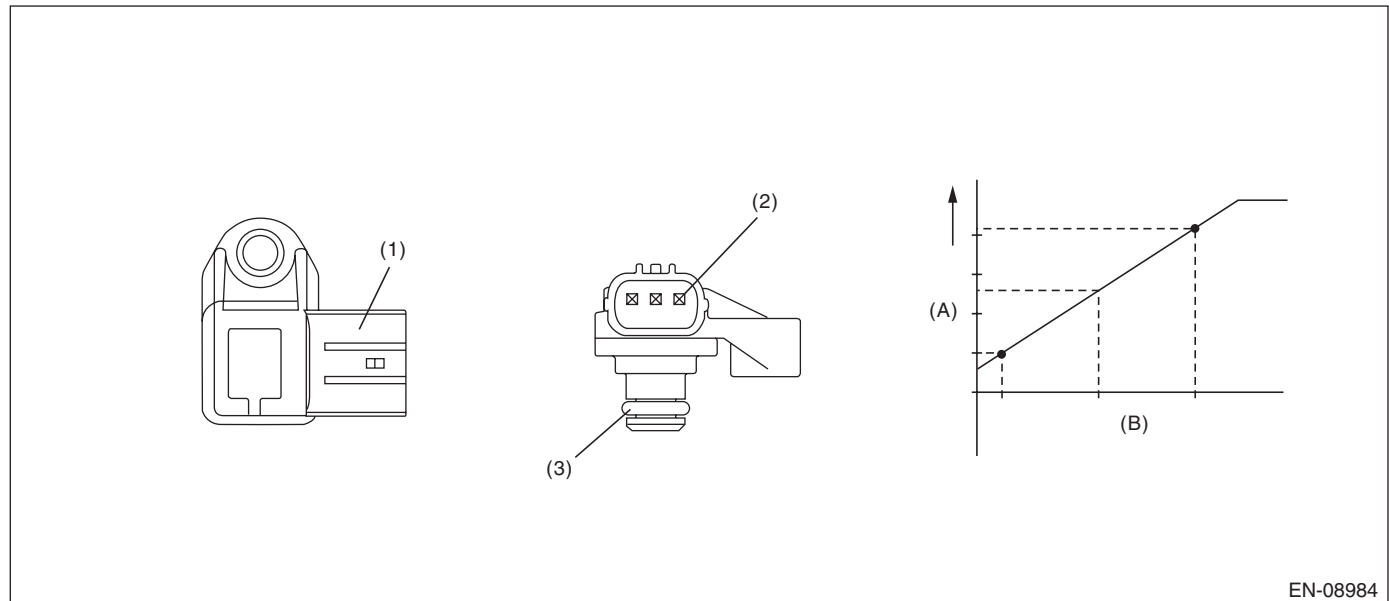
V: DTC P0068 MAP/MAF - THROTTLE POSITION CORRELATION

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect problems in the intake manifold pressure sensor output properties.

Judge as NG when the intake air pressure AD value is Low whereas it seemed to be High from the viewpoint of engine condition, or when it is High whereas it seemed to be Low from the engine condition.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-08984

(A) Output voltage

(B) Absolute pressure

(1) Connector

(2) Terminals

(3) O-ring

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Low

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine coolant temperature	$\geq 60^{\circ}\text{C}$ (140°F)
Engine speed	< 2500 rpm
Charging efficiency	> 0.6 g/rev (0.02 oz/rev)
Throttle position	$\geq 12^{\circ}$

High

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine coolant temperature	$\geq 60^{\circ}\text{C}$ (140°F)
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm and < 900 rpm
Charging efficiency	< 0.44 g/rev (0.02 oz/rev)
Throttle position	$\leq 5.7^{\circ}$

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after idling.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when Low side or High side becomes NG.

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low Output voltage	< 1.46 V
High Output voltage	≥ 3.5 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

Low side: 5000 ms

High side: 10000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

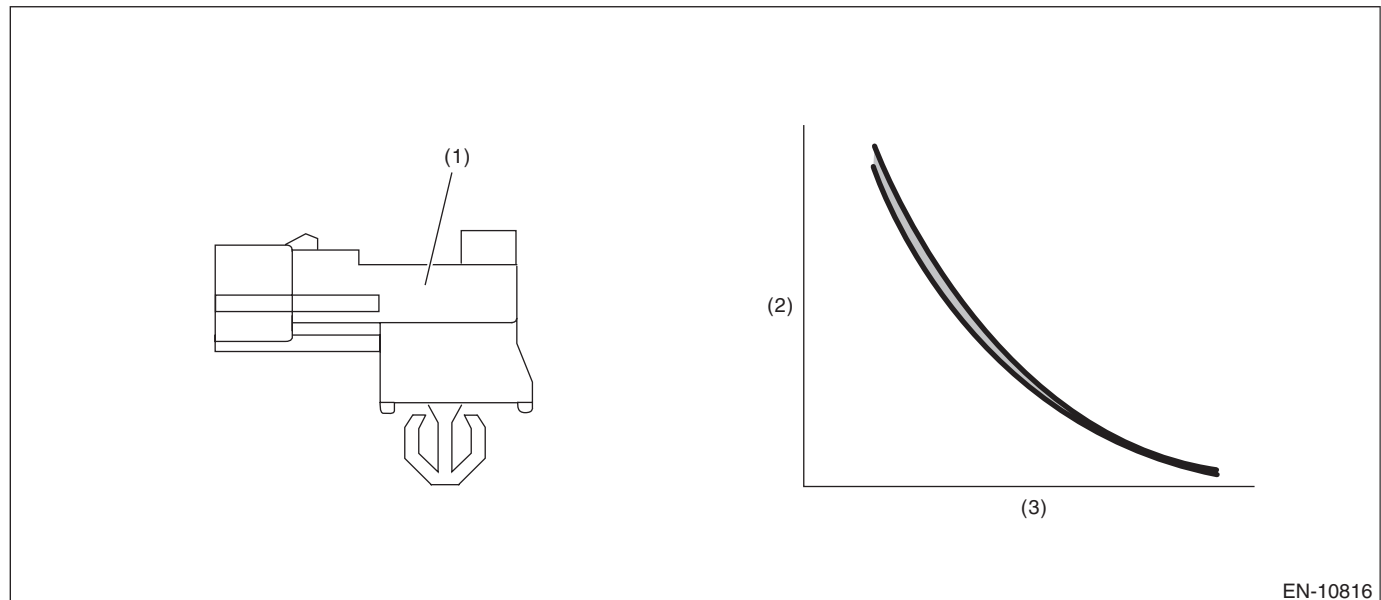
W: DTC P0071 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT "A" RANGE/PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of ambient temperature sensor characteristics.

After the engine starts after the specified period of soaking time has elapsed, judge by correlation between ambient temperature sensor value, intake air temperature sensor value and engine coolant temperature sensor value. Judge as NG when the differences are both above the specified value by comparing between ambient air temperature and intake air temperature, ambient air temperature and engine coolant temperature.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Ambient temperature sensor

(2) Resistance value (kΩ)

(3) Ambient air temperature (°C (°F))

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Soaking time	≥ 21600 s
Block heater judgment	Completed
Block heater operation	Not in operation

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after the engine starts after a certain period of soaking time.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Ambient air temperature 30 sec. after engine start – Intake air temperature 30 sec. after engine start	> Value from Map
Ambient air temperature at engine start – Engine coolant temperature at engine start	> 25 °C (45°F)

Map

Ambient air temperature °C (°F)	-30 (-22)	30 (86)	45 (113)	60 (140)
Ambient air temperature 30 sec. after engine start – Intake air temperature 30 sec. after engine start °C (°F)	20 (36°F)	20 (36°F)	32 (57.6°F)	32 (57.6°F)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

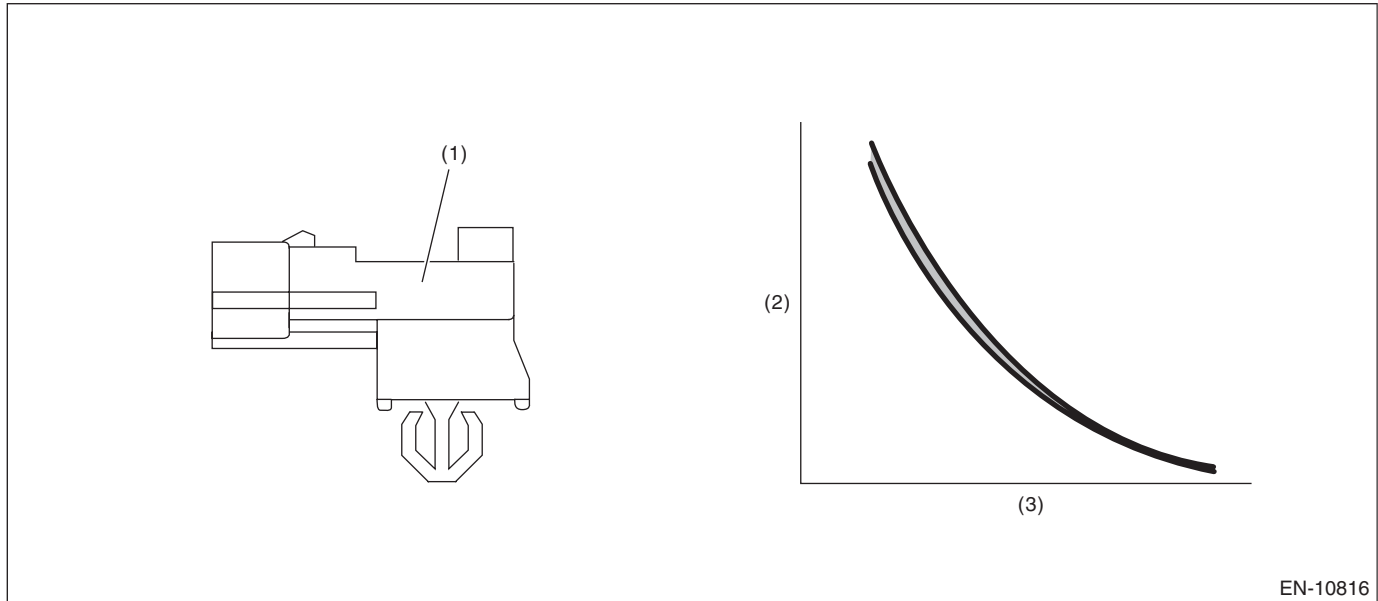
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

X: DTC P0072 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT "A" LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of ambient temperature sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Ambient temperature sensor

(2) Resistance value (kΩ)

(3) Ambient air temperature (°C (°F))

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

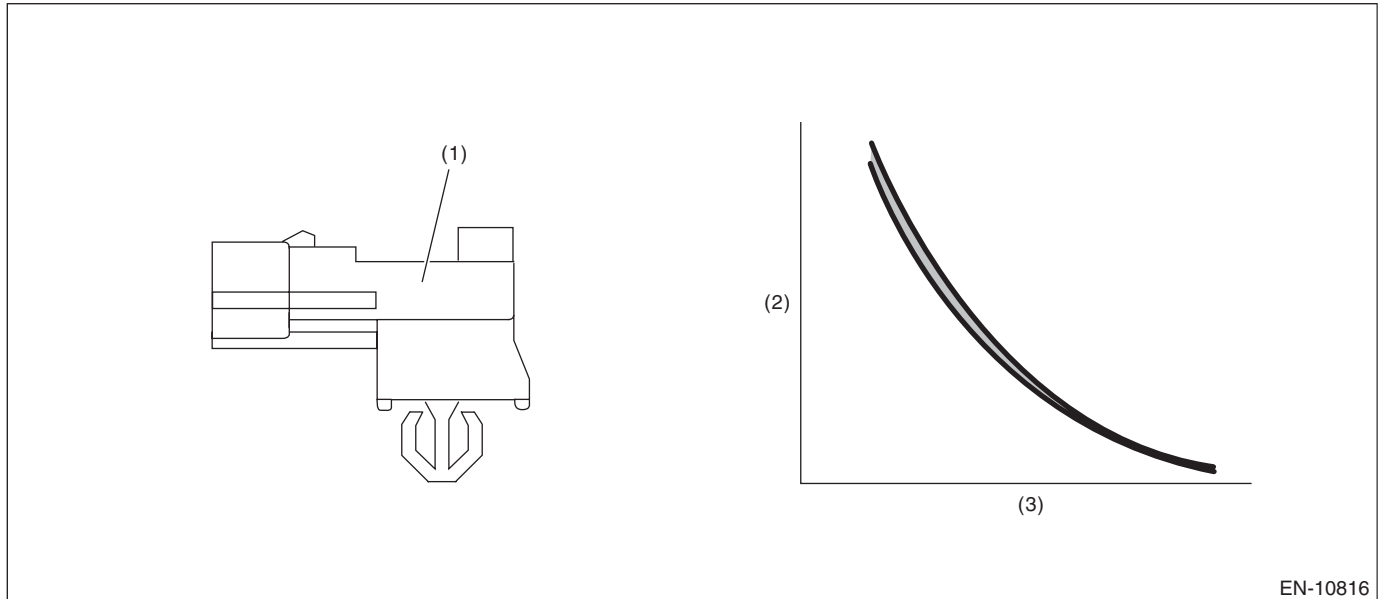
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.42 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Y: DTC P0073 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT "A" HIGH**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of ambient temperature sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(1) Ambient temperature sensor

(2) Resistance value (kΩ)

(3) Ambient air temperature (°C (°F))

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	> 4.88 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

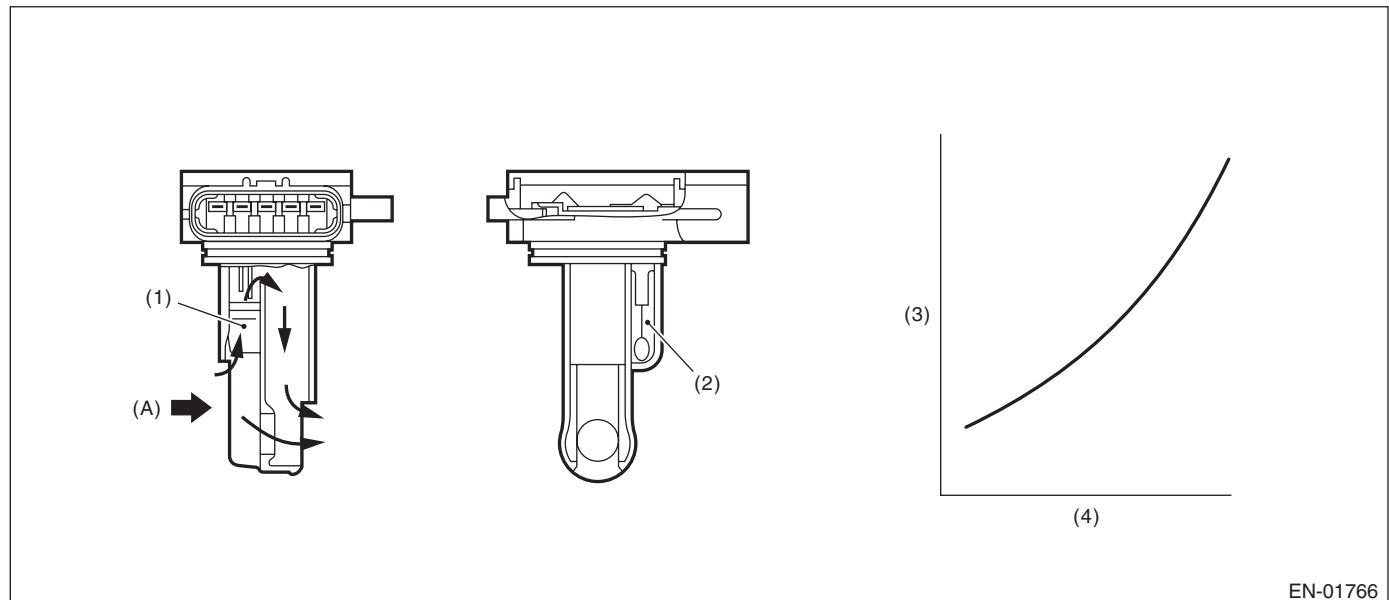
Z: DTC P0101 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of air flow sensor output properties.

Judge as a low side NG when the air flow voltage indicates a small value regardless of running in a state where the air flow voltage increases. Judge as a high side NG when the air flow voltage indicates a large value regardless of running in a state where the air flow voltage decreases. Judge air flow sensor property NG when the Low side or High side becomes NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01766

(A) Air

(1) Air flow sensor

(3) Voltage (V)

(4) Amount of intake air (kg (lb)/s)

(2) Intake air temperature sensor

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Low

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine speed	≥ 1500 rpm
Throttle opening angle	≥ 12 °
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 60 °C (140 °F)
Intake manifold pressure	≥ 73.3 kPa (550 mmHg, 21.7 inHg)

High

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm and < 900 rpm
Throttle opening angle	< 5.7 °
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 60 °C (140 °F)
Intake manifold pressure	< 58.7 kPa (440 mmHg, 17.3 inHg)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after idling.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when Low side or High side becomes NG.

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low	
Output voltage	< 1.22 V
High	
Output voltage	≥ 2.1 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

Low: 5000 ms

High: 10000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

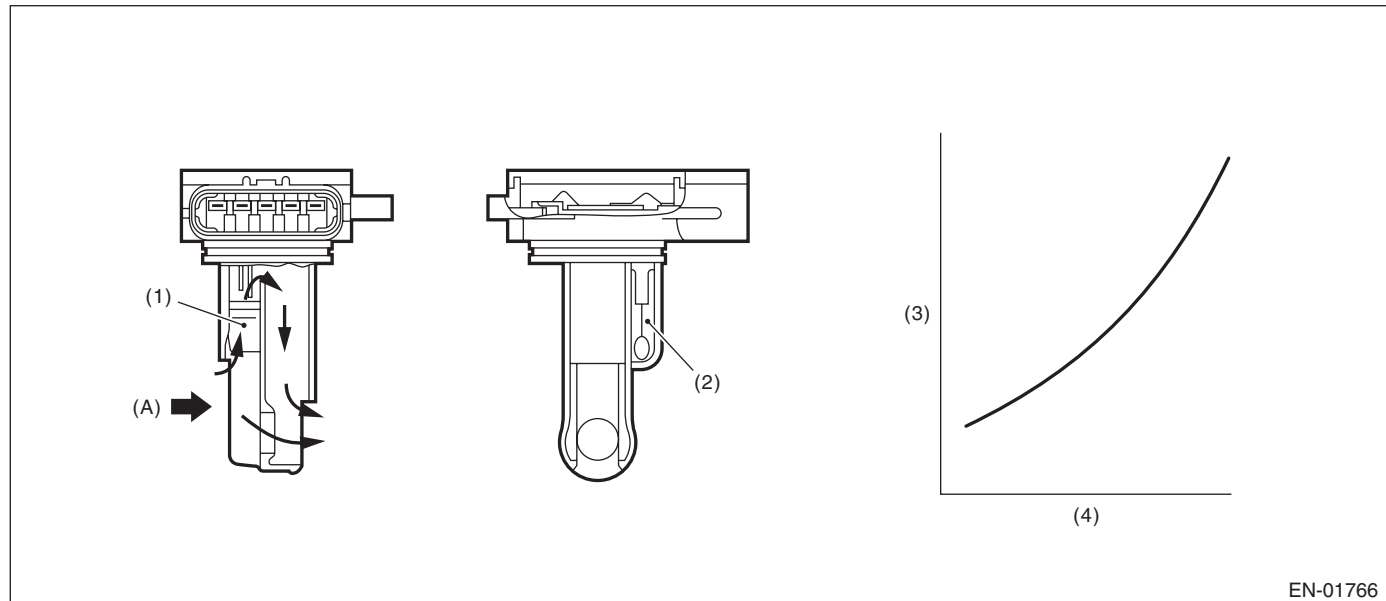
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AA:DTC P0102 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuits of the air flow sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01766

(A) Air

(1) Air flow sensor

(3) Voltage (V)

(4) Amount of intake air (kg (lb)/s)

(2) Intake air temperature sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

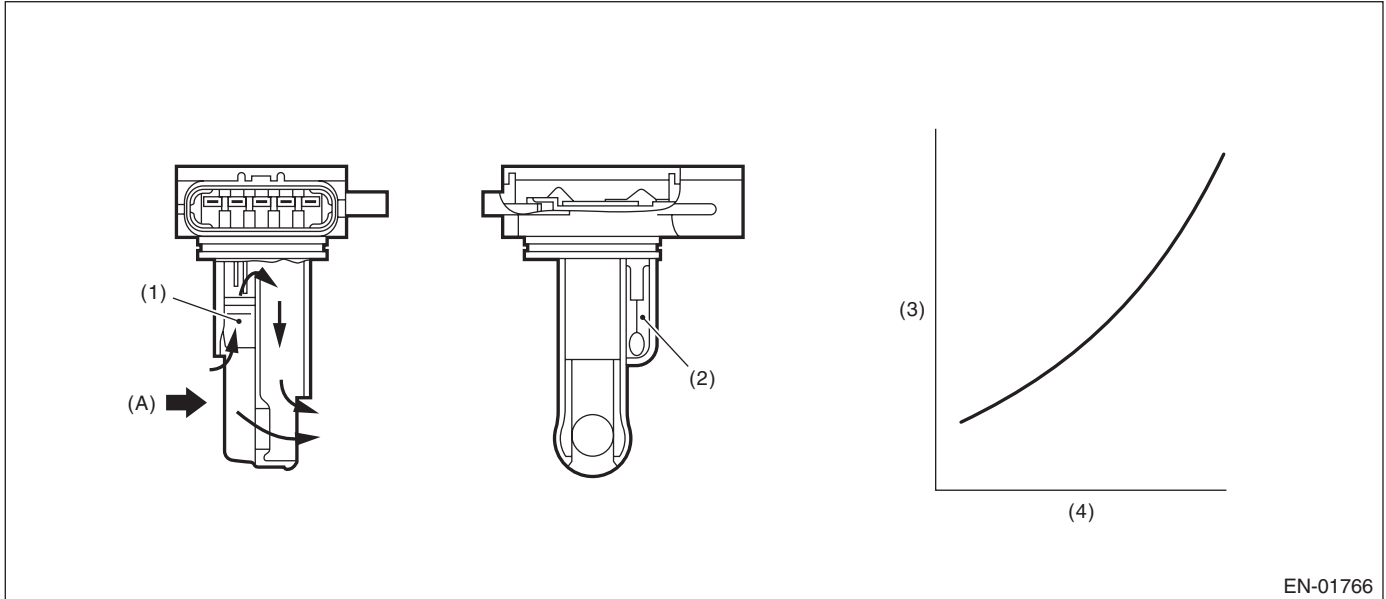
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≤ 500 ms

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

AB:DTC P0103 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect open or short circuits of the air flow sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-01766

(A) Air

(1) Air flow sensor

(3) Voltage (V)

(4) Amount of intake air (kg (lb)/s)

(2) Intake air temperature sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.43 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

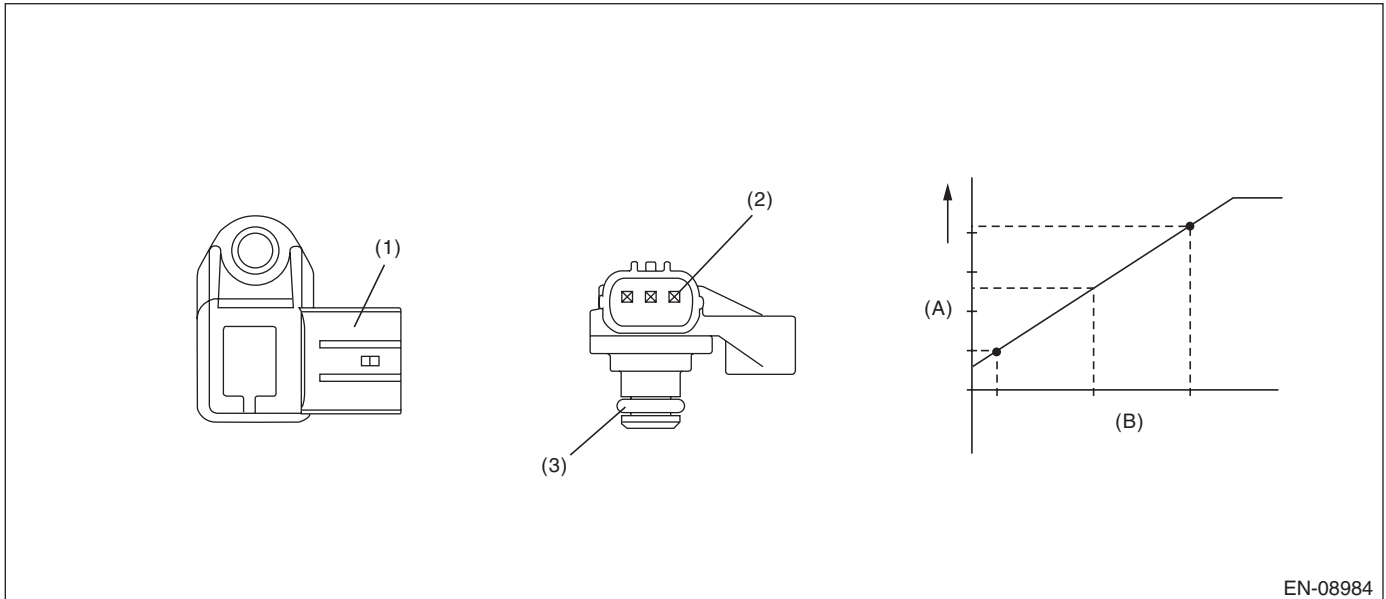
AC:DTC P0107 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of intake manifold pressure sensor.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Output voltage

(B) Absolute pressure

(1) Connector

(2) Terminals

(3) O-ring

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.608 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

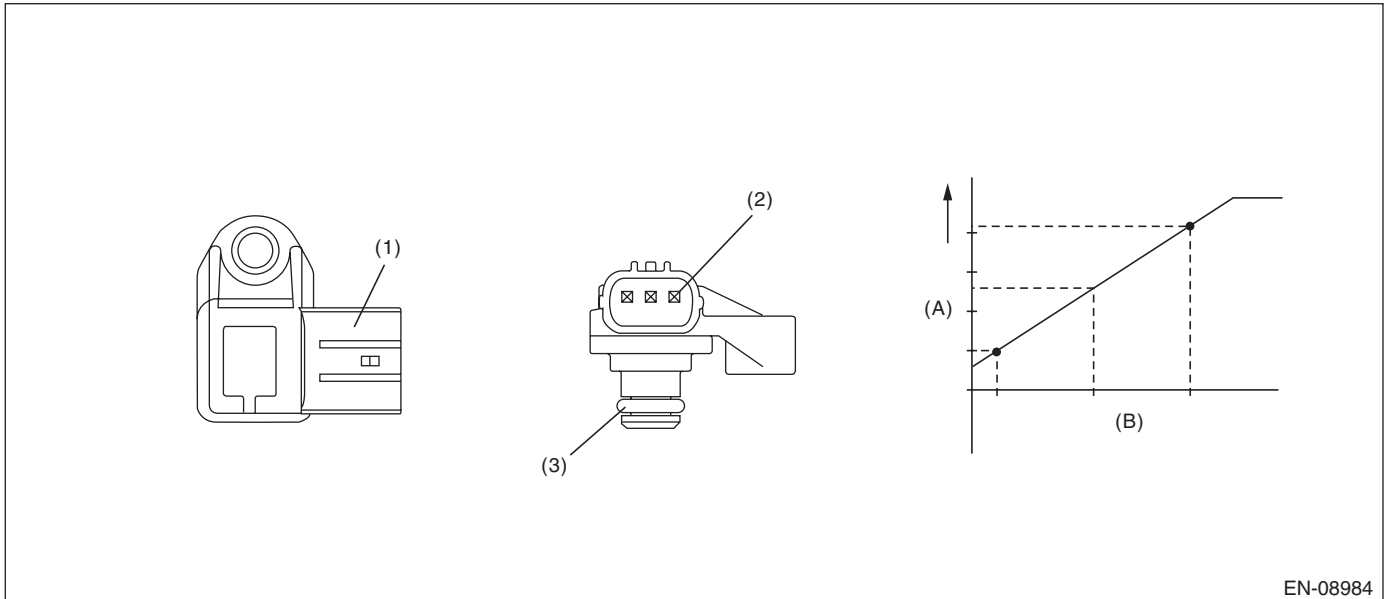
AD:DTC P0108 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of intake manifold pressure sensor.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Output voltage

(B) Absolute pressure

(1) Connector

(2) Terminals

(3) O-ring

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 3.906 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

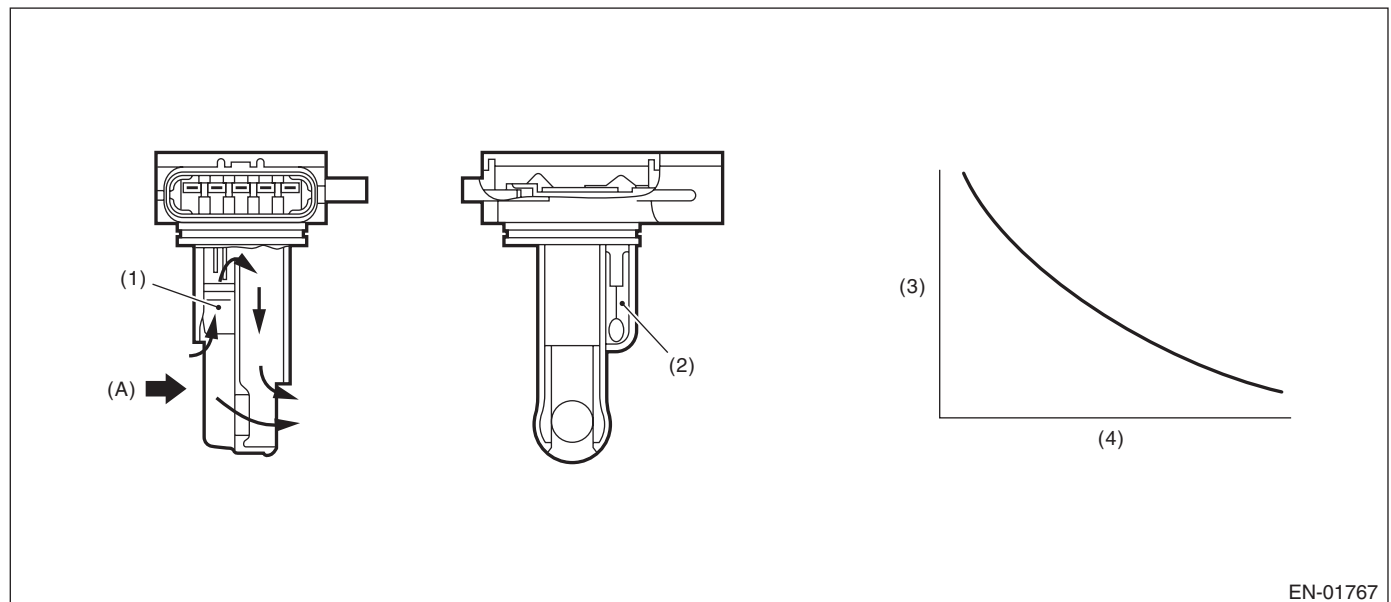
AE:DTC P0111 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of the intake air temperature sensor output properties. Using the following two diagnoses, judge as NG when either is NG.

- **Diagnosis 1 (correlation diagnosis):** After the engine starts after the specified period of soaking time has elapsed, diagnose by correlation between intake air temperature sensor value, engine coolant temperature sensor value and ambient temperature sensor value. Judge as NG when the differences are both above the specified value by comparing between intake air temperature and engine coolant temperature, intake air temperature and ambient air temperature.
- **Diagnosis 2 (stuck diagnosis):** Judge as NG when intake air temperature does not change under the driving condition where it should change, considering engine condition.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Air

(1) Air flow sensor

(3) Resistance value (Ω)

(4) Intake air temperature °C (°F)

(2) Intake air temperature sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

• Diagnosis 1

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Soaking time	≥ 21600 s
Block heater judgment	Completed
Block heater operation	Not in operation

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

• Diagnosis 2

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Engine coolant temperature	$\geq 70 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (158 $^{\circ}\text{F}$)
Intake air amount sum value	\geq Value of Map 1
Number of experiences under conditions below	≥ 3 time(s)
• Continuous time when vehicle speed is less than 4 km/h (2.5 MPH)	\geq Value from Map 2
• Continuous time when vehicle speed is 40 km/h (24.9 MPH) or more, and intake air amount is 10 g/s (0.35 oz/s) or more	$\geq 15 \text{ s}$

Map 1

Engine coolant temperature $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($^{\circ}\text{F}$)	-30 (-22)	-10 (14)	0 (32)	10 (50)	25 (77)
Intake air amount sum value (g (oz))	30500 (1075.74)	24000 (846.48)	20500 (723.04)	15000 (529.05)	6800 (239.84)

Map 2

Engine coolant temperature $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($^{\circ}\text{F}$)	-30 (-22)	0 (32)	10 (50)	25 (77)
Continuous time (s) when vehicle speed is less than 4 km/h (2.5 MPH)	250	40	32	24

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- **Diagnosis 1:** Perform the diagnosis only once after the engine starts after a certain period of soaking time.
- **Diagnosis 2:** Perform the diagnosis when the vehicle speed condition is met after warming up from a cold condition.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when Diagnosis 1 or Diagnosis 2 becomes NG.

Diagnosis 1

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Intake air temperature 30 sec. after engine start – Engine coolant temperature at engine start	> Value of Map 3
Intake air temperature 30 sec. after engine start – Ambient air temperature 30 sec. after engine start	> Value of Map 4

Map 3

Ambient air temperature °C (°F)	–30 (–22)	30 (86)	45 (113)	60 (140)
Intake air temperature 30 sec. after engine start – Engine coolant temperature at engine start °C (°F)	12 (21.6°F)	12 (21.6°F)	22 (39.6°F)	22 (39.6°F)

Map 4

Ambient air temperature °C (°F)	–30 (–22)	30 (86)	45 (113)	60 (140)
Intake air temperature 30 sec. after engine start – Ambient air temperature 30 sec. after engine start °C (°F)	20 (36°F)	20 (36°F)	32 (57.6°F)	32 (57.6°F)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Diagnosis 2

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

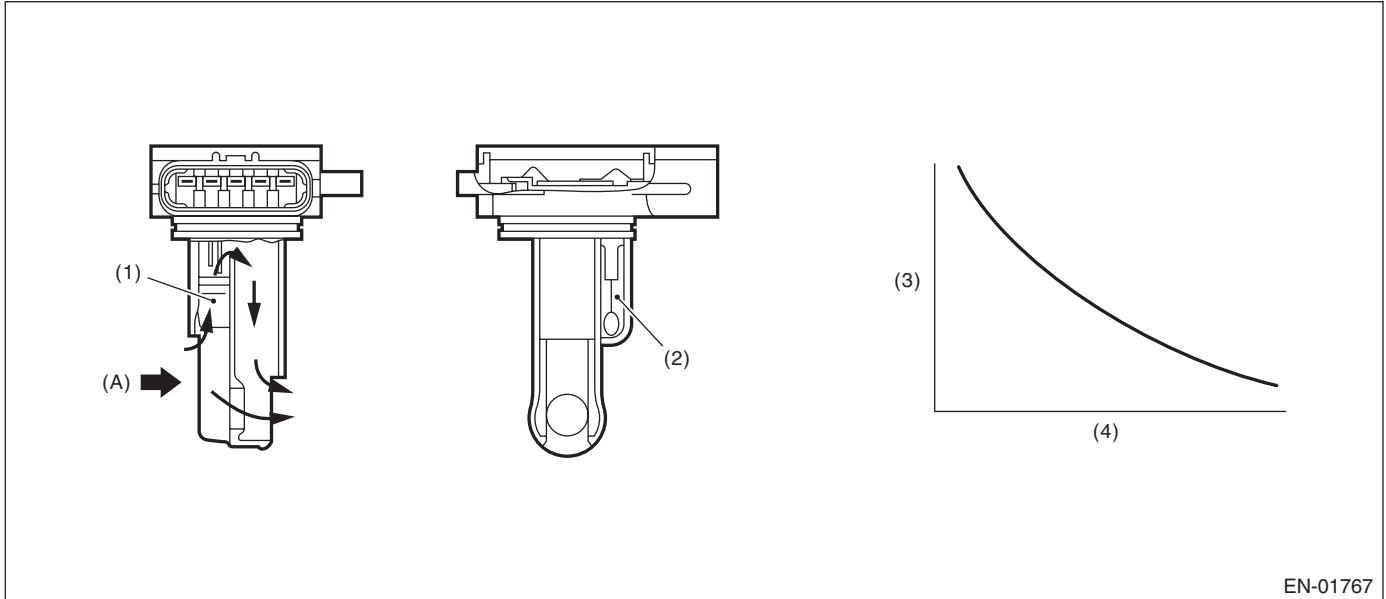
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage difference between Max. and Min.	< 0.02 V (Equivalent to approximately 0.5°C (0.9°F) near 25°C (77°F))

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

AF:DTC P0112 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect open or short circuit of the intake air temperature sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-01767

(A) Air

(1) Air flow sensor

(3) Resistance value (Ω)

(4) Intake air temperature °C (°F)

(2) Intake air temperature sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.4 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

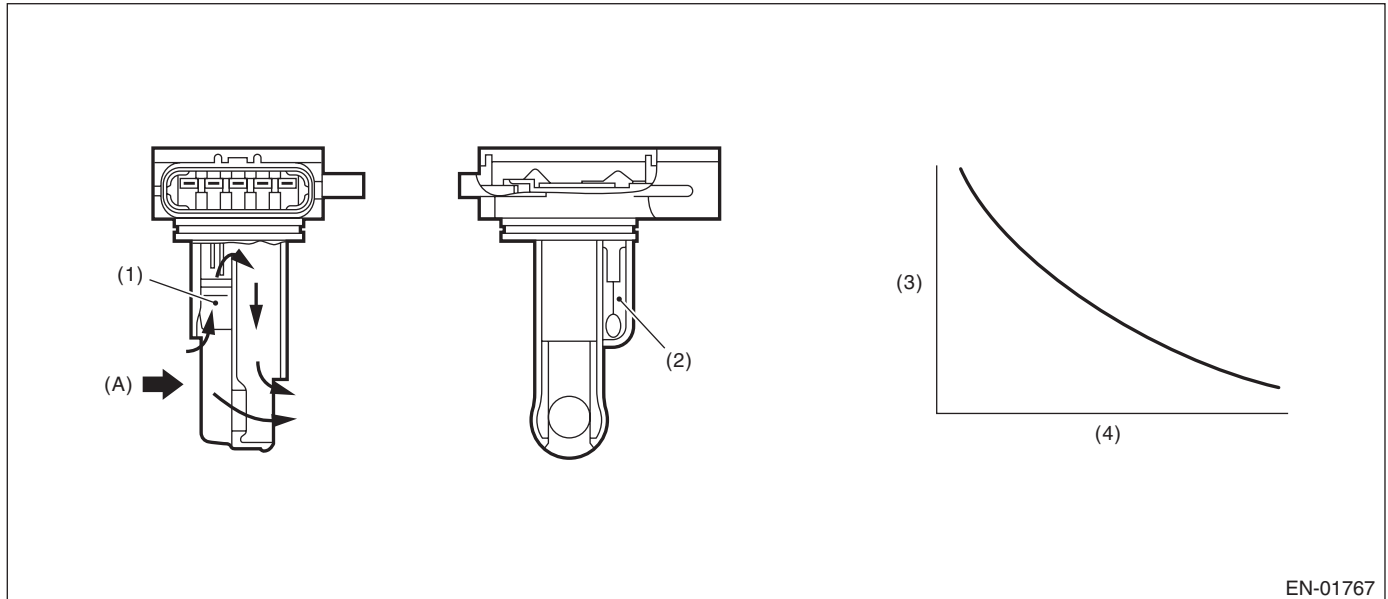
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AG:DTC P0113 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the intake air temperature sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01767

(A) Air

(1) Air flow sensor

(3) Resistance value (Ω)

(4) Intake air temperature $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($^{\circ}\text{F}$)

(2) Intake air temperature sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$\geq 4.707 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

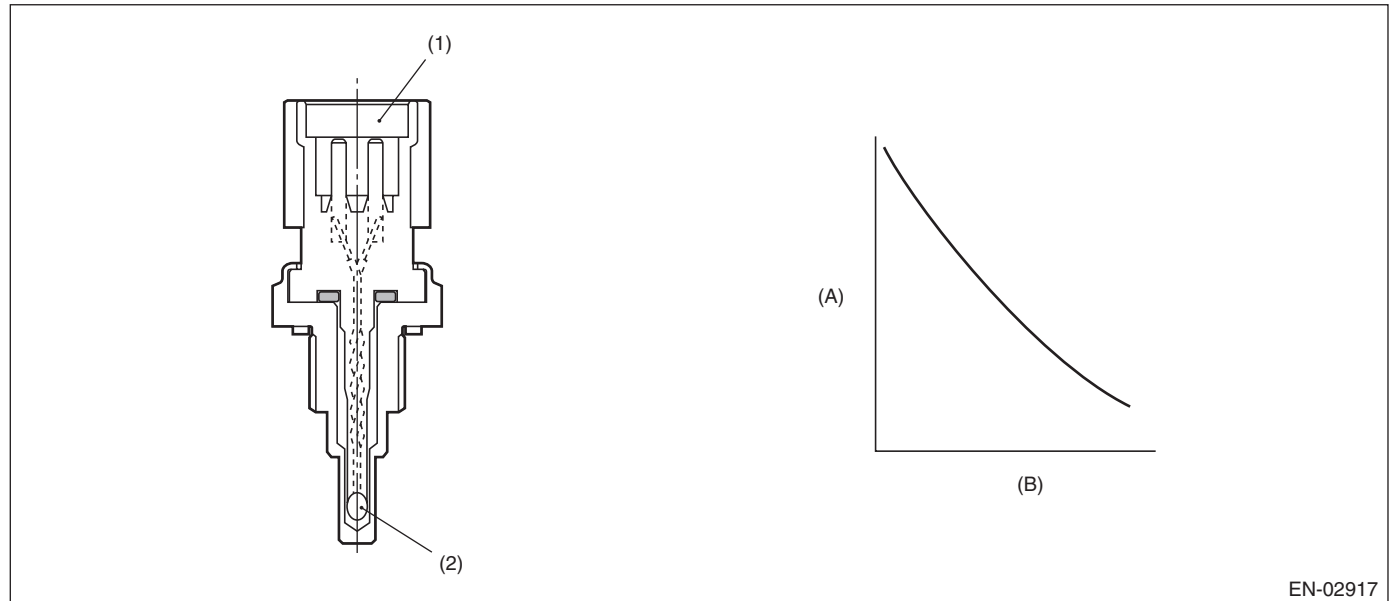
AH:DTC P0116 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of the engine coolant temperature sensor characteristics.

After the engine starts after the specified period of soaking time has elapsed, diagnose by correlation between engine coolant temperature sensor value, intake air temperature sensor value and ambient temperature sensor value. Judge as NG when the differences are both above the specified value by comparing between engine coolant temperature and ambient air temperature, engine coolant temperature and intake air temperature.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-02917

(A) Resistance value (kΩ)

(B) Temperature °C (°F)

(1) Connector

(2) Thermistor element

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Soaking time	≥ 21600 s
Block heater judgment	Completed
Block heater operation	Not in operation

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after the engine starts after a certain period of soaking time.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine coolant temperature at engine start – Intake air temperature 30 sec. after engine start	> Value from Map
Engine coolant temperature at engine start – Ambient air temperature at engine start	> 25 °C (45°F)

Map

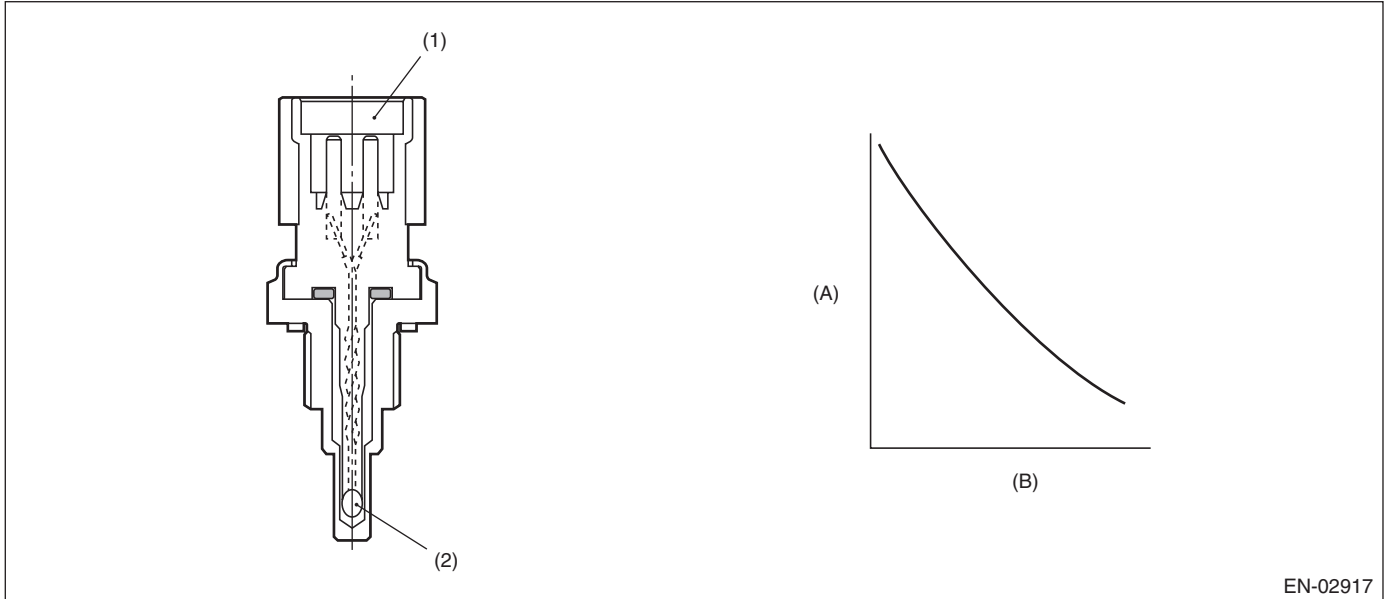
Ambient air temperature °C (°F)	-30 (-22)	30 (86)	45 (113)	60 (140)
Engine coolant temperature at engine start – Intake air temperature 30 sec. after engine start °C (°F)	12 (21.6°F)	12 (21.6°F)	22 (39.6°F)	22 (39.6°F)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

AI: DTC P0117 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of the engine coolant temperature sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-02917

(A) Resistance value (k Ω)

(B) Temperature °C (°F)

(1) Connector

(2) Thermistor element

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.349 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

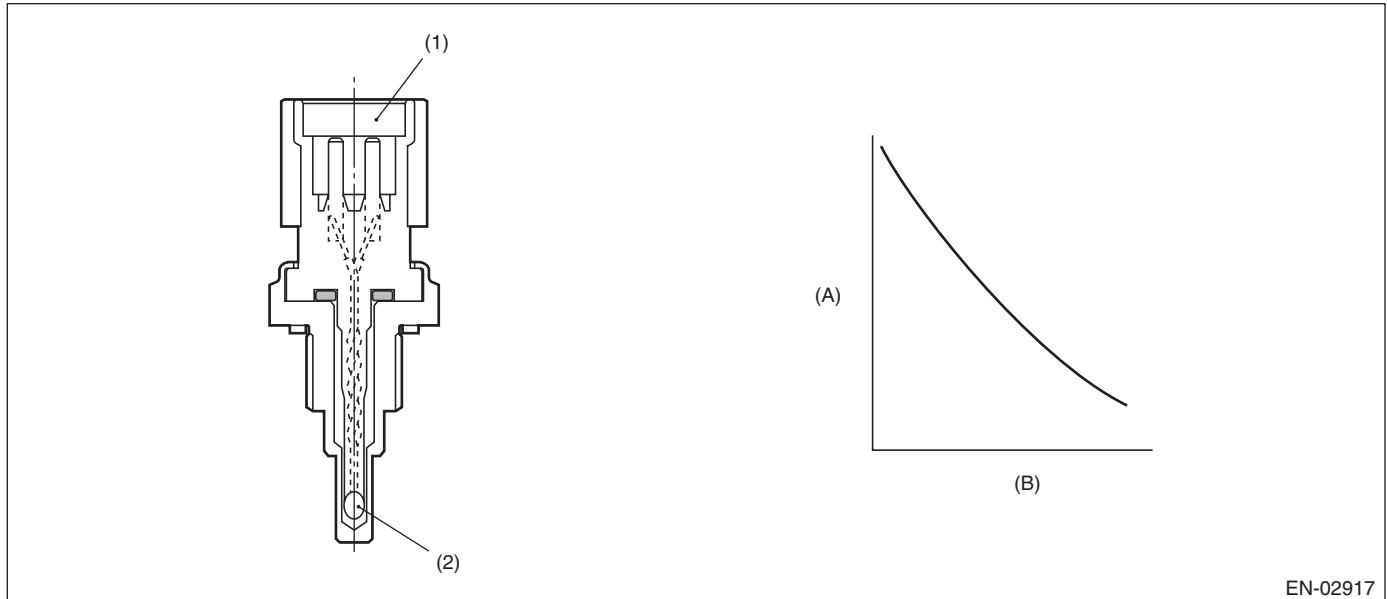
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AJ:DTC P0118 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the engine coolant temperature sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-02917

(A) Resistance value (k Ω)

(B) Temperature °C (°F)

(1) Connector

(2) Thermistor element

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.698 V

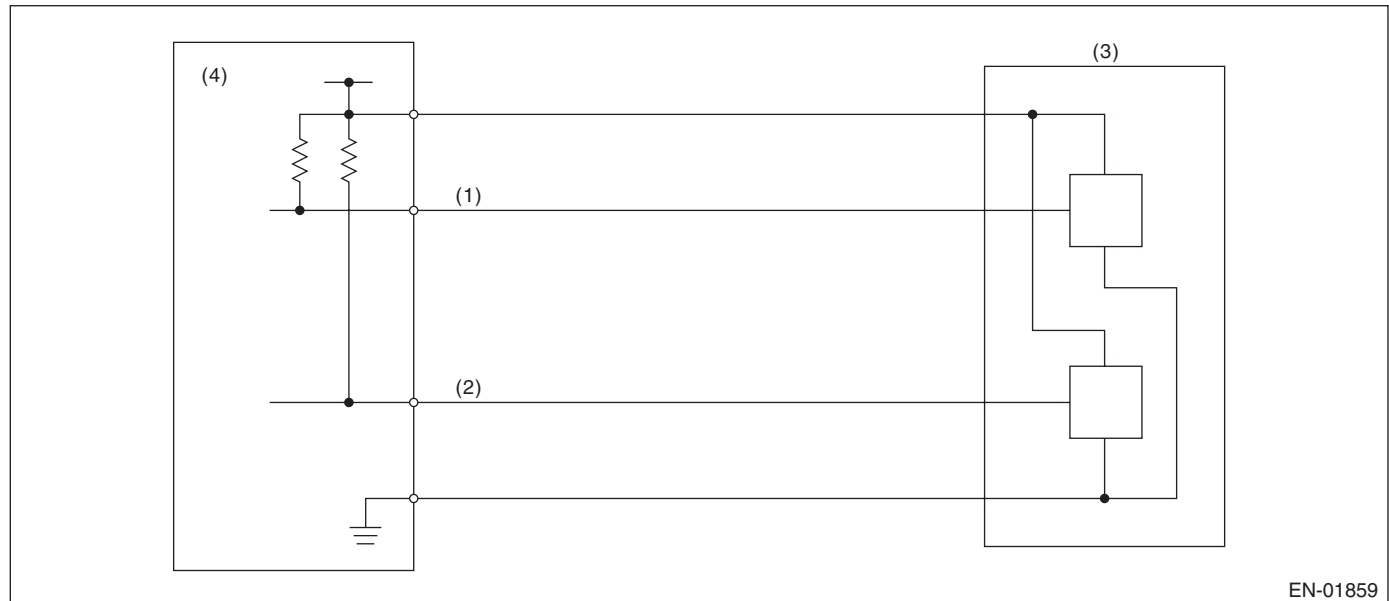
Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

AK:DTC P0122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “A” CIRCUIT LOW**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 1.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal

(3) Throttle position sensor

(4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	$\leq 0.267 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

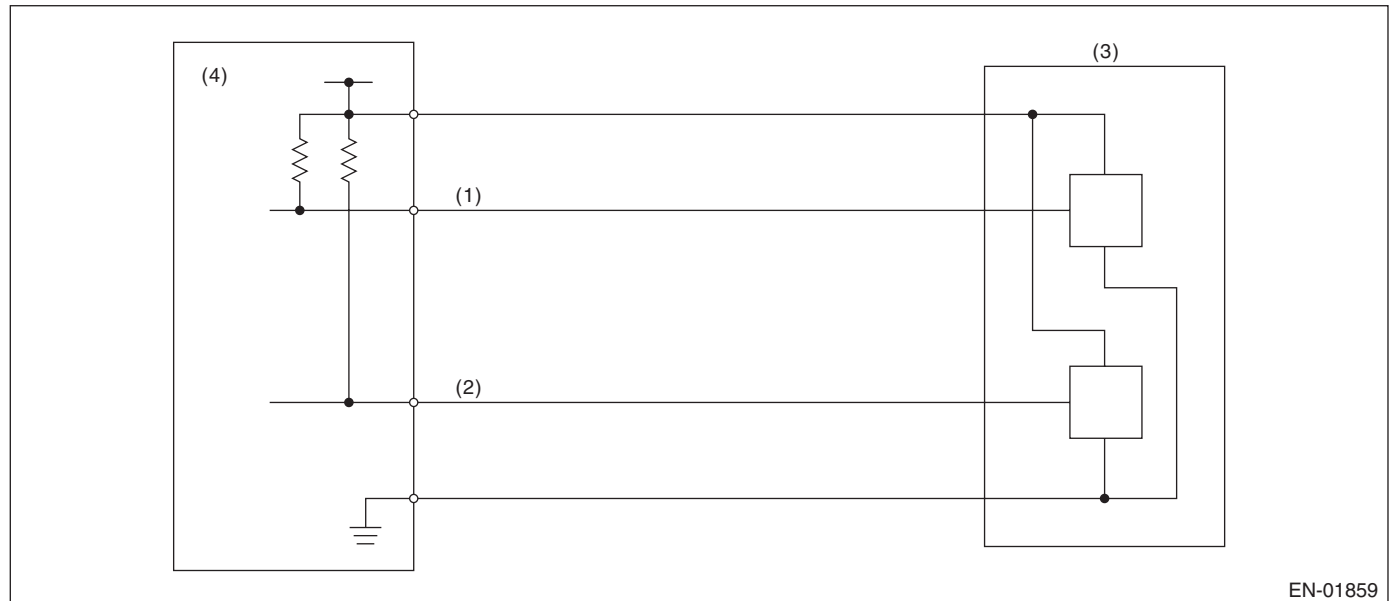
AL:DTC P0123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “A” CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 1.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal

(3) Throttle position sensor

(4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6\text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	$\geq 4.727\text{ V}$

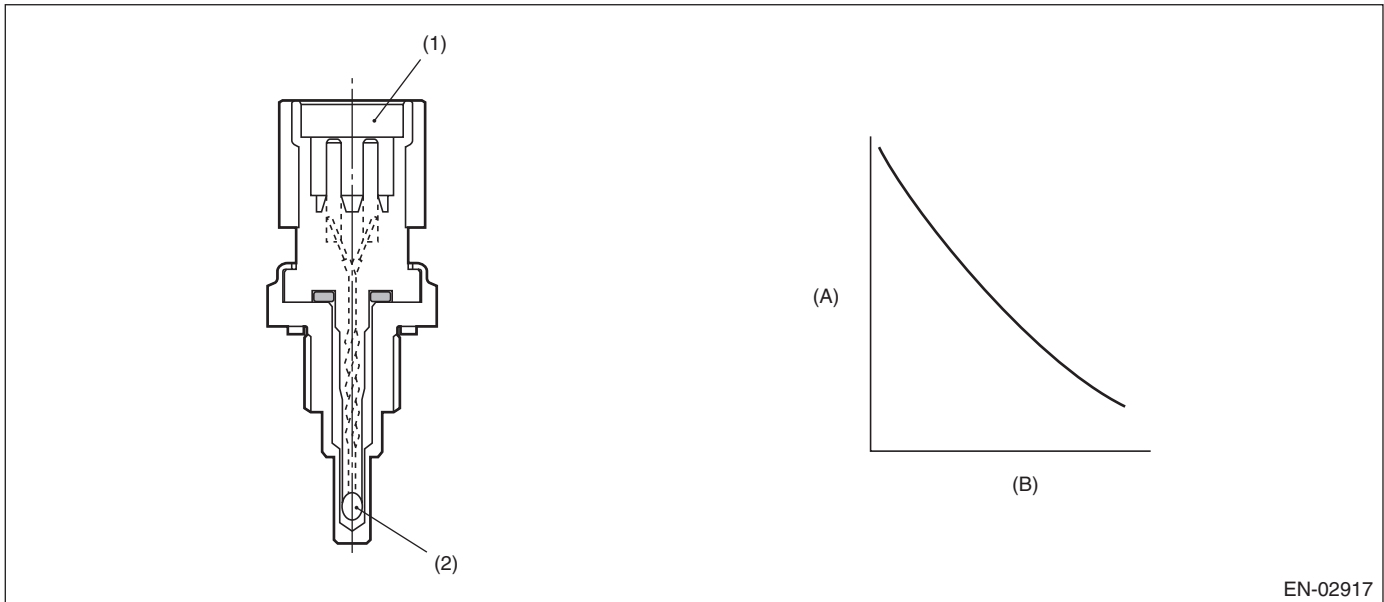
Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

AM:DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the malfunction of engine coolant temperature output property.

Judge as NG when engine coolant temperature does not rise to the specified value after predetermined time has elapsed since engine start.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-02917

(A) Resistance value (k Ω)

(B) Temperature °C (°F)

(1) Connector

(2) Thermistor element

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine coolant temperature at engine start	< -15 °C (5 °F)
Engine speed	> 500 rpm

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after starting the engine from cold condition.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine coolant temperature	< -15 °C (5 °F)
Elapsed time after starting the engine ((Smaller value either one of engine coolant temperature and intake air temperature at engine start) ≥ -23.3°C (-9.9°F)) or ((Smaller value either one of engine coolant temperature and intake air temperature at engine start) < -23.3°C (-9.9°F))	≥ Value from Map

Map

		Smaller value either one of engine coolant temperature and intake air temperature at engine start °C (°F)							
		-40 (-40)	-23.4 (-10.1)	-23.3 (-9.9)	0 (32)	20 (68)	40 (104)	60 (140)	80 (176)
Percentage of time when engine is at stop against time elapsed since engine start	0.0	300000	300000	120000	120000	120000	120000	120000	120000
	0.3	300000	300000	120000	120000	120000	120000	120000	120000
	0.6	300000	300000	120000	120000	120000	120000	120000	120000
	1.0	300000	300000	120000	120000	120000	120000	120000	120000
ms									

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 120 or 300 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

AN:DTC P0128 COOLANT THERMOSTAT (ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE)

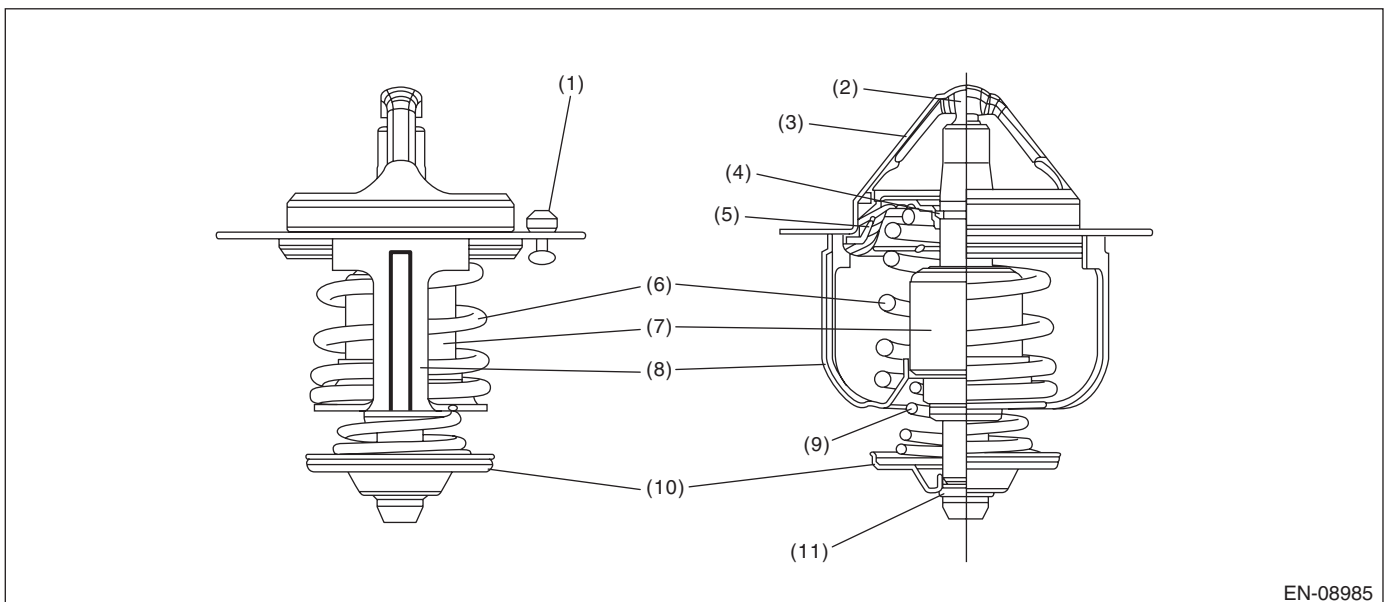
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunctions of the thermostat function.

Judge as NG when any one of the following conditions is established.

- When the actual engine coolant temperature does not reach the maximum temperature necessary to perform other OBDII diagnosis and Σ (Estimated engine coolant temperature – actual engine coolant temperature) exceeded the predetermined value. (Judgment 1)
- When the actual engine coolant temperature does not reach the range within -11°C (-19.8°F) from the regulated temperature and Σ (Estimated engine coolant temperature – actual engine coolant temperature) exceeded the predetermined value. (Judgment 2)
- When the difference between the estimated coolant temperature and the actual engine coolant temperature exceeds the predetermined value, and Σ (Estimated engine coolant temperature – actual engine coolant temperature) exceeded the predetermined value. (Judgment 3)

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-08985

- | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| (1) Jiggle valve | (5) Dust seal | (9) Bypass spring |
| (2) Piston | (6) Main spring | (10) Bypass valve |
| (3) Flange | (7) Wax element | (11) Stop ring |
| (4) Stop ring | (8) Frame | |

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
<Judgment 1>	
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Ambient air temperature	≥ -7 °C (19.4 °F)
Vehicle speed	≥ 30 km/h (18.6 MPH)
Estimated coolant temperature	> Value of Map 1
Engine coolant temperature at engine start	< 62 °C (143.6 °F)
<Judgment 2>	
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Ambient air temperature	≥ -7 °C (19.4 °F)
Vehicle speed	≥ 30 km/h (18.6 MPH)
Estimated coolant temperature	> Value of Map 2
Engine coolant temperature at engine start	< 62 °C (143.6 °F)
<Judgment 3>	
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Ambient air temperature	≥ -7 °C (19.4 °F)
Vehicle speed	≥ 30 km/h (18.6 MPH)
Estimated coolant temperature	≥ Value from Map 3
Engine coolant temperature at engine start	< 62 °C (143.6 °F)

Map 1

Engine coolant temperature at engine starting °C (°F)	-7 (19.4)	8 (46.4)	10 (50)	25 (77)
Estimated coolant temperature °C (°F)	70 (158)	70 (158)	70 (158)	70 (158)

Map 2

Engine coolant temperature at engine starting °C (°F)	-7 (19.4)	8 (46.4)	10 (50)	25 (77)
Estimated coolant temperature °C (°F)	71 (159.8)	80.2 (176.4)	80.2 (176.4)	80.2 (176.4)

Map 3

Engine coolant temperature at engine starting °C (°F)	-7 (19.4)	10 (50)	25 (77)	48 (118.4)
Estimated coolant temperature °C (°F)	45.1 (113.2)	55.9 (132.6)	65.5 (149.9)	80.2 (176.4)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after starting the engine.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
When any one of the followings is established:	
<Judgment 1>	
Actual engine coolant temperature and Σ (Estimated engine coolant temperature – actual engine coolant temperature)	< Value of Map 4 > Value of Map 5
<Judgment 2>	
Actual engine coolant temperature and Σ (Estimated engine coolant temperature – actual engine coolant temperature)	< Regulated temperature – Value of Map 6 > Value of Map 7
<Judgment 3>	
Estimated engine coolant temperature – actual engine coolant temperature and Σ (Estimated engine coolant temperature – actual engine coolant temperature)	> Value of Map 8 > Value of Map 9

Map 4

Estimate ambient temperature °C (°F)	-7 (19.4)	8 (46.4)	10 (50)	25 (77)
Threshold Value °C (°F)	70 (158)	70 (158)	70 (158)	70 (158)

Map 5

Engine coolant temperature at engine starting °C (°F)	-7 (19.4)	0 (32)	8 (46.4)	10 (50)	30 (86)	40 (104)
Threshold Value °C (°F)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1200 (1800)

Map 6

Estimate ambient temperature °C (°F)	-7 (19.4)	8 (46.4)	10 (50)	25 (77)
Threshold Value °C (°F)	17.9 (20)	11.1 (20)	11.1 (20)	11.1 (20)

Map 7

Engine coolant temperature at engine starting °C (°F)	-7 (19.4)	0 (32)	8 (46.4)	10 (50)	30 (86)	35 (95)
Threshold Value °C (°F)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1500 (3116.9)

Map 8

Estimate ambient temperature °C (°F)	-7 (19.4)	8 (46.4)	10 (50)	25 (77)
Threshold Value °C (°F)	11.1 (20)	11.1 (20)	11.1 (20)	11.1 (20)

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Map 9

Engine coolant temperature at engine starting °C (°F)	-7 (19.4)	8 (46.4)	10 (50)	25 (77)
Threshold Value °C (°F)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1731.6 (3116.9)	1731.6 (3116.9)

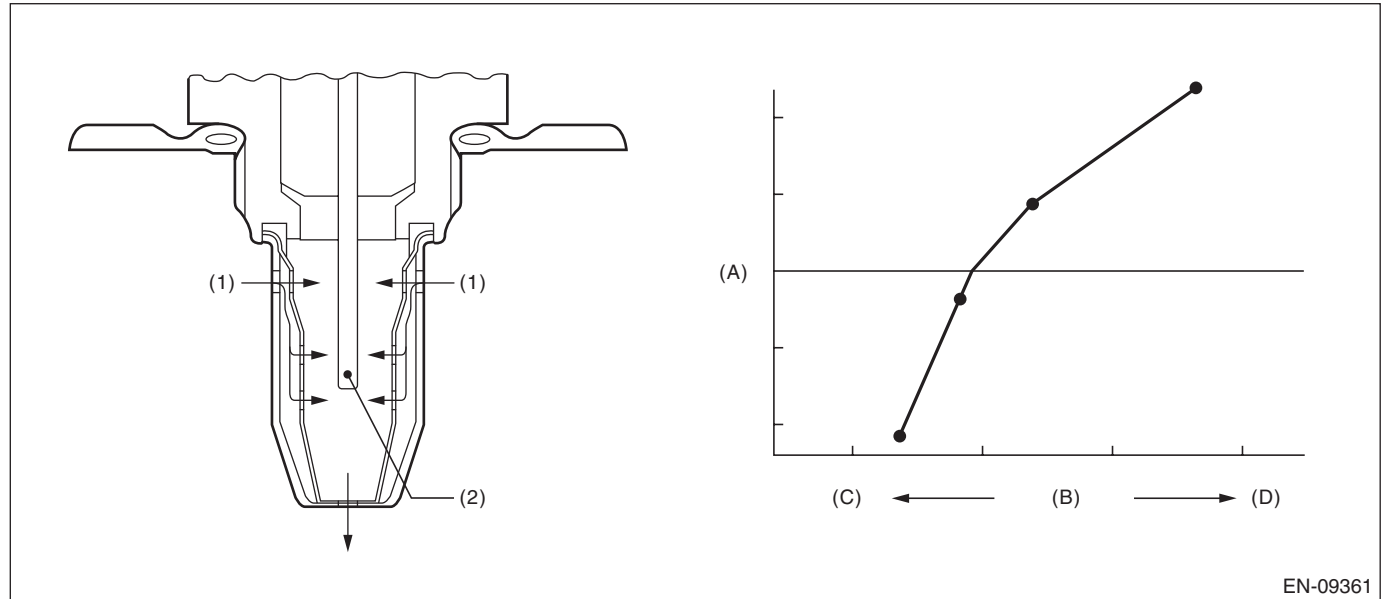
Time Needed for Diagnosis: 300 — 700 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

AO:DTC P0131 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of sensor.

Judge as NG, when the element voltage is out of the specified range.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Rich

(D) Lean

(1) Exhaust gas

(2) ZrO₂

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Input voltage (+)	$< 0.4 \text{ V}$
or	
Input voltage (–)	$< 0.4 \text{ V}$
or	
Input voltage (+) – Input voltage (–)	$< 0.1 \text{ V}$
or	
Input voltage (–)	$> 3.8 \text{ V}$
	or
	$< 4.7 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

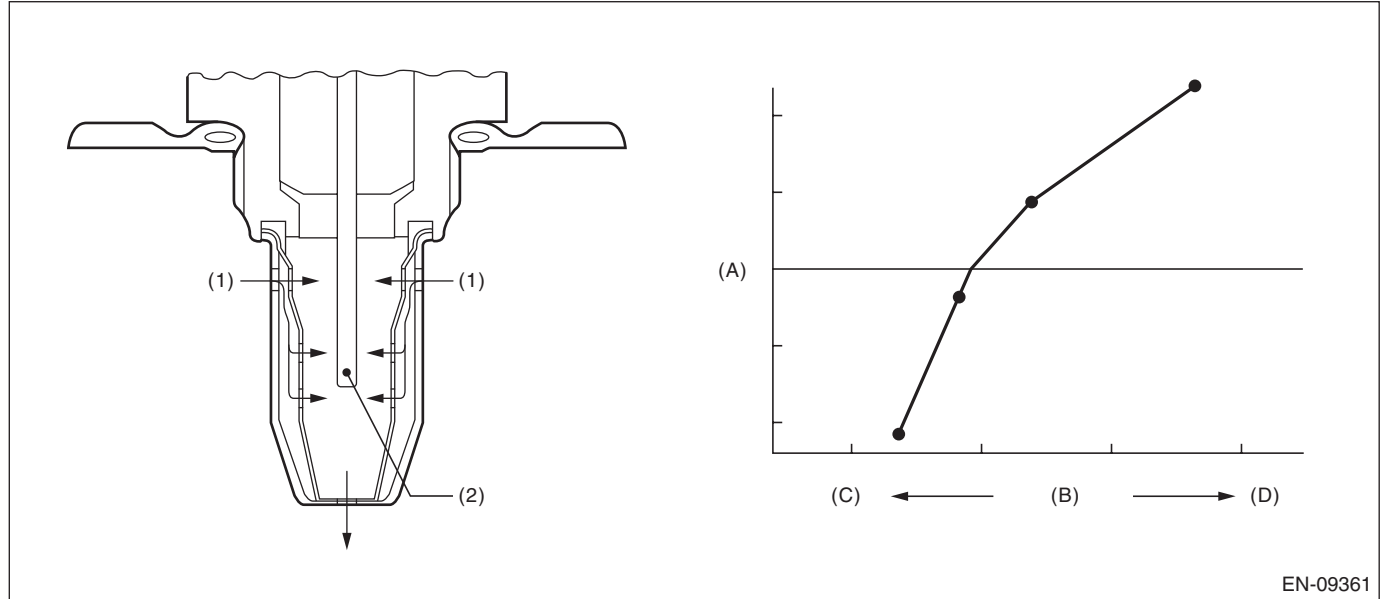
AP:DTC P0132 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of sensor.

Judge as NG, when the element voltage is out of the specified range.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Rich

(D) Lean

(1) Exhaust gas

(2) ZrO₂

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Input voltage (+) or Input voltage (-)	$> 4.7 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

Input voltage (+): 1000 ms

Input voltage (-): 1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

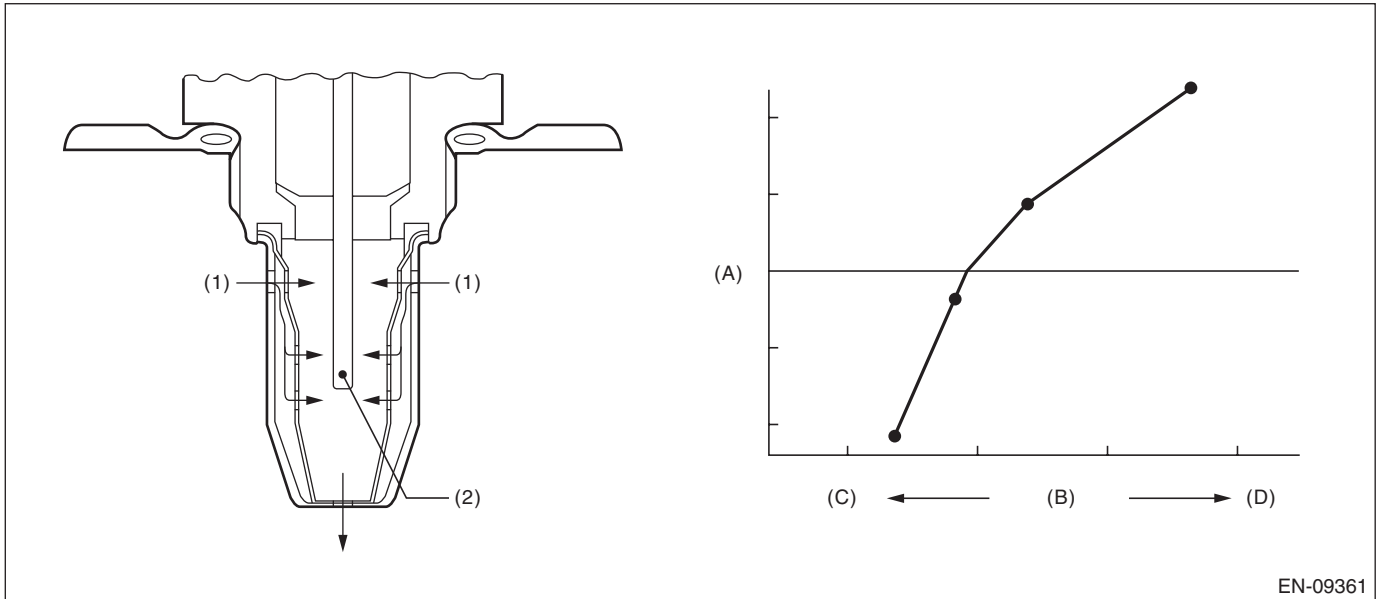
AQ:DTC P0134 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open circuits of the sensor.

Judge as NG when the impedance of the element is large.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Rich

(D) Lean

(1) Exhaust gas

(2) ZrO₂

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Time of heater control duty at 70 % or more	≥ 36000 ms

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance	$> 450 \Omega$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 5000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

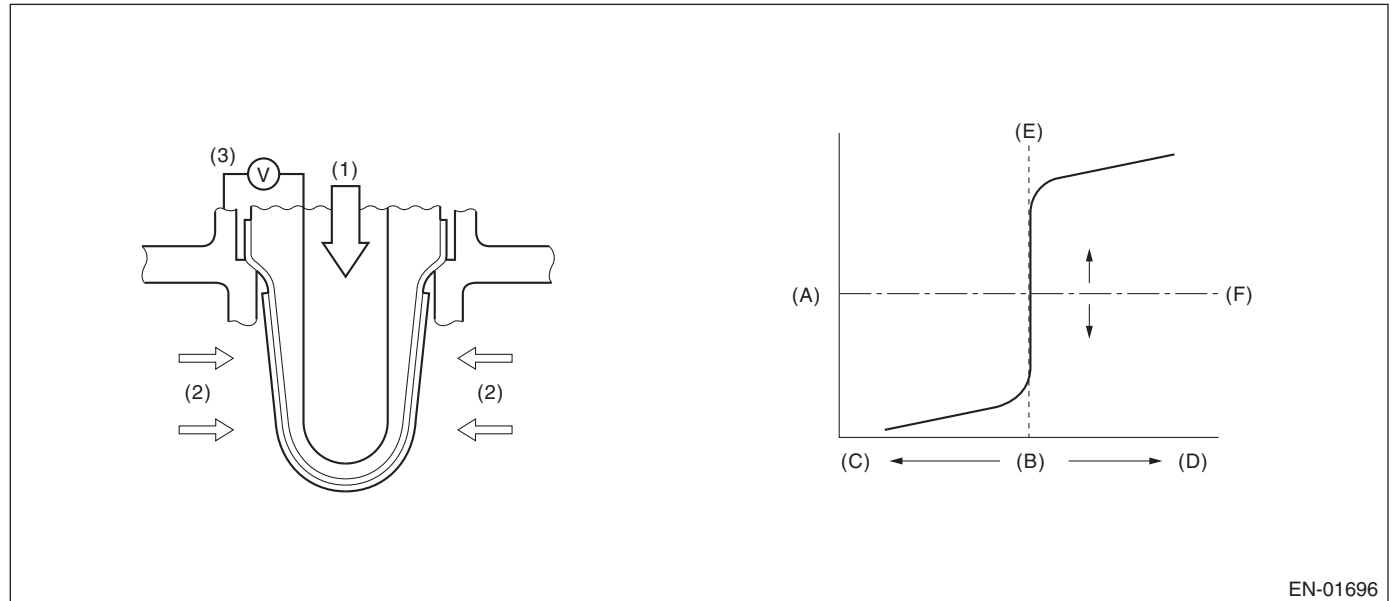
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AR:DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect continuity NG of the oxygen sensor. If the oxygen sensor voltage reading is not within the probable range considering the operating conditions, judge as NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01696

- | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| (A) Electromotive force | (B) Air fuel ratio | (C) Lean |
| (D) Rich | (E) Theoretical air fuel ratio | (F) Comparative voltage |
| (1) Atmosphere | (2) Exhaust gas | (3) Electromotive force |

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
High	
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Low (1)	
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Main feedback	In operation
Amount of intake air	$\geq 10 \text{ g/s (0.35 oz/s)}$
Low (2)	
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Main feedback	In operation
Amount of intake air	$< 10 \text{ g/s (0.35 oz/s)}$

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

After starting the engine, continuously perform the diagnosis with the same engine condition.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
High Sensor output voltage	> 1.2 V	P0138
Low Sensor output voltage	< 0.03 V	P0137

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

High: 2500 ms

Low (1): 20000 ms

Low (2): 40000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

AS:DTC P0138 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0137. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-54, DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AT:DTC P013A O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

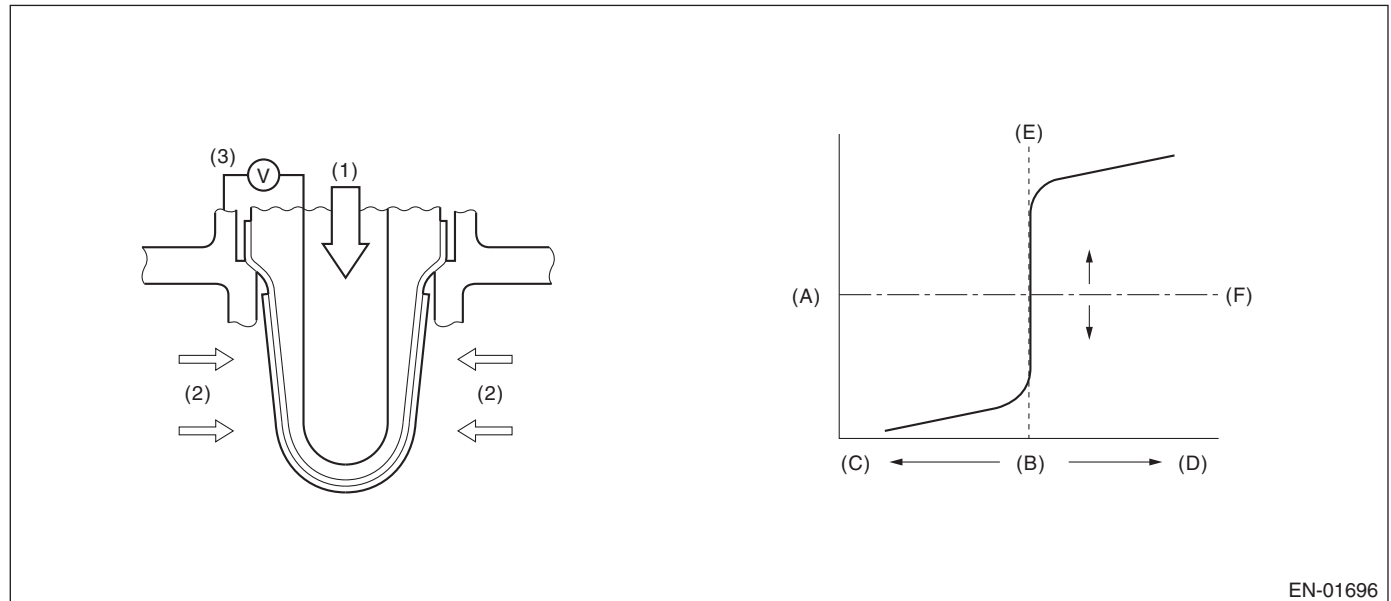
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the slow response of rich → lean for rear oxygen sensor output.

When the deceleration fuel cut has occurred, detect the trouble by calculating the time when the rear oxygen sensor output passes through the predetermined range of voltages.

Judge as NG when the response time is larger than the threshold value.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01696

(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Lean

(D) Rich

(E) Theoretical air fuel ratio

(F) Comparative voltage

(1) Atmosphere

(2) Exhaust gas

(3) Electromotive force

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Current calculation time of the rear oxygen sensor heater after starting	$\geq 180000 \text{ ms}$
Rear oxygen sensor voltage when fuel cut starts	$\geq 0.55 \text{ V}$
Fuel cut	In operation
Estimated temperature of rear oxygen sensor element when fuel cut starts	$\geq 500 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (932 $^{\circ}\text{F}$)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

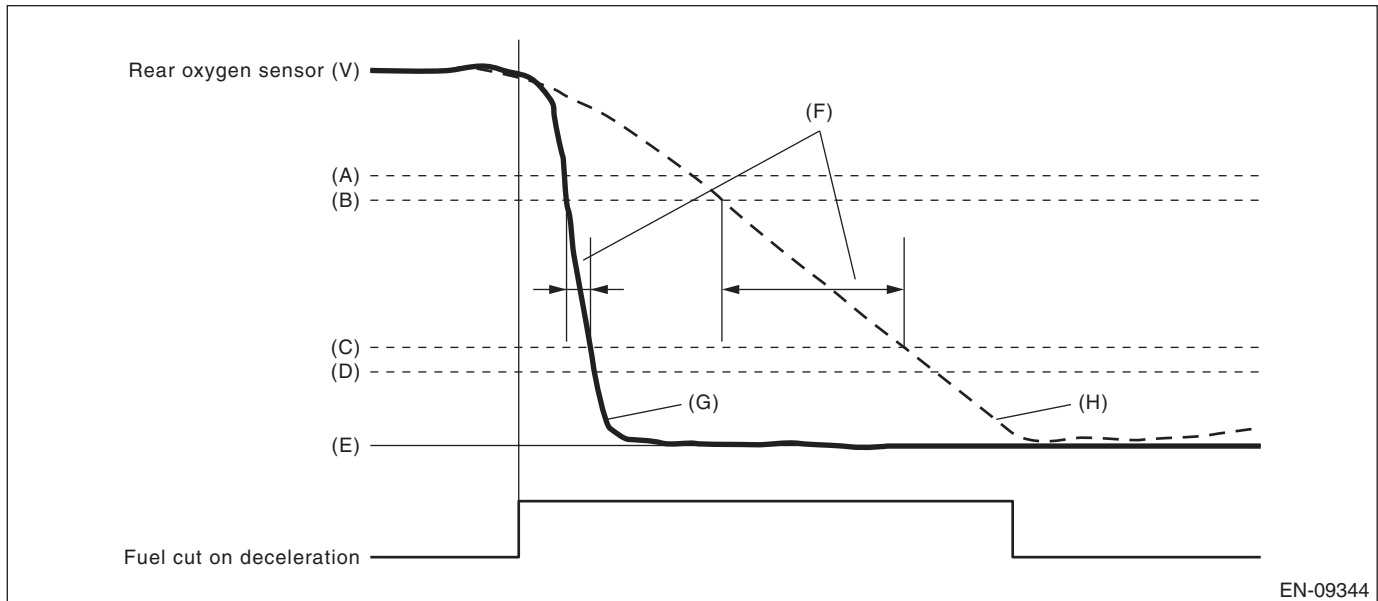
Perform diagnosis once during deceleration fuel cut from a constant and high speed driving, when rear oxygen sensor is warmed up sufficiently.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Detect the trouble by calculating the response time of the rear oxygen sensor during fuel cut.



EN-09344

(A) 0.55 V	(B) 0.50 V	(C) 0.20 V
(D) 0.15 V	(E) 0 V	(F) Diagnostic parameter
(G) Normal	(H) Malfunction	

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Time when rear oxygen sensor voltage changed from 0.5 V to 0.2 V	> 491 ms

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 5000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AU:DTC P013B O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

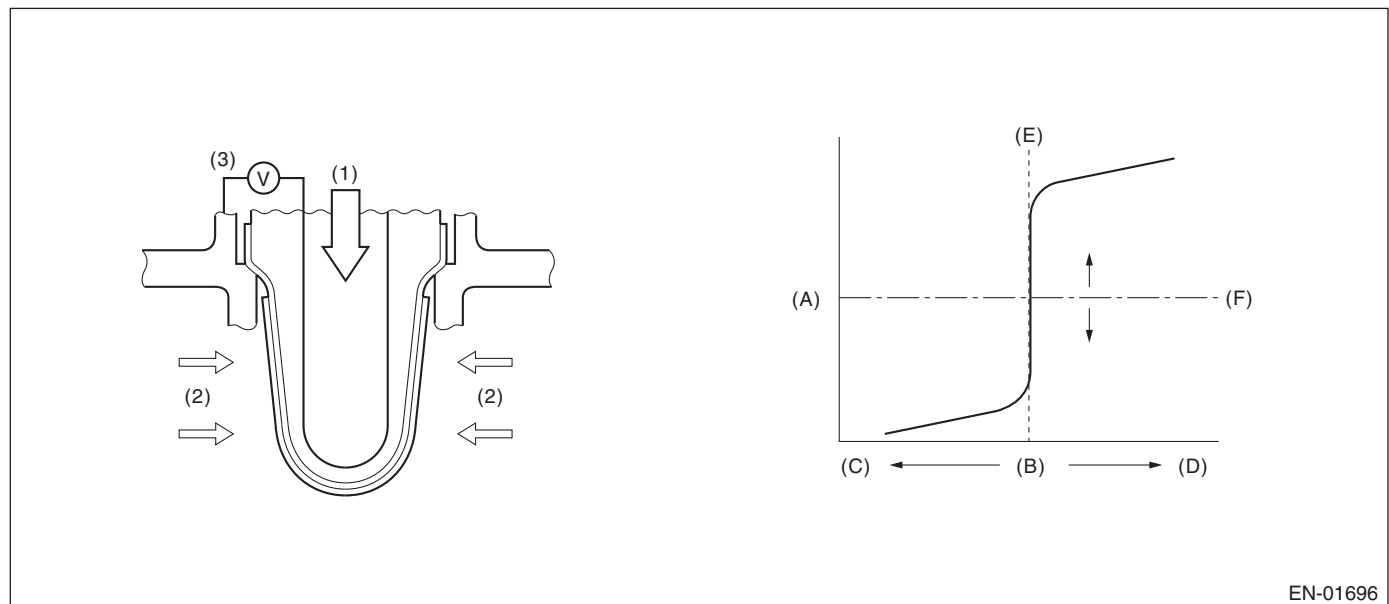
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the slow response of lean → rich for rear oxygen sensor output.

After the deceleration fuel cut has occurred, detect the trouble by calculating the time when the rear oxygen sensor output passes through the predetermined range of voltages.

Judge as NG when the response time is larger than the threshold value.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01696

(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Lean

(D) Rich

(E) Theoretical air fuel ratio

(F) Comparative voltage

(1) Atmosphere

(2) Exhaust gas

(3) Electromotive force

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor closed loop control	Operation
Fuel cut time	≥ 5000 ms

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

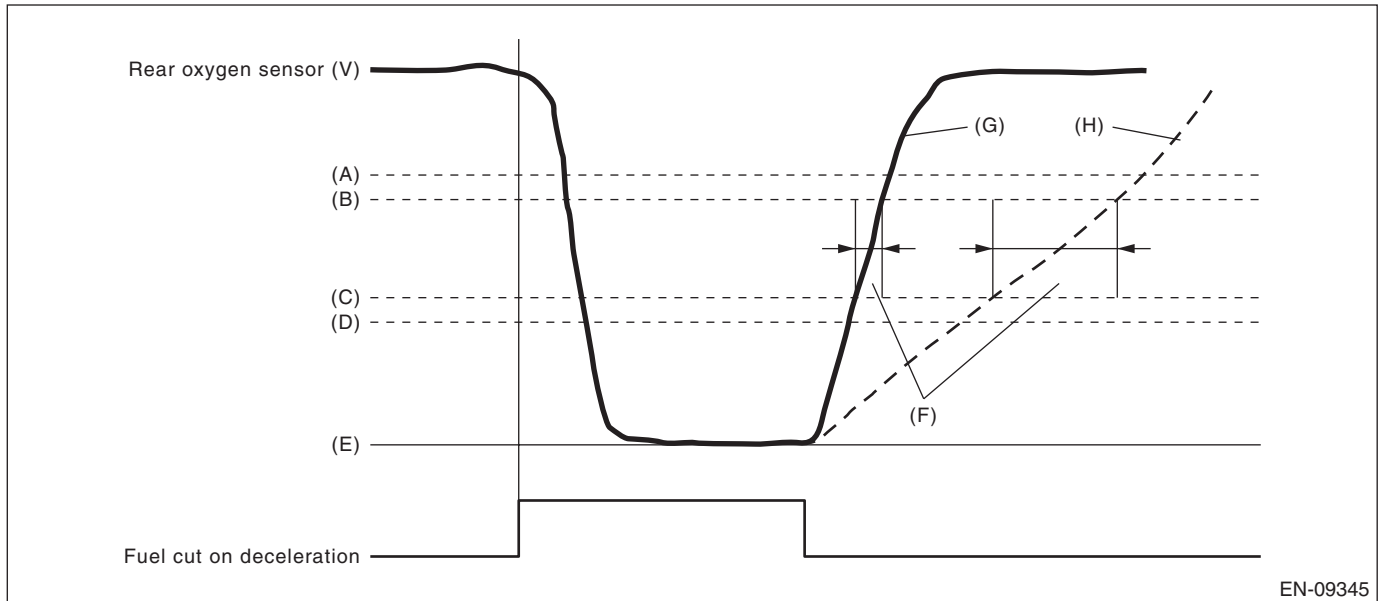
Perform diagnosis only once after recovering from a deceleration fuel cut continued for more than predetermined time.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Detect the trouble by calculating the response time of the rear oxygen sensor after fuel cut.



- | | | |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| (A) 0.55 V | (B) 0.50 V | (C) 0.30 V |
| (D) 0.25 V | (E) 0 V | (F) Diagnostic parameter |
| (G) Normal | (H) Malfunction | |

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Time when rear oxygen sensor voltage changed from 0.3 V to 0.5 V	> 4000 ms

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 4000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AV:DTC P013E O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

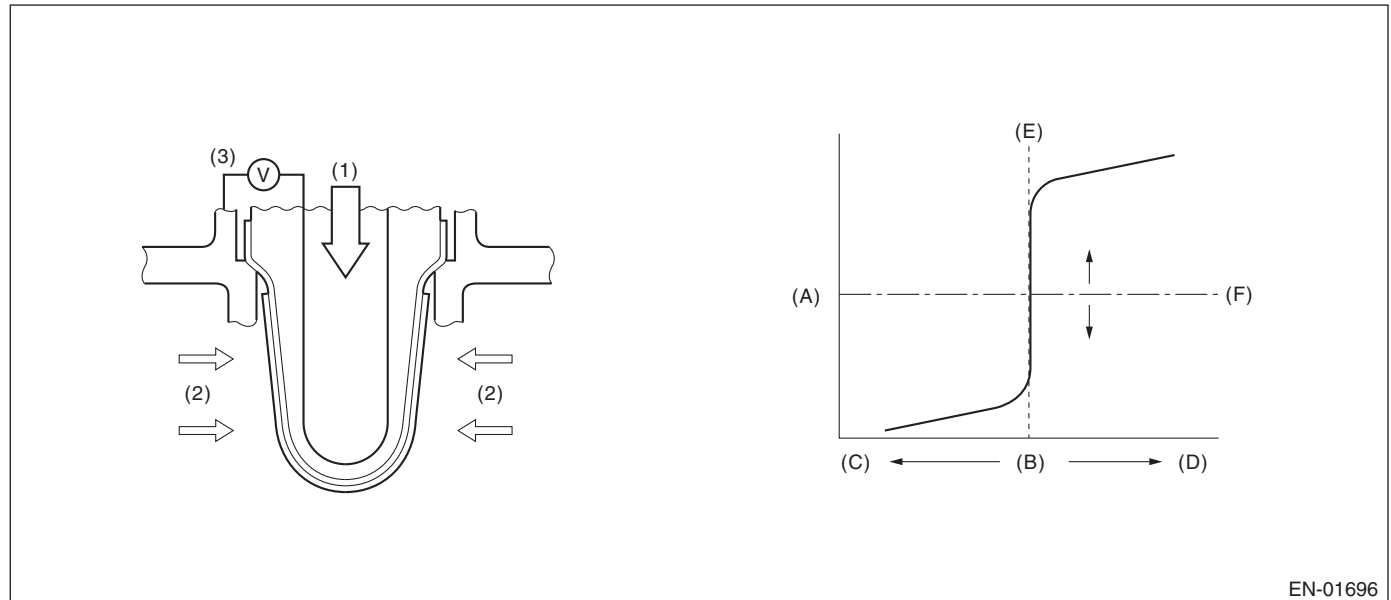
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the delayed response of rear oxygen sensor output for rich → lean.

After the deceleration fuel cut has started, detect the trouble by calculating the time when the rear oxygen sensor output decreases to the predetermined voltages.

Judge as NG when the response time is larger than the threshold value.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01696

(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Lean

(D) Rich

(E) Theoretical air fuel ratio

(F) Comparative voltage

(1) Atmosphere

(2) Exhaust gas

(3) Electromotive force

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Rear oxygen sensor voltage when fuel cut starts	$\geq 0.55 \text{ V}$
Fuel cut	In operation
Estimated temperature of rear oxygen sensor element when fuel cut starts	$\geq 500 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (932 $^{\circ}\text{F}$)
Fuel injection increase amount of exhaust system protection	= 0

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

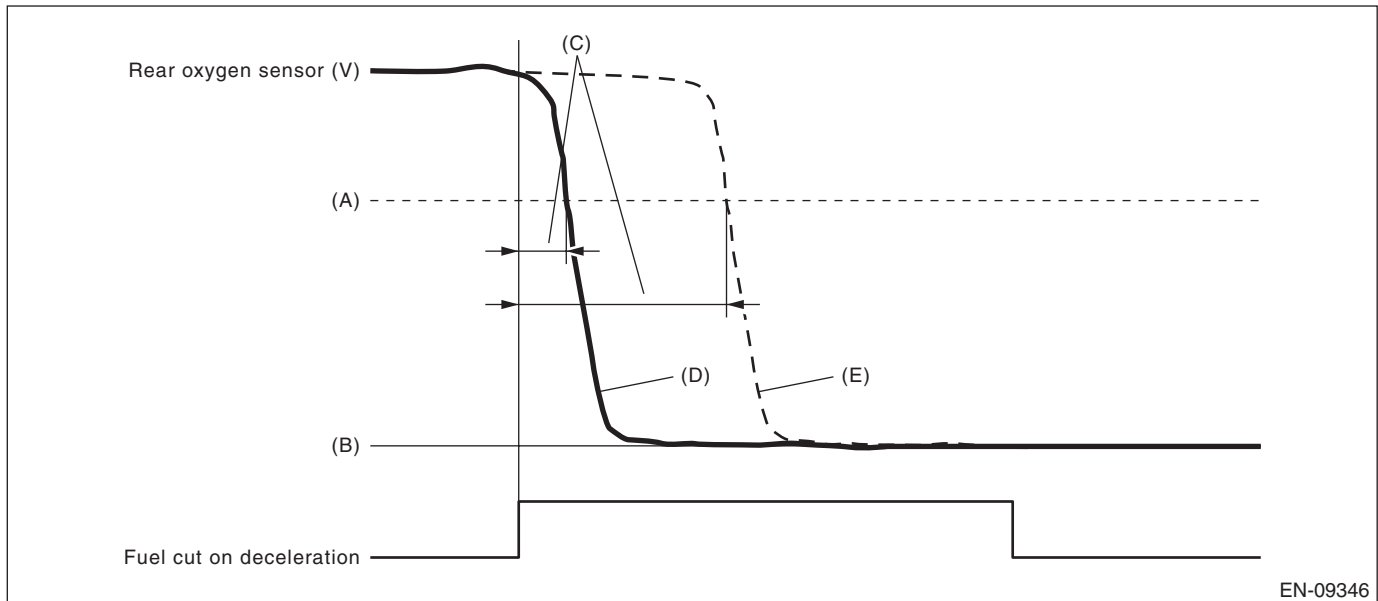
Perform diagnosis once during deceleration fuel cut from a constant and high speed driving, when rear oxygen sensor is warmed up sufficiently.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Detect the trouble by calculating the time from the beginning of the fuel cut to the beginning of the rear oxygen sensor voltage starting to drop.



(A) 0.5 V

(B) 0 V

(C) Diagnostic parameter

(D) Normal

(E) Malfunction

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Time when rear oxygen sensor voltage changed to 0.5 V after the fuel cut started	> 4000 ms

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 5000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AW:DTC P013F O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

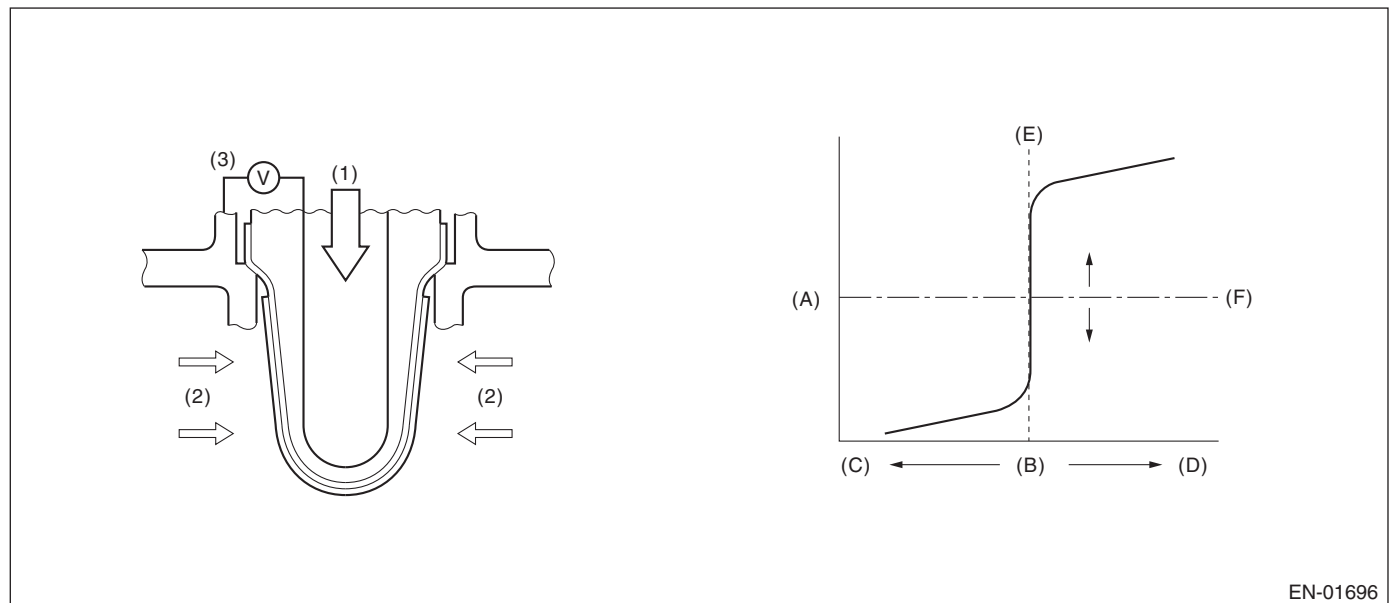
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the delayed response of rear oxygen sensor output for lean → rich.

After the deceleration fuel cut has completed, detect the trouble by calculating the time when the rear oxygen sensor output increases to the predetermined voltages.

Judge as NG when the response time is larger than the threshold value.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01696

(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Lean

(D) Rich

(E) Theoretical air fuel ratio

(F) Comparative voltage

(1) Atmosphere

(2) Exhaust gas

(3) Electromotive force

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor closed loop control	Operation
Rear oxygen sensor voltage when fuel cut has completed	$\leq 0.15 \text{ V}$
Fuel cut time	$\geq 5000 \text{ ms}$
Estimated element temperature of rear oxygen sensor when fuel cut has completed	$\geq 500 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (932 $^{\circ}\text{F}$)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

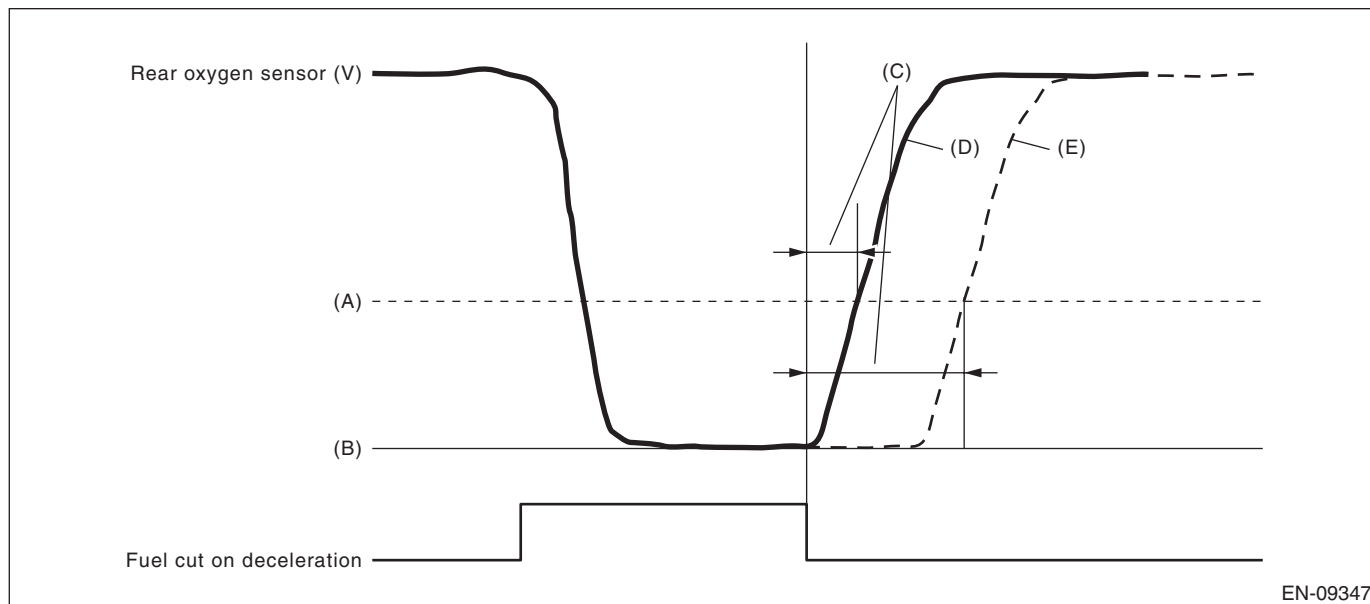
Perform diagnosis only once when recovering from the deceleration fuel cut continued for more than predetermined time with the rear oxygen sensor warmed up sufficiently.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Detect the trouble by calculating the time from the completion of the fuel cut to the beginning of the rear oxygen sensor voltage starting to rise.



EN-09347

- (A) 0.3 V (B) 0 V (C) Diagnostic parameter
(D) Normal (E) Malfunction

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
The number of times that the rear oxygen sensor voltage changed to 0.3 V after the fuel cut has completed (time counter)	> 3750 time(s)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 3750 time(s) × 32/1000

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

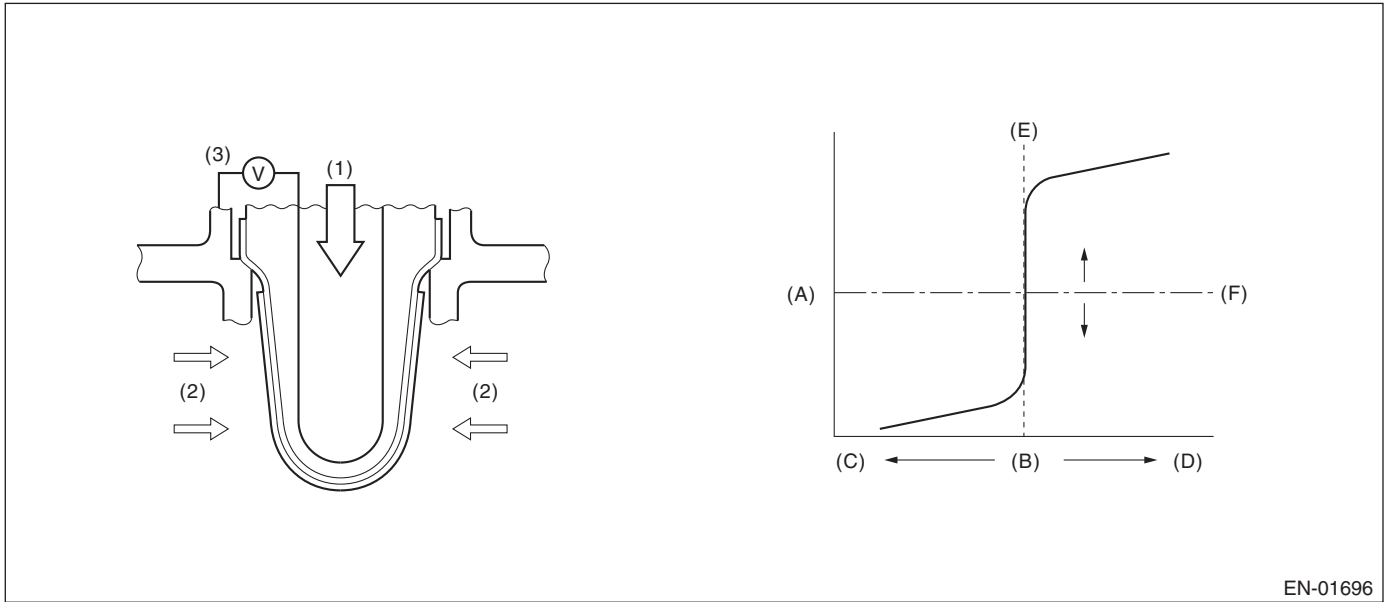
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AX:DTC P0140 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK1 SENSOR2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the rear oxygen sensor open or short circuit. Judge as NG when the rear oxygen sensor voltage can be determined to be abnormal considering conditions such as intake air amount, engine coolant temperature, main feedback control and deceleration fuel cut.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01696

(A) Electromotive force

(D) Rich

(1) Atmosphere

(B) Air fuel ratio

(E) Theoretical air fuel ratio

(2) Exhaust gas

(C) Lean

(F) Comparative voltage

(3) Electromotive force

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITION (USED ONLY FOR MALFUNCTION JUDGMENT)

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Closed loop control at the rear oxygen sensor	In operation
Target output voltage of rear oxygen sensor	$\geq 0.55 \text{ V} + 0.05 \text{ V}$
Amount of intake air	$\geq 10 \text{ g/s}$ (0.35 oz/s)
Engine coolant temperature	$\geq -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$)
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	$< 65535 \text{ time(s)}$
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Deceleration fuel cut of 5000 ms or more.	Experienced

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis once after starting the engine.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Minimum output voltage	$> 0.15 \text{ V}$
or	
Maximum output voltage	$< 0.55 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 90000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

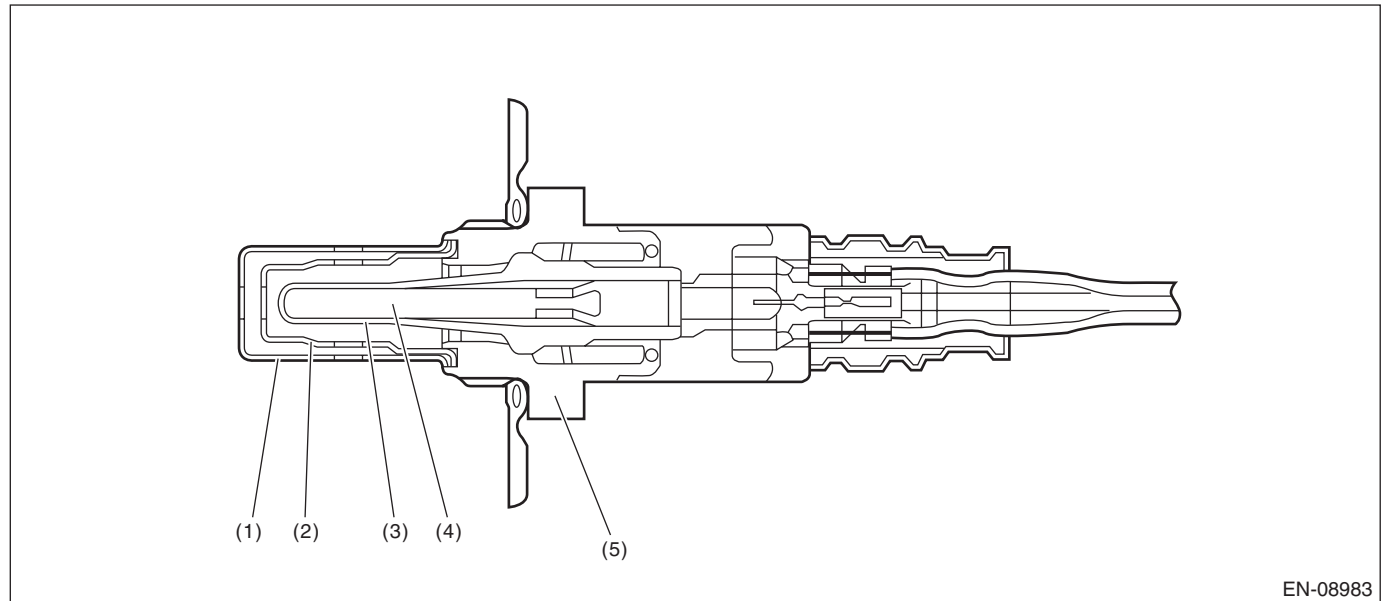
AY:DTC P0141 O2 SENSOR HEATER CIRCUIT (BANK1 SENSOR2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of rear oxygen sensor heater.

While observing the engine condition, judge as NG if the rear oxygen sensor impedance is great.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Element cover (outer)

(2) Element cover (inner)

(3) Sensor element

(4) Ceramic heater

(5) Sensor housing

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 1000 \text{ ms}$
A/F sensor heater control duty	$\leq 70 \%$
A/F sensor element impedance	$\leq 82 \Omega$
Rear oxygen sensor heater control duty	$< 70 \%$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after 1000 ms seconds or more have passed since the engine started.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Rear oxygen sensor heater current	$\leq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.88 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 4 ms \times 2500 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

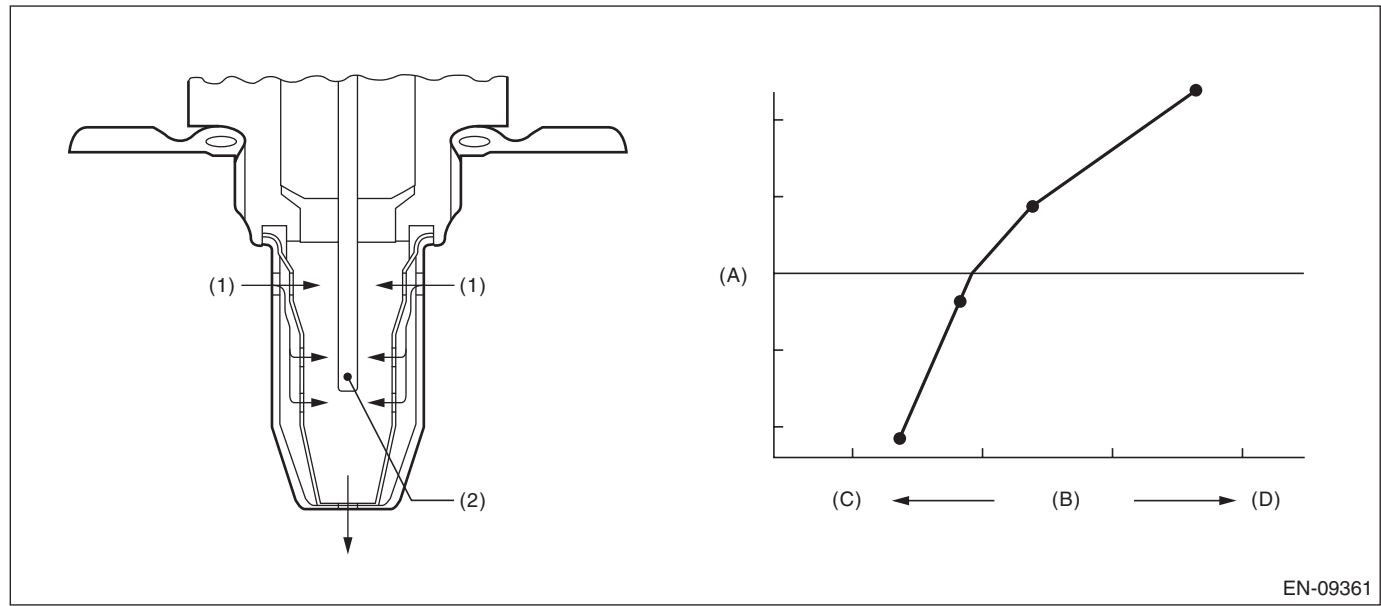
AZ:DTC P014C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the slow response of front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

For diagnosis, detect the trouble by processing the λ waveform in normal driving without forcibly changing the target air fuel ratio.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Rich

(D) Lean

(1) Exhaust gas

(2) ZrO₂

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Closed loop control with main feedback (3000 ms or more)	Operation
Engine speed	≥ 1000 rpm
Amount of intake air	≥ 10 g/s (0.35 oz/s)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

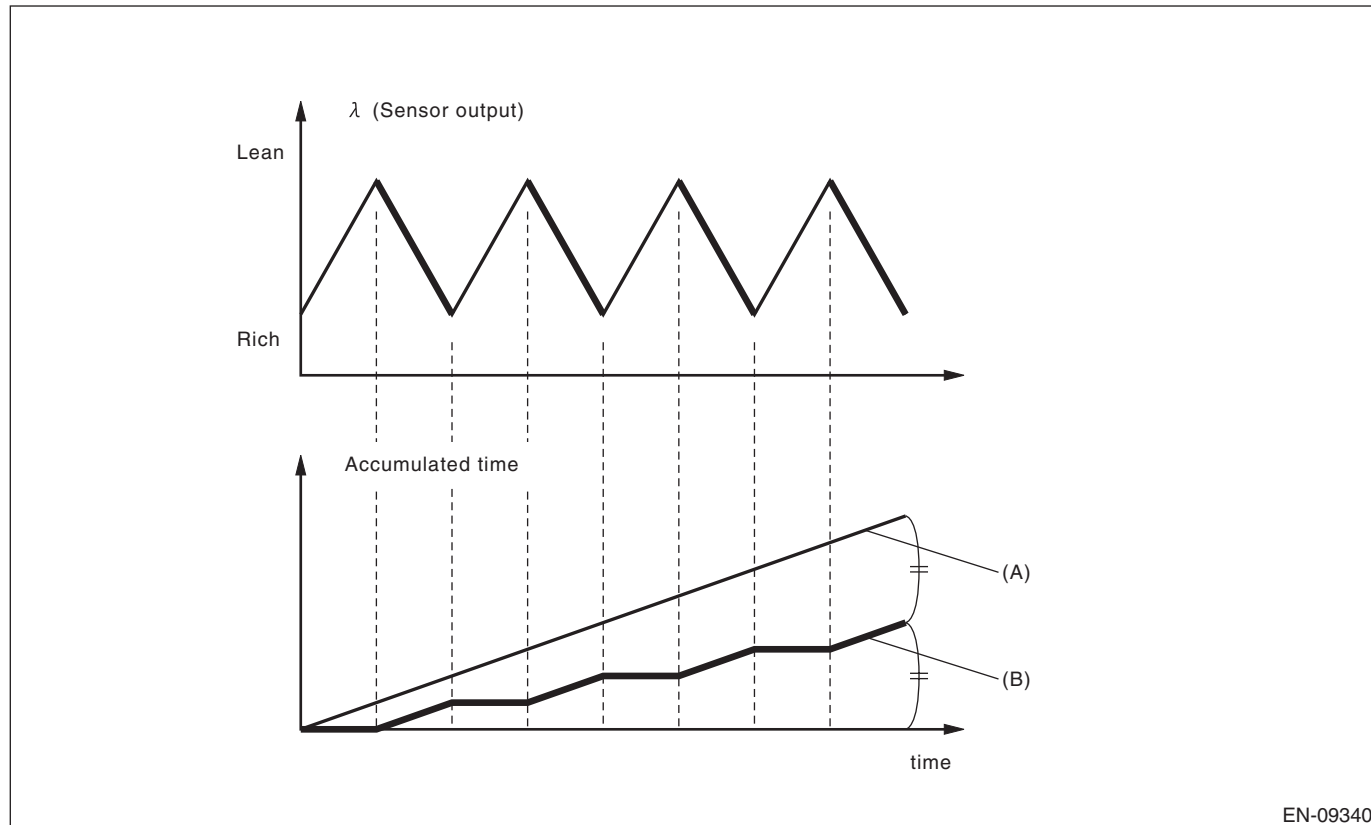
Perform diagnosis only once in a city driving including normal acceleration and deceleration.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD 1

Detect the malfunction by checking “Cumulative value of time when λ changes from lean \rightarrow rich” in comparison to “Time during which diagnosis is in progress”.



EN-09340

(A) Time during which diagnosis is in progress

(B) Cumulative value of time when λ changes from lean \rightarrow rich

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

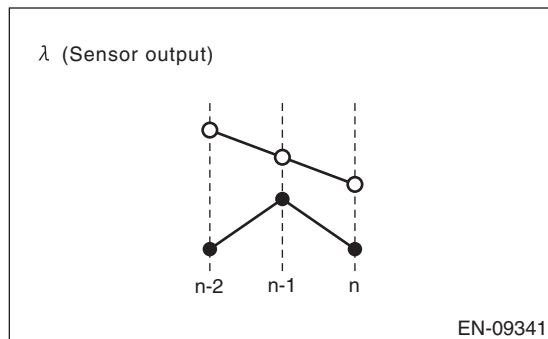
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
(Cumulative value of time when λ changes from lean \rightarrow rich) / (Time during which diagnosis is in progress)	< 0.35	P014C
	> 0.65	P014D

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 90000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

6. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD 2

Detect the malfunction by the cumulative value obtained from the amount of variation in λ change.



Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Cumulative value obtained from the amount of variation in λ change $\Sigma (\lambda(n) - \lambda(n-1)) - (\lambda(n-1) - \lambda(n-2)) $	< Value from Map	P014C and P014D

Map

Cumulative value obtained from the amount of variation in λ $\Sigma \lambda(n) - \lambda(n-1) $	0.00	5.00
Cumulative value obtained from the amount of variation in λ change	0.00	3.00

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 90000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

BA:DTC P014D O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**NOTE:**

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P014C. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-67, DTC P014C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

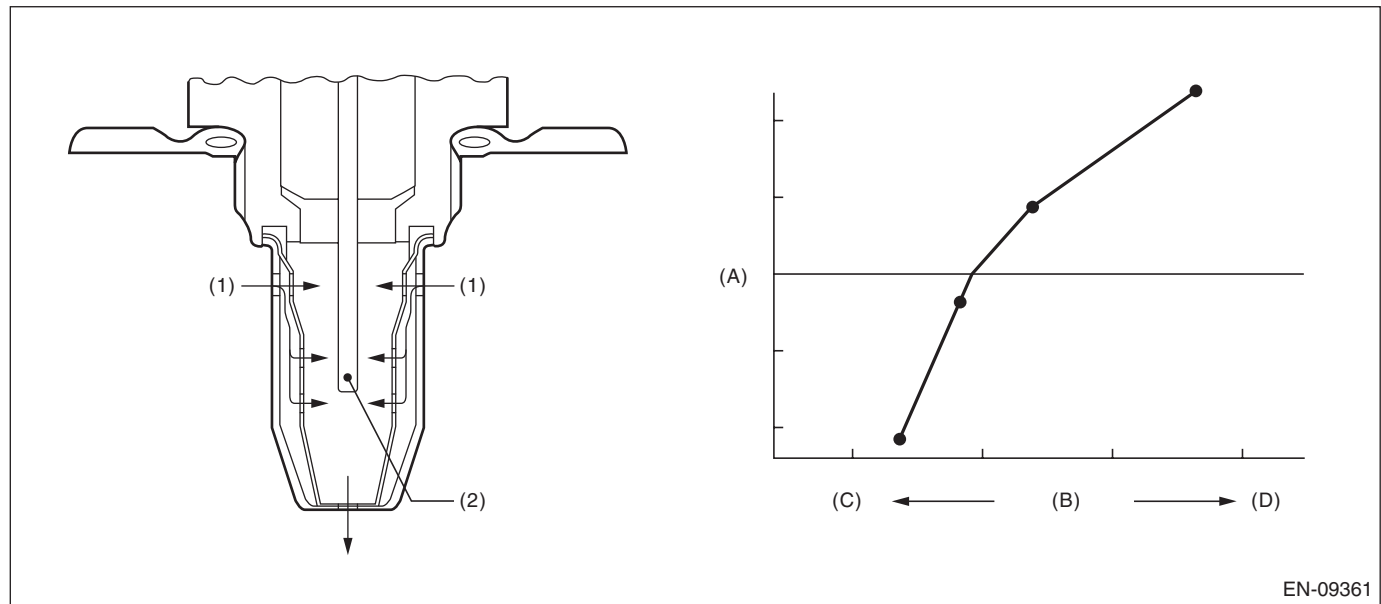
BB:DTC P015A O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the slow response of front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

For diagnosis, detect the trouble by processing the λ waveform in normal driving without forcibly changing the target air fuel ratio.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-09361

(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Rich

(D) Lean

(1) Exhaust gas

(2) ZrO₂

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Diagnostic method 1 and 2

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Closed loop control with main feedback (3000 ms or more)	Operation
Engine speed	≥ 1000 rpm
Amount of intake air	≥ 10 g/s (0.35 oz/s)

DIAGNOSIS METHOD 3 (MT MODEL ONLY)

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Closed loop control with main feedback	Operation
Vehicle speed	> 40 km/h (24.9 MPH)
Engine speed	≥ 1000 rpm and < 4000 rpm
Amount of intake air	≥ 7.5 g/s (0.26 oz/s) and < 40 g/s (1.41 oz/s)
Catalyst depletion diagnosis	Not under diagnosis

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

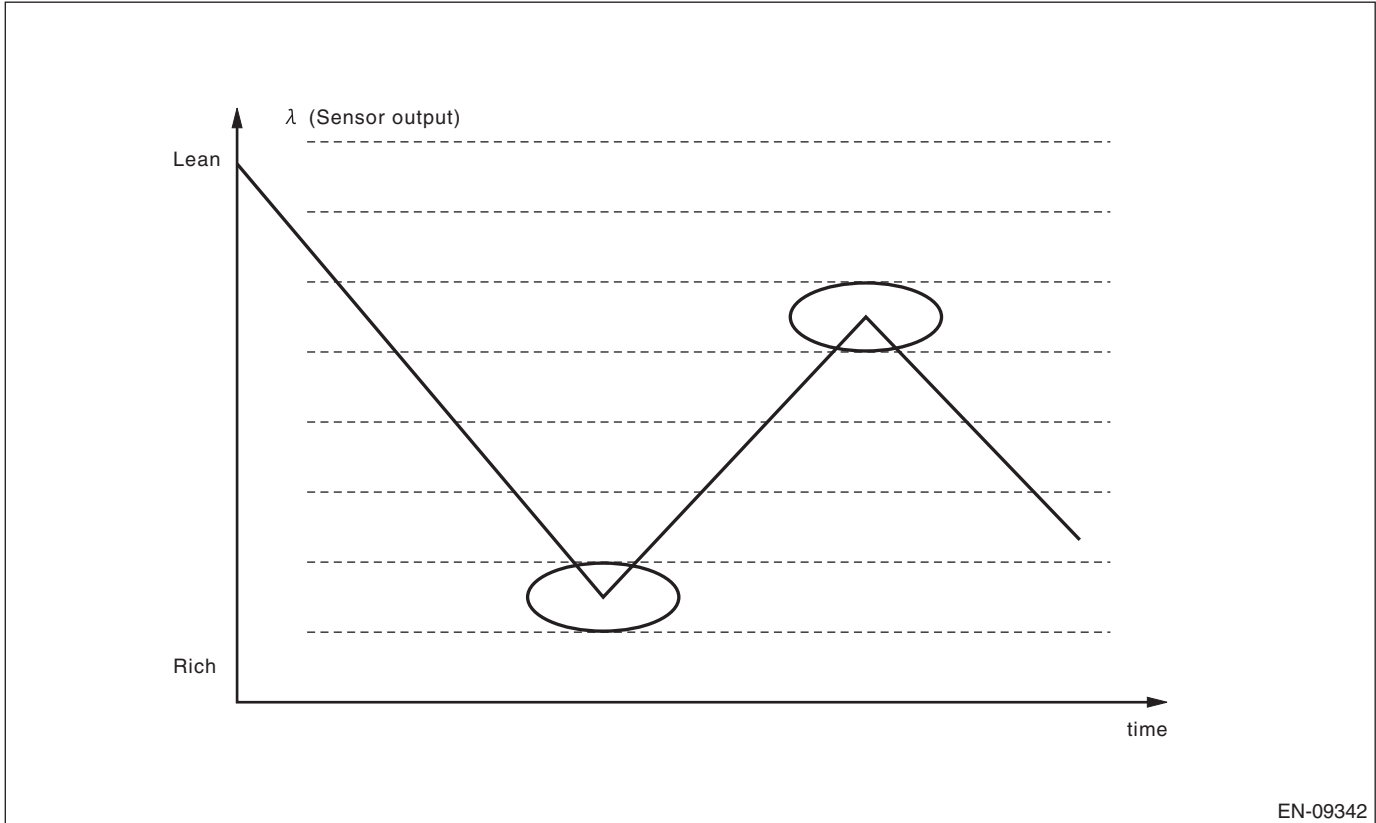
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform diagnosis only once in a city driving including normal acceleration and deceleration.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD 1

Detect the malfunction depending on the average value of time necessary for λ to inverse the air fuel ratio from “Lean \rightarrow Rich \rightarrow Lean” to “Rich \rightarrow Lean \rightarrow Rich”.



Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Average value of time necessary for λ to inverse the air fuel ratio to Lean \rightarrow Rich \rightarrow Lean	> 150 ms	P015A
Average value of time necessary for λ to inverse the air fuel ratio to Rich \rightarrow Lean \rightarrow Rich	> 350 ms	P015B

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 50 times of inversion

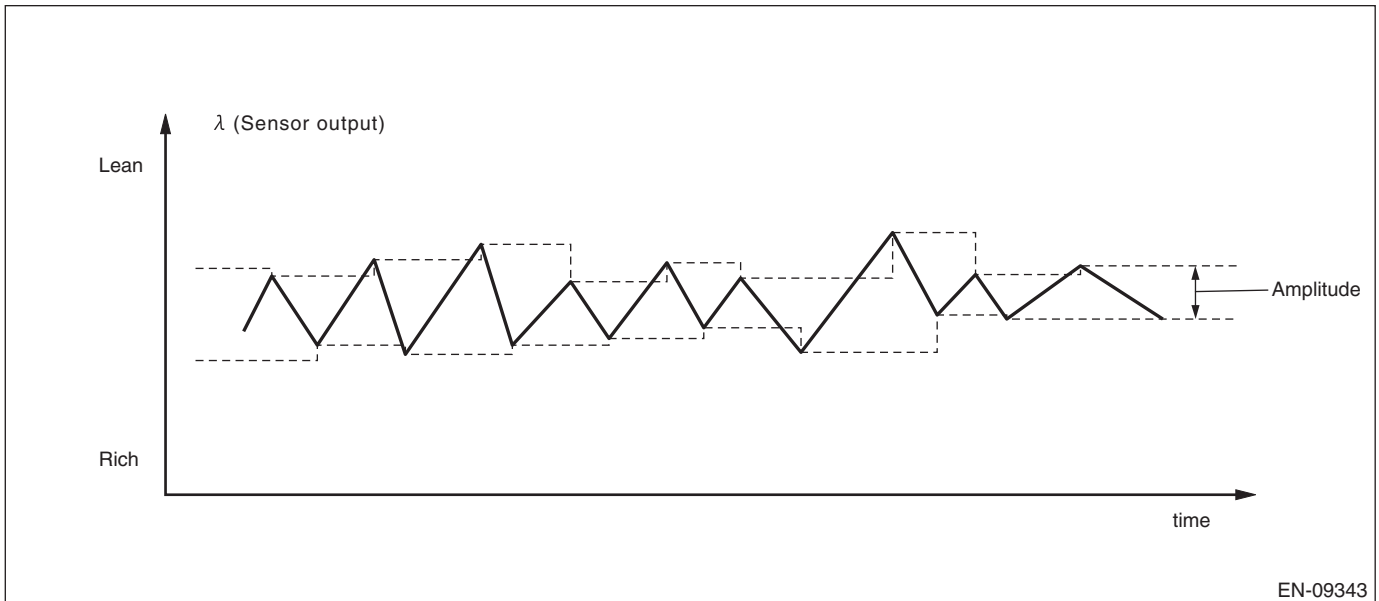
Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD 2

Detect the malfunction by calculating the average amplitude of λ .



Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

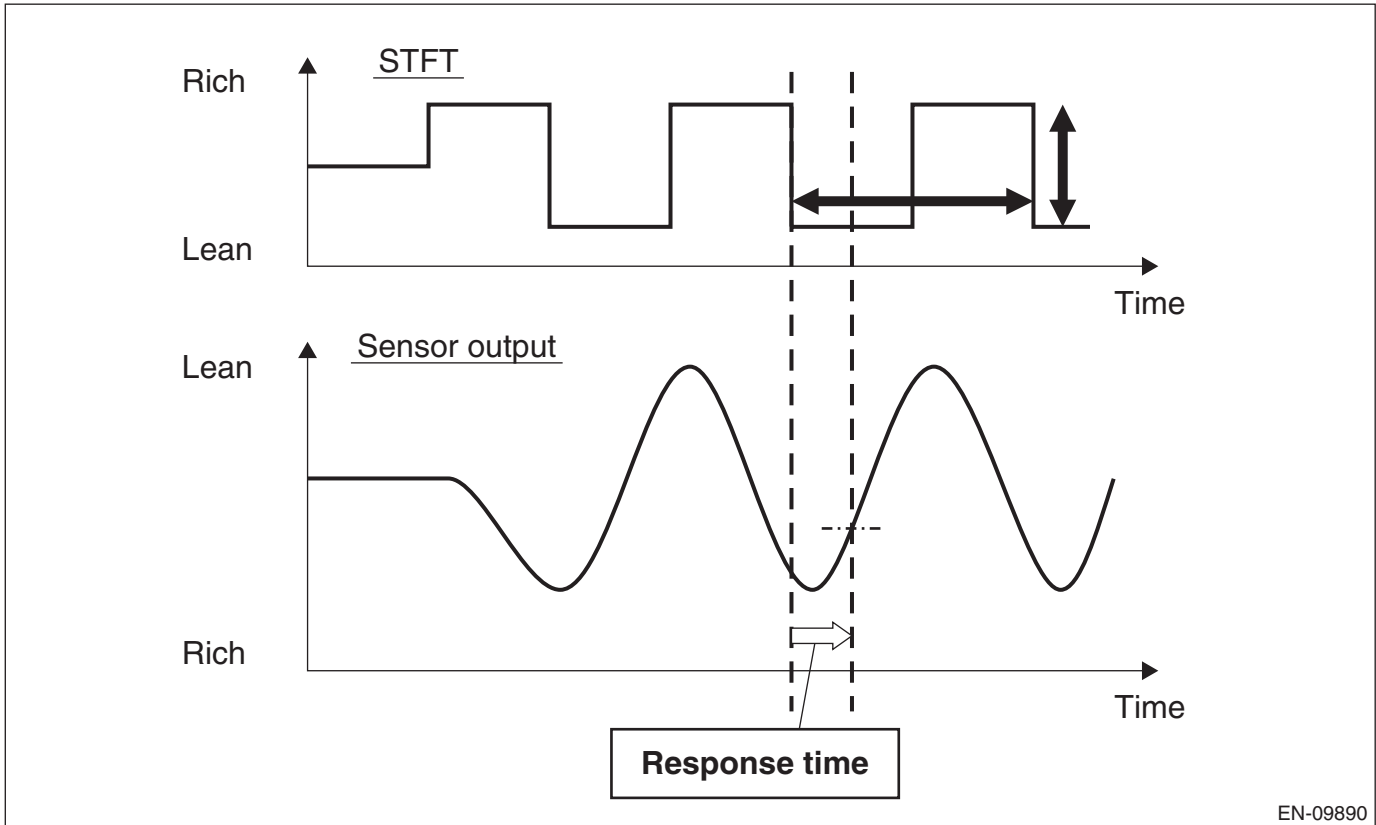
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Average value for λ amplitude	> 0.07	P015A and P015B

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 11250 time(s) \times 8 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

7. DIAGNOSIS METHOD 3 (MT MODEL ONLY)

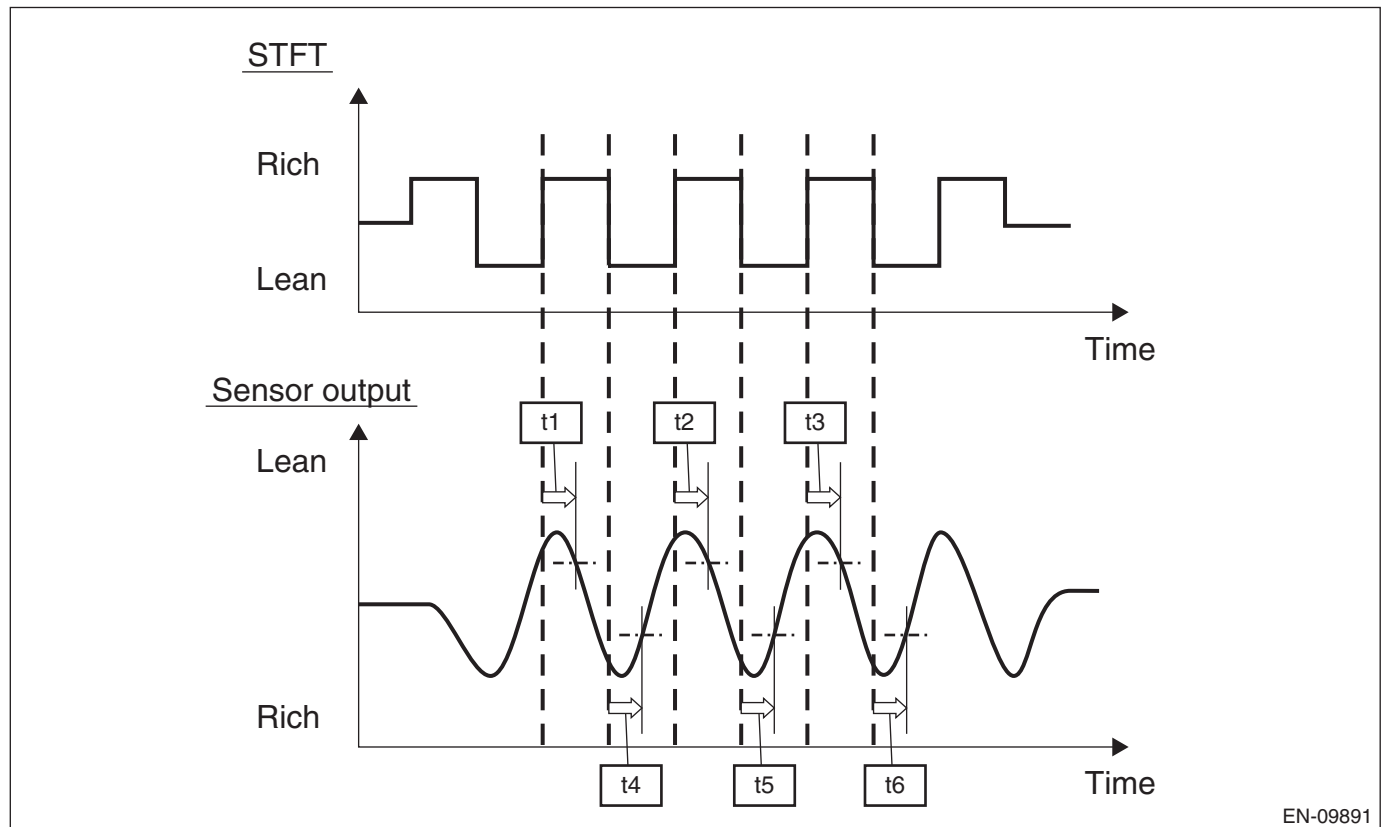
Change STFT (A/F compensation value) by interruption, and measure the reaction time of λ value. When A/F sensor malfunctions, the reaction time takes longer than at normal condition. In this case, judge as abnormal.



Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Measure reaction time (t1, t2, t3) and reaction time (t4, t5, t6). Use the average value of the reaction time to obtain the diagnostic value.



EN-09891

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
$(t1 + t2 + t3)/3$ and $(t4 + t5 + t6)/3$	> 820 ms > 820 ms	P015A and P015B

Time Needed for Diagnosis: $1000 \text{ ms} \times [1 \text{ time(s)}/2] + 1000 \text{ ms} \times 3 \text{ time(s)} + 500 \text{ ms}$

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

BC:DTC P015B O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P015A. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-70, DTC P015A O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

BD:DTC P0171 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect fuel system malfunction by the amount of main feedback control.

Fuel system is diagnosed by comparing the target air fuel ratio calculated by ECM with the actual air fuel ratio measured by sensor.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Main feedback	In operation

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling or at a constant speed after warming up the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Compare the diagnostic value (fsobd) with the threshold value, and if a condition meeting the malfunction criteria below continues for 10 s × 3 time(s) or more, judge that there is a fault in the fuel system.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
$fsobd = (sglmd - tglmda) + faf + flaf$ In this case: sglmd = measured lambda tglmda = target lambda faf = main feedback compensation coefficient (every 64 milliseconds) flaf = main feedback learning compensation coefficient	≥ Value from Map

Map

Amount of air (g (oz)/s)	0 (0)	3.2 (0.11)	6.4 (0.23)	9.6 (0.34)	12.8 (0.45)	16 (0.56)	19.2 (0.68)
fsobdL1 (%)	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 s × 3 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

BE:DTC P0172 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect fuel system malfunction by the amount of main feedback control.

Fuel system is diagnosed by comparing the target air fuel ratio calculated by ECM with the actual air fuel ratio measured by sensor.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Main feedback	In operation

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling or at a constant speed after warming up the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Compare the diagnostic value (fsobd) with the threshold value, and if a condition meeting the malfunction criteria below continues for 10 s × 3 time(s) or more, judge that there is a fault in the fuel system.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
$fsobd = (sglmd - tglmda) + faf + flaf$ In this case: sglmd = measured lambda tglmda = target lambda faf = main feedback compensation coefficient (every 64 milliseconds) flaf = main feedback learning compensation coefficient	< Value from Map

Map

Warm-up increase compensation coefficient	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.28
Threshold Value	0.670	0.556	0.464	0.401

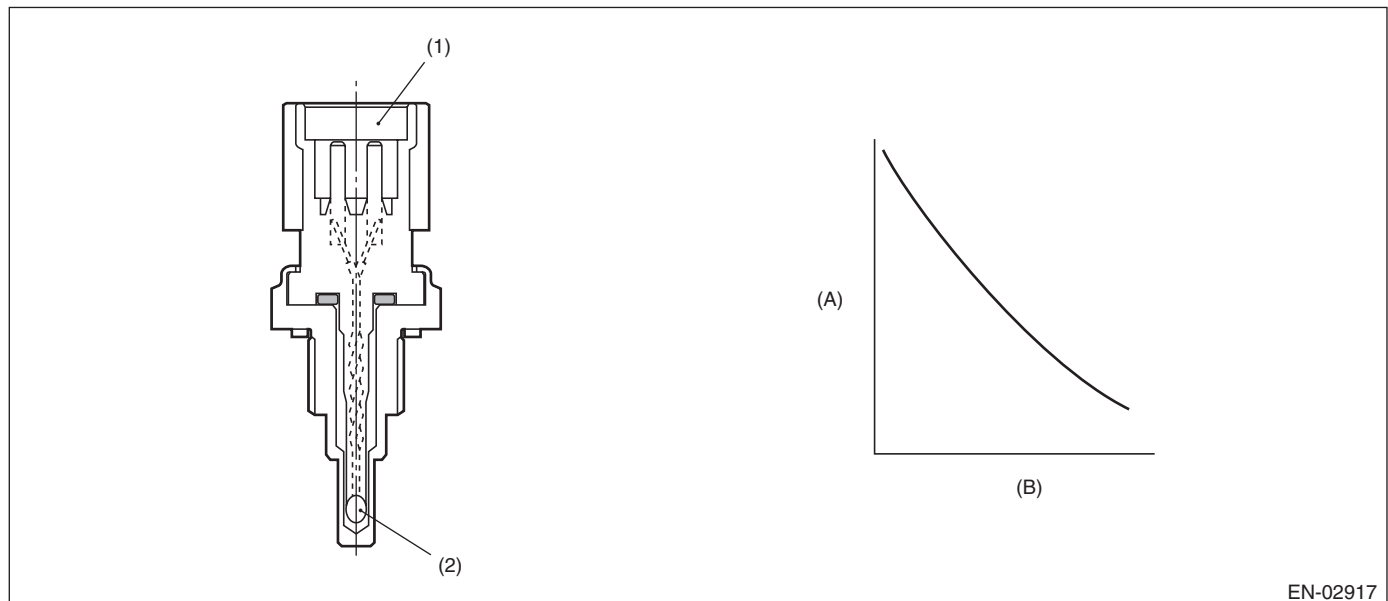
Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 s × 3 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

BF:DTC P0196 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the malfunction of the engine oil temperature sensor output properties. Using the following two diagnoses, judge as NG when either is NG.

- **Diagnosis 1 (correlation diagnosis):** After the engine starts after the specified period of soaking time has elapsed, diagnose by correlation between engine oil temperature sensor value, engine coolant temperature sensor value and intake air temperature sensor value. Judge as NG when the differences are both above the specified value by comparing between engine oil temperature and engine coolant temperature, engine oil temperature and intake air temperature.
- **Diagnosis 2 (function diagnosis):** Judge as NG when engine oil temperature does not rise to the specified value regardless of an engine running condition that clears certain conditions.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-02917

(A) Resistance value (k Ω)

(B) Temperature °C (°F)

(1) Connector

(2) Thermistor element

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS**Diagnosis 1**

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Soaking time	≥ 21600 s
Block heater judgment	Completed
Block heater operation	Not in operation

Diagnosis 2

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine oil temperature at engine starting	< 40 °C (104 °F)
Engine speed	> 500 rpm
Idling ratio	≤ 0.5

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- **Diagnosis 1:** Perform the diagnosis only once after the engine starts after a certain period of soaking time.
- **Diagnosis 2:** Perform the diagnosis only once after starting the engine from cold condition.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when Diagnosis 1 or Diagnosis 2 becomes NG.

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Diagnosis 1

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine oil temperature at engine start – Engine coolant temperature at engine start	> 10 °C (18°F)
Engine oil temperature at engine start – Intake air temperature 30 sec. after engine start	> Value of Map 1

Map 1

Ambient air temperature °C (°F)	–30 (–22)	30 (86)	45 (113)	60 (140)
Engine oil temperature at engine start – Intake air temperature 30 sec. after engine start °C (°F)	10 (18°F)	10 (18°F)	22 (39.6°F)	22 (39.6°F)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Diagnosis 2

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine oil temperature	< 40 °C (104 °F)
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ Value from Map 2

Map 2

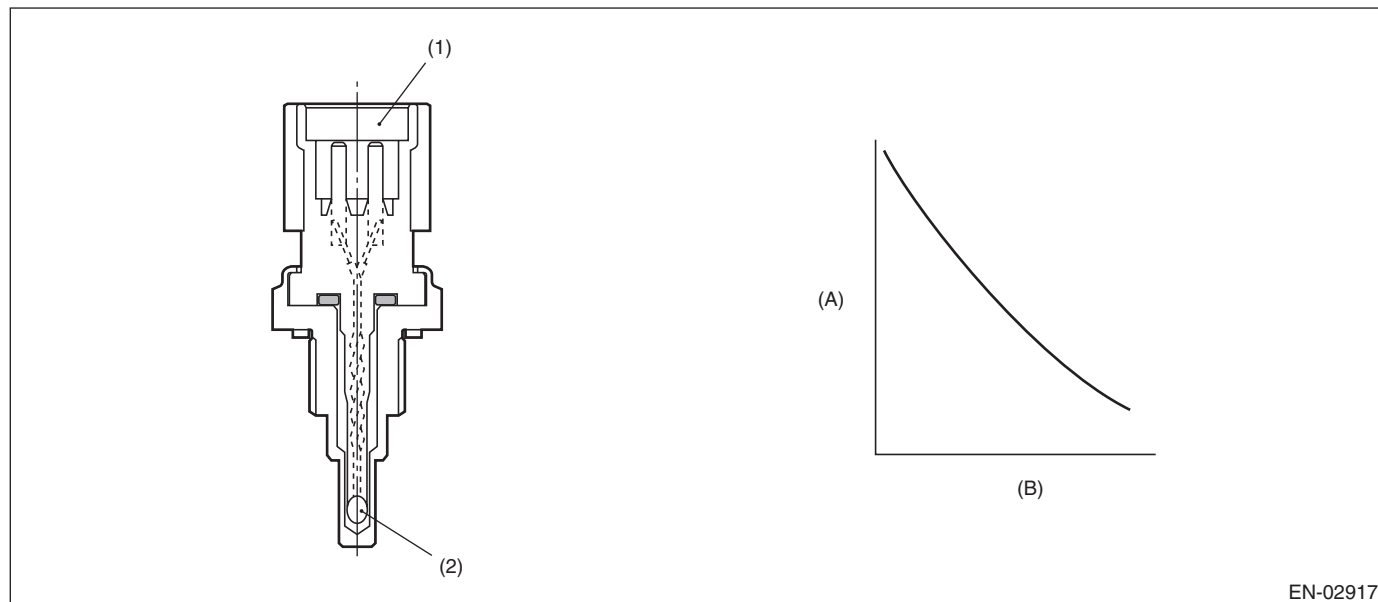
		Intake air temperature at engine start °C (°F)							
		–30 (–22)	–20 (–4)	–10 (14)	0 (32)	10 (50)	20 (68)	30 (86)	40 (104)
Percentage of time when engine is at stop against time elapsed since engine start	0.0	1850000	1500000	1200000	850000	600000	450000	350000	300000
	0.3	1850000	1500000	1200000	850000	600000	450000	350000	300000
	0.6	1850000	1500000	1200000	850000	600000	450000	350000	300000
	1.0	1850000	1500000	1200000	850000	600000	450000	350000	300000
ms									

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Value of Map 2

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

BG:DTC P0197 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR LOW**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of the oil temperature sensor.
Judge as NG when outside of the judgment value.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-02917

(A) Resistance value (k Ω)

(B) Temperature °C (°F)

(1) Connector

(2) Thermistor element

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.203 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

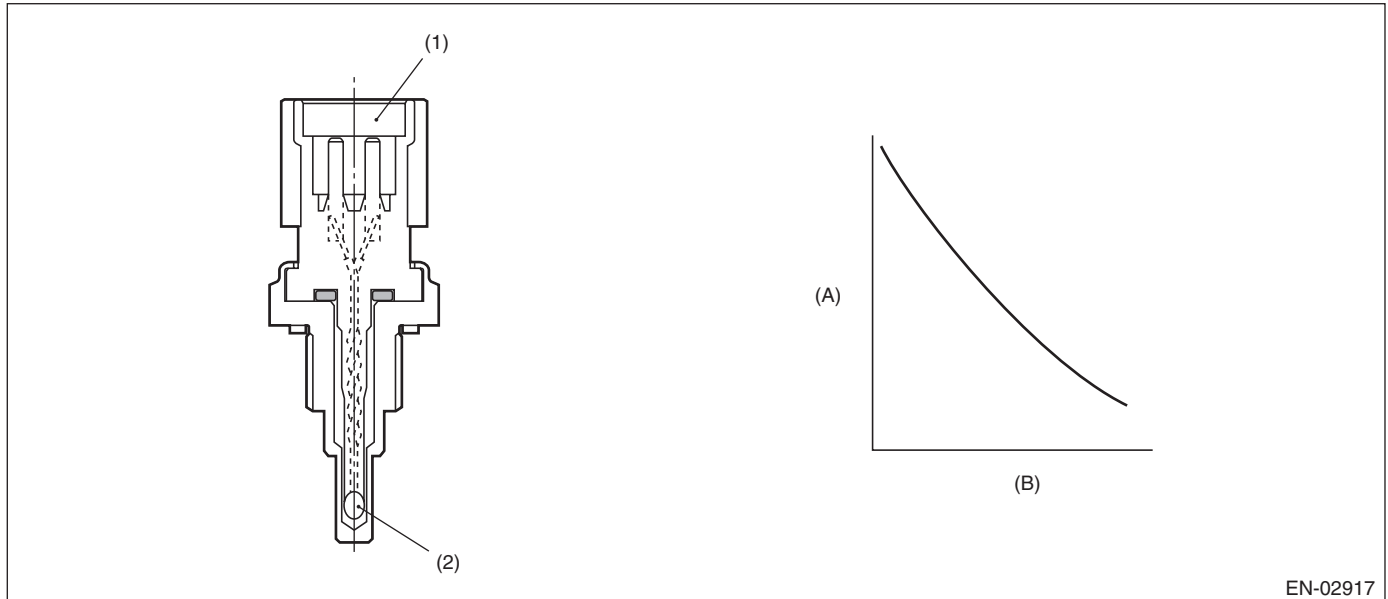
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

BH:DTC P0198 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the oil temperature sensor.
Judge as NG when outside of the judgment value.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-02917

(A) Resistance value (k Ω)

(B) Temperature °C (°F)

(1) Connector

(2) Thermistor element

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.698 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

BI: DTC P0201 INJECTOR #1

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Based on the self-diagnostic result of the injector driving IC, judge the injector driving circuit as normal or abnormal.

Injector driving IC detects the status of “fuel remains injected” or “fuel is not injected” as a malfunction.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	> 1 s
Engine speed	> 500 rpm
Injection status	Not during fuel cut

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Injector driving IC information	Malfunction

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 256 ms \times 10 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

BJ:DTC P0202 INJECTOR #2

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0201. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-81, DTC P0201 INJECTOR #1, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

BK:DTC P0203 INJECTOR #3

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0201. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-81, DTC P0201 INJECTOR #1, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

BL:DTC P0204 INJECTOR #4

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0201. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-81, DTC P0201 INJECTOR #1, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

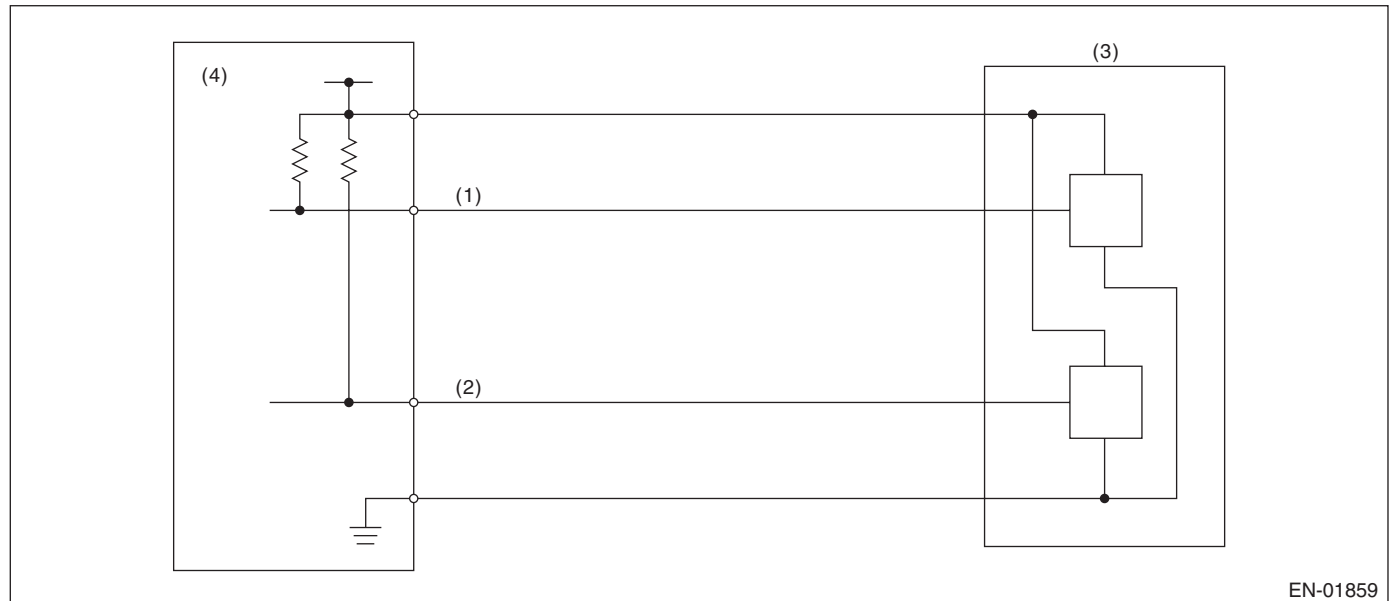
BM:DTC P0222 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “B” CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 2.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal

(3) Throttle position sensor

(4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6\text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	$\leq 1.133\text{ V}$

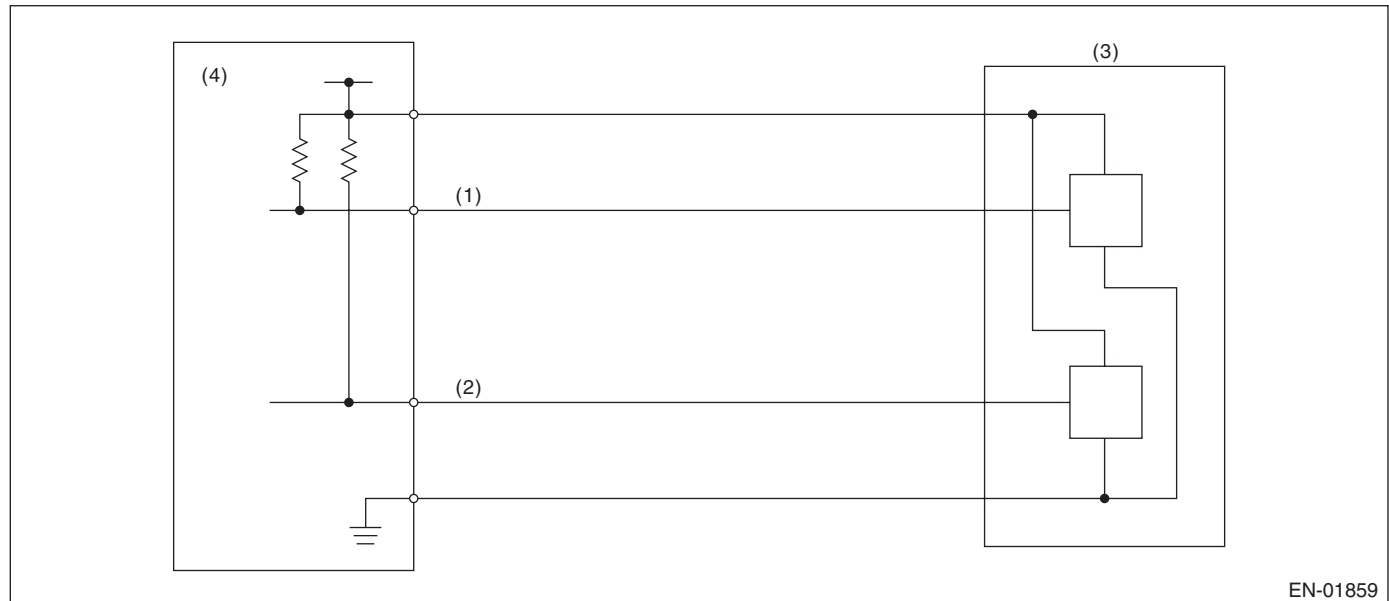
Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

BN:DTC P0223 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “B” CIRCUIT HIGH**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 2.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-01859

(1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal

(3) Throttle position sensor

(4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	$\geq 4.772 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

BO:DTC P0300 RANDOM/MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE DETECTED**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0301. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-84, DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

BP:DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the presence of misfire occurrence. (Revolution fluctuation method)

Monitoring Misfire which influences exhaust deterioration (1.5 times of FTP) and catalyst damage is made obligatory by the law. Misfire affecting these two has two patterns below:

- Intermittent misfire (The same cylinder misfires in random, or different cylinders misfire in random.): FTP 1.5 times misfire
- Every time misfire (The same cylinder misfires every time.): FTP 1.5 times misfire, Catalyst damage misfire

The following detecting methods are adopted for these detection.

1) Intermittent misfire: FTP 1.5 times misfire

- 180° Interval Difference Method (MT: 1,800 rpm or less; CVT: None)
- 360° Interval Difference Method (whole range)
- 720° Interval Difference Method (3,000 rpm or more)

2) Misfire every time: FTP 1.5 times misfire, Catalyst damage misfire

- 360° Interval Difference Method

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V
Fuel level	≥ 9 ℓ (2.38 US gal, 1.98 Imp gal)
Intake manifold pressure change at 180°CA	< Value of Map 1
Throttle position change during 16 milliseconds	< 21 °
Fuel shut-off function	Not in operation
Vehicle dynamic control or AT torque control	Not in operation
Second diagnosis of P0441	Not in operation
Engine speed	475 rpm — 6100 rpm (CVT model) 500 rpm — 6500 rpm (MT model)
Intake manifold pressure	≥ Value from Map 2

Map 1

- CVT model

rpm	700	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	5500	6000	6300
kPa	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7
(mmHg, inHg)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)	(200, 7.9)

- MT model

rpm	650	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	5500	6000	6300
kPa	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3
(mmHg, inHg)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)	(100, 3.9)

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Map 2 (CVT model)

- Normal ignition

		Barometric pressure (kPa (mmHg, inHg))						
		66 (495 , 19.5)	74.3 (557 , 21.9)	79.7 (598 , 23.5)	83.9 (629 , 24.8)	87.1 (653 , 25.7)	91.7 (688 , 27.1)	100.1 (751 , 29.6)
Engine speed (rpm)	675	19.1 (142.9 , 5.6)	20.3 (152.4 , 6)	23.8 (178.8 , 7)	25.1 (188.0 , 7.4)	25.6 (192.1 , 7.6)	26.9 (202.1 , 8)	28.3 (212.2 , 8.4)
	1000	17.5 (131.2 , 5.2)	18.4 (138.1 , 5.4)	21 (157.5 , 6.2)	21.9 (164.4 , 6.5)	22.3 (167.1 , 6.6)	23.8 (178.2 , 7)	25 (187.2 , 7.4)
	1200	16.6 (124.3 , 4.9)	17.7 (132.5 , 5.2)	19.8 (148.8 , 5.9)	20.9 (156.7 , 6.2)	21.3 (159.9 , 6.3)	22.7 (170.5 , 6.7)	23.1 (173.6 , 6.8)
	1600	16.1 (120.9 , 4.8)	17.4 (130.6 , 5.1)	19.6 (146.7 , 5.8)	20.3 (152.3 , 6)	20.5 (153.6 , 6)	21.6 (162.3 , 6.4)	22.5 (168.7 , 6.6)
	2000	18 (134.9 , 5.3)	19 (142.5 , 5.6)	21.1 (158.3 , 6.2)	22 (165.3 , 6.5)	22.3 (167.1 , 6.6)	23.5 (176.0 , 6.9)	24.2 (181.5 , 7.1)
	2400	18.1 (135.4 , 5.3)	19.1 (143.0 , 5.6)	20.8 (156.2 , 6.2)	21.8 (163.2 , 6.4)	22.2 (166.2 , 6.5)	23 (172.8 , 6.8)	23.9 (179.3 , 7.1)
	2800	18.5 (138.9 , 5.5)	19.4 (145.2 , 5.7)	21.5 (161.1 , 6.3)	22.1 (166.1 , 6.5)	22.4 (168.3 , 6.6)	23.4 (175.7 , 6.9)	24.2 (181.6 , 7.1)
	3000	18.7 (140.4 , 5.5)	19.6 (147.1 , 5.8)	22 (165.0 , 6.5)	22.3 (167.6 , 6.6)	22.6 (169.6 , 6.7)	23.8 (178.3 , 7)	24.3 (182.4 , 7.2)
	3200	22 (164.7 , 6.5)	22.7 (170.4 , 6.7)	25.8 (193.5 , 7.6)	26.4 (197.8 , 7.8)	26.6 (199.2 , 7.8)	27.6 (206.7 , 8.1)	28.5 (213.6 , 8.4)
	3600	22.8 (170.7 , 6.7)	23.4 (175.9 , 6.9)	26.5 (198.6 , 7.8)	26.8 (200.9 , 7.9)	27 (202.9 , 8)	28.1 (210.6 , 8.3)	28.6 (214.5 , 8.4)
	4000	24 (179.9 , 7.1)	24 (180.4 , 7.1)	27.2 (204.0 , 8)	27.3 (205.1 , 8.1)	27.7 (207.7 , 8.2)	28.7 (215.3 , 8.5)	29 (217.7 , 8.6)
	4400	25.6 (191.7 , 7.5)	25.6 (192.1 , 7.6)	28.8 (215.7 , 8.5)	28.9 (216.9 , 8.5)	29.3 (219.5 , 8.6)	30.3 (227.1 , 8.9)	30.6 (229.5 , 9)
	4800	27.1 (203.5 , 8)	27.2 (203.9 , 8)	30.3 (227.5 , 9)	30.5 (228.7 , 9)	30.8 (231.3 , 9.1)	31.8 (238.8 , 9.4)	32.2 (241.3 , 9.5)
	5200	28.7 (215.2 , 8.5)	28.8 (215.7 , 8.5)	31.9 (239.3 , 9.4)	32.1 (240.4 , 9.5)	32.4 (243.0 , 9.6)	33.4 (250.6 , 9.9)	33.7 (253.0 , 10)
	5600	30.3 (227.0 , 8.9)	30.3 (227.4 , 9)	33.5 (251.0 , 9.9)	33.6 (252.2 , 9.9)	34 (254.8 , 10)	35 (262.4 , 10.3)	35.3 (264.8 , 10.4)
	6000	31.8 (238.7 , 9.4)	31.9 (239.2 , 9.4)	35 (262.8 , 10.3)	35.2 (263.9 , 10.4)	35.5 (266.5 , 10.5)	36.5 (274.1 , 10.8)	36.9 (276.6 , 10.9)
	6400	33.4 (250.5 , 9.9)	33.5 (251.0 , 9.9)	36.6 (274.6 , 10.8)	36.8 (275.7 , 10.9)	37.1 (278.3 , 11)	38.1 (285.9 , 11.3)	38.4 (288.3 , 11.4)
kPa (mmHg, inHg)								

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

- Idling ignition

		Barometric pressure (kPa (mmHg, inHg))						
		66 (495 , 19.5)	74.3 (557 , 21.9)	79.7 (598 , 23.5)	83.9 (629 , 24.8)	87.1 (653 , 25.7)	91.7 (688 , 27.1)	100.1 (751 , 29.6)
Engine speed (rpm)	675	19.3 (144.9 , 5.7)	20.7 (155.4 , 6.1)	24.1 (180.8 , 7.1)	25.7 (192.8 , 7.6)	25.7 (192.8 , 7.6)	27.2 (203.7 , 8)	29.3 (220.1 , 8.7)
	1000	18.9 (141.7 , 5.6)	20.5 (153.8 , 6.1)	24 (179.7 , 7.1)	25 (187.7 , 7.4)	25.4 (190.3 , 7.5)	26.8 (201.1 , 7.9)	28.2 (211.7 , 8.3)
	1200	18.6 (139.3 , 5.5)	20.2 (151.2 , 6)	23.4 (175.7 , 6.9)	24.6 (184.3 , 7.3)	24.6 (184.3 , 7.3)	26.1 (195.5 , 7.7)	27.1 (203.1 , 8)
	1600	18 (135.3 , 5.3)	19.6 (147.0 , 5.8)	22 (165.1 , 6.5)	23.5 (176.0 , 6.9)	23.5 (176.0 , 6.9)	24.9 (186.9 , 7.4)	26 (194.7 , 7.7)
	2000	18.6 (139.5 , 5.5)	19.6 (147.0 , 5.8)	22.2 (166.2 , 6.5)	23.3 (174.7 , 6.9)	23.3 (174.7 , 6.9)	24.4 (183.0 , 7.2)	25.9 (194.0 , 7.6)
	2400	18.2 (136.6 , 5.4)	19.7 (147.5 , 5.8)	21.7 (162.7 , 6.4)	22.8 (171.1 , 6.7)	22.8 (171.1 , 6.7)	24 (179.7 , 7.1)	24.9 (186.5 , 7.3)
	2800	18.5 (138.9 , 5.5)	19.6 (147.3 , 5.8)	21.5 (161.1 , 6.3)	22.7 (170.4 , 6.7)	22.8 (170.9 , 6.7)	23.4 (175.7 , 6.9)	25 (187.3 , 7.4)
	3000	18.7 (140.4 , 5.5)	19.8 (148.6 , 5.9)	22 (165.0 , 6.5)	22.8 (171.0 , 6.7)	22.8 (171.0 , 6.7)	23.8 (178.6 , 7)	24.9 (187.1 , 7.4)
	3200	22.8 (170.7 , 6.7)	23.9 (179.2 , 7.1)	26.5 (198.7 , 7.8)	27.4 (205.8 , 8.1)	27.4 (205.8 , 8.1)	28.7 (215.4 , 8.5)	29.8 (223.3 , 8.8)
	3600	23.3 (174.6 , 6.9)	24.1 (180.9 , 7.1)	26.5 (198.6 , 7.8)	27.6 (207.4 , 8.2)	27.6 (207.4 , 8.2)	28.6 (214.7 , 8.5)	29.7 (222.6 , 8.8)
	4000	24 (179.9 , 7.1)	24.6 (184.4 , 7.3)	27.2 (204.0 , 8)	28 (210.0 , 8.3)	28 (210.0 , 8.3)	28.8 (216.4 , 8.5)	29.9 (224.0 , 8.8)
	4400	25.6 (191.7 , 7.5)	26.2 (196.2 , 7.7)	28.8 (215.7 , 8.5)	29.6 (221.8 , 8.7)	29.6 (221.8 , 8.7)	30.4 (228.2 , 9)	31.4 (235.7 , 9.3)
	4800	27.1 (203.5 , 8)	27.7 (208.0 , 8.2)	30.3 (227.5 , 9)	31.1 (233.5 , 9.2)	31.1 (233.5 , 9.2)	32 (239.9 , 9.4)	33 (247.5 , 9.7)
	5200	28.7 (215.2 , 8.5)	29.3 (219.7 , 8.7)	31.9 (239.3 , 9.4)	32.7 (245.3 , 9.7)	32.7 (245.3 , 9.7)	33.6 (251.7 , 9.9)	34.6 (259.3 , 10.2)
	5600	30.3 (227.0 , 8.9)	30.9 (231.5 , 9.1)	33.5 (251.0 , 9.9)	34.3 (257.1 , 10.1)	34.3 (257.1 , 10.1)	35.1 (263.5 , 10.4)	36.1 (271.0 , 10.7)
	6000	31.8 (238.7 , 9.4)	32.4 (243.2 , 9.6)	35 (262.8 , 10.3)	35.8 (268.8 , 10.6)	35.8 (268.8 , 10.6)	36.7 (275.2 , 10.8)	37.7 (282.8 , 11.1)
	6400	33.4 (250.5 , 9.9)	34 (255.0 , 10)	36.6 (274.6 , 10.8)	37.4 (280.6 , 11)	37.4 (280.6 , 11)	38.3 (287.0 , 11.3)	39.3 (294.6 , 11.6)
kPa (mmHg, inHg)								

Map 2 (MT model)

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

- Normal ignition

		Barometric pressure (kPa (mmHg, inHg))						
		66 (495 , 19.5)	74.3 (557 , 21.9)	79.7 (598 , 23.5)	83.9 (629 , 24.8)	87.1 (653 , 25.7)	91.7 (688 , 27.1)	100.1 (751 , 29.6)
Engine speed (rpm)	675	19.1 (142.9 , 5.6)	20.3 (152.4 , 6)	23.8 (178.8 , 7)	25.1 (188.0 , 7.4)	25.6 (192.1 , 7.6)	26.9 (202.1 , 8)	28.3 (212.2 , 8.4)
	1000	17.5 (131.2 , 5.2)	18.4 (138.1 , 5.4)	21 (157.5 , 6.2)	21.9 (164.4 , 6.5)	22.3 (167.1 , 6.6)	23.8 (178.2 , 7)	25 (187.2 , 7.4)
	1200	16.6 (124.3 , 4.9)	17.7 (132.5 , 5.2)	19.8 (148.8 , 5.9)	20.9 (156.7 , 6.2)	21.3 (159.9 , 6.3)	22.7 (170.5 , 6.7)	23.1 (173.6 , 6.8)
	1600	16.1 (120.9 , 4.8)	17.4 (130.6 , 5.1)	19.6 (146.7 , 5.8)	20.3 (152.3 , 6)	20.5 (153.6 , 6)	21.6 (162.3 , 6.4)	22.5 (168.7 , 6.6)
	2000	18 (134.9 , 5.3)	19 (142.5 , 5.6)	21.1 (158.3 , 6.2)	22 (165.3 , 6.5)	22.3 (167.1 , 6.6)	23.5 (176.0 , 6.9)	24.2 (181.5 , 7.1)
	2400	18.1 (135.4 , 5.3)	19.1 (143.0 , 5.6)	20.8 (156.2 , 6.2)	21.8 (163.2 , 6.4)	22.2 (166.2 , 6.5)	23 (172.8 , 6.8)	23.9 (179.3 , 7.1)
	2800	18.5 (138.9 , 5.5)	19.4 (145.2 , 5.7)	21.5 (161.1 , 6.3)	22.1 (166.1 , 6.5)	22.4 (168.3 , 6.6)	23.4 (175.7 , 6.9)	24.2 (181.6 , 7.1)
	3000	18.7 (140.4 , 5.5)	19.6 (147.1 , 5.8)	22 (165.0 , 6.5)	22.3 (167.6 , 6.6)	22.6 (169.6 , 6.7)	23.8 (178.3 , 7)	24.3 (182.4 , 7.2)
	3200	22 (164.7 , 6.5)	22.7 (170.4 , 6.7)	25.8 (193.5 , 7.6)	26.4 (197.8 , 7.8)	26.6 (199.2 , 7.8)	27.6 (206.7 , 8.1)	28.5 (213.6 , 8.4)
	3600	22.8 (170.7 , 6.7)	23.4 (175.9 , 6.9)	26.5 (198.6 , 7.8)	26.8 (200.9 , 7.9)	27 (202.9 , 8)	28.1 (210.6 , 8.3)	28.6 (214.5 , 8.4)
	4000	24 (179.9 , 7.1)	24 (180.4 , 7.1)	27.2 (204.0 , 8)	27.3 (205.1 , 8.1)	27.7 (207.7 , 8.2)	28.7 (215.3 , 8.5)	29 (217.7 , 8.6)
	4400	25.6 (191.7 , 7.5)	25.6 (192.1 , 7.6)	28.8 (215.7 , 8.5)	28.9 (216.9 , 8.5)	29.3 (219.5 , 8.6)	30.3 (227.1 , 8.9)	30.6 (229.5 , 9)
	4800	27.1 (203.5 , 8)	27.2 (203.9 , 8)	30.3 (227.5 , 9)	30.5 (228.7 , 9)	30.8 (231.3 , 9.1)	31.8 (238.8 , 9.4)	32.2 (241.3 , 9.5)
	5200	28.7 (215.2 , 8.5)	28.8 (215.7 , 8.5)	31.9 (239.3 , 9.4)	32.1 (240.4 , 9.5)	32.4 (243.0 , 9.6)	33.4 (250.6 , 9.9)	33.7 (253.0 , 10)
	5600	30.3 (227.0 , 8.9)	30.3 (227.4 , 9)	33.5 (251.0 , 9.9)	33.6 (252.2 , 9.9)	34 (254.8 , 10)	35 (262.4 , 10.3)	35.3 (264.8 , 10.4)
	6000	31.8 (238.7 , 9.4)	31.9 (239.2 , 9.4)	35 (262.8 , 10.3)	35.2 (263.9 , 10.4)	35.5 (266.5 , 10.5)	36.5 (274.1 , 10.8)	36.9 (276.6 , 10.9)
	6400	33.4 (250.5 , 9.9)	33.5 (251.0 , 9.9)	36.6 (274.6 , 10.8)	36.8 (275.7 , 10.9)	37.1 (278.3 , 11)	38.1 (285.9 , 11.3)	38.4 (288.3 , 11.4)
kPa (mmHg, inHg)								

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

- Idling ignition

		Barometric pressure (kPa (mmHg, inHg))						
		66 (495, 19.5)	74.3 (557, 21.9)	79.7 (598, 23.5)	83.9 (629, 24.8)	87.1 (653, 25.7)	91.7 (688, 27.1)	100.1 (751, 29.6)
Engine speed (rpm)	675	19.3 (144.9, 5.7)	20.7 (155.4, 6.1)	24.1 (180.8, 7.1)	25.7 (192.8, 7.6)	25.7 (192.8, 7.6)	27.2 (203.7, 8)	29.3 (220.1, 8.7)
	1000	18.9 (141.7, 5.6)	20.5 (153.8, 6.1)	24 (179.7, 7.1)	25 (187.7, 7.4)	25.4 (190.3, 7.5)	26.8 (201.1, 7.9)	28.2 (211.7, 8.3)
	1200	18.6 (139.3, 5.5)	20.2 (151.2, 6)	23.4 (175.7, 6.9)	24.6 (184.3, 7.3)	24.6 (184.3, 7.3)	26.1 (195.5, 7.7)	27.1 (203.1, 8)
	1600	18 (135.3, 5.3)	19.6 (147.0, 5.8)	22 (165.1, 6.5)	23.5 (176.0, 6.9)	23.5 (176.0, 6.9)	24.9 (186.9, 7.4)	26 (194.7, 7.7)
	2000	18.6 (139.5, 5.5)	19.6 (147.0, 5.8)	22.2 (166.2, 6.5)	23.3 (174.7, 6.9)	23.3 (174.7, 6.9)	24.4 (183.0, 7.2)	25.9 (194.0, 7.6)
	2400	18.2 (136.6, 5.4)	19.7 (147.5, 5.8)	21.7 (162.7, 6.4)	22.8 (171.1, 6.7)	22.8 (171.1, 6.7)	24 (179.7, 7.1)	24.9 (186.5, 7.3)
	2800	18.5 (138.9, 5.5)	19.6 (147.3, 5.8)	21.5 (161.1, 6.3)	22.7 (170.4, 6.7)	22.8 (170.9, 6.7)	23.4 (175.7, 6.9)	25 (187.3, 7.4)
	3000	18.7 (140.4, 5.5)	19.8 (148.6, 5.9)	22 (165.0, 6.5)	22.8 (171.0, 6.7)	22.8 (171.0, 6.7)	23.8 (178.6, 7)	24.9 (187.1, 7.4)
	3200	22.8 (170.7, 6.7)	23.9 (179.2, 7.1)	26.5 (198.7, 7.8)	27.4 (205.8, 8.1)	27.4 (205.8, 8.1)	28.7 (215.4, 8.5)	29.8 (223.3, 8.8)
	3600	23.3 (174.6, 6.9)	24.1 (180.9, 7.1)	26.5 (198.6, 7.8)	27.6 (207.4, 8.2)	27.6 (207.4, 8.2)	28.6 (214.7, 8.5)	29.7 (222.6, 8.8)
	4000	24 (179.9, 7.1)	24.6 (184.4, 7.3)	27.2 (204.0, 8)	28 (210.0, 8.3)	28 (210.0, 8.3)	28.8 (216.4, 8.5)	29.9 (224.0, 8.8)
	4400	25.6 (191.7, 7.5)	26.2 (196.2, 7.7)	28.8 (215.7, 8.5)	29.6 (221.8, 8.7)	29.6 (221.8, 8.7)	30.4 (228.2, 9)	31.4 (235.7, 9.3)
	4800	27.1 (203.5, 8)	27.7 (208.0, 8.2)	30.3 (227.5, 9)	31.1 (233.5, 9.2)	31.1 (233.5, 9.2)	32 (239.9, 9.4)	33 (247.5, 9.7)
	5200	28.7 (215.2, 8.5)	29.3 (219.7, 8.7)	31.9 (239.3, 9.4)	32.7 (245.3, 9.7)	32.7 (245.3, 9.7)	33.6 (251.7, 9.9)	34.6 (259.3, 10.2)
	5600	30.3 (227.0, 8.9)	30.9 (231.5, 9.1)	33.5 (251.0, 9.9)	34.3 (257.1, 10.1)	34.3 (257.1, 10.1)	35.1 (263.5, 10.4)	36.1 (271.0, 10.7)
	6000	31.8 (238.7, 9.4)	32.4 (243.2, 9.6)	35 (262.8, 10.3)	35.8 (268.8, 10.6)	35.8 (268.8, 10.6)	36.7 (275.2, 10.8)	37.7 (282.8, 11.1)
	6400	33.4 (250.5, 9.9)	34 (255.0, 10)	36.6 (274.6, 10.8)	37.4 (280.6, 11)	37.4 (280.6, 11)	38.3 (287.0, 11.3)	39.3 (294.6, 11.6)
kPa (mmHg, inHg)								

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- If conditions are met, it is possible to detect the misfires from idling to high engine speed. However, to avoid excessive load or harm to the engine, perform diagnosis at idle.
- Perform the diagnosis continuously.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

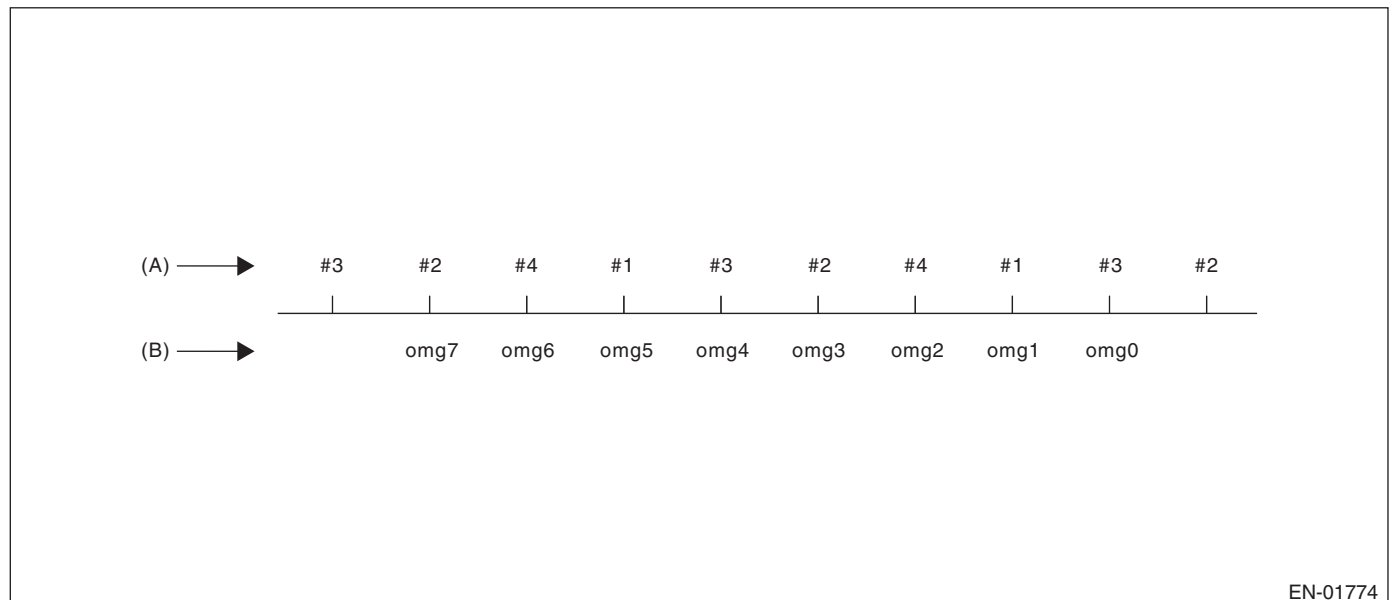
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

When a misfire occurs, the engine speed will decrease and the crankshaft position speed will change. Calculate the interval difference value (diagnostic value) from crankshaft position speed by the following formula, and judge whether a misfire is occurring or not comparing the calculated result with judgment value. Count the number of misfires, if the misfire ratio is higher during 1000 revs. or 200 revs., judge corresponding cylinders as NG.

Diagnostic value calculation (Calculate from angle speed) →	Misfire detection every single ignition (Compare diagnostic value with judgment value) →	NG judgment (Misfire occurrence judgment required by the law) (Compare number of misfire with judgment value)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 180° Interval Difference Method• 360° Interval Difference Method• 720° Interval Difference Method	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• FTP 1.5 times misfire NG judgment• Catalyst damage misfire NG judgment

As shown in the following figure, pick a cylinder as the standard and name it omg 0. And the former crankshaft position speed is named omg 1, the second former crankshaft position speed is named omg 2, the third is named omg 3, etc.



(A) Ignition order

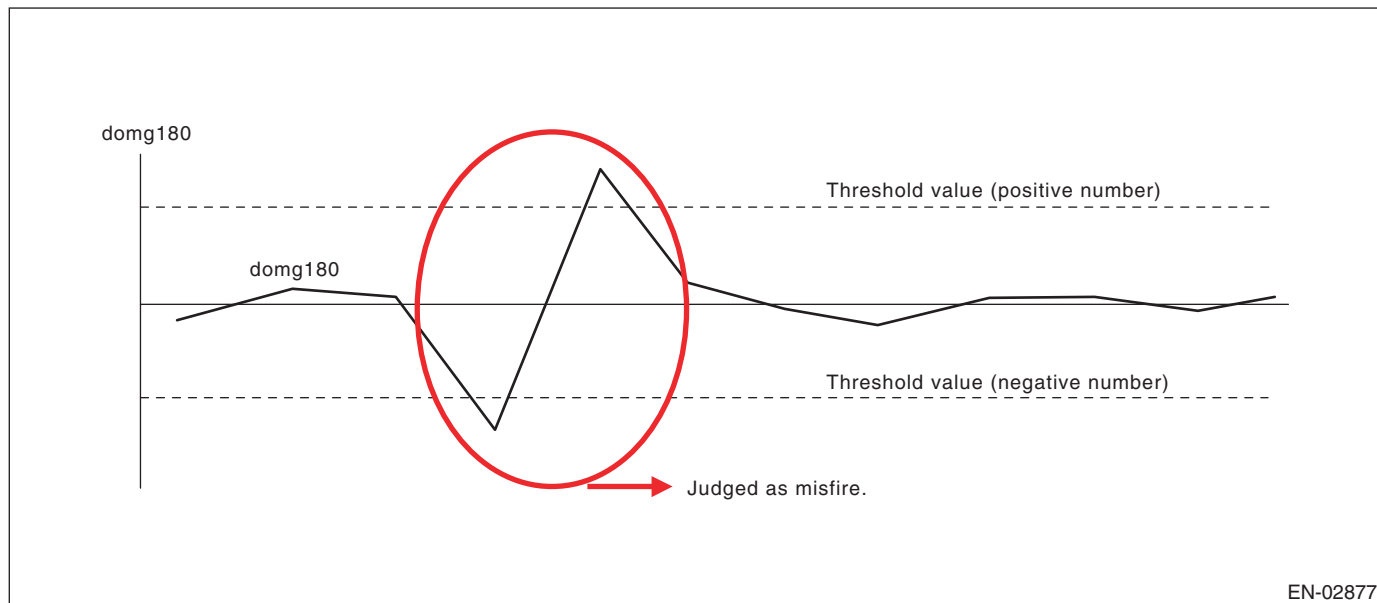
(B) Crankshaft position speed

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

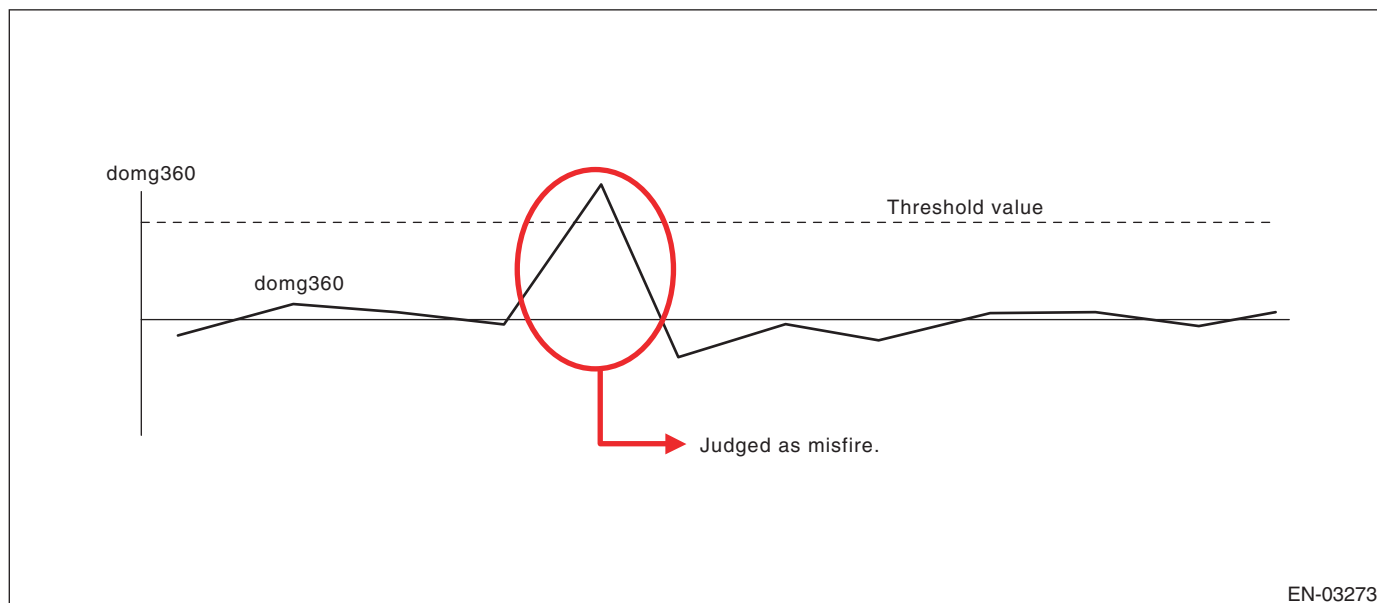
180° Interval Difference Method

Diagnostic value	$\text{domg } 180 = (\text{omg } 1 - \text{omg } 0) - (\text{omg } 5 - \text{omg } 1)/4$
Judge as a misfire in the following cases.	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• $\text{domg } 180 > \text{judgment value of positive side}$• $\text{domg } 180 \leq \text{judgment value of negative side}$	
(Diagnostic value before 180° CA)	



360° Interval Difference Method

Diagnostic value	$\text{domg } 360 = (\text{omg } 1 - \text{omg } 0) - (\text{omg } 3 - \text{omg } 2)$
Misfire judgment	$\text{domg } 360 > \text{Judgment value} \rightarrow \text{Judge as misfire}$

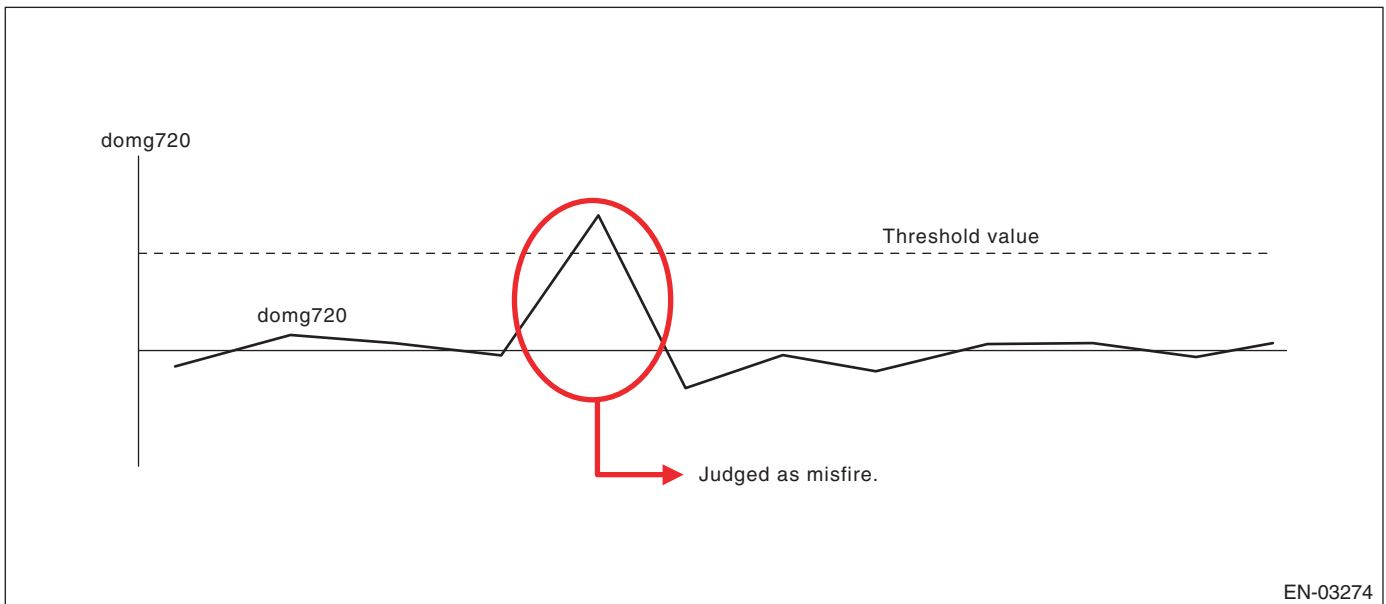


Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

720° Interval Difference Method

Diagnostic value	$\text{domg 720} = (\text{omg 1} - \text{omg 0}) - (\text{omg 5} - \text{omg 4})$
Misfire judgment	$\text{domg 720} > \text{Judgment value} \rightarrow \text{Judge as misfire}$



EN-03274

- FTP 1.5 times misfire (Misfire occurrence level which influences exhaust gas)

Judgment Value (Judge that malfunction occurs when the misfire ratio is high in 1000 engine revs.)

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
FTP emission diagnostic value	$\geq 47 \times 100/2000\%$ in 1000 revs.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

- Catalyst damage misfire (Misfire occurrence level damaging catalyst)

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Catalyst damage misfire diagnostic value	$\geq \text{Value from Map 3}$

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Map 3

		Intake air (g(oz)/rev)							
		0.2 (0.01)	0.3 (0.01)	0.4 (0.01)	0.5 (0.02)	0.6 (0.02)	0.8 (0.03)	0.9 (0.03)	1.1 (0.04)
Engine speed (rpm)	650	100	100	100	100	100	80	64	48
	1000	100	100	100	80	80	80	52	24
	1500	100	100	80	80	80	57	36	26
	2000	80	80	80	80	80	44	26	26
	2500	68	68	68	58	58	35	26	26
	3000	57	57	57	36	36	26	26	26
	3500	55	46	42	30	28	20	20	20
	4000	55	36	26	20	20	20	20	20
	4500	50	28	20	20	20	20	20	20
	5000	50	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	5500	40	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	6000	40	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	6400	40	20	20	20	20	20	20	20

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 200 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

BQ:DTC P0302 CYLINDER 2 MISFIRE DETECTED

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0301. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-84, DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

BR:DTC P0303 CYLINDER 3 MISFIRE DETECTED

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0301. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-84, DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

BS:DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0301. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-84, DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

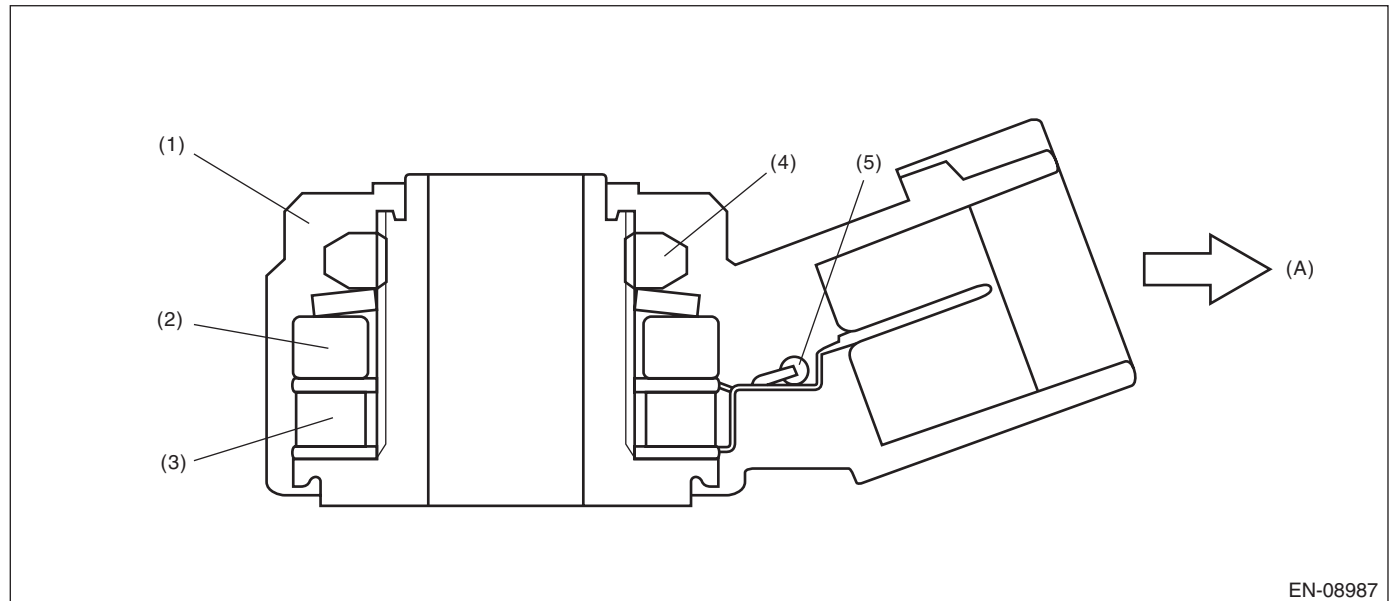
BT:DTC P0327 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of knock sensor.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) To knock sensor harness

(1) Case

(2) Weight

(3) Piezoelectric element

(4) Nut

(5) Resistance

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.154 V

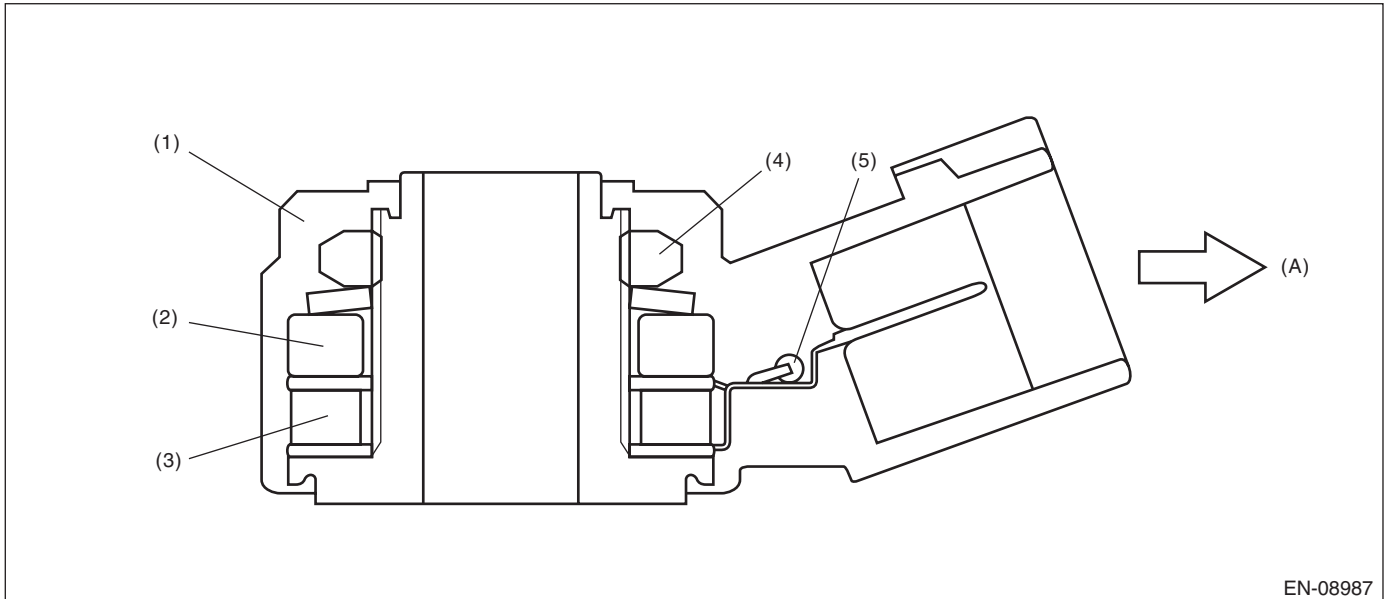
Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

BU:DTC P0328 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of knock sensor.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-08987

(A) To knock sensor harness

(1) Case

(2) Weight

(3) Piezoelectric element

(4) Nut

(5) Resistance

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.838 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

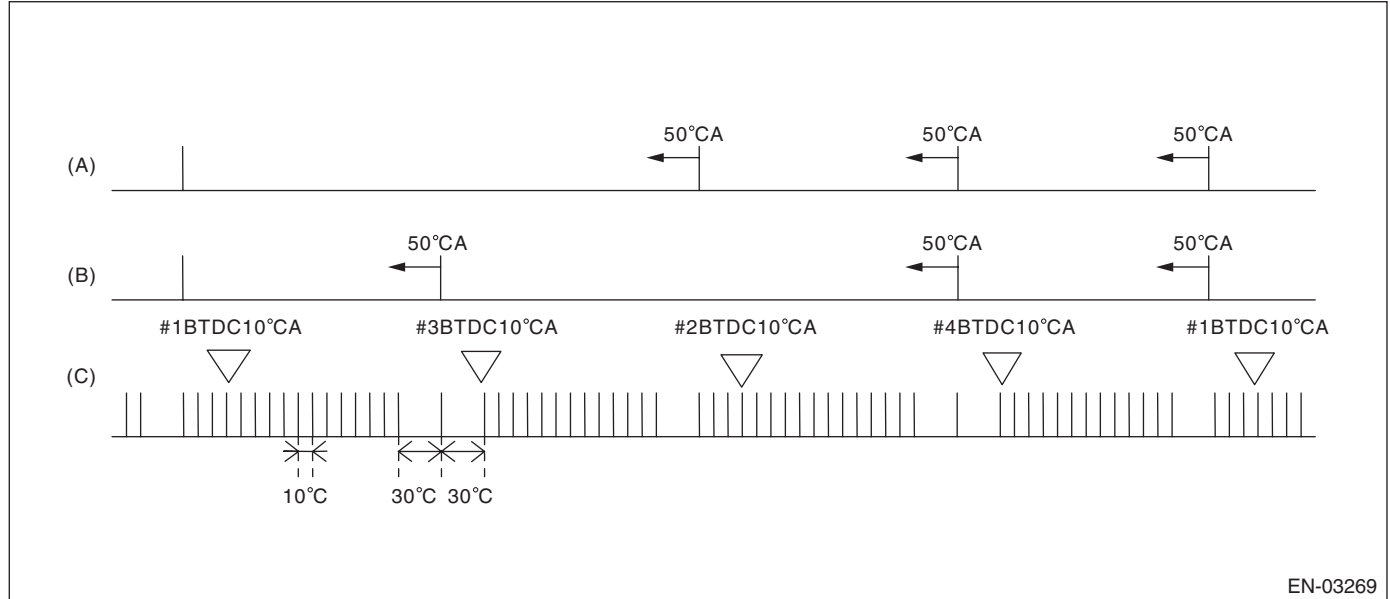
BV:DTC P0335 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the crankshaft position sensor.

Judge as NG when the crank signal is not input even though the starter was rotated.

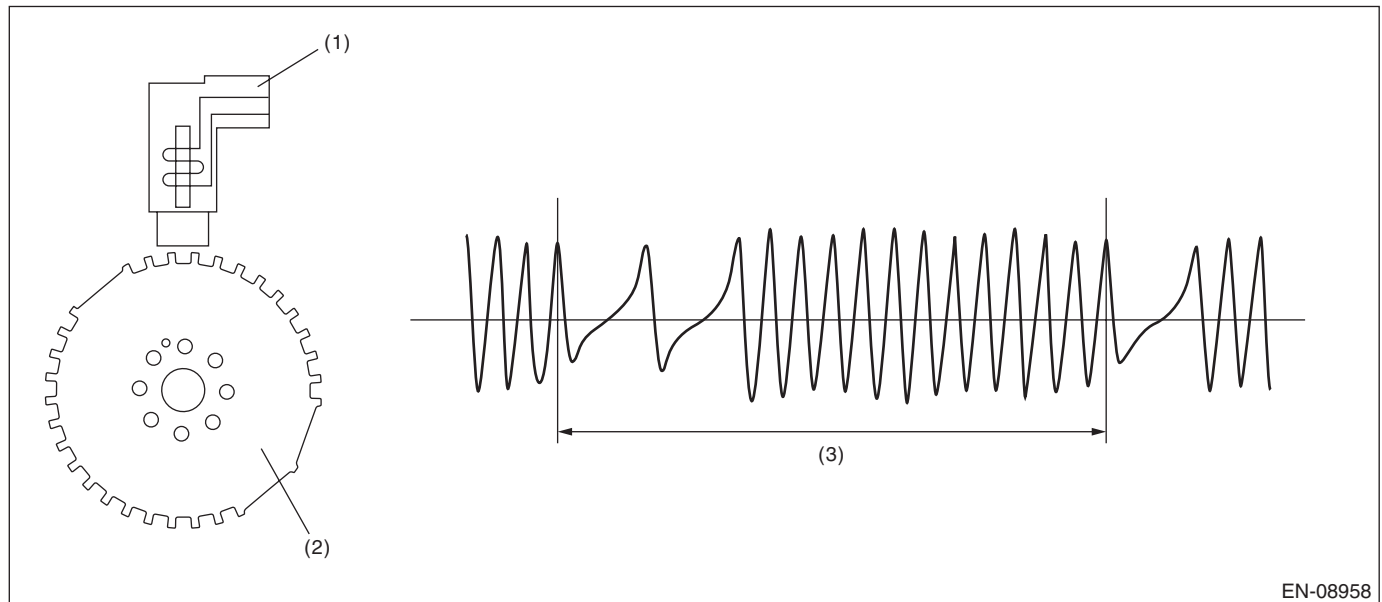
2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Camshaft signal (RH)

(B) Camshaft signal (LH)

(C) Crankshaft signal



(1) Crankshaft position sensor

(2) Crankshaft position sensor plate

(3) Crankshaft half-turn

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 8 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Number of crankshaft position sensor signals during cranking	= 0

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 3000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

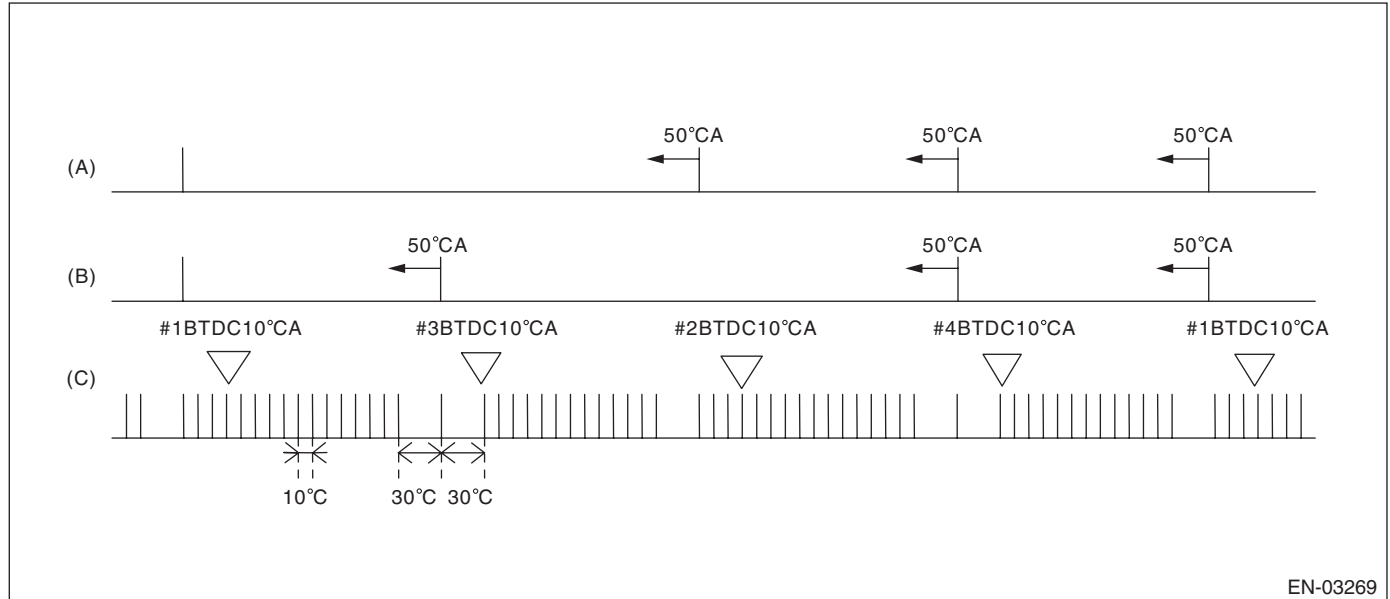
BW:DTC P0336 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect for faults in crankshaft position sensor output properties.

Judge as NG when there is a problem in the number of crankshaft signals for every revolution of crankshaft.

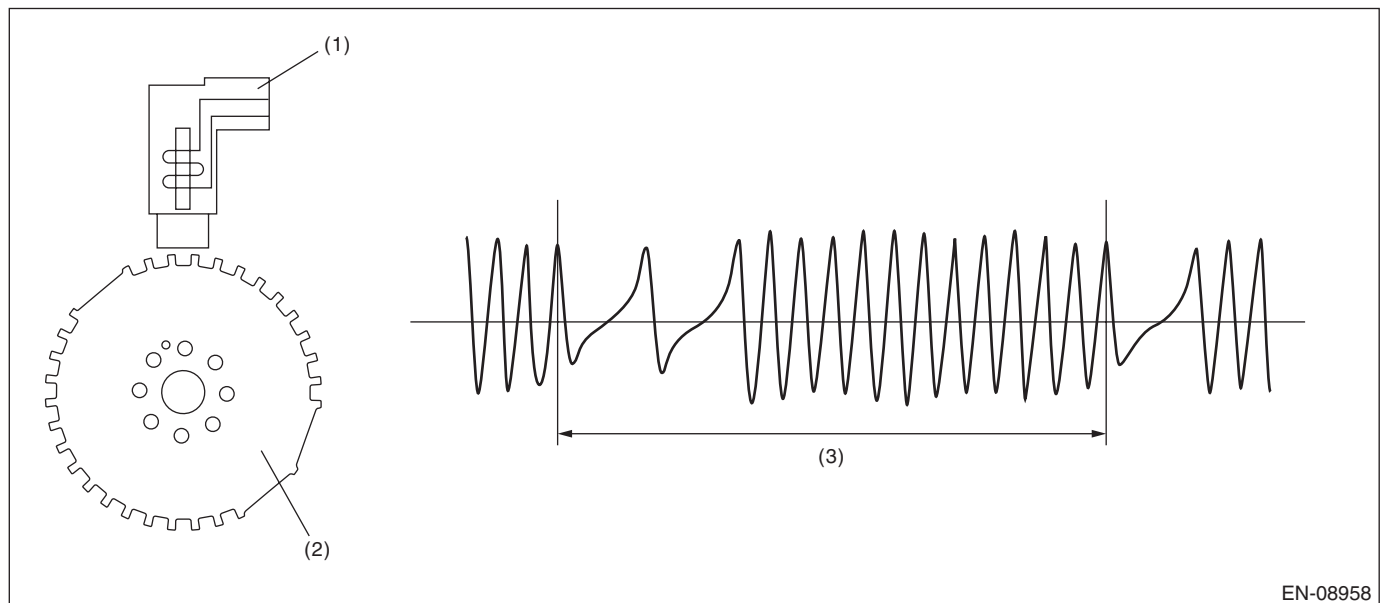
2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Camshaft signal (RH)

(B) Camshaft signal (LH)

(C) Crankshaft signal



(1) Crankshaft position sensor

(2) Crank sprocket

(3) Crankshaft half-turn

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 8 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Amount of crank sensor signal during 1 rev of crankshaft	$\neq 30$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 engine revs. engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

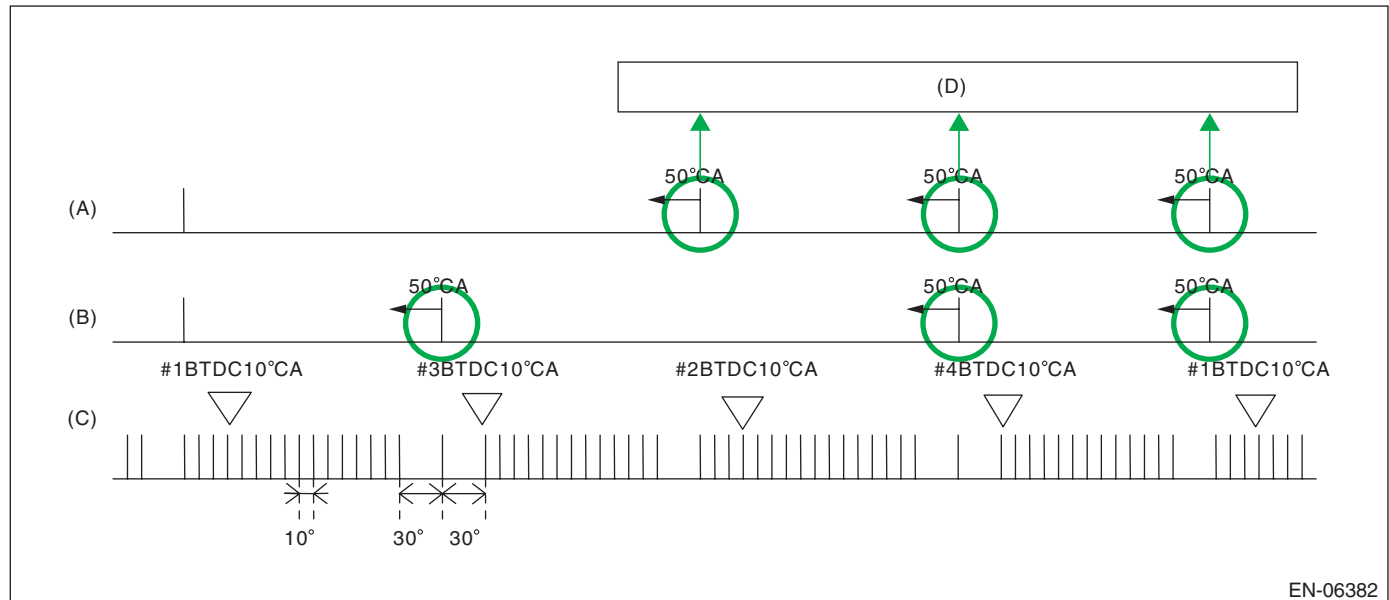
BX:DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the camshaft position sensor.

When there is no camshaft position signal input continuously, judge as NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



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(A) Camshaft signal (RH)

(B) Camshaft signal (LH)

(C) Crankshaft signal

(D) Camshaft position signal: When normal, there will be 3 camshaft position signals for every 2 crankshaft revolutions.

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Diagnosis 1

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 8 \text{ V}$

Diagnosis 2

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 8 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 200 \text{ ms}$

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Diagnosis 1: Perform the diagnosis only once.

Diagnosis 2: Perform the diagnosis continuously after 200 ms have passed since the engine started.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Diagnosis 1

Judge as NG when no input of camshaft position sensor signal during cranking remains for 10 time(s).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Number of camshaft position sensor signals during cranking	= 0

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 3000 ms

Diagnosis 2

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Amount of camshaft sensor signal during 0.5 revs of crankshaft	= 0

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 6 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

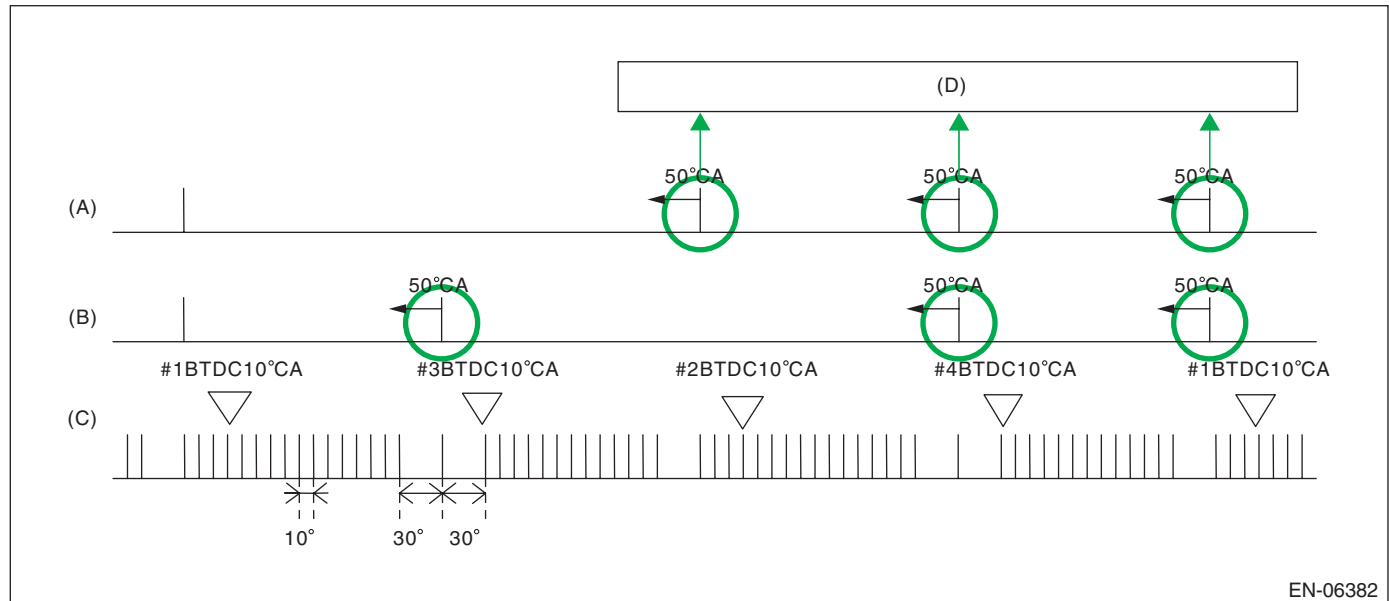
BY:DTC P0341 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of camshaft position sensor property.

Judge as NG when the number of camshaft signals remains abnormal.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-06382

(A) Camshaft signal (RH)

(B) Camshaft signal (LH)

(C) Crankshaft signal

(D) Camshaft position signal: When normal, there will be 3 camshaft position signals for every 2 crankshaft revolutions.

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 8 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 200 \text{ ms}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the status where the number of camshaft position sensor signal in two crankshaft revolutions is other than 3 time(s).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Amount of camshaft sensor signal during 2 revs of crankshaft	$\neq 3 \text{ time(s)}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Two engine revs. \times 4 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

BZ:DTC P0345 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT (BANK 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0340. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-100, DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CA:DTC P0346 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0341. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-102, DTC P0341 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

CB:DTC P0351 IGNITION COIL A PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Based on the self-diagnostic result of the ignition coil driving IC, judge the ignition coil driving circuit as normal or abnormal.

The ignition coil driving IC detects “no ignition” status as a malfunction.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$> 1 \text{ s}$
Engine speed	$> 500 \text{ rpm}$

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Ignition driving IC information	Malfunction

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 256 ms \times 10 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

CC:DTC P0352 IGNITION COIL B PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0351. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-104, DTC P0351 IGNITION COIL A PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CD:DTC P0353 IGNITION COIL C PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0351. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-104, DTC P0351 IGNITION COIL A PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CE:DTC P0354 IGNITION COIL D PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0351. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-104, DTC P0351 IGNITION COIL A PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

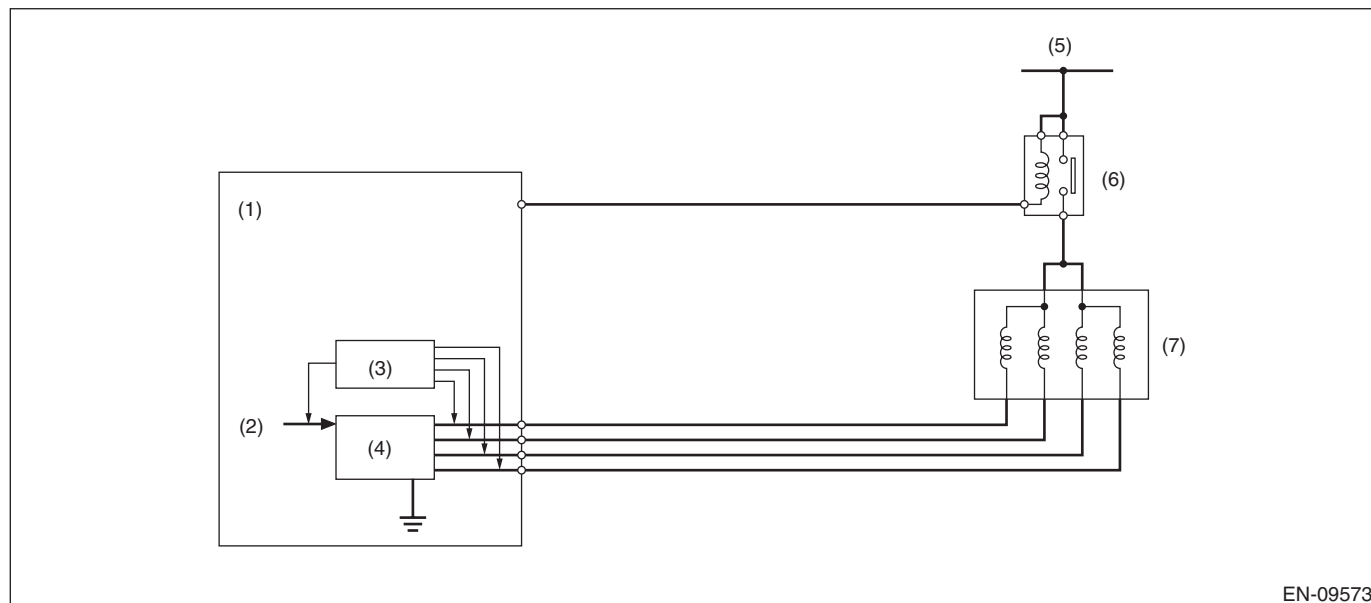
CF:DTC P0400 EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION FLOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect EGR system malfunction.

Intake manifold pressure (negative pressure) is constant because the throttle valve is fully closed during deceleration fuel cut. At this time, when the EGR control valve is opened/closed, the intake manifold pressure will change. EGR System OK/NG is judged by the range of this change.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-09573

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| (1) Engine control module (ECM) | (4) Switching circuit | (6) Main relay |
| (2) Computer unit (CPU) | (5) Battery voltage | (7) EGR control valve |
| (3) Detecting circuit | | |

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	≥ 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Ambient air temperature	≥ 5 °C(41 °F)
Engine speed	1300 rpm — 5000 rpm (CVT model) 1400 rpm — 5000 rpm (MT model)
Vehicle speed	≥ 40 km/h (24.9 MPH)
Deceleration fuel cut for 3000 ms or more.	Experienced
Neutral switch	OFF

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

During deceleration fuel cut from 53 km/h (approx. 33 MPH) or more, perform diagnosis once.

Be careful of vehicle speed and engine speed. (Diagnosis will not be completed if the vehicle speed and engine speed conditions become out of specification due to deceleration.)

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Measure the pressure values when the enable conditions are established, and perform diagnosis by calculating those results.

1. Label the intake manifold pressure value as PMOF1, which is observed when enable conditions are established, and set the EGR target step to 45 step(s) (nearly full open).

2. Label the intake manifold pressure value as PMON, which is observed after 1000 ms has passed since EGR target step was set to 45 step(s) (when the enable conditions were established), and set the EGR target step to 0.

3. Label the intake manifold pressure as PMOF2, which is observed after 1000 ms has passed since EGR target step was set to 0 (after (1000 ms + 1000 ms) have passed since the enable conditions were established).

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

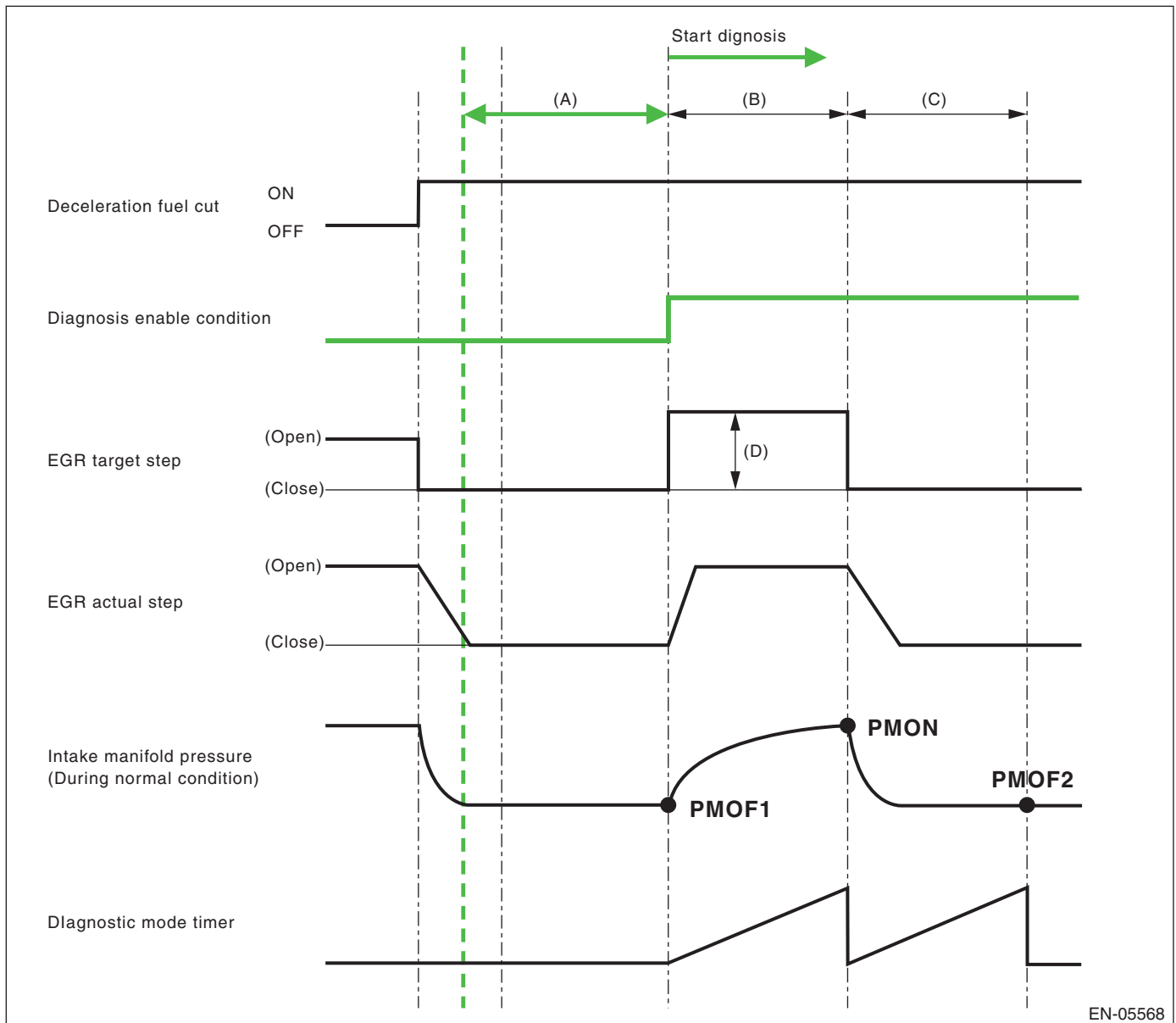
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
PMON – (PMOF1 + PMOF2)/2	< 2.5 kPa (18.63 mmHg, 0.7 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 ms \times 2 time (s)

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.



- (A) 3000 ms
(D) 45 step(s)

(B) 1000 ms

(C) 1000 ms

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

CG:DTC P0420 CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1)

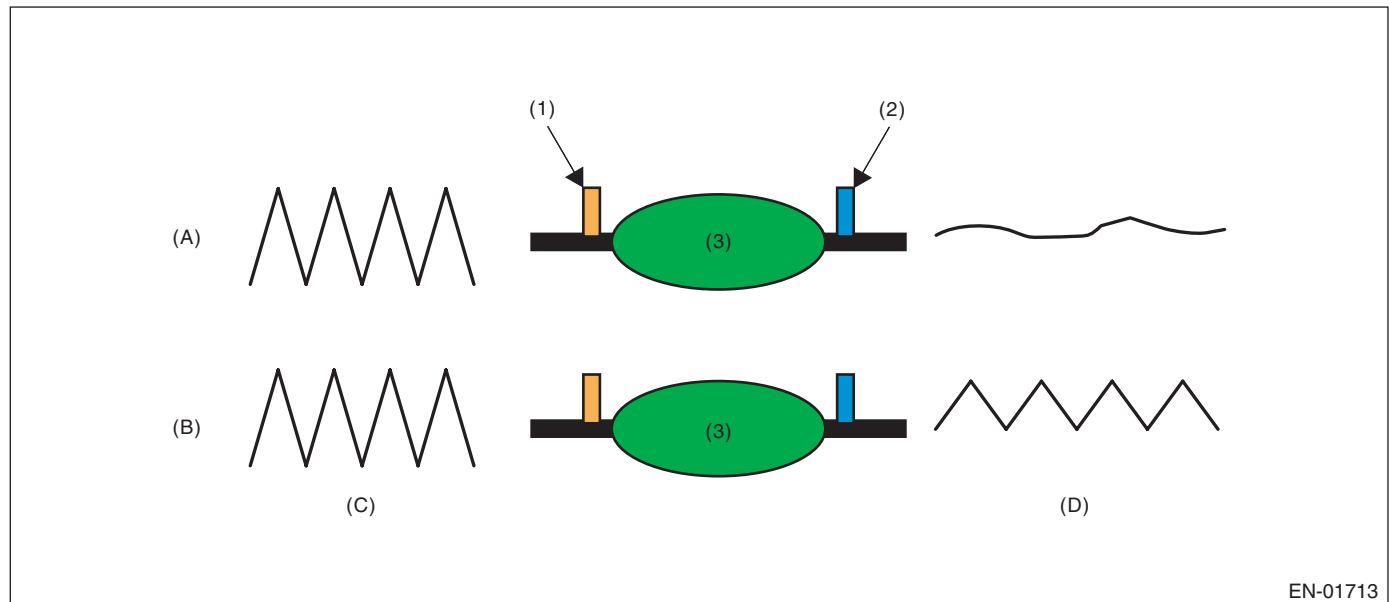
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the deterioration of the catalyst function.

Though the rear oxygen sensor output changes slowly with a new catalyst, the sensor output with a deteriorated catalyst becomes high and the inversion time is shortened.

For this reason, the catalyst diagnosis is carried out by monitoring the rear oxygen sensor output and comparing it with the front oxygen (A/F) sensor output.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Normal

(B) Deterioration

(C) Output waveform from the front oxygen (A/F) sensor

(D) Output waveform from the rear oxygen sensor

(1) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor

(2) Rear oxygen sensor

(3) Catalytic converter

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	≥ 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Main feedback	In operation
Sub feedback	In operation
Amount of intake air	≥ 8 g/s (0.28 oz/s) and < 45 g/s (1.59 oz/s)
Estimated catalyst temperature	≥ 535 °C (995 °F) (CVT model) ≥ 535 °C (995 °F) (MT model)
Vehicle speed	> 40 km/h (24.9 MPH)
Rear oxygen output change from 0.55 V or less to 0.55 V or more	Experienced after fuel cut
Second diagnosis of P0441	Not in operation
Estimated temperature of the rear oxygen sensor element	≥ 500 °C (932 °F)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once at a constant 40 km/h (24.9 MPH) or higher.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

After the enable conditions have been established, calculate the front oxygen (A/F) sensor lambda value deviation sum value ($\sum |(sglmd_n - sglmd_{n-1})|$), and rear oxygen sensor output voltage deviation sum value ($\sum |(ro2sad_n - ro2sad_{n-1})|$) in every 32 ms \times 4 times. If the front oxygen (A/F) sensor lambda value deviation sum value ($\sum |(sglmd_n - sglmd_{n-1})|$) is the predetermined value or more, calculate the diagnostic value. If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is within the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
$\sum (ro2sad_n - ro2sad_{n-1}) / \sum (sglmd_n - sglmd_{n-1}) $	> 10

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 30 — 55 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

CH:DTC P0441 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONT. SYS. INCORRECT PURGE FLOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of purge flow by the change of ELCM pressure sensor output value before/after purge introduction.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
<Common conditions>	
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Atmospheric pressure	$\geq 75.1 \text{ kPa}$ (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
<First diagnosis>	
Total time of canister purge operation	$\geq 120 \text{ s}$
<Second diagnosis>	
Estimated ambient temperature value	$\geq -25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-13 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$)
Vehicle speed	$\geq 30 \text{ km/h}$ (18.6 MPH)
Main feedback	In operation

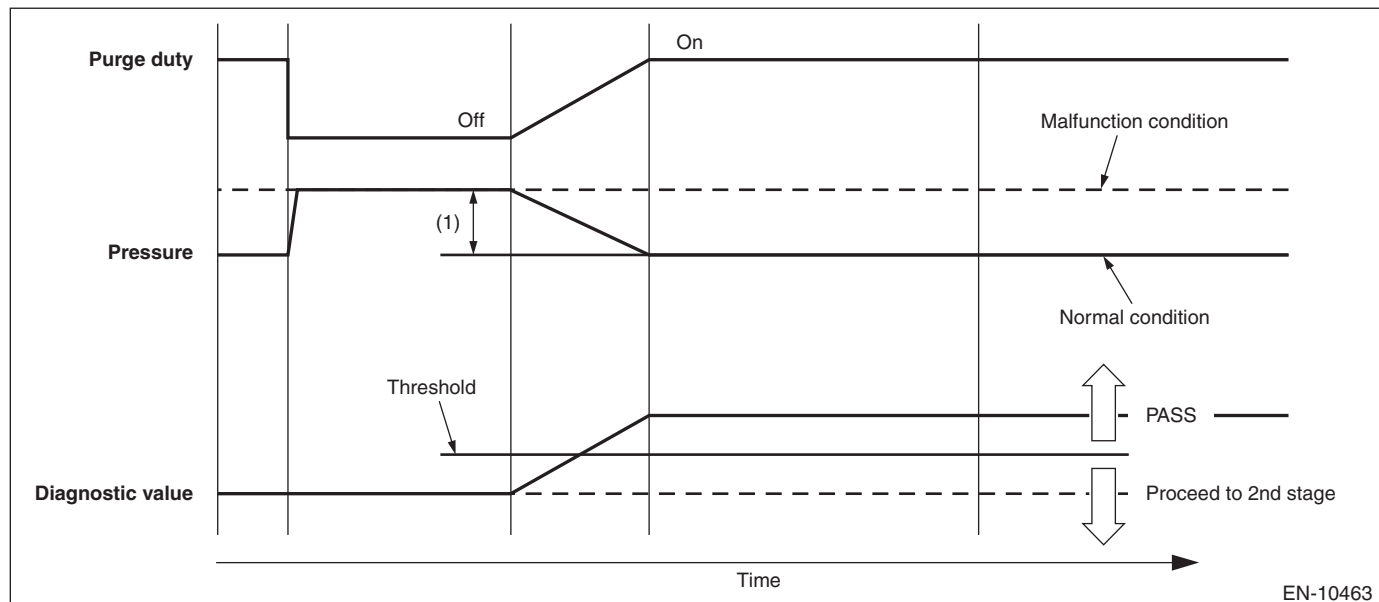
3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after engine start.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

First diagnosis

Pressure decreases when the purge is introduced compared with when the purge is not performed. By using this, judge if the purge is correctly performed. If there is no pressure decrease, go to the second diagnosis.



(1) 0.004 V

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
ELCM pressure sensor output voltage when purge is not performed – ELCM pressure sensor output voltage when purge is performed	$< 0.004 \text{ V}$

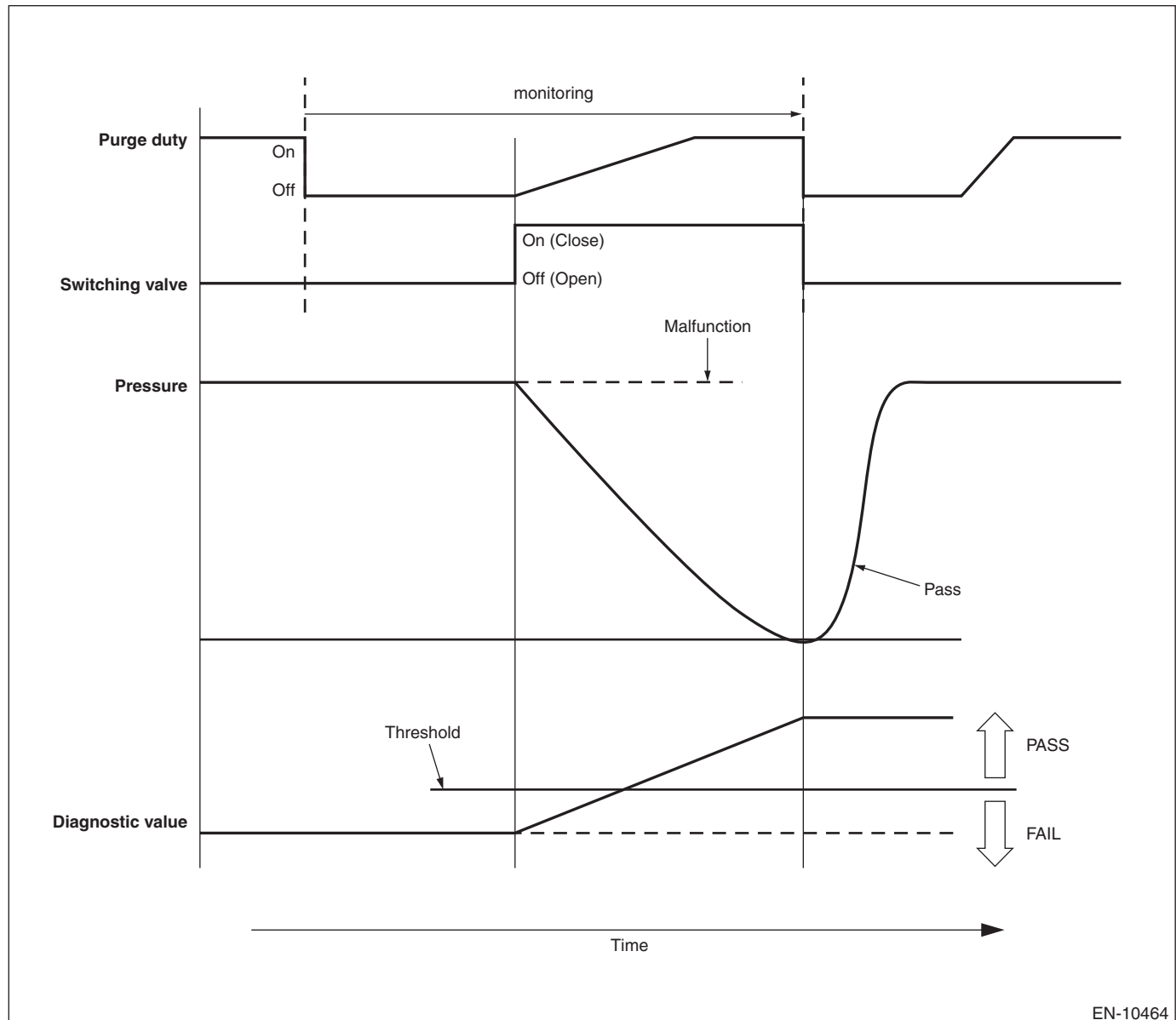
Time Needed for Diagnosis: 8 — 38 seconds

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Second diagnosis

Close the ELCM switching valve, and close the fuel tank completely, and perform the forced purging. If pressure change amount is 0.7 kPa (5 mmHg, 0.2 inHg) or less, judge as malfunction of purge flow.



Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
ELCM pressure sensor output value when purge is not performed – ELCM pressure sensor output value when purge is performed	< 666.6 Pa (5 mmHg, 0.2 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 21 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

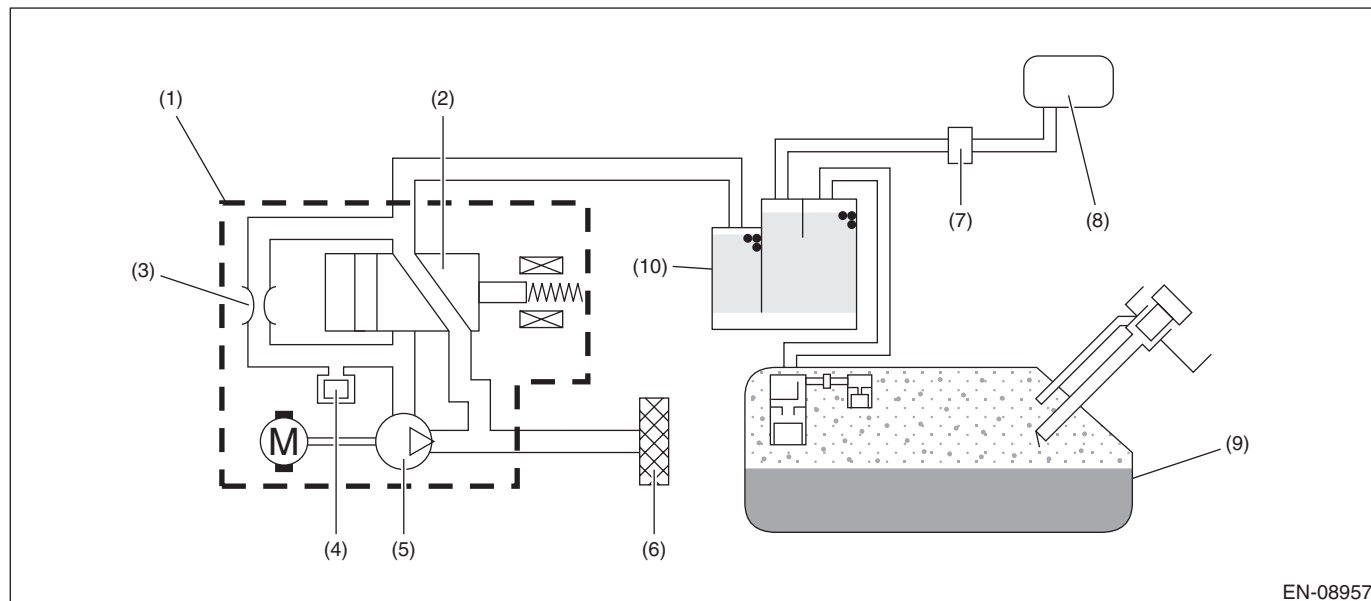
CI: DTC P0451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR/ SWITCH RANGE/PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of ELCM pressure sensor output properties.

Judge as NG when the ELCM pressure sensor output value is largely different from the intake manifold pressure when the ignition switch is ON.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) ELCM | (5) Vacuum pump | (9) Fuel tank |
| (2) Switching valve | (6) Drain filter | (10) Canister |
| (3) Reference orifice (0.02 inch orifice) | (7) Purge control solenoid valve | |
| (4) Pressure sensor | (8) Intake manifold | |

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Elapsed time after ignition switch to OFF	≥ 500 ms and < 60000 ms
Soaking time	≥ 60 s
ELCM vacuum pump	Not in operation
ELCM switching valve	Open
Purge control	Not in operation

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis once at ignition ON.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
ELCM pressure sensor output value – intake manifold pressure (absolute pressure) when ignition switch is ON	> 4732.9 Pa (35.5 mmHg, 1.4 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 320 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

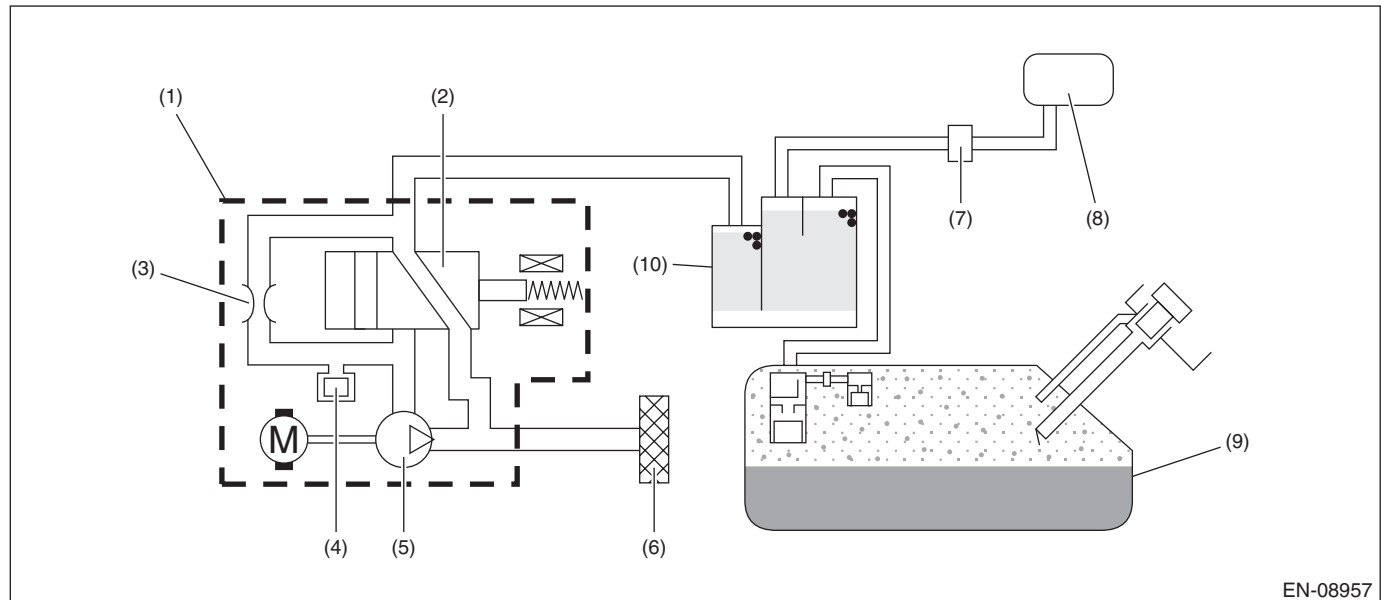
CJ:DTC P0452 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR/ SWITCH LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the ELCM pressure sensor.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) ELCM | (5) Vacuum pump | (9) Fuel tank |
| (2) Switching valve | (6) Drain filter | (10) Canister |
| (3) Reference orifice (0.02 inch orifice) | (7) Purge control solenoid valve | |
| (4) Pressure sensor | (8) Intake manifold | |

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$< 0.973 \text{ V}$

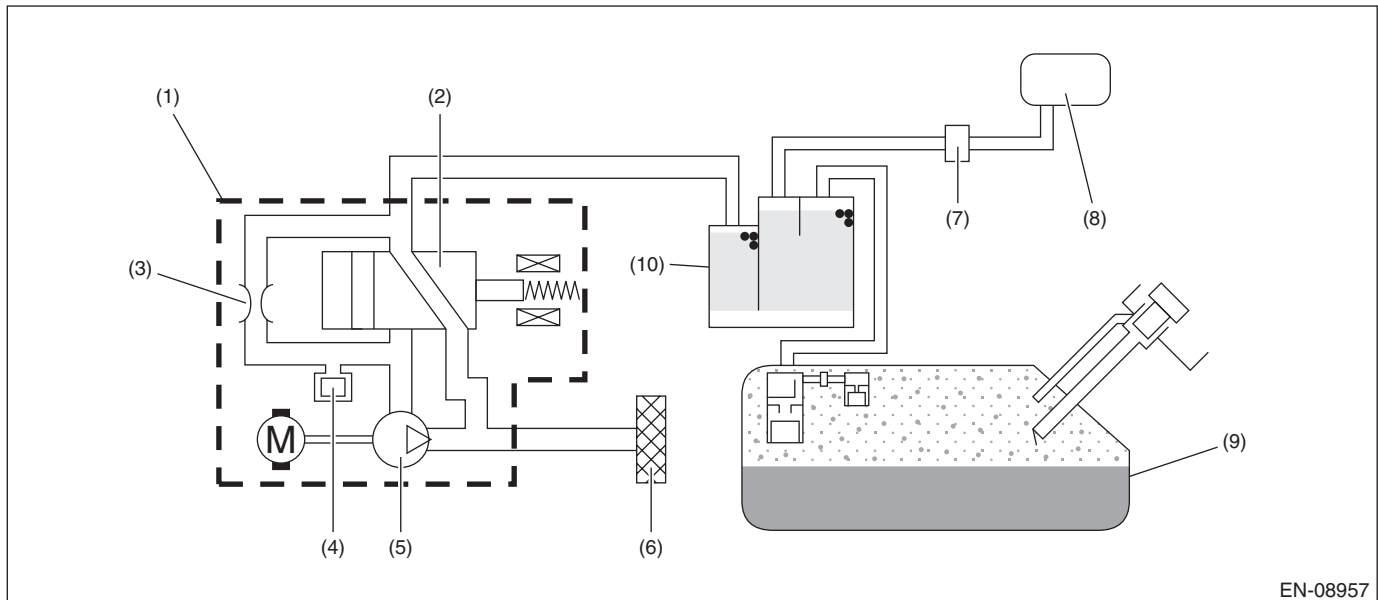
Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

**CK:DTC P0453 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR/
SWITCH HIGH****1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of the ELCM pressure sensor.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

- | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) ELCM | (5) Vacuum pump | (9) Fuel tank |
| (2) Switching valve | (6) Drain filter | (10) Canister |
| (3) Reference orifice (0.02 inch orifice) | (7) Purge control solenoid valve | |
| (4) Pressure sensor | (8) Intake manifold | |

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$\geq 4.095 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

CL:DTC P0455 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (LARGE LEAK)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

This diagnosis judges whether the ELCM operation is normal or not, and whether the evaporative emission system has leak and clogging or not.

To purge the canister, after driving, perform the five hours soaking after ignition switch OFF in order to stabilize the evaporative gas status. * After 5, 7 or 9.5 hours passed, ECM is activated by soaking timer, and the leak check is started.

Judges whether the ELCM operation is normal or not, by measuring the reference pressure status via reference orifice (0.02 inch orifice). Judge as malfunction if the reference pressure is out of specified range. Then, judge whether there is a leak or not, by comparing the pressure (leak pressure) when the reference pressure and the evaporative emission system are in negative pressure condition. Judge as system leak in the evaporative emission system if the leak pressure is higher than reference pressure. Judge as clogging of pipe if the leak pressure becomes lower than the reference pressure within the specified amount of time.

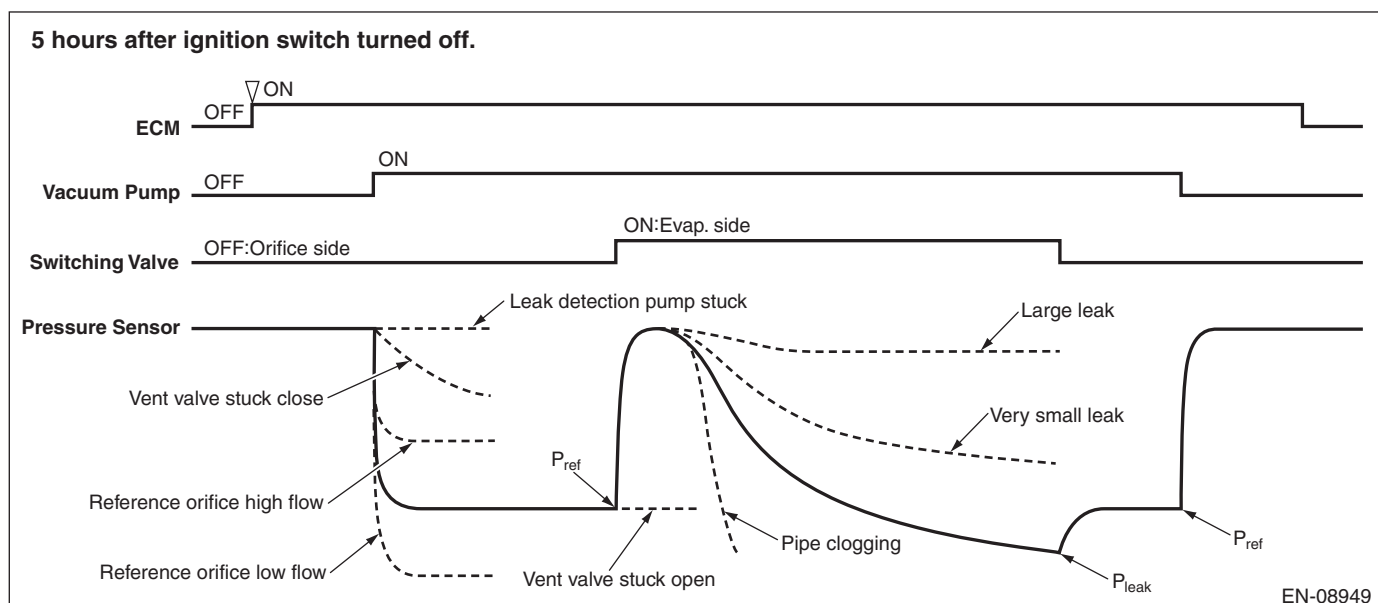
0.02 inch leak and 0.04 inch leak can be distinguished by measuring the leak pressure.

The diagnosis results are stored inside ECM until the engine is started again.

*: When the test conditions are not met in 5 hours, perform diagnosis at elapsed time of 7 hours. When the test conditions are not met in 7 hours, perform diagnosis at elapsed time of 9.5 hours.

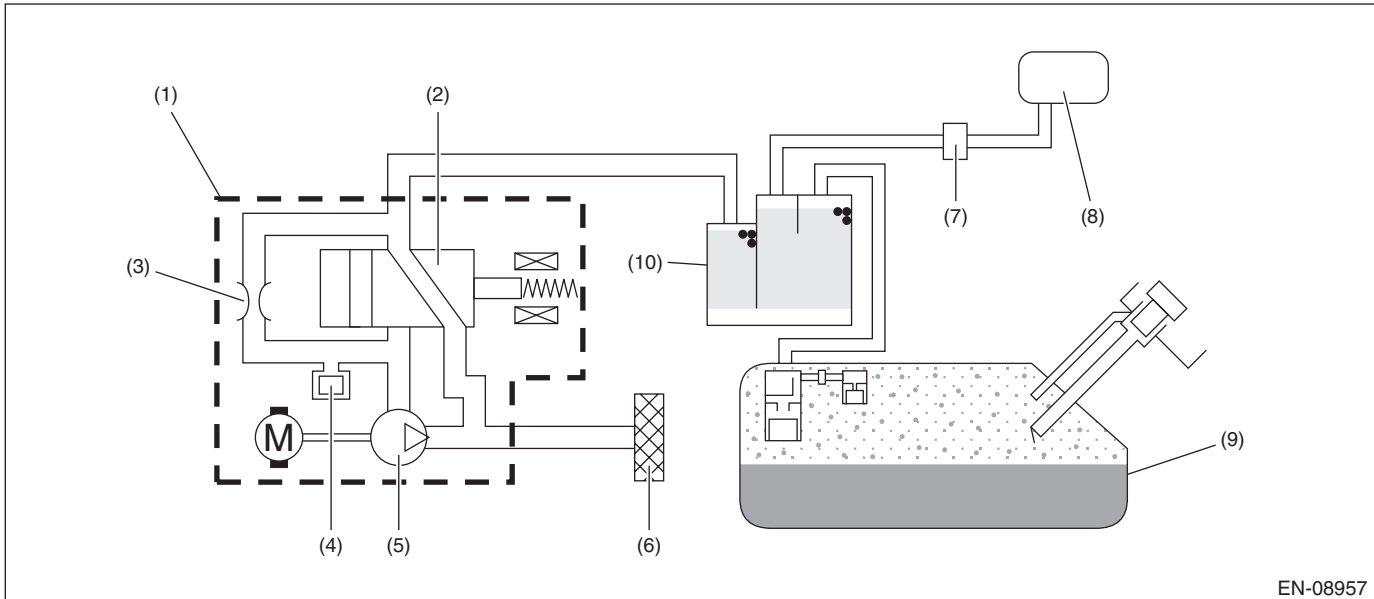
Diagnostic item	
ELCM system (ELCM body)	Vacuum pump stuck Switching valve stuck to open Switching valve stuck to close Reference orifice flow large Reference orifice flow small
Leak check	Large leak <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 0.04 inch leak• Fuel cap loose• Fuel cap off• System malfunction
	Very small leak <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 0.02 inch leak
Clogging of pipe	—

OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS



2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

ELCM consists of the pressure sensor, the reference orifice (diameter of 0.02 inch), the vacuum pump which introduces the negative pressure into evaporative emission system, and the switching valve which switches the passage to introduce the negative pressure.



- | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) ELCM | (5) Vacuum pump | (9) Fuel tank |
| (2) Switching valve | (6) Drain filter | (10) Canister |
| (3) Reference orifice (0.02 inch orifice) | (7) Purge control solenoid valve | |
| (4) Pressure sensor | (8) Intake manifold | |

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Atmospheric pressure	$\geq 75.1 \text{ kPa}$ (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Engine coolant temperature	$\geq 4.4 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (39.9 $^{\circ}\text{F}$) and $< 45 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (113 $^{\circ}\text{F}$)
Accumulated purge amount during previous driving cycle	$\geq \text{Value of Map 1}$

Map 1

Engine coolant temperature $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($^{\circ}\text{F}$)	0 (32)	30 (86)	35 (95)	40 (104)	45 (113)
Accumulated purge amount during previous driving cycle g (oz)	4000 (141.08)	4000 (141.08)	11500 (405.61)	19000 (670.13)	26500 (934.66)

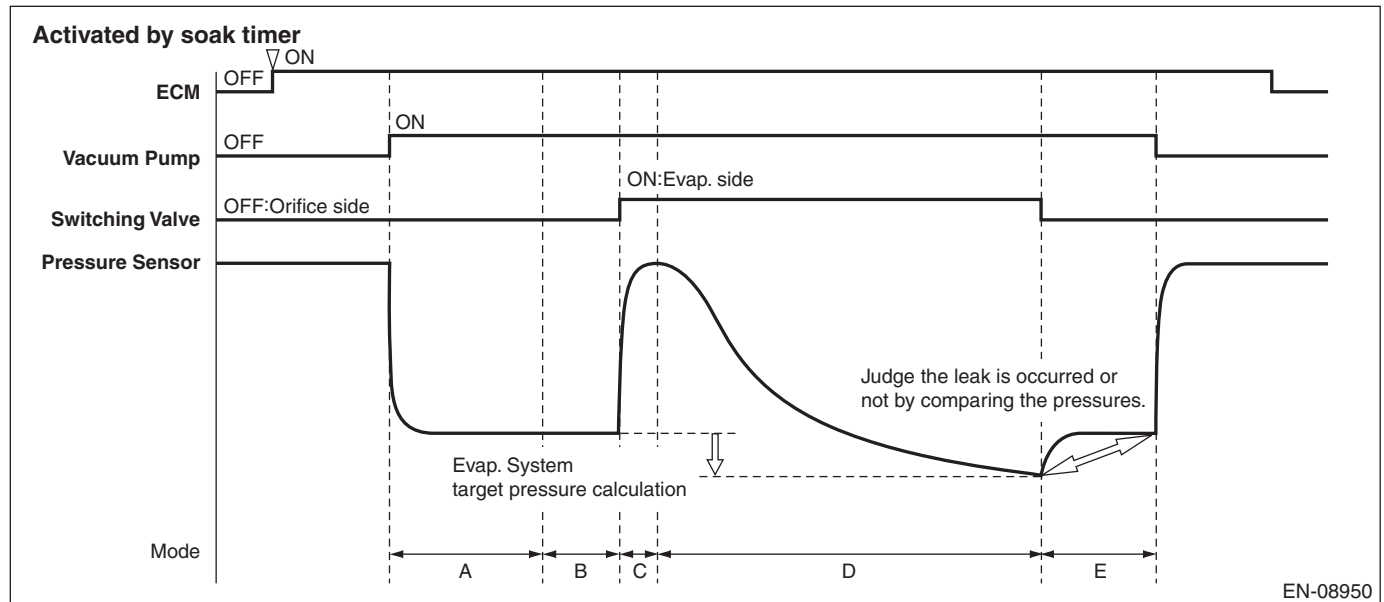
4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once when 5, 7 or 9.5 hours has passed after ignition switch is OFF. For more detail, refer to "OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS". <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-116, OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS, DTC P0455 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (LARGE LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

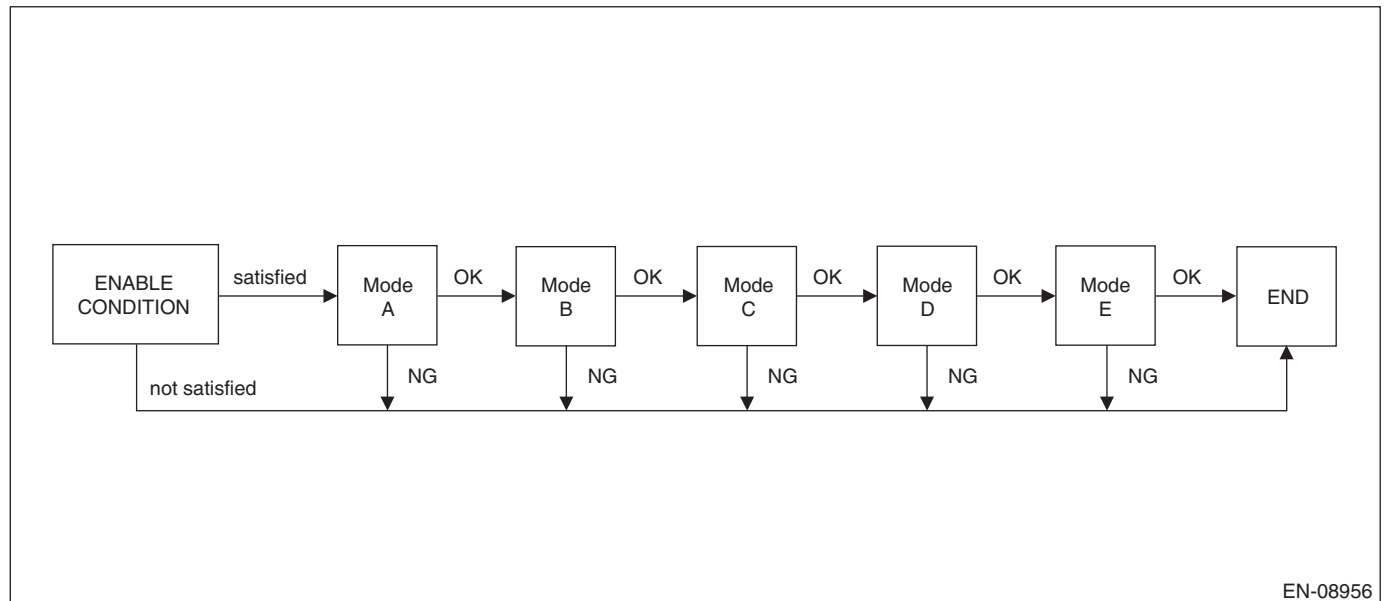
Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD



Mode	Explanation of Mode	Diagnosis Period
A	Vacuum pump operation confirmation and characteristics stability	7 s or less & 300 s
B	Measurement of reference pressure for setting the target negative pressure	40 s or less
C	Switching valve operation confirmation	12 s or less
D	Clogging of pipe diagnosis and leak pressure measurement	900 s or less
E	Reference pressure measurement for judgment	40 s or less



Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Mode A (Vacuum pump operation confirmation and characteristics stability)

Purpose: Detect the vacuum pump operation trouble.

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judge as OK if the following conditions are not established, and warm up for five minutes to stabilize the vacuum pump characteristics.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Pressure sensor output value	> -224 Pa (-1.68 mmHg, -0.1 inHg)	P2404

Mode B (Measurement of reference pressure for setting the target negative pressure)

1. Purpose: Judge the reference pressure stability.

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Pressure sensor maximum output value – Pressure sensor minimum output value	> 314 Pa (2.355 mmHg, 0.1 inHg)	P2404

2. Purpose: Judge whether the reference pressure is within the normal range, and detect the vacuum pump and orifice malfunctions.

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Reference pressure for setting the target negative pressure	< Value of Map 2 or > Value of Map 3	P2404

Map 2

Atmospheric pressure kPa (mmHg, inHg)	70 (525, 20.7)	80 (600, 23.6)	90 (675, 26.6)	100 (750, 29.5)
Reference pressure for setting the target negative pressure kPa (mmHg, inHg)	-4 (-29.790, -1.2)	-4.1 (-30.593, -1.2)	-4.2 (-31.395, -1.2)	-4.3 (-32.190, -1.3)

Map 3

Atmospheric pressure kPa (mmHg, inHg)	70 (525, 20.7)	80 (600, 23.6)	90 (675, 26.6)	100 (750, 29.5)
Reference pressure for setting the target negative pressure kPa (mmHg, inHg)	-0.9 (-7.065, -0.3)	-1 (-7.860, -0.3)	-1.2 (-8.663, -0.3)	-1.3 (-9.465, -0.4)

Mode C (Switching valve operation confirmation)

Purpose: Measure the pressure increase when switching valve is changed from open to close, and detect the stuck to open/close malfunctions of the switching valve.

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Pressure sensor output value – Reference pressure for setting the target negative pressure	< 224 Pa (1.68 mmHg, 0.1 inHg)	P2404

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Mode D (Clogging of pipe diagnosis and leak pressure measurement)

1. Clogging of pipe

Purpose: Measure the time required for the evaporative emission system to reach the target negative pressure by the vacuum pump, and detect the clogging of pipe trouble.

Judge as clogging of pipe malfunction if the evaporative emission system reaches to the target negative pressure within the specified time.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Time required to reach to the target negative pressure For target vacuum, use one of the followings. • Reference pressure for target vacuum setting – value of Map 4 • –5 kPa (–37.298 mmHg, –1.5 inHg)	≤ 34000 ms	P1451

Map 4

Time of negative pressure introduction ms	0	100000	200000	300000	400000	500000	600000	700000	800000	900000	1000000	1100000	1200000
Reference pressure for setting the target negative pressure – Pressure sensor output value kPa (mmHg, inHg)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)	0.9 (7.058, 0.3)

2. Leak pressure measurement

Purpose: Measure the pressure (leak pressure) when the evaporative emission system becomes the negative pressure by the vacuum pump.

Store the pressure as a leak pressure while the following conditions are met.

Judgment Value

Conditions for storing the leak pressure	Threshold Value
When any one of the followings is established: • Reference pressure for setting the target negative pressure – Pressure sensor output value • Pressure sensor output value • Time of negative pressure introduction	≥ Value of Map 4 < –5 kPa (–37.298 mmHg, –1.5 inHg) ≥ 900000 ms

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Mode E (Measurement of reference pressure for judgment)

1. Purpose: Judge the reference pressure stability.

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Pressure sensor maximum output value – Pressure sensor minimum output value	> 314 Pa (2.355 mmHg, 0.1 inHg)	P2404

2. Purpose: Judge whether the reference pressure is within the normal range, and detect the vacuum pump and orifice malfunctions. Judge the vacuum pump performance stability.

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Reference pressure for judgment	< Value of Map 5 or > Value of Map 6	P2404

Map 5

Atmospheric pressure kPa (mmHg, inHg)	70 (525, 20.7)	80 (600, 23.6)	90 (675, 26.6)	100 (750, 29.5)
Reference pressure for judgment kPa (mmHg, inHg)	–4.5 (–34.020, –1.3)	–4.6 (–34.815, –1.4)	–4.7 (–35.618, –1.4)	–4.9 (–36.420, –1.4)

Map 6

Atmospheric pressure kPa (mmHg, inHg)	70 (525, 20.7)	80 (600, 23.6)	90 (675, 26.6)	100 (750, 29.5)
Reference pressure for judgment kPa (mmHg, inHg)	–0.8 (–6.180, –0.2)	–0.9 (–6.983, –0.3)	–1 (–7.785, –0.3)	–1.1 (–8.580, –0.3)

3. Purpose: Judge the presence of evaporative emission system leak.

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
<Large leak (0.04 inch)> Leak pressure l _{leakjdg} = (Reference pressure for judgment) × 0.377 – (–45.5 Pa)	≥ l _{leakjdg} (Pa)	P0455
<Very small leak (0.02 inch)> Leak pressure	< l _{leakjdg} (Pa)	P0456

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Approx. 23 min

At next engine start, confirm whether the enable conditions are satisfied even though refueling has been done during soaking, and determine the malfunction.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

CM:DTC P0456 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (VERY SMALL LEAK)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0455. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-116, DTC P0455 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (LARGE LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

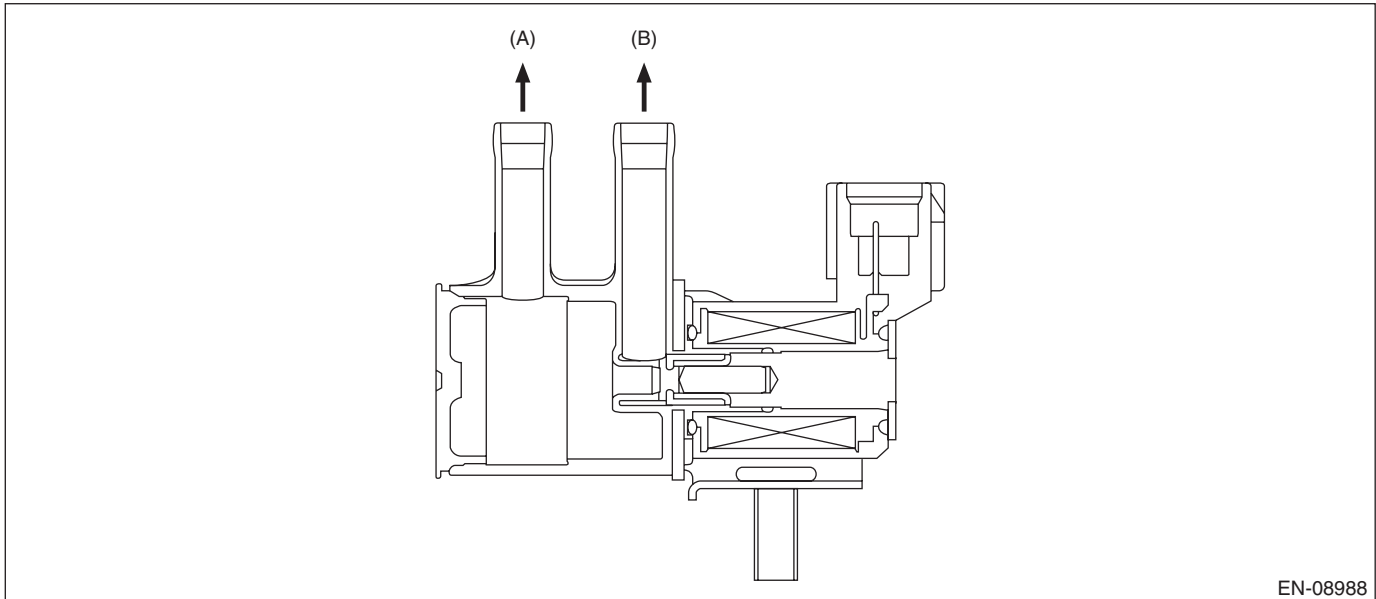
CN:DTC P0458 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the purge control solenoid valve.

Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) To canister

(B) To intake manifold

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 1 \text{ s}$
Purge control solenoid valve control duty	$< 100 \times 0.75 \%$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis after starting the engine.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal output voltage	$\leq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.34 \text{ V}$

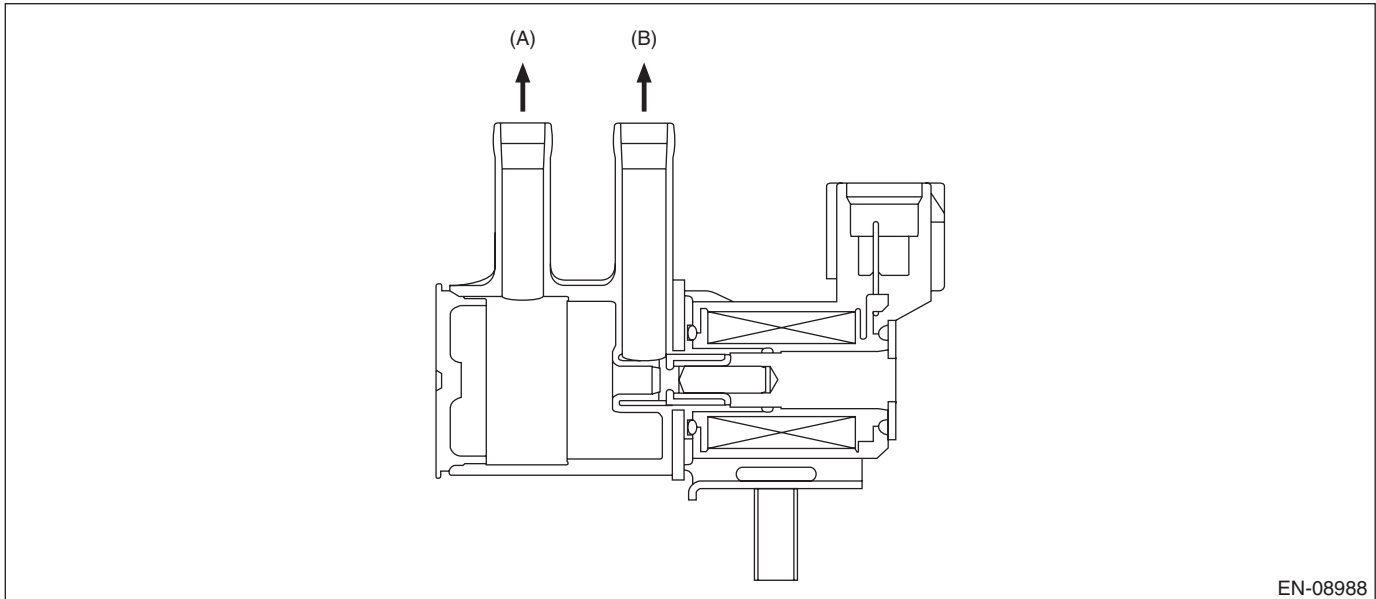
Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

CO:DTC P0459 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect open or short circuit of the purge control solenoid valve.

Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(A) To canister

(B) To intake manifold

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 1 \text{ s}$
Purge control solenoid valve control duty	$\geq 100 \times 0.25 \%$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis after starting the engine.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal output current	$\geq 12 \text{ A}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

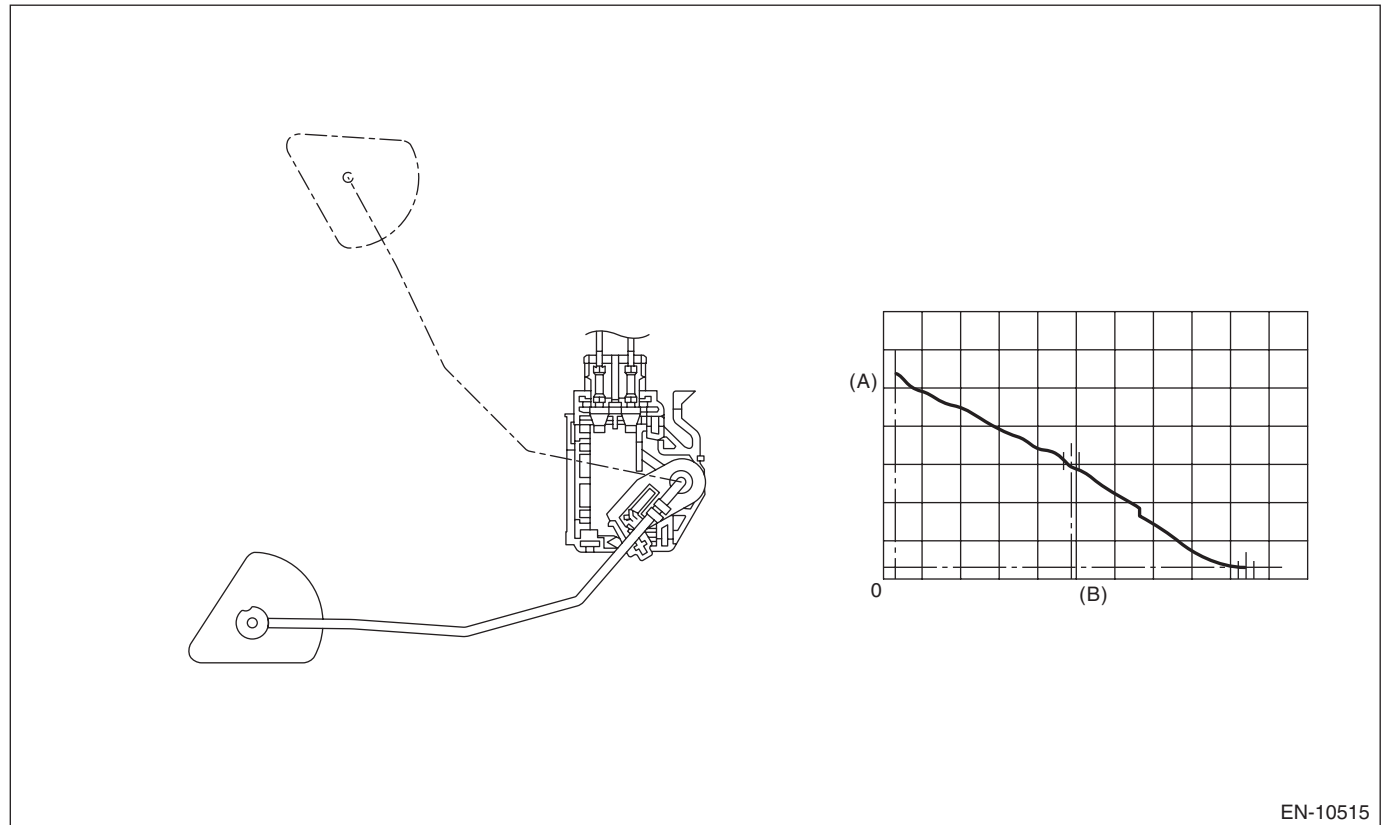
CP:DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunctions of the fuel level sensor output property.

If the fuel level does not vary in a particular driving condition / engine condition where it should, judge as NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-10515

(A) Fuel level

(B) Resistance

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 5000 \text{ ms}$
Accumulated amount of intake air	$\geq 165375 \text{ g (5832.78 oz)}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

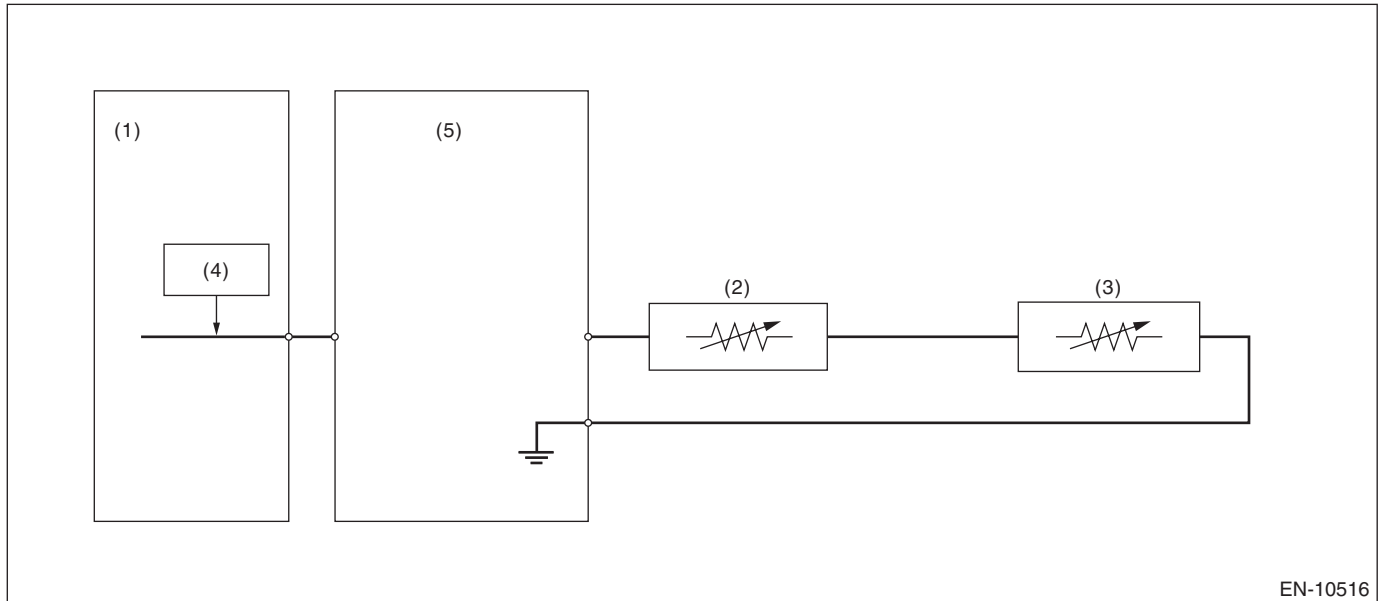
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Max. – min. values of fuel level output	$< 2.6 \text{ l (0.69 US gal, 0.57 Imp gal)}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

CQ:DTC P0462 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT LOW**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of fuel level sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(1) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Fuel level sensor

(3) Fuel sub level sensor

(4) Detecting circuit

(5) Combination meter

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 3000 \text{ ms}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$< 2.211 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

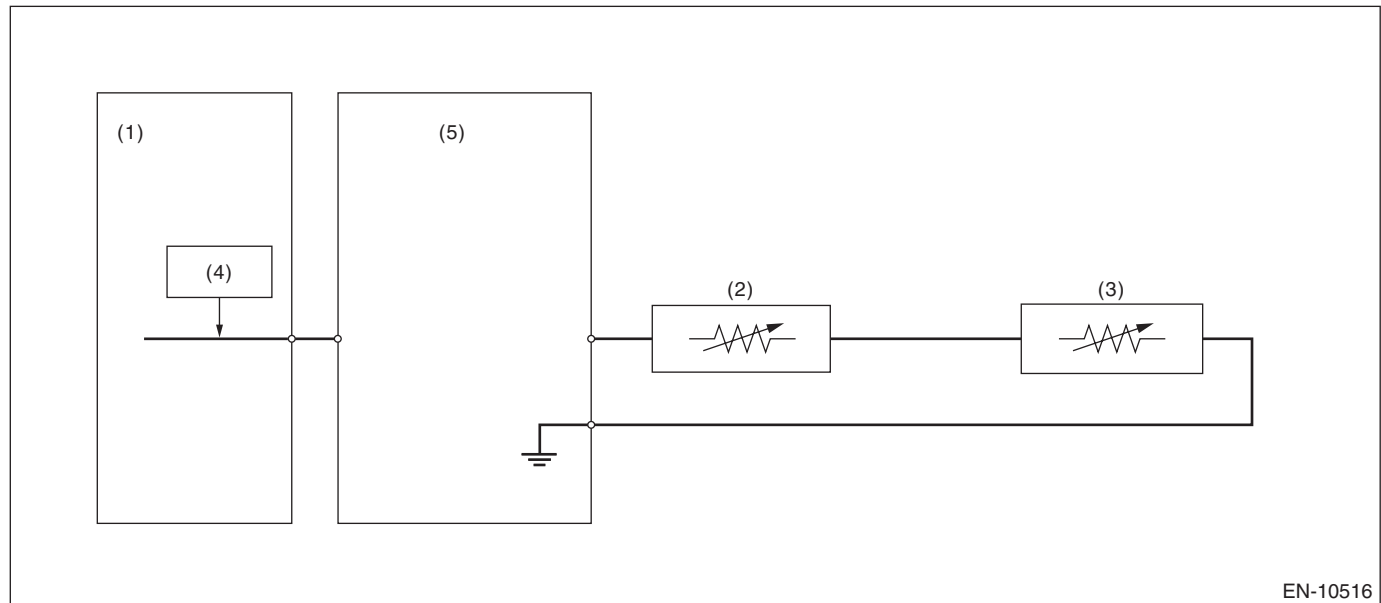
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

CR:DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR “A” CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of fuel level sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) Engine control module (ECM) | (3) Fuel sub level sensor | (5) Body integrated unit |
| (2) Fuel level sensor | (4) Detecting circuit | |

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 3000 \text{ ms}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$\geq 12 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

CS:DTC P0500 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR “A”

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when outside of the judgment value.

Judge NG when the received data from VDCCM&H/U is abnormal vehicle speed, and the vehicle speed data is impossible.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Vehicle speed signals are taken in to the VDC control module and hydraulic control unit, and normal/erroneous data of the ABS wheel speed sensor is received by CAN communication from the VDC control module and hydraulic control unit.

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously after the enable conditions have been established.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Speed of RH wheel received from VDC control module & hydraulic control unit	≥ 300 km/h (186.4 MPH)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

CT:DTC P0506 IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM RPM LOWER THAN EXPECTED

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction that actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling. Judge as NG when actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Atmospheric pressure	$\geq 75.1 \text{ kPa}$ (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Lambda value (left and right)	≥ 0.85 and < 1.151
Vehicle speed	0 km/h (0 MPH)
Fuel level	$\geq 9 \text{ ℓ}$ (2.38 US gal, 1.98 Imp gal)
Engine coolant temperature	$\geq 60 \text{ °C}$ (140 °F)
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 10.49 \text{ s}$
Accelerator pedal position	= 0%
After intake manifold pressure changes by 4 kPa (30 mmHg, 1.2 inHg) or more.	$> 5.1 \text{ s}$
Elapsed time after switching neutral position switch to ON/OFF	$> 5.1 \text{ s}$
Cold start diagnosis	Not in operation

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling after warming up engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Actual engine speed – Targeted engine speed	$< -100 \text{ rpm}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 15 s × 1 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

CU:DTC P0507 IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM RPM HIGHER THAN EXPECTED

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction that actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling. Judge as NG when actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	≥ 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Lambda value (left and right)	≥ 0.85 and < 1.151
Vehicle speed	0 km/h (0 MPH)
Fuel level	≥ 9 ℓ (2.38 US gal, 1.98 Imp gal)
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 60 °C (140 °F)
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 10.49 s
Accelerator pedal position	= 0%
After intake manifold pressure changes by 4 kPa (30 mmHg, 1.2 inHg) or more.	> 5.1 s
Elapsed time after switching neutral position switch to ON/OFF	> 5.1 s
Cold start diagnosis	Not in operation

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling after warming up engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Actual engine speed – Targeted engine speed	> 200 rpm

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 15 s × 1 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

CV:DTC P050A COLD START IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

- When cold, the abnormality in the control of target engine speed increase is detected. (P050A)

- Idle speed diagnosis

Judge as NG when actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed at cold start.

- Detect malfunctions of the catalyst advanced idling retard angle control. (P050B)

Judge as NG when ECM is not controlling the angle properly during catalyst advanced idling retard angle control.

- Final ignition timing diagnosis

Judge as NG when actual retard amount is under the specified value at cold start.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
<Idle speed diagnosis>	
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	≥ 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Vehicle speed	≤ 2 km/h (1.2 MPH)
Engine coolant temperature	≤ 60 °C (140 °F)
Throttle opening angle	< 0.37 °
Intake air amount sum value	< Value of Map 1
Elapsed time after gear position change (P ↔ D or N ↔ D)	≥ 3000 ms
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 2000 ms
<Final ignition timing diagnosis>	
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	≥ 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Vehicle speed	≤ 2 km/h (1.2 MPH)
Engine coolant temperature	≤ 60 °C (140 °F)
Throttle opening angle	< 0.37 °
Intake air amount sum value	< Value of Map 2
Elapsed time after gear position change (P ↔ D or N ↔ D)	≥ 3000 ms
Target retard amount	≥ Value from Map 3

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Map 1

Engine coolant temperature at engine starting °C (°F)	-40 (-40)	-30 (-22)	-20 (-4)	-10 (14)	0 (32)	10 (50)	20 (68)	30 (86)
Intake air amount sum value g (oz)	770 (27.16)	690 (24.34)	620 (21.87)	560 (19.75)	510 (17.99)	450 (15.87)	390 (13.76)	320 (11.29)

Engine coolant temperature at engine starting °C (°F)	40 (104)	50 (122)	60 (140)	70 (158)	80 (176)	90 (194)	100 (212)	110 (230)
Intake air amount sum value g (oz)	260 (9.17)	210 (7.41)	180 (6.35)	180 (6.35)	180 (6.35)	180 (6.35)	180 (6.35)	180 (6.35)

Map 2

Engine coolant temperature at engine starting °C (°F)	-40 (-40)	-30 (-22)	-20 (-4)	-10 (14)	0 (32)	10 (50)	20 (68)	30 (86)
Intake air amount sum value g (oz)	770 (27.16)	690 (24.34)	620 (21.87)	560 (19.75)	510 (17.99)	450 (15.87)	390 (13.76)	320 (11.29)

Engine coolant temperature at engine starting °C (°F)	40 (104)	50 (122)	60 (140)	70 (158)	80 (176)	90 (194)	100 (212)	110 (230)
Intake air amount sum value g (oz)	260 (9.17)	210 (7.41)	180 (6.35)	180 (6.35)	180 (6.35)	180 (6.35)	180 (6.35)	180 (6.35)

Map 3 (CVT model)

Engine coolant temperature	-40 °C (-40 °F)	-30 °C (-22 °F)	-20 °C (-4 °F)	-10 °C (14 °F)	0 °C (32 °F)	10 °C (50 °F)	20 °C (68 °F)	30 °C (86 °F)	40 °C (104 °F)	50 °C (122 °F)	60 °C (140 °F)
Target retard amount	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA

Map 3 (MT model)

Engine coolant temperature	-40 °C (-40 °F)	-30 °C (-22 °F)	-20 °C (-4 °F)	-10 °C (14 °F)	0 °C (32 °F)	10 °C (50 °F)	20 °C (68 °F)	30 °C (86 °F)	40 °C (104 °F)	50 °C (122 °F)	60 °C (140 °F)
Target retard amount	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA	11 °CA

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis at cold start.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

• Idle speed diagnosis

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Actual engine speed – Target engine speed	< Value of Map 4

Map 4 (CVT model)

Engine coolant temperature	–40.00 °C (–40 °F)	–30.00 °C (–22 °F)	–20.00 °C (–4 °F)	–10.00 °C (14 °F)	0.00 °C (32 °F)	10.00 °C (50 °F)	20.00 °C (68 °F)	30.00 °C (86 °F)	40.00 °C (104 °F)	50.00 °C (122 °F)	60.00 °C (140 °F)
Threshold Value	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm

Map 4 (MT model)

Engine coolant temperature	–40.00 °C (–40 °F)	–30.00 °C (–22 °F)	–20.00 °C (–4 °F)	–10.00 °C (14 °F)	0.00 °C (32 °F)	10.00 °C (50 °F)	20.00 °C (68 °F)	30.00 °C (86 °F)	40.00 °C (104 °F)	50.00 °C (122 °F)	60.00 °C (140 °F)
Threshold Value	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm	–300 rpm

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 7000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

• Final ignition timing diagnosis

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Final ignition timing – ignition timing during CSERS* *: Ignition timing during CSERS (Cold Start Emission Reduction Strategy) = Base ignition timing – retard amount	> Value of Map 5

Map 5 (CVT model)

Engine coolant temperature	–40 °C (–40 °F)	–30 °C (–22 °F)	–20 °C (–4 °F)	–10 °C (14 °F)	0 °C (32 °F)	10 °C (50 °F)	20 °C (68 °F)	30 °C (86 °F)	40 °C (104 °F)	50 °C (122 °F)	60 °C (140 °F)
Threshold Value	6 °CA	6 °CA	6 °CA	6 °CA	6 °CA	6 °CA	6 °CA	6 °CA	6 °CA	6 °CA	6 °CA

Map 5 (MT model)

Engine coolant temperature	–40 °C (–40 °F)	–30 °C (–22 °F)	–20 °C (–4 °F)	–10 °C (14 °F)	0 °C (32 °F)	10 °C (50 °F)	20 °C (68 °F)	30 °C (86 °F)	40 °C (104 °F)	50 °C (122 °F)	60 °C (140 °F)
Threshold Value	7 °CA	7 °CA	7 °CA	7 °CA	7 °CA	7 °CA	7 °CA	7 °CA	7 °CA	7 °CA	7 °CA

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 7000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

CW:DTC P050B COLD START IGNITION TIMING PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P050A. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-130, DTC P050A COLD START IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CX:DTC P0512 STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect abnormal continuity in the starter SW1.

Judge as ON NG when the starter SW 1 signal remains ON.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 8 \text{ V}$
Engine speed	$> 500 \text{ rpm}$

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Starter SW 1 signal	$\geq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.85 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 30000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

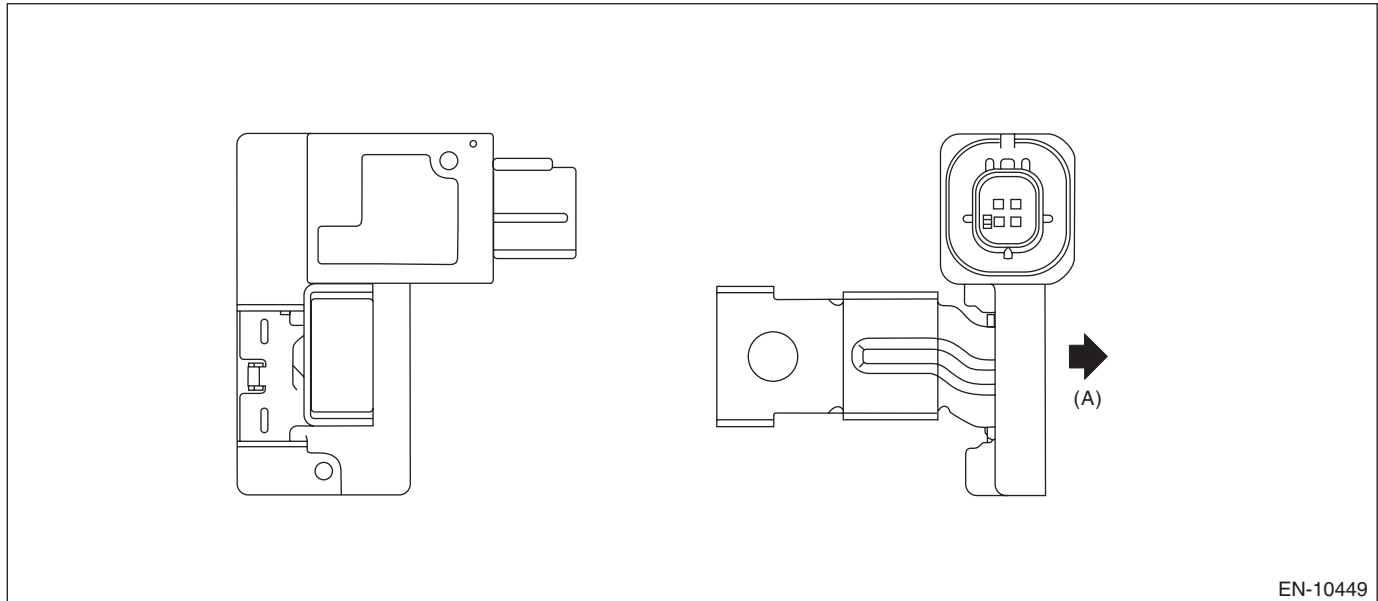
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

CY:DTC P0516 BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of battery temperature sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Positive direction of measured current

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$> 1000 \text{ ms}$
Engine speed	$> 500 \text{ rpm}$
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

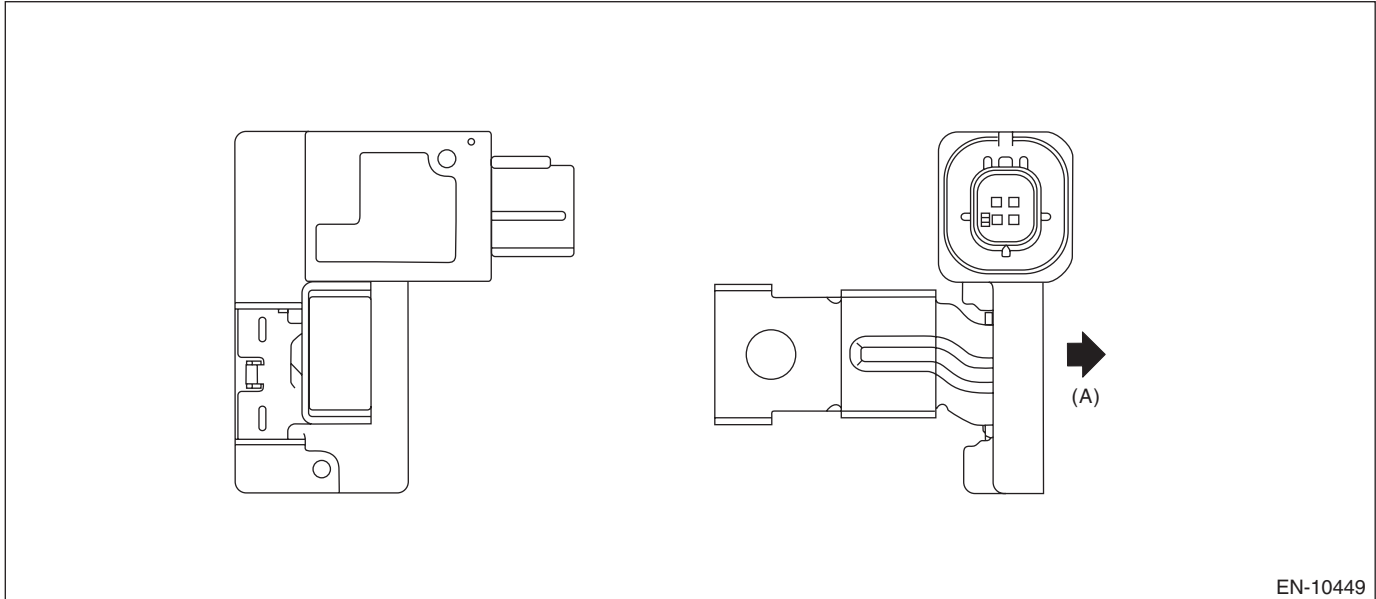
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$< 0.1294 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Does not illuminate even when malfunction occurs.

CZ:DTC P0517 BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of battery temperature sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(A) Positive direction of measured current

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$> 1000 \text{ ms}$
Engine speed	$> 500 \text{ rpm}$
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$\geq 4.787 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Does not illuminate even when malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DA:DTC P0560 SYSTEM VOLTAGE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of back-up power supply circuit.
Judge as NG when the backup power voltage is low.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Engine speed	$\geq 500 \text{ rpm}$

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after starting the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Voltage of back-up power supply	$\leq 3.5 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

DB:DTC P0604 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the malfunction of microcomputer (RAM).

When there is a problem in the CPU normal RAM, judge as NG.

If it is possible to write data to the whole area of RAM in the initial routine, and is possible to read the same data, it is judged as OK, and if not, NG.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
ECM initialization	Executed

Diagnosis with the initial routine.

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis as soon as the ignition switch is turned to ON.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Write the specified value into the RAM.	Different from written value

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 32 ms × 16 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DC:DTC P0605 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE READ ONLY MEMORY (ROM) ERROR

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when SUM value of ROM is outside the standard value.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
ECM initialization	Executed

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG if the criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
SUM value of ROM	Malfunction

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 32 ms × 32 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

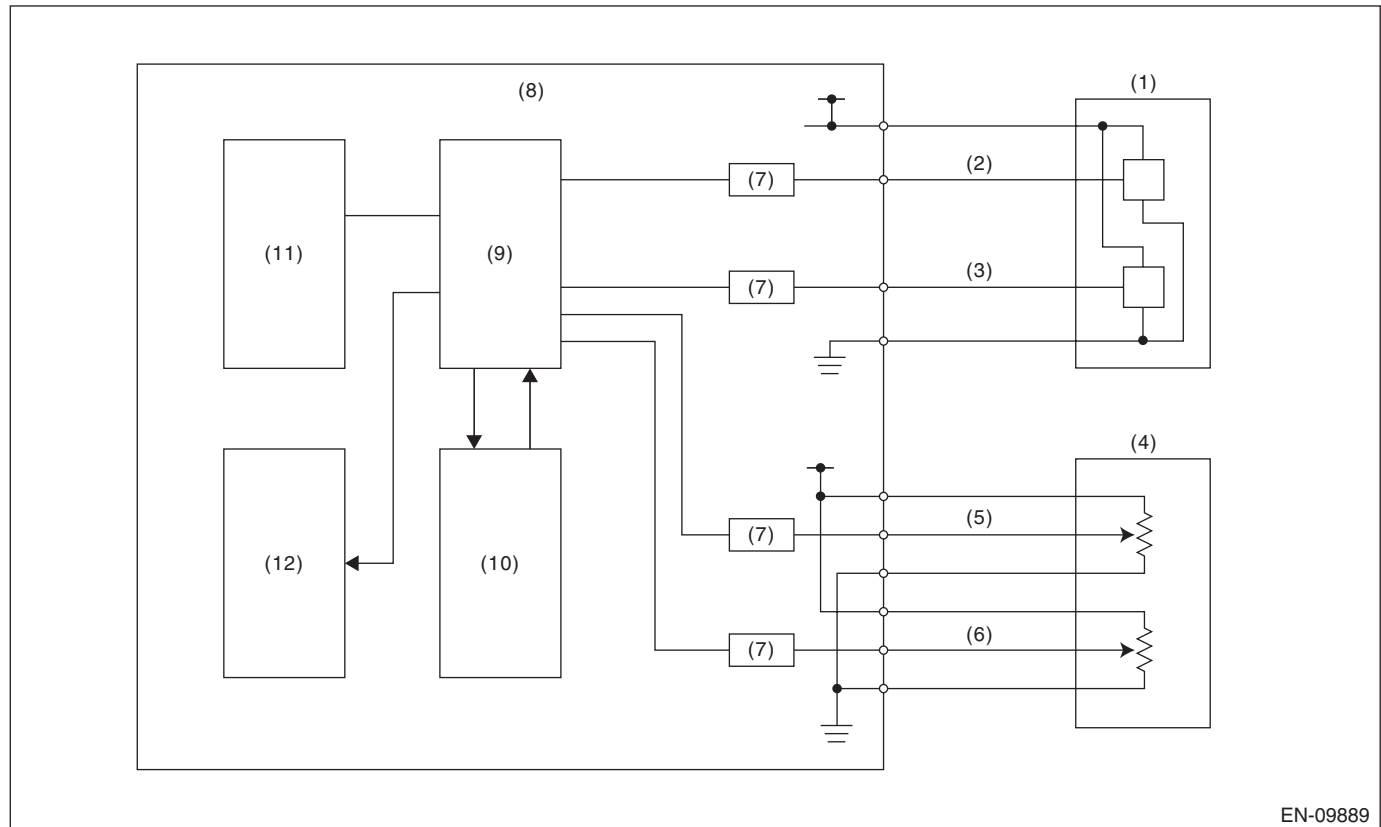
DD:DTC P0606 CONTROL MODULE PROCESSOR

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the CPU operation is abnormal.

- (1) Instruction check
- (2) Software flow check
- (3) Software monitor check
- (4) If the output IC operation is abnormal
- (5) CAN register check

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-09889

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------|
| (1) Throttle position sensor | (5) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 | (9) CPU |
| (2) Throttle position sensor 1 | (6) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 | (10) Monitoring IC |
| (3) Throttle position sensor 2 | (7) I/F circuit | (11) EEPROM |
| (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor | (8) Engine control module (ECM) | (12) Output IC |

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
(1) — 1 Initial routine	
(1) — 2 Ignition switch	ON
(1) — 2 Battery voltage	$\geq 6.2 \text{ V}$
(1) — 2 Electronic throttle control relay	ON
(2) Ignition switch	ON
(3) Ignition switch	ON
(3) Battery voltage	$\geq 6.2 \text{ V}$
(3) Electronic throttle control relay	ON
(4) Ignition switch	ON
(5) Initial routine	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
(1) — 1 Instruction value	Different from expected value
(1) — 2 Calculated result from CPU and FPU	Different from expected value
(2) Process flow result	The result and expected value do not match.
(3) High integrated IC motor continuity cut demand	Exist
(4) Communication between output driver ICs	Not possible to communicate
(5) Writing value to CAN register	\neq Read out value

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

(1) — 1:2 time(s)

(1) — 2:512 ms

(2): 504 ms

(3): 48 ms

(4): 2500 ms

(5): Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

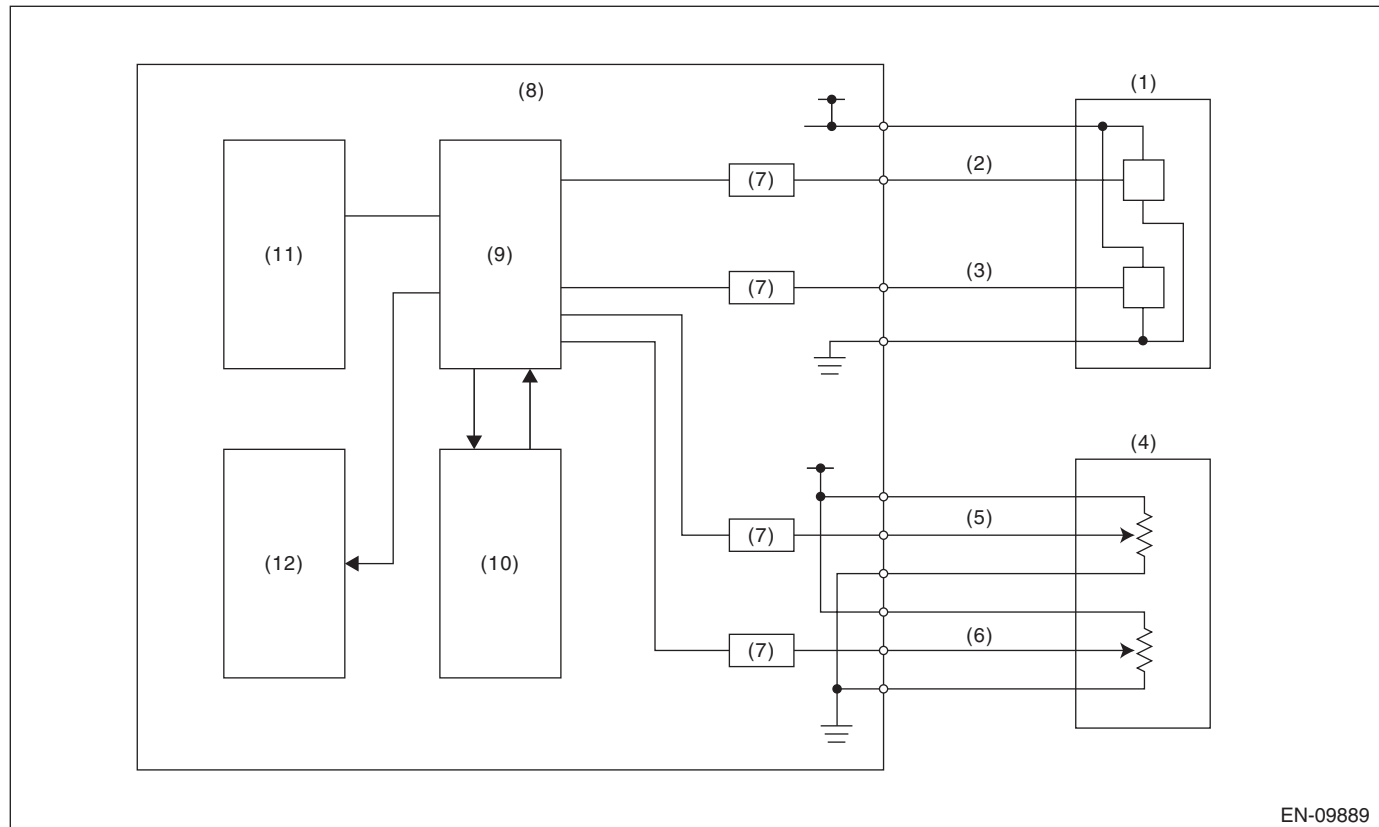
DE:DTC P060A INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE MONITORING PROCESSOR PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the monitoring IC operation is abnormal.

- (1) Monitoring IC Disable (motor continuity cut demand) diagnosis
- (2) Monitoring IC function diagnosis
- (3) Monitoring IC register diagnosis

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-09889

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------|
| (1) Throttle position sensor | (5) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 | (9) CPU |
| (2) Throttle position sensor 1 | (6) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 | (10) Monitoring IC |
| (3) Throttle position sensor 2 | (7) I/F circuit | (11) EEPROM |
| (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor | (8) Engine control module (ECM) | (12) Output IC |

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
(1) Battery voltage	$\geq 6\text{ V}$
(1) When CPU intentionally sends motor continuity cut demand	
(2) Battery voltage	$\geq 6\text{ V}$
(2) CPU intentionally sends incorrect data	
(3) Battery voltage	$\geq 6\text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when one of the following conditions is established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
(1) Main throttle opening angle – Main throttle opening angle at monitoring start	$\geq 2^\circ$
(2) Monitoring IC motor continuity cut demand	Not detected
(3) Monitoring IC register writing value	\neq Reading value

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

(1): 24 ms

(2): 2.984 s

(3): 200 ms

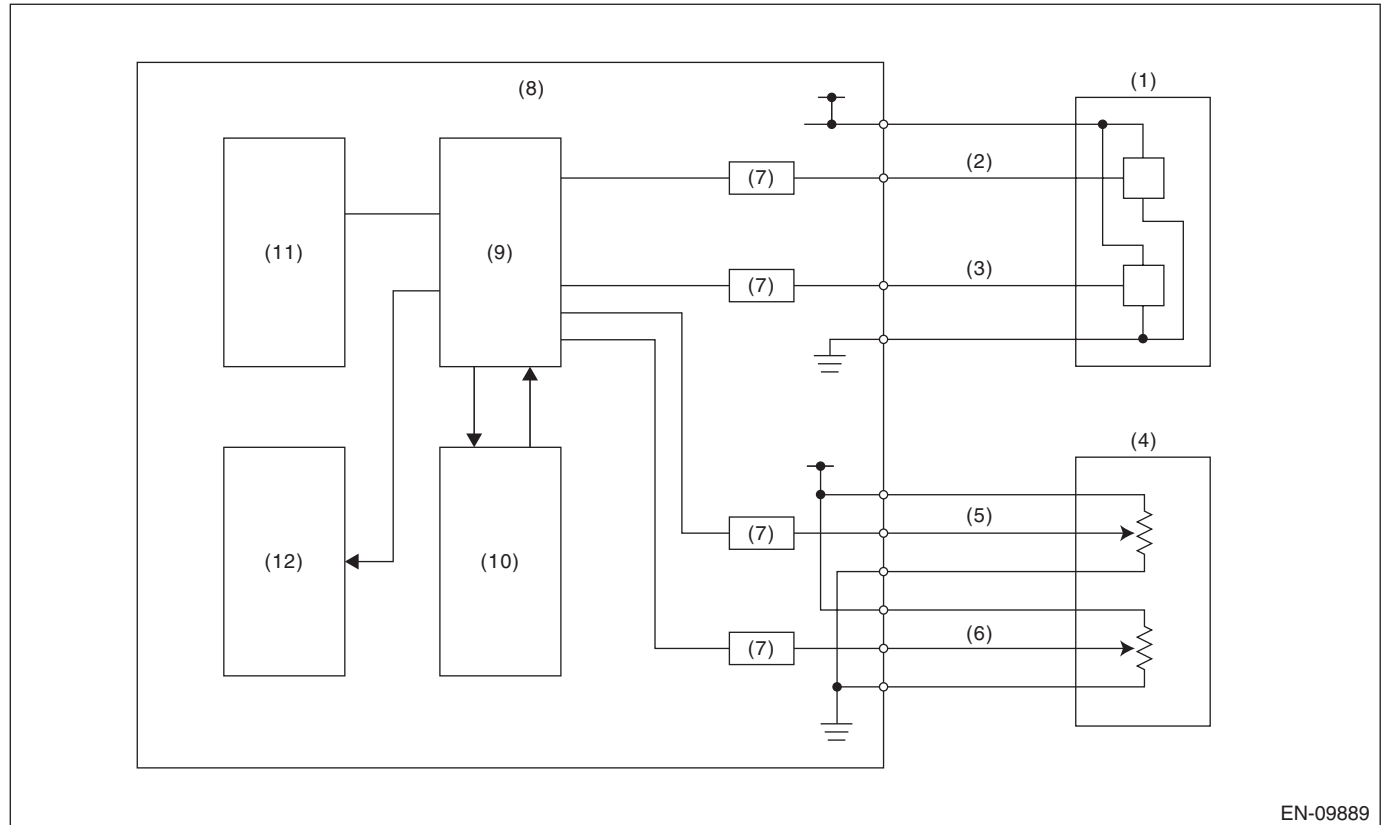
Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

DF:DTC P060B INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE A/D PROCESSING PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the AD converter operation is abnormal.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-09889

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------|
| (1) Throttle position sensor | (5) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 | (9) CPU |
| (2) Throttle position sensor 1 | (6) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 | (10) Monitoring IC |
| (3) Throttle position sensor 2 | (7) I/F circuit | (11) EEPROM |
| (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor | (8) Engine control module (ECM) | (12) Output IC |

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
(1) Battery voltage	$\geq 6 \text{ V}$
(1) Target voltage	$= 0 \text{ V}$
(2) Battery voltage	$\geq 6 \text{ V}$
(2) Target voltage	$= 5 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when one of the following conditions is established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
(1) Actual voltage	$> 0.01953125 \text{ V}$
(2) Actual voltage	$< 4.979248047 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 200 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

DG:DTC P0616 STARTER RELAY CIRCUIT LOW**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

- Model without push button start

Detect abnormal continuity in the starter SW1.

Judge as OFF NG when the starter SW 1 signal remains OFF.

- Model with push button start

Detect abnormal continuity in the starter SW 2.

Judge as OFF NG when the starter SW 2 signal remains OFF.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 8 \text{ V}$
Engine speed	Changes from 0 rpm to 500 rpm or more
Vehicle speed	$< 1 \text{ km/h (0.6 MPH)}$
Starter relay drive	ON

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once at engine start.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OFF NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Starter SW 1 signal (model without push button start)	$< \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.85 \text{ V}$
Starter SW 2 signal (model with push button start)	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DH:DTC P0617 STARTER RELAY CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

- Model without push button start

Detect abnormal continuity in the starter SW1.

Judge as ON NG when the starter SW 1 signal remains ON.

- Model with push button start

Detect abnormal continuity in the starter SW 2.

Judge as ON NG when the starter SW 2 signal remains ON.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 8 \text{ V}$
Engine speed	$> 500 \text{ rpm}$
Starter relay drive	OFF

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Starter SW 1 signal (model without push button start) Starter SW 2 signal (model with push button start)	$\geq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.85 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 30000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DJ:DTC P0685 ECM/PCM POWER RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT/OPEN

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the main relay stuck to ON.

Judge as NG when ECM keeps operating for more than predetermined time although the main relay does not turn to OFF after ignition switch is turned to OFF.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The main relay controls current of coils by receiving instructions from the ignition switch and ELCM to switch ECM to ON/OFF.

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Main relay	OFF instruction

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once when the enable conditions are established with the ignition switch OFF → ON.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
ECM status	In operation

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DK:DTC P0700 TRANSMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (MIL REQUEST)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when there is CAN communication with the TCM and there is a MIL lighting request.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
MIL lighting request from TCM	Yes

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DL:DTC P081A STARTER DISABLE CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect abnormal continuity in the starter cut relay.

Judge as NG when the starter cut relay output line is open.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 8 \text{ V}$
Engine speed	Changes from 0 rpm to 500 rpm or more
Vehicle speed	$< 1 \text{ km/h (0.6 MPH)}$
Starter cut relay drive	OFF

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once at engine start.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Starter cut relay control signal that exceeds battery voltage $\times 0.34 \text{ V}$	Not detected

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

DM:DTC P0851 PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (AT MODEL)**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of neutral SW.

Judge as NG when the ECM neutral terminal input differs from the reception data from TCM.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Starter relay feedback voltage	$< \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.35 \text{ V}$
Engine speed	$\geq 500 \text{ rpm}$
Data received from TCM	$\neq \text{"P" range/"N" range}$

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after the enable conditions have been established.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral position switch output voltage	$\leq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.19 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 64 ms \times 100 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DN:DTC P0851 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (MT MODEL)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of neutral SW.

Judge as NG when there is no change in the neutral SW regardless of driving condition with shift changes (there should be neutral SW ON/OFF inversion considering the vehicle speed and engine speed).

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Change from driving condition a) to b)	$= 3 \text{ time(s)}$
a) Engine speed 550 rpm — 900 rpm & Vehicle speed $\leq 0 \text{ km/h}$ (0 MPH)	
b) Engine speed 1500 rpm — 2150 rpm & Vehicle speed $\geq 64 \text{ km/h}$ (39.8 MPH)	

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously in 2 seconds after starting the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge NG when the malfunction criteria below are completed determined times or more after the neutral SW change.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch output voltage	$\leq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.19 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 3 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

DO:DTC P0852 PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (AT MODEL)**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of neutral SW.

Judge as NG when the ECM neutral terminal input differs from the reception data from TCM.

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Starter relay feedback voltage	$< \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.35 \text{ V}$
Engine speed	$\geq 500 \text{ rpm}$
Data received from TCM	= "P" range/"N" range

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after the enable conditions have been established.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral position switch output voltage	$\geq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.19 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 64 ms \times 100 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DP:DTC P0852 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (MT MODEL)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of neutral SW.

Judge as NG when there is no change in the neutral SW regardless of driving condition with shift changes (there should be neutral SW ON/OFF inversion considering the vehicle speed and engine speed).

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Change from driving condition a) to b)	$= 3 \text{ time(s)}$
a) Engine speed 550 rpm — 900 rpm & Vehicle speed $\leq 0 \text{ km/h}$ (0 MPH)	
b) Engine speed 1500 rpm — 2150 rpm & Vehicle speed $\geq 64 \text{ km/h}$ (39.8 MPH)	

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously in 2 seconds after starting the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge NG when the malfunction criteria below are completed determined times or more after the neutral SW change.

Judgment Value

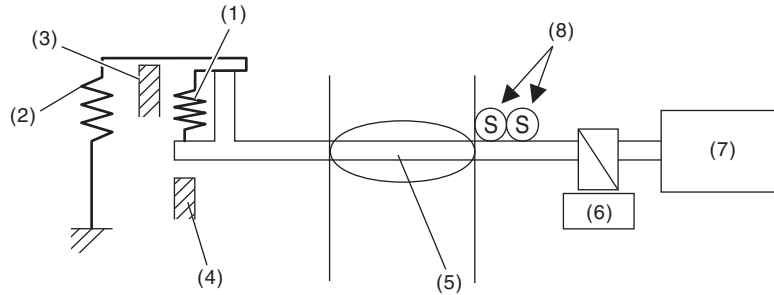
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch output voltage	$\geq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.6 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 3 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

DQ:DTC P1160 RETURN SPRING FAILURE**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Judge as NG when the valve is opened more than the default opening angle, but does not move to the close direction with the motor power stopped.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-04463

- | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| (1) Opener spring | (4) Full closed stopper | (7) DC motor |
| (2) Return spring | (5) Throttle valve | (8) Main and sub throttle position sensor |
| (3) Intermediate stopper | (6) Gear | |

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6 \text{ V}$
Ignition switch	OFF
Elapsed time after motor continuity OFF	$= 1.6 \text{ s}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- Ignition switch ON → OFF
- Ignition switch OFF → ON (Only after clearing memory)

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Opening variation after continuity is set to OFF	$< 2^\circ$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

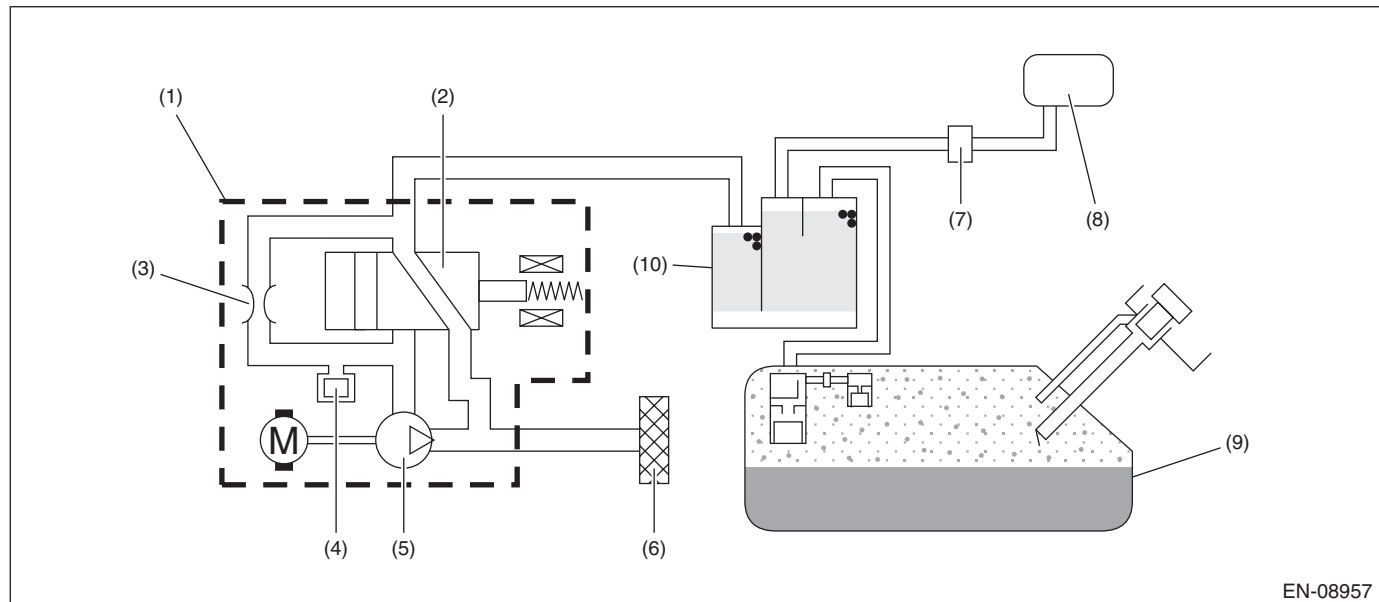
DR:DTC P1449 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONT. SYS. AIR FILTER CLOG

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the drain filter clogging by the pressure change during purge introduction.

Judge as drain filter clogging malfunction if the pressure in the evaporative emission system piping suddenly decreases by the purging.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) ELCM | (5) Vacuum pump | (9) Fuel tank |
| (2) Switching valve | (6) Drain filter | (10) Canister |
| (3) Reference orifice (0.02 inch orifice) | (7) Purge control solenoid valve | |
| (4) Pressure sensor | (8) Intake manifold | |

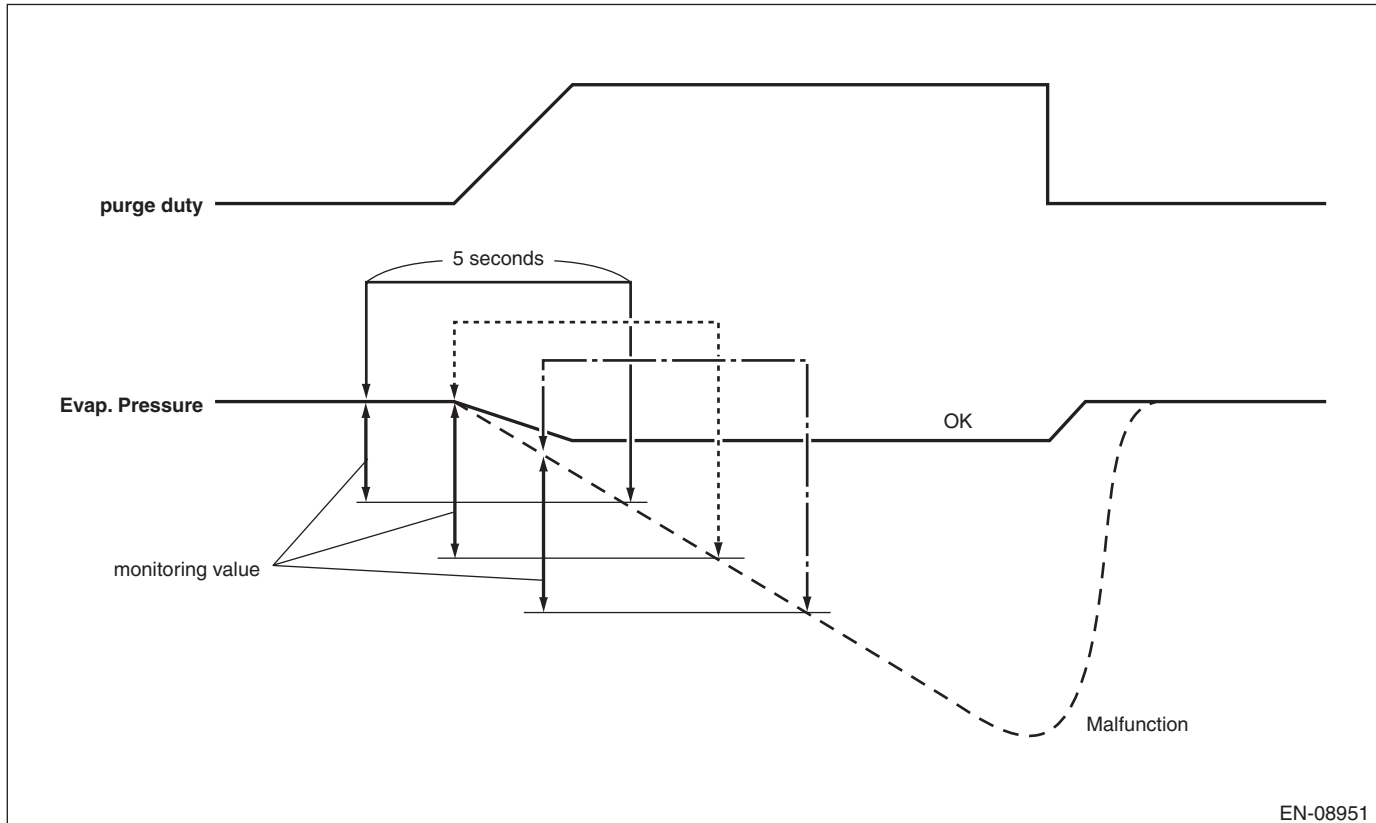
3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 20000 \text{ ms}$
• ELCM vacuum pump	Not in operation
• ELCM switching valve	Open

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously when purging is performed after 20000 ms have passed since the engine started.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD



EN-08951

Calculate the difference between the ELCM pressure sensor output value as of 5 seconds ago and the current one, and if the value is greater than judgment value, detect and judge as filter clogging trouble. Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Pressure sensor output value as of 5 seconds ago – Current pressure sensor output value	> Value from Map
Number of above conditions established	> 2 time(s)

Map

Vehicle speed km/h (MPH)	0 (0)	20 (12.4)	40 (24.9)	60 (37.3)	80 (49.7)	100 (62.1)	120 (74.6)	300 (186.4)
Pressure sensor output value as of 5 seconds ago – Current pressure sensor output value kPa (mmHg, inHg)	1137.4 (8.5314, 0.3)	1137.4 (8.5314, 0.3)	1137.4 (8.5314, 0.3)	1137.4 (8.5314, 0.3)	1137.4 (8.5314, 0.3)	1137.4 (8.5314, 0.3)	1137.4 (8.5314, 0.3)	2195.3 (16.4664, 0.6)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Approx. 5.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

DS:DTC P1451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONT. SYS.

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0455. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-116, DTC P0455 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (LARGE LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

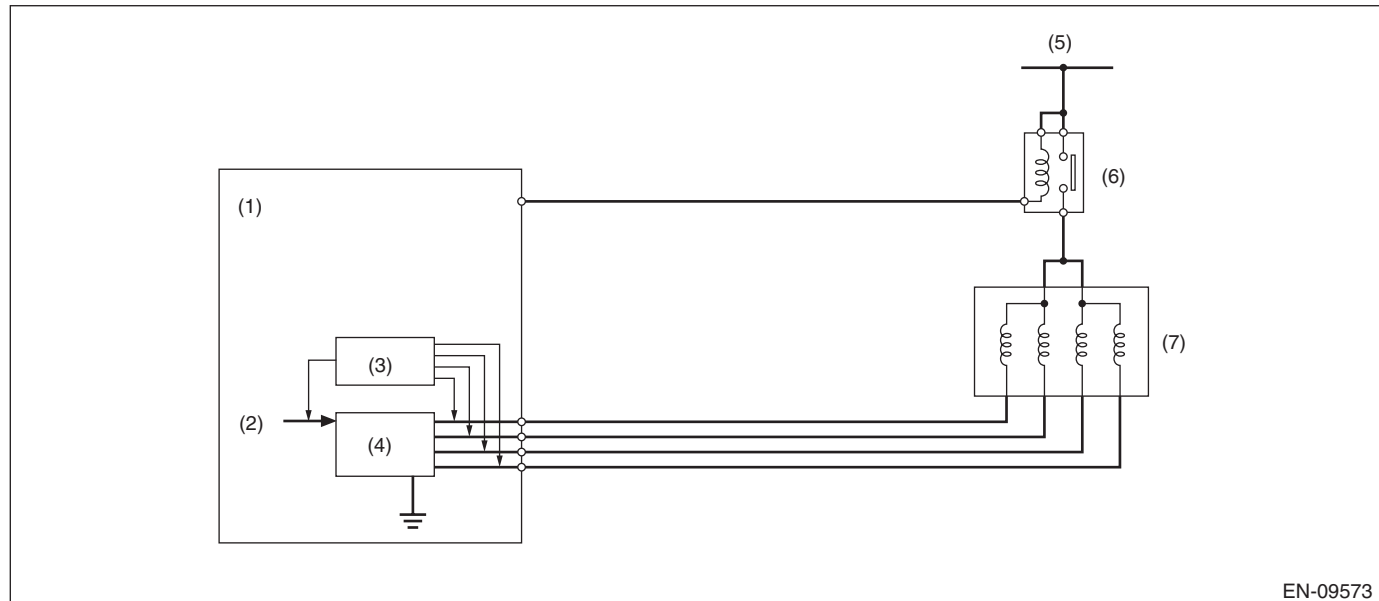
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DT:DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

- Detects open or short circuit of EGR.
- Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| (1) Engine control module (ECM) | (4) Switch circuit | (7) EGR control valve |
| (2) Computer unit (CPU) | (5) Battery voltage | |
| (3) Detecting circuit | (6) Main relay | |

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$\geq 1 \text{ s}$
EGR control signal	OFF

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform diagnosis continuously during EGR operation.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal voltage	$\leq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.34 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

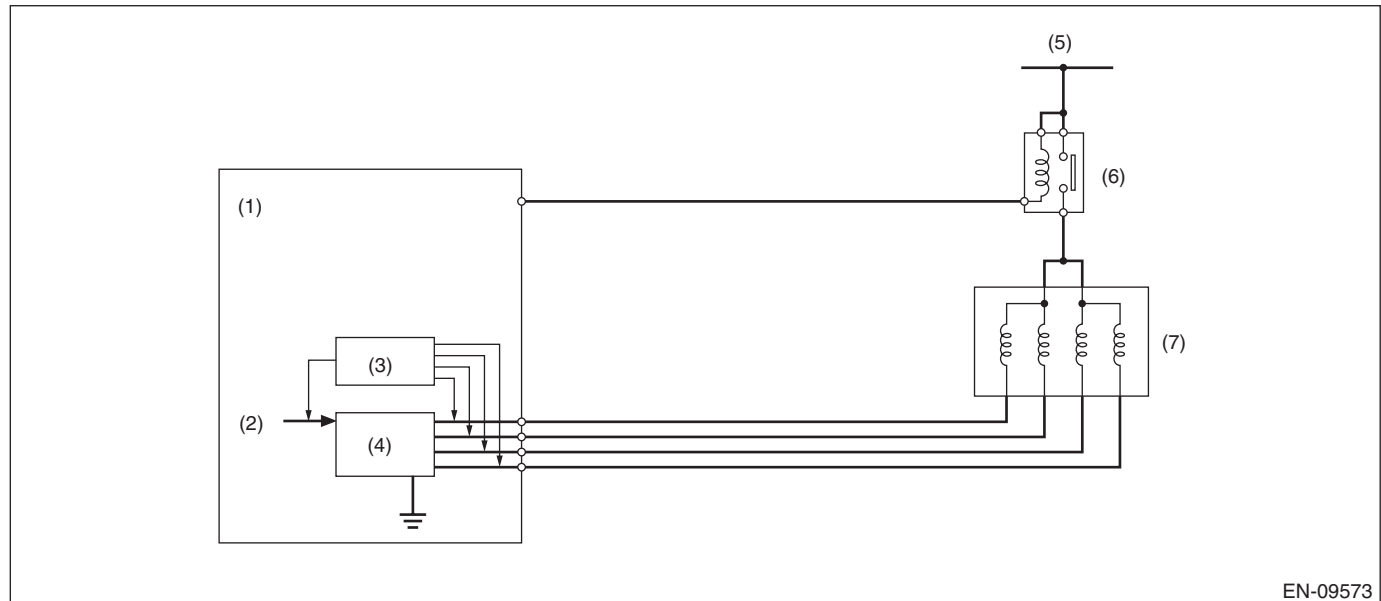
Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

DU:DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

- Detects open or short circuit of EGR.
- Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| (1) Engine control module (ECM) | (4) Switch circuit | (7) EGR control valve |
| (2) Computer unit (CPU) | (5) Battery voltage | |
| (3) Detecting circuit | (6) Main relay | |

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 s
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
EGR control signal	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal current	≥ 6 A

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DV:DTC P1494 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1492. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-158, DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DW:DTC P1495 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1493. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-159, DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DX:DTC P1496 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1492. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-158, DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DY:DTC P1497 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1493. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-159, DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DZ:DTC P1498 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1492. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-158, DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

EA:DTC P1499 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

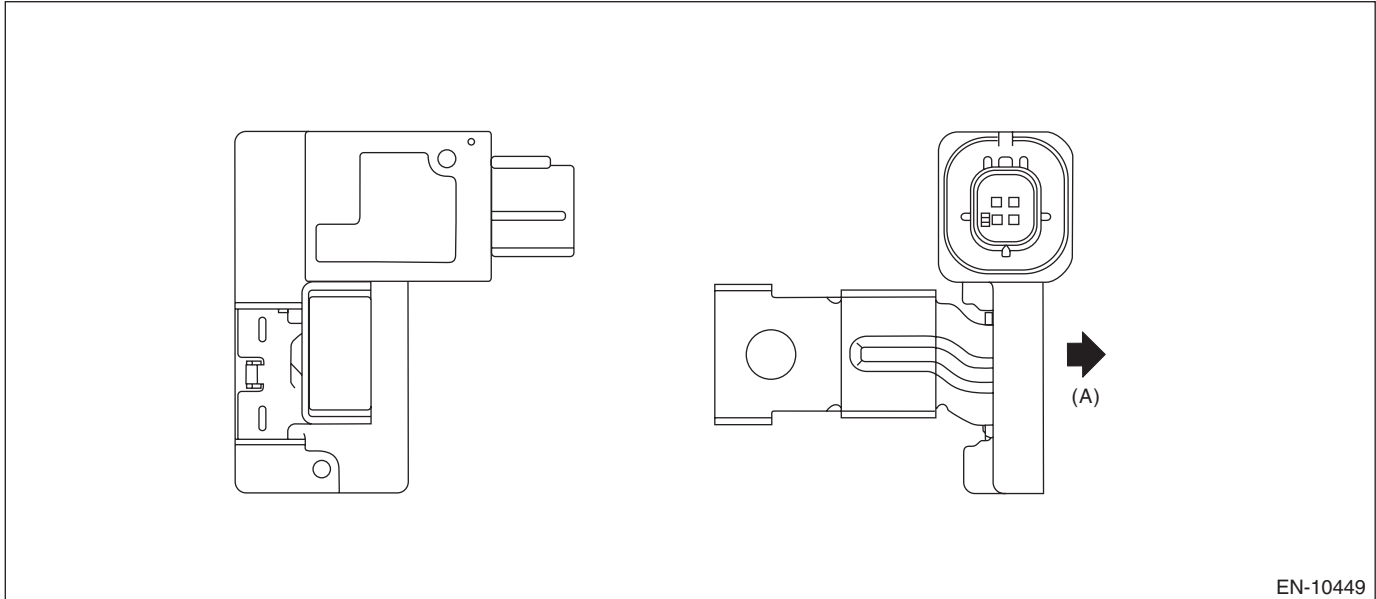
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1493. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-159, DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

EB:DTC P1530 BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of battery current sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-10449

(A) Positive direction of measured current

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$> 1000 \text{ ms}$
Engine speed	$> 500 \text{ rpm}$
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$< 0.2148 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Does not illuminate even when malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

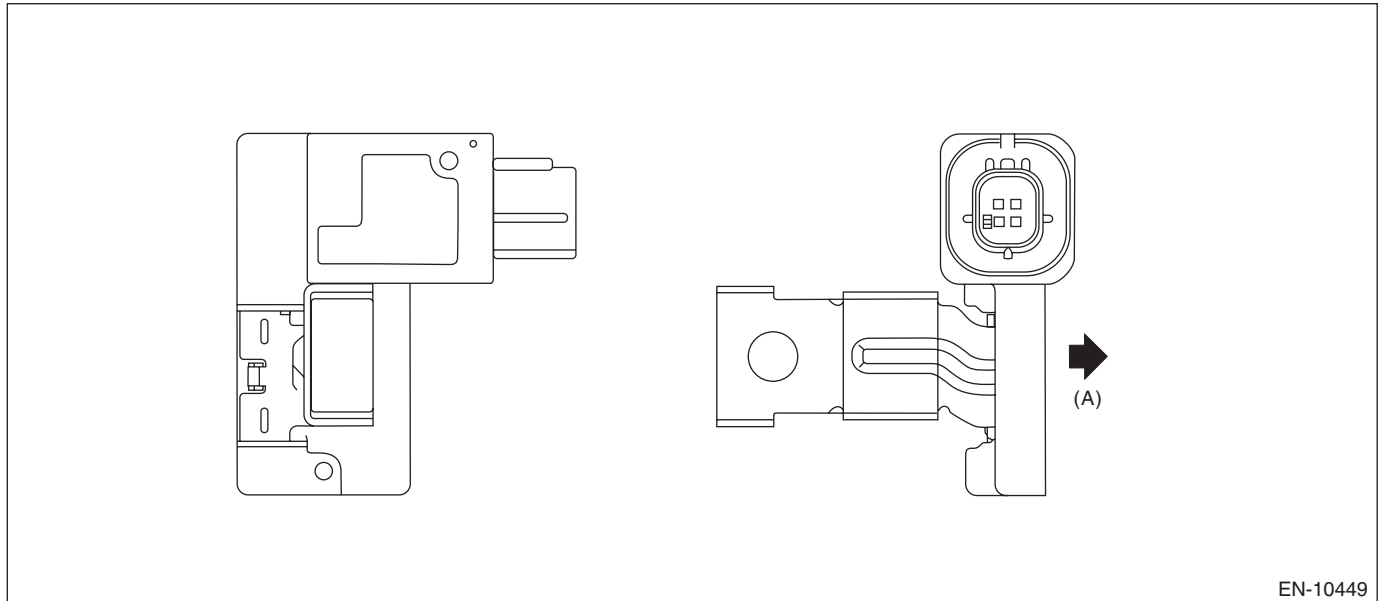
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

EC:DTC P1531 BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of battery current sensor.
Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Positive direction of measured current

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$> 1000 \text{ ms}$
Engine speed	$> 500 \text{ rpm}$
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$\geq 4.832 \text{ V}$

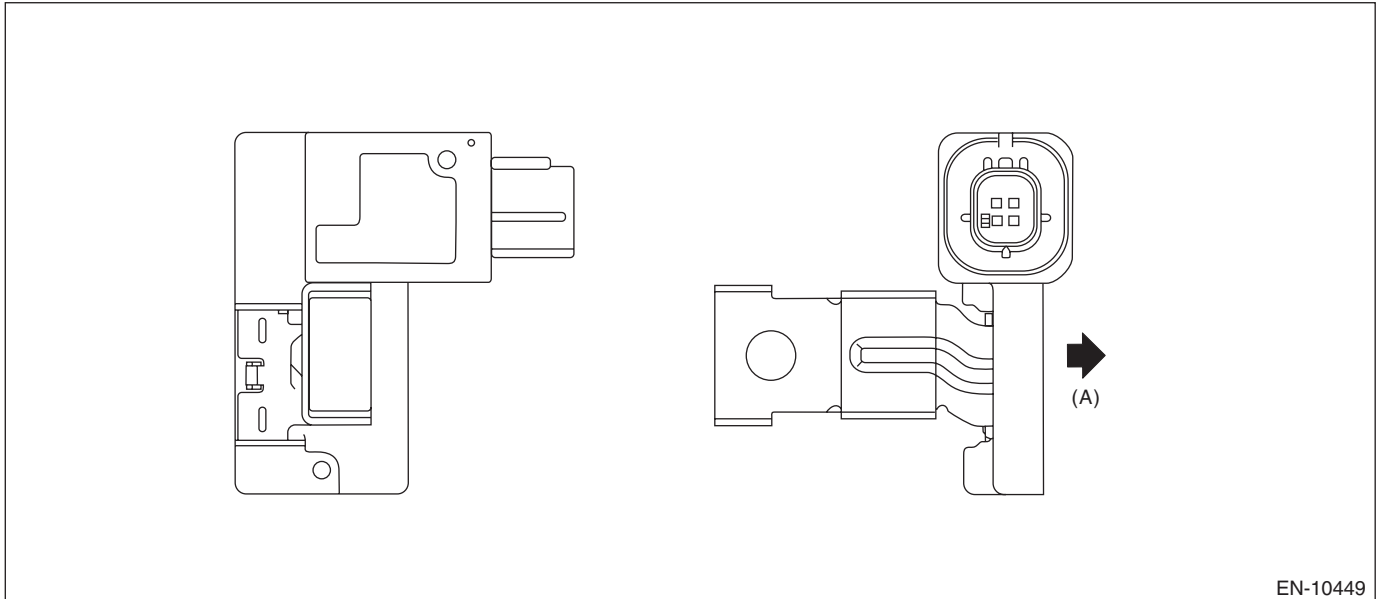
Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Does not illuminate even when malfunction occurs.

ED:DTC P1532 BATTERY CHARGING SYSTEM**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the output property and malfunction of battery current sensor.

Judge as NG when there is no variation (stuck) under a condition where the battery current sensor output should have changed or when difference between output and battery current value is larger than expected (characteristics malfunction).

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-10449

(A) Positive direction of measured current

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

- Stuck

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch During switchover of regulating voltage	ON High condition judgment*1 \longleftrightarrow Low condition judgment*2 However, the generator target duty has not experienced the following during switchover. $40\% \leq \text{Generator target duty} < 60\%$
*1 High condition judgment	
Continuous time during which all the conditions listed below are met	$\geq 5000 \text{ ms}$
• Battery voltage	$\geq 13.7 \text{ V}$
• Generator final output duty	$\geq 60\%$
• Engine speed	$\geq 600 \text{ rpm}$
*2 Low condition judgment	
Continuous time during which all the conditions listed below are met	$\geq 5000 \text{ ms}$
• Battery voltage	$< 13.2 \text{ V}$
• Generator final output duty	$< 40\%$
or	
• Engine speed	$< 600 \text{ rpm}$

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

- Characteristics malfunction

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch During switchover of regulating voltage	ON High condition judgment is established. Target duty $\geq 60\%$ \rightarrow target duty $< 40\%$ or Low condition judgment is established. Target duty $< 40\%$ \rightarrow target duty $\geq 60\%$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

- Stuck

Judge as NG when the following conditions are repeated 10 time(s) or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Difference between maximum value and minimum value in output voltage	$< 0.07\text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Does not illuminate even when malfunction occurs.

- Characteristics malfunction (Charge side)

Within 30000 ms from “enable condition not met” to “enable condition met”, judge as NG when the time required for meeting the following conditions exceeds the predetermined time.

(When NG judgment is performed, NG status is retained during that driving cycle.)

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage and Battery voltage	$0\text{ V} \leq \text{Output voltage} < 2.4\text{ V}$ $< 13.2\text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 26000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Does not illuminate even when malfunction occurs.

- Characteristics malfunction (Discharge side)

Within 30000 ms from “enable condition not met” to “enable condition met”, judge as NG when the time required for meeting the following conditions exceeds the predetermined time.

(Within 30000 ms from “enable condition not met” to “enable condition met”, the target duty $\geq 60\%$ has not been experienced.)

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage and Battery voltage	$2.6\text{ V} \leq \text{Output voltage} < 5\text{ V}$ $\geq 13.7\text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 26000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Does not illuminate even when malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

EE:DTC P2004 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK OPEN (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of tumble generator valve motor function.

Judge open fixing malfunction when the opening degree is large even after finishing the tumble generator valve closing driving.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Tumble generator valve "close" signal output time	≥ 1600 ms

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Tumble generator valve opening switch	Open

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 3000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

EF:DTC P2005 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK OPEN (BANK 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of tumble generator valve motor function.

Judge open fixing malfunction when the opening degree is large even after finishing the tumble generator valve closing driving.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Tumble generator valve "close" signal output time	$\geq 1600 \text{ ms}$

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Tumble generator valve opening switch	= Close

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 3000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

**EG:DTC P2006 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK CLOSED
(BANK 1)****1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the malfunction of tumble generator valve motor function.

Judge close fixing malfunction when the opening degree is small even after finishing the tumble generator valve open driving.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Tumble generator valve "open" signal output time	≥ 1600 ms

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Tumble generator valve opening switch	Close

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 3000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

EH:DTC P2007 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK CLOSED (BANK 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of tumble generator valve motor function.

Judge close fixing malfunction when the opening degree is small even after finishing the tumble generator valve open driving.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Tumble generator valve opening switch	= Low
Tumble generator valve "open" signal output time	≥ 1600 ms

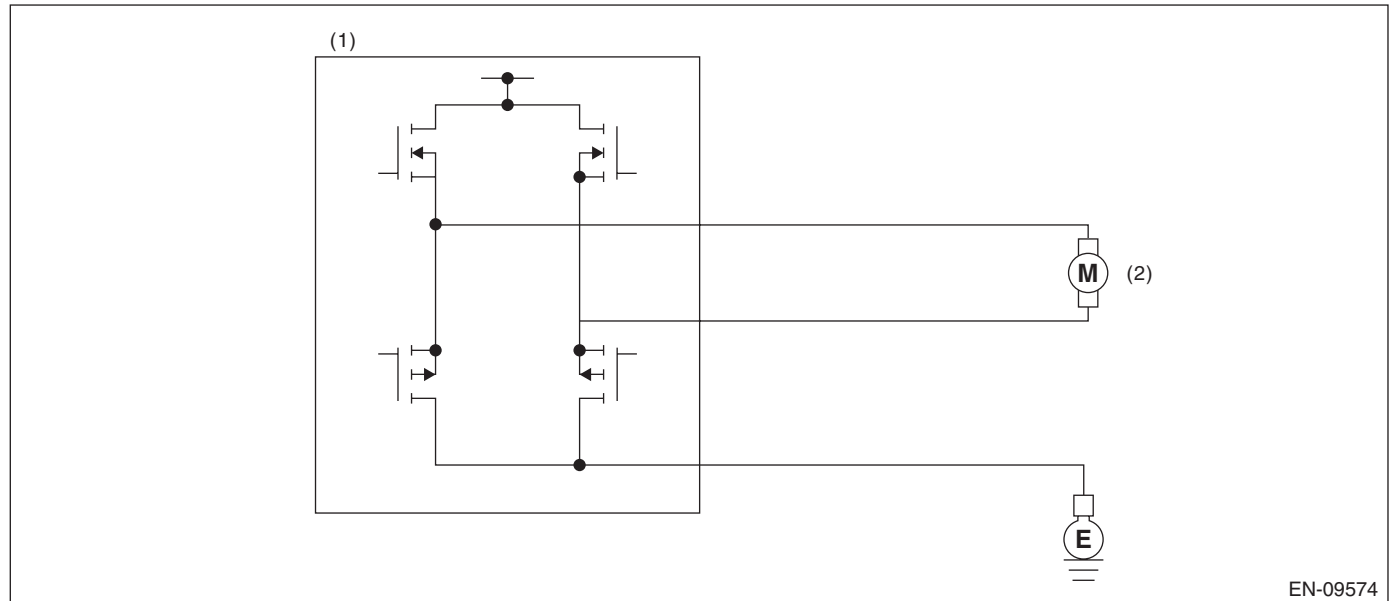
Time Needed for Diagnosis: 4600 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

EI: DTC P2009 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1)**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of tumble generator valve motor.

Judge as NG when the overcurrent signal is sent from IC after tumble generator valve driving IC diagnosis.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(1) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Tumble generator valve

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Tumble generator valve drive signal	Open or Closed

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

At the main IC, check the received signal at each timing which occurs just before the tumble generator valve output is set to OFF → ON, and judge overcurrent NG when the overcurrent NG signal is sent 1000 ms in a row.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Overcurrent signal from tumble generator valve drive IC	ON

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 96 ms × 10 time(s)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

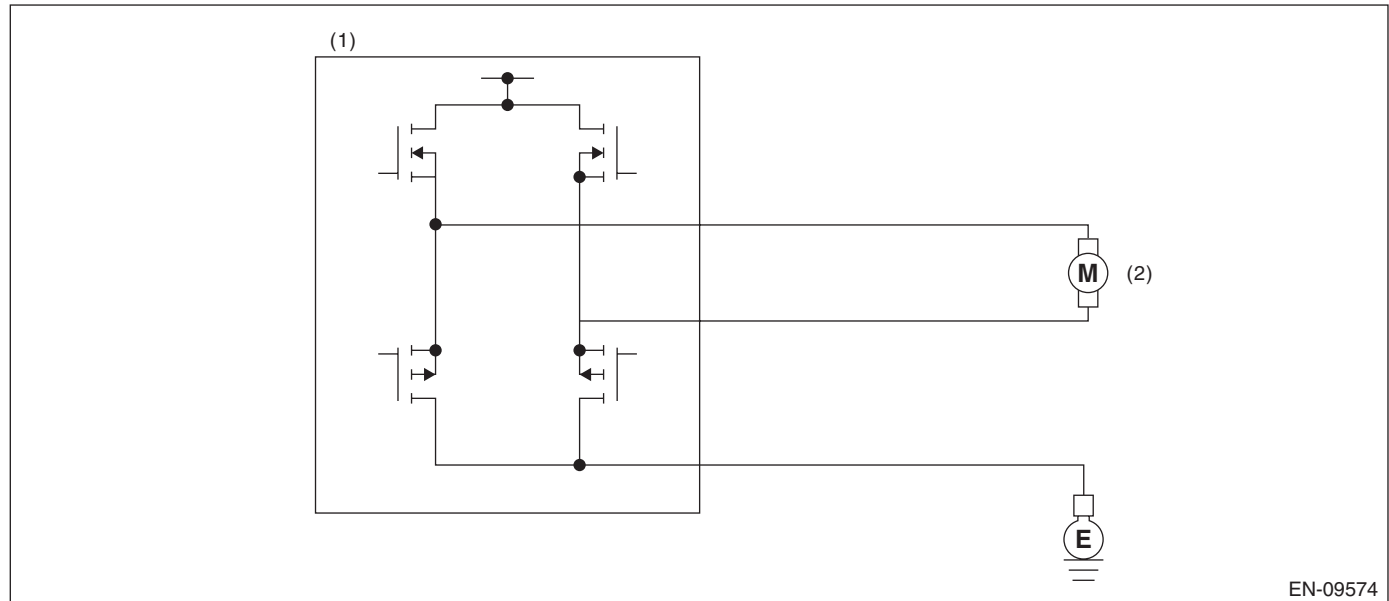
EJ:DTC P2012 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of tumble generator valve motor.

Judge as NG when the overcurrent signal is sent from IC after tumble generator valve driving IC diagnosis.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Tumble generator valve

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Tumble generator valve drive signal	Open or Closed

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

At the main IC, check the received signal at each timing which occurs just before the tumble generator valve output is set to OFF → ON, and judge overcurrent NG when the overcurrent NG signal is sent 1000 ms in a row.

Judgment Value

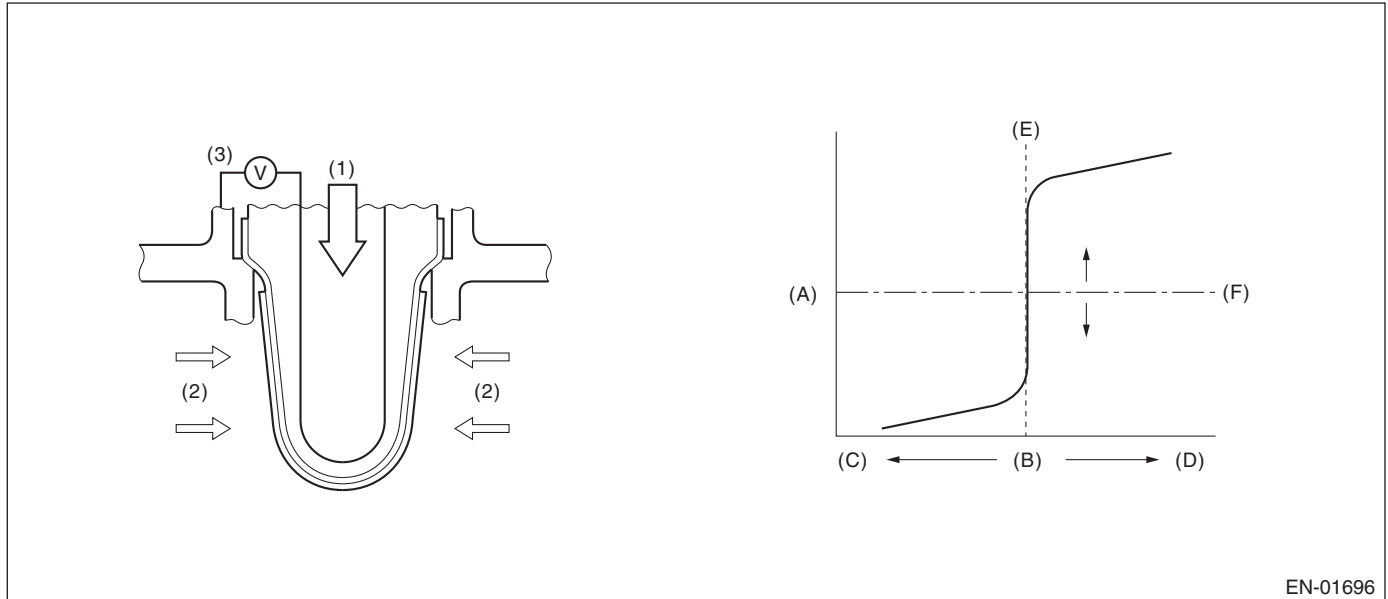
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Overcurrent signal from tumble generator valve drive IC	ON

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

EK:DTC P2096 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1)**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the malfunction of fuel system from the size of the sub feedback learning value.
Control the sub feedback learning and judge as NG when the learning value is in the lean zone.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-01696

(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Lean

(D) Rich

(E) Theoretical air fuel ratio

(F) Comparative voltage

(1) Atmosphere

(2) Exhaust gas

(3) Electromotive force

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Sub feedback	In operation
Amount of intake air	$\geq 10 \text{ g/s}$ (0.35 oz/s)
Engine load change every 0.5 engine revs.	$< 0.02 \text{ g/rev}$ (0 oz/rev)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously when the vehicle is idling or running at a constant speed of 80 km/h (50 MPH) or more.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sub feedback learning value	< -0.051 (CVT model) < -0.055 (MT model)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 s

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

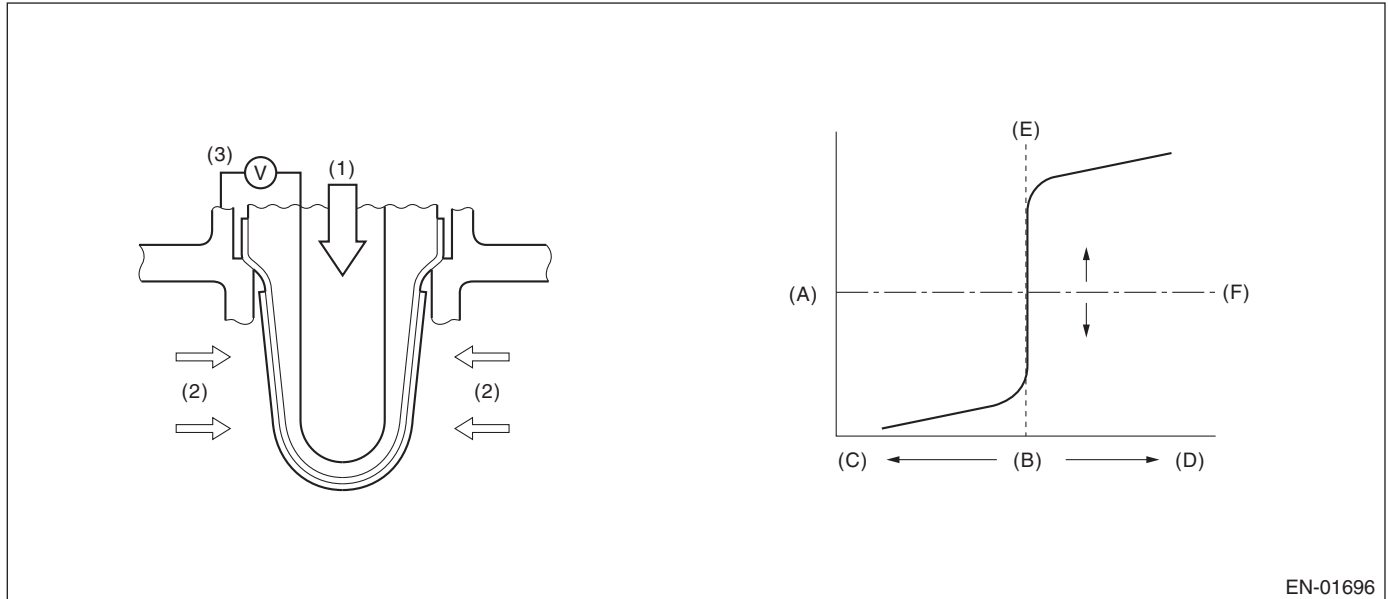
EL:DTC P2097 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of fuel system from the size of the sub feedback learning value.

Sub feedback learning is being performed. When the learning value goes to the rich side, judge as NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01696

(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Lean

(D) Rich

(E) Theoretical air fuel ratio

(F) Comparative voltage

(1) Atmosphere

(2) Exhaust gas

(3) Electromotive force

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Sub feedback	In operation
Amount of intake air	≥ 10 g/s (0.35 oz/s)
Engine load change every 0.5 engine revs.	< 0.02 g/rev (0 oz/rev)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously when the vehicle is idling or running at a constant speed of 80 km/h (50 MPH) or more.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sub feedback learning value	≥ 0.032 (CVT model) ≥ 0.033 (MT model)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 s

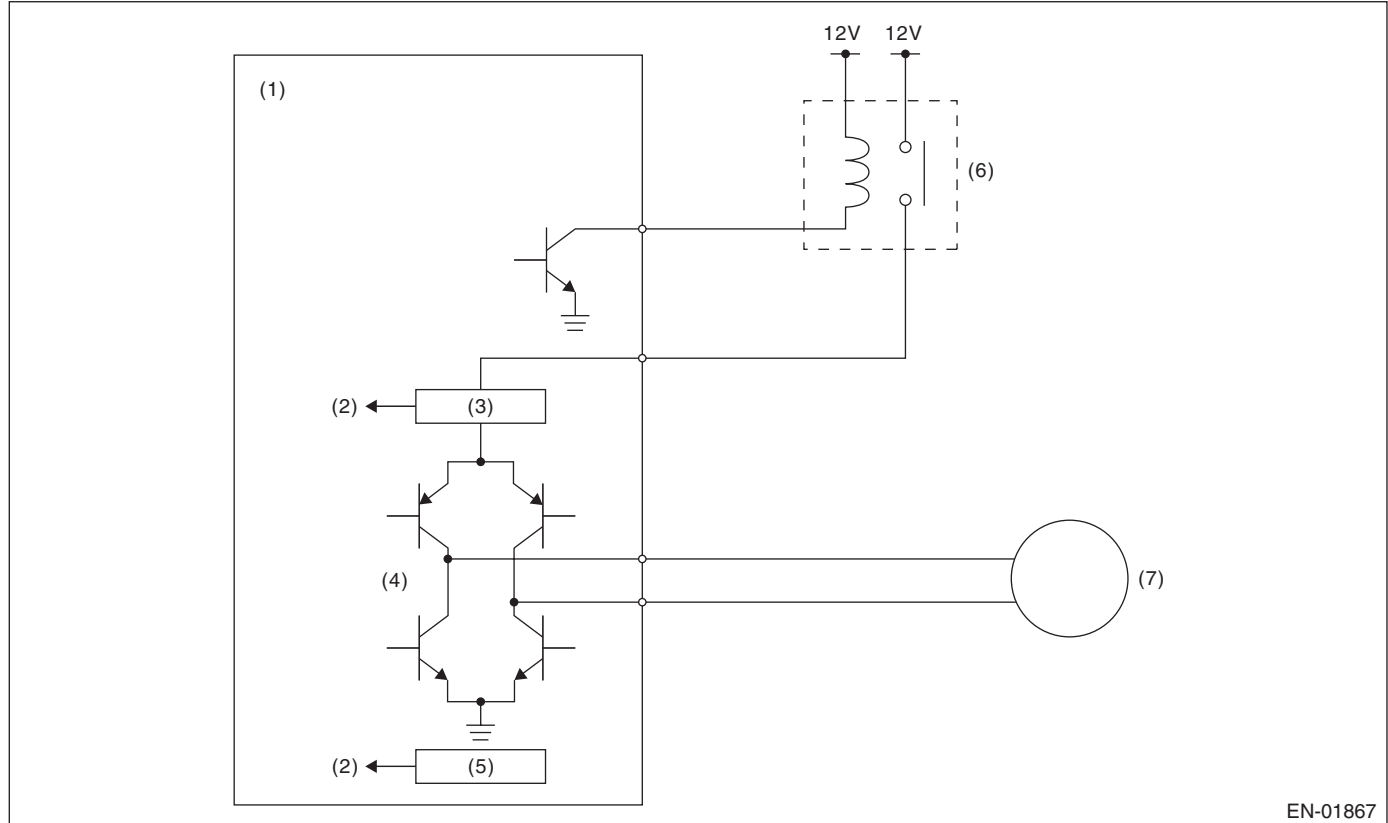
Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

EM:DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/ PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the motor current becomes large or drive circuit is heated.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01867

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| (1) Engine control module (ECM) | (4) Drive circuit | (6) Electronic throttle control relay |
| (2) Detecting circuit | (5) Temperature detection circuit | (7) Motor |
| (3) Overcurrent detection circuit | | |

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6.2 \text{ V}$
Electronic throttle control relay output	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Overcurrent signal from driver	ON

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 512 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

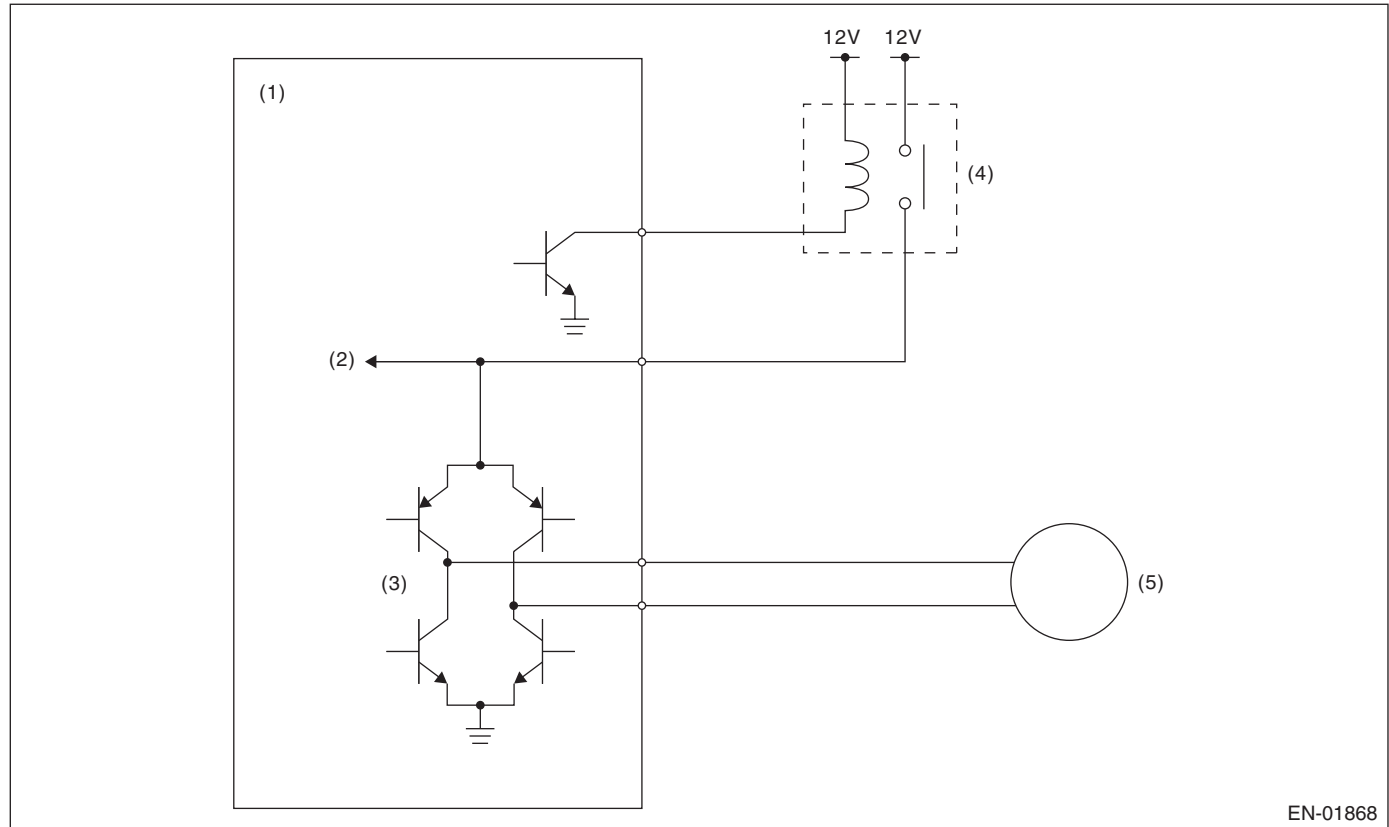
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

EN:DTC P2102 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the electronic throttle control power is not supplied even when ECM sets the electronic throttle control relay to ON.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01868

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| (1) Engine control module (ECM) | (3) Drive circuit | (5) Motor |
| (2) Voltage detection circuit | (4) Electronic throttle control relay | |

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 11\text{ V}$
Electronic throttle control relay output	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

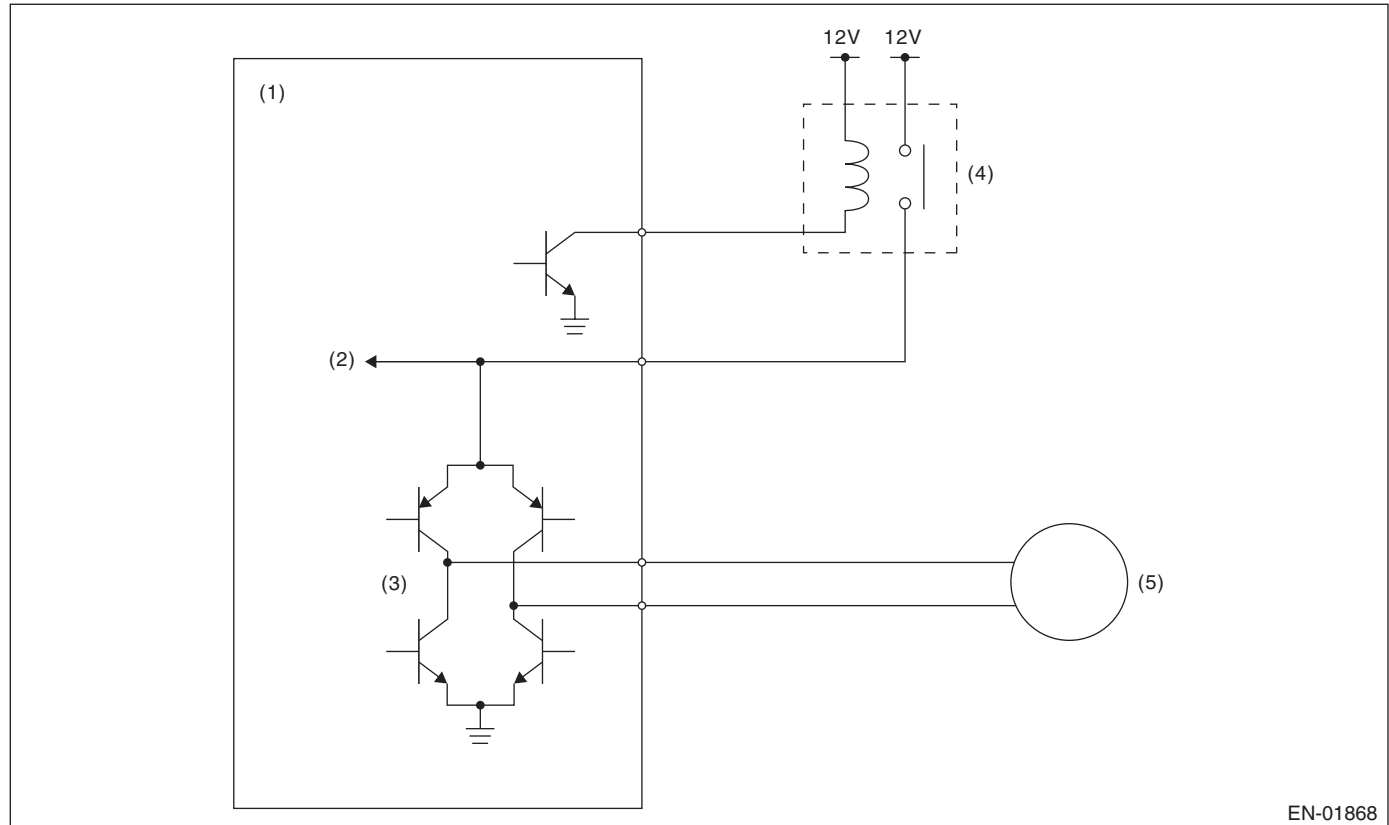
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Motor power voltage	$\leq 5\text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 352 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

EO:DTC P2103 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Judge as NG when the electronic throttle control power is supplied even when ECM sets the electronic throttle control relay to OFF.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-01868

(1) Engine control module (ECM)

(3) Drive circuit

(5) Motor

(2) Voltage detection circuit

(4) Electronic throttle control relay

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6\text{ V}$
Electronic throttle control relay output	OFF

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- When ignition switch ON → OFF
- Ignition switch OFF → ON (Only after clearing memory)

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Motor power voltage	$\geq 5\text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 600 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

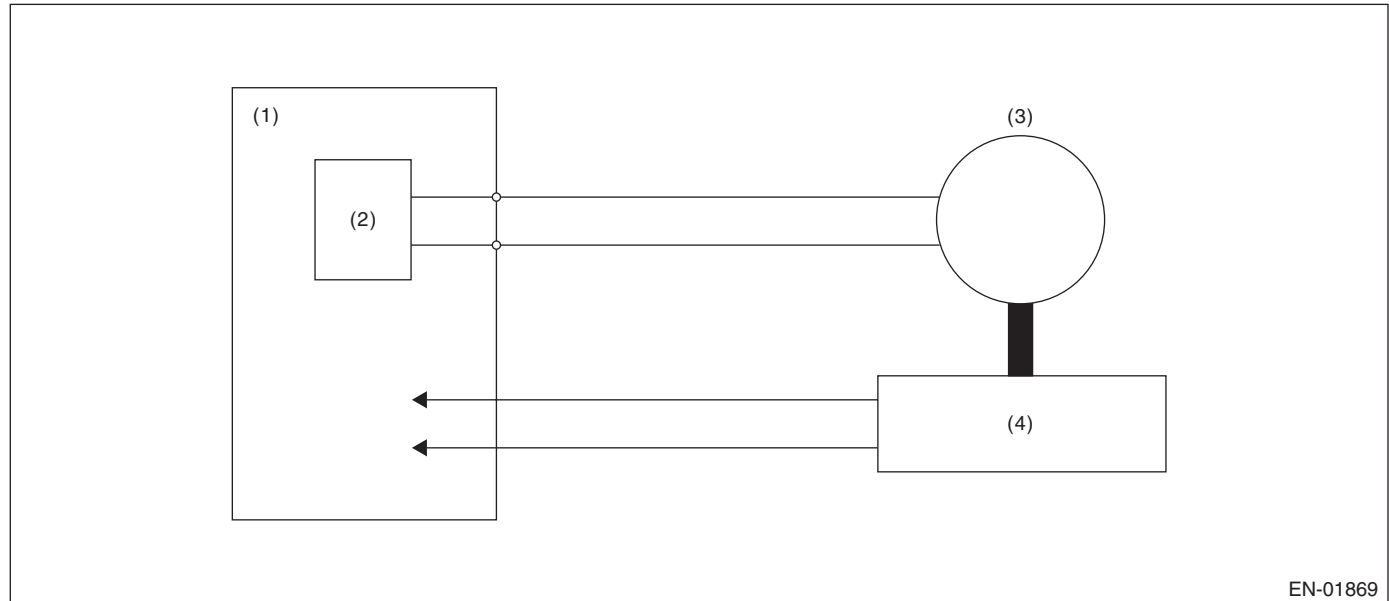
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

EP:DTC P2109 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR “A” MINIMUM STOP PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when full close point learning cannot conducted or abnormal value is detected.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01869

(1) Engine control module (ECM)

(3) Motor

(4) Throttle position sensor

(2) Drive circuit

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis at full closed point learning.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

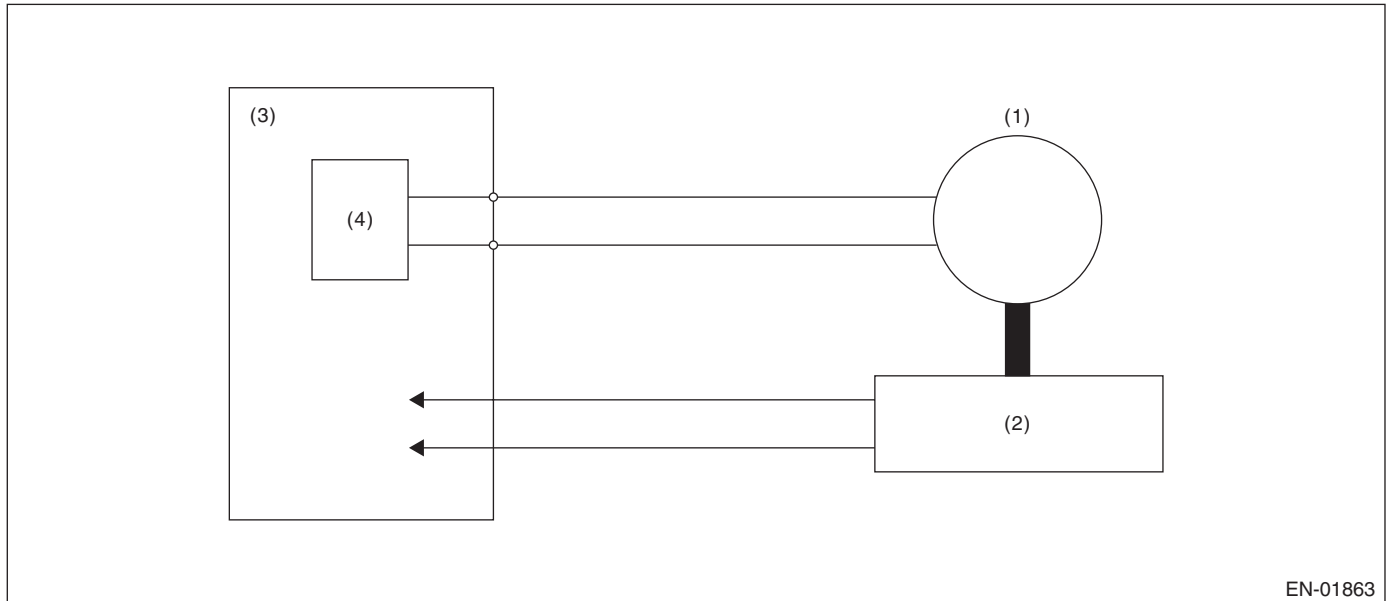
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Throttle sensor opening angle at full close point learning	$< 9.975^\circ$ or $> 20.025^\circ$
or Throttle opening angle when the ignition switch is ON – Throttle minimum stop position	$< 1.162^\circ$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 8 ms — 80 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

EQ:DTC P2119 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL THROTTLE BODY RANGE/ PERFORMANCE**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Judge as NG when the target opening angle and actual opening angle is mismatched or the current to motor is the specified duty or more for specified time continuously.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EN-01863

(1) Motor

(3) Engine control module (ECM)

(4) Drive circuit

(2) Throttle position sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6.2 \text{ V}$
Electronic throttle control relay	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously when the electronic throttle control is operating.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG if the criteria below are met.

Diagnosis 1

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output duty to drive circuit	$\geq 95\%$

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

- Engine speed ≥ 500 rpm: 2000 ms
- Engine speed < 500 rpm: 5000 ms

Diagnosis 2

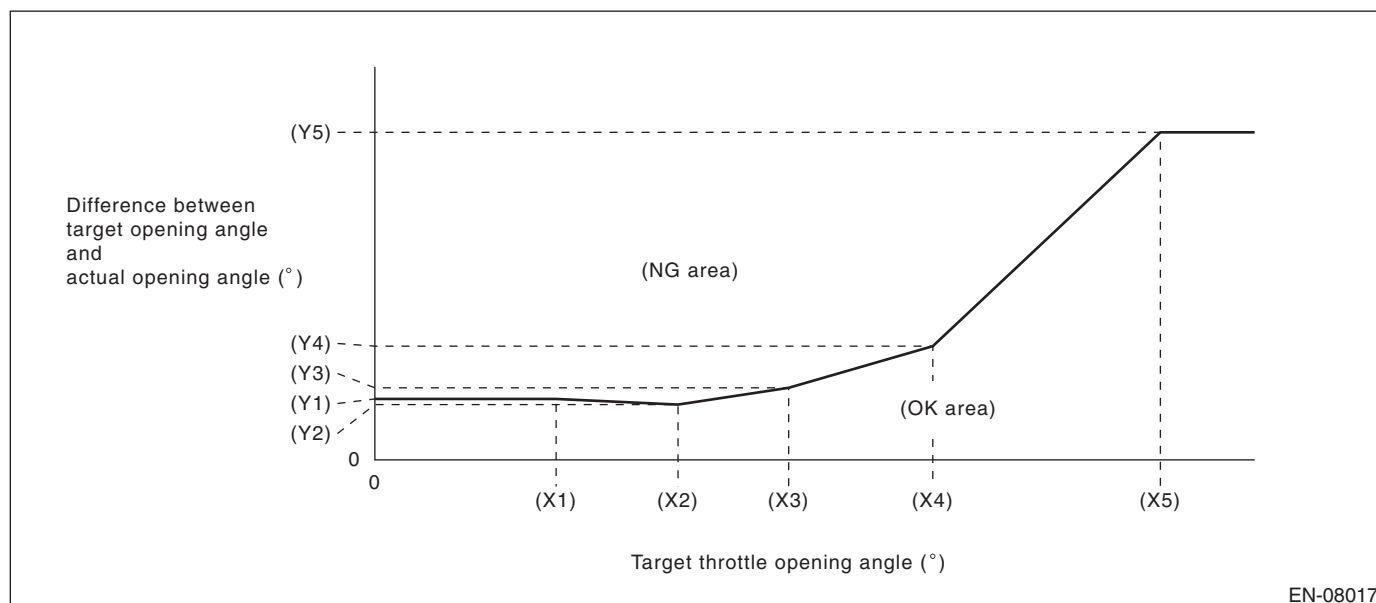
Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Difference between target opening angle and actual opening angle	Within NG range of Details of Judgment value

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

- Engine speed ≥ 500 rpm: Refer to **Details of Judgment time**.
- Engine speed < 500 rpm: 5000 ms

Details of Judgment Value



EN-08017

(X1) 6.915 °

(X2) 11.565 °

(X3) 15.785 °

(X4) 21.285 °

(X5) 29.965 °

(Y1) 4.65 °

(Y2) 4.22 °

(Y3) 5.5 °

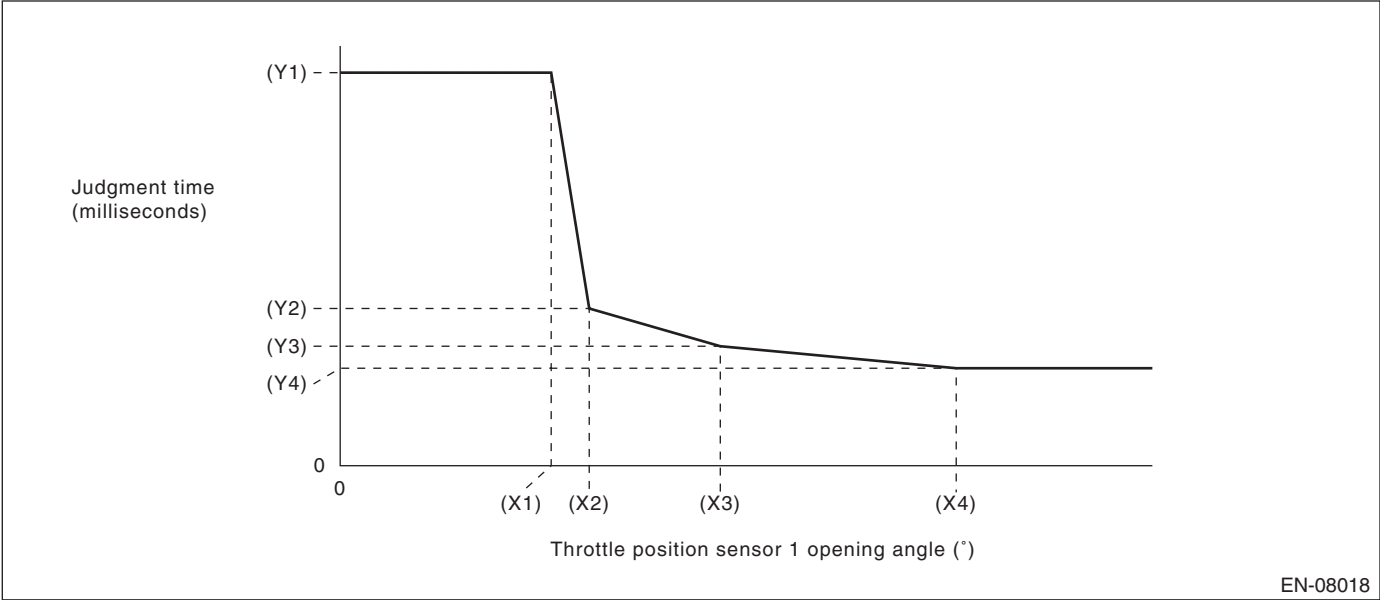
(Y4) 8.68 °

(Y5) 25 °

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Details of Judgment time



(X1) 8.049999237 °
(X4) 23.5 °

(X2) 9.5 °

(X3) 14.5 °

(Y1) 1000 ms
(Y4) 248 ms

(Y2) 400 ms

(Y3) 304 ms

NOTE:
Judgment time is always 1000 milliseconds when actual opening angle < target opening angle.
Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

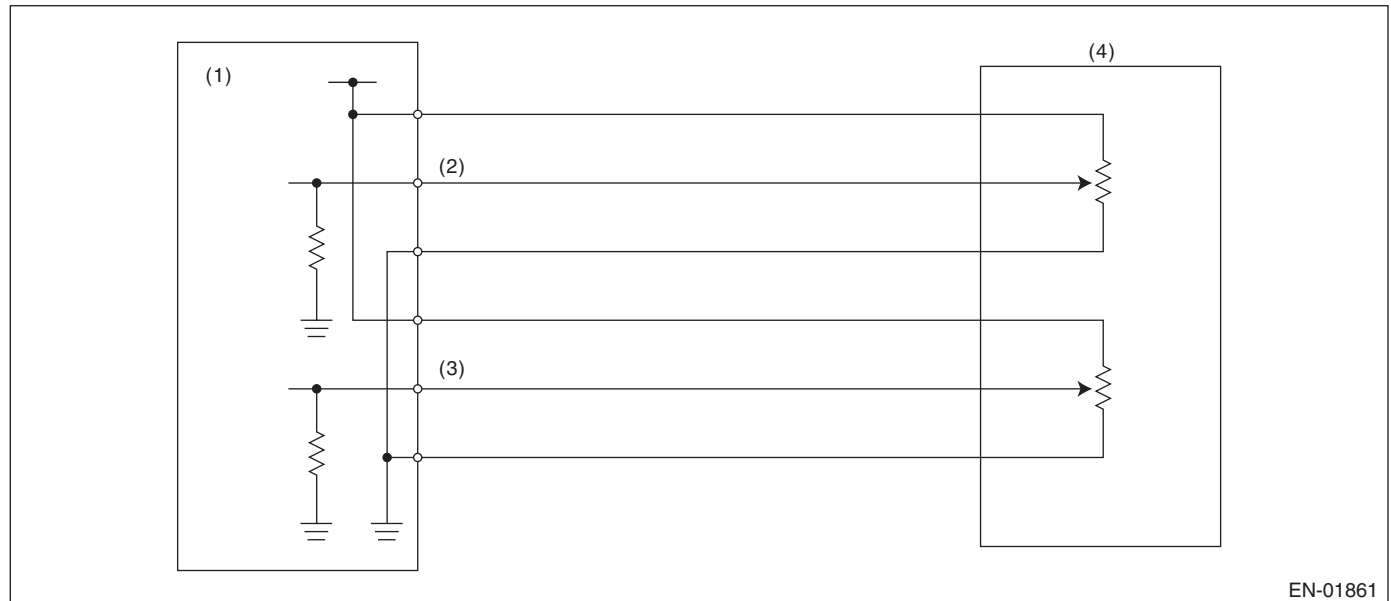
ER:DTC P2122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “D” CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 1.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM) (3) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	$< 0.298 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

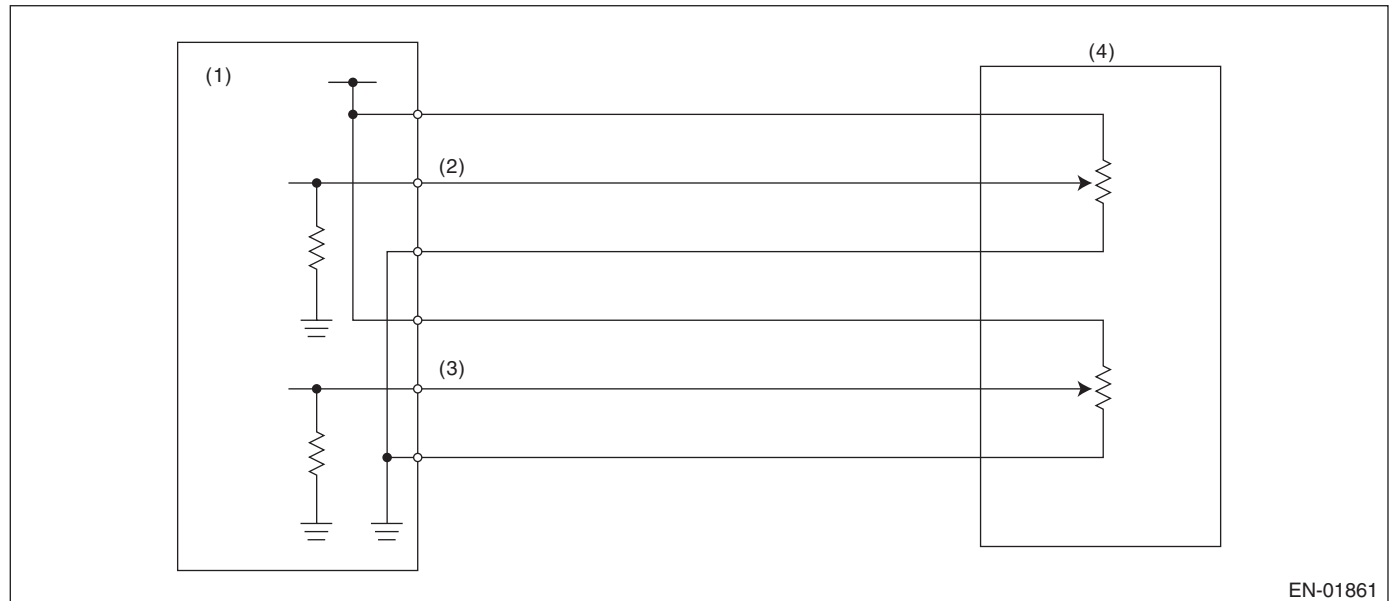
ES:DTC P2123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “D” CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 1.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01861

- (1) Engine control module (ECM) (3) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	$\geq 4.737 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 32 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

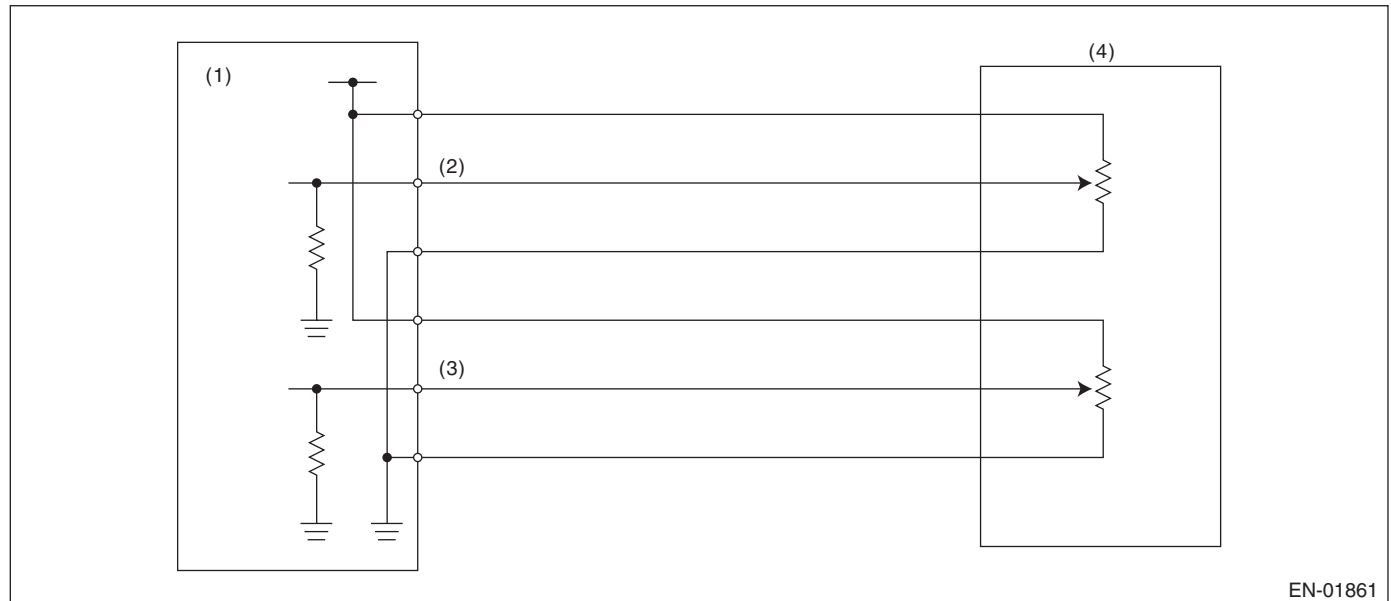
ET:DTC P2127 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “E” CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 2.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM) (3) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6\text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	$< 0.298\text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

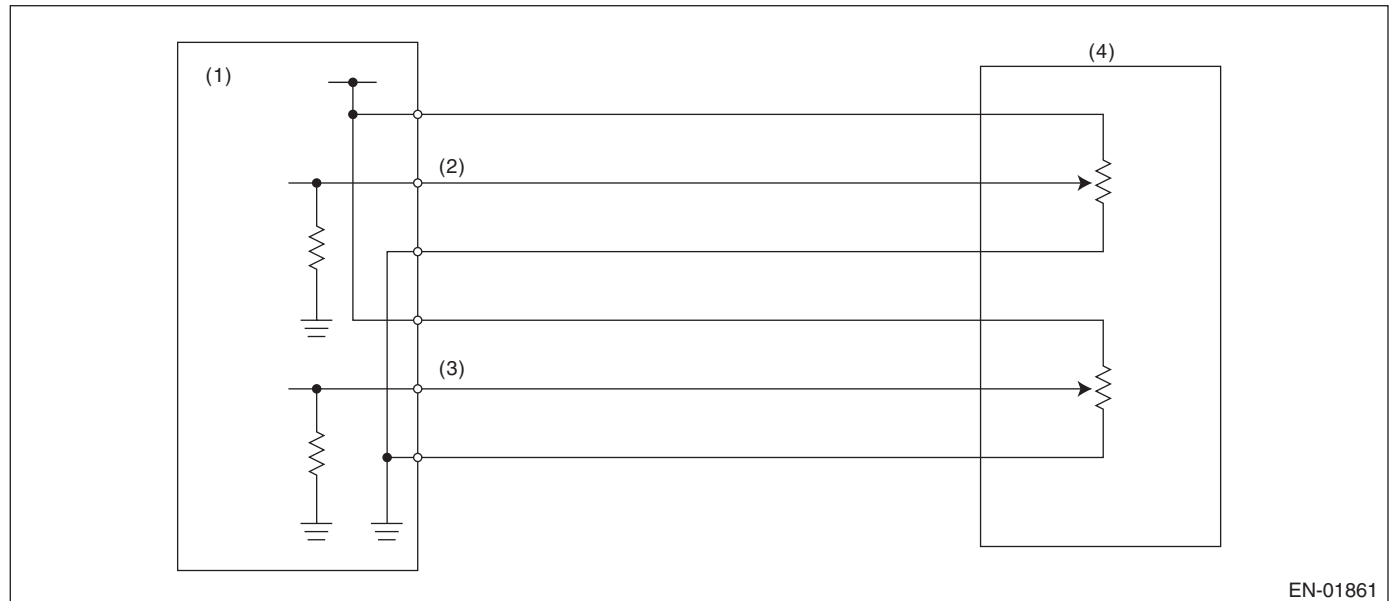
EU:DTC P2128 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “E” CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 2.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-01861

- (1) Engine control module (ECM) (3) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	$\geq 4.737 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

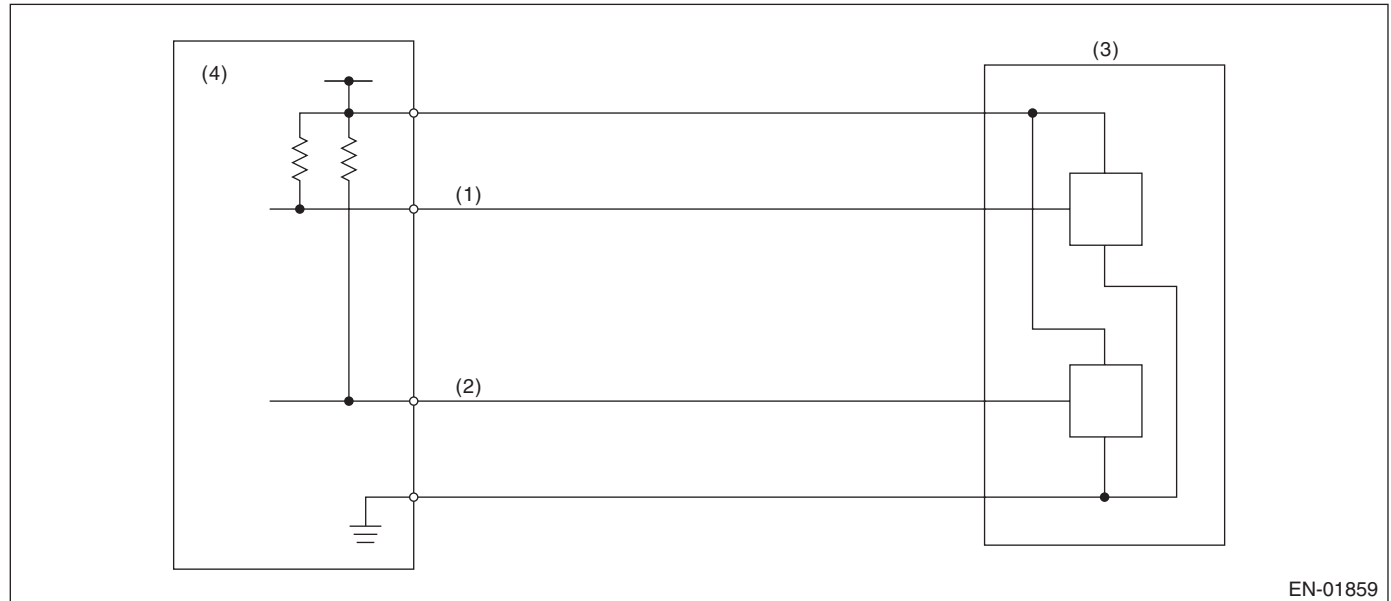
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

EV:DTC P2135 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “A”/“B” VOLT-AGE CORRELATION

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the signal level of throttle position sensor 1 is different from the throttle position sensor 2.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal

(3) Throttle position sensor

(4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6\text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

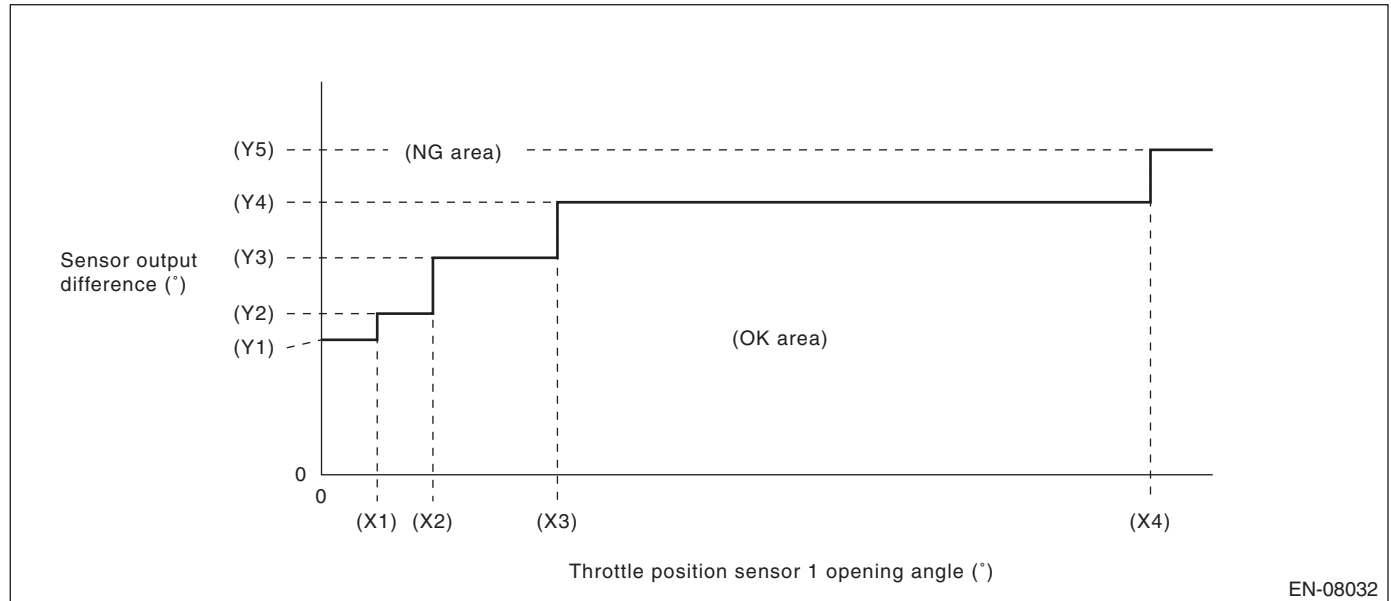
5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Signal difference between two sensors	Within NG range of Details of Judgment value

Details of Judgment Value



EN-08032

(X1) 2.125 °	(X2) 4.25 °	(X3) 9 °
(X4) 31.625 °		
(Y1) 4.736 °	(Y2) 5.736 °	(Y3) 7.861 °
(Y4) 9.986 °	(Y5) 11.986 °	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 212 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

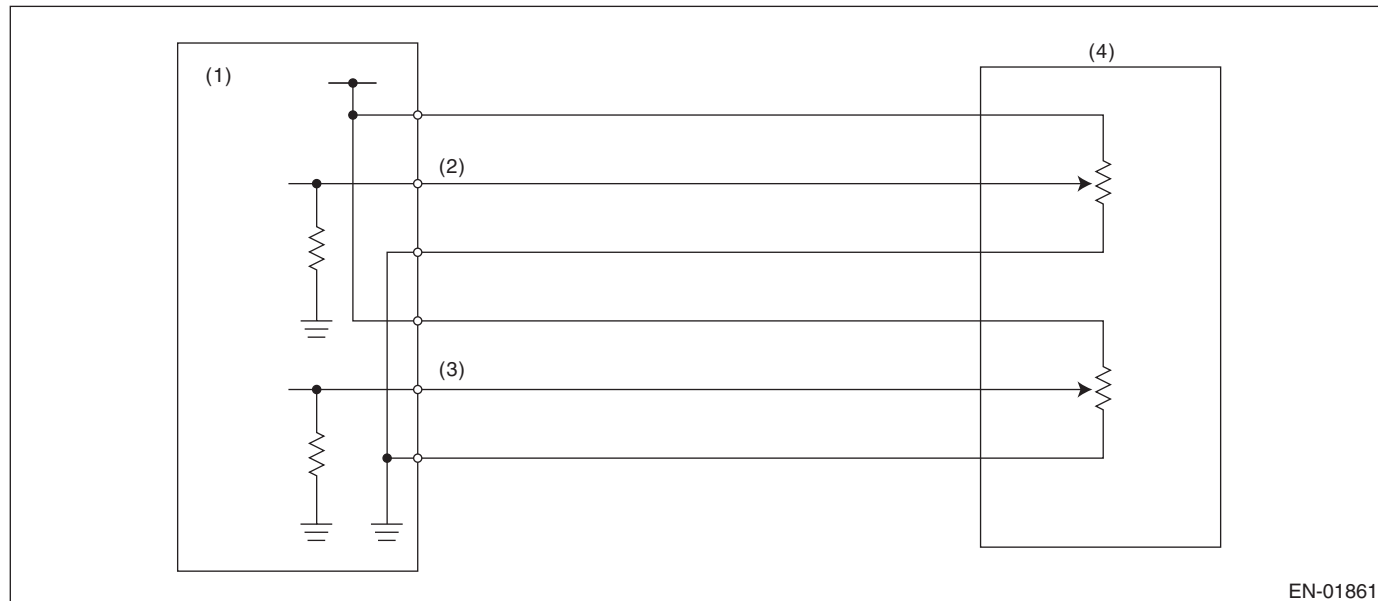
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

EW:DTC P2138 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH “D”/“E” VOLT-AGE CORRELATION

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the signal level of throttle position sensor 1 is different from the throttle position sensor 2.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM) (3) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 6 \text{ V}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

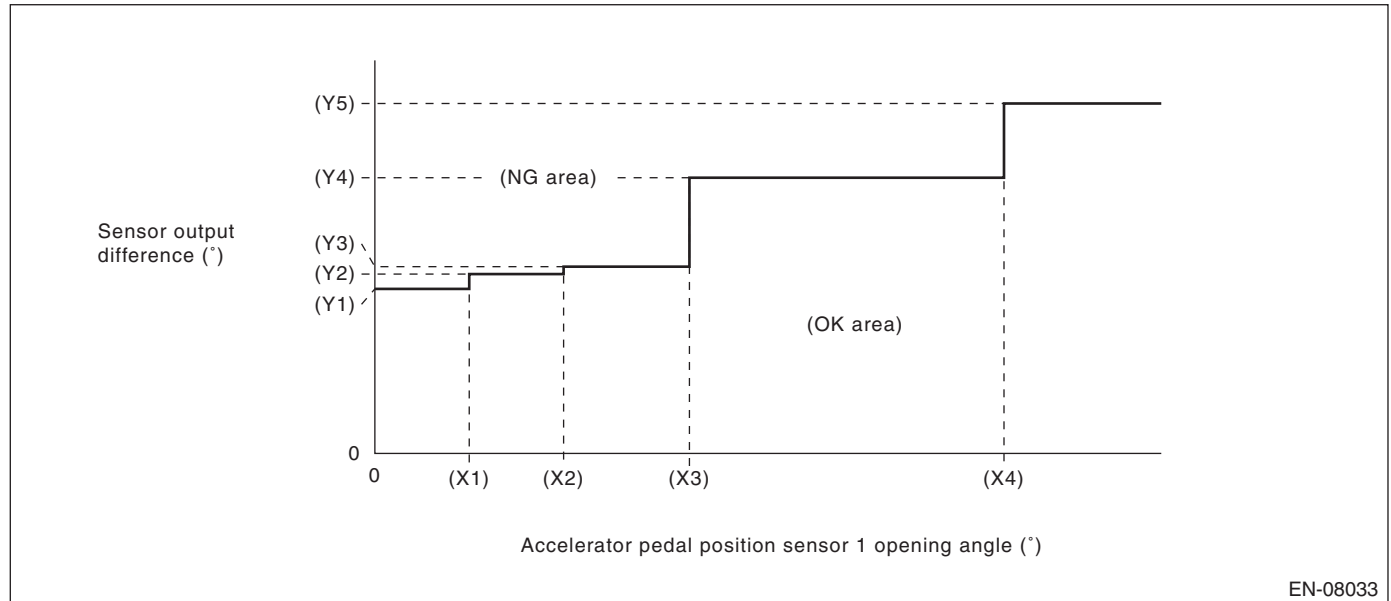
5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Signal difference between two sensors	Within NG range of Details of Judgment value

Details of Judgment Value



(X1) 0.6 °	(X2) 1.2 °	(X3) 2 °
(X4) 4 °		
(Y1) 1.465 °	(Y2) 1.597 °	(Y3) 1.663 °
(Y4) 2.455 °	(Y5) 3.116 °	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 116 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

EX:DTC P2158 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR "B"

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when outside of the judgment value.

Judge NG when the received data from VDCCM&H/U is abnormal vehicle speed, and the vehicle speed data is impossible.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Vehicle speed signals are taken in to the VDC control module and hydraulic control unit, and normal/erroneous data of the ABS wheel speed sensor is received by CAN communication from the VDC control module and hydraulic control unit.

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously after the enable conditions have been established.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Speed of LH wheel received from VDC control module & hydraulic control unit	≥ 300 km/h (186.4 MPH)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

EY:DTC P2195 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect that λ value remains low.

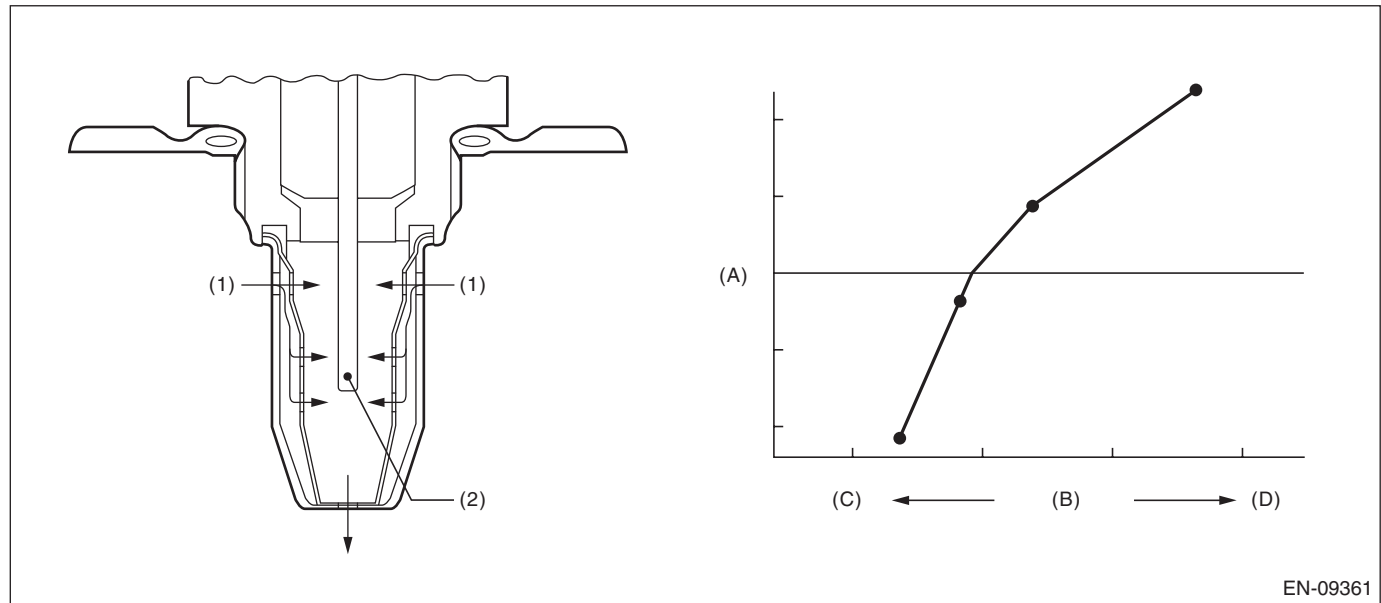
Judge as NG when lambda value is abnormal in accordance with λ value of front oxygen (A/F) sensor and running conditions such as vehicle speed, amount of intake air, engine coolant temperature, sub feedback control, etc.

λ value = Actual air fuel ratio/Theoretical air fuel ratio

$\lambda > 1$: Lean

$\lambda < 1$: Rich

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-09361

(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Rich

(D) Lean

(1) Exhaust gas

(2) ZrO₂

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	> 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Vehicle speed	≥ 20 km/h (12.4 MPH)
Amount of intake air	≥ 6 g/s (0.21 oz/s)
Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback	Execution
Rear oxygen sensor output voltage – Feedback target voltage or Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient or Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient	-0.2 V— 0.1 V On Min. On Max.

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after the enable conditions have been established.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
λ value	≤ 0.85

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

EZ:DTC P2196 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK RICH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect that λ value remains high.

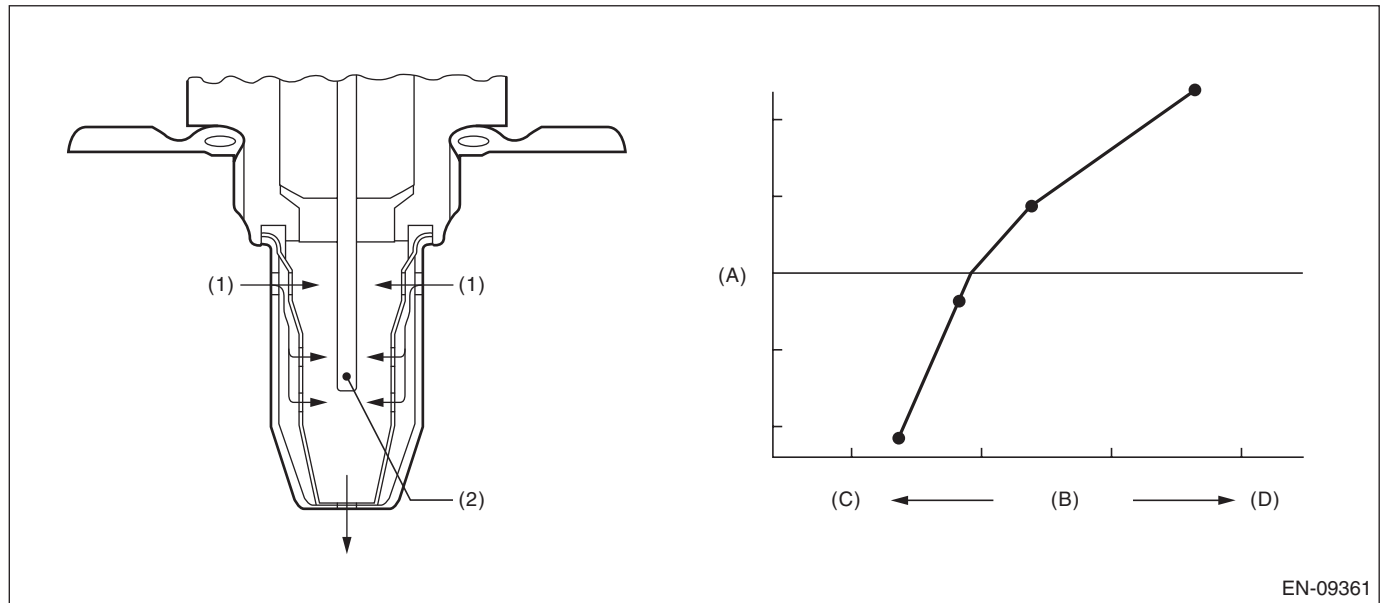
Judge as NG when lambda value is abnormal in accordance with λ value of front oxygen (A/F) sensor and running conditions such as vehicle speed, amount of intake air, engine coolant temperature, sub feedback control, etc.

λ value = Actual air fuel ratio/Theoretical air fuel ratio

$\lambda > 1$: Lean

$\lambda < 1$: Rich

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Rich

(D) Lean

(1) Exhaust gas

(2) ZrO₂

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	> 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Vehicle speed	≥ 20 km/h (12.4 MPH)
Amount of intake air	≥ 6 g/s (0.21 oz/s)
Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback	Execution
Rear oxygen sensor output voltage – Feedback target voltage or Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient or Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient	-0.2 V— 0.1 V On Min. On Max.

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after the enable conditions have been established.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
λ value	≥ 1.15

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

FA:DTC P219A BANK 1 AIR-FUEL RATIO IMBALANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

This diagnostic monitor performs a functional check of the fuel system to determine an air-fuel ratio cylinder imbalance.

This diagnosis is composed of two monitors.

The outline of “monitor A1” is as follows. When an air-fuel ratio cylinder imbalance occurs, the primary oxygen sensor output signal will oscillate with increased amplitude. This monitor utilizes this behavior to make a diagnosis. The monitor integrates the difference between the amplification value and the mean value of the first oxygen sensor output signal and compares it to a threshold to make a judgment.

The outline of “monitor B1” is as follows. Similarly, when an imbalance occurs, the engine speed also fluctuates with increased amplitude. This monitor utilizes this behavior to make a diagnosis. For reference, it should be noted that this imbalance monitor method is actually similar to the current misfire diagnostic monitor, and the parameter “domg360” (units: degrees CA) is shared between the imbalance and misfire monitors. The imbalance monitor is performed during idle condition when the engine is warm. The monitor integrates the count of “domg360” which exceeds a threshold in 1,000 revolution.

When both the “monitor A1” value and the “monitor B1” value exceed a predetermined threshold, this monitor determines a malfunction and stores a fault code.

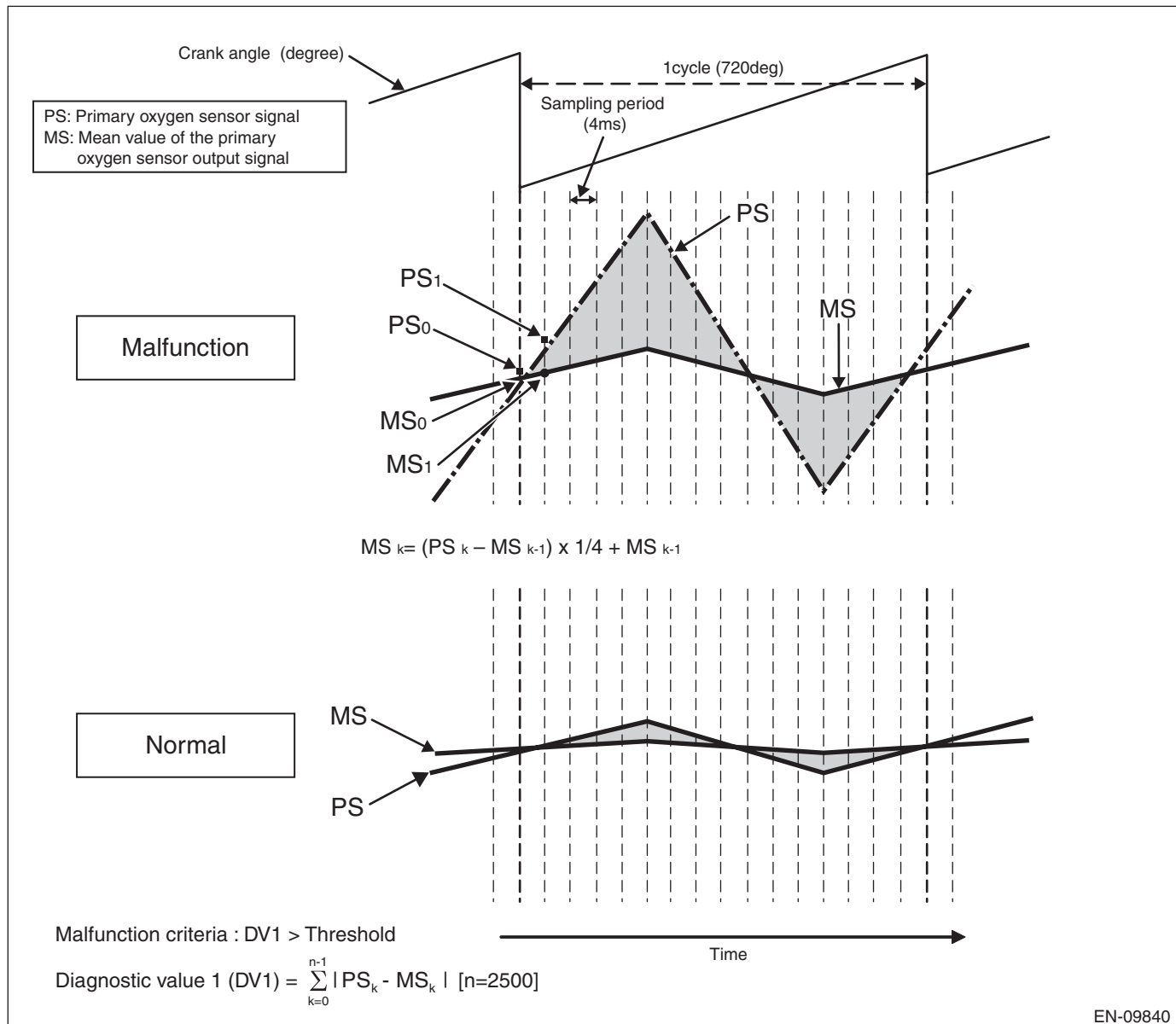
Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Monitor A1

When there is an air-fuel ratio cylinder imbalance malfunction, the primary oxygen sensor output fluctuates widely compared with a normal sensor, as shown by the chain line in Figure 1 below. This monitor makes a diagnosis based on this phenomenon. Each primary oxygen sensor signal (PS) and mean value of the primary oxygen sensor signal (MS) is calculated from the primary oxygen sensor signal. The absolute values of (PS – MS) are sampled every 4 ms as shown in the figure. Diagnostic value 1 (DV1) is obtained by integrating the absolute value of (PS – MS) for 2,500 times. A malfunction is determined when DV1 exceeds the threshold. The judgment values are determined experimentally.

Figure 1. Compare malfunctioned primary oxygen sensor output with a normal sensor



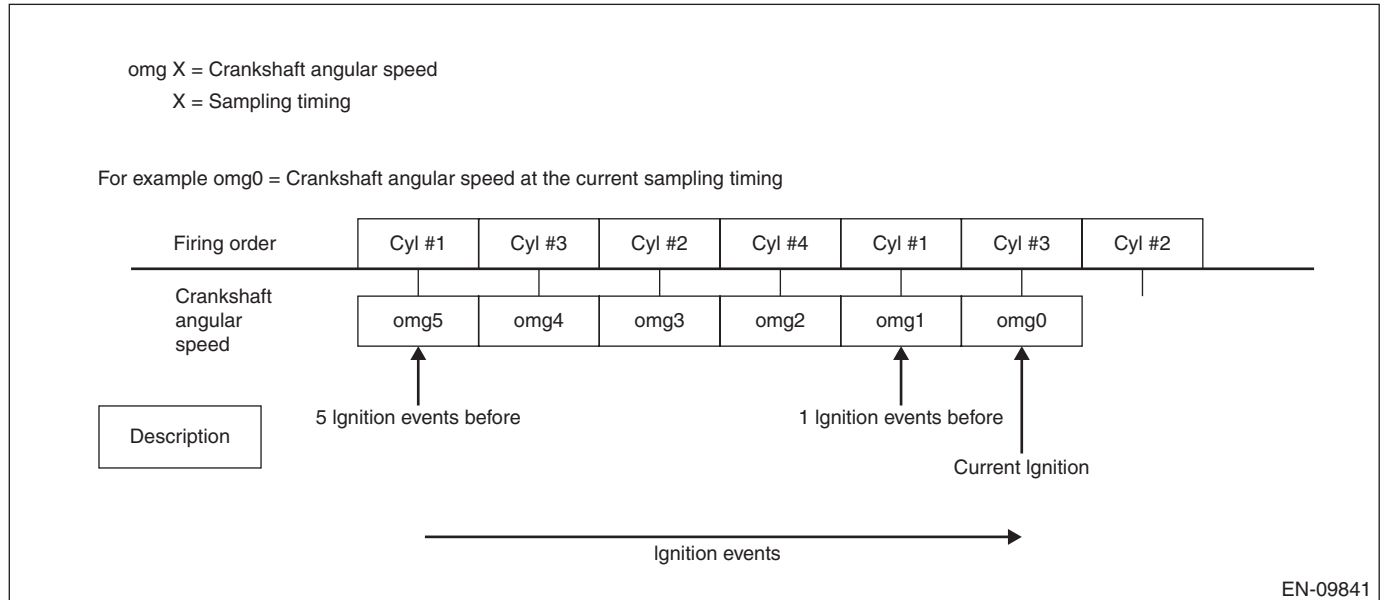
Monitor B1

Method used: Difference method of 360 degrees CA

Monitor value: $\text{domg360} = (\text{omg } 1 - \text{omg } 0) - (\text{omg } 3 - \text{omg } 2) = \text{angular speed}$

Each crankshaft angular speed is defined as Figure 2 below.

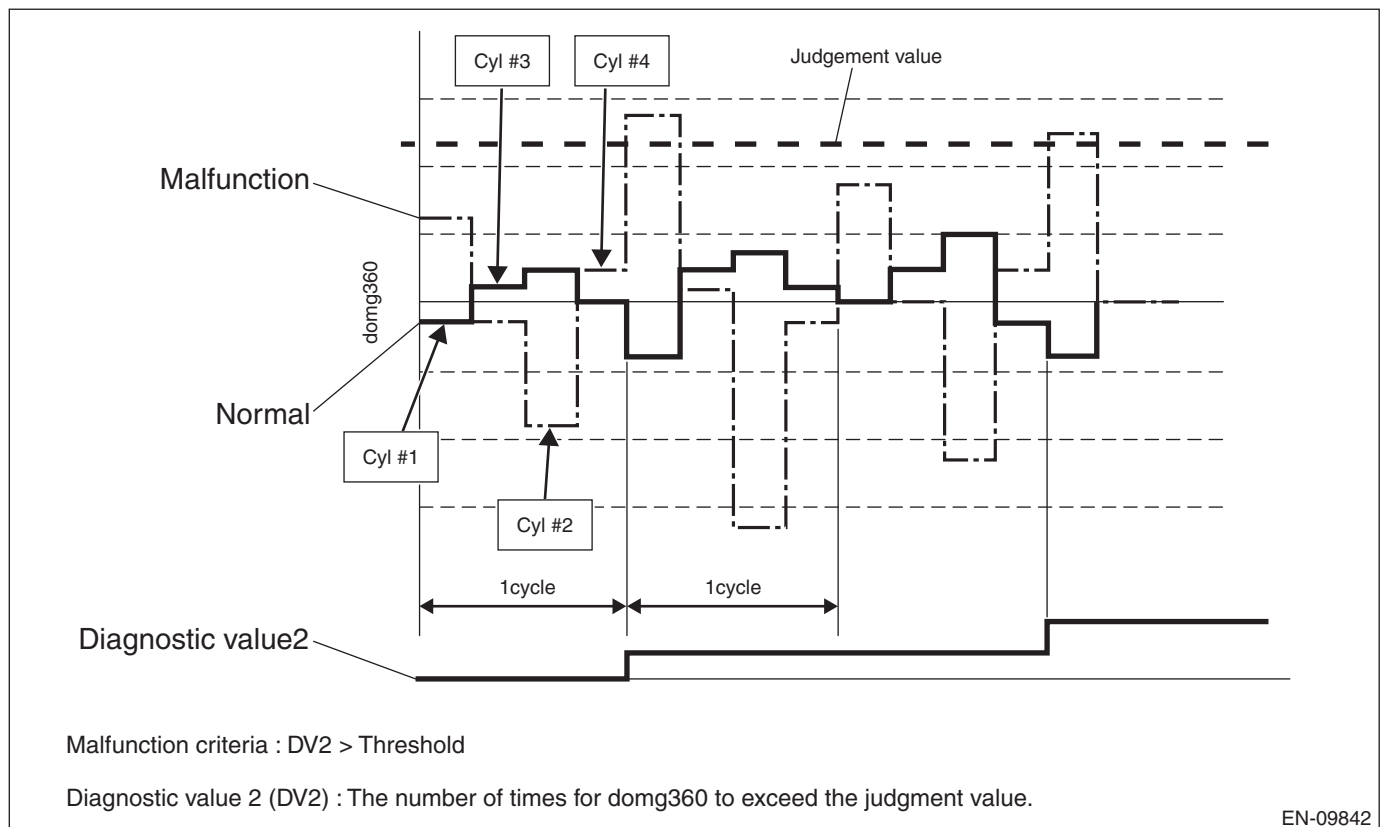
Figure 2. Description of domg360 output



This method uses the fact that the domg360 of lean conditioned cylinder caused by imbalance malfunction indicates big value, as shown by the chain line in Figure 3 below.

The number of times for domg360 to exceed the judgment value in 1,000 revolutions (500 cycles) is calculated as diagnostic value 2 (DV2). A malfunction is determined when DV2 exceeds the threshold.

Figure 3. Compare malfunctioned domg360 output with a normal output



Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Monitor A1: Primary oxygen sensor fluctuation

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	≥ 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Closed loop control with primary oxygen sensor	Active
Engine speed	> 1400 rpm and < 3000 rpm
Intake air mass	≥ 0.9 g/rev (0.03 oz/rev) (CVT model) ≥ 0.9 g/rev (0.03 oz/rev) (MT model)

Monitor B1: Crankshaft speed fluctuation

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Misfire diagnosis monitor	Active
Accelerator pedal position	= 0%
Vehicle speed	≤ 2 km/h (1.2 MPH)
Engine speed	> 450 rpm and < 900 rpm (CVT model) > 500 rpm and < 900 rpm (MT model)
Intake air mass per revolution	> 0 g/rev (0 oz/rev) and < 0.5 g/rev (0.02 oz/rev) (CVT model) > 0 g/rev (0 oz/rev) and < 0.4 g/rev (0.01 oz/rev) (MT model)

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when Monitor A1 and Monitor B1 are both NG, and when either is OK, judge as OK.

Monitor A1

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Diagnostic value 1 (DV1)	> Threshold value 1 (TV1)

Threshold value 1 (TV1):

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \text{Map}_k$$

[n=2500]

EN-09888

Map (CVT model)

		Engine load (g/rev (oz/rev))				
		0.8 (0.03)	0.9 (0.03)	1 (0.04)	1.1 (0.04)	1.2 (0.04)
Engine speed (rpm)	1400	0.015224	0.021900	0.027964	0.036184	0.033342
	1600	0.019831	0.0322	0.030819	0.037736	0.034578
	1800	0.016229	0.0231	0.023019	0.028572	0.032015
	2000	0.014416	0.017476	0.021986	0.025152	0.031138
	2200	0.014970	0.0205	0.0244	0.0342	0.038278
	2400	0.016596	0.021058	0.027574	0.035320	0.040443
	2600	0.017777	0.023760	0.028024	0.033470	0.037612
	2800	0.016837	0.020633	0.024428	0.033470	0.037612

Map (MT model)

		Engine load (g/rev (oz/rev))				
		0.8 (0.03)	0.9 (0.03)	1 (0.04)	1.1 (0.04)	1.2 (0.04)
Engine speed (rpm)	1400	0.015224	0.021900	0.027964	0.036184	0.033342
	1600	0.019831	0.025623	0.030819	0.037736	0.034578
	1800	0.016229	0.021391	0.023019	0.028572	0.032015
	2000	0.014416	0.017476	0.021986	0.025152	0.031138
	2200	0.014970	0.020520	0.027191	0.031733	0.038278
	2400	0.016596	0.021058	0.027574	0.035320	0.040443
	2600	0.017777	0.023760	0.028024	0.033470	0.037612
	2800	0.016837	0.020633	0.024428	0.033470	0.037612

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

- 4 ms × 2500 time(s) (CVT model)
- 4 ms × 2500 time(s) (MT model)

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Monitor B1

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Diagnostic Value2 (DV2)	> 45 time(s) (CVT model) > 30 time(s) (MT model)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

FB:DTC P2270 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

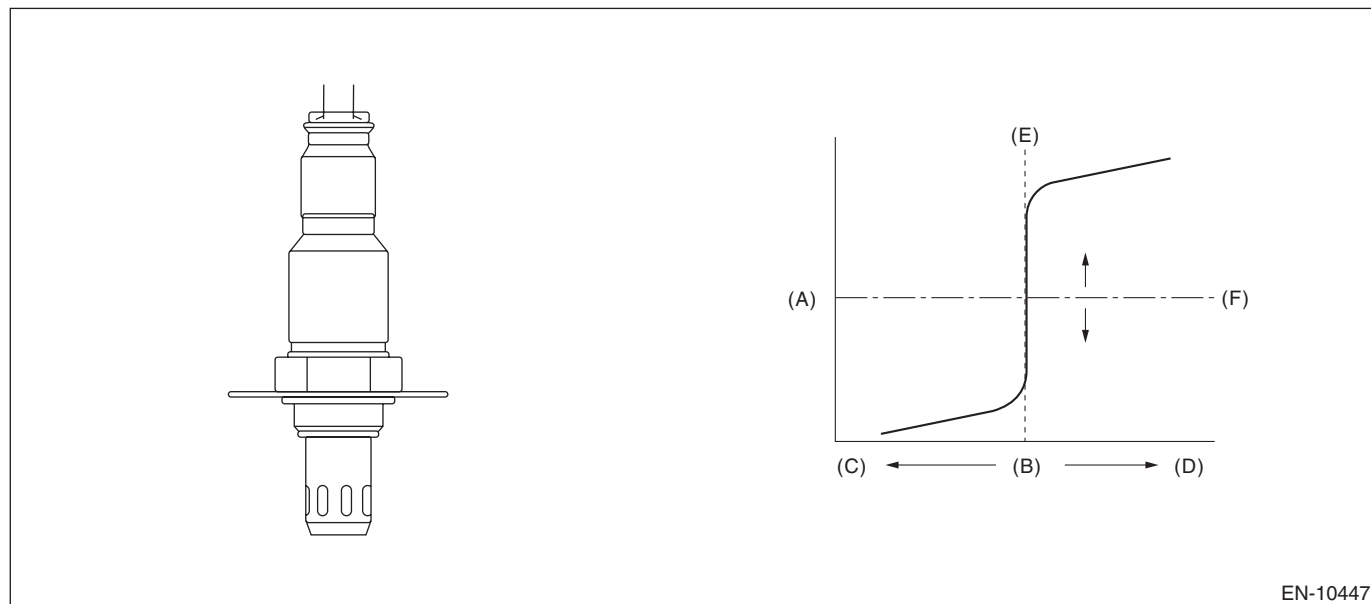
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the stuck of rear oxygen sensor voltage in lean state.

When rear oxygen sensor voltage remains below the threshold value for predetermined time, diagnosis interrupts target air fuel ratio for control and raises output voltage.

Judge as NG detecting the stuck in lean state when rear oxygen sensor voltage remains below the threshold value even after the interrupt control.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



EN-10447

(A) Electromotive force
(D) Rich

(B) Air fuel ratio
(E) Theoretical air fuel ratio

(C) Lean
(F) Comparative voltage

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Sub feedback	In operation
Amount of intake air	≥ 10 g/s (0.35 oz/s)
Estimated temperature of the rear oxygen sensor element	≥ 500 °C (932 °F)
Enable conditions at interrupt control are as follows	
Air fuel ratio reduced from target air fuel ratio	= Value of Map
Continuous time when rear oxygen sensor output voltage is less than 0.55 V	≥ 15000 ms (CVT model) ≥ 25000 ms (MT model)

Map

Output voltage of rear oxygen sensor V	0.000	0.150	0.200	0.400	0.600
Air fuel ratio reduced from target air fuel ratio %	-0.150	-0.150	-0.040	-0.040	-0.040

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after the enable conditions have been established.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage of rear oxygen sensor	< 0.55 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

- 4 ms × 15000 ms (CVT model)
- 4 ms × 25000 ms (MT model)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

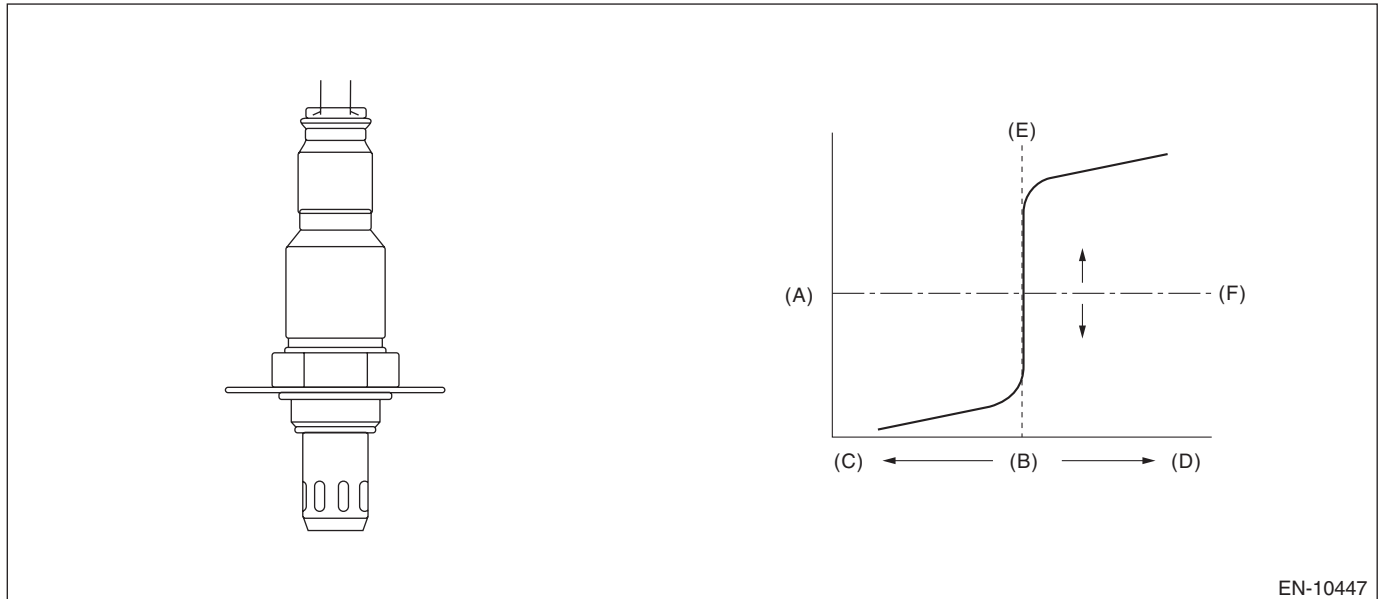
FC:DTC P2271 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK RICH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the stuck of rear oxygen sensor voltage in rich state.

Detect the stuck in rich state and judge as NG if rear oxygen sensor voltage remains above the threshold value for predetermined time.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Electromotive force

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Lean

(D) Rich

(E) Theoretical air fuel ratio

(F) Comparative voltage

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Deceleration fuel cut for 5000 ms or more.	Experienced
Estimated temperature of the rear oxygen sensor element	$\geq 500 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (932 $^{\circ}\text{F}$)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after the enable conditions have been established.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage of rear oxygen sensor	$> 0.15 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

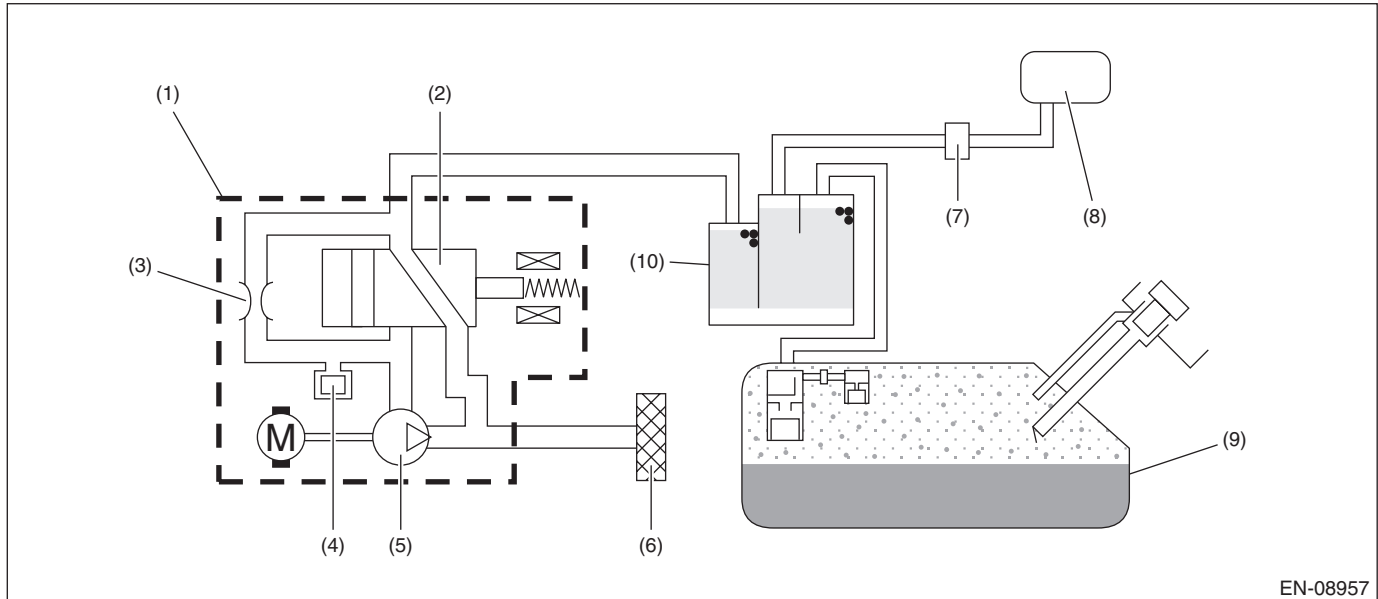
FD:DTC P2401 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTION PUMP CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the ELCM vacuum pump.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) ELCM | (5) Vacuum pump | (9) Fuel tank |
| (2) Switching valve | (6) Drain filter | (10) Canister |
| (3) Reference orifice (0.02 inch orifice) | (7) Purge control solenoid valve | |
| (4) Pressure sensor | (8) Intake manifold | |

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9
ELCM vacuum pump drive signal	OFF

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after the enable conditions have been established.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$\leq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.34 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

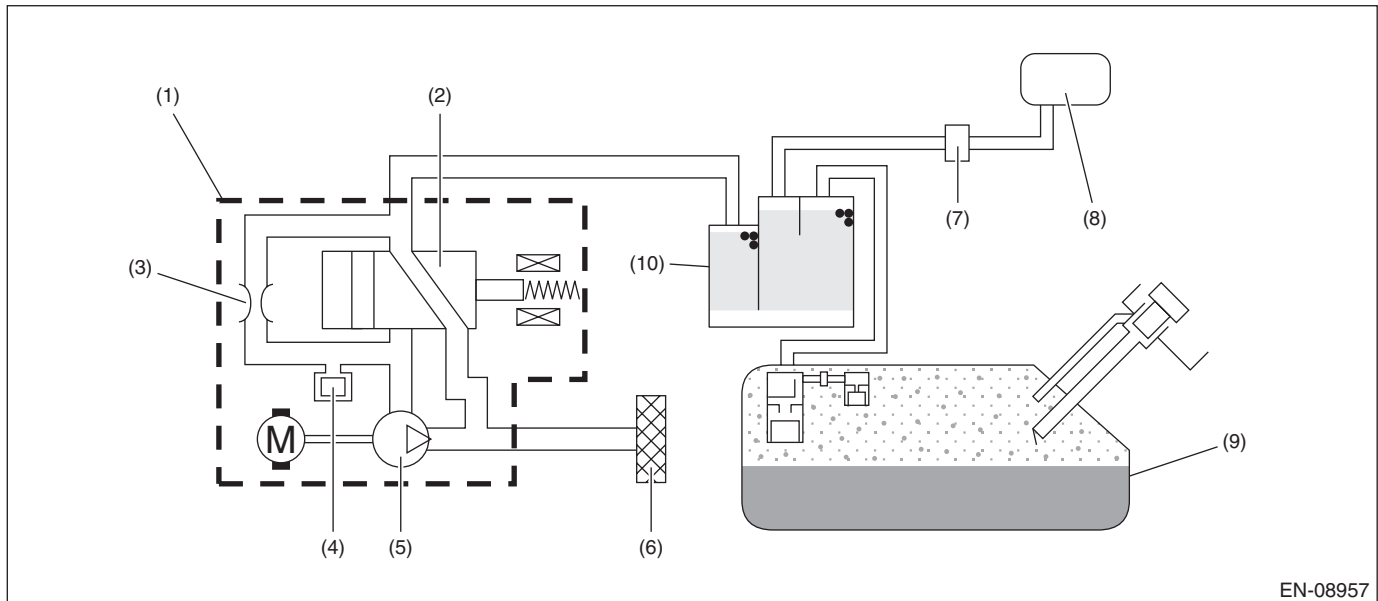
FE:DTC P2402 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTION PUMP CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the ELCM vacuum pump.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) ELCM | (5) Vacuum pump | (9) Fuel tank |
| (2) Switching valve | (6) Drain filter | (10) Canister |
| (3) Reference orifice (0.02 inch orifice) | (7) Purge control solenoid valve | |
| (4) Pressure sensor | (8) Intake manifold | |

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9
ELCM vacuum pump drive signal	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after the enable conditions have been established.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output current	≥ 5 A

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

FF:DTC P2404 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTION PUMP SENSE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

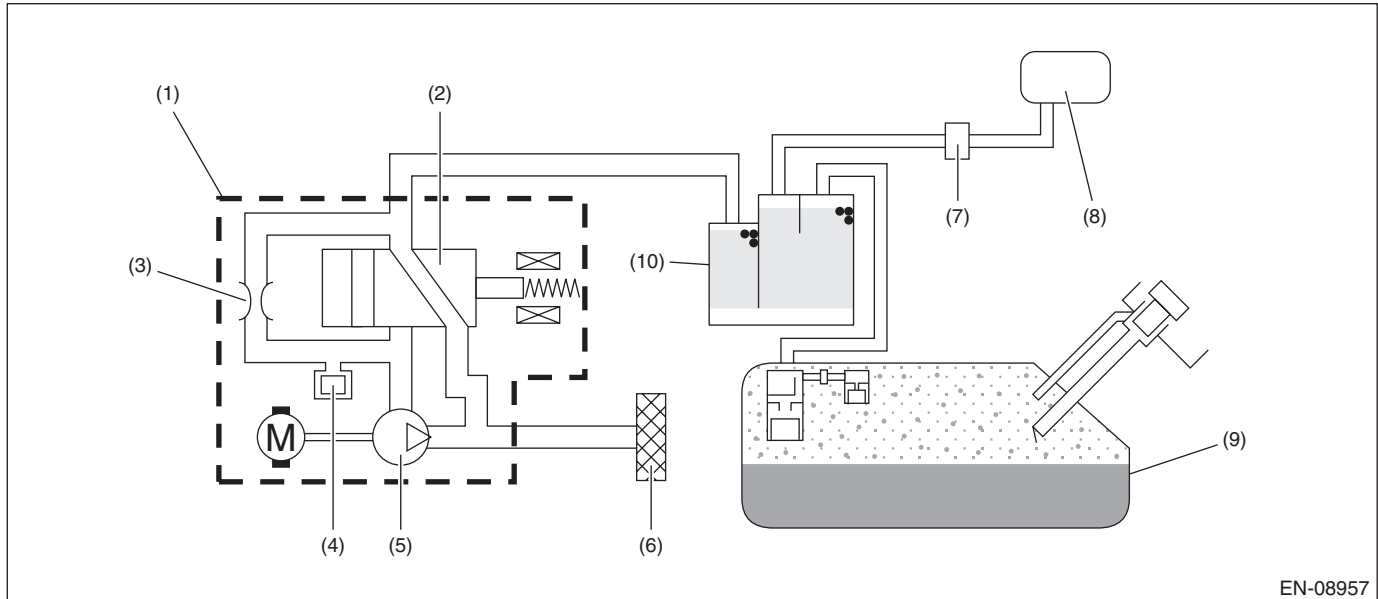
NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0455. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-116, DTC P0455 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (LARGE LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

FG:DTC P2419 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect the open or short circuit of the ELCM switching valve.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

- | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) ELCM | (5) Vacuum pump | (9) Fuel tank |
| (2) Switching valve | (6) Drain filter | (10) Canister |
| (3) Reference orifice (0.02 inch orifice) | (7) Purge control solenoid valve | |
| (4) Pressure sensor | (8) Intake manifold | |

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9
ELCM switching valve drive signal	OFF

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	$\leq \text{Battery voltage} \times 0.34 \text{ V}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

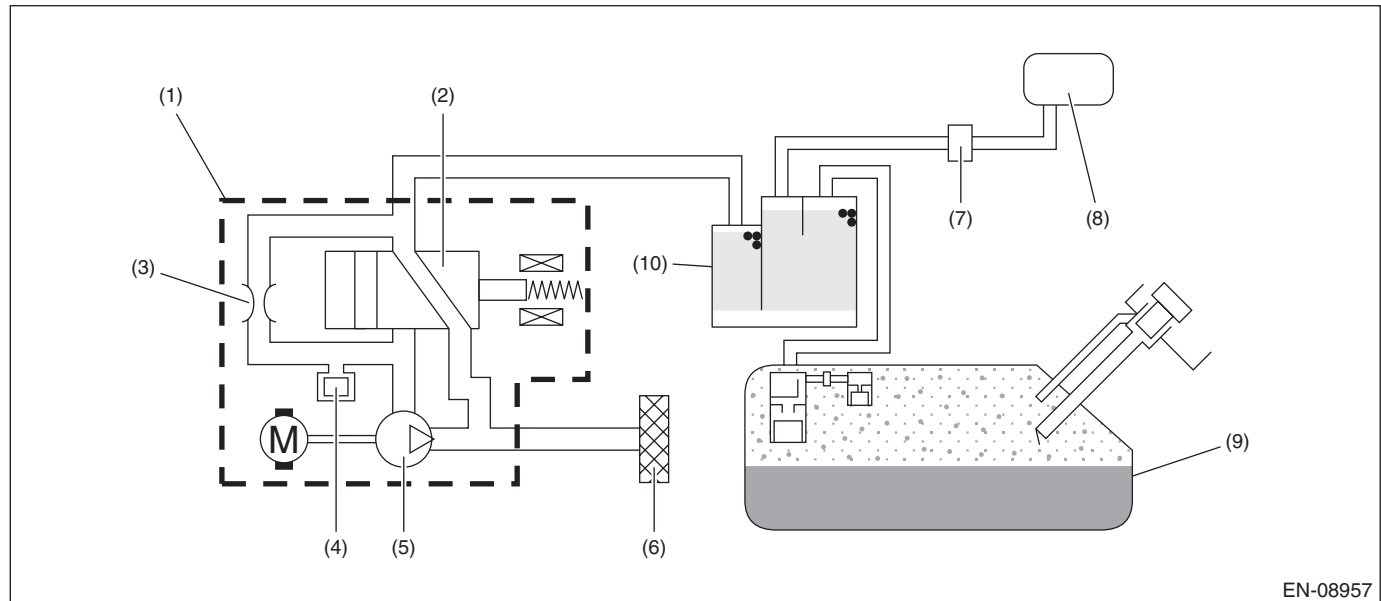
FH:DTC P2420 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the ELCM switching valve.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) ELCM | (5) Vacuum pump | (9) Fuel tank |
| (2) Switching valve | (6) Drain filter | (10) Canister |
| (3) Reference orifice (0.02 inch orifice) | (7) Purge control solenoid valve | |
| (4) Pressure sensor | (8) Intake manifold | |

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9
ELCM switching valve drive signal	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 12 A

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

FI: DTC P2530 IGNITION SWITCH RUN POSITION CIRCUIT**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect instantaneous open in ignition switch input circuit to ECM.

Judge as NG if out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

ECM monitors the voltage of the ignition switch input circuit. Judge as ignition switch ON when the voltage is the specified value or more.

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Engine speed	$\geq 500 \text{ rpm}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously after the enable conditions have been established.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established within the predetermined time.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Number of instantaneous opens in ignition switch input circuit	$\geq 5 \text{ time(s)}$

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 5000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

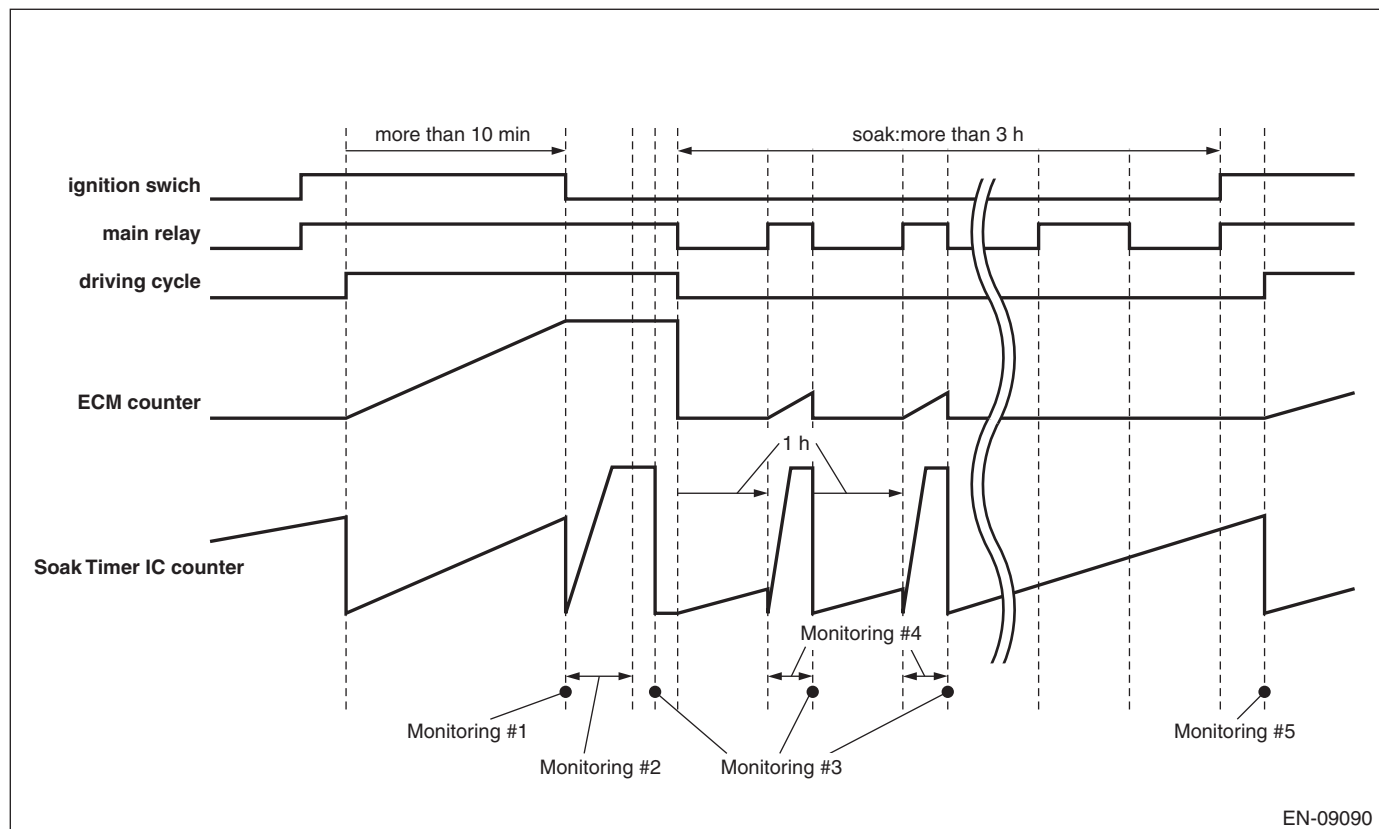
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

FJ: DTC P2610 ECM/PCM INTERNAL ENGINE OFF TIMER PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunction of soaking timer IC by the five diagnoses below.

Monitor Number	Explanation	Time required for diagnosis
Monitor #1 <Timer diagnosis>	Perform diagnosis of the soaking timer IC accuracy	196 ms
Monitor #2 <Full count diagnosis>	Perform diagnosis of the soaking timer IC counter function	4000 ms
Monitor #3 <Soaking timer IC setting diagnosis>	Perform diagnosis of communication between ECM and soaking timer IC	196 ms
Monitor #4 <Timer diagnosis (during soaking)>	Perform diagnosis of the soaking timer IC accuracy during soaking	3000 ms
Monitor #5 <Wake-up diagnosis>	Perform diagnosis of wake-up function	64 ms



EN-09090

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The soaking timer IC is built into the ECM.

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
<Timer diagnosis>	
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Ignition switch	OFF
Elapsed time after starting the engine	$> 600 \text{ s}$ and $< 61380 \text{ s}$
<Full count diagnosis>	
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Ignition switch	OFF
Counter in ECM	$\geq 4 \text{ s}$
<Soaking timer IC setting diagnosis>	
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Ignition switch	OFF
<Timer diagnosis (during soaking)>	
Battery voltage	$\geq 10.9 \text{ V}$
Ignition switch	OFF
<Wake-up diagnosis>	
Ignition switch	ON
Time in the soaking timer IC	$> 3600 \text{ s}$

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once when the ignition switch is OFF and when the ignition switch is ON after the soaking of one hour or more.

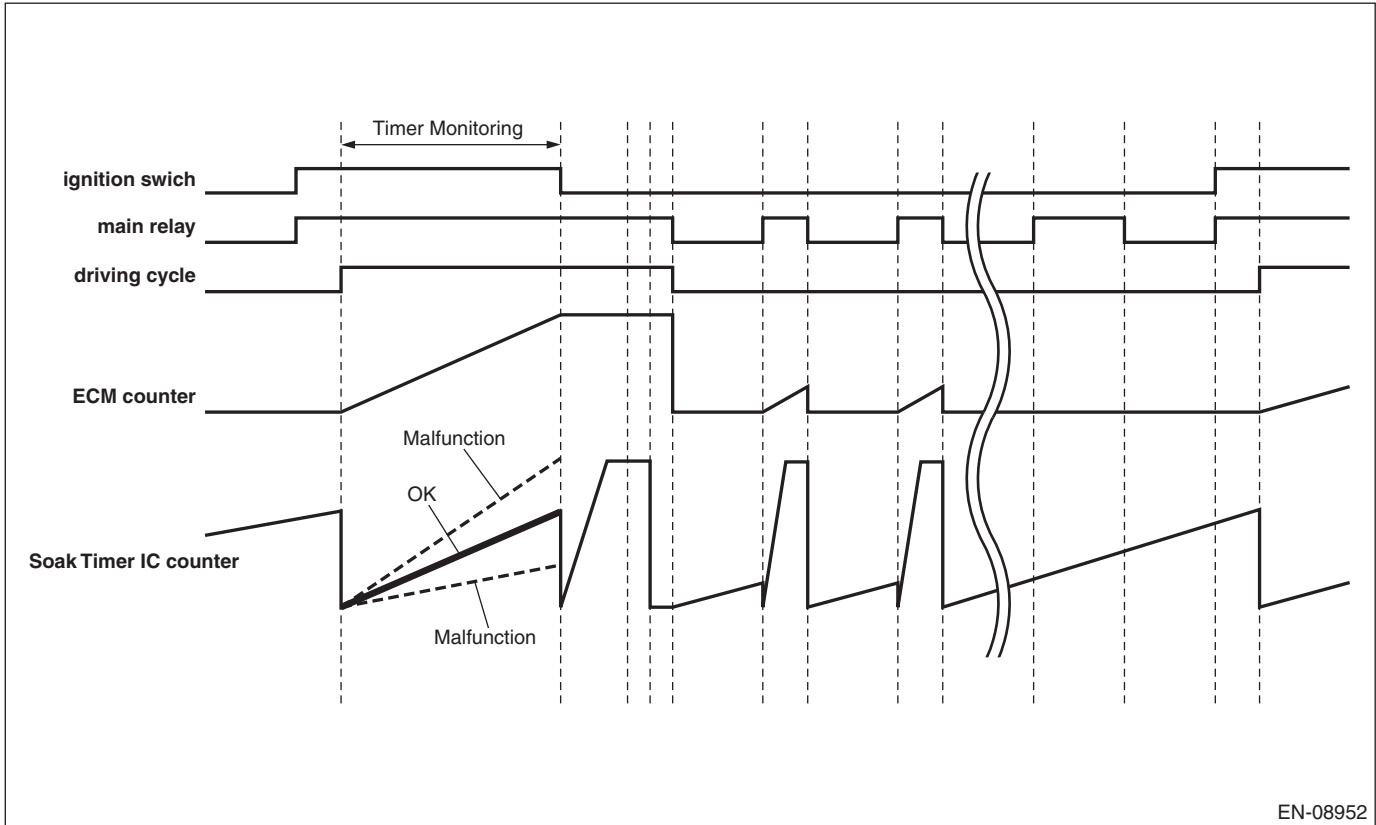
Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

<Timer diagnosis>

Start the count up operation of counters in ECM and in soaking timer IC when the engine is started. Judge as timer malfunction if the difference between the counter in ECM and counter in soaking timer IC exceeds the allowable limit when the ignition switch is OFF.



EN-08952

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
$ osoaktimcpu - osoaktimic / osoaktimcpu$	> 0.24
osoaktimcpu = Counter in ECM osoaktimic = Counter in soaking timer IC	

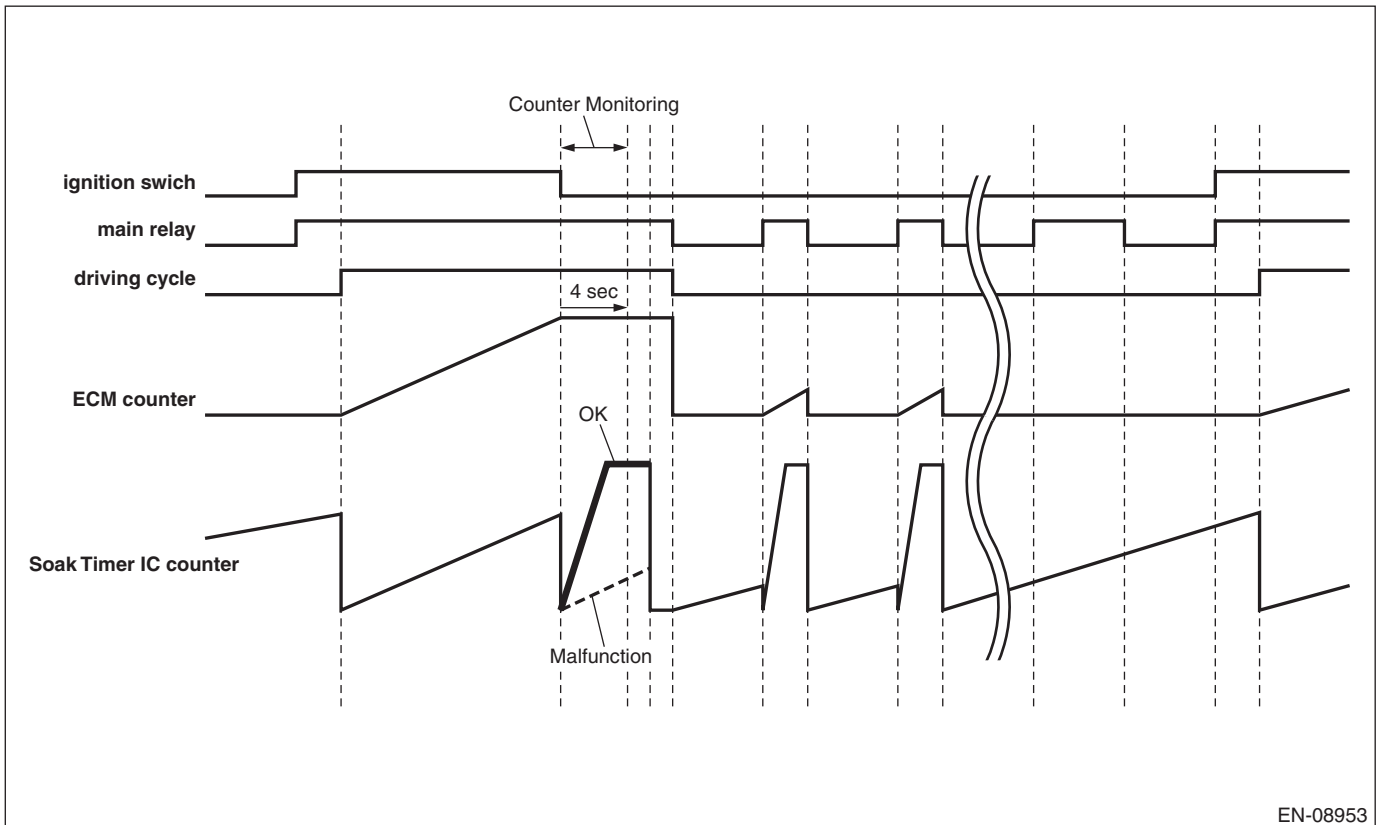
Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

<Full count diagnosis>

Reset the counter in soaking timer IC and start the count up operation.

Judge as full count diagnosis malfunction if counter in soaking timer IC is not \$3FF (1023 count) after 4 seconds.



Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

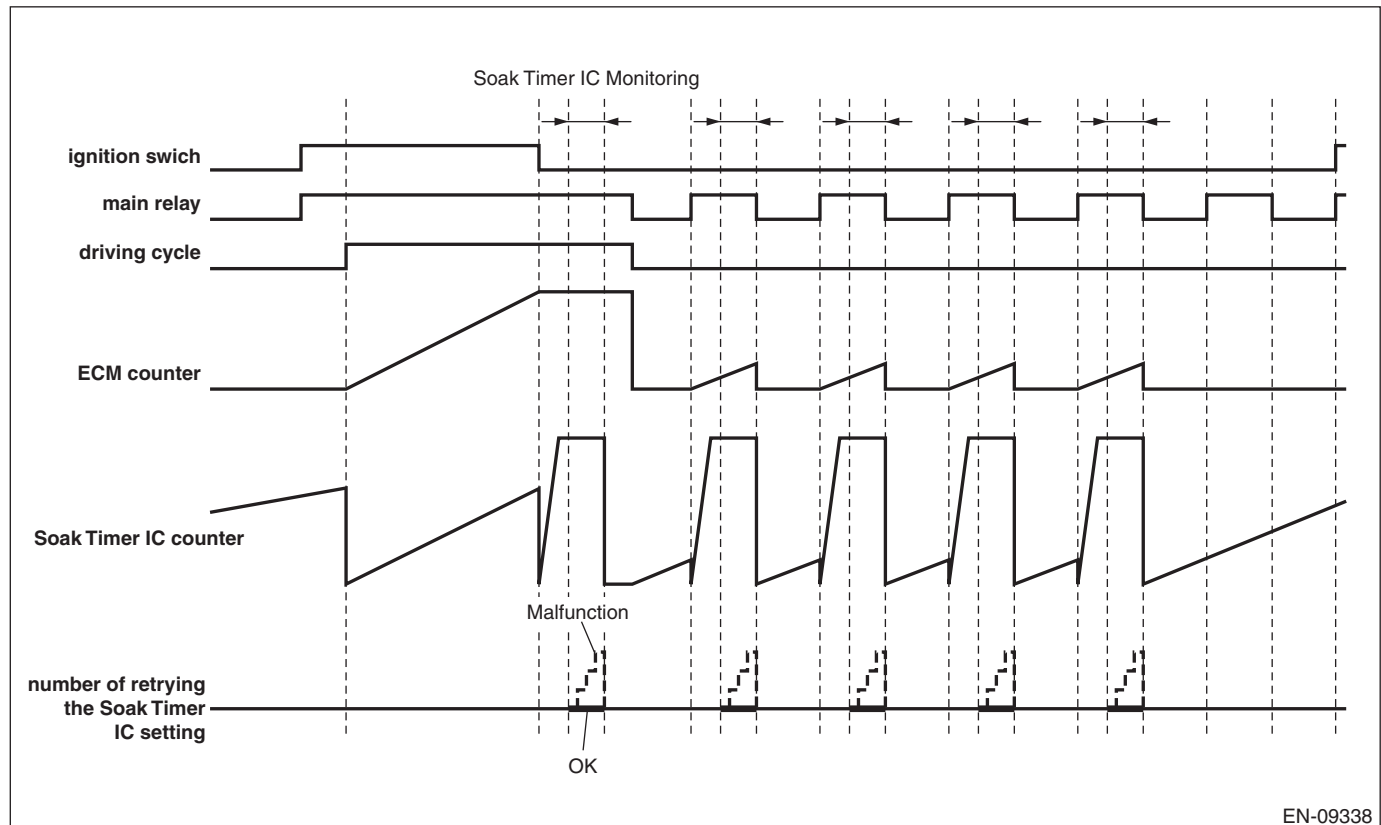
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
osoakfcntic	≠ \$3FF (1023 count)
osoakfcntic = Counter in soaking timer IC	

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

<Soaking timer IC setting diagnosis>

When setting the activation setting time to soaking timer IC, compare the writing value to soaking timer IC with read out value. Judge as malfunction if the values do not match 3 times in a row.



Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Writing value and read out value when setting the soaking timer	Unmatch

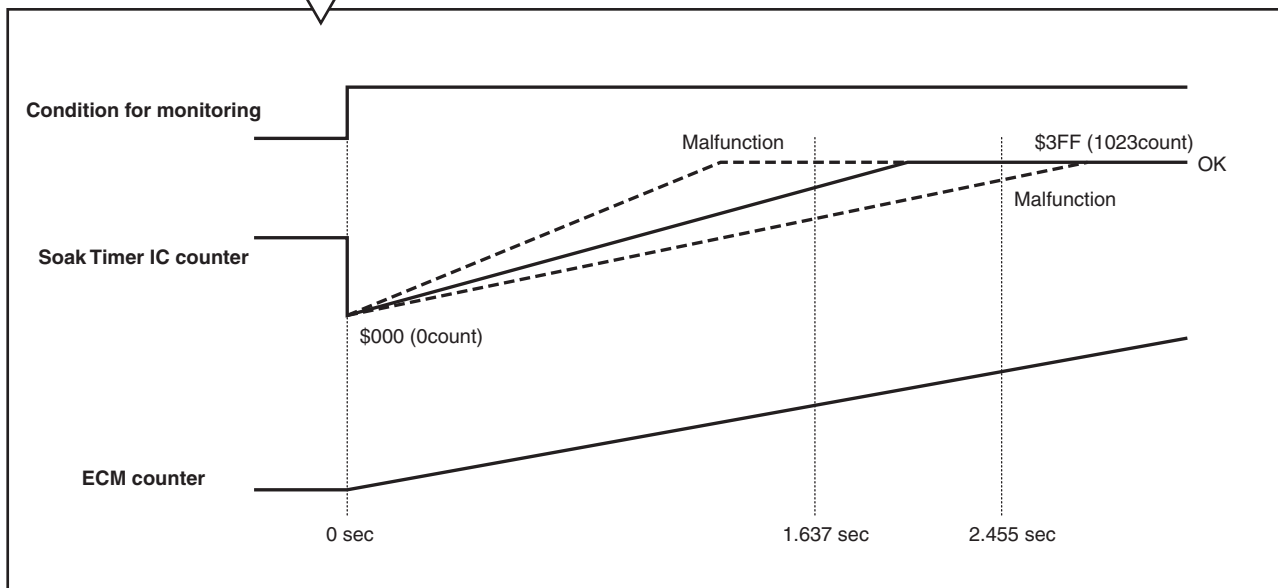
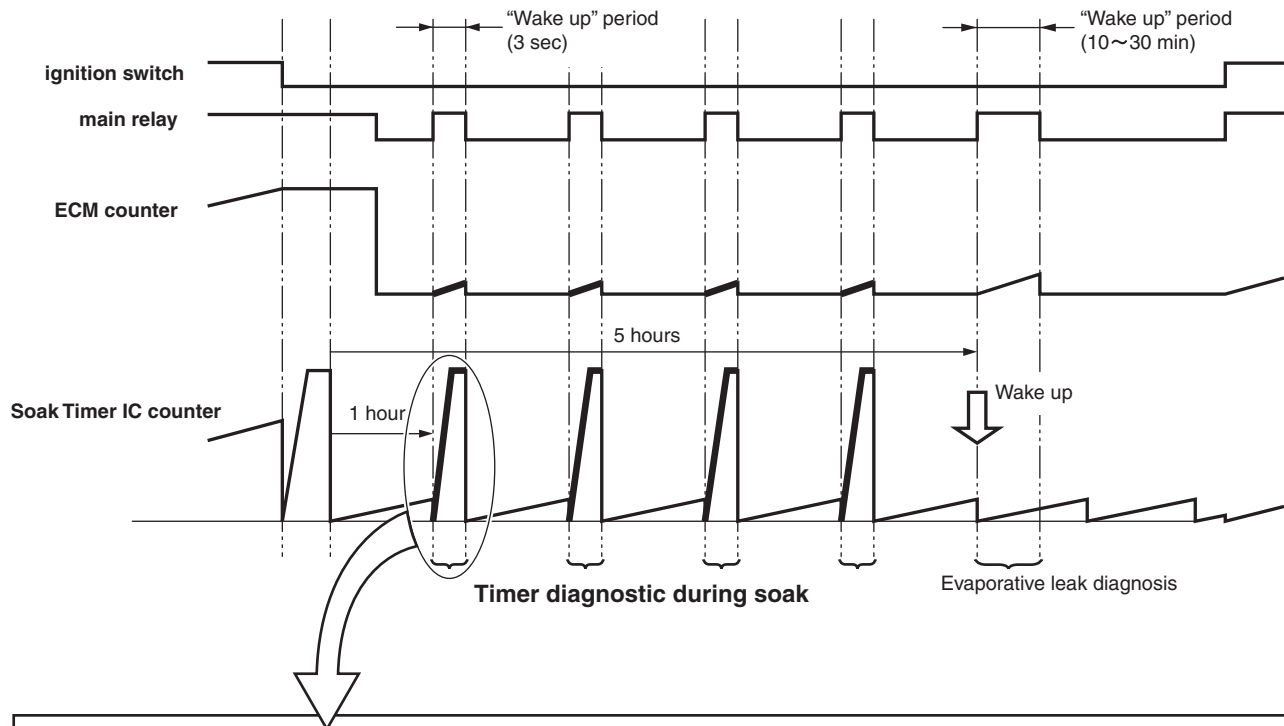
Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

<Timer diagnosis (during soaking)>

Wake-up at the predetermined interval until 5, 7 or 9.5 hours have passed after the ignition switch is OFF, and compare the counter in soaking timer IC with the counter in ECM.

Judge as malfunction if the counter in soaking timer IC is counted up to maximum value (1023 count) when the counter in ECM is 1637 ms, or if the counter in soaking timer IC is not counted up to maximum value (1023 count) when the counter in ECM is 2455 ms.



EN-08981

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

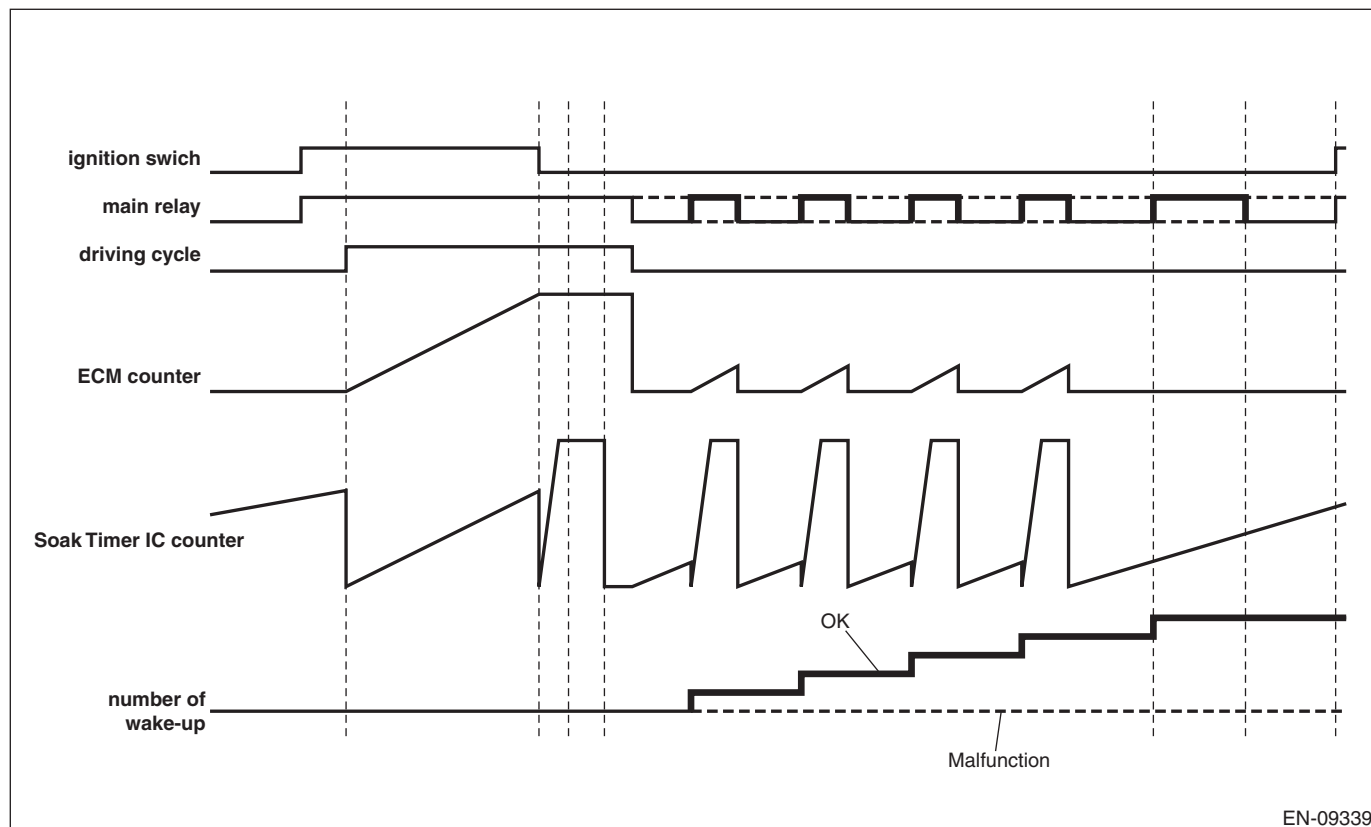
Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
When any one of the followings is established:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All of the following conditions are established. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Counter in ECM Counter in soaking timer IC 	$\leq 1636 \text{ ms}$ $= \$3\text{FF} (1023 \text{ count})$
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All of the following conditions are established. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Counter in ECM Counter in soaking timer IC 	$\geq 2456 \text{ ms}$ $\neq \$3\text{FF} (1023 \text{ count})$

<Wake-up diagnosis>

Store the number of wake-up activation when the ECM wakes up by the soaking timer IC. Next time when the ignition switch is ON, if the number of wake-up activation does not reach the predetermined value even though the counter in soaking timer IC operates 1 hour or more, judge as wake-up malfunction.



EN-09339

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Number of wake-up	< Wake-up indication count

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Ignition switch	ON
Driving cycle	Completed
When any one of the followings is established:	
• Timer diagnosis	NG
• Full count diagnosis	NG
• Soaking timer IC setting diagnosis	NG
• Timer diagnosis (during soaking)	NG
• Wake-up diagnosis	NG

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Approx. 5 — 9.5 hours

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

FK:DTC U0073 CONTROL MODULE COMMUNICATION BUS “A” OFF

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunction of CAN communication.

Judge as NG when CAN communication failure has occurred.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(Common Specifications)

CAN Protocol 2.0 B (Active)

Frame Format: 11 Bit ID Frame (Standard Frame)

Conforms to ISO11898

Communication Speed: 500 kbps

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after starting the engine.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
CAN bus condition	Bus off

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 436 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

FL:DTC U0101 LOST COMMUNICATION WITH TCM**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

Detect malfunction of CAN communication.

Judge as NG when CAN communication failure has occurred between TCM, VDC CM and body integrated unit.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(Common Specifications)

CAN Protocol 2.0 B (Active)

Frame Format: 11 Bit ID Frame (Standard Frame)

Conforms to ISO11898

Communication Speed: 500 kbps

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after starting the engine.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
ID received from control module connected to CAN	None

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

FM:DTC U0122 LOST COMMUNICATION WITH VEHICLE DYNAMICS CONTROL MODULE**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC U0101. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-217, DTC U0101 LOST COMMUNICATION WITH TCM, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

FN:DTC U0155 LOST COMMUNICATION WITH INSTRUMENT PANEL CLUSTER (IPC) CONTROL MODULE**1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS**

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC U0101. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-217, DTC U0101 LOST COMMUNICATION WITH TCM, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

FO:DTC U0402 INVALID DATA RECEIVED FROM TCM

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunction of CAN communication.

Judge as NG when data received from TCM, VDC CM and body integrated unit is not normal.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(Common Specifications)

CAN Protocol 2.0 B (Active)

Frame Format: 11 Bit ID Frame (Standard Frame)

Conforms to ISO11898

Communication Speed: 500 kbps

3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after starting the engine.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Data updated from control module connected to CAN	None

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

FP:DTC U0416 INVALID DATA RECEIVED FROM VEHICLE DYNAMICS CONTROL MODULE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC U0402. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-218, DTC U0402 INVALID DATA RECEIVED FROM TCM, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

FQ:DTC U0423 INVALID DATA RECEIVED FROM INSTRUMENT PANEL CLUSTER CONTROL MODULE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC U0402. <Ref. to GD(H4DO)-218, DTC U0402 INVALID DATA RECEIVED FROM TCM, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

ENGINE 2 SECTION

This service manual has been prepared to provide SUBARU service personnel with the necessary information and data for the correct maintenance and repair of SUBARU vehicles.

This manual includes the procedures for maintenance, disassembling, reassembling, inspection and adjustment of components and diagnostics for guidance of experienced mechanics.

Please peruse and utilize this manual fully to ensure complete repair work for satisfying our customers by keeping their vehicle in optimum condition. When replacement of parts during repair work is needed, be sure to use SUBARU genuine parts.

All information, illustration and specifications contained in this manual are based on the latest product information available at the time of publication approval.

FUEL INJECTION (FUEL SYSTEMS)

FU(H4DOTC)

EMISSION CONTROL
(AUX. EMISSION CONTROL DEVICES)

EC(H4DOTC)

INTAKE (INDUCTION)

IN(H4DOTC)

MECHANICAL

ME(H4DOTC)

EXHAUST

EX(H4DOTC)

COOLING

CO(H4DOTC)

LUBRICATION

LU(H4DOTC)

SPEED CONTROL SYSTEMS

SP(H4DOTC)

IGNITION

IG(H4DOTC)

STARTING/CHARGING SYSTEMS

SC(H4DOTC)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

EN(H4DOTC)
(diag)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

GD(H4DOTC)

FUEL INJECTION (FUEL SYSTEMS)

FU(H4DOTC)

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