

SECTION

WT

ROAD WHEELS & TYRES

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# NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

## NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

PFP:00003

### NVH Troubleshooting Chart

EES000J1

Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

Reference page			WT-3	—	—	—	—	—	—	NVH in PR section.	NVH in RFD section.	NVH in FAX and FSU sections.	NVH in RAX and RSU sections.	Refer to TYRES in this chart.	Refer to ROAD WHEEL in this chart.	NVH in RAX section.	NVH in BR section.	NVH in PS section.
Possible cause and SUSPECTED PARTS			Out-of-round	Imbalance	Incorrect tyre pressure	Uneven tyre wear	Deformation or damage	Non-uniformity	Incorrect tyre size	PROPELLER SHAFT	DIFFERENTIAL	FRONT AXLE AND FRONT SUSPENSION	REAR AXLE AND REAR SUSPENSION	TYRES	ROAD WHEELS	DRIVE SHAFT	BRAKE	STEERING
Symptom	TYRES	Noise	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x
		Shake	x	x	x	x	x		x	x		x	x		x	x	x	x
		Vibration			x				x	x		x	x			x		x
		Shimmy	x	x	x	x	x	x	x			x	x		x		x	x
		Judder	x	x	x	x	x		x			x	x		x		x	x
		Poor quality ride or handling	x	x	x	x	x		x			x	x		x			
	ROAD WHEEL	Noise	x	x			x			x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x
		Shake	x	x			x			x		x	x	x		x	x	x
		Shimmy, Judder	x	x			x					x	x	x			x	x
		Poor quality ride or handling	x	x			x					x	x	x				

x: Applicable

# ROAD WHEEL

## ROAD WHEEL

PFP:40300

### Inspection

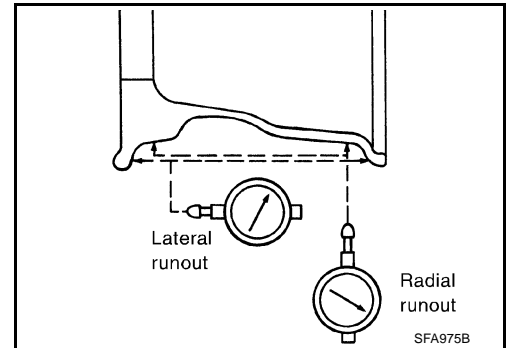
#### ALUMINUM WHEEL

EES000J2

1. Check tyres for wear and improper inflation.
2. Check wheels for deformation, cracks and other damage. If deformed, remove wheel and check the wheel runout.
  - a. Remove tyre from aluminum wheel and mount on a tyre balance machine.
  - b. Set dial indicator as shown in the illustration.

**Wheel runout (Dial indicator value):**

**Refer to WT-6, "SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)"**



#### STEEL WHEEL

1. Check tyres for wear and improper inflation.
2. Check wheels for deformation, cracks and other damage. If deformed, remove wheel and check the wheel runout.
  - a. Remove tyre from steel wheel and mount wheel on a tyre balance machine.
  - b. Set two dial indicators as shown in the illustration.
  - c. Set each dial indicator to 0.
  - d. Rotate wheel and check dial indicators at several points around the circumference of the wheel.
  - e. Calculate runout at each point as shown below.

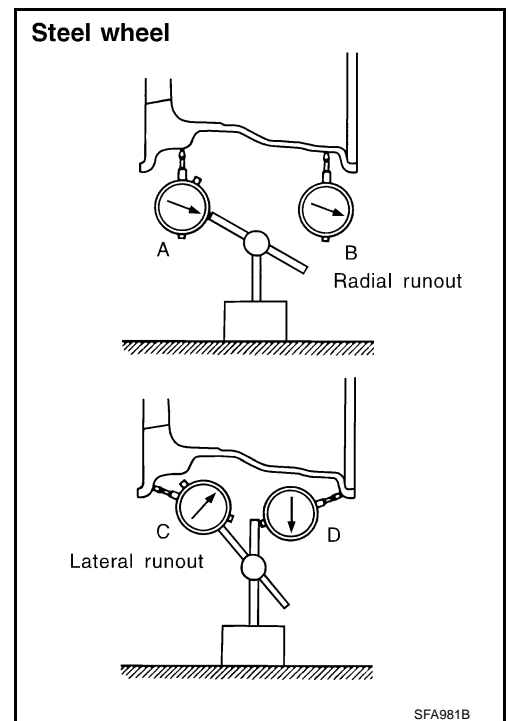
**Radial runout =  $(A + B)/2$  : 0.5 mm (0.020 in)**

**Lateral runout =  $(C + D)/2$  : 0.8 mm (0.031 in)**

- f. Select maximum positive runout value and the maximum negative value. Add the two values to determine total runout. In case a positive or negative value is not available, use the maximum value (negative or positive) for total runout. If the total runout value exceeds the limit, replace steel wheel.

**Wheel runout:**

**Refer to WT-6, "SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)"**



# ROAD WHEEL AND TYRE ASSEMBLY

## ROAD WHEEL AND TYRE ASSEMBLY

PFP:40300

### Balancing Wheels (Adhesion Balance Weight Type) REMOVAL

EES000QZ

1. Remove inner and outer balance weights from the road wheel.

#### **CAUTION:**

**Be careful not to scratch road wheel during removal.**

2. Using releasing agent, remove double-faced adhesive tape from road wheel.

#### **CAUTION:**

- **Be careful not to scratch road wheel during removal.**
- **After removing the double-faced adhesive tape, wipe off traces of releasing agents from road wheel.**

### WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT

- If a tyre balance machine has both an adhesion balance weight mode setting and a drive-in weight mode setting, select and adjust a drive-in weight mode suitable for road wheels.
1. Set road wheel on wheel balancer using the center hole as a guide. Start the tyre balance machine.
  2. When inner and outer unbalance values are shown on the wheel balancer indicator, multiply outer unbalance value by  $5/3$  to determine balance weight that should be used. Select the outer balance weight with a value closest to the calculated value above and install it to the designated outer position of, or at the designated angle in relation to road wheel.

#### **CAUTION:**

- **Do not install the inner balance weight before installing the outer balance weight.**
- **Before installing the balance weight, be sure to clean the mating surface of road wheel.**

Indicated unbalance value  $\times 5/3$  = balance weight to be installed

Calculation example:

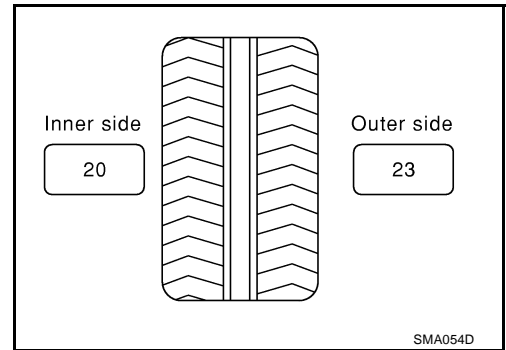
$23 \text{ g (0.81 oz)} \times 5/3 = 38.33 \text{ g (1.35 oz)} = 40 \text{ g (1.41 oz)}$  balance weight (closer to calculated a balance weight value)

Note that a balance weight value must be closer to the calculated balance weight value.

Example:

$37.4 = 35 \text{ g (1.23 oz)}$

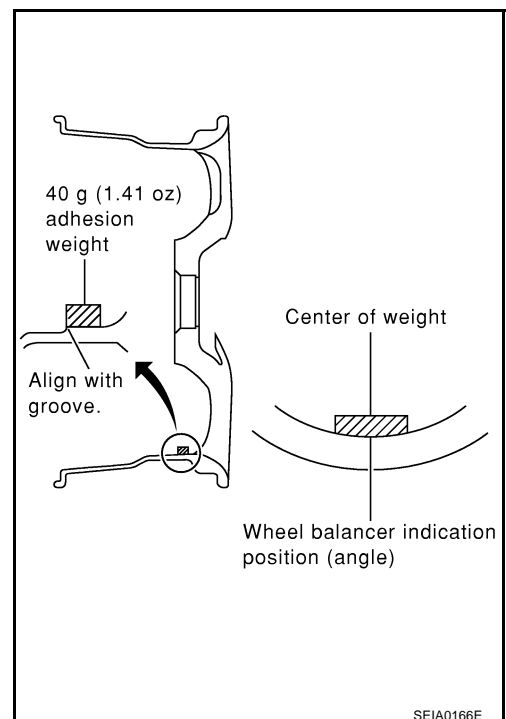
$37.5 = 40 \text{ g (1.41 oz)}$



- a. Install balance weight in the position shown in the figure.
- b. When installing balance weights to road wheels, set it into the grooved area on the inner wall of road wheel as shown in the figure so that the balance weight center is aligned with the wheel balancer indication position (angle).

#### **CAUTION:**

- **Always use genuine NISSAN adhesion balance weights.**
- **Balance weights are non-reusable; always replace with new ones.**
- **Do not install more than three sheets of balance weight.**



# ROAD WHEEL AND TYRE ASSEMBLY

- c. If calculated balance weight value exceeds 50 g (1.76 oz), install two balance weight sheets in line with each other (as shown in the figure).

**CAUTION:**  
**Do not install one balance weight sheet on top of another.**

3. Start wheel balancer again.  
4. Install drive-in balance weight on inner side of road wheel in the wheel balancer indication position (angle).

**CAUTION:**  
**Do not install more than two balance weights.**

5. Start wheel balancer. Make sure that inner and outer residual unbalance values are 10 g (0.35 oz) each or below.  
● If either residual unbalance value exceeds 10 g (0.35 oz), repeat installation procedures.

**Wheel balance (Maximum allowable unbalance):**

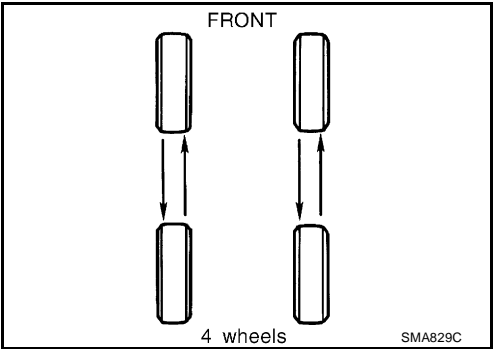
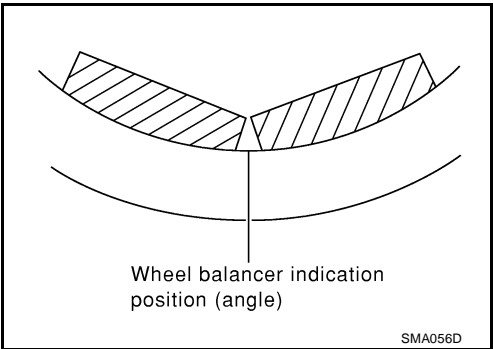
Maximum allowable unbalance	Dynamic (At rim flange)	Less than 10 g (0.35 oz) (one side)
	Static (At rim flange)	Less than 20 g (0.70 oz)

## Rotation

- After rotating the tyres, adjust the tyre pressure.
- Retighten the wheel nuts when the vehicle has been driven for 1,000 km (600 miles) (also in cases of a flat tyre, etc.).

**CAUTION:**  
**When installing wheels, tighten the wheel nuts diagonally by dividing the work two to three times in order to prevent the wheels from developing any distortion.**

**Tightening torque of wheel nut:**  
**98 - 118 N·m (10 - 12 kg·m, 72 - 87 ft·lb)**



# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

PFP:00030

### Road Wheel

EES0023W

Standard item		Allowable value	
		Aluminum	Steel
Deflection limit	Lateral deflection	Less than 0.3 mm (0.012 in)	Less than 0.5 mm (0.020 in)
	Vertical deflection	Less than 0.3 mm (0.012 in)	Less than 0.8 mm (0.031 in)
Allowable quantity of residual unbalance	Dynamic (At rim flange)	Less than 10g (0.35 oz) (one side)	
	Static (At rim flange)	Less than 20g (0.70 oz)	

### Tire

EES0023X

Unit: kPa (kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, psi)

Tire size	Air pressure	
	Front tire	Rear tire
215/60R17 96H	200 (2.0, 29)	200 (2.0, 29)
215/65R16 98H 215/65R16 98S	220 (2.2, 29)	220 (2.2, 29)
215/70R15 98H 215/70R15 98S	200 (2.0, 29)	200 (2.0, 29)