

### 5. Stall Test

#### A: INSPECTION

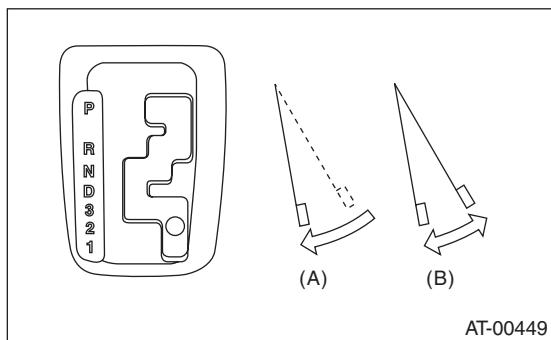
##### NOTE:

The stall test is extremely important in diagnosing the condition of an automatic transmission and engine. It should be conducted to measure the engine stall speeds in the "R" and "2" ranges.

Purposes of the stall test:

- Operational check of the automatic transmission clutch
- Operational check of the torque converter clutch
- Engine performance check

- 1) Check that the throttle valve fully opens.
- 2) Check that the engine oil level is correct.
- 3) Check that the coolant level is correct.
- 4) Check that the ATF level is correct.
- 5) Check that the differential gear oil level is correct.
- 6) Increase the ATF temperature to 70 — 80°C (158 — 176°F) by idling the engine for approximately 30 minutes (with select lever set to "N" or "P").
- 7) Place wheel chocks at the front and rear of all wheels and apply the parking brake.
- 8) Move the manual linkage to ensure it operates properly, and shift the select lever to the "2" range.
- 9) While forcibly depressing the foot brake pedal, gradually depress the accelerator pedal until the engine operates at full throttle.



(A) Brake pedal

(B) Accelerator pedal

Stall speed (at sea level)	Range	Cause
Below specified value	2, R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Throttle valve is not fully open.</li> <li>• Engine malfunction</li> <li>• One-way clutch of the torque converter is slipping.</li> </ul>
Over specified value	D	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Line pressure too low</li> <li>• Low clutch slipping</li> <li>• One-way clutch malfunctioning</li> </ul>
	R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Line pressure too low</li> <li>• Reverse clutch slipping</li> <li>• Low &amp; reverse brake slipping</li> </ul>
	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Line pressure too low</li> <li>• Low clutch slipping</li> <li>• 2-4 brake slipping</li> </ul>

10) When the engine speed stabilizes, quickly record the engine speed and release accelerator pedal.

11) Shift the select lever to "N" range, and cool down the engine by idling it for more than one minute.

12) If the stall speed in "2" range is higher than specifications, low clutch and 2-4 brake maybe slipping. To identify this, conduct the same test as above in "R" range.

13) Perform the stall tests with the select lever in "D" range.

##### NOTE:

• Do not continue the stall test for more than 5 seconds at a time (from closed throttle, fully open throttle to stall speed reading). Failure to follow this instruction will cause the engine oil and ATF to deteriorate and the clutch and brake to be adversely affected.

• Be sure to cool down the engine for at least one minute after each stall test with the select lever set in the "P" or "N" range and with the idle speed lower than 1,200 rpm.

• If the stall speed is higher than the specified range, attempt to finish the stall test in as short a time as possible, in order to prevent the automatic transmission from sustaining damage.

#### **Stall speed (at sea level):**

##### **Non-turbo model**

**2,200 — 2,700 rpm**

##### **Turbo model**

**2,700 — 3,200 rpm**